Please scan this QR code to view the Prospectus

PROSPECTUS
Dated: June 27, 2024
(Please read Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013)
100% Book Building Offer

ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS LIMITED

CORPORATE IDENTITY NUMBER: U15511MH2008PLC187368

REGISTERED OFFICE	CORPORATE OFFICE	CONTACT PERSON	EMAIL & TELEPHONE	WEBSITE
394-C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai– 400 004, Maharashtra, India	Ashford Centre, 3rd and 4th floor, Shankar Rao Naram Marg, Lower Parel (West), Mumbai- 400 013, Maharashtra, India	Ritesh Ramniklal Shah, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	Complianceofficer@abdindia.com +91 22 43001111	www.abdindia.com

OUR PROMOTERS: KISHORE RAJARAM CHHABRIA, BINA KISHORE CHHABRIA, RESHAM CHHABRIA JEETENDRA HEMDEV, BINA CHHABRIA ENTERPRISES PRIVATE LIMITED, BKC ENTERPRISES PRIVATE LIMITED, ORIENTAL RADIOS PRIVATE LIMITED AND OFFICER'S CHOICE SPIRITS PRIVATE LIMITED

DETAILS OF OFFER

Type	Fresh Issue Size	Offer for Sale size	Total Offer size	Eligibility and Share Reservation among QIBs, NIBs, RIBs & Eligible Employees
Fresh Issue and Offer for Sale	35,598,074 Equity Shares** of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹10,000 million**	17,793,593 Equity Shares** of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹5,000 million**	53,391,667 Equity Shares** of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹15,000 million**	The Offer has been made pursuant to Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, as the Company fulfils the requirements set out under Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For details, in relation to the share reservation among QIBs, RIBs, NIBs and Eligible Employees, see "*Offer Structure*" on page 538.

***Subject to finalization of Basis of Allotment.*

DETAILS OF THE OFFER FOR SALE BY PROMOTER(S)/PROMOTER GROUP

Name of the Selling Shareholder	Type	Number of Equity Shares being offered / amount	WACA (in ₹) per Equity Share*
Bina Kishore Chhabria	Promoter	13,345,195 Equity Shares** of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹3,750 million**	0.03
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	Promoter	4,448,398 Equity Shares** of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹1,250 million**	0.05

**As certified by S D T & Co, the Independent Chartered Accountant pursuant to its certificate dated June 27, 2024.*
*** Subject to finalization of Basis of Allotment.*

RISKS IN RELATION TO THE FIRST OFFER

This being the first public issue of our Company, there has been no formal market for the Equity Shares of our Company. The face value of our Equity Shares is ₹ 2 each and the Floor Price and Cap Price are 133.50 times and 140.50 times of the face value of the Equity Shares, respectively. The Floor Price, Cap Price and Offer Price determined by our Company, in consultation with the BRLMs, on the basis of the assessment of market demand for the Equity Shares by way of the Book Building Process, as stated under "*Basis for Offer Price*" on page 155 of this Prospectus, should not be considered to be indicative of the market price of the Equity Shares after the Equity Shares are listed. No assurance can be given regarding an active or sustained trading in the Equity Shares nor regarding the price at which the Equity Shares will be traded after listing.

GENERAL RISK

Investments in equity and equity-related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds in the Offer unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their entire investment. Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in the Offer. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Offer including the risks involved. The Equity Shares in the Offer have not been recommended or approved by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("**SEBI**"), nor does the SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of the contents of this Prospectus. Specific attention of the investors is invited to "*Risk Factors*" on page 34.

ISSUER'S AND SELLING SHAREHOLDERS' ABSOLUTE RESPONSIBILITY

Our Company, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for and confirms that this Prospectus contains all information with regard to our Company and the Offer, which is material in the context of the Offer, that the information contained in this Prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which makes this Prospectus as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions, misleading in any material respect. Further, each Selling Shareholder, severally and not jointly, accepts responsibility for and confirms only statements and undertakings expressly made by such Selling Shareholder in this Prospectus solely in relation to itself and the Equity Shares being offered by it in the Offer for Sale and confirms that such statements are true and correct in all material respects and are not misleading in any material respect.

LISTING

The Equity Shares that have been offered through the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the Stock Exchanges. For the purposes of the Offer, NSE is the Designated Stock Exchange.

DETAILS OF THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS

ICICI Securities Limited	**Contact Person(s):** Harsh Thakkar / Rupesh Khant	**Telephone:** +91 22 6807 7100 **Email:** alliedblenders.ipo@icicisecurities.com
Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (*formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited*)	**Contact Person(s):** Lokesh Shah	**Telephone:** +91 22 4009 4400 **Email:** Allied@nuvama.com

ITI Capital Limited (*A part of The Investment Trust of India Limited Group*)	**Contact Person(s):** Pallavi Shinde	**Telephone:** +91 22 6911 3300 **Email:** ipo.alliedblenders@iticapital.in
REGISTRAR TO THE OFFER		
Link Intime India Private Limited	**Contact Person(s):** Shanti Gopalkrishnan	**Telephone:** +91 22 4918 6200 **Email:** abdl.ipo@linkintime.co.in

BID/OFFER PERIOD					
ANCHOR OFFER PORTION OPENED/CLOSED ON	**June 24, 2024**	**BID/OFFER OPENED ON**	**June 25, 2024**	**BID/OFFER CLOSED ON**	**June 27, 2024***

** The Anchor Investor Bid/Offer Period was one Working Day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date^UPI mandate end time and date was 5.00 pm on the Bid / Offer Closing Date.*

PROSPECTUS
Dated June 27, 2024
(Please read Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013)
100% Book Building Offer

ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS LIMITED

Our Company was incorporated as 'You and Me Properties Private Limited', pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated October 8, 2008, issued by the RoC. The name of our Company was changed to 'Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated July 22, 2009 was issued by the RoC. Pursuant to a scheme of amalgamation between Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited, Our Own Properties Private Limited and our Company, the erstwhile name of which was Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited, dated April 1, 2009, and an order of the Bombay High Court dated February 5, 2010, the entire business undertakings of Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited and Our Own Properties Private Limited were transferred to our Company the erstwhile name of which was Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited. Consequently, the name of our Company was changed to 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated April 30, 2010, was issued by the RoC. Subsequently, pursuant to a resolution of our Board dated June 2, 2022 and a resolution of our Shareholders dated June 4, 2022, our Company was converted from a private company to a public company and consequently, our name was changed from 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited' to 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation under the Companies Act, 2013 was issued upon a change in name by the RoC on June 8, 2022.

Corporate Identity Number: U15511MH2008PLC187368; **Website**: www.abdindia.com;
Registered Office: 394-C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai - 400004, Maharashtra, India; **Telephone**: +91 22 67779777
Corporate Office: Ashford Centre, 3rd and 4th floor, Shankar Rao Naram Marg, Lower Parel (West), Mumbai - 400013, Maharashtra, India; **Telephone**: +91 22 43001111
Contact Person: Ritesh Ramniklal Shah, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer; **Telephone**: +91 22 43001111; **E-mail**: complianceofficer@abdindia.com

OUR PROMOTERS: KISHORE RAJARAM CHHABRIA, BINA KISHORE CHHABRIA, RESHAM CHHABRIA JEETENDRA HEMDEV, BINA CHHABRIA ENTERPRISES PRIVATE LIMITED, BKC ENTERPRISES PRIVATE LIMITED, ORIENTAL RADIOS PRIVATE LIMITED AND OFFICER'S CHOICE SPIRITS PRIVATE LIMITED

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING OF 53,391,667 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 2 EACH OF OUR COMPANY FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹ 281 PER EQUITY SHARE (INCLUDING A SHARE PREMIUM OF ₹ 279 PER EQUITY SHARE) ("OFFER PRICE") AGGREGATING TO ₹ 15,000 MILLION** ("OFFER"). THE OFFER COMPRISES A FRESH ISSUE OF 35,598,074 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 2 EACH BY OUR COMPANY AGGREGATING TO ₹ 10,000 MILLION** ("FRESH ISSUE") AND AN OFFER FOR SALE OF 17,793,593 EQUITY SHARES** OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 2 EACH ("OFFERED SHARES") AGGREGATING TO ₹ 5,000 MILLION** COMPRISING OF 13,345,195 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 2 EACH BY BINA KISHORE CHHABRIA AGGREGATING TO ₹ 3,750 MILLION** AND 4,448,398 EQUITY SHARES** OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 2 EACH BY RESHAM CHHABRIA JEETENDRA HEMDEV AGGREGATING TO ₹ 1,250 MILLION** (THE "SELLING SHAREHOLDERS" AND SUCH OFFER FOR SALE OF EQUITY SHARES BY THE SELLING SHAREHOLDERS, THE "OFFER FOR SALE"). THE OFFER INCLUDED A RESERVATION OF 117,647 EQUITY SHARES** OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 2 EACH AGGREGATING TO ₹ 30 MILLION** (CONSTITUTING 0.04% OF THE POST-OFFER PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL), FOR SUBSCRIPTION BY ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE(S) (THE "EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION"). OUR COMPANY, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS ("BRLMS"), HAS OFFERED A DISCOUNT OF ₹ 26 TO THE OFFER PRICE TO ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE(S) BIDDING IN THE EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION ("EMPLOYEE DISCOUNT"), SUBJECT TO NECESSARY APPROVALS, AS MAY BE REQUIRED. THE OFFER LESS THE EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION IS HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS "NET OFFER". THE OFFER AND NET OFFER CONSTITUTED 19.09% AND 19.05%, RESPECTIVELY, OF THE POST-OFFER PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY. THE OFFER PRICE IS 140.50 TIMES THE FACE VALUE OF THE EQUITY SHARES.**

*****Subject to finalization of Basis of Allotment.***

This Offer was made through the Book Building Process, in terms of Rule 19(2)(b) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended ("**SCRR**") read with Regulation 31 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations and in compliance with Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations wherein not more than 50% of the Net Offer was made available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Qualified Institutional Buyers ("**QIBs**", and such portion, the "**QIB Portion**"), provided that our Company and the Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs allocated up to 60% of the QIB Portion to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis ("**Anchor Investor Portion**"). One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion was reserved for the domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from the domestic Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Allocation Price in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. Further, 5% of the Net QIB Portion was made available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only, and the remainder of the Net QIB Portion was made available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIB Bidders, including Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids having been received at or above the Offer Price. Further, not less than 15% of the Net Offer was available for allocation to Non-Institutional Bidders, out of which a) one third of such portion was reserved for applicants with application size of more than ₹ 0.2 million and up to ₹ 1.0 million and (b) two-third of such portion was reserved for applicants with application size of more than ₹ 1.0 million, and not less than 35% of the Net Offer was available for allocation to Retail Individual Bidders in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid Bids being received from them at or above the Offer Price. Furthermore, 117,647 Equity Shares** of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹30 million** was made available for allocation to Eligible Employees, subject to valid Bids having been received from them at or above the Offer Price (net of Employee Discount as applicable for the Employee Reservation Portion). All Bidders, other than Anchor Investors, were required to participate in the Offer by mandatorily utilising the Application Supported by Blocked Amount ("ASBA") process by providing details of their respective ASBA Account (as defined hereinafter) and UPI ID in case UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism, as applicable, pursuant to which their corresponding Bid Amounts will be blocked by the Self Certified Syndicate Banks ("SCSBs") or by the Sponsor Banks under the UPI Mechanism, as the case may be, to the extent of respective Bid Amounts. Anchor Investors were not permitted to participate in the Offer through the ASBA process. For further details, see "*Offer Procedure*" on page 545.
***Subject to finalization of Basis of Allotment.*

RISKS IN RELATION TO THE FIRST OFFER

This being the first public offer of Equity Shares of our Company, there has been no formal market for the Equity Shares of our Company. The face value of the Equity Shares is ₹ 2 each. The Floor Price, Cap Price and Offer Price, should not be taken to be indicative of the market price of the Equity Shares after the Equity Shares are listed. No assurance can be given regarding an active or sustained trading in the Equity Shares of our Company, nor regarding the price at which the Equity Shares will be traded after listing.

GENERAL RISKS

Investments in equity and equity-related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds in the Offer unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their entire investment. Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in the Offer. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Offer, including the risks involved. The Equity Shares in the Offer have not been recommended or approved by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of the contents of this Prospectus. Specific attention of the investors is invited to "*Risk Factors*" on page 34.

OUR COMPANY'S AND SELLING SHAREHOLDERS' ABSOLUTE RESPONSIBILITY

Our Company, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for and confirms that this Prospectus contains all information with regard to our Company and the Offer, which is material in the context of the Offer, that the information contained in this Prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which makes this Prospectus as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading in any material respect. Further, Selling Shareholders, accepts responsibility for, and confirms, that the statements specifically made or confirmed by it in this Prospectus to the extent that the statements and information specifically pertain to it and the Equity Shares offered by it under the Offer for Sale, are true and correct in all material respects and are not misleading in any material respect. The Selling Shareholders assume no responsibility for any other statement, including, inter-alia, any of the statements made by or relating to the Company or its business.

LISTING

The Equity Shares, that have been offered through the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the Stock Exchanges. Our Company has received 'in-principle' approvals from the BSE and the NSE for listing the Equity Shares pursuant to letters, each dated March 28, 2024, respectively. For the purposes of the Offer, the Designated Stock Exchange is NSE. A copy of the Red Herring Prospectus was filed with the RoC and this Prospectus shall be filed with the RoC in accordance with Sections 26(4) and 32 of the Companies Act, 2013. For further details of the material contracts and documents that were available for inspection from the date of the Red Herring Prospectus until the Bid/ Offer Closing Date, see "*Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection*" on page 651.

BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS			REGISTRAR TO THE OFFER
ICICI Securities Limited ICICI Venture House, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai – 400025 Maharashtra, India **Telephone:** +91 22 6807 7100 **E-mail:** alliedblenders.ipo@icicisecurities.com **Website:** www.icicisecurities.com **Investor Grievance ID:** customercare@icicisecurities.com **Contact person:** Harsh Thakkar/ Rupesh Khant **SEBI Registration No.:** INM000011179	**Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (*formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited*)** 801 – 804, Wing A, Building No 3 Inspire BKC, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex East Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India **Telephone**: +91 22 4009 4400 **E-mail:** Allied@nuvama.com **Website:** www.nuvama.com **Investor Grievance E-mail:** customerservice.mb@nuvama.com **Contact Person:** Lokesh Shah **SEBI Registration No.:** INM000013004	**ITI Capital Limited (*A part of The Investment Trust of India Limited Group*)** ITI House, Dr R. K. Shirodkar Marg, Parel, Mumbai – 400 012 Maharashtra, India **Telephone**: + 91 22 6911 3300 **E-mail:** ipo.alliedblenders@iticapital.in **Website:** www.iticapital.in **Investor Grievance E-mail:** investorgrievance@iticapital.in **Contact Person:** Pallavi Shinde **SEBI Registration No.:** INM000010924	**Link Intime India Private Limited** C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park L.B.S. Marg Vikhroli (West), Mumbai 400 083, Maharashtra, India **Telephone**: +91 22 4918 6200 **E-mail**: abdl.ipo@linkintime.co.in **Investor grievance e-mail**: abdl.ipo@linkintime.co.in **Website**: www.linkintime.co.in **Contact person**: Shanti Gopalkrishnan **SEBI registration number**: INR000004058

BID/OFFER PROGRAMME

ANCHOR OFFER PORTION BIDDING DATE CLOSED ON	**June 24, 2024**	**BID/OFFER OPENED ON**	**June 25, 2024**	**BID/OFFER CLOSED ON**	**June 27, 2024 ***

** The Anchor Investor Bid/Offer Period was one Working Day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date.*

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION I – GENERAL **1**
DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS 1
OFFER DOCUMENT SUMMARY 15
CERTAIN CONVENTIONS, CURRENCY OF PRESENTATION, USE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND MARKET DATA 29
FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS 32
SECTION II – RISK FACTORS **34**
SECTION III – INTRODUCTION **102**
THE OFFER 102
SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION 104
GENERAL INFORMATION 112
CAPITAL STRUCTURE 123
OBJECTS OF THE OFFER 141
BASIS FOR OFFER PRICE 155
STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS 165
SECTION IV – ABOUT OUR COMPANY **174**
INDUSTRY OVERVIEW 174
OUR BUSINESS 226
KEY REGULATIONS AND POLICIES 267
HISTORY AND CERTAIN CORPORATE MATTERS 280
OUR SUBSIDIARIES 289
OUR MANAGEMENT 297
OUR PROMOTERS AND PROMOTER GROUP 328
DIVIDEND POLICY 339
SECTION V – FINANCIAL INFORMATION **340**
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 340
OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION 432
RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 434
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS 435
FINANCIAL INDEBTEDNESS 484
CAPITALISATION STATEMENT 488
SECTION VI – LEGAL AND OTHER INFORMATION **489**
OUTSTANDING LITIGATION AND MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS 489
GOVERNMENT AND OTHER APPROVALS 507
OUR GROUP COMPANIES 512
OTHER REGULATORY AND STATUTORY DISCLOSURES 517
SECTION VII: OFFER INFORMATION **533**
TERMS OF THE OFFER 533
OFFER STRUCTURE 538
OFFER PROCEDURE 545
RESTRICTIONS ON FOREIGN OWNERSHIP OF INDIAN SECURITIES 566
SECTION VIII – DESCRIPTION OF EQUITY SHARES AND TERMS OF ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION **568**
SECTION IX: OTHER INFORMATION **651**
MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION 651
DECLARATION 655

SECTION I – GENERAL

DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

This Prospectus uses certain definitions and abbreviations which, unless the context otherwise implies or requires, or unless otherwise specified, shall have the meaning as assigned below. References to statutes, rules, regulations, guidelines and policies will, unless the context otherwise requires, be deemed to include all amendments, modifications and replacements notified thereto, as of the date of this Prospectus, and any reference to a statutory provision shall include any subordinate legislation made from time to time under that provision.

The words and expressions used in this Prospectus but not defined herein, shall have, to the extent applicable, the meanings ascribed to such terms under the Companies Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the SCRA, the Depositories Act or the rules and regulations made thereunder.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, terms in "Industry Overview", Key Regulations and Policies", "Statement of Possible Special Tax Benefits", "Financial Information", "Basis for Offer Price", "Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments", "Objects of the Offer", "History and Certain Corporate Matters", "Financial Indebtedness", and "Description of Equity Shares and Terms of Articles of Association", on pages 174, 267, 165, 340, 155, 489, 141, 280, 484 and 568, respectively, will have the meaning ascribed to such terms in those respective sections.

Company and Selling Shareholders related terms

Term	Description
"Our Company", "the Company" or "the Issuer"	Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited, a company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 and having its Registered Office at 394-C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai– 400004 Maharashtra, India.
"we", "us", or "our"	Unless the context otherwise indicates or implies, refers to our Company and our Subsidiaries.
"Articles" or "Articles of Association" or "AoA"	The articles of association of our Company, as amended.
"ABD Dwellings"	ABD Dwellings Private Limited
"ABD LLP MoU"	Memorandum of Understanding dated April 12, 2022, amongst Rajesh Ankushrao Tope, OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited and our Company
"ABD Scheme"	Scheme for the transfer of Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited and Our Own Properties Private Limited to our Company pursuant to an order of the High Court of Bombay dated February 5, 2010.
"ABD UK"	Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited
"Audit Committee"	The audit committee of our Board constituted in accordance with the Companies Act and the Listing Regulations, and as described in "*Our Management – Committees of our Board*" on page 310.
"BKCEPL"	One of our Corporate Promoters, BKC Enterprises Private Limited.
"Board" or "Board of Directors"	The board of directors of our Company, as described in "*Our Management – Board of Directors*" on page 297.
"CCDs"	8.5% compulsorily convertible debentures of face value of ₹117 each.
"Chairman and Non-Executive Director"	Chairman and Non-Executive Director of our Company, being Kishore Rajaram Chhabria.
"Chief Financial Officer" or "CFO"	Chief financial officer of our Company, being Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy.
"Chitwan"	Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited
"Company Secretary and Compliance Officer"	Company secretary and compliance officer of our Company, being Ritesh Ramniklal Shah.
"Corporate Office"	Corporate office of our Company, located at Ashford Centre, 3rd and 4th floor, Shankar Rao Naram Marg, Lower Parel (West), Mumbai- 400013, Maharashtra, India.
"Corporate Promoters"	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, BKC Enterprises Private Limited, Oriental Radios Private Limited, and Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited.
"Corporate Social Responsibility Committee" or "CSR Committee"	Corporate social responsibility committee of our Board constituted in accordance with the Companies Act as described in "*Our Management – Committees of our Board*" on page 310.
"Director(s)"	Director(s) on the Board, as appointed from time to time.
"Deccan"	Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited
"Erstwhile BKCEPL"	Our erstwhile holding company, BKC Enterprises Private Limited.
"Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation"	Amalgamation of Erstwhile BKCEPL with our Company, as described in *"History and Certain Corporate Matters – Details regarding material acquisitions or divestments of*

Term	Description
	business/undertakings, mergers, amalgamations, any revaluation of assets in the last 10 years" on page 285.
"Equity Shares"	Equity shares of our Company of face value of ₹ 2 each.
"Executive Director"	Executive director(s) on our Board. For further details of the Executive Directors, see "*Our Management - Board of Directors*" on page 297.
"Group Companies"	Our group companies, as disclosed in "*Our Group Companies*" on page 512.
"HCIPL"	Henkell & Company India Private Limited.
"HCIPL Amalgamation"	Amalgamation of Henkell & Company India Private Limited with our Company, as described in *"History and Certain Corporate Matters – Details regarding material acquisitions or divestments of business/undertakings, mergers, amalgamations, any revaluation of assets in the last 10 years*" on page 285.
"ICONIQ Trademark Agreement"	Trademark License Agreement dated August 5, 2022, read with the addendums dated September 28, 2022, December 20, 2022, June 9, 2023, July 3, 2023, November 2, 2023 and April 5, 2024 entered into between ICONIQ Brands India Private Limited and our Company.
"IPO Committee"	The IPO committee of our Board, as described in "*Our Management – Committees of our Board*" on page 310.
"Independent Director"	A non-executive, independent Director appointed as per the Companies Act and the Listing Regulations. For further details of our Independent Directors, see "*Our Management – Board of Directors*" on page 297.
"KMP" or "Key Managerial Personnel"	Key managerial personnel of our Company in terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, as disclosed in "*Our Management – Key Managerial Personnel*" on page 324.
"Madanlal"	Madanlal Estates Private Limited
"Managing Director"	Managing Director of our Company, being Alok Gupta.
"Material Subsidiaries"	ABD Dwellings Private Limited, Madanlal Estates Private Limited, NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited and Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited, identified in accordance with the requirements of SEBI ICDR Regulations.
"Materiality Policy"	The materiality policy of our Company adopted pursuant to a resolution of our Board dated January 11, 2024 for the identification of material (a) outstanding litigation proceedings; (b) group companies; and (c) creditors, pursuant to the requirements of the SEBI ICDR Regulations and for the purposes of disclosure in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.
"Memorandum" or "Memorandum of Association" or "MoA"	The memorandum of association of our Company, as amended.
"Nomination and Remuneration Committee"	The nomination and remuneration committee of our Board, constituted in accordance with the Companies Act and the Listing Regulations, and as described in "*Our Management – Committees of our Board*" on page 310.
"Non-Executive Director and Co-Chairperson"	Non-Executive Director and Co-Chairperson of the Board of Directors of our Company, being Bina Kishore Chhabria.
"Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director"	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director of the Board of Directors of our Company, being Maneck Navel Mulla.
"NCCPS"	0.01% non-cumulative convertible preference shares of ₹ 10 each.
"Non- Executive Director"	Non-Executive Director of our Company, as disclosed in "*Our Management – Board of Directors*" on page 297.
"NV Distillers"	NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited
"OCCRPS"	15% optionally convertible cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹10 each.
"Promoters"	Promoters of our Company namely, Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, Bina Kishore Chhabria, Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, BKC Enterprises Private Limited, Oriental Radios Private Limited, and Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited. For further details, see "*Our Promoters and Promoter Group*" on page 328.
"Preference Shares"	15% optionally convertible cumulative redeemable preference shares of ₹10 each, and 0.01% non-cumulative convertible preference shares of ₹ 10 each.
"Promoter Group"	Such individuals and entities which constitute the promoter group of our Company pursuant to Regulation 2(1) (pp) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For further details, see "*Our Promoters and Promoter Group – Promoter Group*" on page 336.
"Promoter Selling Shareholders"	Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev.
"Registered Office"	The registered office of our Company located at 394-C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai– 400004 Maharashtra.
"Registrar of Companies" or "RoC"	Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai.
"Restated Consolidated Financial Information"	The restated consolidated financial information of our Company as at and for the nine months ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and as at and for the years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, comprising the restated consolidated statement of assets and liabilities (balance sheet) as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 ,the restated consolidated statement of

Term	Description
	profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the restated consolidated statement of changes in equity, the restated consolidated cash flow statement for the nine months period ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and for the years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 together with the consolidated summary statement of material accounting policies, and other explanatory information thereon, has been derived from special purpose interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the nine month period ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 together with the annexures and notes thereto prepared in accordance with Ind AS, and together with the annexures and notes thereto, and restated in accordance with requirements of Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Companies Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note on "Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2019)" issued by the ICAI. The special purpose interim consolidated financial statements as at and for nine months period ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 were audited by Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants.
"Risk Management Committee"	The risk management committee constituted in accordance with the Listing Regulations, and as described in "*Our Management – Committees of our Board*" on page 310.
"Selling Shareholders"	Collectively, Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev.
"Senior Management"	Senior Management of our Company in terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, as disclosed in "*Our Management – Senior Management*" on page 324.
"Shareholder(s)"	The equity shareholders of our Company whose names are entered into (i) the register of members of our Company; or (ii) the records of a depository as a beneficial owner of Equity Shares.
"Stakeholders' Relationship Committee"	The stakeholders' relationship committee constituted in accordance with the Companies Act and the Listing Regulations, and as described in, "*Our Management – Committees of our Board*" on page 310.
"Sarthak"	Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited
"Statutory Auditors"	The statutory auditors of our Company, being Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants.
"Subsidiaries"	The subsidiaries of our Company as on the date of this Prospectus, namely: 1. ABD Dwellings Private Limited; 2. ABD Foundation; 3. Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited; 4. Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited, 5. Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited, 6. Madanlal Estates Private Limited; 7. NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited, and 8. Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited.
"TIPL"	Tracstar Investments Private Limited.
"TIPL Demerger"	Demerger of the bottling and distillery business undertaking from TIPL into our Company, as described in *"History and Certain Corporate Matters – Details regarding material acquisitions or divestments of business/undertakings, mergers, amalgamations, any revaluation of assets in the last 10 years*" on page 285.
"UBBPL"	Unokoti Bottling and Beverage Private Limited
"UBBPL Amalgamation"	Amalgamation of UBBPL with our Company, as described in *"History and Certain Corporate Matters – Details regarding material acquisitions or divestments of business/undertakings, mergers, amalgamations, any revaluation of assets in the last 10 years*" on page 285.
"WDPL"	Wales Distillers Private Limited
"WDPL Amalgamation"	Amalgamation of WDPL with our Company, as described in *"History and Certain Corporate Matters – Details regarding material acquisitions or divestments of business/undertakings, mergers, amalgamations, any revaluation of assets in the last 10 years*" on page 285.
"Whole-Time Director (Executive Deputy Chairman)"	Whole-Time Director (Executive Deputy Chairman) of our Company, being Shekhar Ramamurthy
"Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson)"	Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson) of our Company, being Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev.

Offer Related Terms

Term	Description
"Abridged Prospectus"	Abridged prospectus means a memorandum containing such salient features of a prospectus as may be specified by the SEBI in this behalf.
"Acknowledgement Slip"	The slip or document issued by relevant Designated Intermediary(ies) to a Bidder as proof of registration of the Bid cum Application Form.

Term	Description
"Allot", "Allotment", or "Allotted"	Unless the context otherwise requires, allotment of the Equity Shares pursuant to the Fresh Issue and transfer of the Equity Shares offered by the Selling Shareholders pursuant to the Offer for Sale to the successful Bidders.
"Allotment Advice"	A note or advice or intimation of Allotment, sent to each Bidder who has Bid in the Offer after approval of the Basis of Allotment by the Designated Stock Exchange.
"Allottee"	A successful Bidder to whom the Equity Shares were Allotted.
"Anchor Investor"	A Qualified Institutional Buyer, who applied under the Anchor Investor Portion in accordance with the requirements specified in the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Red Herring Prospectus, and who had Bid for an amount of at least ₹ 100 million.
"Anchor Investor Allocation Price"	₹ 281 per Equity Share
"Anchor Investor Application Form"	The application form used by an Anchor Investor to Bid in the Anchor Investor Portion and which was considered as an application for Allotment in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus.
"Anchor Investor Bidding Date"	The day i.e., June 24, 2024, being one Working Day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date, on which Bids by Anchor Investors was submitted, prior to and after which the BRLMs did not accept any Bids from Anchor Investor, and allocation to the Anchor Investors was completed.
"Anchor Investor Offer Price"	₹ 281 per Equity Share
"Anchor Investor Pay – in Date"	With respect to Anchor Investor(s), the Anchor Investor Bidding Date
"Anchor Investor Portion"	60% of the QIB Portion consisting of 15,982,206 Equity Shares*, which was allocated by our Company and Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs, to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, out of which one third of the Anchor Investor Portion was reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids having been received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Allocation Price, in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. **Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*
"Applications Supported by Blocked Amount" or "ASBA"	An application, whether physical or electronic, used by ASBA Bidders to make a Bid and authorising an SCSB to block the Bid Amount in the ASBA Account and which included applications made by UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism where the Bid Amount was blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request by such bidders using the UPI Mechanism.
"ASBA Account"	A bank account maintained with an SCSB by an ASBA Bidder as specified in the ASBA Form submitted by ASBA Bidders for blocking the Bid Amount mentioned in the relevant ASBA Form, which was blocked by such SCSB or the account of the RIBs blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request by the UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism, to the extent of the Bid Amount of the ASBA Bidder.
"ASBA Bidder"	All Bidders except Anchor Investors.
"ASBA Form"	An application form, whether physical or electronic, used by ASBA Bidders to submit Bids which was considered as the application for Allotment in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus.
"Banker(s) to the Offer"	Collectively, the Escrow Collection Bank(s), Refund Bank(s), Public Offer Bank(s) and the Sponsor Bank(s), as the case may be.
"Basis of Allotment"	The basis on which the Equity Shares will be Allotted to successful Bidders under the Offer, as described in "*Offer Procedure*" on page 545.
"Bid"	An indication to make an offer during the Bid/Offer Period by an ASBA Bidder pursuant to submission of the ASBA Form, or during the Anchor Investor Bidding Date by an Anchor Investor, pursuant to the submission of a Bid cum Application Form, to subscribe to, or purchase, the Equity Shares at a price within the Price Band, in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Form. The term "Bidding" shall be construed accordingly.
"Bidder"	Any investor who made a Bid pursuant to the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Form, and, unless otherwise stated or implied, includes an Anchor Investor.
"Bid Amount"	The highest value of optional Bids indicated in the Bid cum Application Form (less employee discount as applicable) and, in the case of RIBs Bidding at the Cut off Price, the Cap Price multiplied by the number of Equity Shares Bid for by such RIBs and mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form and paid by the Bidder or was blocked in the ASBA Account of the ASBA Bidder, as the case may be, upon submission of the Bid. However, Eligible Employees bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion could have applied at the Cut-off Price and the Bid amount was Cap Price (net of employee discount, if any), multiplied by the number of Equity Shares Bid for by such Eligible Employee and mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form. The maximum Bid Amount under the Employee Reservation Portion by an Eligible Employee did not exceed ₹500,000 (net of employee discount, if any). However, the initial Allotment to an Eligible Employee in the Employee Reservation Portion

Term	Description
	did not exceed ₹200,000 (net of employee discount, if any) in value. Only in the event of an under- subscription in the Employee Reservation Portion post the initial allotment, such unsubscribed portion may be Allotted on a proportionate basis to Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion, for a value in excess of ₹200,000 (net of employee discount, if any), subject to the total Allotment to an Eligible Employee not exceeding ₹500,000 (net of employee discount, if any) in value.
"Bidding Centres"	Centres at which the Designated Intermediaries could have accepted the ASBA Forms, *i.e.*, Designated Branches for SCSBs, Specified Locations for the Syndicate, Broker Centres for Registered Brokers, Designated RTA Locations for RTAs and Designated CDP Locations for CDPs.
"Bid cum Application Form"	Anchor Investor Application Form or the ASBA Form, as the context requires.
"Bid Lot"	53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each and in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each thereafter.
"Bid/Offer Closing Date"	Except in relation to Bids received from the Anchor Investors, the date after which the Designated Intermediaries did not accept any Bids, being June 27, 2024.
"Bid/Offer Opening Date"	Except in relation to Bids received from the Anchor Investors, the date on which the Designated Intermediaries started accepting Bids for the Offer being June 25, 2024.
"Bid/Offer Period"	Except in relation to Anchor Investors, the period between the Bid/Offer Opening Date and the Bid/Offer Closing Date, inclusive of both days, during which Bidders submitted their Bids being Tuesday, June 25, 2024 to Thursday, June 27, 2024
"Book Building Process"	The book building process, as described in Schedule XIII of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, in terms of which the Offer was made.
"Book Running Lead Managers" or "BRLMs"	The book running lead managers to the Offer, namely ICICI Securities Limited, Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (*formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited*) and ITI Capital Limited (*a part of The Investment Trust of India Limited Group*).
"Broker Centre"	Broker centres notified by the Stock Exchanges where ASBA Bidders could have submitted the ASBA Forms to a Registered Broker and details of which are available on the websites of the respective Stock Exchanges. The details of such Broker Centres, along with the names and the contact details of the Registered Brokers are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges (www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com), and updated from time to time.
"CAN" or "Confirmation of Allocation Note"	The note or advice or intimation of allocation of the Equity Shares sent to Anchor Investors who have been allocated Equity Shares on / after the Anchor Investor Bidding Date.
"Cap Price"	₹ 281 per Equity Share
"Cash Escrow and Sponsor Bank Agreement"	The agreement dated June 18, 2024 entered into between our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the Registrar to the Offer, the BRLMs, the Syndicate Members, the Banker(s) to the Offer for governing, amongst other things, the appointment of the Sponsor Banks in accordance with the UPI Circular and for the collection of the Bid Amounts from Anchor Investors, transfer of funds to the Public Offer Account and where applicable, refunds of the amounts collected from Bidders, on the terms and conditions thereof.
"Circular on Streamlining of Public Issues"/ "UPI Circular"	Circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2018/138) dated November 1, 2018, circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/50) dated April 3, 2019, circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/76) dated June 28, 2019, circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85) dated July 26, 2019, circular no. (SEBI/HO/CFD/DCR2/CIR/P/2019/133) dated November 8, 2019, circular no. (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2020/50) dated March 30, 2020, circular no. (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021./2480/1/M) dated March 16, 2021, SEBI circular no. (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570) dated June 2, 2021, circular no. (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/45) dated April 5, 2022, circular no. (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51) dated April 20, 2022, circular no. (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/75) dated May 30, 2022 and the SEBI Master Circular, SEBI master circular number SEBI/HO/MIRSD/POD-1/P/CIR/2024/37 dated May 7, 2024 (to the extent applicable to UPI), SEBI circular number SEBI/HO/CFD/TPD1/CIR/P/2023/140 dated August 9, 2023 along with the circular issued by the National Stock Exchange of India Limited having reference no. 25/2022 dated August 3, 2022 and the circular issued by BSE Limited having reference no. 20220803-40 dated August 3, 2022 and any subsequent circulars or notifications issued by SEBI in this regard..
"Client ID"	Client identification number maintained with one of the Depositories in relation to the demat account.
"Collecting Depository Participant" or "CDP"	A depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act, 1996 registered with SEBI and who was eligible to procure Bids from relevant Bidders at the Designated CDP Locations in terms of the SEBI circular no. CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015 issued by SEBI, as per the list available on the websites of BSE and NSE, as updated from time to time.
"Cut-off Price"	The Offer Price, as finalised by our Company in consultation with the BRLMs being ₹ 281 per Equity Share. Only Retail Individual Bidders and Eligible Employees bidding in the Employee

Term	Description
	Reservation Portion were entitled to Bid at the Cut-off Price. QIBs (including Anchor Investors) and Non-Institutional Bidders were not entitled to Bid at the Cut-off Price.
"Demographic Details"	Details of the Bidders including the Bidder's address, name of the Bidder's father/ husband, investor status, occupation and bank account details and UPI ID, where applicable.
"Designated SCSB Branches"	Such branches of the SCSBs could have collected ASBA Forms, a list of which is available on the website of the SEBI at (https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes) and updated from time to time, and at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
"Designated CDP Locations"	Such locations of the CDPs where Bidders could have submitted the ASBA Forms, a list of which, along with names and contact details of the Collecting Depository Participants eligible to accept ASBA Forms are available on the websites of the respective Stock Exchanges (www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com).
"Designated Date"	The date on which funds are transferred from the Escrow Account to the Public Offer Account or the Refund Account, as appropriate, or the funds blocked by the SCSBs are transferred from the ASBA Accounts to the Public Offer Account, as the case may be, in terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus, after the finalisation of the Basis of Allotment in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange, following which our Board Allotted Equity Shares to successful Bidders in the Offer.
"Designated Intermediaries"	In relation to ASBA Forms submitted by RIBs, and the Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion (not using the UPI mechanism) by finalising an SCSB to block the Bid Amount in the ASBA Account, Designated Intermediaries shall mean SCSBs. In relation to ASBA Forms submitted by UPI Bidders, where the Bid Amount was blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request by such UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism, Designated Intermediaries shall mean Syndicate, sub-syndicate/agents, Registered Brokers, CDPs, SCSBs and RTAs. In relation to ASBA Forms submitted by QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders (not using the UPI Mechanism), Designated Intermediaries, shall mean Syndicate, Sub-Syndicate/ agents, SCSBs, Registered Brokers, the CDPs and RTAs.
"Designated RTA Locations"	Such locations of the RTAs where Bidders submitted the ASBA Forms to RTAs, a list of which, along with names and contact details of the RTAs eligible to accept ASBA Forms are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges (www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com).
"Designated Stock Exchange"	NSE
"Draft Red Herring Prospectus" or "DRHP"	The draft red herring prospectus dated January 15, 2024, issued in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, which does not contain complete particulars of the Offer, including the price at which the Equity Shares will be Allotted and the size of the Offer, and includes any addenda or corrigenda thereto.
"Employee Discount"	A discount of 10% of the Offer Price (equivalent to ₹ 26 per Equity Share) each offered to Eligible Employees bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion.
"Eligible Employee(s)"	Permanent employees, working in India of our Company, or any of our Promoters, or the Subsidiaries, or a Director, whether whole-time or not, and who was eligible to Bid in the Offer under applicable law, as of the date of the filing of the Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC and who continues to be a permanent employee of our Company or the Subsidiaries, respectively, or a Director until the submission of the ASBA Form, but not including (i) the Promoters; (ii) the members of the Promoter Group; or (iii) the Directors who either themselves or through their relatives or through any body corporate, directly or indirectly, hold more than 10% of the outstanding Equity Shares. The maximum Bid Amount under the Employee Reservation Portion by an Eligible Employee did not exceed ₹ 500,000 (net of employee discount, if any). However, the initial Allotment to an Eligible Employee in the Employee Reservation Portion did not exceed ₹ 200,000 (net of employee discount, if any). Only in the event of under-subscription in the Employee Reservation Portion, the unsubscribed portion was made available for allocation and Allotment, proportionately to all Eligible Employees who have Bid in excess of ₹ 200,000 (net of employee discount, if any), subject to the maximum value of Allotment made to such Eligible Employee not exceeding ₹ 500,000 (net of employee discount, if any).
"Eligible FPIs"	FPIs from such jurisdictions outside India where it is not unlawful to make an offer/ invitation under the Offer and in relation to whom the Bid cum Application Form and the Red Herring Prospectus constituted an invitation to purchase the Equity Shares offered thereby.
"Eligible NRIs"	NRI(s) eligible to invest under the relevant provisions of the FEMA Rules, from jurisdictions outside India where it is not unlawful to make an offer or invitation under the Offer and in relation to whom the Bid cum Application Form and the Red Herring Prospectus constituted an invitation to purchase the Equity Shares.

Term	Description
"Employee Reservation Portion"	The portion of the Offer aggregating to 117,647 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹ 30 million*, available for allocation to Eligible Employees, on a proportionate basis. Such portion did not exceed 5% of the post-Offer Equity Share capital of the Company. **Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*
"Escrow Account(s)"	Accounts opened with the Escrow Collection Bank(s) and in whose favour the Anchor Investors transferred money through direct credit/ NEFT/ RTGS/NACH in respect of Bid Amounts when submitting a Bid.
"Escrow Collection Bank(s)"	The banks which are clearing members and registered with SEBI as Bankers to an issue under the BTI Regulations, and with whom the Escrow Account(s) was opened, in this case being Axis Bank Limited.
"First Bidder"	The Bidder whose name was mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form or the Revision Form and in case of joint Bids, whose name also appeared as the first holder of the beneficiary account held in joint names.
"Floor Price"	₹ 267 per Equity Share
"Fraudulent Borrowers"	Fraudulent borrower as defined under Regulation 2(1)(lll) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
"Fresh Issue"	The fresh issue component of the Offer comprising of an issuance of 35,598,074 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each at ₹ 281 per Equity Share (including a premium of ₹279 per Equity Share) aggregating to ₹10,000 million* by our Company. ** Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*
"General Information Document" or "GID"	The General Information Document for investing in public offers, prepared and issued by SEBI, in accordance with the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2020/37 dated March 17, 2020 and the UPI Circulars, as amended from time to time. The General Information Document was available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges and the BRLMs.
"Gross Proceeds"	The Offer Proceeds, less the amount to be raised with respect to the Offer for Sale.
"I-Sec"	ICICI Securities Limited.
"ITI"	ITI Capital Limited *(a part of The Investment Trust of India Limited Group)*.
"Monitoring Agency"	CRISIL Ratings Limited
"Monitoring Agency Agreement"	Agreement dated June 8, 2024 entered into between our Company and the Monitoring Agency.
"Mutual Fund"	Mutual funds registered with SEBI under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
"Mutual Fund Portion"	5% of the Net QIB Portion, or 532,741 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, which was made available for allocation to Mutual Funds only, on a proportionate basis, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price. **Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*
"Net Offer"	The Offer less the Employee Reservation Portion.
"Net Proceeds"	Proceeds of the Fresh Issue less our Company's share of the Offer-related expenses. For further details about use of the Net Proceeds and the Offer related expenses, see "*Objects of the Offer*" on page 141.
"Net QIB Portion"	QIB Portion, less the number of Equity Shares Allotted to the Anchor Investors.
"Non-Institutional Investors" or "NII(s)" or "Non-Institutional Bidders" or "NIB(s)"	All Bidders, including FPIs other than individuals, corporate bodies and family offices, registered with SEBI that were not QIBs (including Anchor Investors) or Retail Individual Bidders, or the Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion, who have Bid for Equity Shares for an amount of more than ₹200,000 (but not including NRIs other than Eligible NRIs).
"Non-Institutional Portion"	The portion of the Net Offer being not less than 15% of the Net Offer, consisting of 7,991,103 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, which was available for allocation to Non-Institutional Bidders of which one – third was available for allocation to Bidders with an application size of more than ₹ 200,000 and up to ₹ 1,000,000 and two-thirds was available for allocation to Bidders with an application size of more than ₹ 1,000,000 in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, and under-subscription in either of these two sub-categories of Non-Institutional Portion was allocated to Bidders in the other sub-category of Non-Institutional Portion, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price. **Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*
"Non-Resident" or "NR"	A person resident outside India, as defined under FEMA and includes NRIs, FPIs and FVCIs.
"Nuvama"	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (*formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited*)
"Offer"	Initial public offering of 53,391,667 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each for cash at a price of ₹ 281 per Equity Share (including a share premium of ₹ 279 per Equity Share) aggregating to ₹ 15,000 million* consisting of a Fresh Issue of 35,598,074 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹ 10,000 million* by our Company and an offer for sale of 17,793,593 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹ 5,000 million*, by the Selling Shareholders. **Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*
"Offer Agreement"	The agreement dated January 15, 2024, as amended by way of an amendment agreement dated June 8, 2024, amongst our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the BRLMs, pursuant to the

Term	Description
	SEBI ICDR Regulations, based on which certain arrangements are agreed to in relation to the Offer.
"Offer for Sale"	The offer for sale of 17,793,593 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹ 5,000 million*, by the Selling Shareholders in the Offer. **Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*
"Offer Price"	₹ 281 per Equity Share
"Offer Proceeds"	The proceeds of the Fresh Issue which shall be available to our Company and the proceeds of the Offer for Sale which shall be available to the Selling Shareholders. For further information about use of the Offer Proceeds, see "*Objects of the Offer*" on page 141.
"Offered Shares"	The Equity Shares being offered by the Selling Shareholders as part of the Offer for Sale comprising of an aggregate of to 17,793,593 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each. **Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*
"Price Band"	Price band of a minimum price of ₹ 267 per Equity Share (Floor Price) and the maximum Price of ₹ 281 per Equity Share (Cap Price)
"Pricing Date"	The date on which our Company, in consultation with the BRLMs has finalised the Offer Price, being June 27, 2024.
"Prospectus"	This prospectus dated June 27, 2024 filed with the RoC, in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI ICDR Regulations containing, amongst other things, the Offer Price that was determined at the end of the Book Building Process, the size of the Offer and certain other information, including any addenda or corrigenda hereto.
"Public Offer Bank(s)"	The banks which are clearing members and registered with SEBI under the BTI Regulations, with whom the Public Offer Account(s) will be opened, in this case being ICICI Bank.
"Public Offer Account(s)"	Bank account opened in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, with the Public Offer Bank(s) to receive money from the Escrow Accounts and from the ASBA Accounts on the Designated Date.
"Qualified Institutional Buyers" or "QIBs"	A qualified institutional buyer, as defined under Regulation 2(1)(ss) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
"QIB Portion"	The portion of the Net Offer (including the Anchor Investor Portion) having been not more than 50% of the Net Offer, consisting of 26,637,010 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each which shall be allocated to QIBs, including the Anchor Investors (which allocation shall be on a discretionary basis, as determined by our Company and Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs up to a limit of 60% of the QIB Portion) subject to valid Bids having been received at or above the Offer Price or Anchor Investor Offer Price (for Anchor Investors). **Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*
"Red Herring Prospectus" or "RHP"	The red herring prospectus dated June 18, 2024 to be issued in accordance with Section 32 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the provisions of SEBI ICDR Regulations, which did not have complete particulars of the price at which the Equity Shares were offered and the size of the Offer,
"Refund Account(s)"	The 'no-lien' and 'non-interest bearing' accounts to be opened with the Refund Bank, from which refunds, if any, of the whole or part, of the Bid Amount to the Anchor Investors were made.
"Refund Bank(s)"	The Banker(s) to the Offer with whom the Refund Account(s) was opened, in this case being Axis Bank Limited.
"Registered Broker"	Stock brokers registered under the SEBI (Stock Brokers) Regulations, 1992, as amended, with the Stock Exchanges having nationwide terminals other than the members of the Syndicate, and eligible to procure Bids in terms of the circular No. CIR/CFD/14/2012 dated October 4, 2012 issued by SEBI.
"Registrar Agreement"	The agreement dated January 15, 2024 entered into amongst our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Registrar to the Offer in relation to the responsibilities and obligations of the Registrar to the Offer pertaining to the Offer.
"Registrar and Share Transfer Agents" or "RTAs"	Registrar and share transfer agents registered with SEBI and eligible to procure Bids at the Designated RTA Locations as per the lists available on the website of BSE and NSE, and the UPI Circulars.
"Registrar" or "Registrar to the Offer"	Link Intime India Private Limited.
"Resident Indian"	A person resident in India, as defined under FEMA.
"Retail Individual Bidders" or "RIB(s)" or "Retail Individual Investors" or "RII(s)"	Individual Bidders (including HUFs applying through their *karta* and Eligible NRIs and does not include NRIs other than Eligible NRIs) who had Bid for the Equity Shares for an amount not more than ₹200,000 in any of the Bidding options in the Offer.
"Retail Portion"	The portion of the Net Offer being not less than 35% of the Net Offer consisting of 18,645,907 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each which was made available for allocation to Retail Individual Bidders in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, which was not less than the minimum Bid Lot, subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price. **Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*

Term	Description
"Revision Form"	Form used by the Bidders to modify the quantity of the Equity Shares or the Bid Amount in any of their ASBA Form(s) or any previous Revision Form(s), as applicable. QIB Bidders and Non-Institutional Bidders were not allowed to withdraw or lower their Bids (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage. Retail Individual Bidders bidding in the Retail Portion and Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion could revise their Bids during the Bid/Offer Period and withdraw their Bids until Bid/Offer Closing Date.
"Self Certified Syndicate Bank(s)" or "SCSB(s)"	The banks registered with SEBI, offering services: (a) in relation to ASBA (other than using the UPI Mechanism), a list of which is available on the website of SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=34 and https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=35, as applicable or such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time; and (b) in relation to ASBA (using the UPI Mechanism), a list of which is available on the website of SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40, or such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. Applications through UPI in the Offer could be made only through the SCSBs mobile applications (apps) whose name appears on the SEBI website. A list of SCSBs and mobile application, which, are live for applying in public issues using UPI Mechanism is provided as Annexure 'A' to the SEBI circular number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019. The aforesaid list is available on the website of SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=43, as updated from time to time.
"Share Escrow Agent"	Escrow agent appointed pursuant to the Share Escrow Agreement, namely Link Intime India Private Limited.
"Share Escrow Agreement"	The agreement dated June 18, 2024 entered into amongst our Company, the Selling Shareholders, and the Share Escrow Agent in connection with the transfer of the respective portion of the Offered Shares by each of the Selling Shareholders and credit of such Equity Shares to the demat account of the Allottees.
"Sponsor Bank(s)"	The Banker(s) to the Offer registered with SEBI which are appointed by our Company to act as a conduit between the Stock Exchanges and the National Payments Corporation of India in order to push the mandate collect requests and / or payment instructions of the UPI Bidders into the UPI Mechanism and carry out any other responsibilities in terms of the UPI Circulars, the Sponsor Banks in this case being ICICI Bank Limited and Axis Bank Limited.
"Specified Locations"	The Bidding centres where the Syndicate could accept Bid cum Application Forms from relevant Bidders, a list of which is available on the website of SEBI (www.sebi.gov.in), and updated from time to time.
"Stock Exchange(s)"	Collectively, BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.
"Syndicate Agreement"	The agreement dated June 18, 2024 entered into among our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the BRLMs, and the Syndicate Members in relation to collection of Bid cum Application Forms by Syndicate.
"Syndicate Members"	Intermediaries (other than BRLMs) registered with SEBI, namely Antique Stock Broking Limited and Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (*formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited*) (in its capacity as a Syndicate Member).
"Syndicate" or "members of the Syndicate"	Together, the BRLMs and the Syndicate Members.
"Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Company" or "NBFC-SI"	Systemically important non-banking financial company as defined under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
"Technopak"	Technopak Advisors Private Limited.
"Technopak Report" or "Industry Report"	Company commissioned Technopak Report titled "Indian Alco-Beverage Market" dated May 31, 2024.
"Underwriters"	The BRLMs and the Syndicate Members, collectively.
"Underwriting Agreement"	The agreement dated June 27, 2024 entered into amongst the Underwriters, the Selling Shareholders and our Company.
"UPI"	Unified Payments Interface, which is an instant payment mechanism developed by NPCI.
"UPI ID"	ID created on UPI for single-window mobile payment system developed by the NPCI.
"UPI Bidders"	Collectively, individual investors who applied as (i) Retail Individual Bidders in the Retail Category, (ii) Eligible Employees, under the Employee Reservation Portion, and (iii) Non-Institutional Bidders with an application size of up to ₹500,000 in the Non-Institutional Category, and Bidding under the UPI Mechanism through ASBA Form(s) submitted with Syndicate Members, Registered Brokers, Collecting Depository Participants and Collecting Registrar and Share Transfer Agents.

Term	Description
	Pursuant to circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/P/2022/45 dated April 5, 2022 issued by SEBI, all individual investors applying in public issues where the application amount is up to ₹500,000 are required to use the UPI Mechanism and are required to provide their UPI ID in the Bid cum Application Form submitted with: (i) a syndicate member, (ii) a stock broker registered with a recognized stock exchange (whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for such activity), (iii) a depository participant (whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for such activity), and (iv) a registrar to an issue and share transfer agent (whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for such activity)
"UPI Mandate Request"	A request (intimating the UPI Bidders by way of a notification on the UPI application and by way of a SMS directing the UPI Bidders to such UPI application) to the UPI Bidders initiated by the Sponsor Banks to authorize blocking of funds in the relevant ASBA Account through the UPI application equivalent to Bid Amount and subsequent debit of funds in case of Allotment. In accordance with the SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/76 dated June 28, 2019 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019, RIBs Bidding using the UPI Mechanism may apply through the SCSBs and mobile applications whose names appears on the website of the SEBI (https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40) and (https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=43) respectively, as updated from time to time.
"UPI Mechanism"	The mechanism that was used by UPI Bidders to make a Bid in the Offer in accordance with the UPI Circulars.
"UPI PIN"	Password to authenticate UPI transaction.
"Wilful Defaulter"	A wilful defaulter, as defined under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.
"Working Day"	All days, on which commercial banks in Mumbai, Maharashtra are open for business; provided however, with reference to (a) announcement of Price Band; and (b) Bid/Offer Period, Working Day shall mean all days except Saturday, Sunday and public holidays on which commercial banks in Mumbai, Maharashtra are open for business and (c) the time period between the Bid/Offer Closing Date and the listing of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges, "Working Day" shall mean all trading days of Stock Exchanges, excluding Sundays and bank holidays, as per the circular issued by SEBI.

Technical / Industry Related Terms or Abbreviations

Term	Description
Annual Sales Volumes (Million Cases)	Annual Sales Volumes (Million Cases) refers to sale of cases (in millions) of IMFL with one case being equal to nine liters of IMFL during the relevant fiscal or period, as applicable.
ATL	Above the Line
Capacity Utilisation (%)	Capacity utilisation (%) is arrived at by dividing the total actual production by total licenced capacity during the relevant Fiscal or period, as applicable.
CIF	Cost, Insurance, and Freight
Days Inventory Outstanding	Days Inventory Outstanding is calculated as (a) Average Inventory divided by (b) Cost of goods sold * 365
Days Payables Outstanding	Days Payables Outstanding is calculated as (a) Average Trade Payables divided by (b) Cost of goods sold * 365
Days Receivables Outstanding	Days Receivables Outstanding is calculated as (a) Average Trade Receivables divided by (b) Gross sales from operations * 365
DIY	Do It Yourself
EBITDA	EBITDA is calculated as profit before finance costs, depreciation/amortization and tax.
EBITDA Margin (%)	EBITDA Margin (%) is calculated as EBITDA divided by net revenue from operations
EDP	Ex-Distillery Price
ENA	Extra Neutral Alcohol
FDR	Fine Dining Restaurants
IMIL	Indian Made Indian Liquor
IMFL	Indian Made Foreign Liquor
Gross Margin (%)	Gross Margin is calculated as calculated as gross profit divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty)
Licensed Capacity (cases)	Licensed Capacity (cases) represents the minimum licensed capacity approved by various statutory authorities, e.g. the licensed capacity approved by the excise department and that approved by the pollution control boards of the relevant States and Union Territories, granted to a certain facility.

Term	Description
	Such licensed capacity can vary between fiscal periods depending on any revisions during or at end of such fiscal periods to the licensed capacity approved by such regulatory authorities.
MRP	Maximum Retail Price
Net Debt/EBIDTA(times)	Net Debt/EBIDTA (times) is calculated as Net Debt divided by EBITDA
Net Debt /Equity(times)	Net Debt /Equity (times) is calculated as Net debt divided by Shareholder's equity; Where Net Debt is equal to sum of Short term debt, long term debt, current portion of long term debt minus cash and cash equivalent
Net Revenue from Operations	Our net revenue from operations (revenue from operations less excise duty)
Other sales volumes (%)	Other Sales (%) volumes is arrived at by dividing the total actual sales of Brandy, Rum and Vodka by total cases sold during the relevant fiscal or period, as applicable.
PAT Margin (%)	PAT Margin (%) is calculated as restated profit for the year/period divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty).
PBCL	Pubs, Bars, Cafes and Lounges
PFCE	Private Final Consumption Expenditure
Profit after tax for the year/period	Profit After Tax refers to the residual amount that remains after a company has paid off all of its operating and non-operating expenses and taxes
PPP	Purchasing Power Parity
Q-o-Q	Quarter-on-Quarter
Return on Capital Employed or RoCE	ROCE is calculated as EBITDA less depreciation and amortization divided by capital employed (total equity plus non-current borrowings).
Return on Equity or RoE	ROE is calculated as profit after tax for the year/period divided by total net worth and expressed in percentage terms.
Revenue from operations	Revenue from operations includes revenue from contracts with customers and other operating revenue like royalty, export entitlements, scrap and other sales.
Total income	Total income includes revenue from operations and other income which includes interest on deposits, profit on sale of property, plant and equipment, provision no longer required written back, refund of excess statutory dues paid, recovery on account of loss of goods, 'foreign exchange gain - (net) and miscellaneous income.
Whisky sales volumes (%)	Whisky Sales volumes (%) is arrived at by dividing the total actual sales of Whisky by total cases sold during the relevant fiscal or period, as applicable.
WHO	World Health Organization
Working Capital Days	Working Capital Days is calculated as (a) Days Inventory Outstanding plus (b) Days Receivables Outstanding minus (c) Days Payables Outstanding

Conventional and General Terms or Abbreviations

Term	Description
"₹" or "Rs." or "Rupees" or "INR"	Indian Rupees, the official currency of the Republic of India.
"Adjusted EBITDA"	EBITDA minus other income.
"AIFs"	Alternative investment funds as defined in and registered under the AIF Regulations.
"AIF Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012.
"API"	Application performing interface.
"AS"	Accounting standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as notified from time to time.
"BSE"	BSE Limited.
"BTI Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Bankers to an Issue) Regulations, 1994.
"CAGR"	Compounded Annual Growth Rate.
"Calendar Year" or "year"	Unless the context otherwise requires, shall refer to the twelve months period ending December 31.
"Category I AIF"	AIFs who are registered as "Category I Alternative Investment Funds" under the SEBI AIF Regulations.
"Category II AIF"	AIFs who are registered as "Category II Alternative Investment Funds" under the SEBI AIF Regulations.
"Category III AIF"	AIFs who are registered as "Category III Alternative Investment Funds" under the SEBI AIF Regulations.
"Category I FPIs"	FPIs who are registered as "Category I Foreign Portfolio Investors" under the SEBI FPI Regulations.
"Category II FPIs"	FPIs who are registered as "Category II Foreign Portfolio Investors" under the SEBI FPI Regulations.
"CC"	Cash Credit
"CCI"	Competition Commission of India.
"CDSL"	Central Depository Services (India) Limited.

Term	Description
"CIN"	Corporate Identity Number.
"Companies Act"	Companies Act, 1956 and/or the Companies Act, 2013 as applicable.
"Companies Act, 1956"	*Erstwhile* Companies Act, 1956 along with the relevant rules made thereunder.
"Companies Act, 2013"	Companies Act, 2013, along with the relevant rules, regulations, clarifications, circulars and notifications issued thereunder, as amended to the extent currently in force.
"Copyright Act"	Copyright Act, 1957.
"Cr.P.C."	Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.
"CSR"	Corporate social responsibility.
"Depositories Act"	Depositories Act, 1996.
"Depository" or "Depositories"	NSDL and CDSL.
"DIN"	Director Identification Number.
"DP" or "Depository Participant"	A depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act.
"DP ID"	Depository Participant's Identification Number.
"DPIIT"	Department of Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, GoI.
"EBITDA"	Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation.
"EPS"	Earnings per share.
"FDI"	Foreign direct investment.
"FDI Policy"	The consolidated FDI policy, effective from October 15, 2020, issued by the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India *(earlier known as the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion*).
"FEMA"	Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, including the rules and regulations thereunder.
"FEMA Rules"	Foreign Exchange Management (Non-debt Instruments) Rules, 2019.
"FEMA Regulations"	Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer of Issue of Security by a Person Resident outside India) Regulations, 2017.
"Financial Year", "Fiscal", "FY" or "F.Y."	Period of twelve months commencing on April 1 of the immediately preceding calendar year and ending on March 31 of that particular year, unless stated otherwise.
"FIR"	First information report.
"FPI(s)"	Foreign Portfolio Investor, as defined under the FPI Regulations.
"FPI Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2019.
"FIPB"	The erstwhile Foreign Investment Promotion Board.
"FVCI"	Foreign venture capital investors, as defined and registered with SEBI under the FVCI Regulations.
"Fugitive Economic Offender"	A fugitive economic offender as defined under the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018.
"FVCI Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Venture Capital Investor) Regulations, 2000.
"GDP"	Gross domestic product.
"GIR Number"	General index registration number.
"GoI" or "Government" or "Central Government"	Government of India.
"GST"	Goods and services tax.
"HUF"	Hindu undivided family.
"IAS Rules"	Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
"ICAI"	The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
"ICSI"	The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
"IFRS"	International Financial Reporting Standards of the International Accounting Standards Board.
"India"	Republic of India.
"Ind AS" or "Indian Accounting Standards"	Indian Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with IAS Rules.
"Ind AS 24"	Indian Accounting Standard 24, "Related Party Disclosures", notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with IAS Rules.
"Ind AS 37"	Indian Accounting Standard 37, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with IAS Rules.
"Indian Penal Code"	Indian Penal Code, 1860.
"IGAAP" or "Indian GAAP"	Accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, as amended) and the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended.
"Insider Trading Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.
"IPC"	The Indian Penal Code, 1860.

Term	Description
"IPR"	Intellectual property rights.
"IRDAI Investment Regulations"	Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (Investment) Regulations, 2016.
"IST"	Indian standard time.
"IT Act"	The Income Tax Act, 1961.
"IT"	Information technology.
"Listing Agreement"	The equity listing agreement to be entered into by our Company with each of the Stock Exchanges.
"Listing Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
"MCA"	Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India.
"Mn" or "mn"	Million.
"N.A."	Not applicable.
"NACH"	National Automated Clearing House.
"NAV"	Net asset value.
"NBFC"	Non-Banking Financial Company.
"NECS"	National electronic clearing service.
"NEFT"	National electronic fund transfer.
"NPCI"	National Payments Corporation of India.
"NRE"	Non-resident external.
"NRE Account"	Non-resident external account established in accordance with the Foreign Exchange Management (Deposit) Regulations, 2016.
"NRI" or "Non-Resident Indian"	Non-Resident Indian as defined under the FEMA Regulations.
"NRO"	Non-resident ordinary.
"NRO Account"	Non-resident ordinary account established in accordance with the Foreign Exchange Management (Deposit) Regulations, 2016.
"NSDL"	National Securities Depository Limited.
"NSE"	National Stock Exchange of India Limited.
"OCB" or "Overseas Corporate Body"	A company, partnership, society or other corporate body owned directly or indirectly to the extent of at least 60% by NRIs including overseas trusts in which not less than 60% of the beneficial interest is irrevocably held by NRIs directly or indirectly and which was in existence on October 3, 2003 and immediately before such date was eligible to undertake transactions pursuant to the general permission granted to OCBs under the FEMA. OCBs are not allowed to invest in the Offer.
"ODI"	Offshore derivative instruments.
"P/E Ratio"	Price/earnings ratio.
"PAN"	Permanent account number allotted under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
"RBI"	Reserve Bank of India.
"Regulation S"	Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act
"RoCE"	Return on Capital employed
"RoE"	Return on Equity
"RONW"	Return on Net Worth.
"Rs." Or "Rupees" or "₹" or "INR"	Indian Rupees.
"RTGS"	Real time gross settlement.
"SCRA"	Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956.
"SCRR"	Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957.
"SEBI"	Securities and Exchange Board of India constituted under the SEBI Act.
"SEBI Act"	Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.
"SEBI ICDR Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018.
"SEBI Master Circular"	SEBI master circular bearing reference number SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/00094 dated June 21, 2023
"SEBI Merchant Bankers Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992.
"SEBI SBEB Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021.
"SICA"	*Erstwhile* Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provisions) Act, 1985.
"STT"	Securities Transaction Tax.
"State Government"	Government of a State of India.
"Takeover Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011.
"Trademark Act"	The Trade Marks Act, 1999.

Term	Description
"U.S.A"/ "U.S."/ "United States"	The United States of America and its territories and possessions, including any state of the United States of America, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, Wake Island and the Northern Mariana Islands and the District of Columbia.
"USD" or "US$"	United States Dollars.
"U.S. GAAP"	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America.
"U.S. Securities Act"	United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
"VAT"	Value added tax.
"VCFs"	Venture capital funds as defined in and registered with the SEBI under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Venture Capital Fund) Regulations, 1996 or the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012, as the case may be.
"WACA"	Weighted Average Cost of Acquisition
"WCDL"	Working Capital Demand Loan

OFFER DOCUMENT SUMMARY

This section is a general summary of the terms of the Offer, certain disclosures included in this Prospectus and are neither exhaustive, nor does it purport to contain a summary of all the disclosures in this Prospectus or all details relevant to prospective investors. This summary should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by, the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this Prospectus, including the sections titled "*Risk Factors*", "*The Offer*", "*Capital Structure*", "*Objects of the Offer*", "*Industry Overview*", "*Our Business*", "*Our Promoters and Promoter Group*", "*Financial Information*", *"Management's Discussions and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations",* "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments*", *"Offer Procedure", "Description of Equity Shares and Terms of Articles of Association" and "Offer Structure", on pages 34, 102, 123, 141, 174, 226, 328, 340, 435, 489, 545, 568 and 538, respectively.*

Primary business of our Company

We are an Indian-owned Indian-made foreign liquor ("**IMFL**") company and as on the date of this Prospectus, our product range includes five main categories of IMFL, i.e., whisky, brandy, rum, vodka and gin. We derive almost all of our revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL) from the sale of our whisky products. The following table sets forth our revenue from contract with customers from sale of our whisky products for the periods indicated:

The following table sets forth certain details in relation to sales volume according to category of IMFL for the fiscals indicated:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Sales volume (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)	Sales volume* (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)	Sales volume* (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)
Whisky	24.60	96.39	27.49	96.79	30.59	94.88
Brandy	0.67	2.63	0.55	1.94	0.91	2.83
Rum	0.20	0.78	0.32	1.13	0.61	1.89
Vodka	0.05	0.20	0.04	0.14	0.13	0.40
Gin*	-	-	-	-	-	-
Volume Sold	**25.52**	**100.00**	**28.40**	**100.00**	**32.24**	**100.00**

** Launched in January 2024, i.e., subsequent to December 31, 2023.*

The following table sets forth certain details in relation to sales volume according to category of IMFL for the periods indicated:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Sales volume (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)	Sales volume* (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)
Whisky	23.26	94.97	23.63	96.10
Brandy	0.67	2.74	0.65	2.64
Rum	0.44	1.80	0.28	1.14
Vodka	0.12	0.49	0.03	0.12
Gin*	-	-	-	-
Volume Sold	24.49	**100.00**	24.59	**100.00**

** Launched in January 2024, i.e., subsequent to December 31, 2023.*

The following table sets forth our revenues from operations relating to our IMFL product categories for the years indicated:

Category	Fiscal		
	2021	2022	2023

	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Whisky	62,245.79	98.82	69,734.30	98.86	67,770.97	97.36
Brandy	413.67	0.66	418.81	0.60	1,026.12	1.48
Rum	223.89	0.36	278.82	0.40	661.04	0.95
Vodka	65.56	0.10	51.89	0.07	128.37	0.18
Others***	40.42	0.06	52.46	0.07	23.41	0.03
Total	**62,989.33**	**100.00**	**70,536.28**	**100.00**	**69,609.91**	**100.00**

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
**** Others primarily include sales made at our retail store in Mumbai, Maharashtra.*

The following table sets forth our revenues from operations relating to our IMFL product categories for the periods indicated:

Category	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Whisky	51,604.12	97.85	55,758.28	96.95
Brandy	589.36	1.12	1,233.42	2.14
Rum	379.03	0.72	430.09	0.75
Vodka	118.98	0.23	43.44	0.08
Others***	41.27	0.08	47.75	0.08
Total	**52,732.76**	**100.00**	**57,512.98**	**100.00**

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
**** Others primarily include sales made at our retail store in Mumbai, Maharashtra.*

The table below provides details of our revenue from contracts with customers and other operating revenue for the years/periods indicated:

Particulars	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2023	For the nine months ended December 31, 2022	For the nine months ended December 31, 2023
Revenue from contracts with customer					
Sale of goods					
Indian made foreign liquor (IMFL)	62,989.33	70,536.28	69,609.91	52,732.76	57,512.98
Extra neutral spirit (ENA)	294.89	413.39	528.40	459.51	810.25
By-products	302.39	749.09	651.65	505.02	567.84
Revenue from contracts with customer (A)	**63,586.61**	**71,698.76**	**70,789.96**	**53,697.29**	**58,891.07**
Other operating revenue					
Royalty	6.02	4.35	4.40	3.41	1.91
Export entitlements	103.98	137.04	118.07	78.20	111.11
Scrap and other sales	91.15	129.05	144.37	111.51	107.35
Other operating revenue (B)	201.15	270.44	266.84	193.12	220.37
Total (A+B)	**63,787.76**	**71,969.20**	**71,056.80**	**53,890.41**	**59,111.44**

Summary of the Industry in which our Company operates

India is primarily a distilled alcohol market with more than 92.0% of recorded pure alcohol consumption in form of distilled spirits. India is one of the fastest growing alcoholic beverage markets in the world growing from a small base of 1.3 litres per capita of recorded consumption of pure alcohol in 2005 to 2.7 litres per capita consumption in 2010 and further to estimated 3.12 litres per capita consumption in 2023. *(Source: Technopak Report)*

Names of the Promoters

Our Promoters are Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, Bina Kishore Chhabria, Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, BKC Enterprises Private Limited, Oriental Radios Private Limited, and Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited. For further details, see "*Our Promoters and Promoter Group*" on page 328.

Offer Size

Offer of Equity Shares[(1)(2)]	53,391,667 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹15,000 million*
of which	
Fresh Issue[(1)]	35,598,074 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹10,000 million*
Offer for Sale[(2)]	17,793,593 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹5,000 million* by the Selling Shareholders
The Offer Comprises:	
Employee Reservation Portion[(3)]	117,647 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹ 30 million*
Net Offer	53,274,020 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹ 14,970 million*

(1) The Offer has been authorized by our Board pursuant to a resolution passed on January 11, 2024, and the Fresh Issue has been authorized by our Shareholders pursuant to a special resolution passed on January 12, 2024.

(2) The Offered Shares offered by the Selling Shareholders in the Offer for Sale were eligible for the offer for sale in terms of Regulation 8 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For further details of authorizations pertaining to the Offer for Sale, see "Other Regulatory and Statutory Disclosures" on page 517.

(3) Our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers, offered a discount of ₹ 26 per Equity Share to the Offer Price to Eligible Employees. For further details, see "Offer Structure" beginning on page 538.

**Subject to finalisation of basis of allotment*

The above table summarises the details of the Offer. For further details of the offer, see "*The Offer*" and "*Offer Structure*" on pages 102 and 538, respectively.

The name of the Selling Shareholders and their proportion in the Offer for Sale is as follows:

S. No.	Name of the Selling Shareholder	Number of Offered Shares	Type	Proportion in OFS size (%)
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	13,345,195 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹3,750 million*	Promoter	75%
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	4,448,398 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹1,250 million*	Promoter	25%

**Subject to finalisation of basis of allotment*

Objects of the Offer

Our Company proposes to utilise the Net Proceeds towards funding the following objects:

(in ₹ million)

Particulars	Amount to be funded from Net Proceeds
Prepayment or scheduled re-payment of a portion of certain outstanding borrowings availed by our Company	7,200.00
General corporate purposes	2,214.70
Total	**9,414.70**

For further details, see "*Objects of the Offer*" on page 141.

Aggregate pre-Offer and post-Offer shareholding of our Promoters, members of our Promoter Group and

Selling Shareholders

The aggregate pre-Offer shareholding of our Promoters, members of our Promoter Group and Selling Shareholders as a percentage of the pre-Offer paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company is set out below:

a) Promoters, members of our Promoter Group and Selling Shareholders

S No.	Name of Shareholder	Pre-Offer		Post-Offer	
		Number of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	Percentage of total pre-Offer paid up Equity Share capital	Number of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	Percentage of total post-Offer paid up Equity Share capital
Promoters					
1.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	1*	Negligible	1*	Negligible
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	176,142,969	72.16	162,797,774	58.20
3.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	24.05	54,265,922	19.40
4.	Oriental Radios Private Limited	9,113,665	3.73	9,113,665	3.26
5.	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	141,094	0.06	141,094	0.05
6.	Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	1,615	Negligible	1,615	Negligible
7.	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	1	Negligible	1	Negligible
Total		**244,113,665**	**100.00**	**226,320,072**	**80.91**
Promoter Group					
N.A.					
Selling Shareholders					
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	176,142,969	72.16	162,797,774	58.20
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	24.05	54,265,922	19.40
Total		**234,857,289**	**96.21**	**217,063,696**	**77.60**

** Jointly held with Bina Kishore Chhabria*

Summary of Selected Financial Information

The following details of our equity share capital, Net Worth, Net Asset Value per Equity Share and Borrowings as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and for the Fiscals ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 and total revenue from operations, profit after tax and earnings per Equity Share (basic and diluted) for the nine month period ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and for the Fiscals 2023, 2022 and 2021 are derived from the Restated Consolidated Financial Information:

(In ₹ million, except per share data)

Particulars	As at and for the nine month period ended December 31, 2023	As at and for the nine month period ended December 31, 2022	Fiscal 2023	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2021
Equity share capital	488.23	488.23	488.23	471.13	471.13
Net Worth[#]	4,092.56	4,070.84	4,060.99	4,040.98	3,817.82
Total Income	59,149.78	53,994.54	71,167.49	72,081.65	63,978.12
Restated Profit for the period/year	42.29	28.81	16.01	14.76	25.08
Restated Profit for the period/year attributable to equity shareholders	42.29	28.81	16.01	14.76	25.08
Earnings per share attributable to equity holders					
- Basic, computed on the basis of profit attributable to equity holders (₹)	0.17	0.12	0.07	0.06	0.10
- Diluted, computed on the basis of profit attributable to equity holders (₹)	0.17	0.12	0.07	0.06	0.10
Net asset value per equity share (₹)	16.76	16.68	16.64	16.55	15.75
Borrowings (Non-Current and Current) (as per balance sheet)	7,981.14	7,920.48	7,808.23	8,469.12	9,547.39

**Not annualised*

[#] Net worth is defined as the aggregate value of the paid-up share capital and all reserves created out of the profits and securities premium account and debit or credit balance of profit and loss account, after deducting the aggregate value of the accumulated losses, deferred expenditure and miscellaneous expenditure not written off, as per the audited balance sheet, but does not include reserves created out of revaluation of assets, write-back of depreciation and amalgamation as on March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, in accordance with Regulation 2(1)(hh) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements)

Regulations, 2018, as amended.

Qualifications of the Auditors which have not been given effect to in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information

There were no auditor qualifications in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information, which require adjustment in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information. For further details, see "*Restated Consolidated Financial Information - Notes to the Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 62"* on page 426.

Summary of Outstanding Litigation

A summary of outstanding litigation proceedings involving our Company, Promoters, Directors, Subsidiaries and Group Companies as on the date of this Prospectus, as disclosed in the section titled "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments*" in terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Materiality Policy is provided below:

Name of entity	Criminal proceedings	Tax proceedings ^@	Statutory or regulatory proceedings	Disciplinary actions by the SEBI or Stock Exchanges against our Promoters	Material civil litigations	Aggregate amount involved (₹ in million)*
Company						
By the Company	39	Nil	Nil	NA	7	685.16
Against the Company	1	72	58		Nil#	1,959.52
Directors						
By our Directors	Nil	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	-
Against the Directors	2	Nil	2		Nil	2.50
Promoters						
By Promoters	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	-
Against Promoters	1	Nil	1		Nil	0.8
Subsidiaries						
By Subsidiaries	15	Nil	Nil	NA	1	54.40
Against Subsidiaries	Nil	21	Nil		Nil	0.52
Group Companies						
Litigations having a material adverse impact on the Company	Nil	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	-

**To the extent quantifiable.*

#There is a commercial miscellaneous petition bearing no. 481 of 2022 filed by Neeraj Khanna Trading as Ganesha Enterprises against our Company for removal and rectification of trademark no. 3577569 for  *from the register of trademarks under sections 47, 57 and 125 of the Trademark Act, which is pending before the Bombay High Court. However, the case is in pre-admission stage and no notice has been served on us by any statutory or regulatory authority or Court.*

*^ Our Company has been in receipt of summons from the Directorate General of GST ("**Authority**") requesting information and documents with respect to certain ongoing enquiry carried out by the Authority. Considering that no demand has been made or show cause notice has been issued by the Authority, the said notice does not form a part of the tax litigation and the amount involved if any in such investigations is not yet quantifiable as of the date of this Prospectus.*

*@ Our Company has received notices under section 153C & 142 (1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, ("**Authority**") (in conjunction with an ongoing investigation against one of our Company's customer). Considering the assessment proceedings are ongoing by the Authority and no demand or order has been passed to date, the said notices does not form a part of the tax litigation and the amount involved if any in such investigations is not yet quantifiable as of the date of this Prospectus.*

For further details of the outstanding litigation proceedings, see "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments*" on page 489.

Risk Factors

Specific attention of the investors is invited to "*Risk Factors*" on page 34.

Summary of Contingent Liabilities of our Company

Details of the contingent liabilities (as per Ind AS 37) of our Company as on December 31, 2023 derived from the Restated Consolidated Financial Information are set forth below:

(₹ in million)

Particulars	As at December 31, 2023
(i) Provident fund matter	Not ascertainable
(ii) Transport pass fees claimed by excise authorities	87.31
(iii) Water Charges claim by MIDC, Aurangabad	19.32
(iv) Additional license fees on account of restructuring of the Group, levied by, the Maharashtra State Excise Department, Aurangabad	3.28
(v) Differential Octroi Duty on Extra Neutral Alcohol / Rectified Spirit by Aurangabad Municipal Corporation	15.80
(vi) Service tax demand notice from The Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax, Aurangabad	-
(vii) Demand notice from the Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax, Aurangabad, towards service tax on reverse charge basis on expenditure incurred in foreign currency on sales promotion, travelling and other expenditure	53.81
(viii) Income tax matters	33.31
(ix) Rajasthan VAT department has demanded sales Tax along with interest and penalty from a contract bottling unit on ENA produced by them to be used as intermediary product for the manufacture of IMFL	10.76
(x) Debit memorandum from its customer - Canteen Stores Department	339.87
(xi) Excise demand relating to excess transit wastages for ENA supplied by Contract Bottling unit	28.60
(xii) Show cause notice from Canteen Stores Department (CSD) on account of differential trade rate relating to the period from October 2014 to December 2020	85.77
(xiii) Demand notice by the Government of Andhra Pradesh	272.50
(xiv) VAT / GST on ENA procured by the Group in Uttar Pradesh	162.90
(xv) A contract bottling unit had been issued notice of demand under the Assam Entry Tax Act by the Government of Assam	13.12
(xvi) The Group was receiving taxable invoices from its CBUs at the rate of 18% on the bottling charges on manufacturing of IMFL for the Group (brand owner). However, based on the notification dated 13 October 2017, no .31/2017 - Central Tax (rate), the Group has asked its bottlers to charge GST on bottling charge at 5%	94.06
(xvii) Group has received summon notice dated 11 August 2020 from the Director General of GST Intelligence, Hyderabad on applicability of GST on Distillery Wet Grain Soluble (DWGS) and Distillery Dry Grain Soluble (DDGS). On 20 June 2022, group has received Show Cause Notice on the subject matter from Directorate General of Goods and Services Tax Intelligence (DGGI), Telangana.	72.62
(xviii) Income Tax matter	1.73
(xix) GST on supply of ENA in the state of Uttar Pradesh and Kerala.	42.08
(xx) Short payment of wages and levy to the Mathadi Workers	25.30
(xxi) Excise demand relating to low strength of ENA	2.71
(xxii) Intimation received under Section 73(5) (Form GST DRC-01A) alleging to pay GST on ENA.	31.15
(xxiii) Group has not acknowledged debts arising out of difference on account of vendor reconciliation.	-
(xxiv) VAT liability on amount of Business Surplus received by the Group from tie-up unit arrangements with third parties.	530.25
Total	**1,926.25**

(1) *Contingent liability relating to determination of provident fund liability, based on a recent Supreme Court judgement, is not determinable at present, due to uncertainty on the period of impact of the judgement in absence of further clarification relating to*

applicability, We will continue to assess any further developments in this matter for their implications on our financial statements, if any, which, based on the number of employees, is not expected to be significant. Further, there is no litigation nor any notices involving us, which is pending as on date with respect to this matter. For details, see "Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 48 – Contingent liabilities and commitments" on page 409 of this Prospectus.

(2) *Our ascertainable contingent liabilities constitute 47.07% of our net worth as of December 31, 2023. If these contingent liabilities materialize, fully or partly, our financial condition may be adversely affected. For further information on the aggregate amount involved in outstanding litigation against our Company, see "Risk factors - Internal Risks – 32. Our Company, Subsidiaries, Directors, and Promoters are or may be involved in certain legal and regulatory proceedings. Any adverse decision in such proceedings may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations." and details on our contingent liabilities, see "Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 48 - Contingent liabilities and commitments" on pages 63 and 409, respectively.*

For further details of the contingent liabilities (as per Ind AS 37) of our Company as at December 31, 2023, see *"Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 48 – Contingent liabilities and commitments"* on page 409.

Summary of Related Party Transactions

Summary of the related party transactions as per Ind AS 24-Related Party Disclosures, read with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, derived from Restated Consolidated Financial Information, is as follows:

(₹ in million, except for share data and, if otherwise stated)

Particulars	Enterprises where key management personnel have significant influence					Key management personnel				
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Royalty income										
Surji Agro Foods Private Limited	-	-	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income										
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.33
Utpal Kumar Ganguli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.23	2.07
Sub-total			**-**	**-**	**-**			**-**	**4.23**	**3.40**
Interest on unsecured loan										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	0.25	-	-	17.39	0.42	-	-	-	-	-
Tracstar Investments Private Limited	-	-	-	-	10.48	-	-	-	-	-
Bina K Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	2.26	6.86	8.37	0.68	-
Sub-total	**0.25**	**-**	**-**	**17.39**	**10.90**	**2.26**	**6.86**	**8.37**	**0.68**	**-**
Rent Expenses										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	-	1.50	-	-	-	-	-
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	0.45	0.45	0.60	0.60	0.60	-	-	-	-	-
Rayonyarns Import Company Private Limited	-	-	-	-	0.12	-	-	-	-	-
Pitambari Properties Private Limited	0.54	0.54	0.72	0.72	0.72	-	-	-	-	-
Lalita Properties Private Limited	0.68	0.68	0.90	0.90	0.90	-	-	-	-	-
Woodpecker Investments Private Limited	0.09	0.09	0.12	0.12	0.12	-	-	-	-	-
Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited	0.67	0.67	0.90	0.90	0.90	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Enterprises where key management personnel have significant influence					Key management personnel				
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Sub-total	**2.43**	**2.43**	**3.24**	**3.24**	**4.86**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Unsecured loan / advances granted										
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	2.25	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83.40
Utpal Kumar Ganguli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.00	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**2.25**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**13.00**	**83.40**
Refund of advance given for purchase of land										
Ashoka Liquors Private Limited	-	-	-	750.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Power Brand Enterprises India Private Limited	-	-	-	360.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1,110.00**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Redemption of Preference shares										
Ashoka Liquors Private Limited	-	-	-	750.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refund of customer advance										
Power Brand Enterprises India Private Limited	-	-	-	7.50	2.28	-	-	-	-	-
Working capital advances given										
Power Brands Enterprises India Private Limited	-	-	-	-	173.08	-	-	-	-	-
Business advance received back										
Power Brand Enterprises India Private Limited	-	-	-	109.76	173.08	-	-	-	-	-
Receipt of Money against Receivables										
Spiritus Private Limited	-	-	-	-	34.00	-	-	-	-	-
Marketing Incorporated Private Limited	-	-	-	-	19.00	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**53.00**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Repayment of rent										
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	-	1.20	1.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pitambari Properties Private Limited	-	1.44	1.44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Enterprises where key management personnel have significant influence					Key management personnel				
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Lalita Properties Private Limited	-	1.80	1.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Woodpecker Investments Private Limited	-	0.24	0.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited	-	1.80	1.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**6.48**	**6.48**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Unsecured borrowing /CCD availed										
Bina K Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	0.39	-	0.10	175.58	10.00
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	-	-	-	-	-	0.22	0.20	0.20	-	-
Neesha Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.00	-
Oriental Radios Private Limited	8.00	-	-	300.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	-	70.00	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**8.00**	**-**	**-**	**300.00**	**70.00**	**0.65**	**0.20**	**0.30**	**180.58**	**10.00**
Repayment of unsecured borrowing and interest thereon										
Bina K Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	2.26	157.54	159.04	-	130.00
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.00	-
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	0.04	0.04	317.39	5.00	-	-	-	-	-
Tracstar Investments Private Limited	0.33	0.28	0.28	1.20	125.00	-	-	-	-	-
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	-	132.94	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**0.33**	**0.32**	**0.32**	**318.59**	**262.94**	**2.26**	**157.54**	**159.04**	**5.00**	**130.00**
Repayment of Unsecured loan / advances granted										
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56.73	29.00
Utpal Kumar Ganguli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.74	2.70
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**61.47**	**31.70**
Receipt and Refund of advance towards Debentures										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	1,00 0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liability component of compound financial instrument issued										

Particulars	Enterprises where key management personnel have significant influence					Key management personnel				
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	72.77	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest of liability component of compound financial instrument issued										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	0.55	0.55	4.13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repayment of liability component of compound financial instrument issued and interest thereon										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	19.70	19.70	57.75	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity component of compound financial instrument issued										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	952.82	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of equity shares on conversion of CCD										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	952.82	952.82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of rent expenses										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	1.50	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rayonyarns Import Company Private Limited	-	-	-	0.12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1.62**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures (CCD)										
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	-	-	-	210.00	13.00	-	-	-	-	-
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	-	-	-	31.00	208.04	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**241.00**	**221.04**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Royalty expenses										
Iconiq Brands India Private Limited	1.41	0.11	0.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repayment of royalty expenses										
Iconiq Brands India Private Limited	0.29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal and professional fees										
Surji Consultant India Private Limited.	-	-	-	20.00	10.00	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Enterprises where key management personnel have significant influence					Key management personnel				
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
M Mulla Associates	17.03	14.46	19.26	3.20	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**17.03**	**14.46**	**19.26**	**23.20**	**10.00**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Repayment of Legal and professional fees										
M. Mulla Associates	13.02	11.56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Managerial remuneration/Short term employee benefits *										
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	106.71	320.16	432.30	430.08	447.33
Shekhar Ramamurthy	-	-	-	-	-	51.53	75.00	100.00	75.00	-
Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy	-	-	-	-	-	16.11	17.13	22.88	22.66	22.64
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	-	-	-	-	-	27.72	27.72	36.96	36.96	37.43
Neesha Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	1.48	4.46	5.95	5.73	5.27
Arun Barik	-	-	-	-	-	13.46	13.52	18.13	-	-
Nicholas Blazquez	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.94	74.49
Deepak Roy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71.07	4.52
Utpal Kumar Ganguli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28.70	25.49
Alok Gupta	-	-	-	-	-	43.06	-	-	-	-
Chirag Pittie	-	-	-	-	-	42.08	45.00	60.00	39.60	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**302.15**	**502.99**	**676.22**	**736.74**	**617.17**
Independent Directors' sitting fees										
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-
Bina K Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	0.05	-	-	-	-
Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan	-	-	-	-	-	0.50	0.41	0.45	-	-
Maneck Navel Mulla	-	-	-	-	-	0.55	0.30	0.35	-	-
Mehli Maneck Golvala	-	-	-	-	-	0.10	-	-	-	-
Paul Henry Skipworth	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	0.30	0.30	-	-
Rukhshana Jina Mistry	-	-	-	-	-	0.60	0.41	0.35	-	-
Nasser Mukhtar Munjee	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.18	0.15	-	-
Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	0.12	0.15	-	-
Vivek Anilchand Sett	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	0.24	0.25	-	-
Narayanan Sadanandan	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	0.06	0.10	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**3.35**	**2.02**	**2.10**	**-**	**-**

Notes:

1. *Excludes compensated absences and gratuity benefots provided on the basis of actuarial valuation on an overall Group basis.*
2. *All expenses are excluding goods and service tax*
3. *Excludes the eliminated transactions upon consolidation*

Loans / advances given by the Company to related parties:

(₹ in million)

Particulars	Relationship	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private limited	Subsidiary	1.55	0.82	1.11	2.36	1.70
Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited	Subsidiary	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.06
Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	0.06	4.20	4.28	-	-
Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	0.18	0.65	2.93	0.55	5.58
Kishore Chhabria	Key Management Personnel	-	-	-	-	83.40
Utpal Kumar Ganguli	Key Management Personnel	-	-	-	13.00	-
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	Enterprises where key management personnel have significant influence	-	-	-	2.25	-

Unsecured loans / advances availed from Promoters

(₹ in million)

Particulars	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Bina K Chhabria	0.39	-	0.10	175.58	10.00
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	0.22	0.20	0.20	-	-
Neesha Chhabria	0.04	-	-	-	-
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	5.00	-
Oriental Radios Private Limited	8.00	-	-	300.00	-

Financing Arrangements

There have been no financing arrangements whereby our Promoters, members of the Promoter Group, our Directors, Directors of our Corporate Promoters, and their relatives have financed the purchase of any securities of our Company, by any other person during a period of six months immediately preceding the date of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus.

Weighted average price at which the specified securities were acquired by our Promoters and the Selling Shareholders in the one year preceding the date of this Prospectus

The weighted average price at which the Equity Shares have been acquired by our Promoters and the Selling Shareholders, in the one year preceding the date of this Prospectus is provided below.

S. No.	Name of the Shareholder	Number of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each acquired in the one year preceding the date of this Prospectus	Weighted average price per Equity Share acquired in the one year preceding the date of this Prospectus (in ₹)*
Promoters			
1.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	1^	Nil
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	48,714,319	Nil
3.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	Nil	Nil

S. No.	Name of the Shareholder	Number of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each acquired in the one year preceding the date of this Prospectus	Weighted average price per Equity Share acquired in the one year preceding the date of this Prospectus (in ₹)*
4.	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	Nil	Nil
5.	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	Nil	Nil
6.	Oriental Radios Private Limited	Nil	Nil
7.	Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	Nil	Nil
Selling Shareholders			
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	48,714,319	Nil
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	Nil	Nil

** As certified by S D T & Co, Chartered Accountants, by way of their certificate dated June 27, 2024.*

^Jointly held with Bina Kishore Chhabria

Note: Weighted Average Cost of Acquisition – Aggregate of Total cost / Total number of equity shares for the respective period

Weighted average cost of acquisition of all shares transacted in the (i) last one year, (ii) last 18 months and (iii) last three years, preceding the date of this Prospectus

Period	Weighted average cost of acquisition (in ₹)*	Cap Price is 'X' times the Weighted Average Cost of Acquisition#	Range of acquisition price: lowest price – highest price (in ₹)
Last one year preceding the date of this Prospectus	NIL	NA	NIL
Last 18 months preceding the date of this Prospectus	NIL	NA	NIL
Last three years preceding the date of this Prospectus	14.87	18.90	Lowest – NIL Highest – 750.00^

** As certified by S D T & Co, Chartered Accountants, by way of their certificate dated June 27, 2024.*

#To be updated once the price band information is available

^ Only one Equity Share of face value of ₹ 2 each was transacted at this price.

Note:

Weighted Average Cost of Acquisition=Aggregate of Total cost /Total number of equity shares for the respective period.

Details of pre-IPO Placement

Our Company is not contemplating any pre-IPO placement.

Average cost of acquisition for our Promoters and Selling Shareholders

S. No	Name of the Promoter(s)	Number of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each Held	Average cost of acquisition per Equity Share (in ₹)*
1.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	1^	Nil
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	176,142,969	0.03
3.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	0.05
4.	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	141,094	2.02
5.	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	1	750.00
6.	Oriental Radios Private Limited	9,113,665	109.74
7.	Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	1,615	2.00

** As certified by S D T & Co, Chartered Accountants, by way of their certificate dated June 27, 2024.*

^Jointly held with Bina Kishore Chhabria

S. No.	Name of the Selling Shareholders	Number of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each Held	Average cost of acquisition per share (in ₹)*
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	176,142,969	0.03
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	0.05

** As certified by S D T & Co, Chartered Accountants, by way of their certificate dated June 27, 2024.*

Price at which Equity Shares were acquired in the three years preceding the filing of this Prospectus, by each of the Promoters, members of the Promoter group, Selling Shareholders, and Shareholders with the right to nominate Directors or any other rights

S.No	Name of the Acquirer	Date of Acquisition of Equity Shares	Number of Shares Acquired	Acquisition Price per Equity Share (in ₹)*
Promoters				
1.	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	June 3, 2022	1[&]	750.00
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	June 13, 2022	10,000,000	Nil[#]
3.	Oriental Radios Private Limited	June 20, 2022	8,547,000	117.00[^]
4.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	March 7, 2024	48,714,319	Nil[##]
5.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	March 7, 2024	1	Nil[###]
Promoter Group				
N.A.				
Selling Shareholders				
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	June 13, 2022	10,000,000	Nil[#]
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	March 7, 2024	48,714,319	Nil[##]
Shareholders with the right to nominate Directors or any other rights				
N.A.**				

** As certified by S D T & Co, Chartered Accountants, by way of their certificate dated June 27, 2024.*

 # Bina Kishore Chhabria had acquired the 10,000,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each pursuant to a gift from Neesha Kishore Chhabria on June 13, 2022, and no consideration was paid.

Bina Kishore Chhabria had acquired the 48,714,319 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each pursuant to a gift from Neesha Kishore Chhabria on March 7, 2024, and no consideration was paid.

Kishore Rajaram Chhabria (jointly with Bina Kishore Chhabria) had acquired the 1 Equity Share of face value of ₹ 2 each pursuant to a gift from Neesha Kishore Chhabria on March 7, 2024, and no consideration was paid.

^Our Board pursuant to its resolution dated June 20, 2022, approved the conversion of 8,547,000 CCDs of face value of ₹117 each, into 8,547,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each of our Company at a premium of ₹115 per Equity Share. Since, it is a conversion into Equity Shares, no consideration was paid.

& BKC Enterprises Private Limited had acquired 1 share at ₹ 750 on June 3, 2022 from Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, which are the Promoters of our Company, to achieve the minimum number of shareholders required for conversion from a private company to a public company.

***Except our Promoters and Selling Shareholders, no other individual, or entities, hold any right to nominate Directors or any other rights. However, these rights automatically terminate and cease to have any effect from the date of listing of Equity Shares of our Company pursuant to the Offer. For further details, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" and "Description of Equity Shares and Terms of Articles of Association" on pages 280 and 568, respectively.*

Issue of Equity Shares for consideration other than cash in the last one year

Except as disclosed in the section, "*Capital Structure"* on page 123, our Company has not issued any Equity Shares in the one year immediately preceding the date of this Prospectus, for consideration other than cash.

Split / Consolidation of Equity Shares in the last one year

There has been no split or consolidation of the Equity Shares of our Company in the last one year.

Exemption from complying with any provisions of securities laws granted by SEBI

Our Company has not made any application for, and has not received any exemption from complying with any provisions of securities laws, from SEBI.

CERTAIN CONVENTIONS, CURRENCY OF PRESENTATION, USE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND MARKET DATA

Certain Conventions

All references to "India" in this Prospectus are to the Republic of India and its territories and possession and all references herein to the "Government", "Indian Government", "GoI", "Central Government" or the "State Government" are to the Government of India, central or state, as applicable.

All references to the "U.S.", "USA" or "United States" are to the United States of America and its territories and possessions.

Unless stated otherwise, all references to page numbers in this Prospectus are to the page numbers of this Prospectus.

Financial Data

Unless stated otherwise or the context requires otherwise, the financial information and financial ratios in this Prospectus have been derived from the Restated Consolidated Financial Information.

"The restated consolidated financial information of our Company as at and for the nine months ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and as at and for the years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, comprising the restated consolidated statement of assets and liabilities (balance sheet) as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 ,the restated consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the restated consolidated statement of changes in equity, the restated consolidated cash flow statement for the nine months period ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and for the years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 together with the consolidated summary statement of material accounting policies, and other explanatory information thereon, has been derived from special purpose interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the nine month period ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 together with the annexures and notes thereto prepared in accordance with Ind AS, and together with the annexures and notes thereto, and restated in accordance with requirements of Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Companies Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note on "Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2019)" issued by the ICAI. The special purpose interim consolidated financial statements as at and for nine months period ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 were audited by Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants., as approved by our Board of our Company at their meeting held on May 14, 2024 for the purpose of inclusion in this Prospectus.

The special purpose interim consolidated financial statements as at and for nine month period ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 were audited by Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants.

For further information on our Company's financial information, see "*Financial Information*" and "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" on pages 340 and 435.

Our Company's financial year commences on April 1 and ends on March 31 of the next year. Accordingly, all references to a particular financial year, unless stated otherwise, are to the 12 month period ended on March 31 of that calendar year. Reference in this Prospectus to the terms Fiscal or Fiscal Year or Financial Year is to the 12 months ended on March 31 of such year, unless otherwise specified.

The degree to which the financial information included in this Prospectus will provide meaningful information is entirely dependent on the reader's level of familiarity with Indian accounting policies and practices, Ind AS, the Companies Act and SEBI ICDR Regulations. Any reliance by persons not familiar with the aforementioned policies and laws on the financial disclosures presented in this Prospectus should be limited. There are significant differences between Ind AS, Indian GAAP, U.S. GAAP and IFRS. Our Company does not provide a reconciliation of its financial statements with Indian GAAP, IFRS or U.S. GAAP requirements. Our Company has not attempted to explain those differences or quantify their impact on the financial data included in this Prospectus and it is urged that you consult your own advisors regarding such differences and their impact on our financial data. For further details in connection with risks involving differences between Ind AS and other accounting principles, see "*Risk Factors – External Risk Factors – 92. Significant differences exist between Ind AS and other accounting principles,*

such as U.S. GAAP and IFRS, which investors may be more familiar with and may consider material to their assessment of our financial condition." on page 99.

Further, any figures sourced from third-party industry sources may be rounded off to other than two decimal points to conform to their respective sources.

Unless the context otherwise requires or indicates, any percentage or amounts (excluding certain operational metrics), with respect to financial information of our Company, as set forth in "*Risk Factors*", "*Our Business*", "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" on pages 34, 226 and 435, respectively, and elsewhere in this Prospectus have been calculated on the basis of figures derived from the Restated Consolidated Financial Information.

In this Prospectus, any discrepancies in any table between the total and the sums of the amounts listed are due to rounding off. Except as otherwise stated, all figures derived from our Restated Consolidated Financial Information in decimals have been rounded off to the second decimal and all the percentage figures have been rounded off to two decimal places.

Non-GAAP Measures

Certain non-GAAP financial measures relating to our financial performance such as EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Net Worth, Return on Net Worth, Net asset value, Net asset value per equity share, Return on Equity, Return on Capital Employed, Net Tangible assets, Operating profit, Monetary assets and Monetary assets as a percentage of the Net tangible assets have been included in this Prospectus. We compute and disclose such non-GAAP financial measures relating to our financial performance as we consider such information to be useful measures of our business and financial performance. These non-GAAP financial measures and other information relating to financial performance may not be computed on the basis of any standard methodology that is applicable across the industry and therefore may not be comparable to financial measures of similar nomenclature that may be computed and presented by other companies and are not measures of operating performance or liquidity defined by Ind AS and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. See "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 77. We have in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus included certain non-GAAP financial measures and certain other industry measures related to our operations and financial performance. These non-GAAP measures and industry measures may vary from any standard methodology that is applicable across the Indian alcohol and spirits industry, and therefore may not be comparable with financial or industry related statistical information of similar nomenclature computed and presented by other companies*." on page 93.

Currency and Units of Presentation

All references to:

1. "Rupees" or "INR" or "Rs." or "₹" are to the Indian Rupee, the official currency of Republic of India;

2. "USD" or "US$" or "$" or "U.S. Dollar" are to the United States Dollar, the official currency of the United States of America; and

Except otherwise specified, our Company has presented certain numerical information in this Prospectus in "lakh", "million", "crore" "billion" and "trillion" units. One million represents 1,000,000, one billion represents 1,000,000,000 and one trillion represents 1,000,000,000,000. One lakh represents 100,000 and one crore represents 10,000,000.

Figures sourced from third-party industry sources may be expressed in denominations other than million or may be rounded off to other than two decimal points in the respective sources, and such figures have been expressed in this Prospectus in such denominations or rounded-off to such number of decimal points as provided in such respective sources.

Time

All references to time in this Prospectus are to Indian Standard Time. Unless indicated otherwise, all references to a year in this Prospectus are to a calendar year.

Exchange Rates

This Prospectus contains conversions of certain other currency amounts into Indian Rupees that have been presented solely to comply with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. These conversions should not be construed as a representation that these currency amounts could have been, or can be converted into Indian Rupees, at any particular rate or at all.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, information with respect to the exchange rate between the Indian Rupee and other foreign currencies:

(in ₹)

Currency	As of December 31, 2023	As of December 31, 2022	As on March 31, 2023	As on March 31, 2022	As on March 31, 2021
1 USD	83.12	82.79	82.22	75.81	73.50

(Source: www.fbil.org.in)

Industry and Market Data

Unless stated otherwise, industry and market data used in this Prospectus, including in "*Industry Overview*" and "*Our Business*" on pages 174 and 226, respectively, has been obtained or derived from the report titled *"Indian Alco-Beverage Market*" dated May 31, 2024 prepared by Technopak ("**Technopak Report**") and publicly available information as well as other industry publications and sources. The Technopak Report has been commissioned and paid for by our Company. For further details in relation to risks involving in this regard, see "*Risk Factors – Other Risks – 60. Industry information included in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus has been derived from an industry report prepared by Technopak Advisors Private Limited exclusively commissioned and paid for by us for such purpose."* on page 87.

Disclaimer by Technopak

- *Only leading players are profiled and benchmarked for the purpose of the report and does not necessarily cover all types of players.*

- *The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to address the facts and figures of any particular individual or entity. The content provided here treats the subjects covered here in condensed form. It is intended to provide a general guide to the subject matter and should not be relied on as a basis for business decisions. No one should act upon such information without taking appropriate additional professional advice and/or thorough examination of the particular situation. Technopak and its directors , employees, agents and consultants shall have no liability (including liability to any person by reason of negligence or negligent misstatement) for any statements, opinions, information or matters (expressed or implied) arising out of, contained in or derived from, or of any omissions from the information package and any liability whatsoever for any direct, indirect, consequential or other loss arising from any use of this information package and/or further communication in relation to this information package.*

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Prospectus contains certain statements which are not statements of historical facts and may be described as "forward-looking statements". These forward-looking statements generally can be identified by words or phrases such as "aim", "anticipate", "are likely", "believe", "continue", "can", "shall", "could", "expect", "estimate", "intend", "may", "likely" "objective", "plan", "project", "propose", "seek to", "will", "will continue", "will likely", "will pursue" or other words or phrases of similar import. Similarly, statements that describe our Company's strategies, objectives, plans or goals are also forward-looking statements. All statements regarding our expected financial conditions, results of operations, business plans and prospects are forward-looking statements. However, these are not the exclusive means of identifying forward looking statements.

All forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, expectations and assumptions about us that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the relevant forward-looking statement.

Actual results may differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements due to risks or uncertainties associated with our expectations with respect to, but not limited to, regulatory changes pertaining to the industry in which our Company operates and our ability to respond to them, our ability to successfully implement our strategy, our growth and expansion, technological changes, our exposure to market risks, general economic and political conditions in India and globally which have an impact on our business activities, investments, or the industry in which we operate, the monetary and fiscal policies of India, inflation, deflation, unanticipated turbulence in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices or other rates or prices, the performance of the financial markets in India and globally, changes in domestic laws, regulations, taxes, changes in competition in the industry in which we operate and incidents of any natural calamities and/or acts of violence. Certain important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our Company's expectations include, but are not limited to, the following:

- We may be unable to increase the selling price of our products which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

- We have experienced volatile fluctuations in our profit after tax for the year/period and PAT Margin in the past. There is no guarantee that these will improve in the future and our Company will be able to generate higher returns.

- Increasing competition in the IMFL industry may create certain pressures that may adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

- Any past or current actions taken by the Central Consumer Protection Authority or any other statutory or regulatory bodies, may impact our operations and financials of our Company.

- Any slowdown or interruption to our production operations or under-utilization of our existing or future distillery and bottling facilities may have an adverse impact on our business and financial performance.

For further discussion of factors that could cause the actual results to differ from our estimates and expectations, see "*Risk Factors*", "*Our Business*" and "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" on pages 34, 226 and 435, respectively. By their nature, certain market risk disclosures are only estimates and could be materially different from what actually occurs in the future. As a result, actual gains or losses could materially differ from those that have been estimated.

We cannot assure investors that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements will prove to be correct. Given these uncertainties, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements and not to regard such statements as a guarantee of our future performance.

Forward-looking statements reflect the current views of our Company as of the date of this Prospectus and are not a guarantee of future performance. These statements are based on our management's beliefs, assumptions, current plans, estimates and expectations, which in turn are based on currently available information. Although we believe the assumptions upon which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of these assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and the forward-looking statements based on these assumptions could be incorrect.

Neither our Company, our Directors, our Promoters, the BRLMs, the Selling Shareholders, the Syndicate Members nor any of their respective affiliates or advisors have any obligation to update or otherwise revise any statements

reflecting circumstances arising after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of underlying events, even if the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition. In accordance with the SEBI requirements, our Company will ensure that investors in India are informed of material developments pertaining to our Company and the Equity Shares forming part of the Offer from the date of the Red Herring Prospectus until the time of the grant of listing and trading permission by the Stock Exchanges. In accordance with the SEBI requirements, each of the Selling Shareholders, severally and not jointly, shall ensure (through our Company) that the investors are informed of material developments in relation to statements and undertakings specifically confirmed or undertaken by the respective Selling Shareholders in relation to it and its respective portion of the Offered Shares from the date of the Red Herring Prospectus, until the time of the grant of listing and trading permission by the Stock Exchanges for this Offer.

SECTION II – RISK FACTORS

An investment in equity shares involves a high degree of risk. Potential investors should carefully consider all the information in this Prospectus, including the risks and uncertainties described below, before making an investment in the Equity Shares. The risks described below are not the only ones relevant to us or our Equity Shares, or the industry in which we operate. Additional risks and uncertainties, not currently known to us or that we currently do not deem material may also adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. If any of the following risks, or other risks that are not currently known or are not currently deemed material, actually occur, our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition could be adversely affected, the price of our Equity Shares could decline, and investors may lose all or part of their investment. In order to obtain a complete understanding of our Company and our business, prospective investors should read this section in conjunction with "Industry Overview", "Our Business", "Financial Information" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and on pages 174, 226, 340 and 435, respectively, as well as the other financial and statistical information contained in this Prospectus. In making an investment decision, prospective investors must rely on their own examination of us and our business and the terms of the Offer including the merits and risks involved.

Prospective investors should consult their tax, financial and legal advisors about the particular consequences of investing in the Offer. Unless specified or quantified in the relevant risk factors below, we are unable to quantify the financial or other impact of any of the risks described in this section. Prospective investors should pay particular attention to the fact that our Company is incorporated under the laws of India and is subject to a legal and regulatory environment, which may differ in certain respects from that of other countries.

This Prospectus also contains certain forward-looking statements that involve risks, assumptions, estimates and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ from those anticipated in these forward looking statements as a result of certain factors, including the considerations described below and elsewhere in this Prospectus. For further information, see "Forward Looking Statements" on page 32. Unless otherwise indicated, the financial information included herein is based on our Restated Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Prospectus. For further information, see "Financial Information" on page 340. Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, in this section, references to "the Company" or "our Company" are to Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited on a standalone basis, and references to "the Group", "we", "us", "our", are to Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited on a consolidated basis.

*Unless otherwise indicated, industry and market data used in this section has been derived from industry publications, in particular, the report titled "Industry Report On Indian Alco-Beverage Market" dated May 31, 2024 (the "**Technopak Report**") prepared and issued by Technopak Advisors Private Limited appointed pursuant to an engagement letter October 11, 2023, and exclusively commissioned and paid for by us to understand the industry in which we operate in connection with the Offer. The data included herein includes excerpts from the Technopak Report available on the website of the Company at https://www.abdindia.com/investor-relations/investor-information/reports/ and may have been re-ordered by us for the purposes of presentation. There are no parts, data or information (which may be relevant for the proposed issue), that has been left out or changed in any manner. The relevant industry sources are indicated at all relevant places within this section. Unless otherwise indicated, financial, operational, industry and other related information derived from the Technopak Report and included herein with respect to any particular year refers to such information for the relevant calendar year. Also see, "Certain Conventions, Currency of Presentation, Use of Financial Information and Market Data – Industry and Market Data" on page 29.*

Internal Risks

Summary of Risk Factors

The table below provides summary of the risk factors:

Category of Risk Factors	Summary of Risk Factors	Risk Factor Numbers
Internal Risk Factors		
Risks relation to our business	Risk in business, operations and industry pertain to potential risks originating within our Company.	Risk Factor 1 to Risk Factor 44
Risks relating to our financial position	Financial risks which may impact our financial condition.	Risk Factor 45 to Risk Factor 47
Risks relating to Objects of the Offer	Risks related to objects of the Offer	Risk Factor 48 to Risk Factor 49
Legal and Regulatory risks	Risks associated with legal and regulatory factors which includes compliance issues, litigations in which we are involved, and failure to protect intellectual property, amongst others.	Risk Factor 50 to Risk Factor 59
Other risks	Other risks that may impact our business and operations.	Risk Factor 60 to Risk Factor 79
External risk factors	External risk factors which are outside our control which may impact our business and operations.	Risk Factor 79 to Risk Factor 96

Risks relating to our Business

1. ***We are substantially dependent on the sales of our whisky products which generated 97.58%, 96.90%, and 95.38% our revenue from operations in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and 95.76% and 94.33%, respectively, of our revenue from operations for the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023. Any reduction in sales of these products could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.***

Our revenue and profitability remain substantially dependent on the sales of our whisky products. As of the date of this Prospectus, our product portfolio comprised 17 major brands of Indian-made foreign liquor ("**IMFL**") across whisky, brandy, rum, vodka and gin.

The table below provides details of the sale of our top three IMFL products in the years indicated therein:

Category	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Whisky	62,245.79	97.58	69,734.30	96.90	67,770.97	95.38
Brandy	413.67	0.65	418.81	0.58	1,026.12	1.44
Rum	223.89	0.35	278.82	0.39	661.04	0.93

The table below provides details of the sale of our top three IMFL products in the periods indicated therein:

Category	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Whisky	51,604.12	95.76	55,758.28	94.33
Brandy	589.36	1.09	1,233.42	2.09
Rum	379.03	0.70	430.09	0.73

Our ability to further grow our business will depend on various factors, many of which are beyond our control. These factors include, but are not limited to: customer loyalty to our existing and future whisky products; evolving consumer preferences and our ability to adapt our business and operations; recruiting and training qualified personnel; further strengthening our brands in new markets; competition in our markets; availability of financing at suitable terms and conditions; and sourcing and managing the cost of our expansion and identifying suitable supply and delivery resources. Our Board pursuant to resolutions dated August 24, 2022 and May 25, 2023, has approved establishing new malt plant in the state of Telangana and distilleries in various states in India. Further, since launching new products is a continuous process which our management evaluates on a regular basis for which no Board approval is sought or required under applicable laws. Our new whisky or other products, when launched, may not meet the desired success, and there can be no assurance that these products will gain market

acceptance or meet the particular tastes or requirements of consumers. Further, we are currently evaluating various proposals to further grow our presence in various markets.

India is the largest whisky market in the world with almost one out of every second bottle of whisky sold in India. *(Source: Technopak Report)* Sale of whisky in India in Fiscal 2023 accounted for 64% of IMFL sales by volume and 68% by value. *(Source: Technopak Report)* In addition, the popular segment also known as mass premium segment, i.e., products sold in the price range of up to ₹ 450 (price according to Karnataka State Beverages Corporation for 750ml pack) constituted approximately 37% of the total IMFL market by volume in India in Fiscal 2022. *(Source: Technopak Report)*

Accordingly, any factor adversely affecting the sale of our whisky, individually or collectively, would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. For example, as a result of COVID-19, we have experienced a decline in sales volumes and revenue of our IMFL products, which adversely affected revenue from operations during Fiscal 2021. Further, on account of route-to-market changes, i.e., the distribution channel by which our products are sold and made available to consumers, in the state of Andhra Pradesh in October 2019, we witnessed a decline in the sale of whisky products in Fiscal 2020 on account of retail distribution which was operated by private players being taken over by the Andhra Pradesh State Beverage Corporation, and therefore the distribution channel changed from a 'part corporation' model to a 'full corporation' model. This change coupled with the impact of COVID-19 pandemic in Fiscal 2021 led to a decline in the number of cases of whisky products sold to 24.60 million cases in Fiscal 2021.

In addition, production and sales of our whisky products could be rendered uneconomical by regulatory or competitive changes and may also be adversely affected by other factors, including increases in excise and other taxes, inability to procure raw material supply, interruptions in production or distribution, marketing or pricing strategies of one or more of our Company's competitors, changes in consumer preferences or other factors.

2. We have experienced volatile fluctuations in our profit after tax for the year/period and PAT Margin in the past. There is no guarantee that these will improve in the future and our Company will be able to generate higher returns.

We have experienced volatile fluctuations in our restated profit after tax for the year/period and PAT Margin in the past.

For instance, our PAT Margin decreased from 0.11% in Fiscal 2021 to 0.05% in Fiscal 2022 and remained consistent at 0.05% in Fiscal 2023. Our PAT Margin increased marginally from 0.12% in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to 0.17% in the nine months ended December 31, 2023. Our restated profit after tax for the year/period reduced from ₹ 25.08 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 14.76 million in Fiscal 2022 which subsequently increased to ₹ 16.01 million in Fiscal 2023. Our restated profit after tax for the nine months ended December 31, 2023 increased to ₹ 42.29 million compared to ₹ 28.81 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022.

The decrease in our restated profit after tax for the year/period and PAT Margin in Fiscal 2021 was primarily attributable to the COVID-19 pandemic and locally imposed government lock-downs thereby contributing to a significant decrease in the volume of products sold, while in Fiscal 2022, we experienced an increase in our total expenses without substantial increase in our revenue from operations. Our restated profit after tax for the year/period in Fiscal 2023 primarily increased on account of a decrease in finance costs and depreciation and amortization expense. For further details, see "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Position and Results of Operations*" on page 435.

The following table sets forth details of certain financial parameters as of and for the periods indicated:

Particulars	As of and for the Years ended March 31,			As of and for the nine months ended December 31, 2022	As of and for the nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million, except percentages)				
Revenue from Operations	63,787.76	71,969.20	71,056.80	53,890.41	59,111.44
Restated Profit after tax for the year/period	25.08	14.76	16.01	28.81	42.29
Gross Margin[(1)] (%)	39.49%	39.36%	37.26%	37.43%	36.34%
EBITDA[(2)]	2,129.96	2,075.51	1,960.61	1,458.09	1,862.01
EBITDA Margin[(3)]	9.07%	7.73%	6.23%	6.14%	7.27%

Particulars	As of and for the Years ended March 31,			As of and for the nine months ended December 31, 2022	As of and for the nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million, except percentages)				
PAT Margin[4]	0.11%	0.05%	0.05%	0.12%	0.17%
ROE[5]	0.66%	0.37%	0.39%	0.71%*	1.03%*
ROCE[6]	26.45%	25.13%	25.87%	18.80%*	24.35%*
Net Debt / Equity[7]	2.39	2.05	1.85	1.89	1.88

** not annualized.*

Notes:

1. *Gross Margin is calculated as gross profit divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty).*
2. *EBITDA is calculated as profit before finance costs, depreciation/amortisation, share in profit of investment accounted for using equity method, exceptional items and tax.*
3. *EBITDA Margin is calculated as EBITDA divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty).*
4. *PAT Margin is calculated as restated profit for the year/period divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty).*
5. *ROE is calculated as restated profit after tax for the year/period divided by total equity.*
6. *ROCE is calculated as EBITDA less depreciation and amortization divided by capital employed (total equity plus non-current borrowings).*
7. *Net Debt/Equity is calculated as non-current borrowings plus current borrowings less cash and cash equivalents divided by total equity*

For further details on reconciliation, see "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Non-GAAP Measures*" on page 446.

In addition, the table below provides the comparison of profit after tax and return on equity of our Company compared to our peers in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2024:

Profit After Tax Margin (value in crores and %)

Company Name	Fiscal 2021		Fiscal 2022		Fiscal 2023	
	Profit After Tax	Margin	Profit After Tax	Margin	Profit After Tax	Margin
United Spirits	362	4.5%	811	8.3%	1,126	10.6%
Pernod Ricard India	1,070	13.3%	1,459	14.8%	1,343	11.3%
Radico Khaitan	264	11.0%	249	8.7%	204	6.5%
Jagatjit Industries	2	0.5%	1	0.2%	7	1.3%
John Distilleries	44	5.2%	28	2.8%	(9)	(0.8)%
Our Company	3	0.1%	1	0.1%	2	0.1%
Tilaknagar Industries	(38)	(7.0)%	45	5.8%	72	6.2%
Globus Industries	144	11.7%	187	11.9%	122	5.8%

Source: Technopak Report

Return on equity:

Company Name	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2023
United Spirits	8.9%	16.6%	18.8%
Pernod Ricard India	32.5%	40.0%	30.9%
Radico Khaitan	14.7%	12.3%	9.3%
Jagatjit Industries	4.2%	1.5%	10.3%
John Distilleries	17.0%	9.8%	(3.2)%
Our Company	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%
Tilaknagar Industries	68.9%	33.8%	14.9%
Globus Industries	24.4%	24.2%	13.8%

Source: Technopak Report

The following table provides our debt-to-equity ratio and interest coverage ratio as of December 31, 2023:

Particular	Details
Debt-to-Equity Ratio*	1.95 times
Interest Coverage Ratio**	1.06 times

** Debt to Equity Ratio is calculated as total debt divided by total shareholder's equity.*

*** Interest Coverage Ratio is a calculated as earnings before interest and taxes divided by finance cost.*

We may continue to experience volatile fluctuations in our operations going forward which may lead to inconsistent financial parameters, and our historical margins and ratios should not be relied on as indicators of our

performance for any future periods. Furthermore, such fluctuations in our business may severely impact our revenues and profitability in the future, and the value of our Equity Shares could be adversely affected.

3. We are significantly dependent on the sale of our whisky products under the Officer's Choice brand which constituted 83.76%, 82.29%,75.85%, 76.78% and 73.02% of our total sales volume in Fiscal, 2021, 2022 and 2023 and nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023. An inability to maintain or enhance the popularity of our Officer's Choice brand may adversely impact our business prospects and financial performance.

The reputation and consumer goodwill associated with our brands and in particular our Officer's Choice brand is critical to the success of our operations. Officer's Choice is our flagship brand, launched in 1988. Under our *Officer's Choice* franchise, we have a presence in five different segments within the industry: *Officer's Choice Blue*, a deluxe segment whisky, *Officer's Choice Whisky* and *Officer's Choice Star*, both mass premium segment whiskies, *Officer's Choice Brandy*, a mass premium segment brandy, and *Officer's Choice Rum*, a mass premium segment rum. We currently manufacture and sell products under our own brands. Our ability to develop the brands and retain consumer goodwill are dependent on public perception and recognition of product quality, variety of products, market penetration, accessibility of our products, and our marketing and business promotional initiatives. Any negative publicity or perception of consumers relating to the quality of our products, publication of studies that indicate a significant health risk from consumption of alcohol beverages, range of our product portfolio, pricing strategy etc may adversely impact public perception of our brands. Allegations of low-quality products or misbranding, even when false or unfounded, could tarnish the image of our brands. While there have not been any instances during the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 there can be no assurance that such instances will not occur in future. Our success depends on our ability to enhance our brands and adapt to changing consumer preferences. We also face competition from other established brands in the new markets where we are currently present or markets where we intend to expand further.

Inability to market our products and undertake business promotional initiatives to distinguish and strengthen our brands may adversely impact the value and perception of our brands and consumer goodwill and consequently our business prospects and financial performance. For further information, see "– *Internal Risk – Risks relating to our Business - 31. Restrictions on advertising of alcoholic beverage products in India limits our ability to advertise our products.*" on page 62. Many social media platforms immediately publish the content for their subscribers and participants post, often without filters or checks on accuracy of the content posted. We utilize social media platforms for marketing of our business. We do not have control on the information that may be posted by public users on social media platforms. The dissemination of inaccurate information online could harm our brand, business, reputation, prospects, financial condition and operating results, regardless of the information's accuracy. While there have not been any instances of dissemination of inaccurate information online during the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 there can be no assurance that such instances will not occur in future.

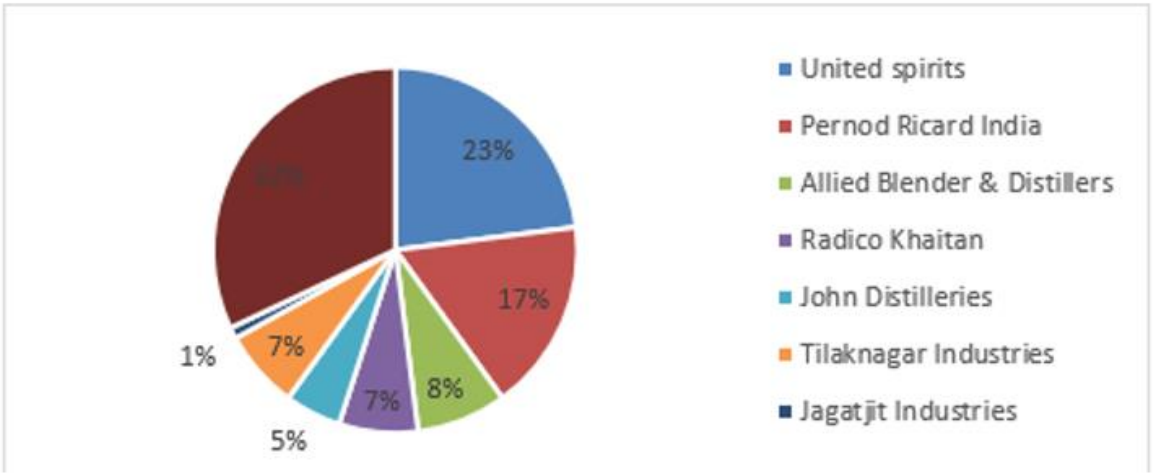
Our brand-building initiatives have in the past included partnerships with teams participating in the Indian Premier League, the Pro Kabbadi League and partnerships with regional football leagues for our focus markets of West Bengal and the North East. We have also in the past appointed celebrity brand ambassadors including a leading cricket personality. We have incurred, and may continue to incur in the future, significant expenditures to build brand awareness and preference over other domestic and international products. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, our sales and business promotion expenses were ₹ 906.63 million, ₹ 938.56 million, ₹ 1,304.02 million, ₹ 1,070.14 million and ₹ 942.45 million, and represented 3.86%, 3.49%, 4.14%, 4.50% and 3.68% of our Net Revenue from Operations, respectively. However, there can be no assurance that any such investments in the future may be successful. While we have been developing and promoting our brand since inception and will continue to invest in building and maintaining our brand's value in the future to compete effectively, we may not be able to do so successfully or in a cost-effective manner.

4. Increasing competition in the IMFL industry may create certain pressures that may adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

The IMFL industry is highly competitive in India, with our main competitors being United Spirits Limited, Pernod Ricard India Private Limited, Radico Khaitan Limited, John Distilleries, Tilak Nagar Industries, Jagatjit Industries and Globus Spirits. (*Source: Technopak Report*) We compete mainly on product offerings in the whisky, brandy and rum categories, brand image, price, customer service, distribution network and quality.

The infographic below provides market share in India of different players in Fiscal 2023 E (total volume – 385 million cases):

IMFL market in India by players – Fiscal 2023 (Total volume - 395 million cases)



(Source: Technopak Report)

The infographic below provides company wise rank by whisky sales in India:

Company	Rank
United Spirits	1
Pernod Ricard	2
Allied Blenders and Distillers	3
John Distilleries	4
Radico Khaitan	5

(Source: Technopak Report)

We may face competition from larger competitors with significant resources and which benefit from economies of scale and scope. If our competitors develop and implement methodologies that yield greater efficiency and productivity, they may be able to offer products similar to ours at lower prices without adversely affecting their profit margins. Even if our offerings address industry and customer needs, our competitors may be more successful at selling their products. If we are unable to provide our customers with products that suit their tastes and preferences at competitive prices or successfully market those products to current and prospective customers, our business, results of operations and financial condition may suffer. We may face competition in States and countries where we currently operate, as well as in States and countries in which we expect to expand our operations and may have limited or no experience. Additionally, we believe that our ability to compete also depends in part on factors outside of our control, such as our competitors' process, and the extent of our competitors' responsiveness to their customers' needs.

Our inability to compete adequately and effectively may have a material adverse effect on our business prospects, financial condition and results of operations. We cannot assure that our Company will be able to successfully compete within this increasingly competitive industry.

5. Any past or current actions taken by the Central Consumer Protection Authority or any other statutory or regulatory bodies, may impact our operations and financials of our Company.

On June 9, 2022, the Central Consumer Protection Authority ("**CCPA**") released certain guidelines which restricted surrogate advertisements for restricted products subject to certain exceptions. As per the guidelines, no indirect advertisement shall be made for goods or services whose advertising is prohibited or restricted by law, by circumventing such prohibition or restriction and portraying it to be an advertisement for other goods or services. Our Company received notices dated August 4, 2022, and October 12, 2022 (collectively, "**the Notices**") from the

Commissioner of the CCPA, whereby it was observed that our Company has been advertising "Sterling Reserve" in which a visual label is seen on the screen which reads "Sterling Reserve" and the words "Packaged Drinking Water" are written on the label in very fine print. Our Company has responded to the Notices by way of letters dated August 25, 2022 and November 14, 2022 (collectively "**the Responses**"), submitting that our Company is not in violation of any rules, regulations or guidelines. Further, the CCPA has by way of a letter dated June 20, 2023 ("**Letter**") directed our Company to share certain documents based on our Responses. Our Company has by way of letters dated July 5, 2023 and July 19, 2023 (collectively, "**Reponses No. 2**") responded to the Letter and shared the requisite documents. Pursuant to our Responses No. 2, our Company has not received any communications from the CCPA. For further information, see "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments - Actions by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Company*" on page 490. While as on the date of this Prospectus, we do not believe there is any impact, we cannot assure you that there will not be any clarification that could adversely affect our advertising strategy.

6. Termination of our agreements in relation to the bottling facilities may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We are dependent on third-party bottling facilities for our operations. As of December 31, 2023, we owned and operated nine bottling units, and had entered into arrangements with fivethird-party bottling facilities where the entire licensed capacity is utilized by us. Over the years, we have developed relationships with third-party bottlers and as of December 31, 2023, we have entered into 18 bottling agreements on a non-exclusive basis including one where we have entered into a royalty arrangement dated March 30, 2021 with a third-party manufacturer for a period of five years to manufacture, blend, bottle, process and package our products at its distillery under our brand name for which royalty is paid to our Company. As of December 31, 2023, our products are bottled across 32 bottling facilities.

The table below provides details of our total net revenue from operations (revenue from operations less excise duty) ("**Net Revenue from Operations**") from third-party bottling facilities in the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Net Revenue from Operations from third-party bottling facilities	17,659.25	27.68	14,315.11	19.89	15,601.53	21.96

The table below provides details of our total Net Revenue from Operations from third-party bottling facilities in the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Net Revenue from Operations from third-party bottling facilities	11,584.44	21.50	12,723.29	21.52

As on the date of this Prospectus, there are 32 cases under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, filed by various bottlers, pursuant to dishonoured cheques aggregating to ₹ 258.29 million. Further, there are eight recovery proceedings filed by the bottlers amounting to ₹ 52.48 million due to the non-payment of certain monies owed to them. Although we are not a party to these matters, we still have an interest in the payment of these defaults to be able to recover its dues from these bottlers. Since these bottlers are the holders of the respective excise licenses, any suits or complaints for the recovery of payments from customers or debtors had to be filed in the name of the bottlers. Since our Company has beneficial interest in these suits or complaints, all such matters are handled by and costs borne by us.

Any non-renewal or termination of our agreements with subsisting contracted and third-party bottling facilities could adversely affect our growth strategy, and may adversely affect our production, sales and financial performance. While there has been instances of termination of our agreements in the ordinary course of business basis mutual understanding and/or on account of efflux of time, these instances did not result in any adverse impact on our financial condition and business operations. In such circumstances, if we are unable to find a suitable replacement of another third-party bottling facility in the same region or are unable to enter into new third-party bottling agreement at attractive terms or at all, there can be no assurance that we will be able to ensure timely supply of products to our customers, which could adversely impact our business prospects and financial performance.

7. We enter into certain related party transactions in the ordinary course of our business and we cannot assure you that such transactions will not have an adverse effect on our results of operation and financial condition.

We have entered into transactions with related parties in the past and from, time to time, we may enter into related party transactions in the future. These transactions among others include royalty expenses, procurement of materials, promotional materials and services, rent expenses, unsecured loan / advances granted, investment / divestment in compulsorily convertible debentures, investment by and redemption of preference shares, refund of customer advance, sale of investment, availing unsecured borrowing, repayment of unsecured borrowing and managerial remuneration. While all such transactions have been conducted on an arm's length basis, in accordance with the Companies Act and other applicable regulations pertaining to the evaluation and approval of such transactions and all related party transactions that we may enter into post-listing, will be subject to Board or Shareholders' approval, as necessary under the Companies Act, the SEBI Listing Regulations and other applicable laws. Further, it is likely that we may enter into additional related party transactions in the future. Such future related party transactions may potentially involve conflicts of interest

The table below provides details of our related party transactions and the percentage of such related party transactions to our revenue from operations in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31,			For the nine months ended December 31, 2022	For the nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
Related party transactions (₹ million)	2,054.40	6,333.46	2,007.03	1,808.27	408.94
Revenue from operations (₹ million)	63,787.76	71,969.20	71,056.80	53,890.41	59,111.44
Related party transactions as a percentage of our Revenue from Operations (%)	3.22%	8.80%	2.82%	3.36%	0.69%

*Note: Related party transactions calculated above is the aggregation of absolute amounts (before elimination) of items forming part of statement of profit and loss and balance sheet, i.e., total income, total expenses, unsecured loan /advances granted and refund of the same, redemption of preference shares, refund of customer advance, receipt of Money against receivables, repayment/reversal of rent, unsecured borrowing /compulsorily convertible debentures ("**CCD**") availed, repayment of unsecured borrowing and interest thereon, repayment of unsecured loan / advances granted, receipt and refund of advance towards debentures, liability component of compound financial instrument issued, repayment of liability component of compound financial instrument issued and interest thereon, equity component of compound financial instrument, issue of equity shares on conversion of CCD and investment in CCD.*

For further information, see "*Offer Document Summary - Summary of related party transactions*" and "*Restated Consolidated Financial Information - Related party disclosure – Note 46*" on pages 21 and 399 , respectively.

8. An increase in taxes or a change in the tax calculation method may affect the demand for our products and could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Taxes on alcohol increases its price and thus can be a powerful lever for influencing alcohol consumption. In addition to excise some States also charge sales tax. In addition to these taxes there are one time or annual fees on label registration and related activities (*Source: Technopak Report*). As we are a manufacturer of alcoholic products, we are subject to excise duty in India levied by various state governments. We pay excise duty based

upon bulk litre / production volumes / bottled volume. The excise duty applied to alcoholic beverages are determined by excise policies of the respective state government in which they are produced and sold.

The table below provides details of excise duty paid by us in the years indicated therein:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Excise Duty	40,304.10	63.18	45,112.68	62.68	39,590.51	55.72

The table below provides details of excise duty paid by us in the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Excise Duty	30,133.35	55.92	33,508.68	56.69

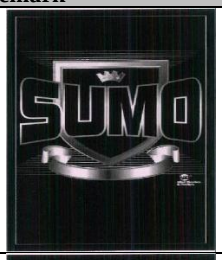
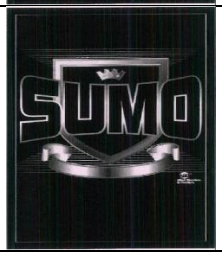
An increase in taxes rate or a change in the tax calculation method may cause us to increase the price of our products, resulting in lower volume of consumption and, therefore, cause a decrease in revenue from operations. In addition, we may have to wholly or partly bear the cost arising from the increased taxes, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

The respective state government may adjust the excise duty rate attached to alcoholic products. Such adjustment of the aforesaid tax rate will increase cost of our products. As a result, we generally intend to pass on a certain amount of such adjusted taxes to the consumers by a corresponding adjustment in the product prices, which may result in the lower volume of consumption and changes of consumer behaviour from purchasing our products, which would adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

9. As on the date of this Prospectus, certain trademark applications are pending and we have filed and are a party to 31 ongoing trademark infringement cases. Any inability to protect our intellectual property from third-party infringement may adversely affect our business and prospects.

Our success and ability to compete depends, in part, on our ability to protect our trade secrets, trademarks, know-how, confidential information, proprietary methods and technologies and other intellectual property and proprietary rights, so that we can prevent others from using our product inventions, proprietary information and property. We rely on trademark laws, and confidentiality or license agreements with our employees, suppliers, customers and other third parties, and generally limit access to and distribution of our proprietary information, in order to protect our intellectual property rights and maintain our competitive position. However, we cannot guarantee that the steps we take to protect our intellectual property rights will be effective. As of the date of this Prospectus, we have filed and are a party to 31 ongoing trademark infringement cases. For further information, see "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments"* on page 489.

In the absence of trademark and copyright registrations, we may not be able to initiate an infringement action against any third-party who maybe infringing our trademarks. With respect to our trademarks that have been applied for and/or objected or opposed, we cannot assure you that we will be successful in such a challenge nor can we guarantee that eventually our trademark and copyright applications will be approved, which in turn could result in significant monetary loss or prevent us from selling our products under these trademarks and copyright. As a result, we may not be able to prevent infringement of our trademarks and copyright and a passing off action may not provide sufficient protection until such time that this registration is granted. As on the date of this Prospectus, there are certain trademarks for which applications were made and were subsequently rejected. Following is the list of such trademarks:

S. No.	Trademark Application No.	Date of application	Date of rejection	Brand / Image of the trademark	Class
1.	2798911	August 27, 2014	September 19, 2018		9
2.	2798912	August 27, 2014	April 1, 2019		21
3.	2798922	August 27, 2014	July 20, 2018	Sumo	34
4.	3564108	June 6, 2017	February 20, 2019	Officer's Choice Original XXX Rum	33
5.	3569019	June 12, 2017	February 20, 2019	Salute Toh Banta Hai	9

As of December 31, 2023, our Company has filed two civil suits before the High Court at New Delhi, against John Distilleries Limited & others and John P Paul & others alleging that the adoption of the trademark and/or label "*Original Choice*" which is deceptively similar to our trademarks and/ or labels "*Officer's Choice*" and "*OC*" and thereby infringing upon the trademarks registered by our Company. Further, our Company and John Distilleries Limited have filed a writ petition each, dated July 15, 2013, and August 30, 2013, respectively, against the other, before the High Court of Madras challenging the order dated March 8, 2013 of Intellectual Property Appellate Board for removal of the registration granted to the John Distilleries for the trademarks and/or label "*Original Choice*". The matters are currently pending. For further information, see "*Government and Other Approvals",* and "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments"* on pages 507 and 489.

As on the date of this Prospectus, we own 560 registered trademarks, under various classes, 25 registered designs and 19 registered copyrights in India and outside India. Further, our Company has filed applications for 429 trademarks, under various classes, which are pending registration at various stages. In the event that our Company is unable to obtain registrations for the above-mentioned trademarks, it could have an adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. For further information, see "*Government and Other Approvals – 9. Intellectual property rights*" on page 510. As we expand our activities globally, we are also exposed to the risk that other entities may pass off their alcohol and spirits products as ours by imitating our brand name, packaging look and attempting to create counterfeit products. Any such activities may harm the reputation of our brand and sales of our products, which could in turn adversely affect our financial performance. We rely on protections available under Indian law, which may not be adequate to prevent unauthorized use of our intellectual property by third parties. Furthermore, the application of laws governing intellectual property rights in India is uncertain and evolving, and could involve substantial risks to us. Notwithstanding the precautions we take to protect our intellectual property rights, it is possible that third parties may infringe on our rights, which may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. Below are the instances of enforcement of intellectual property protection by our Company for the Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023:

S. No	Suit No.	Name of Respondent(s)
1.	O.S. No. 106 of 2020	MS. Industries and Spirits Private Limited
2.	O.S. No. 293 of 2017	Viva Dholen Spirits Inc.
3.	O.S. No. 778 of 2019	Mohan Breweries & Distilleries (AP) Limited
4.	S. 1058 of 2002	John Distilleries Limited & Ors.
5.	CS (OS) 383 of 2007	Paul P. John & Ors.
6.	CS (OS) 1138 of 2013	Malbros International Private Limited
7.	CS (OS) No. 1769 of 2014	Venkateshwara Distilleries & Anr.
8.	CS (OS) 3114 of 2014	Amit Dahanukar & Anr.
9.	C.S. (COMM) No. 803 of 2016	Nakshatra Distilleries & Breweries Limited
10.	C.S. (COMM) No. 274 of 2021	Hermes Distillery Private Limited

S. No	Suit No.	Name of Respondent(s)
11.	C.S. (COMM) No. 103 of 2022	Ashok Kumar
12.	WP No. 19734 of 2013	Intellectual Property Appellate Board & Ors.
13.	Commercial IP Suit (L) No. 117 of 2020	Amber Distilleries Limited
14.	CC/6/2010 CSD/2/2009 NMS/1287/2010 Appeal/66/2009	Tilaknagar Industries Ltd.
15.	CS (COMM) No. 507 of 2021	Sanjay Khurana & Ors.
16.	CS (COMM) No. 115 of 2022	SNJ Distillers Private Limited & Anr.
17.	O.S. No. 374 of 2019	Sharvani Alco Brew Private Limited
18.	CS (COMM) No. 713 of 2022	Essencia Beverages Private Limited & Anr
19.	CS (COMM) No. 689 of 2022	Rajasthan Liquor Limited & Ors.

Further, while these outstanding proceedings are not material, the impact of the foregoing enforcements, on the revenue of the Company is not ascertainable. For further information, see " *– Internal Risk – Legal and Regulatory Risks - 51. Any loss of business or potential adverse publicity resulting from spurious or imitation products, could result in loss of goodwill for our products leading to loss of sales, and adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition."* on page 83.

In addition, our Company has entered into a trademark agreement dated August 5, 2022 read with first addendum dated September 28, 2022, second addendum dated December 20, 2022, third addendum dated June 9, 2023. Fourth addendum dated July 3, 2023, fifth addendum dated November 2, 2023 and sixth addendum dated April 5, 2024, with ICONIQ Brands India Private Limited ("**ICONIQ**"), an entity forming part of our Promoter Group, wherein our Company has been provided an exclusive license to use the various trademarks registered by ICONIQ for the ICONIQ and X&O brands that may be used by our Company for new products or brands to be launched by us. The ICONIQ Trademark Agreement is valid for a period of three years with effect from August 5, 2022 and shall terminate on expiry of the term upon non-renewal. As a consideration, our Company has agreed to pay a royalty of ₹ 1 per case of products sold which can be modified in future with mutual consent of parties. Further, under the terms of the ICONIQ Trademark Agreement, in the event of launching the product in a new market, subsequent amendment agreements will be entered between our Company and ICONIQ. For further information, see "*History and Certain Corporate Matters*" on page 280. ICONiQ White International Whisky was launched in September 2022 and in Fiscal 2023 we sold 315,879 cases and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 we sold 97,469 and 1,428,780 cases of ICONiQ White International Whisky and the royalty paid to ICONIQ for the sale of whisky was ₹ 0.33 million,₹ 0.11 million and ₹ 1.41 million, respectively.

10. Our operations are subject to extensive Central and State regulations. Changes in the regulatory environment may cause us to incur additional costs or limit our business activities.

As a producer of alcoholic beverage products, we are subject to production, packaging, quality, labelling and distribution standards and regulations in India. We are also subject to regulations in countries to which we export our products, in particular regulations relating to packaging, quality, labelling and distribution. The operations of our production and distribution facilities are subject to various Government excise, environmental laws and workplace regulations, including laws and regulations enacted by various ministries, including the Cable Television Networks (Regulation) Act, 1995, the Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006, the Food Safety and Standards (Alcoholic Beverages) Regulations, 2018, the Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 2016, Bombay Denatured Spirit (Gujarat Amendment) Rules, 1988, Bombay Prohibition (Manufacture of Spirit) (Gujarat) Rules, 1963, the Mizoram Liquor Total Prohibition Act, 1995, the Nagaland Liquor Total Prohibition Act, 1989, Manipur Liquor Prohibition Act, 1911 and various state excise laws. Further, the sale of alcohol is prohibited in certain States. The prohibition in any State in which we currently operate, or an increasing number of States prohibiting the consumption and sale of alcoholic beverages or any other restrictions on the manufacture or sale of alcoholic beverages, would have a material adverse effect on our business and financial prospects. For example, in December, 2016, the Supreme Court of India imposed a complete ban on the sale of alcohol products by outlets located on highways or within 500 meters from a highway. Subsequently, in August, 2017, the Supreme Court of India clarified that these restrictions were not applicable within municipal areas. For further information, see "*Key Regulations and Policies in India*" on page 267.

Under the Delhi Excise Policy for 2021-22, the Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi ("**Delhi Government**", and such policy, the "**2021 Policy**"), had proposed to grant retail licenses to private companies through open bidding, and proposed that there would be no Government owned liquor vends for Indian made foreign liquor. However, by way of certain orders and circulars issued in August, 2022, with effect from September 1, 2022, the Delhi Government, has reverted to the policy which was in effect till November 17, 2021 ("**Prior Policy**"), before the implementation of the 2021 Policy, wherein the Delhi Government owned a large portion of

the liquor stores. The withdrawal of the 2021 Policy and resulting regulatory uncertainty, coupled with any further change in the excise policies, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

There are also inspections by various regulatory authorities like Excise Boards, Factory Inspectors, Boiler Inspectors, Legal Metrology and Pollution Control Board on a regular basis. While there have not been any material observations pursuant to such inspections in the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, there can be no assurance that there will not be any material observations in future periods. The failure to pass these inspections, or any other violation of, current and future laws or regulations could require material expenditures by us or otherwise have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

11. We have certain contingent liabilities that may adversely affect our financial condition.

As of December 31, 2023, contingent liabilities that have not been accounted for in our Restated Consolidated Financial Statements were as follows:

S. No.	Particulars	As at December 31, 2023
		(₹ million)
1.	Provident fund matter	Not ascertainable
2.	Transport pass fees claimed by excise authorities	87.31
3.	Water Charges claim by MIDC, Aurangabad	19.32
4.	Additional license fees on account of restructuring of the Group, levied by, the Maharashtra State Excise Department, Aurangabad.	3.28
5.	Differential Octroi Duty on Extra Neutral Alcohol / Rectified Spirit by Aurangabad Municipal Corporation	15.8
6.	Demand notice from the Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax, Aurangabad, towards service tax on reverse charge basis on expenditure incurred in foreign currency on sales promotion, travelling and other expenditure	53.81
7.	Income tax matters	33.31
8.	Rajasthan VAT department has demanded sales Tax along with interest and penalty from a contract bottling unit on ENA produced by them to be used as intermediary product for the manufacture of IMFL	10.76
9.	Debit memorandum from its customer - Canteen Stores Department	339.87
10	Excise demand relating to excess transit wastages for ENA supplied by Contract Bottling unit	28.6
11	Show cause notice from Canteen Stores Department (CSD) on account of differential trade rate relating to the period from October 2014 to December 2020	85.77
12	Demand notice by the Government of Andhra Pradesh	272.5
13	VAT / GST on ENA procured by the Group in Uttar Pradesh	162.9
14	A contract bottling unit had been issued notice of demand under the Assam Entry Tax Act by the Government of Assam	13.12
15	The Group was receiving taxable invoices from its CBUs at the rate of 18% on the bottling charges on manufacturing of IMFL for the Group (brand owner). However, based on the notification dated October 13, 2017, no. 31/2017 - Central Tax (rate), the Group has asked its bottlers to charge GST on bottling charge at 5%	94.06
16	Group has received summon notice dated August 11, 2020 from the Director General of GST Intelligence, Hyderabad on applicability of GST on Distillery Wet Grain Soluble (DWGS) and Distillery Dry Grain Soluble (DDGS). On 20 June 2022, group has received Show Cause Notice on the subject matter from Directorate General of Goods and Services Tax Intelligence (DGGI), Telangana.	72.62
17	Income Tax matter	1.73
18	GST on supply of ENA in the state of Uttar Pradesh and Kerala	42.08
19	Short payment of wages and levy to the Mathadi Workers	25.3
20	Excise demand relating to low strength of ENA	2.71
21	Intimation received under Section 73(5) (Form GST DRC-01A) alleging to pay GST on ENA	31.15
22	VAT liability on amount of Business Surplus received by the Group from tie-up unit arrangements with third parties.	530.25
Total		**1,926.25**

(1) Contingent liability relating to determination of provident fund liability, based on a recent Supreme Court judgement, is not determinable at present, due to uncertainty on the period of impact of the judgement in absence of further clarification relating to applicability, We will continue to assess any further developments in this matter for their implications on our financial statements, if any, which, based on the number of employees, is not expected to be significant. Further, there is no

litigation nor any notices involving us, which is pending as on date with respect to this matter. For details, see "Restated Consolidated Financial Information –Note 48–Contingent liabilities and commitments" on page 409 of the Prospectus.

Our ascertainable contingent liabilities constitute 47.07% of our net worth as of December 31, 2023. If these contingent liabilities materialize, fully or partly, our financial condition may be adversely affected. For further information on the aggregate amount involved in outstanding litigation against our Company, see " - *Internal Risks – 32. Our Company, Subsidiaries, Directors, and Promoters are or may be involved in certain legal and regulatory proceedings. Any adverse decision in such proceedings may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.*" and details on our contingent liabilities, see "*Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 48 - Contingent liabilities and commitments*" on pages 63 and 409, respectively.

12. There have been delays in payment of our statutory dues on account of which we have paid interest on delay in payment of statutory dues of ₹ 92.86 million, ₹ 212.58 million, ₹ 333.30 million, ₹ 234.14 million and ₹ 311.61 million, respectively in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and for the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023.

There have been delays in payment of statutory dues towards regulatory authorities by our Company on account of delayed collections from corporation markets which resulted in payment of interest on delay in payment of statutory dues. For Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and for the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, interest on delay in payment of statutory dues were ₹ 92.86 million, ₹ 212.58 million, ₹ 333.30 million, ₹ 234.14 million and ₹ 311.61 million, respectively.

For details in relation to delay in payment of statutory dues, please see " *– 27. Our business is manpower intensive. Our business may be adversely affected by work stoppages, increased wage demands by our employees, or increase in minimum wages across various states, and if we are unable to engage new employees at commercially attractive terms.*" on page 69.

We cannot assure you that going forward we will be able to make timely payment of our statutory dues which could result us into paying interest on the delay in payment of statutory dues which could adversely affect our business and our results of operations and financial condition.

13. Our Promoters, Promoter Group, Directors, Subsidiaries and Group Companies are in businesses similar to ours and have interests in certain companies, which are in similar businesses to ours, and this may result in potential conflict of interest with us.

A potential conflict of interest may occur between our Promoters, Promoter Group, Directors and Group Companies may have interest in companies in the similar line of business as our Company. For example, (i) Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited, Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited, NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited and Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited, and ABD UK, which are some of our Subsidiaries, have certain common pursuits with our Company; (ii) Ashoka Liquors Private Limited and Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited, which are some of our Group Companies have certain common pursuits with the Company, (iii) Officer's Choice Private Limited, one of our Promoters has certain common pursuits with the Company, and whose promoters include Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev; (iv) BKC Enterprises Private Limited, one of our Promoters has certain common pursuits with the Company, and whose promoters include Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, and (v) BDA Private Limited and ICONIQ Brands India Private Limited, certain members of our Promoter Group have certain common pursuits with the Company, and where Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev are Directors, and (vi) BDA Private Limited (which is also a subsidiary of one of our Promoters, Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited), Ashoka Liquors Private Limited and Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited, where Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, one of our Promoters, is a director, (vii) Royal Spirits Private Limited, one of the members of Promoter Group, which has certain common pursuits with the Company certain of our Promoters hold shares (entities referred to from (i) to (vii) collectively as, "**Entities**"). Further, we have entered into the ICONIQ Trademark Agreement wherein we have agreed to pay a royalty of ₹ 1 per case on products sold for the use of trademarks by our Company. For further information, see " *– Internal Risks – Risks relating to our Business – 9. As on the date of this Prospectus, certain trademark applications are pending and we have filed and are a party to 31 ongoing trademark infringement cases. Any inability to protect our intellectual property from third-party infringement may adversely affect our business and prospects.*" on page 42. ICONiQ White International Whisky was launched in September 2022 and in Fiscal 2023 we sold 315,879 cases and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 we sold 97,469 and 1,428,780 cases of ICONiQ White International Whisky and the royalty paid to ICONIQ for the sale of whisky was ₹ 0.33 million,₹ 0.11 million and ₹ 1.41 million, respectively.

While presently these businesses do not compete with our Company, and accordingly there is no conflict of interest, we cannot assure you that our Promoters, Directors, their related entities and our Group Companies will not compete with us in the future. While our Company will adopt necessary procedures and practices as permitted by law to address any conflict situation as and when they arise, we cannot assure you that these or other conflicts of interest will be resolved in an impartial manner.

The total revenue of the above mentioned Entities for the Fiscals 2021, 2022 and 2023 are as follows:

S. No.	Name of the Company	Fiscal 2021 (₹ million)		Fiscal 2022 (₹ million)		Fiscal 2023 (₹ million)	
		Revenue	Profit & (Loss) after Tax	Revenue	Profit & (Loss) after Tax	Revenue	Profit & (Loss) after Tax
1	Ashoka Liquors Private Limited	-	(0.08)	-	(0.17)	-	0.02
2	Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited,	-	(0.09)	-	(0.02)	-	(0.06)
3	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	-	(0.02)	-	(0.02)	-	(0.02)
4	BDA Private Limited	-	(0.05)	-	(0.06)	-	(0.05)
5	ICONIQ Brands India Private Limited	-	(0.30)	-	(0.07)	-	0.04
6	Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	-	(0.03)	-	0.13	-	(0.03)
7	Royal Spirits Private Limited	-	(0.42)	-	(0.45)	-	(0.47)
8	Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	-	(0.29)	-	(0.67)	-	(0.22)
9	Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited	-	(0.02)	-	(0.02)	-	(0.09)
10	NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited	-	(10.72)	-	(11.09)	-	(11.20)
11	Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
12	Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	5.34	(17.09)	4.50	(11.56)	1.97	(9.78)

14. We are subject to certain ongoing investigations by income tax authorities, outcome of which is currently not known to us.

The income tax department conducted search and seizure operations (basis warrants issued) from December 11, 2023 to December 17, 2023 at several premises of our Company, including the Corporate Office and Registered Office, premises of certain Subsidiaries, Promoters, Promoter Group, Group Companies, one of the third party data centres of the Company and a retail store of the Company. Certain books of accounts, documents, digital data (such as mobile phones and laptops), files and folders, of our Company, were seized by the income tax department. As on the date of this Prospectus some of the books of accounts, documents, files and folders of our Company have not been released. The income tax department had, under section 132(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, issued prohibitory orders to the Company to not part with or otherwise deal with certain articles at the Company's premises, without its consent. Further, as a part of the search operations, officials of the income tax department visited the premises such as houses and lockers of the officials of our Company. Subsequent to the search operations, prohibitory orders have been removed by the income-tax department .

We have been informed by some of our customers, vendors and employees that department has issued notices to them for validation of the details found during the search. We have also been informed that concerned people have appeared before the department and have given / are in process of giving the required details/clarification to the department in compliance of the notice.

Further, notices under section 127 (2) have been issued to our Company including some of our group companies and employees for centralization of Income Tax assessments. Subsequent to issuance of notices under section 127(2) of the Income-tax Act, 1961, notices under section 148 have been issued by Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle 8(2), Mumbai to our Company and some of our group companies and certain employees for reassessment of the income for the assessment year Fiscal 2021, Fiscal 2022, and Fiscal 2023. Our Company will file the returns in response to the notice under section 148 within due date as mentioned in such notices.

As on the date of this Prospectus, the Company has not received any information or quantification by the concerned income tax authorities in relation to any tax liabilities for the Company and no interim order has been passed by the department. We cannot assure you that the investigation will not result in any significant tax liabilities on the

Company nor can there be any assurance that there will be no such investigations involving our Company, Subsidiaries, Directors and Group Companies in the future. An adverse outcome in any such proceedings may have an adverse effect on our business, financial position, prospects, results of operations and our reputation.

15. We may be unable to increase the selling price of our products which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Prices of alcoholic beverages in India is controlled by respective State governments with varying tax structures leading to high variation in prices across States. Each State has its own formula of deciding the prices of alco-beverage products. Price is determined by two key factors: (i) ex distillery price ("**EDP**") which covers the cost of production; and (ii) state excise policies which specify duties, license fees, cess and surcharges, wholesale margin and retail margin. Taxes and margin are calculated as a percentage of EDP. The contribution of taxes and margins progressively decreases as the EDP moves up as per the category of product. One of the key challenges in the Indian alco-beverage industry is revision of MRPs with increasing cost of production. MRP revisions need to be approved by the states as it is the prerogative of respective excise departments. While the window to revise MRPs in many States is annual in nature, in some States such as Kerala and Telangana, revision of MRPs can take three to four years, even though price of raw material may increase or decrease through the year. There are exceptions like Maharashtra where MRPs can be revised through the year (*Source: Technopak Report*). State excise departments typically approve the lowest selling price and there is no assurance that we will be able to obtain approval from State governments to increase prices at which our products are retailed. These restrictions reduce the potential size of the market available for our business. Accordingly, our ability to increase the selling price of our products is limited and we may not be in a position to unilaterally increase the selling price of our products. This also impacts our ability to pass on costs increase that we face to end consumers on account of increase in input cost of raw materials and packaging materials or normal inflationary costs. In the event there are changes in excise policies which results in higher excise costs or if we are unable to increase our prices sufficiently to offset our increased costs of manufacturing or on account of inflation, our profit after tax and margins could decreased which could have an adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

16. Any slowdown or interruption to our production operations or under-utilization of our existing or future distillery and bottling facilities may have an adverse impact on our business and financial performance.

We have one distillery located in Rangapur, Telangana. In addition, as of December 31, 2023, our products were bottled across 32 bottling facilities. As of December 31, 2023 we owned and operated nine bottling units, and had entered into arrangements with five third-party bottling facilities, where the entire licensed capacity is utilized by us. In addition, we have entered into 18 bottling agreements on a non-exclusive basis with third-party bottling facilities, including one facility where we have entered into a royalty arrangement. Any slowdown or interruption to our production operations or under-utilization of our existing or future distillery and bottling facilities over extended periods, or significant under-utilization in the short term, may have an adverse impact on our business and financial performance.

In particular, our business is highly dependent on our distillery at Rangapur, Telangana, which currently represents a significant portion of our total distillation capacity for our products. Our in-house distillation capacity of ENA, the key material used in the manufacture of our products, is 600.00 lakh litres per year.

The following table sets forth the licensed capacity, actual production and capacity utilization for the periods indicated of our distillery facility located at Rangapur, Telangana:

Facility[(1)]	**Fiscal**								
	2021			**2022**			**2023**		
	Licensed Capacity (lakh litres)[(1]	**Actual Production (lakh litres)**	**Capacity Utilisation (%)**	**Licensed Capacity (lakh litres)[(1)]**	**Actual Production (lakh litres)**	**Capacity Utilisation (%)**	**Licensed Capacity (lakh litres)[(1)]**	**Actual Production (lakh litres)**	**Capacity Utilisation (%)**
Distillery Facility located at Rangapur, Telangana	547.50	315.88	57.69	547.50	526.94	96.24	547.50	516.75	94.38

(1) Licensed capacity represents the minimum licensed capacity approved by various statutory authorities. For example, the licensed capacity approved by the excise department and that approved by the pollution control board of the relevant State granted to our distillery facility. Such licensed capacity can vary between fiscal periods depending on any revisions during or at end of such fiscal periods to the licensed capacity approved by such regulatory authorities.

Facility[1]	For the nine months ended December 31, 2022			For the nine months ended December 31, 2023		
	Licensed Capacity (lakh litres)[1][3]	Actual Production (lakh litres)	Capacity Utilisation (%)	Licensed Capacity (lakh litres)[1][2][3]	Actual Production (lakh litres)	Capacity Utilisation (%)[2]
Distillery Facility located at Rangapur, Telangana	412.50	403.23	97.75	434.70	432.26	99.44

[1] *Licensed capacity represents the minimum licensed capacity approved by various statutory authorities. For example, the licensed capacity approved by the excise department and that approved by the pollution control board of the relevant State granted to our distillery facility. Such licensed capacity can vary between fiscal periods depending on any revisions during or at end of such fiscal periods to the licensed capacity approved by such regulatory authorities.*

[2] *Pursuant to an approval dated October 19, 2023by the Telangana State Pollution Control Board, the licensed capacity of the distillery has increased to 657 lakh litres with effect from October 19, 2023. However, the licensed capacity approved by the excise department is 600 lakh litres, therefore the licensed capacity going forward will be 600 lakh litres unless we obtain special approval from the excise department to increase the licensed capacity more than 600 lakh litres and upto 657 lakh litres as approved by the Telangana pollution control board.*

[3] *The licensed capacity for the nine months ended December 31, 2022 have been calculated on a pro rata basis based on the licensed capacity of Fiscal 2022, i.e., 547.50 divided by 12 and multiplied by nine, while the licensed capacity for the nine months ended December 31, 2023 have been calculated on a pro-rata basis based on the licensed capacity in Fiscal 2023, i.e., (i) 547.50 (until October 18, 2023) divided by 365 days multiplied by 201 days (from April 1, 2023 until October 18, 2023); and (ii) plus 657 lacs divided by 365 days multiplied by 74 days (October 19, 2023 until December 31, 2023).*

Accordingly, factors that impact operations at our distillery and bottling facilities, and particularly our Rangapur, Telangana distillery facility, include operational risks beyond our control, including power shortages, labour disputes, natural disasters, industrial accidents and compliance with regional and national regulatory requirements. For example, in August 2020, there was a boiler accident in our distillery in Rangapur, Telangana which resulted in stoppage of operations for a certain period of time. Our distillery was operational for 203 days, 303 days, 294 days, 224 days and 230 days, respectively, during Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023. Further, in August 2020, an accident happened in our boiler room which resulted in causality of one DCS operator and serious injuries to three technicians. In addition, a fire incident at one of our exclusive tie-up unit located in Chandigarh resulted into damages to our inventory. Any further breakdowns or obsolescence in the equipment in our distillery or bottling facilities may interrupt our blending and bottling process. Any further significant malfunctions or breakdown of our equipment in the future may involve high repair and maintenance costs and may cause interruptions to our production operations. Further, we may also face challenges to procure equipment for our distillery or bottling facilities. In addition, planned shutdowns of our facilities for maintenance, statutory inspections and testing may be required, or certain facilities may be shut down for capacity expansion and equipment upgrades. For details pertaining to litigation with third-party bottling units, see "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments*" on page 489.

In addition, certain of our raw ingredients such as caramel and food flavouring are perishable products, and any interruption in our distillation or bottling operations may adversely affect the quality of such raw ingredients. Although routine safety procedures in the operations of our facilities are employed and adequate insurance is maintained by us, our operations may be susceptible to industrial accidents which could result in bodily harm, destruction of property or equipment, environmental damage, delivery delays, or may lead to suspension of our operations and/or imposition of liabilities. While there have not been any instances of damages or quality issues during the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 there can be no assurance that such instances will not occur in future. Any such accident may result in litigation, the outcome of which is difficult to assess or quantify, and the cost to defend litigation can be significant and negative publicity could arise out of such actions, and may have a negative effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

17. Our Company has unsecured loans that may be recalled by the lenders at any time and our Company may not have adequate funds to make timely payments or at all.

Our Company has availed unsecured loans from IDFC Bank which may be recalled by it at any time. As of March 31, 2024, such loans availed by our Company amounted to ₹ 314.43 million. Further, our Subsidiaries, Madanlal Estates Private Limited, and ABD Dwellings Private Limited have availed unsecured loans amounting to ₹ 1.61 million from related parties and NV Distilleries & Breweries has also availed certain unsecured loans from Okatti Infrastructure Projects LLP, a third-party body corporate, amounting to ₹ 37.99 million. As of March 31, 2024, total unsecured loan as a percentage of total borrowings was 5.08%. The table below provides details of unsecured borrowings availed by our Company and certain of our Subsidiaries as of March 31, 2024 from Promoter Group members are as follows:

Name of the Entity	Amount availed (₹ million)	Amount outstanding as	Name of the member of the	Term of the Loan	Rate of Interest (%)

		on March 31, 2024 (₹ million)	Promoter Group		
Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited	219.74	69.74	Mrs. Bina K. Chhabria	Repayable on Demand	12% per annum
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	0.38	0.38	Mrs. Bina K. Chhabria	Repayable on Demand	Nil
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	0.50	0.50	Mrs. Resham Chhabria J. Hemdev	Repayable on Demand	Nil
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	0.69	0.69	Mrs. Bina K. Chhabria	Repayable on Demand	Nil
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	0.04	0.04	Mrs. Neesha Chhabria	Repayable on Demand	Nil

Such loans may not be repayable in accordance with any agreed repayment schedule and may be recalled by the lender at any time. In the event that the lender seeks repayment of any such unsecured loan, our Company would need to find alternative sources of financing, which may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, or at all. As a result, any such demand may materially and adversely affect our business, cash flows, financial condition and results of operations.

18. Certain of our Subsidiaries have incurred losses in the past, which may have an adverse effect on our reputation and business.

Certain of our Subsidiaries have incurred losses during Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 as set out below:

Subsidiary	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2023	Nine months ended December 31, 2022	Nine months ended December 31, 2023
(₹ million)					
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	-	(13.94)	(13.39)	(10.46)	(6.43)
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	-	(4.50)	(6.67)	(5.01)	(5.00)
NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited	(10.72)	(11.09)	(11.20)	(8.42)	(8.59)
Deccan Star Distilleries Private Limited	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.09)	(0.04)	(0.05)
Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	(17.09)	(11.56)	(9.78)	(7.38)	(6.60)
Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	(0.29)	(0.72)	(0.22)	(0.17)	(0.16)
TOTAL	**(28.12)**	**(41.83)**	**(41.35)**	**(31.46)**	**(26.82)**

There can be no assurance that our Subsidiaries will not incur losses in the future which may have an adverse effect on our reputation and business.

19. Any past or current actions taken by SEBI or any other statutory or regulatory bodies against our Promoters, may impact our operations and financials of our Company.

SEBI has in the past taken action against one of our Promoters, Kishore Rajaram Chhabria for non-compliance with listing agreement and applicable Takeover Regulations and the matter was eventually settled by way of Supreme Court order dated March 7, 2005. However, as on date of this Prospectus, there are no disciplinary actions by SEBI, the Stock Exchanges or instances of non-compliance against our Promoters.

20. We depend on sales of our products in India, in particular the States of West Bengal, Telangana and Uttar Pradesh and any reduction in sales of our products in such key States could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

We are dependent on the sales of our IMFL products which primarily includes our whisky products in the States of West Bengal, Telangana and Uttar Pradesh. The table below provides details of our revenue from contracts with customer – sale of goods (IMFL) from key States where our products are sold in the years indicated as a percentage of our revenue from operations:

State	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Revenue from contracts*	Percentage of Revenue from contracts*	Revenue from contracts*	Percentage of Revenue from contracts*	Revenue from contracts*	Percentage of Revenue from contracts*
	(₹ million)	(%)	(₹ million)	(%)	(₹ million)	(%)
West Bengal	12,414.47	19.71	12,773.62	18.11	3,389.66	4.87
Telangana	11,216.17	17.81	12,177.72	17.26	11,221.81	16.12
Uttar Pradesh	8,747.56	13.89	10,132.81	14.37	12,434.98	17.86

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*

The table below provides details of our revenue from contracts with customer – sale of goods (IMFL) from key States where our products are sold in the periods indicated as percentage of our revenue from operations:

State	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue from contracts*	Percentage of Revenue from contracts*	Revenue from contracts*	Percentage of Revenue from contracts*
	(₹ million)	(%)	(₹ million)	(%)
West Bengal	2,604.22	4.94	2,102.47	3.66
Telangana	8,468.54	16.06	9,895.83	17.21
Uttar Pradesh	9,769.18	18.53	11,980.98	20.83

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*

Production and sales of each of our products and in each of these States could be rendered uneconomical by regulatory or competitive changes. Our sales in each State and Union Territory depends on the regulations and policies adopted by each State with respect to distribution and sale of alcoholic beverages. States and Union Territories determine from which manufacturers they will purchase, including the prices at which they procure from manufacturers they choose. The practice adopted by States and Union Territories and their purchasing practice may change from time-to-time and may not be consistent with past practice. While price movements are typically upwards to give manufacturers the benefit of cost increases and inflation, there have been instances in the past where States and Union Territories have reduced ex distillery price ("**EDP**"). In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, there were 12, one, two, two and seven instances, respectively, where States and Union Territories have reduced the EDP. The impact of such reduction in EDP was ₹ 182.13 million, ₹0.05 million, ₹ 5.99 million, ₹ 3.94 million and ₹ 15.00 million, in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, respectively. If the key States to whom we supply our products to were reduce their trade with us or completely cease their procurement from us, our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospectus could be materially adversely affected.Sales of our products could also be adversely affected by other factors, including increases in excise taxes, supply, production or distribution changes / interruptions, marketing or pricing actions by one or more of our competitors, changes in consumer preferences or other factors. Any such adverse development could result in significant loss which would materially and adversely affect our business, profitability and reputation.

21. Our business is dependent on the sale of our products to our key customers and the loss of one or more such customers or a reduction for our products could adversely affect our business, result of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

We are dependent on limited customers for a significant portion of our revenues. Our key customers include certain state beverage corporations and private distributors in part corporation market, full corporation market and open market, as applicable. Reduction in the amount of products we sell to such customers whether due to circumstances specific to such customers, such as pricing pressures, an inability on our part to manufacture the products in a timely manner, shortage of raw materials especially ENA, changes in government policies or adverse market conditions affecting our supply chain, could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financing condition and cash flows.

The table below sets forth details of our revenue from our top one, top two, top five and top 10 customers in the years indicated:

Customer Concentration	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Top 1	12,414.47	19.71	12,271.46	17.40	11,310.49	16.25
Top 2	23,939.22	38.01	25,281.82	35.84	16,131.53	23.17
Top 5	33,906.07	53.83	37286.85	52.86	29,103.06	41.81
Top 10	39,956.90	63.43	43729.04	62.00	36,638.15	52.63

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*

The table below sets forth details of our revenue from our top two, top five and top 10 customers in the periods indicated:

Customer Concentration	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Top 1	8,549.61	16.21	10,106.82	17.57
Top 2	12,276.95	23.28	14,466.10	25.15
Top 5	21,933.20	41.59	25,070.76	43.59
Top 10	27,997.04	53.09	30,594.79	53.20

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*

Our key customers primarily include state beverage corporations, wholesalers and distributors any change in our relationship with such key customers could impact our business and lead to a reduction in our sales volumes. For instance, under the open market distribution channel, depending on the state excise policy, new licenses are allotted each year. In some instances, this results in a change in customers for our business. While such changes in our customers have not had a material impact on our operations in the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, there can be no assurance any such changes in our customers in future will not have a material impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Under the terms of our agreements with state beverage corporations we are required to furnish a security deposit as mandated by the state beverage corporation and indemnify the state beverage corporations for any payments that we are liable to make. Orders placed by state beverage corporations may be cancelled and our deposit may be forfeited on the occurrence of certain events or instances. There is no assurance that our key customers will continue to place similar orders with us in the future. We are also required to comply with additional requirements of procuring QR coded security holograms from specified agencies. The agreements also stipulate adherence to specific quality standards and our products may be rejected by the state beverage corporation in the event our products do not conform to the prescribed quality standards. The agreements also set out the manner in which we are required to make available our facilities for inspection and the manner in which delivery of our products to depots is to be undertaken.

There was a decrease in revenue from contracts with customers – Sale of goods (IMFL) to ₹ 69,609.91 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 70,536.28 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of change in the excise policy in the state of West Bengal, under which a major portion of the responsibility to collect excise duty was shifted to the wholesaler from the manufacturer. The loss of any one or more of our key customers for any reason including on account non-renewal or delay in renewal of our contracts and disputes could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We may also be impacted on account of adverse changes in the financial condition of private wholesalers and distributors on account of bankruptcy or liquidation or other financial hardship, merger or decline in their sales, reduced or delayed product requirements, labour strikes or other work stoppages. The deterioration of financial condition or business prospects of these customers could reduce their requirement of our products and result in a significant decrease in the revenues we derive from these customers. Therefore, there can be no assurance that we

will not lose all or a portion of sales to these key customers, or that we will be able to offset any reduction of prices to these customers with reductions in our costs or by obtaining new customers. In the event of loss of one or more of our customers on whom we are dependent on for the sale of our products, there can be no assurance you that we may be able to offset such loss of business by entering into contracts with new customers or our existing customers.

22. Our inability to handle risks associated with our export sales could negatively affect our sales to customers in foreign countries.

A portion of our revenue is generated from the export of our products to 14 countries as of December 31, 2023. For further information, see "*Our Business - Exports*" on page 257.

The table below provides details of our revenue from operations from markets outside India in the years indicated therein:

Geographical market	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Net Revenue from Operations (%)
Outside India	1,335.53	5.69	1,707.93	6.36	1,299.66	4.13

The table below provides details of our revenue from operations from markets outside India in the periods indicated therein:

Geographical market	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Net Revenue from Operations (%)
Outside India	876.23	3.69	1,311.78	5.12

Our exports are subject to, among other risks and uncertainties, the following:

- demand for our products by our customers located outside India;
- social, economic, political, geopolitical conditions and adverse weather conditions, such as prohibition, natural disasters, epidemic, civil disturbance, terrorist attacks, war or other military action would affect our business and operations. For example, such a disruption may prevent us from production or delivery of our products to our customers;
- compliance with local laws, including legal constraints on ownership and corporate structure, environmental, health, safety, labour and accounting laws, may impose onerous. If we are unable to comply with such laws, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected;
- changes in foreign laws, regulations and policies, including restrictions on trade, import and export license requirements, and tariffs and taxes, intellectual property enforcement issues and changes in foreign trade and investment policies, may affect our ability to both operate and the way in which we manage our business in the countries in which we operate; and

fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates against the Indian Rupee, may affect our results of operations, the value of our foreign assets, such as export receivables and various investments, the relative prices at which we and our competitors sell products in the same markets and the cost of certain inventory and non-inventory items required for our operations. For instance, fluctuation of the Euro and US Dollar would have an impact on the export revenues and profits of our operations. While there have not been any instances during the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023,where fluctuation in foreign currency fluctuation had an impact on our business, there can be no assurance that such instances will not occur in future.

23. We have incurred indebtedness and have also breached certain covenants in our financing agreement. An inability to comply with repayment and other covenants or any future breaches in our financing agreements could adversely affect our business and financial condition. In addition, certain of our financing agreements involve variable interest rates and an increase in interest rates may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

The alcohol industry is working capital intensive in nature, and we fund a large part of our operations through financing from banks and others*. As of March 31, 2024, we had total financial indebtedness of ₹ 8,345.81 million. The table below provides details of our borrowings availed from banks and others* as of March 31, 2024:

Nature of Financing	Amount availed as of March 31, 2024	As a percentage of total borrowings (%)
Loans availed from banks	7,232.23	86.66%
Loans availed from others, which includes	1,113.59	13.34%
• *Loans availed from Directors*	71.35	0.85%
• *Loan availed from group Companies*	-	-
• *Other Financial Institutions*	1,004.25	12.03%
• *Other Body Corporate*	37.99	0.46%
Total	**8,345.81**	**100.00%**

For further information on our secured borrowings, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 484.

The table below provides details of our debt to equity ratio and debt service coverage ratio for the periods/years indicated:

Particulars	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2023	For the nine months ended December 31, 2022	For the nine months ended December 31, 2023
Debt to Equity Ratio[(1)] (number of times)	2.50	2.10	1.92	1.95	1.95
Debt Service Coverage Ratio[(2)] (number of times)	0.87	0.89	1.05	1.03	1.06

Note:

(1) Debt to Equity Ratio is calculated as total debt divided by total shareholders' equity.

(2) Debt Service Coverage Ratio is calculated as earnings for debt service divided by debt service.

The actual amount and timing of our future capital requirements may also differ from estimates as a result of, among other things, change in business plans due to prevailing economic conditions, unanticipated expenses, new consumption themes or products, and regulatory changes. To the extent our planned expenditure requirements exceed our available resources, we will be required to seek additional debt or equity financing. We may also have difficulty accessing capital markets, which may make it more difficult or expensive to obtain financing in the future.

Moreover, certain of our loan documents contain provisions that may limit our ability to alter our capital structure and shareholding pattern, incur future debt or raise additional equity, undertake new projects or expansion or investment activities, change the composition of our board of directors and key managerial personnel, incur future debt, make certain payments or take certain actions. In addition, the availability of borrowed funds for our business may be greatly reduced, and lenders may require us to invest increased amounts of funds in a certain project or require increased security coverage in connection with both new loans and the extension of facilities under existing loans. While we have obtained consents from all our lenders in connection with the Offer, we cannot assure you that consents will not be revoked by them prior to the completion of the Offer. We may not be successful in obtaining these additional funds in a timely manner, or on favourable terms or at all. Without sufficient funding/liquidity, we may not be able to acquire additional land or develop additional projects, which would adversely affect our results of operations. If we do not have access to additional capital, we may be required to delay, postpone or abandon some or all of our projects or reduce capital expenditures and the size of our operations, any of which may adversely affect our business, financial conditions and results of operations.

Our financing agreements generally include various conditions and covenants that require us to obtain lender consents prior to carrying out certain activities and entering into certain transactions such as (i) changing the capital structure of our Company; (ii) amending the constitutional documents of our Company;(iii) undertaking new projects or expansion activities, including through mergers and restructuring; (iv) paying any commission, brokerage or fees to its promoters/directors/guarantors/security providers; (v) making any repayment of loans and deposits and discharge other liabilities; (vi) making any change in the management set-up, or composition of its board of directors and key managerial personnel; and (vii) approaching capital markets for mobilizing additional resources either in the form of debt or equity. Our financing agreements also generally contain financial covenants that require us to maintain, among others, specified debt-to-equity ratios. These covenants vary depending on the requirements of the financial institution extending the loan and the conditions negotiated under each financing document, and may restrict or delay certain actions or initiatives that we may propose to take from time to time. Further, while we have obtained all requisite lender consents in relation to the Offer, our Company was unable to fulfil certain conditions as mentioned in the respective working capital consortium agreement/sanction letters with respect to facilities availed from Axis Bank Limited, IDFC First Bank and Yes Bank Limited, where there was a breach of certain covenants for Fiscal 2020 and 2021. Axis Bank Limited IDFC First Bank and Yes Bank Limited have waived / condoned the breach. Further, there was an overdue on repayment of certain facilities from Yes Bank Limited, the maximum overdue amount being ₹ 830.20 million and ₹ 250 million, respectively as mentioned in their letters dated May 26, 2022 and November 10, 2022, however, as per the letters dated May 26, 2022 and November 10, 2022 from Yes Bank Limited, the amount overdue has been paid and that the rectification has been accepted, making the account standard. The said overdue amount was on account of non-renewal of the facility by Yes Bank Limited, and the delay was subsequently condoned. We have not incurred any penalty owing to such delayed payment. As on December 31, 2023, there is no amount overdue toYes Bank Limited and any other lender.

We are susceptible to changes in interest rates and the risks arising therefrom. Certain of our financing agreements provide for interest at variable rates with a provision for the periodic resetting of interest rates. As of March 31, 2024, we had total financial indebtedness of ₹ 8,345.81 million which are susceptible of variable interest rate. Further, under certain of our financing agreements, the lenders are entitled to charge the applicable rate of interest, which is a combination of a base rate/MCLR rate that depends upon the policies of the RBI and a contractually agreed spread, and in the event of an adverse change in our Company's credit risk rating. Also see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 484 for a description of interest payable under our financing agreements. Further, in recent years, the GoI has taken measures to control inflation, which included tightening the monetary policy by raising interest rates. As such, any increase in interest rates may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows, and financial condition.

24. Our Statutory Auditors have included certain emphasis of matters in their examination report and have included certain observations in our Restated Consolidated Financial Statements as required under the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2016.

Nine months ended December 31, 2023

"*We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 48 (xxii) to the accompanying special purpose interim consolidated financial statements wherein it is stated that during the period ended December 31, 2023, one of the customer, Canteen Stores Department (CSD) had raised a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 339.87 million on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to CSD during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.*"

Nine months ended December 31, 2022

"*We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 66 (b) to the accompanying special purpose interim consolidated financial statements wherein it is stated that subsequent to period ended 31 December 2022, i.e., on 11 December 2023, one of the customer, Canteen Stores Department (CSD) had raised a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 339.87 million on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to CSD during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.*"

Fiscal 2021

"*Recoverability of dues receivable from a customer*

We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 48 (n) to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Holding Company is in the process of recovering dues receivable from a customer – Canteen Stores Department, amounting to Rs. 340.30 million as at 31 March 2021, which have been withheld by the customer

pursuant to a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 366.14 million raised on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to the customer during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter."

The opinion of our Statutory Auditors is not modified in respect of these matters. There can be no assurance that any similar emphasis of matters will not form part of our financial statements for the future fiscal periods, which could subject us to additional liabilities due to which our reputation and financial condition may be adversely affected.

In addition, our Statutory Auditors have included a statement on certain matters specified in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2016, as amended ("**CARO**"), in their reports included as an annexure to the auditor's report on our audited financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021, 2022 and 2023. These do not require any corrective adjustments to the Restated Consolidated Financial Information. These observations include statutory dues which have not been deposited and delays in repayment of loans. For further information, see "*Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 62 – Non-adjusting items*" on page 426.

25. Cost and availability of borrowings depends on our credit ratings and there have been credit ratings downgrades in the past. Any similar revision or change in our credit ratings could increase borrowing costs, which could in turn adversely affect our interest rates, our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

The cost and availability of our capital depends on our credit ratings. The table below provides details of our credit ratings in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023:

Financial Year	Agency	Date of Credit rating	Credit Rating
Fiscal 2023	India Ratings	May 17, 2023	IND BBB+ Rating watch with negative implication
Fiscal 2022	India Ratings	November 18, 2022	IND BBB+ RWE with evolving implications
Fiscal 2021	India Ratings	August 20, 2021	IND BBB+ Outlook Positive

Further, pursuant to a letter dated May 22, 2024, India Ratings has revised and upgraded the ratings to IND BBB+ Rating with developing implication for Fiscal 2024 from negative implications.

There have been instances where our credit ratings have been downgraded in the past. For instance, India Ratings had downgraded our Company's credit ratings from Ind A- to Ind BBB+/Stable ratings in 2019, for the reasons mentioned in its report dated February 28, 2019, such as stretched credit metrices and delays in deleveraging and leverage levels sustaining above 4.0x in Fiscal 2018. Subsequently on August 20, 2021, India Ratings revised the outlook from stable to positive, while reaffirming its rating at Ind BBB+, owing to infusion from promoter(s) to support liquidity and improve capital structure. Thereafter, on November 18, 2022, India Ratings has reaffirmed its rating at Ind BBB+/RWE. On May 17, 2023, India Ratings has revised the Rating Watch on the Company's long-term issuer rating of IND BBB+ to Negative Implications from Evolving Implications. While our credit ratings have not been downgraded on account of overdue payments to banks in the past, however, any similar revision or change in our credit ratings could increase borrowing costs, result in an event of default under our financing arrangements and adversely affect our access to capital and debt markets, which could in turn adversely affect our interest margins, our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

26. We are exposed to risks associated with participating in tenders issued by public sector undertakings that could materially and adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

In order for us to sell our products, we have to periodically participate in 'tenders' issued by relevant state beverage corporations for procurement of alcoholic beverages for supply by such state beverage corporations. As part of these 'tenders', we are typically required to indicate the price at which we intend to supply products to the state beverage corporations and volume of products to be supplied by such manufacturer to the relevant state beverage corporations.

The table below sets forth certain details regarding the distribution of our products based on various channels for the years indicated:

Channel	Fiscal								
	2021			2022			2023		
	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts * (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts * (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts * (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Open Market	11.15	28,595.97	45.40	12.28	32,250.02	45.72	14.41	36,795.49	52.86
Part (Wholesale) Corporation Market	13.85	33,884.61	53.79	15.33	37,402.16	53.03	13.84	26,876.48	38.61
Full (Wholesale and Retail) Corporation Market	0.52	508.75	0.81	0.79	884.10	1.25	3.99	5,937.94	8.53
Revenue from contracts with customer- Sale of goods (IMFL)	**25.52**	**62,989.33**	**100.00**	**28.40**	**70,536.28**	**100.00**	**32.24**	**69,609.91**	**100.00**

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*

The table below sets forth certain details regarding the distribution of our products based on various channels for the periods indicated:

Channel	Nine months ended December 31, 2022			Nine months ended December 31, 2023		
	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Open Market	10.91	28,307.34	53.68	11.26	30,089.83	52.32
Part (Wholesale) Corporation Market	10.40	20,066.30	38.05	11.02	22,875.52	39.77
Full (Wholesale and Retail) Corporation Market	3.18	4,359.12	8.27	2.31	4,547.63	7.91
Revenue from contracts with customer- Sale of goods (IMFL)	**24.49**	**52,732.76**	**100.00**	**24.59**	**57,512.98**	**100.00**

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*

Following these 'tenders', we enter into agreements with such state beverage corporations for a fixed term and such agreements are typically valid for a period of one year and in certain instances for a period longer than one year. We are also required to comply with the terms of our agreements with state beverage corporations. Certain of these terms include:

- Supply only based on orders placed by the state beverage corporation;
- Cancellation or termination of orders on account of specified conditions leading to forfeiture of deposit paid;
- Transit losses are required to be borne by the manufacturer;

- Adherence to specific quality standards and rejection of goods for non-adherence to such standards. Further the goods may also be destroyed and we may be liable to pay such amounts as determined by the state beverage corporation;
- The state beverage corporation may require us to advance in full or in part the excise duty payable;
- Payments from state beverage corporation will be received following disposal of the products by the state beverage corporation; and
- If stock of our products held by the state beverage corporation is not disposed with a certain period, we are also liable to pay 'inactive stock penalty' at the prescribed rate.

Accordingly, we may not be able to comply with the terms of the agreements which could result in a termination of the agreement, which in turn could adversely impact of business, financial condition and results of operations. Further, payments from state beverage corporations may be subject to delays, due to regulatory scrutiny and procedural formalities. For instance, we received a debit memorandum from a certain customer in Fiscal 2022 on account of differential trade rate relating to the period from March 1, 2012 to October 31, 2017. The aggregate amount receivable from the said customer on account of the debit memorandum was ₹ 340.30 million as of March 31, 2021. We were required to write-off an amount of ₹ 87.49 million as bad debts in Fiscal 2022. We have also received a show cause notice from a customer for an amount of ₹ 85.77 million on account of differential trade rate relating to the period from October 2014 to December 2020. We have submitted the explanation and necessary documents demanded by the customer in response to the show cause notice and the customer has asked further details on this matter from us to which we have submitted our response on May 30, 2024. To the extent that payments by state beverage corporations to us are delayed, our cash flows may be impacted. In addition, certain government entities may be subject to audits by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, and following completion of such audits, we may be subject to certain liabilities and penalties that may be imposed for any variation in products supplied to these entities or otherwise. In the event there are any delays in issuing of 'tenders' for procurement, our business, prospects and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

27. We have not included certain historical licensed capacity and capacity utilization of our exclusive bottling facilities for Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and our non-exclusive bottling facilities for Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023.

In this Prospectus, we have presented licensed capacity and corresponding capacity utilization information for only (i) all bottling facilities owned and operated by us in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023; and (ii) six third-party bottling facilities for which we have entered into exclusive bottling arrangements with respect to the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and five third-party bottling facilities for which we have entered into exclusive bottling arrangements with respect to the nine months ended December 31, 2023. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, we had entered into exclusive bottling arrangements with various third-party bottling facilities which arrangements were not renewed in subsequent fiscal years. We are therefore unable to present the licensed capacity, and capacity utilization information with respect to such third-party bottling facilities with which we had entered into exclusive bottling arrangements in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023. In addition, depending on our business requirements, we enter into non-exclusive bottling arrangements with various third-party bottling facilities which arrangements may be short term in nature and may not be renewed in subsequent fiscal years. Under such non-exclusive arrangements, we do not have access to exclusive use of the licensed capacity of the facility and other producers may also use such bottling facilities for bottling of their products. We are therefore unable to present information relating to the licensed capacity of and capacity utilization achieved at these non-exclusive facilities. Investors are cautioned against placing undue reliance on our licensed capacity or historical capacity utilization information included in this Prospectus. For further information, see "*Our Business – Business Operations – Capacity and Capacity Utilisation*" on page 248.

28. Inadequate or interrupted supply and price fluctuation of our raw materials and packaging materials could adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows, profitability and financial condition.

The quantity we are able to distil and bottle, and the cost of our products are dependent on our ability to source raw materials and packaging materials at competitive or acceptable prices, and maintain a stable and sufficient supply of our major raw and packaging materials. Our key raw ingredients include grain, extra neutral alcohol, malt spirit, and scotch. We use certain materials for packaging, which includes glass bottles, plastic and aluminium caps, as well as cardboard containers (master and mono).

The table below provides details of the cost of materials consumed as percentage of total expenses for the years indicated therein:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation)(%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation)(%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation)(%)
Cost of materials consumed	13,904.44	22.48	16,349.72	23.35	19,956.87	28.84

The table below provides details of the cost of materials consumed as percentage of total expenses for the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation)(%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation)(%)
Cost of materials consumed	15,334.50	29.19	16,363.29	28.56

ENA, the primary raw material that we use is subject to price volatility and unavailability caused by external conditions such as availability of grain and government interventions like allocation for fuel blending, commodity price fluctuations within India and globally, weather conditions, supply and demand dynamics, logistics and processing costs, our bargaining power with the suppliers, inflation and governmental regulations and policies. We manufacture ENA in our distillery in Telangana which is primarily used for inhouse consumption. Further, we source a portion of our ENA requirements from across India, including Maharashtra, West Bengal and Rajasthan, amongst other States. We are required to pay import duty when we procure ENA from States other than where our facilities are located.

The table below provides details of the cost of extra neutral alcohol as percentage of total cost of material consumed for the years indicated therein:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total cost of material consumed (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total cost of material consumed (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total cost of material consumed (%)
Cost of extra neutral alcohol	5,454.99	39.23	5,904.29	36.11	7,711.62	38.64

The table below provides details of the cost of materials consumed as percentage of total expenses for the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total cost of material consumed (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total cost of material consumed (%)
Cost of extra neutral alcohol	5,815.89	37.92	6,092.23	37.23

Climatic conditions such as unseasonal rain, changing monsoon conditions and the drastic and sudden peaks of temperatures within the same season that have characterized the last few years in India, can significantly damage harvests and affect the cultivation of grain. As a result of these changes in climate, there is a risk that we may not be able to obtain adequate supply of grain required to manufacture ENA for our business operations. Furthermore, the unavailability of raw materials can also be caused by other conditions, such as pandemics, seasonality, inflation

and general economic and political conditions, civil disruptions in the region, or changes in the policies of the state or local government of the region or the Government of India, including restrictions by relevant state government on selling of ENA outside that particular, could lead to significant business disruption and require us to incur significant capital expenditure, change our business structure or strategy, which could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. While we maintain safety / buffer stock of certain raw materials and ENA, there have been instances of delay in procurement of raw materials including ENA in the past which led to a delay in execution of certain orders. However, such delays did not result in a cancellation of any order and did not have a material impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations. There can be no assurance that similar instances in future will not lead to a cancellation of orders or have an adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We have, in the past, experienced an increase in the price of our raw materials and packaging materials due to commodity price fluctuations and as such, commodity price increases in future may result in unexpected increases in prices of our raw material and packaging material. If we are unable to manage these adverse cost impacts or unable to increase the prices of our products to offset such increased costs, our margins, cash flows and overall profitability and financial condition may be adversely affected.

Our business is also dependent on suppliers of our raw and packing materials. We enter into long term supply arrangements for certain of our raw materials, *i.e.*, arrangements which are valid for more than six months. The table below provides details of total purchases from our top 10 suppliers as a percentage of cost of material consumed in the fiscals indicated:

Vendor Concentration	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Cost of Materials Consumed (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Cost of Materials Consumed (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Cost of Materials Consumed (%)
Top 10	4,151.87	29.86	5,297.46	32.40	6,721.35	33.68

The table below provides details of total purchases from our top 10 suppliers as a percentage of cost of material consumed for the periods indicated:

Vendor Concentration	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Cost of Materials Consumed (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Cost of Materials Consumed (%)
Top 10	4,739.25	30.91	5,552.99	33.94

If any of key suppliers of our raw materials fails for any reason to deliver in a timely manner or at all, it may affect our ability to manage our inventory levels, produce relevant products, and supply our products. In addition, we do not have formal arrangements to purchase some of our packaging materials with suppliers. While there is no conflict of interest among the suppliers of raw materials and third party service providers (crucial for operations of the Company) and our Company, Promoters, Promoter Group, Key Managerial Personnel, Directors, Subsidiaries and their directors and Group Companies and their directors, however, we cannot assure you that this may not be the case going forward. If our suppliers for any particular packaging materials are unable or unwilling to meet our requirements or our estimates fall short of the demand, we could suffer shortages or cost increases. This may also result in an increase in our procurement costs which we may or may not be able to pass on to our customers. Further, there can be no assurance that we will be able to effectively manage relationships with our exisitng or new suppliers or that we will be able to enter into arrangemnets with new suppliers at attractive terms or at all. While there have been no instances where we were unable to manage reslationships with our existing suppliers during the last three Fiscals and nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, however we cannot assure you that such instances will not happen going forward. If we fail to successfully leverage our existing and new relationships with suppliers, our business and financial performance could be adversely affected.

29. A significant portion of our sales are to various state-Government controlled agencies which contributed 54.06%, 54.28%, 47.14%, 46.32% and 47.68% of our total revenue from contracts with customer – sale of goods (IMFL) in Fiscal 2021, 2022, 2023 and nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, respectively. An inability to expand or effectively manage, or any disruptions in our relationship with state government controlled agencies may have an adverse effect on our business prospects and financial performance.

A significant portion of our sales are to various state-Government controlled agencies. Our business is significantly dependent on our customer network who distribute our products to end retailers.

The table below provides details of sales to various state Government controlled agencies in the years indicated therein:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total revenue from contracts with customer – sale of goods (IMFL)(%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total revenue from contracts with customer – sale of goods (IMFL)(%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total revenue from contracts with customer – sale of goods (IMFL)(%)
Sales to various state Government controlled agencies	34,393.36	54.60	38,286.26	54.28	32,814.42	47.14

The table below provides details of sales to various state Government controlled agencies in the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total revenue from contracts with customer – sale of goods (IMFL)(%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total revenue from contracts with customer – sale of goods (IMFL)(%)
Sales to various state Government controlled agencies	24,425.42	46.32	27,423.15	47.68

Accordingly, we are subject to the regulation by various state governments in India in the states where we maintain our operations. The distribution network for our products is controlled by the relevant State or Union Territory government in some of the States and Union Territories in which we operate. For further information in relation to region wise split of our distribution network, see "*Our Business*" on page 226.

Our ability to produce, transport, and sell our products is critical to our success. Any damage or disruption to our supply chain, including transportation and distribution capabilities, due to weather, natural disaster, fire or explosion, terrorism, pandemics, strikes, government action, or other reasons beyond our control or the control of our customers, could impair our ability to produce or sell our products. Failure to take adequate steps to mitigate the likelihood or potential impact of such events or to effectively manage such events if they occur could adversely affect our business or financial results.

Further, impact of COVID-19 led to opening of e-commerce and home delivery for alco beverages in India. In May 2020, some states in India launched e-commerce trials for the first time in response to overcrowding in liquor stores, which followed the relaxation of the country's lockdown measures. Maharashtra, Punjab, West Bengal, and Chhattisgarh were the first adopters, with several other states later following the process. The two popular models of e-commerce being tried in India is supply through an aggregator who can pick stocks from retailers or direct supply from retailer to the customer. Further, some states are also allowing third-party operators to deliver alcohol. (*Source: Technopak Report*) In the event these policies are amended to allow e-commerce and home delivery of alcohol straight from the manufacturers to distributors and end customer, we may have to enter into new agreements with distributors and have to further acquire or lease additional warehouse which may have an adverse impact on our cash flows. Further, However, e-commerce of alcoholic beverages and home delivery may be a temporary measure in order to ensure alcohol sales volume and related excise revenues can be maintained by state governments. In the absence of any formal regulations, there is no assurance that such distribution channel would be available in the future.

30. Any reduction or elimination of import duty imposed on international spirits in the future may lead to reduction in demand for our products leading to loss of sales, and adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

The Indian western spirits market includes IMFL and a small, imported spirits market which includes bottled in origin (in both blended as well as single malt) whisky and bottled in India. Currently, any import of alco-beverages including whisky is liable to pay customs duty of 150%. This is applicable on finished products like scotch whisky bottled in country of origin or bulk scotch whisky imported for bottling in India as well as intermediate products like undenatured ethyl alcohol which may be used for blending with production in India. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

The GoI has entered into and continues to negotiate free-trade agreements with countries like Australia and the UK, which propose to reduce or have substantially reduced import duties on international spirits and intermediate products for bottling of spirits in India. As we import bulk scotch whisky for blending and bottling in India, a decrease in or elimination of import rates for the same and intermediate products will help us and other industry players to reduce cost of production and subsequently help us reduce cost of our products. These free trade agreements also propose to provide Indian exports concessional duty access, thus permitting liberalized international trade in spirits manufactured in India.

However, we also compete with the international brands in the imported spirits market that are subject to various import duties and custom tariffs as imposed by the GoI. A decrease in or elimination of import rate may not only cause new multinational companies to compete against us but also provide an opportunity to bring more competitive product offering by the incumbent multinational competitors enabling them to reduce the price of their products, which may have higher appeal to the consumers and cause a negative effect on the demand of our products, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

31. Restrictions on advertising of alcoholic beverage products in India limits our ability to advertise our products.

The Indian alcoholic beverage industry faces restrictions on advertising of alcoholic beverages and brand promotion. These restrictions and limitations relate to television, print and multimedia advertising of alcoholic beverages. These restrictions are on account of public concern over issues relating to alcohol abuse, health consequences, underage drinking and driving while under the influence of alcohol. For further information, see "*Key Regulations and Policies*" on page 267. These limitations may inhibit or restrict our ability to maintain or increase consumer recognition and support for our brands. They may also limit our Company's ability to successfully launch new products or brands. Due to the extremely competitive nature of the industry in which we operate and the challenging norms on advertising, further enhancing the popularity of our brands may require us to make a substantial investment, including market penetration, and increase our marketing, advertising and business promotion expenses.

The table below provides details of our sales and business promotion expenses in the years indicated therein:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total Net Revenue from Operations (%)
Sales and Business Promotion expense	906.63	3.86	938.56	3.49	1,304.02	4.14

The table below provides details of our sales and business promotion expenses in the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total Net Revenue from Operations (%)
Sales and Business Promotion expense	1,070.14	4.50	942.45	3.68

As our business expands into new markets and regions and as the industry in which we operate becomes increasingly competitive, maintaining and enhancing the image of our brands may become increasingly difficult and expensive. In addition, limitation on the form of advertisement that we are able to undertake may also result in an increase of our advertising expenses. An inability to enhance the visibility of our brand may adversely impact consumer goodwill and brand recall, and consequently our business prospects and financial performance. Further these laws are also subject to further changes and clarifications which may require us to redirect our resources to assess impact. For example, on June 9, 2022, Central Consumer Protection Authority released certain guidelines which restricted surrogate advertisements for restricted products subject to certain exceptions. As per the guidelines, no indirect advertisement shall be made for goods or services whose advertising is prohibited or restricted by law, by circumventing such prohibition or restriction and portraying it to be an advertisement for other goods or services. Our Company received notices dated August 4, 2022, and October 12, 2022 (collectively, "**the Notices**") from the Commissioner of Central Consumer Protection Authority ("**CCPA**"), whereby it was observed that our Company has been advertising "Sterling Reserve" in which a visual label is seen on the screen which reads "Sterling Reserve" and the words "Packaged Drinking Water" are written on the label in very fine print. Our Company has responded to the Notices by way of letters dated August 25, 2022 and November 14, 2022 (collectively "**the Responses**"), submitting that our Company is not in violation of any rules, regulations or guidelines. Further, the CCPA has by way of a letter dated June 20, 2023 ("**Letter**") directed our Company to share certain documents based on our Responses. Our Company has by way of letters dated July 5, 2023 and July 19, 2023 (collectively, "**Reponses No. 2**") responded to the Letter and shared the requisite documents. Pursuant to our Responses No. 2, our Company has not received any communications from the CCPA. For further information, see "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments - Actions by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Company*" on page 490. While as on the date of this Prospectus, we do not believe there is any impact, we cannot assure you that there will not be any clarification that could adversely affect our advertising strategy.

32. Our Company, Subsidiaries, Directors, and Promoters are or may be involved in certain legal and regulatory proceedings. Any adverse decision in such proceedings may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

There are outstanding legal and regulatory proceedings involving our Company, Subsidiaries, Directors, and Promoters which are pending at different levels of adjudication before various courts, tribunals and other authorities. Such proceedings could divert the management's time and attention and consume financial resources in their defence or prosecution. The amounts claimed in these proceedings have been disclosed to the extent that such amounts are ascertainable and quantifiable and include amounts claimed jointly and severally, as applicable. Any unfavourable decision in connection with such proceedings, individually or in the aggregate, could adversely affect our reputation, business, financial condition and results of operations. The summary of such outstanding material legal and regulatory proceedings as on the date of this Prospectus is set out below:

Name of entity	Criminal proceedings	Tax proceedings ^@	Statutory or regulatory proceedings	Disciplinary actions by the SEBI or Stock Exchanges against our Promoters	Material civil litigations	Aggregate amount involved (₹ in million)*
Company						
By the Company	39	Nil	Nil	NA	7	685.16
Against the Company	1	72	58		Nil#	1,959.52
Directors						
By our Directors	Nil	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	-
Against the Directors	2	Nil	2		Nil	2.50
Promoters						
By Promoters	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	-
Against Promoters	1	Nil	1		Nil	0.8
Subsidiaries						
By Subsidiaries	15	Nil	Nil	NA	1	54.40
Against Subsidiaries	Nil	21	Nil		Nil	0.52
Group Companies						
Litigations having a material adverse impact on the Company	Nil	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	-

**To the extent quantifiable.*

#There is a commercial miscellaneous petition bearing no. 481 of 2022 filed by Neeraj Khanna Trading as Ganesha Enterprises against our Company for removal and rectification of trademark no. 3577569 for  *from the register of trademarks under sections 47, 57 and 125 of the Trademark Act, which is pending before the Bombay High Court. However the case is in pre-admission stage and no notice has been served on us by any statutory or regulatory authority or Court.*

*^ Our Company has been in receipt of summons from the Directorate General of GST ("**Authority**") requesting information and documents with respect to certain ongoing enquiry carried out by the Authority. Considering that no demand has been made or show cause notice has been issued by the Authority, the said notice does not form a part of the tax litigation and the amount involved if any in such investigations is not yet quantifiable as of the date of this Prospectus.*

*@ Our Company has received notices under section 153C & 142 (1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, ("**Authority**") (in conjunction with an ongoing investigation against one of our Company's customer). Considering the assessment proceedings are ongoing by the Authority and no demand or order has been passed to date, the said notices does not form a part of the tax litigation and the amount involved if any in such investigations is not yet quantifiable as of the date of this Prospectus.*

We cannot assure you that any of these on-going matters will be settled in favour of our Company, Subsidiaries Promoters, or Directors, respectively, or that no additional liability will arise out of these proceedings. For example, SEBI has in the past taken action against one of our promoters, Mr. Kishore Chhabria for non-compliance with listing agreement and applicable Takeover Regulations and the matter was eventually settled by way of Supreme Court order dated March 7, 2005. Further, a non-bailable warrant has been issued against our Director, Shekhar Ramamurthy, on October 17, 2022, and the matter is currently pending before the Additional Chief Judicial Magistrate -III, Lucknow. For further details see "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments - Outstanding criminal litigation involving our Directors*" on page 502.

33. Demand for our products may be adversely affected by changes in consumer preferences and any significant reduction in demand could adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

We operate in the highly competitive alco-beverage industry and rely on the continued demand for alcohol products. In order to maintain and increase revenues and profitability, we are required to continuously address market trends and consumer preferences and produce and sell alcoholic beverages that appeal to consumers. Consumer preferences may evolve due to a variety of factors, including consumer concerns or health perceptions relating to alcoholic beverages; the packaging materials we use, or changes in packaging or consumption size; any change in consumption patterns, religious perceptions about alcohol consumption; any changes in weather patterns or seasonal consumption cycles; any negative publicity resulting from regulatory action, litigation against us or other companies in our industry or negative or inaccurate posts or comments in the media, including social media, about us, our products or advertising campaigns and marketing programs; consumer perception of social media posts or other information disseminated by us or our employees, agents, customers, suppliers, bottlers, distributors, or other third parties; any downturn in macroeconomic conditions; unemployment; reduction in disposable income; and taxes or other restrictions imposed on our products. Changes in consumer preferences may reduce consumers' willingness to purchase certain of our products and adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition. If our competitors are able to better respond to changing consumer preferences, we may not be able to maintain our competitive position in the alcohol beverage industry.

Our success depends on our ability to anticipate and effectively respond to shifts in consumer trends, including convenience and availability of the products consumed, the quality of our products, ability to improve production and packaging of our beverages, and our ability to respond to competitive pricing pressures. If we are unable to anticipate the changing tastes and preferences of consumers at an early stage, we may not be able to introduce products that meet our consumers' demand. In addition, acceptance of our products and by consumers may not be as high as we anticipate. Furthermore, our products may fail to appeal to the consumers, either in terms of taste or price. We are also subject to the preferences of consumers in various regions where our consumers are located, including in relation to the quantity, quality, characteristics and variety of our products. The quality and characteristics of our products are also subject to government policies of various regions where our products are sold, and such government policies may change from time to time. In the event of a significant change in consumer preferences or in the event of an inability on our part to anticipate or react to such changes, it could result in reduced demand for our products and erosion of our competitive position and goodwill and could adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

34. As on December 31, 2023, we have one satellite finished goods warehouse located in Delhi and our Subsidiary, Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("Sarthak"), has 10 satellite warehouses in the state of Uttarakhand, and any adverse development affecting such regions may have an adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition and results of operations.

As of December 31, 2023, we have one satellite finished goods warehouse located in Delhi and our Subsidiary, Sarthak, has 10 satellite warehouses located in the state of Uttarakhand to store our IMFL products, closer to our customers to reduce freight and forwarding expenses. These warehouses are directly under the control of our Subsidiary, Sarthak, under the supervision of the relevant state excise officials based on the respective state government excise policy, we have to store finished goods in warehouses from where these goods are billed to the customers. We may, in the future, purchase / operate / acquire more warehouses depending on the respective state government's excise policy. Any materially adverse social, political or economic development, natural calamities, civil disruptions, or changes in the policies of the state or local governments in the regions where we operate or may in the future purchase / operate / acquire warehouses, could adversely affect operations at our warehouses. Natural disasters such as earthquakes, extreme climatic or weather conditions such as floods or droughts, or diseases heightened or particular to the region, may adversely impact the supply of products and local transportation. While there have not been any instances or events in the past three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 that have had an adverse impact on our warehouses, there can no assurance that there will not be any such instances in future that could have an adverse impact on our warehouses. Further, we currently maintain insurance coverage for our warehouses. This includes insurance against fire, theft, natural calamities and terrorism.

Any such adverse development affecting continuing operations at our warehouses could result in significant loss from inability to meet inventory schedules and service sales orders appropriately, which could materially affect our business reputation within the industry. Should our supply of products be disrupted, we may not be able to procure an alternate source of supply of products in time to meet the demands of our customers, or we may not be able to procure products of equal quality or on equally competitive terms, or at all. Such disruption to supply would materially and adversely affect our business, market share, profitability and reputation.

35. Changes in the social perception of alcohol beverage consumption or regulations related to alcohol could adversely affect our alcohol beverages business.

In recent years, there has been increased public and political attention directed at the alcohol beverage industry. This attention is a result of public concern over alcohol related problems, including drunk driving, underage drinking, peer pressure to consume alcohol and health consequences resulting from excessive consumption of alcohol beverages. Negative publicity regarding alcohol consumption, publication of studies that indicate a significant health risk from consumption of alcohol beverages, or changes in consumer perceptions in relation to alcohol beverages generally could also adversely affect the sale and consumption of our products and could harm our business, results of operations or financial condition as consumers and customers change their purchasing patterns. For example, in recent times, globally there is an emerging consumption trend wherein end users are shifting towards non-alcoholic and low-alcohol drinks due to the impact of alcohol on health and in the event there is a shift in end users focus towards zero or low alcohol alternatives in India, this may impact our business, revenue and financial condition.

In recognition of our social responsibility as a manufacturer of alcohol beverages and in order to limit the potential negative health effects, we participate in industry groups and social responsibility initiatives and follow voluntary guidelines developed for responsible consumption of our products. If despite these initiatives, regulations are enacted that are more restrictive than those that we currently expect, we could incur additional costs to comply with such regulations and this could adversely affect our business and our results of operations and financial condition. During Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and five months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, our expenses on corporate social responsibilities were ₹ 18.36 million, ₹ 3.49 million, ₹ 3.00 million, ₹ nil million and ₹ 5.18 million which represented 0.08%, 0.01%, 0.01%, nil and 0.02% of our Net Revenue from Operations, respectively

36. We are dependent on third-party transportation providers for the supply of raw materials, packaging materials and delivery of our products.

As a manufacturer of alcoholic products, our success depends on the uninterrupted supply and transportation of the various raw materials required in the manufacture of our products and of our products from distillery and bottling facilities to our customers, or intermediate delivery points such as our warehouse, that are subject to various uncertainties and risks.

We transport our local raw ingredients, packing materials and our finished products mostly by road, sea and air. We rely on third-party logistic companies and freight forwarders to deliver our raw ingredients, packaging materials and finished products.

The table below provides details of our selling and distribution expenses as a percentage of our total expenses for the years indicated:

Category	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Total Expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation) (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Total Expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation) (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Total Expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation) (%)
Selling and Distribution	747.74	1.21	1,001.78	1.43	1,152.49	1.67

The table below provides details of our selling and distribution expenses as a percentage of our total expenses for the periods indicated:

Category	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Total Expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation) (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Total Expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation) (%)
Selling and Distribution	878.75	1.67	902.27	1.57

We enter into contractual relationships with such logistic companies which is open-ended, with a stipulated notice period with rate revisions typically depending on the escalation and de-escalation of fuel prices. Transportation strikes may therefore have an adverse effect on supplies and deliveries to and from our customers and suppliers. In addition, our perishable raw ingredients, packaging materials and products may be lost or damaged in transit for various reasons including occurrence of accidents or natural disasters. There may also be delay in delivery of raw ingredients, packaging materials and products which may also affect our business and results of operation negatively. In the Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, our Company has initiated litigation proceedings, arising out breach of the supply agreement dated October 5, 2015 entered into between our Company and the supplier. These litigation proceedings are against (i) Shree Saikrupa Sugar & Allied Industries Limited and others, under section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, details of which have been disclosed under section titled "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments – A. Litigation involving our Company – Outstanding criminal litigation by our Company* " on page 490 of this Prospectus; and (ii) Rajkumar Sudamrao Dhamdhere, Managing Director of Shree Saikrupa Sugar & Allied Industries Limited, details of which have been disclosed under section titled "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments – Other pending material litigation involving our Company – Civil proceedings by our Company*" on page 498 of this Prospectus. A failure to maintain a continuous supply of raw ingredients or packaging materials or to deliver our products to our customers in an cost efficient and reliable manner could have a material and adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Any recompense received from insurers or third-party transportation providers may be insufficient to cover the cost of any delays and will not repair damage to our relationships with our affected customers. We may also be affected by an increase in fuel costs, as it will have a corresponding impact on freight charges levied by our third-party transportation providers. Further the shortage of containers to export products and import certain of our raw materials have increased our freight costs. We expect that the freight rates will continue to reach new highs and will remain above their pre-pandemic levels in the longer term. This could require us to expend considerable resources in addressing our distribution requirements, including by way of absorbing these excess freight charges to maintain our selling price, which could adversely affect our results of operations, or passing these charges on to our customers, which could adversely affect demand for our products.

37. Our distillery and bottling units are dependent on adequate and uninterrupted supply of electricity, water and fuel. Any shortage or disruption in electricity, water, or fuel supply may lead to disruption in operations, higher operating cost and consequent decline in our operating margins.

Our distillery and bottling facilities require a significant amount and continuous supply of electricity and water and any shortage or non-availability of electricity and water may adversely affect our operations. The production process of our products, as well as the storage of products at particular temperatures requires significant electricity.

The table below provides details of our power and fuel costs in the years indicated therein:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total Net Revenue from Operations (%)
Power and Fuel costs	263.67	1.12	567.82	2.11	735.43	2.34

The table below provides details of our power and fuel costs in the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of total Net Revenue from Operations (%)
Power and Fuel costs	574.30	2.42	452.92	1.77

While we source most of our electricity requirements from local utilities and our own diesel generator sets, we also require significant supply of coal for our boilers. Inadequate electricity, diesel for our generators or coal supply for our boilers could result in interruption or suspension of our production operations. In particular, any significant increase in cost of diesel/fuel could result in unanticipated increase in production cost. Certain perishable raw ingredients are also required to be stored at specific temperatures requiring uninterrupted supply of electricity. Further, we currently source our water from state and municipal corporations and local body water supply and there can be no assurance that such supply will not be adversely impacted in the future. Any failure on our part to obtain alternate sources of electricity, fuel, coal or water, in a timely manner, and at an acceptable cost, may cause a slowdown or interruption to our production process and have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

38. We may not be able to derive the desired benefits from our research and development efforts.

We place significant emphasis on research and development, in particular, to improve the quality of our products and expand our new product offerings, which we believe are factors crucial for our future growth and prospects. We have a centralized and autonomous research and development facility located at Aurangabad, Maharashtra.

The table below provides details of our research and development in the years indicated therein:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Research and Development	11.75	0.02	12.23	0.02	11.84	0.02

The table below provides details of our research and development in the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Research and Development	9.02	0.02	9.86	0.02

In the past eight years, we have developed and launched 11 products in the market and have also focussed on research and development efforts to improve and optimise the various processes and bring efficiency in packaging of our products. However, considering our experience in operating in the market in which we operate, we cannot assure you that we will be able to grow our market share in the market, or that our alcoholic products will be commercialized in accordance with customer preferences.

Further, there can be no assurance that that our future research and development projects will be successful or be completed within the anticipated time frame or budget, or that our newly developed products will achieve commercial success. Even if such products can be successfully commercialised, there is no guarantee that they will be accepted widely by the market. In addition, we cannot assure you that our existing or potential competitors will not develop products which are similar or superior to our products. It is often difficult to project the time frame for developing new products and the duration of market demand for these products and there is substantial risk that we may have to abandon a potential product that is no longer commercially viable, even after we have invested significant resources in the research and development of such product.

39. We may not successfully protect our technical know-how, which may result in the loss of our competitive advantage.

We have developed a range of technical know-how relating to the production process of our products. This knowledge base has enhanced our ability to manage our production costs and improve our product quality to compete more effectively in the industry in which we operate. Our technical know-how has been derived from the past experience of our key employees and management team as well as our research and development efforts. Certain proprietary knowledge may be leaked, either inadvertently or wilfully, at various stages of the production process. A significant number of our employees have access to confidential product information and packaging, amongst others, and there can be no assurance that this information will remain confidential. Moreover, certain of our employees may leave us and join our various competitors. Certain blending information in relation to our products is limited to select employees. Further, in our third-party contract bottling units, the core blending of the product process is directly done by our employees. Shortage of skilled employees or inadequate training to such employees by us may adversely affect our business and results of operations. For further information see "*– 27. Our business is manpower intensive. Our business may be adversely affected by work stoppages, increased wage demands by our employees, or increase in minimum wages across various states, and if we are unable to engage new employees at commercially attractive terms.*" on page 69.While we have not experienced any instances of material breaches of our technical know-how in the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we cannot assure you that such instance will not happen in the future. Further, if the technical know-how in respect of our products or business becomes available to third parties or to the public, any competitive advantage we may have over our competitors could be harmed. We currently do not license any technical know-how from third parties in respect of our operations and accordingly, we do not pay any royalty for use of any technical know-how. Further, we have currently not registered any technical know-how. If a competitor is able to reproduce or otherwise capitalize on our technology, it may be difficult, expensive or impossible for us to obtain necessary legal protection. Consequently, any leakage of confidential technical information could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows and/or prospects.

40. Our growth prospects may be harmed if we are unable to expand into the higher-priced segments of the alcoholic beverages market.

A key element of our strategy is to broaden our portfolio of brands by launching new brands to penetrate the higher-priced segments of the market, i.e., prestige (price range of products between ₹ 450 to ₹ 1,000), premium (price range of products between ₹ 1,000 to ₹ 2,000) and luxury (price range of products upwards of ₹ 2,200) segments *(Source: Technopak Report)* in which we currently do not have a material market presence in order to increase our revenues. We believe that the higher-priced market segments in India for whisky offer significant growth potential and that there has been a shift of consumer behaviour from mass premium segment whisky to these segments. Expanding our presence into these highly competitive segments will require us to invest

significantly in consumer marketing, brand promotion and sales and distribution development. While we have launched offerings in market segments priced higher than our current portfolio of products, the market share of such products is limited and they continue to be fairly nascent in their development. We also face substantial competition in these segments from international producers who may have more resources than we do. Any failure or inability on our part to successfully develop, promote and sell new brands in market segments priced higher than our current portfolio of its products in India may affect our prospects for growth, particularly if demand for these products increases and continues to erode the demand for our current portfolio of products, and could adversely affect its business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

41. Our inability to handle risks associated with our export sales could negatively affect our sales to customers in foreign countries.

A portion of our revenue is generated from the export of our products to 14 countries as of December 31, 2023. For further information, see "*Our Business - Exports*" on page 261.

The table below provides details of our revenue from operations from markets outside India in the years indicated therein:

Geographical market	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Net Revenue from Operations (%)
Outside India	1,335.53	5.69	1,707.93	6.36	1,299.66	4.13

The table below provides details of our revenue from operations from markets outside India in the periods indicated therein:

Geographical market	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Net Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Net Revenue from Operations (%)
Outside India	876.23	3.69	1,311.78	5.12

Our exports are subject to, among other risks and uncertainties, the following:

- demand for our products by our customers located outside India;
- social, economic, political, geopolitical conditions and adverse weather conditions, such as prohibition, natural disasters, epidemic, civil disturbance, terrorist attacks, war or other military action would affect our business and operations. For example, such a disruption may prevent us from production or delivery of our products to our customers;
- compliance with local laws, including legal constraints on ownership and corporate structure, environmental, health, safety, labour and accounting laws, may impose onerous. If we are unable to comply with such laws, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected;
- changes in foreign laws, regulations and policies, including restrictions on trade, import and export license requirements, and tariffs and taxes, intellectual property enforcement issues and changes in foreign trade and investment policies, may affect our ability to both operate and the way in which we manage our business in the countries in which we operate; and
- fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates against the Indian Rupee, may affect our results of operations, the value of our foreign assets, such as export receivables and various investments, the relative prices at which we and our competitors sell products in the same markets and the cost of certain inventory and non-inventory items required for our operations. For instance, fluctuation of the Euro and US Dollar would have an impact on the export revenues and profits of our operations.

42. Our business is manpower intensive. Our business may be adversely affected by work stoppages, increased wage demands by our employees, or increase in minimum wages across various states, and if we are unable to engage new employees at commercially attractive terms.

Our operations are manpower intensive and we are dependent on our production staff for a significant portion of our operations. As of December 31, 2023, we had 3,627 personnel, including professional and contract workers. The following table sets forth information on the number of our staff by department, as of December 31, 2023:

Department	Number of Personnel
Manufacturing Operations	
- Production Workers	67
- Production Inspection	124
Sales and Distribution	490
Marketing and Business Promotion	10
Quality Control	79
Accounting and Finance	90
Maintenance	9
Research and Development	7
Human Resources, Legal and Administrative	55
Information Technology	6
Contract Labour	2,690
TOTAL	**3,627**

The success of our operations depends on availability of and maintaining good relationships with our workforce. Shortage of skilled personnel or disruptions caused by disagreements with employees could have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations. Certain of our employees are unionized. Hence, it may become difficult for us to maintain flexible labour policies, which may increase our costs and adversely affect our business. We believe our employees and personnel are critical to maintain our competitive position. While we have never experienced any major disruptions in our business operations due to disputes or other problems with our work force in the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, there can be no assurance that we will not experience any such disruption in the future. Such disruptions may adversely affect our business and results of operations and may also divert the management's attention and result in increased costs.

Our success also depends on our ability to attract, hire, train and retain skilled production personnel. Our inability to recruit, train and retain suitably qualified and skilled personnel could adversely impact our reputation, business prospects and results of operations. As we expand our business network, we will need experienced manpower that has knowledge of the local market, or technical knowledge to operate machinery such that our operations can be perpetuated. We have faced increasing competition for management and skilled personnel with significant knowledge and experience in the food and beverage industry, in particular the alcohol and spirits sector in India. The attrition rate for our employees (calculated as overall exits including retired employees divided by average headcount) for Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 was 16.93%, 17.97%, 20.67%, 14.34% and 14.83%, respectively. However, we cannot assure you that attrition rates for our employees, particularly our production personnel, will not increase.

A significant increase in our employee attrition rate could also result in decreased operational efficiencies and productivity, loss of market knowledge and customer relationships, and an increase in recruitment and training costs, thereby materially and adversely affecting our business, results of operations and financial condition. We cannot assure you that we will be able to find or hire personnel with the necessary experience or expertise to operate our machinery in our existing distillery and bottling facilities or new facilities that we are proposing to be commissioned. In the event that we are unable to hire people with the necessary knowledge or expertise, our business may be severely disrupted, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected. For further details in relation to the regulations applicable to us, please see "*Key Regulations and Policies*" on page 267.

The table below provides details in relation to statutory dues and provident funds being paid for our permanent employees in the periods indicated:

Particulars	As of March 31/ For Fiscal 2021	As of March 31/ For Fiscal 2022	As of March 31/ For Fiscal 2023	For the nine months ended December 31, 2022	For the nine months ended December 31, 2023
Statutory Dues Paid (Employee State Insurance Corporation, Professional Tax and	0.77	0.77	0.88	0.61	0.69

Labour welfare fund) (in ₹ million)					
Provident Fund paid (in ₹ million)	236.35	247.80	257.94	193.10	142.01

While we are generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of provident fund, employee's state insurance, professional tax though there have been slight delays in a few cases, with the appropriate authorities.

In relation payments towards employee provident fund ("**EPF**"), there were certain delays in submitting EPF amounts with relevant authorities. For Fiscals 2021, 2022 and 2023 and the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, such undisputed amounts were ₹ nil, ₹ nil, ₹ 0.23 million, ₹ nil and ₹ nil, respectively, which have subsequently been paid by us. Apart from these instances, the payment towards EPF was deposited within the prescribed timelines as per applicable laws for all the employees.

The details of statutory dues that were paid after more than six months from the due date of payment are as follows:

Fiscal 2023:

Tripura

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount	Period to which the amount related	Due Date	Date of Payment
Tripura Value Added Tax	VAT	7.00	September 2022	31-Oct-22	31-May-23
		3.50		31-Oct-22	27-Jun-23
		5.00		31-Oct-22	27-Jun-23
		1.90		31-Oct-22	31-Jul-23
		1.50	October 2022	30-Nov-22	22-Aug-23
		3.00		30-Nov-22	24-Aug-23
		2.50		30-Nov-22	29-Aug-23
		1.00		30-Nov-22	30-Aug-23
		3.00		30-Nov-22	30-Aug-23
		1.87		30-Nov-22	31-Aug-23
		4.00	November 2022	31-Dec-22	31-Aug-23
		2.50		31-Dec-22	04-Sep-23
		2.50		31-Dec-22	05-Sep-23
		0.80		31-Dec-22	07-Sep-23
		2.30		31-Dec-22	16-Sep-23
		2.00	December 2022	31-Jan-23	30-Sep-23
		3.60		31-Jan-23	09-Oct-23
		3.51		31-Jan-23	17-Oct-23
		2.50		31-Jan-23	20-Oct-23
		2.50		31-Jan-23	21-Oct-23
		5.00		31-Jan-23	31-Oct-23
		5.00	January 2023	20-Feb-23	31-Oct-23
		3.79	January 2023	20-Feb-23	31-Oct-23
		8.71	February 2023	20-Mar-23	31-Oct-23
		9.75	February 2023	20-Mar-23	31-Oct-23
		7.00	March 2023	20-Apr-23	31-Oct-23
		2.50	March 2023	20-Apr-23	31-Oct-23
		6.50	March 2023	20-Apr-23	31-Oct-23
		13.73	March 2023	20-Apr-23	31-Oct-23
Total		**118.46**			

Rajasthan

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount	Period to which the amount related	Due Date	Date of Payment
Rajasthan	VAT	13.78	August 2023	September 3, 2023	March 5, 2024

Maharashtra

Name of the Statute	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Due Date	Date of Payment
MVAT	65.00	Apr-23	21-May-23	18-Nov-23
MVAT	65.00	Apr-23	21-May-23	18-Dec-23
MVAT	70.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	19-Jan-24
MVAT	20.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	21-Feb-24
MVAT	50.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	05-Mar-24
MVAT	5.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	01-Apr-24
MVAT	8.50	May-23	21-Jun-23	01-Apr-24
MVAT	22.50	May-23	21-Jun-23	01-Apr-24
MVAT	20.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	02-Apr-24
MVAT	14.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	02-Apr-24
MVAT	90.00	Jul-23	21-Aug-23	17-Feb-24
MVAT	13.50	Aug-23	21-Sep-23	02-Apr-24
MVAT	35.00	Aug-23	21-Sep-23	02-Apr-24
MVAT	7.50	Aug-23	21-Sep-23	03-Apr-24
MVAT	41.10	Aug-23	21-Sep-23	03-Apr-24
MVAT	20.00	Aug-23	21-Sep-23	03-Apr-24
Total	**547.10**			

Madhya Pradesh

Name of the Statute	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Due Date	Date of Payment
MP VAT	10.00	Apr-23	10-May-23	05-Mar-24
MP VAT	20.00	Apr-23	10-May-23	05-Mar-24
MP VAT	9.00	Apr-23	10-May-23	13-Mar-24
MP VAT	8.28	Apr-23	10-May-23	05-Mar-24
MP VAT	7.02	Apr-23	10-May-23	16-Mar-24
MP VAT	8.91	May-23	10-Jun-23	18-Mar-24
MP VAT	7.30	May-23	10-Jun-23	20-Mar-24
MP VAT	5.70	May-23	10-Jun-23	21-Mar-24
MP VAT	3.80	May-23	10-Jun-23	22-Mar-24
MP VAT	5.00	May-23	10-Jun-23	07-May-24
MP VAT	1.30	May-23	10-Jun-23	08-May-24
MP VAT	2.50	May-23	10-Jun-23	16-May-24
MP VAT	2.50	May-23	10-Jun-23	17-May-24
MP VAT	7.50	May-23	10-Jun-23	17-May-24
MP VAT	2.50	May-23	10-Jun-23	18-May-24
MP VAT	10.00	May-23	10-Jun-23	21-May-24
MP VAT	10.00	May-23	10-Jun-23	22-May-24
MP VAT	2.50	May-23	10-Jun-23	24-May-24
MP VAT	2.43	May-23	10-Jun-23	27-May-24
MP VAT	0.08	Jun-23	10-Jul-23	27-May-24
MP VAT	5.00	Jun-23	10-Jul-23	03-Jun-24
MP VAT	10.00	Jun-23	10-Jul-23	05-Jun-24
MP VAT	43.53	Jun-23	10-Jul-23	Unpaid
MP VAT	55.49	Jul-23	10-Aug-23	Unpaid
MP VAT	48.08	Aug-23	10-Sep-23	Unpaid
Total	**391.02**			

Fiscal 2022:

Rajasthan

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount	Period to which the amount related	Due Date	Date of Payment
Rajasthan	VAT	2.31	April 2022	April 24, 2022	October 28, 2022
Rajasthan	VAT	1.46	May 2022	June 3, 2022	December 5, 2022
Rajasthan	VAT	12.42	June 2022	July 3, 2022	January 3, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	27.20	June 2022	July 3, 2022	January 10, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	3.32	July 2022	July 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	9.56		July 10, 2022	

Rajasthan	VAT	0.49		July 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	17.00		August 3, 2022	August 22, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	0.16	August 2022	August 10, 2022	February 27, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	6.94		August 10, 2022	August 22, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	4.67		August 18, 2022	October 10, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	6.06		August 17, 2022	February 27, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	8.69		August 17, 2022	October 10, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	7.94		August 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	9.29		August 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	25.77		September 3, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	12.36	September 2022	September 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	13.21		September 17, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	8.67		September 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	26.50		October 3, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	9.47	October 2022	October 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	13.17		October 17, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	14.97		October 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	7.20		October 24, 2022	October 11, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	2.80		November 3, 2022	October 11, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	10.00		November 3, 2022	October 12, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	11.82		November 3, 2022	October 17, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	16.11	November 2022	November 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	18.04		November 17, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	5.00		November 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	9.14		November 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	26.31		December 3, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	10.00	December 2022	December 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	3.42		December 10, 2022	October 26, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	15.46		December 17, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	8.00		December 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	10.52		December 24, 2022	October 31, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	31.41		January 3, 2, 2023	
Rajasthan	VAT	8.01	January 2023	January 10, 2, 2023	
Rajasthan	VAT	11.31		January 17, 2023	

Rajasthan	VAT	10.37		January 24, 2023	
Rajasthan	VAT	20.93		February 3, 2023	
Rajasthan	VAT	5.56	February 2023	February 10, 2023	
Rajasthan	VAT	15.51		February 17, 2023	
Rajasthan	VAT	10.96		February 24, 2023	
Rajasthan	VAT	14.98		March 3, 2023	
Rajasthan	VAT	12.86	March 2023	March 10, 2023	
Rajasthan	VAT	20.69		March 17, 2023	
Rajasthan	VAT	11.48		March 24, 2023	
Rajasthan	VAT	25.58		April 3, 2023	

Maharashtra

Name of the Statute	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Due Date	Date of Payment
MVAT	63.22	May-22	21-Jun-22	28-Dec-22
MVAT	63.22	May-22	21-Jun-22	27-Jan-23
MVAT	30.57	May-22	21-Jun-22	23-Feb-23
MVAT	75.00	Nov-22	21-Dec-22	07-Oct-23
MVAT	56.67	Jan-23	21-Feb-23	16-Sep-23
MVAT	50.00	Mar-23	21-Apr-23	19-Oct-23
Total	**338.68**			

Madhya Pradesh

Name of the Statute	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Due Date	Date of Payment
MP VAT	42.78	Feb-23	10-Mar-23	30-Nov-23
MP VAT	62.48	Mar-23	10-Apr-23	30-Nov-23
Total	**105.26**			

Fiscal 2021:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount	Period to which the amount related	Due Date	Date of Payment
Rajasthan	VAT	10.00	December 2021	January 3, 2022	July 5, 2022
		15.00			July 6, 2022
		1.36			July 7, 2022
		2.76			July 7, 2022
		4.46	January 2022	January 10, 2022	July 12, 2022
		0.71			July 11, 2022
		7.00	March 2022	March 17, 2022	October 31, 022
		4.91		March 24, 2022	October 31, 2022
		8.09			October 31, 2022
		0.80			November 2, 2022

		0.96			December 5, 2022
		19.93		April 3, 2022	December 1, 2022
		14.04			December 5, 2022
		5.00			December 7, 2022
		2.56			December 14, 2022
Total	**97.58**				

Nine months ended December 31, 2023

Tripura

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount	Period to which the amount related	Due Date	Date of Payment
Tripura Value Added Tax	VAT	3.00	Apr-23	20-May-23	28-Nov-23
		3.35	Apr-23	20-May-23	28-Nov-23
Total		**6.35**			

Rajasthan

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount	Period to which the amount related	Due Date	Date of Payment
Rajasthan	VAT	13.78	August 2023	September 3, 2023	March 5, 2024

Maharashtra

Name of the Statute	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Due Date	Date of Payment
MVAT	56.67	Jan-23	21-Feb-23	16-Sep-23
MVAT	50.00	Mar-23	21-Apr-23	19-Oct-23
MVAT	65.00	Apr-23	21-May-23	18-Nov-23
MVAT	65.00	Apr-23	21-May-23	18-Dec-23
MVAT	70.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	19-Jan-24
MVAT	20.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	21-Feb-24
MVAT	50.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	05-Mar-24
MVAT	5.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	01-Apr-24
MVAT	8.50	May-23	21-Jun-23	01-Apr-24
MVAT	22.50	May-23	21-Jun-23	01-Apr-24
MVAT	20.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	02-Apr-24
MVAT	14.00	May-23	21-Jun-23	02-Apr-24
MVAT	90.00	Jul-23	21-Aug-23	17-Feb-24
MVAT	13.50	Aug-23	21-Sep-23	02-Apr-24
MVAT	35.00	Aug-23	21-Sep-23	02-Apr-24
MVAT	7.50	Aug-23	21-Sep-23	03-Apr-24
MVAT	41.10	Aug-23	21-Sep-23	03-Apr-24
MVAT	20.00	Aug-23	21-Sep-23	03-Apr-24
Total	**653.77**			

Madhya Pradesh

Name of the Statute	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Due Date	Date of Payment
MP VAT	10.00	Apr-23	10-May-23	05-Mar-24
MP VAT	20.00	Apr-23	10-May-23	05-Mar-24
MP VAT	9.00	Apr-23	10-May-23	13-Mar-24
MP VAT	8.28	Apr-23	10-May-23	05-Mar-24
MP VAT	7.02	Apr-23	10-May-23	16-Mar-24
MP VAT	8.91	May-23	10-Jun-23	18-Mar-24

MP VAT	7.30	May-23	10-Jun-23	20-Mar-24
MP VAT	5.70	May-23	10-Jun-23	21-Mar-24
MP VAT	3.80	May-23	10-Jun-23	22-Mar-24
MP VAT	5.00	May-23	10-Jun-23	07-May-24
MP VAT	1.30	May-23	10-Jun-23	08-May-24
MP VAT	2.50	May-23	10-Jun-23	16-May-24
MP VAT	2.50	May-23	10-Jun-23	17-May-24
MP VAT	7.50	May-23	10-Jun-23	17-May-24
MP VAT	2.50	May-23	10-Jun-23	18-May-24
MP VAT	10.00	May-23	10-Jun-23	21-May-24
MP VAT	10.00	May-23	10-Jun-23	22-May-24
MP VAT	2.50	May-23	10-Jun-23	24-May-24
MP VAT	2.42	May-23	10-Jun-23	28-May-24
Total	**126.23**			

Nine months ended December 31, 2022

Rajasthan

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount	Period to which the amount related	Due Date	Date of Payment
Rajasthan	VAT	2.31	April 2022	April 24, 2022	October 28, 2022
Rajasthan	VAT	1.46	May 2022	June 3, 2022	December 5, 2022
Rajasthan	VAT	12.42	June 2022	July 3, 2022	January 3, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	27.20	June 2022	July 3, 2022	January 10, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	3.32	July 2022	July 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	9.56		July 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	0.49		July 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	17.00		August 3, 2022	August 22, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	0.16	August 2022	August 10, 2022	February 27, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	6.94		August 10, 2022	August 22, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	4.67		August 18, 2022	October 10, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	6.06		August 17, 2022	February 27, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	8.69		August 17, 2022	October 10, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	7.94		August 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	9.29		August 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	25.77		September 3, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	12.36	September 2022	September 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	13.21		September 17, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	8.67		September 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	26.50		October 3, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	9.47	October 2022	October 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	13.17		October 17, 2022	

Rajasthan	VAT	14.97		October 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	7.20		October 24, 2022	October 11, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	2.80		November 3, 2022	October 11, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	10.00		November 3, 2022	October 12, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	11.82		November 3, 2022	October 17, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	16.11	November 2022	November 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	18.04		November 17, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	5.00		November 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	9.14		November 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	26.31		December 3, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	10.00	December 2022	December 10, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	3.42		December 10, 2022	October 26, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	15.46		December 17, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	8.00		December 24, 2022	
Rajasthan	VAT	10.52		December 24, 2022	October 31, 2023
Rajasthan	VAT	31.41		January 3, 2, 2023	
Total	**426.86**				

Maharashtra

Name of the Statute	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Due Date	Date of Payment
MVAT	25.00	Mar-21	21-Apr-21	15-Nov-21
MVAT	25.00	Mar-21	21-Apr-21	15-Dec-21
MVAT	25.00	Mar-21	21-Apr-21	15-Jan-22
MVAT	25.00	Mar-21	21-Apr-21	15-Feb-22
MVAT	63.22	May-22	21-Jun-22	28-Dec-22
MVAT	63.22	May-22	21-Jun-22	27-Jan-23
MVAT	30.57	May-22	21-Jun-22	23-Feb-23
MVAT	75.00	Nov-22	21-Dec-22	07-Oct-23
Total	**332.01**			

While as on the date of this Prospectus, all outstanding undisputed statutory dues have been discharged (other than as mentioned above), we cannot assure you that such delays will not happen in future.

Any further delay that may arise in the future could lead to financial penalties from the relevant government authorities which in turn may have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and cash flows.

43. We appoint contract labour for carrying out certain of our ancillary operations and we may be held responsible for paying the wages of such workers, if the independent contractors through whom such workers are hired default on their payment obligations, and such obligations could have an adverse effect on our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

In order to retain flexibility and control costs, we appoint independent contractors who in turn engage on-site contract labourers for performing certain of our ancillary operations, including, assisting in loading and unloading, material handling, operators, maintenance and repairs, unskilled work, housekeeping and security activities. As of December 31, 2023, we had 2,690 contract labourers, who are not on our payrolls. The number of contract labourers vary from time to time based on the nature and extent of work contracted to independent contractors. Although we do not engage these labourers directly, we may be held responsible for any wage payments to be made to such labourers in the event of default by such independent contractors. All contract labourers engaged at

our facilities are assured minimum wages that are fixed by the state governments from time to time. Any upward revision of wages that may be required by the state government to be paid to such contract labourers, or offer of permanent employment or the unavailability of the required number of contract labourers, may adversely affect the business and future results of our operations.

44. Any withdrawal, or termination of, or unavailability of direct/ in-direct tax benefits and exemptions being currently availed by us may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

We are currently entitled to certain direct/ in-direct tax benefits and incentives. The Remission of Duties and Taxes on Exported Products ("**RoDTEP**") scheme has replaced the Merchandise Export from India Scheme. Under the RoDTEP scheme, rebate of these taxes will be given in the form of duty credit/electronic scrip. The rate of duty of remission for our products under RoDTEP scheme has been notified by the Government of India and ranges from 2% to 4% of freight-on-board value. However the benefit is capped at ₹ 26.10 per case for all brands except rum where capping is ₹ 30.6 per case of nine litre each. In addition, we are also entitled to benefits of the Duty Drawback Scheme under the Customs Act, 1962 pursuant to which we can claim duty drawback on export of goods, where the imported materials are used in the manufacture of products. We are also entitled to certain benefits under the Central and State GST legislations. For further information, see "*Statement of Possible Special Tax Benefits*" on page 165. While there have not been any instances of withdrawal or termination of benefits available to use in the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, there can be no assurance that such tax benefits and incentives will be available to us in future. Any withdrawal, termination or delay in such benefits may translate into reduce our cash flows thereby adversely affecting our financial results, results of operations and profitability. Furthermore, if we are unable to avail these tax benefits in the future, it may result in increased tax liabilities and reduced liquidity and have an adverse effect on our results of operations.

Risks relating to our financial position

45. The Offer Price, price to revenue from operations and market capitalization to revenue multiple based on the Offer Price of our Company, may not be indicative of the market price of the Company on listing or thereafter.

Our revenue from operations and restated profit after tax for Fiscal 2023 was ₹ 71,056.80 million and ₹ 16.01 million, respectively and our price to revenue from operations (Fiscal 2023) multiple is 0.00 times (rounded off to two decimal places) at the upper end of the Price Band. Our market capitalization to revenue from operations (Fiscal 2023) multiple is 292.71 times at the upper end of the Price Band.

The table below provides details of our price to earnings ratio and market capitalization to revenue from operations:

Particulars	**Price to Earnings Ratio***	**Price to Revenue from Operations***	**Market Capitalization to Revenue from Operations***
For Fiscal 2023	4,014.29	0.00	0.96

The Offer Price of the Equity Shares is proposed to be determined on the basis of assessment of market demand for the Equity Shares offered through the book-building process prescribed under the SEBI ICDR Regulations, and certain quantitative and qualitative factors as set out in the section titled "*Basis for Offer Price*" on page 155 and the Offer Price, multiples and ratios may not be indicative of the market price of the Equity Shares on listing or thereafter.

Prior to the Offer, there has been no public market for our Equity Shares, and an active trading market on the Stock Exchanges may not develop or be sustained after the Offer. Listing and quotation does not guarantee that a market for the Equity Shares will develop, or if developed, the liquidity of such market for the Equity Shares.

The market price of the Equity Shares may be subject to significant fluctuations in response to, among other factors, variations in our operating results, market conditions specific to the industry we operate in, developments relating to India, COVID-19 related or similar situations, announcements by third parties or governmental entities of significant claims or proceedings against us, volatility in the securities markets in India and other jurisdictions, variations in the growth rate of financial indicators, variations in revenue or earnings estimates by research publications, and changes in economic, legal and other regulatory factors.

46. Any delay or default in payments from our customers could impact our ability to avail additional borrowings and our ability to repay our existing loans on account of non-fulfilment of certain coverage ratios which in-turn could result in a reduction of our profits.

We extend credit facilities to certain of our customers for our products. Consequently, we face the risk of the uncertainty regarding the receipt of these outstanding amounts. As a result of such industry conditions, we have and may continue to have high levels of outstanding receivables, and have faced previous instances of defaults in payment of such receivables. For Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, our trade receivables were ₹ 8,669.29 million, ₹ 9,540.31 million, ₹ 9,576.14 million, ₹ 10,459.54 million and ₹ 12,698.72 million, respectively, with our trade receivables days (calculated as revenue from operations divided by average trade receivables) being 51.55 days, 46.18 days, 49.10 days 51.03 days and 51.81 days in the same periods, respectively. For further information on our trade receivables turnover ratio, see "*Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 61 – Ratios*" on page 425. Additionally, our top 10 customers make up approximately 58.01% of our total receivables as of December 31, 2023 which includes 54.35% of trade receivables from state government corporations. If our customers default in making these payments, our profit margins could be adversely affected. These factors could result in a delay in servicing our existing debt and could also result in us being unable to meet our financial covenants and ratios. This could have an adverse impact on our ability to avail future borrowings to support our operations and growth. Further, we are also exposed to the risks associated with engaging with state beverage corporations including delayed payments.

The table below depicts the details of certain parameters in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023:

Particulars	Fiscal			Nine months ended December 31, 2022	Nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million, unless otherwise indicated)				
Provision for doubtful debts	114.42	61.96	32.95	23.31	65.16
Bad debts written off (March 31, 2021: ₹ 41.83 million, March 31, 2022: ₹ 23.01 million, March 31, 2023: ₹ 3.35 million, December 31, 2022: Nil, December 31, 2023: ₹ 3.98 million)	5.00	91.60	Nil	-	-
Trade Receivables	8,669.29	9,540.31	9,576.14	10,459.54	12,698.72
Provision for doubtful debts as a percentage of trade receivables (%)	1.32	0.65	0.34	0.22	0.51
Bad debts written off as a percentage of trade receivables (%)	0.06	0.96	Nil	Nil	Nil

See also, "*— Internal Risk Factors – Risks relating to our financial position - 35. Our Statutory Auditors have included certain emphasis of matters in their examination report and have included certain observations in our Restated Consolidated Financial Statements as required under the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2016.*" on page 55.

47. We do not have a formal hedging policy and accordingly, face foreign exchange risks that could adversely affect our results of operations and cash flows.

We have foreign currency payables for procurement of certain raw and packing materials and costs incurred during our export sales business operations and during our receivables, trade payables, borrowings and other payables, and are therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk between the Indian Rupee, British Pound and U.S. dollars, Nepalese Rupee, Euro, United Arab Emirates dirham. Any significant fluctuation in the value of the Indian Rupee against such currencies including as noticed recently in the case of the US Dollar, may adversely affect our results of operations. As of the date of this Prospectus, our Company does not have a formal hedging policy and as of December 31, 2023, ₹ 200.40 million of our foreign currency exposure was unhedged.

The table below depicts the details of foreign currency payables as a percentage of total trade payables in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023.

Particulars	Fiscal			Nine months ended December 31, 2022	Nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million, unless otherwise indicated)				
Foreign currency payables	243.10	136.06	277.11	261.85	141.70
Total trade payables	4,831.91	5,363.76	5,658.84	5,924.52	7,509.91
Foreign currency payables as a percentage of total trade payables (%)	5.03	2.54	4.90	4.42	1.89

In addition, the policies of the RBI may also change from time to time, which may limit our ability to effectively hedge our foreign currency exposures and may have an adverse effect on our results of operations and cash flows. Also see, "*Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 44: Financial Risk Management*" on page 395.

Risks relating to Objects of the Offer

48. Any variation in the utilization of the Net Proceeds would be subject to certain compliance requirements, including prior shareholders' approval.

We propose to utilize the Net Proceeds for the purposes described in "*Objects of the Offer*" on page 141 of this Prospectus. At this stage, we cannot determine with any certainty if we would require the Net Proceeds to meet any other expenditure or fund any exigencies arising out of competitive environment, business conditions, economic conditions or other factors beyond our control. In accordance with Sections 13(8) and 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, and SEBI ICDR Regulations, we cannot undertake any variation in the utilization of the Net Proceeds without obtaining the shareholders' approval through a special resolution. In the event of any such circumstances that require us to undertake variation in the disclosed utilization of the Net Proceeds, we may not be able to obtain the shareholders' approval in a timely manner, or at all. Any delay or inability in obtaining such shareholders' approval may adversely affect our business or operations.

Further, our Promoters would be required to provide an exit opportunity to Shareholders who do not agree with our proposal to change the objects of the Offer or vary the terms of such contracts, at a price and manner as prescribed by SEBI. Additionally, the requirement on Promoters to provide an exit opportunity to such dissenting shareholders may deter the Promoters from agreeing to the variation of the proposed utilization of the Net Proceeds, even if such variation is in the interest of our Company. Further, we cannot assure you that the Promoters or the controlling shareholders of our Company will have adequate resources at their disposal at all times to enable them to provide an exit opportunity at the price prescribed by SEBI.

In light of these factors, we may not be able to undertake variation of objects of the Offer to use any unutilized proceeds of the Offer, if any, or vary the terms of any contract referred to in this Prospectus, even if such variation is in the interest of our Company. This may restrict our Company's ability to respond to any change in our business or financial condition by re-deploying the unutilized portion of Net Proceeds, if any, or varying the terms of contract, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

49. Our funding requirements and proposed deployment of the Net Proceeds are based on management estimates and may be subject to change based on various factors, some of which are beyond our control.

We intend to use the Net Proceeds for the purposes described in "*Objects of the Offer*" on page 141 of this Prospectus. As on the date of this Prospectus, our funding requirements are based on management estimates in view of past expenditures, and have not been appraised by any bank or financial institution. Our funding requirements and proposed deployment of the Net Proceeds are based on current conditions and are subject to change in light of changes in external circumstances, costs, business initiatives, other financial conditions or business strategies. While we will use the Net Proceeds for (i) prepayment or scheduled re-payment of a portion of certain outstanding borrowings availed by our Company ;and (ii) general corporate purposes in the manner specified in "*Objects of the Offer*" on page 141, the amount of Net Proceeds to be actually used will be based on our management's discretion based on the factors mentioned in the "*Objects of the Offer*" on page 141. If we are unable to deploy the Net Proceeds in a timely or an efficient manner, it may affect our business and the results of operations.

Legal and Regulatory Risks

50. Failure to obtain or renew approvals, licenses, registrations and permits to operate our business in a timely manner, or at all, may adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We are required to obtain and maintain certain approvals, registrations, permissions and licenses from regulatory authorities, to carry out/ undertake our operations. These approvals, licenses, registrations and permissions may be subject to numerous conditions. If we fail to obtain and maintain some or all of these approvals or licenses, or renewals thereof, in a timely manner or at all, or if we fail to comply with applicable conditions or it is claimed that we have breached any such conditions, our license or permission for carrying on a particular activity may be suspended or cancelled and we may not be able to carry on such activity, which could adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. For example, we are required to obtain an excise registration certificate, which is material for our operations, under each state and union territory where we have our presence in terms of sales. Typically, these excise licenses are required to be renewed each year. In the event, we are unable to renew our excise license or renewal application is rejected by the relevant governmental authorities, our business and cash flows will be adversely impacted. As on the date of this Prospectus, none of our excise license registrations have been rejected by any governmental authority. Further, we are looking to expand in different regions and are required to comply with regional excise laws and make application to relevant excise departments to obtain required licenses. For example, the West Bengal Industrial Infrastructure Development Corporation ("**WBIIDC**") had granted a certificate towards possession of 44.68 acres of industrial land for setting up a 100 KLPD grain distillery in West Bengal for which we paid a non-refundable application fee of ₹ 1.00 million to the Excise Directorate, Government of West Bengal for excise license and ₹ 10.00 million to WBIIDC as part of the first instalment towards the land. Under the terms of the letter dated May, 4, 2023 we were permitted to pay lease premium, annual rent and service charge in instalments. However, WBIIDC subsequently on October 11, 2023 cancelled the offer for allotment and refunded our Company a sum of ₹ 8.18 million and withdrew the possession certificate for non-payment of instalments except the first instalment of ₹ 10.00 million.

Further, some of our approvals may have expired in the ordinary course of business, for which we have made applications with the relevant authorities which are pending as of the date of this Prospectus. These include applications made for licences to produce and sell our alcoholic products; bottling licenses and distilling licenses. As of the date of this Prospectus, the following material approvals have been applied for and are yet to be received:

S No.	Description	Authority	Date of application
North-East Bottling, Meghalaya			
1.	Factory License	Department of Factories and Boilers	September 6, 2022
2.	NOC from Fire Department	Fire Safety Department	October 25, 2023
Sarthak			
3.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	February 27, 2024
4.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
Simbhaoli			
5.	CGWA	Ground Water Department, Government of Uttar Pradesh	March 27, 2023
ABD Kalyani			
6.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	February 13, 2024
7.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	
8.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
9.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	
Trikuta			
10.	Factory License	Department of Factories and Boilers	March 2, 2024
Rajarambapu Patil Sahakari, Maharashtra			

S No.	Description	Authority	Date of application
11.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	March 27, 2024
12.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	
13.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
14.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	
Batra Breweries, Purkhali			
15.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	December 12, 2023
16.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	December 12, 2023
17.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	December 12, 2023
18.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	December 12, 2023
Lokmangal Mauli Industries			
19.	Factory License	Department of Factories and Boilers	October 12, 2023
20.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	March 28, 2024
21.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	March 28, 2024
22.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	March 28, 2024
23.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	March 28, 2024
ABD Hooghly			
24.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	March 13, 2024
25.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	
26.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
27.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	
ABD Chhindwara			
28.	NOC from the Fire Department	Fire Department	September 21, 2021
ABD Derabassi			
29.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	March 11, 2024
30.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	
31.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
32.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	
ABD Aurangabad			
33.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	March 29, 2024
34.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	
35.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
36.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	

Further, as of the date of this Prospectus, the following material approvals have expired and are yet to be renewed:

S No.	Description	Authority
Lokmangal Mauli Industries		
1.	Fire NOC	Fire Department

While no regulatory actions have been taken against us in the in the absence of or for the delay in obtaining these renewals, we cannot assure you that such instances will not happen in future. For further information on the nature of approvals and licenses required for our business, see "*Government and Other Approvals*" on page 507. In

addition, we have, and may need to in the future, apply for certain additional approvals, including the renewal of approvals, which may expire from time to time.

There is no assurance that such approvals and licenses will be granted or renewed in a timely manner or at all by the relevant governmental or regulatory authorities. Failure to obtain or renew such approvals and licenses in a timely manner would make our operations non-compliant with applicable laws and may result in imposition of penalties by relevant authorities, and may also prevent us from carrying out our business. Our licenses and approvals are subject to various conditions, including periodic renewal and maintenance standards. Any actual or alleged failure on our part to comply with the terms and conditions of such regulatory licenses and registrations could expose us to legal action, compliance costs or liabilities, or could affect our ability to continue to operate at the locations or in the manner in which we have been operating thus far.

51. Any loss of business or potential adverse publicity resulting from spurious or imitation products, could result in loss of goodwill for our products leading to loss of sales, and adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

We are exposed to the risk that entities in India and elsewhere could pass off their products as our products, including spurious or imitation products. For example, products imitating our brands and packaging look selling spurious products may adversely affect sale of our products, resulting in a decrease in market share resulting from a decrease in demand for our products. Such imitation or spurious products may not only result in loss of sales but also adversely affect the reputation of our products and consequently our future sales and results of operations. For example, in the State of Assam in December 2021, a third-party was found to be manufacturing and selling/dealing in counterfeit alcoholic beverages under the label *Officer Choice Prestige Whisky*, which is an imitation of our brand, *Officer's Choice*. Our Company has filed a FIR against the third-party. For further information, see "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments"* on page 489. As of the date of this Prospectus, the matter is currently pending.

The proliferation of spurious and imitation beverages in our markets, and the time and resources in taking action against such spurious products, defending claims and complaints regarding these spurious products, could result in lower sales, and adversely affect our results of operations and may have a material and adverse effect on our reputation, business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

52. Any contamination or deterioration of our products could result in legal liability, damage our reputation and adversely affect our business prospects and financial performance.

We are subject to various contamination-related risks which typically affect the food and beverage industry, including product tampering; improper storage of our products and raw ingredients; adulteration of our products with any substance unfit for human consumption; labelling and packaging errors; inferior quality raw ingredients; non-compliance with food safety and quality control standards; cross-contamination of products during production; as well as wastage of products during production or transportation.

Any actual or alleged contamination or deterioration of our products, whether deliberate or accidental, could result in legal liability, damage to our reputation and may adversely affect our business prospects and consequently our financial performance. While there have not been any instances of contamination or deterioration of our products in the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, there can be no assurance that such instances will not occur in future. The risk of contamination or deterioration exists at each stage of the production cycle, including during the production, storage and delivery of raw materials, packaging, storage and delivery to our customers and the storage and shelving of our products by our customers and end retailers until final consumption by consumers. While we follow stringent quality control processes and quality standards at each stage of the production cycle, there can be no assurance that our products will not be contaminated or suffer deterioration. We also employ third-party transportation providers to deliver our finished products to our various customers. Further, there can be no assurance that contamination of our raw materials or products will not occur during the transportation, production, distribution and sales processes due to reasons unknown to us or beyond our control. If our products or raw ingredients are found to be spoilt, contaminated, tampered with, incorrectly labelled or reported to be associated with any such incidents, we may be forced to recall our products from the market and we could incur criminal or civil liability for any adverse medical condition or other damage resulting from consumption of such products, which we may not be able to fully recover from our suppliers or insurance coverages. We may also be subject to liabilities arising out of such violations under the provisions of the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954 ("**PFA Act**") and Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 ("**FSS Act**") along with relevant rules and regulations. We cannot assure you that we will not be subject to any future legal proceedings under the FSS Act.

Further, contamination of any of our products could also subject us to product liability claims, adverse publicity and government scrutiny, investigation or intervention, product return, stoppage and/or disruption of operations resulting in increased costs and any of these events could have a material and adverse impact on our reputation, brand goodwill, business, financial condition, cash flows, results of operations and prospects. Although historically we have not experienced any significant product liability claims or similar allegations against us or our products, there can be no assurance that there will not be any such claims or allegations in the future which could materially and adversely affect our business and financial performance or lead to civil and criminal liability or other penalties and implications. Any negative claim against us, even if meritless or unsuccessful, could divert our management's attention and resources, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations. Any such event may have a material adverse effect on our reputation, brand goodwill, business, financial condition, cash flows, results of operations and prospects.

53. An inability to comply with food safety laws, environmental laws and other applicable regulations in relation to our distillery and third-party bottling facilities may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our business operations, in particular our day-to-day production operations are subject to a broad range of health, safety and environmental laws and regulations, and violations of these laws and regulations can result in fines, penalties or litigation, which may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. For instance, the provisions of the FSS Act, Food Safety and Standards (Alcoholic Beverages Standards) Regulation, 2018 and all rules, regulations and subsidiary legislation are applicable to us and our products, which sets forth requirements relating to the license and registration of food businesses and general principles for food safety standards, and manufacture, storage and distribution of food products. Contravention of the requirement to obtain a license or carrying a business without obtaining a license under the FSS Act is punishable with imprisonment and/or fines. Subsequent contraventions are punishable with twice the punishment during the first conviction and higher monetary and other penalties including cancellation of license. Further, during our manufacturing operations certain by-products are released as well, including distiller's wet grain solubles, distiller's dried grains with solubles, carbon dioxide, impure spirit and fusel oil which may cause environmental impact and pollution. To remain compliant with all laws and regulations that apply to our operations and products, we may be required in the future to modify our operations or make capital improvements. For further information, see "*Key Regulations and Policies in India*" on page 267.

We are also subject to laws and Government regulations, including in relation to safety, health and environmental protection. These laws and regulations include the Environmental Protection Act 1986, the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1981 (the "**Air Act**"), the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 (the "**Water Act**") and other regulations promulgated by the Ministry of Environment and the pollution control boards of the relevant States. These environmental protection laws and regulations impose controls on air and water discharge, noise levels, storage handling, employee exposure to hazardous substances and other such aspects of our production. In particular, there have been multiple rounds of regulatory changes with regards to packaging material and the use of plastics in packaging and obligations imposed on us to appoint an authorised agency to collect the plastic packets of food products sold to the end consumer. There can be no assurance that there will not be future changes in the regulatory framework concerning this area of production, which may cause commercial and operational challenges to our Company. Correspondingly, there can be no assurance that we will not be in violation of these regulations in the future even though in the past, we have not been subject to any such violations. Our Company has received certain show cause notices from Haryana State Pollution Control Board, West Bengal Pollution Control Board and Telangana State Pollution Control Board, to which our Company has responded. For further information, see "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments"* on page 489. However, in the future, if we fail to meet environmental requirements, we may be subject to administrative, civil and criminal proceedings by Government entities, as well as civil proceedings by environmental groups and other individuals, which could result in substantial fines and penalties against us as well as revocation of approvals and permits and orders that could limit or halt our operations. As of December 31, 2023, we have exported our products to 14 countries internationally, including countries in North America, Middle East, Africa, Asia, and Europe. As such, our maintenance of quality control and standards are customarily expected, and compliance with food safety laws of the relevant jurisdictions is required. Our inability to maintain such standards and non-compliance of jurisdictional food safety laws may impact our business, financial condition and results of operations. For details, see "*Our Business – Quality Control*" and "*Government and Other Approvals*" on pages 252 and 507, respectively.

There can be no assurance that such non-compliance will not occur and regulatory actions including injunction orders will not be taken or passed against us. We have, in the past, received show cause notices from the Telangana State Beverages Corporation Limited alleging (i) wrongful dispatch and shortage in the supply of certain of our products, and (ii) heavy breakages at the time of unloading of stocks from our Company. Further, in the past, we have also received a show cause notice from the Senior Inspector of Legal Metrology (Weigh and Measure), Government of Uttar Pradesh alleging certain violations, inter alia, under Uttar Pradesh Legal Metrology

(Enforcement) Regulations 2011 and Legal Metrology Act (Packaged Commodity) Rules 2011. We are currently involved in a total of three FSSAI matters, out of which two are for misbranding of our products namely Officer's Choice Prestige Whisky, due to the name or recognised international numerical identification number of the permitted natural colour, "*caramel*", and the type of flavouring agents used in the product not being mentioned on the label, and our Class 21 Green Apple Flavoured Grain Vodka, due to the type of flavouring agents used in the product not being mentioned on the label. We were ordered to pay an aggregate amount of ₹ 0.07 million and ₹ 0.05 million respectively as penalty for such misbrandings. Further, we are involved in an FSSAI matter, for misbranding of our Officer's Choice Blue Whiskey due to absence of the disclaimer "*BE SAFE DON'T DRINK AND DRIVE*" on the label of our Officer's Choice Blue Whiskey. We may become involved in such litigation or proceedings relating to food safety or environmental matters in the future, which could divert management time and attention, consume financial resources, cause operational delays or result in a shutdown of our distillery and bottling facilities. For details, see "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments*" on page 489. No assurance can be given that we will be successful in all, or any, of such proceedings. Further, the loss or shutdown of our operations over an extended period of time, clean-up and remediation costs, as well as damages, other liabilities and related litigation, could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

54. The alcohol beverage industry in India is politically and socially sensitive and any adverse decisions on prohibition may adversely impact the operations and financials of our Company.

The alcohol beverage industry in India is politically and socially sensitive and is dependent on political ideologies, governmental policies and socio-cultural practices across the country. In India, the consumption of liquor may also clash with various religious beliefs which could result in prohibition of liquor. In the past, prohibition and restrictions have played a critical role on the survival and profitability of many distillery companies in the alcohol beverage industry. As on the date of this Prospects, production, distribution, storage, possession, sale and consumption of alcohol is prohibited in four States, namely, Gujarat, Bihar, Mizoram and Nagaland, and one union territory, Lakshadweep. While there can be and have been lost revenues due to prohibition, the clamping of the dry order can threaten the status of the incumbent. Prohibition and restriction can come in various degrees, from restrictions with regards to sale, possession, consumption, production to sale of alcohol including restriction imposed on the age of consumers, in turn, will adversely impact the industry. For example, prior to prohibition on sale and consumption of alcohol in Bihar from April 2016, *i.e.*, Fiscal 2017, we had sold over 1.23 million cases of our products in Bihar. Any such decision to prohibit by state governments in the future, if any, can have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, reputation and prospects.

55. We may be subject to fraud, theft, employee negligence or similar incidents.

Our operations may be subject to incidents of theft or damage to inventory in transit, prior to or during stocking or delivery. Our industry typically encounters some inventory loss on account of employee theft, shoplifting, vendor fraud and general administrative error. We maintain large amounts of inventory at all our distillery and bottling facilities at all times and had a total inventory of ₹ 5,162.47 million, as of December 31, 2023. Although we have set up various security measures, we have in the past experienced such incidents, including certain minor instances of theft. For further information, see "*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments – Litigation involving our Company – Outstanding Criminal Litigation involving our Company – Outstanding criminal litigation by our Company*" on page 490. There can be no assurance that we will not experience any fraud, theft, employee negligence, security lapse, loss in transit or similar incidents in the future, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Additionally, in case of losses due to theft, fire, breakage or damage caused by other casualties, there can be no assurance that we will be able to recover from our insurers the full amount of any such loss in a timely manner, or at all. If we incur a significant inventory loss due to third-party or employee theft and if such loss exceeds the limits of, or is subject to an exclusion from, coverage under our insurance policies, it could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. In addition, if we file claims under an insurance policy it could lead to increases in the insurance premiums payable by us or the termination of coverage under the relevant policy.

56. Our insurance cover may not be adequate or we may incur uninsured losses or losses in excess of our insurance coverage.

Our insurance policies currently cover our production machinery and equipment, motor vehicles, land and buildings, raw ingredients, and finished products. Notwithstanding the insurance coverage that we carry, we may not be fully insured against certain business risks. There are many events that could significantly impact our operations, or expose us to third-party liabilities, for which we may not be adequately insured. There can be no

assurance that any claim under the insurance policies maintained by us will be honoured fully, in part, or on time. To the extent that we suffer any loss or damage that is not covered by insurance or exceeds our insurance coverage, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

We could face liabilities or otherwise suffer losses should any unforeseen incident such as fire, flood, and accidents affect our distillery or bottling facilities, corporate offices or in the regions/areas where our facilities or corporate offices are located. We may face losses in the absence of insurance and even in cases in which any such loss may be insured, we may not be able to recover the entire claim from insurance companies. Any damage suffered by us in excess of such limited coverage amounts, or in respect of uninsured events, not covered by such insurance policies will have to be borne by us.

The table below provides details of the aggregate insurance coverage as a percentage of fixed assets (which does not include right to use assets, goodwill, other intangible assets, financial assets, deferred tax assets and other current assets) as of the periods indicated:

Particulars	As of March 31,			As of December 31, 2022	As of December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
The aggregate coverage of the insurance policies obtained by us (₹ million)	8,190.57	8,562.62	10,466.61	10,466.61	11,349.87
Percentage of insurance coverage of our Fixed assets (which does not include right to use assets, goodwill, other intangible assets, financial assets, deferred tax assets and other current assets)(%)	110.63%	103.04%	137.91%	138.76%	145.64%

While we believe that we have obtained insurance against losses which are most likely to occur in our line of business, there may be certain losses which may not be covered by the Company, which we have not ascertained as on the date. Therefore, we cannot assure you that we will continue to accurately ascertain and maintain adequate insurance policies for losses that may be incurred in the future. For further information on the insurance policies availed by us, see "*Our Business - Insurance*" on page 261.

57. Failures in internal control systems could cause operational errors which may have an adverse impact on our profitability.

We are responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control measures commensurate with the size and complexity of operations. Internal control systems comprising policies and procedures are designed to ensure sound management of our operations, safekeeping of our assets, optimal utilization of resources, reliability of our financial information and compliance. The systems and procedures are periodically reviewed and routinely tested and cover all functions and business areas.

While we believe that we have adequate controls, we are exposed to operational risks arising from the potential inadequacy or failure of internal processes or systems, and our actions may not be sufficient to guarantee effective internal controls in all circumstances. Given the size of our operations, it is possible that errors may occur or compound before they are discovered and rectified. Our management information systems and internal control procedures that are designed to monitor our operations and overall compliance may not identify every instance of non-compliance or every suspicious transaction. If internal control weaknesses are identified, our actions may not be sufficient to correct such internal control weakness. While there have not been any material instances in the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, there can be no assurance that such instances will not occur in future. Such internal control deficiencies, if and when identified, may have an adverse impact on our reputation, business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

58. Post-filing of the previous draft red herring prospectus dated June 27, 2022 ("previous DRHP"), our Company and the Book Running Lead Managers received certain complaints in relation to the previous draft red herring prospectus.

Post filing of the previous draft red herring prospectus, our Company and the Book Running Lead Managers have received complaints dated July 5, 2022, July 6, 2022, July 8, 2022, July 10, 2022, July 11, 2022, July 13, 2022, ("**E-mails**") December 16, 2022 and November 22, 2023 ("**Complaints**"), raising certain queries and clarifications of the previous DRHP. We have responded to such E-mails and Complaints pursuant to our letters dated July 14, 2022 in response to the E-mails and January 11, 2023 and December 28, 2023, respectively in response to the Complaints.

59. We may not be able to capitalize on the opportunities emanating from the negative publicity of country liquor.

A large country liquor market is also a target group for IMFL as customers move from IMIL to IMFL. Any ban on country liquor leads to an instant jump in volumes in IMFL. *(Source: Technopak Report)* While prohibition of country liquor has led to growth of IMFL in southern states (Source: Technopak Report), however, in the event there are any changes in regulations on country liquor, we may not be able to receive the benefits of shifting customer demand which may adversely impact the operations and financials of our Company.

<u>*Other Risks*</u>

60. Industry information included in this Prospectus has been derived from an industry report prepared by Technopak Advisors Private Limited exclusively commissioned and paid for by us for such purpose.

We have availed the services of an independent third-party research agency, Technopak Advisors Private Limited ("**Technopak**"), appointed by our Company pursuant to an engagement letter dated October 11, 2023, to prepare an industry report titled "*Industry Report on Indian Alco-Beverage Market*" dated May 31, 2024 for purposes of inclusion of such information in this Prospectus to understand the industry in which we operate. This report is subject to various limitations and based upon certain assumptions that are subjective in nature. Statements from third parties that involve estimates are subject to change, and actual amounts may differ materially from those included in this Prospectus. The Technopak Report uses certain methodologies for market sizing and forecasting. Accordingly, investors should read the industry related disclosure in this Prospectus in this context. For further information, including disclosures made by Technopak in connection with the preparation and presentation of their report, see "*Certain Conventions, Currency of Presentation, Use of Financial Information, and Market Data*" on page 29.

61. Certain of our properties, including one of our bottling facility are on leased and licensed basis. If we fail to renew these leases on competitive terms or if we are unable to manage our lease rental costs, our results of operations would be materially and adversely affected.

As of December 31, 2023, we own 10 properties which primarily include our pan-India offices, our distillery and certain of our bottling facilities. With respect to our Registered Office at 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai 400 004, in terms of the consent terms whereby the suit was settled by the Court of Small Causes at Bombay on October 5, 2005, Oriental Radios Private Limited, one of our Promoters, and all of its associate/group companies under the same management, including our Company, have been permitted to, amongst other things, register the address of the suit premises, *i.e.*, 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai 400 004, with the Registrar of Companies as the registered address of these companies. Accordingly, we have registered the address 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai 400 004, with the RoC as the registered address of: (i) our Company; (ii) certain of our Subsidiaries, namely, NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited, Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited, ABD Dwellings Private Limited and Madanlal Estates Private Limited; (iii) certain of our Promoters, namely, Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, BKC Enterprises Private Limited, Oriental Radios Private Limited and Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited; (iv) certain of our Group Companies, namely, Tracstar Investments Private Limited, Starvoice Properties Private Limited, Power Brands Enterprises India Private Limited, Pitambari Properties Private Limited, Lalita Properties Private Limited, Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited, Ashoka Liquors Private Limited, Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited and Woodpecker Investments Private Limited. For further information, see "*Our Subsidiaries", "Our Promoters and Promoter Group"* and "*Our Group Companies"* on pages 289, 328 and 512, respectively.

The details of properties leased from our Promoters and Promoter Group are as follows:

Sr. No.	Address of the Property	Name of the Lessor	Whether the Lessor is a Promoter or a member of the Promoter Group	Period of lease	
				From	To
1.	Plot no. 1, Village Khandala, Taluka – Maval, District - Pune	Woodpecker Investments Private Limited	Promoter Group	April 1, 2020	March 31, 2025
2.	21 Casa Grande, Little Gibbs Road No.2, Malabar Hills, Mumbai 400006	Starvoice Properties Private Limited	Promoter Group	April 1, 2020	March 31, 2025

The transactions with our Promoter Group for the properties are on arm's length basis and there are no conflict of interest between any of our lessors of immovable properties (which are crucial for the operations of our Company) and our Company, Promoters, Promoter Group, Key Managerial Personnel, Directors, Subsidiaries and their directors, and Group Companies and their directors. We own our Corporate Office located at Ashford Centre, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 7th floor, Shankar Rao Naram Marg, Opposite Peninsula Corporate Park Main Gate, Lower Parel West, Mumbai - 400 013. Most of our regional offices are held by us on a leased basis. Typically, the term of our leases ranges from 24 months to 99 years for our office space and our bottling facility located at Aurangabad, Maharashtra which are subject to lock-in for a certain duration over the respective term of such lease. For further information in relation to our leased properties, see "*Our Business - Properties*" on page 261.

62. Scarcity of water or non-availability of quality water could negatively impact our costs and production capacity.

Water is one of the primary raw materials used in the production of all our products, and our business operations are vastly dependent on our ability to procure sufficient amounts of quality water at commercially viable prices. Supply of water is an indispensable requirement for our manufacturing process as we require water to mix the base concentrates of our products. Moreover, it is also vital to the production of the agricultural ingredients on which our business relies. Water is a limited resource, facing unprecedented challenges from overexploitation, increasing demand for food and other consumer and industrial products whose manufacturing processes require water, increasing pollution and poor management. Further, supply of water can also be significantly influenced by changing environmental conditions leading to drying water resources and receding ground water levels. Water scarcity and deterioration in the quality of available water sources in our territories, or our supply chain, even if temporary, may result in increased production costs or capacity constraints, which could adversely affect our ability to produce, sell and distribute our products and increase our costs.

63. The loss of certain certification and accreditation of our production practices that we have adopted could harm our business.

We rely on certification of our facilities and must comply with the requirements of independent organizations or certification authorities. Our registered and corporate office, as well as our facilities at Aurangabad, Maharashtra; Ambala, Haryana; Kalyani, West Bengal; and Hyderabad, Telangana and our bottling facility at Rangapur, Telangana have been awarded ISO 22000:2018 certification for food safety management system. We could lose the certifications and accreditations for these systems if we are not able to adhere to the quality standards and specifications required under such certifications and accreditations. While our certifications have been consistently renewed in the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, the loss of any independent certification and production practices may lead to the loss of significant customers for our products, which could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, business, financial condition and results of operations. For further information, see "*Our Business - Health, Safety and Certifications*" on page 258.

64. Seasonal fluctuations in consumer demand could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Seasonal consumption cycles and changes in weather conditions can affect our results of operations. Major holidays and festivals generally increase the demand for our products in India. Consumption of our products is particularly strong from October to March. Weaker consumer demand for our products as a result of these or other factors could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. Further, the distribution structure is prone to sudden policy or regulatory changes by the various state governments , resulting in stock-out of our products in the market thereby resulting in loss of sales.

Any of these factors could have a material adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations. We may also be required to invest in updated technology, human resources and processes to develop products having the desired qualities and characteristics, and continually monitor and adapt to evolving market demand.

65. We may undertake acquisitions, investments, joint ventures or other strategic alliances, which may have a material adverse effect on our ability to manage our business, and financial performance and such undertakings may be unsuccessful.

Our strategy includes plans to expand both organically and through strategic acquisitions of regional and/or international brands, bottling or distilling facilities. For instance, we have acquired the entire shareholding in ABD Dwelling Private Limited and Madanlal Estates Private Limited pursuant to a share purchase agreement dated July 15, 2021. Further, Matsyodari Investment & Holdings Private Limited ("**MIHPL**"), OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited ("**OSCORP**") and our Company have entered into a Memorandum of Understanding dated April 12, 2022 (the "**ABD LLP MoU**"), read together with the limited liability partnership agreement dated July 6, 2022 entered amongst our Company, Rajesh Ankushrao Tope, OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited ("**OSCORP**"), Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy and Shekhar Ramamurthy ("**Partnership Agreement**") and the amended and restated limited liability partnership agreement dated January 13, 2023 entered amongst our Company, OSCORP, Matsyodari Investment & Holdings Private Limited ("**MIHPL**"), Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("**SBBPL**") and Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("**CBBPL**") ("**Amended LLP Agreement**" and together with the ABD LLP MoU, the "**ABD LLP Agreement**"), to form a joint venture entity in the nature of a limited liability partnership for the purposes of processing, manufacturing, distilling and generally to deal in wines, spirits, liquors and to carry on the business of marketing of liquor and other allied products in India. The initial capital of the ABD LLP is ₹100,002 in the proportion of ₹85,000, ₹10,000, ₹5,000, ₹1 and ₹1 being contributed by our Company, MIHPL, OSCORP, SBBPL and CBBPL, respectively. For further information, see "*History and Other Corporate Matters – Details regarding material acquisitions or divestments of business/undertakings, mergers, amalgamation, any revaluation of assets in the last ten years*" on page 285.

Our Company on an opportunistic basis, evaluates various investment and acquisition options. Towards this, our Company has, from time to time, entered into various non-binding arrangements to evaluate such options, some of which may also result into acquisitions and certain entities becoming our wholly owned Subsidiaries.

These acquisitions and joint ventures may expose us to new operational, regulatory, market and geographic risks as well as risks associated with additional capital requirements as well as other considerable risks, including:

- our inability to integrate new operations, personnel, products, services and technologies;
- unforeseen or hidden liabilities, including exposure to lawsuits associated with newly acquired companies;
- the diversion of resources from our existing businesses;
- failure to comply with laws and regulations as well as industry or technical standards of the overseas markets into which we expand;
- our inability to generate sufficient revenues to offset the costs and expenses of such acquisitions or strategic investment; and
- potential loss of, or harm to employees or customer relationships.

While we have been able to successfully integrate our acquisitions in the past, there can be no assurance that we will not face any difficulties or incur any liabilities in relation to future acquisitions. Any of these events could disrupt our ability to manage our business, which in turn could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. Such risks could also result in our failure to derive the intended benefits of the acquisitions, and we may be unable to recover our investment in such initiatives.

66. We are dependent on a number of key personnel, including our senior management, and the loss of, or our inability to hire, retain, train, and motivate qualified personnel could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our ability to compete in the highly competitive IMFL industry depends upon our ability to attract, motivate, and retain qualified personnel. We are dependent on the continued contribution of our senior management and Key Managerial Personnel for the continued running of our day-to-day business operations, as well as the overall strategic business development of our Company. The attrition rate of our Key Managerial Personnel was 11.11%, 33.33%, 0.00%, 0.00% and 20.00%, respectively, in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023. We have in the past and may in the future, in order to attract senior level talent, offer incentives which may include compensating them for loss of long-term incentive plans which they were assured of in their previous employment, legal cost of any litigation in which they may be involved during their previous employment and consequences thereof. We cannot assure you that we will not offer such incentives in future to acquire required talent. For further details, please reference to section *"Our Management"*

on page 297. For further details, please see *"Our Business"* on page 226. We believe that the inputs and experience of our senior management and key managerial personnel are valuable for the growth and development of business and operations and the strategic directions taken by our Company. We cannot assure you that we will be able to retain these employees or find adequate replacements in a timely manner, or at all.

We may require a long period of time to hire and train replacement personnel when qualified personnel terminate their employment with our Company. We may also be required to increase our levels of employee compensation more rapidly than in the past to remain competitive in attracting employees that our business requires. The loss of the services of such persons may have an adverse effect on our business, our results of operations and our cash flows. For further information, see "*Our Management*" and on page 297.

The continued operations and growth of our business is dependent upon our ability to attract and retain personnel. Competition for qualified personnel with relevant industry expertise in India is intense. A loss of the services of our key personnel may adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

67. We may be affected by competition laws, the adverse application or interpretation of which could adversely affect our business including allegations of cartelization.

The Competition Act, 2002, of India, as amended ("**Competition Act**"), regulates practices having an appreciable adverse effect on competition in the relevant market in India ("**AAEC**"). Under the Competition Act, any formal or informal arrangement, understanding, or action in concert, which causes or is likely to cause an AAEC is considered void and may result in the imposition of substantial penalties. Further, any agreement among competitors which directly or indirectly involves the determination of purchase or sale prices, limits or controls production, supply, markets, technical development, investment, or the provision of services or shares the market or source of production or provision of services in any manner, including by way of allocation of geographical area or number of customers in the relevant market or directly or indirectly results in bid-rigging or collusive bidding is presumed to have an AAEC and is considered void. The Competition Act also prohibits abuse of a dominant position by any enterprise in the relevant point. Further, there can be allegations of cartelization against IMFL manufacturers including us by the CCI as in the past CCI has imposed penalties on certain companies producing beer on charges of cartelization of beer sales. In the event there are any proceedings against our Company on charges of cartelization, our business and brand name may get adversely impacted.

The Competition (Amendment) Act, 2023 ("**Competition Amendment Act**") was notified on April 11, 2023, which amends the Competition Act and give the CCI additional powers to prevent practices that harm competition and the interests of consumers. The Competition Amendment Act, *inter alia*, modifies the scope of certain factors used to determine AAEC, reduces the overall time limit for the assessment of combinations by the CCI from 210 days to 150 days and empowers the CCI to impose penalties based on the global turnover of entities, for anti-competitive agreements and abuse of dominant position.

The Competition Act aims to, among others, prohibit all agreements and transactions which may have an AAEC in India. Consequently, all agreements entered by us could be within the purview of the Competition Act. Further, the CCI has extra-territorial powers and can investigate any agreements, abusive conduct, or combination occurring outside India if such agreement, conduct, or combination has an AAEC in India. However, the impact of the provisions of the Competition Act on the agreements entered by us cannot be predicted with certainty at this stage. Since we pursue an acquisition driven growth strategy, we may be affected, directly or indirectly, by the application or interpretation of any provision of the Competition Act, or any enforcement proceedings initiated by the CCI, or any adverse publicity that may be generated due to scrutiny or prosecution by the CCI or if any prohibition or substantial penalties are levied under the Competition Act, it would adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows, and prospects.

68. Any inability to accurately manage inventory and forecast demand for particular products in specific markets may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Demand for our products is forecasted through data analysis, buyer and distributor feedback, sales personnel feedback and our understanding of anticipated consumer spending, festive seasons and inventory levels with our distribution network. If we underestimate demand or have inadequate capacity due to which we are unable to meet the demand for our products, we may produce fewer quantities of products than required, which could result in the loss of business. While we forecast the demand for our products and accordingly plan our production volumes, any changes in estimates could result in surplus stock, which may not be sold in a timely manner.

The table below provides details of our allowance for inventory as a percentage of our Net Revenue from Operations for the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31,			For the nine months ended December 31, 2022	For the nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
Allowance for inventory (₹ million)	14.07	19.98	62.22	57.58	38.23
As a percentage of our Net Revenue from Operations (Revenue from Operations less excise duty)(%)	0.06%	0.07%	0.20%	0.24%	0.15%

While we prominently display the display the dangers, risk and health hazards related to consuming our brands in compliance with applicable laws, we cannot assure you that we will not face claims for damages or litigation, if our products are consumed. Any or all of these factors could adversely affect our reputation, and consequently our business, prospects and financial performance.

69. Our inability to adopt new technologies to adhere to our quality product standards could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Currently, all of our machinery in our owned distillery and bottling facilities are equipped with semi and fully automated production equipment and processes, which supports our production processes, innovation and product development. However, we cannot assure you that in the future, we will be able to successfully make timely and cost-effective enhancements, additions or replacements to our current technological infrastructures. Our industry is subject to significant technological changes with constant introduction of new and enhanced processes, machineries and technologies. Our failure to successfully adapt and implement such technological changes, may increase our costs, which may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

70. Our inability to effectively manage our growth or implement our growth strategies may have a material adverse effect on our business prospects and future financial performance.

As a result of significant expansion, our business and organization have become, and are expected to continue to become, considerably more complex, requiring us to adapt continuously to meet the needs of our growing business and could expose us to a number of factors which may negatively impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

While we have built information technology, governance frameworks and operational management systems to manage our business operations and to support our future growth at the distillery and bottling facilities and corporate level, in the future in particular, our success will depend on our ability to adapt continuously to meet the needs of our growing business, in particular, to:

- maintain and develop a consistent and strong brand identity and further develop our brand strength across a growing organization and increasing number of markets, especially in light of our expansion and new products;
- ensure safe movement and storage of inventory;
- our ability to enter into third-party bottling agreements;
- source, at appropriate prices, the amount of raw ingredients required for increased operations;
- attract and retain experienced, high quality management and other key employees;
- identify potential new markets and suitable locations for our distillery and bottling facilities as well as obtaining leases for our new facilities on commercially attractive terms;
- efficiently manage international operations, including by acquiring expertise of specific international markets where we expand with respect to customer preferences and regulatory concerns;
- respond to increasing competition from competitors in the existing markets we cover as well as new markets we may enter in the future; and
- respond in a timely manner to new taste trends, regional preferences in spirits and changing customer demands.

We may not be able to adequately respond to any of the foregoing factors or otherwise manage our significant growth which could negatively impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The success of our business will depend greatly on our ability to effectively implement our business and growth strategy. Our growth strategies, *inter-alia*, include increasing market share of *Office's Choice Whisky* across regions, introduce new products within the premium, semi-premium and deluxe segments in order to increase our presence, increase our operating efficiencies, evaluate growth opportunities through selective acquisitions and enhance our brand awareness. For further information, see "*Our Business – Strategies*" on page 237.

Our business growth could also be a strain on our resources. Our ability to manage our future growth will depend on our ability to continue to implement and improve operational, financial and management systems on a timely basis and to expand, train, motivate and manage our personnel. There can be no assurance that our personnel, systems, procedures and controls will be adequate to support our future growth. Failure to effectively manage our expansion may lead to increased costs and reduced profitability and may adversely affect our growth prospects. Our inability to manage our business and implement our growth strategy could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and profitability.

71. Technology failures could disrupt our operations and adversely affect our business operations and financial performance.

IT systems are critical to our ability to manage our production process, inventory management, buyer and distributor management, financial management, data handling, and supply chain management and in turn, to maximize efficiencies and optimize costs. Our IT systems enable us to coordinate our operations, from automated production to logistics and transport, invoicing, customer relationship management and decision support. For details, see "*Our Business – Information Technology*" on page 260.

If we do not allocate and effectively manage the resources necessary to implement and sustain the proper IT infrastructure, we could be subject to transaction errors, processing inefficiencies and, in some instances, loss of customers. Challenges relating to the revamping or implementation of new IT structures can also subject us to certain errors, inefficiencies, disruptions and, in some instances, loss of customers. Our IT systems, and the systems of our third-party IT service providers may also be vulnerable to a variety of interruptions due to events beyond our control, including, but not limited to, natural disasters, terrorist attacks, telecommunications failures, computer viruses, hackers and other security issues. While there have not been any material instances in the last three Fiscals and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, there can be no assurance that such events or instances will not occur in future. Although we have security initiatives and disaster recovery plans in place to mitigate its risk to these vulnerabilities, such measures may not have been effectively implemented or may not be adequate to ensure that its operations are not disrupted. For instance, we have implemented anti-virus / anti-malware solutions through which we get advance alerts, which help us take necessary action to mitigate attacks. Our business system is hosted on non-vulnerable platform which provides primary security to business applications and data. Critical device data is backed-up in an encrypted manner.

72. Our facilities could be affected by operating hazards and natural disasters.

Our alcohol and spirits operations are subject to operating and other risks typically associated with alcoholic beverage production, and our alcohol operations are subject to operating and other risks typically associated with the production, storage and transportation of highly flammable products and other materials. Incidents of fires, mechanical failures, storage tank leaks, discharge or release of hazardous substances and other environmental risks, and inclement weather and natural disasters could adversely affect our productivity, profitability and operations as a whole. For example, in August 2020, an accident happened in our boiler room which resulted in causality of one DCS operator and serious injuries to three technicians. In addition, a fire incident at one of our exclusive tie-up unit located in Chandigarh resulted into damages to our inventory. We filed insurance claims for the inventory at the unit which was settled on September 28, 2023. The net adjusted loss for the inventory was ₹ 40.75 million while the insurance received was ₹ 37.74 million. Any disruption in the operation of our existing production facilities due to any of the foregoing risks could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operation and prospects. In addition, many of these operating and other risks may cause personal injury and loss of life, severe damage to or destruction of property and equipment, and environmental damage, and may result in suspension of our operations and the imposition of civil or criminal penalties.

Losses incurred or payments required to be made by us as a result of these or other factors may exceed our insurance coverage or not be covered by our insurance, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

73. Our ability to pay dividends in the future will depend upon our future earnings, financial condition, cash flows, working capital requirements and capital expenditures and the terms of our financing arrangements.

Any dividends to be declared and paid in the future are required to be recommended by our Company's Board of Directors and approved by its Shareholders, at their discretion, subject to the provisions of the Articles of Association and applicable law, including the Companies Act. Our Company's ability to pay dividends in the future will depend upon our future results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, sufficient profitability, working capital requirements and capital expenditure requirements. We cannot assure you that we will generate sufficient revenues to cover our operating expenses and, as such, have profits to pay dividends to our Company's shareholders in future.

74. Our Company will not receive any proceeds from the Offer for Sale.

The Offer comprises Fresh Issue aggregating up to ₹ 10,000 million and an Offer for Sale aggregating up to ₹ 5,000 million by the Selling Shareholders. Our Company will not receive any proceeds from the Offer for Sale. However, in the event any Selling Shareholder withdraws or abandons the Offer at any stage prior to the completion of the Offer, or if the Offer fails or is withdrawn, abandoned or terminated for any reason whatsoever, all costs, charges, fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Offer shall be borne amongst the Company and the Selling Shareholders, as mutually agreed amongst them. The expenses of the Selling Shareholders will, at the outset, be borne by our Company and each Selling Shareholder will reimburse our Company for such expenses (inclusive of taxes) incurred by our Company on behalf of such Selling Shareholders, in relation to the Offer, upon successful completion of the Offer in the manner as prescribed under applicable law and in a manner as may be mutually agreed among our Company and the Selling Shareholders.

75. Our Promoters, Promoter Group, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Managerial Personnel are interested in the Company's performance in addition to their normal remuneration and reimbursement of expenses.

Certain of our Promoters, Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Managerial Personnel are interested in our Company, in addition to normal remuneration or benefits and reimbursement of expenses, to the extent of their shareholding or their relatives' holding in our Company. Further, other than as disclosed in "*Offer Document Summary – Related Party Transactions*" and "*Related Party Transactions*" on pages 21 and 434, respectively, there are no other transactions entered into by our Company with our Promoters, Directors and Key Managerial Personnel. While we believe that all such transactions have been conducted on an arm's length basis, in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable regulations pertaining to the evaluation and approval of such transactions and have not been prejudicial to the interests of our Company, we cannot assure you that we might have obtained more favourable terms had such transactions been entered into with unrelated parties. For further information on the interest of our Directors, Promoters and Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Managerial Personnel, other than reimbursement of expenses incurred or normal remuneration or benefits, see "*Our Management – Interest of Directors*", "*Our Promoters and Promoter Group – Interest of our Promoters*", and *Our Management – Interest of Key Managerial Personnel*" on pages 307, 333 and 326, respectively.

76. We may require additional equity or debt in the future in order to continue to grow our business, which may not be available on favorable terms or at all.

Our strategy to grow our business and maintain our market share may require us to raise additional funds or refinance our existing debt for our working capital or long term loans. There can be no assurance that such funds will be available on favorable terms or at all. Additional debt financing may increase our financing costs. Our financing agreements may contain terms and conditions that may restrict our ability to operate and manage our business, such as terms and conditions that require us to maintain certain pre-set debt service coverage ratios and leverage ratios and require us to use our assets, including our cash balances, as collateral for our indebtedness. If we decide to raise additional funds through the incurrence of debt, our interest and debt repayment obligations will increase, and could have a significant effect on our profitability and cash flows. Any issuance of equity to raise additional funds, on the other hand, would result in a dilution of the shareholding of existing shareholders. If we are unable to raise additional funds on favorable terms or at all as and when required, our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects could be adversely affected.

77. We have in this Prospectus included certain non-GAAP financial measures and certain other industry measures related to our operations and financial performance. These non-GAAP measures and industry measures may vary from any standard methodology that is applicable across the Indian

alcohol and spirits industry, and therefore may not be comparable with financial or industry related statistical information of similar nomenclature computed and presented by other companies.

Certain non-GAAP financial measures and certain other industry measures relating to our operations and financial performance have been included in this Prospectus. We compute and disclose such non-GAAP financial measures and such other industry related statistical information relating to our operations and financial performance as we consider such information to be useful measures of our business and financial performance, and because such measures are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and others to evaluate the operational performance of Indian alcohol and spirits industry, many of which provide such non-GAAP financial measures and other industry related statistical and operational information. Such supplemental financial and operational information is therefore of limited utility as an analytical tool, and investors are cautioned against considering such information either in isolation or as a substitute for an analysis of our audited financial statements as reported under applicable accounting standards disclosed elsewhere in this Prospectus.

These non-GAAP financial measures and such other industry related statistical and other information relating to our operations and financial performance may not be computed on the basis of any standard methodology that is applicable across the industry and therefore may not be comparable to financial measures and industry related statistical information of similar nomenclature that may be computed and presented by other companies. For further information, see "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Non-GAAP Measures*" on page 446.

78. We will continue to be controlled by our Promoters after the completion of the Offer.

As of the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters hold the entire issued, subscribed and paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company. Upon completion of the Offer, our Promoters will continue to hold majority of our equity share capital, which will allow them to continue to control the outcome of matters submitted to our Shareholders for approval. After this Offer, our Promoters will continue to exercise significant control or exert significant influence over our business and major policy decisions, including but not limited to control the composition of our Board, delay, defer or cause a change of our control or a change in our capital structure, delay, defer or cause a merger, consolidation, takeover or other business combination involving us. The interests of our Promoters may conflict with your interests and the interests of our other shareholders, and our Promoters could make decisions that may adversely affect our business operations, and hence the value of your investment in the Equity Shares.

79. Our customers may engage in transactions in or with countries or persons that are subject to U.S. and other sanctions.

U.S. law generally prohibits U.S. persons from directly or indirectly investing or otherwise doing business in or with certain countries that are the subject of comprehensive sanctions and with certain persons or businesses that have been specially designated by the OFAC or other U.S. government agencies. Other governments and international or regional organisations also administer similar economic sanctions. We may enter into transactions with customers who may be doing business with, or located in, countries to which certain OFAC-administered and other sanctions apply. There can be no assurance that we will be able to fully monitor all of our transactions for any potential violation. If it were determined that transactions in which we participate violate U.S. or other sanctions, we could be subject to U.S. or other penalties, and our reputation and future business prospects in the United States or with U.S. persons, or in other jurisdictions, could be adversely affected. We rely on our staff to be up-to-date and aware of the latest sanctions in place. Further, investors in the Equity Shares could incur reputational or other risks as the result of our customers' dealings in or with countries or with persons that are the subject of U.S. sanctions.

External Risk Factors

80. Recent global economic conditions have been challenging and continue to affect the Indian market, which may adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

The Indian economy and its securities markets are influenced by economic developments and volatility in securities markets in other countries. Investors' reactions to developments in one country may have adverse effects on the market price of securities of companies located in other countries, including India. Negative economic developments, such as rising fiscal or trade deficits, or a default on national debt, in other emerging market countries may also affect investor confidence and cause increased volatility in Indian securities markets and indirectly affect the Indian economy in general. Any worldwide financial instability could also have a negative

impact on the Indian economy, including the movement of exchange rates and interest rates in India and could then adversely affect our business, financial performance and the price of our Equity Shares.

Any other global economic developments or the perception that any of them could occur may continue to have an adverse effect on global economic conditions and the stability of global financial markets, and may significantly reduce global market liquidity and restrict the ability of key market participants to operate in certain financial markets. Any of these factors could depress economic activity and restrict our access to capital, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and reduce the price of our equity shares. Any financial disruption could have an adverse effect on our business, future financial performance, shareholders' equity and the price of our Equity Shares.

81. Natural or man-made disasters, fires, epidemics, pandemics, acts of war, terrorist attacks, civil unrest and other events could materially and adversely affect our business.

Natural disasters (such as typhoons, flooding, and/or earthquakes), epidemics, pandemics such as COVID-19, and man-made disasters, including acts of war, terrorist attacks, and other events, many of which are beyond our control, may lead to economic instability, including in India or globally, which may in turn adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. Developments in the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine and the Israel and Hamas have resulted in and may continue to result in a period of sustained instability across global financial markets, induce volatility in commodity prices, logistics times and costs, increase borrowing costs, cause outflow of capital from emerging markets and may lead to overall slowdown in economic activity in India. Our operations may be adversely affected by fires, natural disasters, and/or severe weather, which can result in damage to our property or inventory and generally reduce our productivity, and may require us to evacuate personnel and suspend operations. Any terrorist attacks or civil unrest as well as other adverse social, economic, and political events in India could have a negative effect on us. Such incidents could also create a greater perception that investment in Indian companies involves a higher degree of risk and could have an adverse effect on our business and the price of the Equity Shares. A number of countries in Asia, including India, as well as countries in other parts of the world, are susceptible to contagious diseases and, for example, have had confirmed cases of diseases such as the highly pathogenic H7N9, H5N1, and H1N1 strains of influenza in birds and swine and more recently, the SARS-CoV-2 virus and the monkeypox virus. Another outbreak of any new variant of COVID-19 pandemic such as the new JN.1 variant or future outbreaks of SARS-CoV-2 virus or a similar contagious disease could adversely affect the global economy and economic activity in the region.

For example, on account of COVID-19, we experienced temporary shutdown of our distillery and owned and/or operated bottling facilities and third-party bottling facilities for several weeks in the months of March and April 2020. In particular, the period of national lockdown mandated by the Government of India between March 23, 2020 to May 23, 2020, resulted in complete ban on the sale of alcohol in India, which significantly impacted our business, revenue from operations and cash flows. The total cases sold by us was 25.52 million cases in Fiscal 2021,which increased to 28.40 million cases in Fiscal 2022 and further increased to 32.24 million cases in Fiscal 2023 on account of removal of all COVID-19 restrictions. The number of cases of whisky products sold was 24.60 million cases in Fiscal 2021 which increased to 27.49 million cases in Fiscal 2022 and further to 30.59 million cases in Fiscal 2023 on account of removal of all COVID-19 restrictions.

In addition, due to the restrictions imposed by COVID-19, we had to pay certain amounts to our third-party bottling facilities. For example, for our third-party bottling facility in Assam, we paid ₹ 6.00 million between July 2021 to September 2021 since our bottling volume did not reach the minimum bottling charge as prescribed under the agreement. Further, we had to pay additional bottling charge of ₹ 5 per case to another third-party bottling facility amounting to ₹ 0.34 million between October 2020 to March 2021 due to increased operational cost.

Further, our revenue from operations was ₹ 63,787.76 million in Fiscal 2021; and our restated profit after tax for the year/period was ₹ 25.08 million in Fiscal 2021 and was ₹14.76 million in Fiscal 2022. We did not avail any moratorium on principal and interest during Fiscal 2022 and there was no restructuring of our borrowings. Further, while we did not incur any difficulty in securing roll over of certain borrowings in relation to our working capital facilities, there can be no assurance that we will be able to avail of such benefit in future on account of similar situations or otherwise.

82. Any downgrading of India's sovereign debt rating by an international rating agency could have a negative impact on our business and results of operations.

Our borrowing costs and our access to the debt capital markets depend significantly on the credit ratings of India. Any adverse revisions to credit ratings for India and other jurisdictions we operate in by international rating agencies may adversely impact our ability to raise additional financing. This could have an adverse effect on our

ability to fund our growth on favourable terms and consequently adversely affect our business and financial performance and the price of the Equity Shares.

83. Changing laws, rules or regulations and legal uncertainties including taxation laws, or their interpretation, such changes may significantly affect our financial statements.

The regulatory environment in which we operate is evolving and is subject to change. The GoI may implement new laws or other regulations that could affect the component industry, which could lead to new compliance requirements. New compliance requirements could increase our costs or otherwise adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Further, the manner in which new requirements will be enforced or interpreted can lead to uncertainty in our operations and could adversely affect our operations. Accordingly, any adverse regulatory change in this regard could lead to fluctuation of prices of raw materials and thereby increase our operational cost. For details on the laws applicable to us, please see "*Key Regulations and Policies*" on page 267.

The Income Tax Act, 1961 ("**IT Act**") was amended to provide domestic companies an option to pay corporate income tax at the effective rate of approximately 25.17% (inclusive of applicable surcharge and health and education cess), as compared to effective rate of 34.94% (inclusive of applicable surcharge and health and education cess), provided such companies do not claim certain specified deductions or exemptions. Further, where a company has opted to pay the reduced corporate tax rate, the minimum alternate tax provisions would not be applicable. Any such future amendments may affect our ability to claim exemptions that we have historically benefited from, and such exemptions may no longer be available to us. Any adverse order passed by the appellate authorities/ tribunals/ courts would have an effect on our profitability. Due to the COVID -19 pandemic, the Government of India had also passed the Taxation and Other Laws (Relaxation of Certain Provisions) Act, 2020, implementing relaxations from certain requirements under, amongst others, the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and Customs Tariff Act, 1975.

As on the date of this Prospectus, GST is not applicable to the alcohol industry. However, if and when it is implemented, there can be no assurance that we will be able to comply with additional procedures or obtain additional approvals and licenses from the government and other regulatory bodies or that they will not impose onerous requirements and conditions on our operations. With the implementation of GST, we may be obligated to take on additional levies or pass on any benefits accruing to us as result of the transition to GST to the consumer thereby limiting our benefits. In order for us to utilise input credit under GST, the entire value chain will have to be GST compliant, including us. There can be no assurance that our suppliers will adhere to the GST rules and regulations. Any such failure may result in increased cost on account of non-compliance with the GST and may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Earlier, distribution of dividends by a domestic company was subject to Dividend Distribution Tax ("**DDT**"), in the hands of the company. Such dividends were generally exempt from tax in the hands of the shareholders. However, the Government of India has amended the IT Act to abolish the DDT regime. Accordingly, any dividend distributed by a domestic company is subject to tax in the hands of the investor at the applicable rate. Additionally, the Company is required to withhold tax on such dividends distributed at the applicable rate.

Further, the Government of India has recently introduced various amendments to the Income Tax Act, *vide* the Finance Act, 2024. We have not fully determined the impact of these recent and proposed laws and regulations on our business, financial condition, future cash flows and results of operations. We may incur increased costs relating to compliance with such new requirements, which may also require management time and other resources, and any failure to comply may adversely affect our business, results of operations and prospects. Uncertainty in the applicability, interpretation or implementation of any amendment to, or change in, governing law, regulation or policy, including by reason of an absence, or a limited body, of administrative or judicial precedent, may be time consuming as well as costly for us to resolve and may affect the viability of our current business or restrict our ability to grow our business in the future.

Unfavourable changes in or interpretations of existing, or the promulgation of new, laws, rules and regulations including foreign investment and stamp duty laws governing our business and operations could result in us being deemed to be in contravention of such laws and may require us to apply for additional approvals. For instance, the Supreme Court of India has in a decision clarified the components of basic wages which need to be considered by companies while making provident fund payments, which resulted in an increase in the provident fund payments to be made by companies. Any such decisions in future or any further changes in interpretation of laws may have an impact on our results of operations. Uncertainty in the applicability, interpretation or implementation of any amendment to, or change in, governing law, regulation or policy, including by reason of an absence, or a limited body, of administrative or judicial precedent may be time consuming as well as costly for us to resolve and may impact the viability of our current businesses or restrict our ability to grow our businesses in the future.

84. Financial instability in other countries may cause increased volatility in Indian financial markets.

The Indian market and the Indian economy are influenced by economic and market conditions in other countries, including conditions in the United States, Europe and certain emerging economies in Asia. Financial turmoil in Asia, United States, United Kingdom, Russia and elsewhere in the world in recent years has adversely affected the Indian economy. Any worldwide financial instability may cause increased volatility in the Indian financial markets and, directly or indirectly, adversely affect the Indian economy and financial sector and us. Although economic conditions vary across markets, loss of investor confidence in one emerging economy may cause increased volatility across other economies, including India. Financial instability in other parts of the world could have a global influence and thereby negatively affect the Indian economy. Financial disruptions could materially and adversely affect our business, prospects, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Further, economic developments globally can have a significant impact on our principal markets. Concerns related to a trade war between large economies may lead to increased risk aversion and volatility in global capital markets and consequently have an impact on the Indian economy.

These developments, or the perception that any of them could occur, have had and may continue to have a material adverse effect on global economic conditions and the stability of global financial markets, and may significantly reduce global market liquidity, restrict the ability of key market participants to operate in certain financial markets or restrict our access to capital. This could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and reduce the price of the Equity Shares.

Risks Relating to the Equity Shares and this Offer

85. Pursuant to listing of the Equity Shares, we may be subject to pre-emptive surveillance measures like Additional Surveillance Measure ("ASM") and Graded Surveillance Measures ("GSM") by the Stock Exchanges in order to enhance market integrity and safeguard the interest of investors.

SEBI and the Stock Exchanges have introduced various pre-emptive surveillance measures in order to enhance market integrity and safeguard the interests of investors, including ASM and GSM. ASM and GSM are imposed on securities of companies based on various objective criteria such as significant variations in price and volume, concentration of certain client accounts as a percentage of combined trading volume, average delivery, securities which witness abnormal price rise not commensurate with financial health and fundamentals such as earnings, book value, fixed assets, net worth, price / earnings multiple, market capitalization etc.

Upon listing, the trading of our Equity Shares would be subject to differing market conditions as well as other factors which may result in high volatility in price, low trading volumes, and a large concentration of client accounts as a percentage of combined trading volume of our Equity Shares. The occurrence of any of the abovementioned factors or other circumstances may trigger any of the parameters prescribed by SEBI and the Stock Exchanges for placing our securities under the GSM and/or ASM framework or any other surveillance measures, which could result in significant restrictions on trading of our Equity Shares being imposed by SEBI and the Stock Exchanges. These restrictions may include requiring higher margin requirements, requirement of settlement on a trade for trade basis without netting off, limiting trading frequency, reduction of applicable price band, requirement of settlement on gross basis or freezing of price on upper side of trading, as well as mentioning of our Equity Shares on the surveillance dashboards of the Stock Exchanges. The imposition of these restrictions and curbs on trading may have an adverse effect on market price, trading and liquidity of our Equity Shares and on the reputation and conditions of our Company.

86. Investors may not be able to enforce a judgment of a foreign court against us, our Directors and executive officers in India respectively, except by way of a law suit in India.

Our Company is a company incorporated under the laws of India and all of our Directors are located in India. A majority of our assets, all of our Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Managerial Personnel and officers are also located in India. As a result, it may not be possible for investors to effect service of process upon our Company or such persons in jurisdictions outside India, or to enforce judgments obtained against such parties outside India. Furthermore, it is unlikely that an Indian court would enforce foreign judgments if that court was of the view that the amount of damages awarded was excessive or inconsistent with public policy, or if judgments are in breach or contrary to Indian law. In addition, a party seeking to enforce a foreign judgment in India is required to obtain approval from the RBI to execute such a judgment or to repatriate outside India any amounts recovered.

Recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments is provided for under Section 13 and Section 44A of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. India is not party to any international treaty in relation to the recognition or enforcement

of foreign judgments. India has reciprocal recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters with only a limited number of jurisdictions, such as the United Kingdom, United Arab Emirates, Singapore and Hong Kong. In order to be enforceable, a judgment from a jurisdiction with reciprocity must meet certain requirements established in the Indian Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. The CPC only permits the enforcement and execution of monetary decrees in the reciprocating jurisdiction, not being in the nature of any amounts payable in respect of taxes, other charges, fines or penalties. Judgments or decrees from jurisdictions which do not have reciprocal recognition with India, including the United States, cannot be enforced by proceedings in execution in India. Therefore, a final judgment for the payment of money rendered by any court in a non-reciprocating territory for civil liability, whether or not predicated solely upon the general laws of the non-reciprocating territory, would not be directly enforceable in India. The party in whose favour a final foreign judgment in a non-reciprocating territory is rendered may bring a fresh suit in a competent court in India based on the final judgment within three years of obtaining such final judgment. However, it is unlikely that a court in India would award damages on the same basis as a foreign court if an action were brought in India or that an Indian court would enforce foreign judgments if it viewed the amount of damages as excessive or inconsistent with the public policy in India. Further, there is no assurance that a suit brought in an Indian court in relation to a foreign judgment will be disposed of in a timely manner. In addition, any person seeking to enforce a foreign judgment in India is required to obtain the prior approval of the RBI to repatriate any amount recovered, and we cannot assure that such approval will be forthcoming within a reasonable period of time, or at all, or that conditions of such approval would be acceptable. Such amount may also be subject to income tax in accordance with applicable law.

87. The trading volume and market price of the Equity Shares may be volatile following the Offer.

The market price of the Equity Shares may fluctuate as a result of, among other things, the following factors, some of which are beyond our control:

- quarterly variations in our results of operations;
- results of operations that vary from the expectations of securities analysts and investors;
- results of operations that vary from those of our competitors;
- changes in expectations as to our future financial performance, including financial estimates by research analysts and investors;
- a change in research analysts' recommendations;
- announcements by us or our competitors of significant acquisitions, strategic alliances, joint operations or capital commitments;
- announcements by third parties or governmental entities of significant claims or proceedings against us;
- new laws and governmental regulations applicable to our industry;
- additions or departures of key management personnel;
- changes in exchange rates;
- fluctuations in stock market prices and volume; and
- general economic and stock market conditions.

Changes in relation to any of the factors listed above could adversely affect the price of the Equity Shares.

88. Fluctuation in the exchange rate between the Indian Rupee and foreign currencies may have an adverse effect on the value of our Equity Shares, independent of our operating results.

On listing, our Equity Shares will be quoted in Indian Rupees on the Stock Exchanges. Any dividends in respect of our Equity Shares will also be paid in Indian Rupees and subsequently converted into the relevant foreign currency for repatriation, if required. Any adverse movement in currency exchange rates during the time taken for such conversion may reduce the net dividend to foreign investors. In addition, any adverse movement in currency exchange rates during a delay in repatriating the proceeds from a sale of Equity Shares outside India, for example, because of a delay in regulatory approvals that may be required for the sale of Equity Shares may reduce the proceeds received by Shareholders. For example, the exchange rate between the Indian Rupee and the U.S. dollar has fluctuated substantially in recent years and may continue to fluctuate substantially in the future, which may have an adverse effect on the returns on our Equity Shares, independent of our operating results.

89. Investors will not be able to sell immediately on an Indian stock exchange any of the Equity Shares they purchase in the Offer.

The Equity Shares will be listed on the Stock Exchanges. Pursuant to applicable Indian laws, certain actions must be completed before the Equity Shares can be listed and trading in the Equity Shares may commence. Investors' book entry, or 'demat' accounts with depository participants in India, are expected to be credited within one

working day of the date on which the Basis of Allotment is approved by the Stock Exchanges. The Allotment of Equity Shares in the Offer and the credit of such Equity Shares to the applicant's demat account with depository participant could take approximately two Working Days from the Bid/ Offer Closing Date and trading in the Equity Shares upon receipt of final listing and trading approvals from the Stock Exchanges is expected to commence within three Working Days of the Bid/ Offer Closing Date. There could be a failure or delay in listing of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges. Any failure or delay in obtaining the approval or otherwise commence trading in the Equity Shares would restrict investors' ability to dispose of their Equity Shares. There can be no assurance that the Equity Shares will be credited to investors' demat accounts, or that trading in the Equity Shares will commence, within the time periods specified in this risk factor. We could also be required to pay interest at the applicable rates if allotment is not made, refund orders are not dispatched or demat credits are not made to investors within the prescribed time periods.

90. Any future issuance of Equity Shares, or convertible securities or other equity linked instruments by us may dilute your shareholding and sale of Equity Shares by shareholders with significant shareholding may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares.

We may be required to finance our growth through future equity offerings. Any future equity issuances by us, including a primary offering of Equity Shares, convertible securities or securities linked to Equity Shares including through exercise of employee stock options, may lead to the dilution of investors' shareholdings in our Company. Any future equity issuances by us or sales of our Equity Shares by our shareholders may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares, which may lead to other adverse consequences including difficulty in raising capital through offering of our Equity Shares or incurring additional debt. In addition, any perception by investors that such issuances or sales might occur may also affect the market price of our Equity Shares. There can be no assurance that we will not issue Equity Shares, convertible securities or securities linked to Equity Shares or that our Shareholders will not dispose of, pledge or encumber their Equity Shares in the future.

91. Under Indian law, foreign investors are subject to investment restrictions that limit our ability to attract foreign investors, which may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares.

Under foreign exchange regulations currently in force in India, transfer of shares between non-residents and residents are freely permitted (subject to certain restrictions), if they comply with the pricing guidelines and reporting requirements specified by the RBI. If the transfer of shares, which are sought to be transferred, is not in compliance with such pricing guidelines or reporting requirements or falls under any of the exceptions referred to above, then a prior regulatory approval will be required. Additionally, shareholders who seek to convert Rupee proceeds from a sale of shares in India into foreign currency and repatriate that foreign currency from India require a no-objection or a tax clearance certificate from the Indian income tax authorities.

In addition, pursuant to the Press Note No. 3 (2020 Series), dated April 17, 2020, issued by the DPIIT, which has been incorporated as the proviso to Rule 6(a) of the FEMA Non-debt Rules, all investments under the foreign direct investment route by entities of a country which shares land border with India or where the beneficial owner of the Equity Shares is situated in or is a citizen of any such country, can only be made through the Government approval route, as prescribed in the Consolidated FDI Policy dated October 15, 2020 and the FEMA Rules. Further, in the event of transfer of ownership of any existing or future foreign direct investment in an entity in India, directly or indirectly, resulting in the beneficial ownership falling within the aforesaid restriction/purview, such subsequent change in the beneficial ownership will also require approval of the Government of India.

We cannot assure investors that any required approval from the RBI or any other governmental agency can be obtained on any particular terms or at all. For further information, see "*Restrictions on Foreign Ownership of Indian Securities*" on page 566.

92. Significant differences exist between Ind AS and other accounting principles, such as U.S. GAAP and IFRS, which investors may be more familiar with and may consider material to their assessment of our financial condition.

Our Restated Consolidated Financial Statements for Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and for the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, have been prepared and presented in conformity with Ind AS. Ind AS differs in certain significant respects from IFRS, U.S. GAAP and other accounting principles with which prospective investors may be familiar in other countries. If our financial statements were to be prepared in accordance with such other accounting principles, our results of operations, cash flows and financial position may be substantially different. Prospective investors should review the accounting policies applied in the preparation of our financial statements and consult their own professional advisers for an understanding of the differences between these accounting principles and those with which they may be more familiar. Any reliance by persons not

familiar with Indian accounting practices on the financial disclosures presented in this Prospectus should be limited accordingly.

93. The determination of the Price Band is based on various factors and assumptions and the Offer Price of the Equity Shares may not be indicative of the market price of the Equity Shares after the Offer. Further, the current market price of some securities listed pursuant to certain previous issues managed by the Book Running Lead Managers is below their respective issue prices.

The determination of the Price Band is based on various factors and assumptions, and will be determined by our Company in consultation with the BRLMs. Furthermore, the Offer Price of the Equity Shares will be determined by our Company and Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs through the Book Building Process. These will be based on numerous factors, including factors as described under "*Basis for Offer Price*" on page 155 and may not be indicative of the market price for the Equity Shares after the Offer.

In addition to the above, the current market price of securities listed pursuant to certain previous initial public offerings managed by the BRLMs is below their respective issue price. For further information, see "*Other Regulatory and Statutory Disclosures – Price information of past issues handled by the BRLMs*" on page 525. The factors that could affect the market price of the Equity Shares include, among others, broad market trends, financial performance and results of our Company post-listing, and other factors beyond our control. We cannot assure you that an active market will develop or sustained trading will take place in the Equity Shares or provide any assurance regarding the price at which the Equity Shares will be traded after listing.

94. QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders are not permitted to withdraw or lower their Bids (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid amount) at any stage after submitting a bid, and Retail Individual Bidders are not permitted to withdraw their Bids after Bid/Offer Closing Date.

Pursuant to the SEBI ICDR Regulations, QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders are required to block the Bid amount on submission of the Bid and are not permitted to withdraw or lower their Bids (in terms of quantity of equity shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage after submitting a Bid. Similarly, Retail Individual Bidders can revise or withdraw their Bids at any time during the Bid/Offer Period and until the Bid/ Offer Closing date, but not thereafter. While we are required to complete all necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading of the Equity Shares on all Stock Exchanges where such Equity Shares are proposed to be listed, including Allotment, within the period as prescribed by the SEBI, events affecting the investors' decision to invest in the Equity Shares, including adverse changes in international or national monetary policy, financial, political or economic conditions, our business, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition may arise between the date of submission of the Bid and Allotment.

We may complete the Allotment of the Equity Shares even if such events occur, and such events may limit the investors' ability to sell the Equity Shares Allotted pursuant to the Offer or cause the trading price of the Equity Shares to decline on listing. Therefore, QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders will not be able to withdraw or lower their bids following adverse developments in international or national monetary policy, financial, political or economic conditions, our business, results of operations, cash flows or otherwise between the dates of submission of their Bids and Allotment.

95. Holders of Equity Shares may be restricted in their ability to exercise pre-emptive rights under Indian law and thereby may suffer future dilution of their ownership position.

Under the Companies Act, a company having share capital and incorporated in India must offer its holders of equity shares pre-emptive rights to subscribe and pay for a proportionate number of equity shares to maintain their existing ownership percentages before the issuance of any new equity shares, unless the pre-emptive rights have been waived by adoption of a special resolution. However, if the laws of the jurisdiction the investors are located in does not permit them to exercise their pre-emptive rights without our filing an offering document or registration statement with the applicable authority in such jurisdiction, the investors will be unable to exercise their pre-emptive rights unless we make such a filing. If we elect not to file a registration statement, the new securities may be issued to a custodian, who may sell the securities for the investor's benefit. The value the custodian receives on the sale of such securities and the related transaction costs cannot be predicted. In addition, to the extent that the investors are unable to exercise pre-emption rights granted in respect of the Equity Shares held by them, their proportional interest in us would be reduced.

96. Rights of shareholders of companies under Indian law may be more limited than under the laws of other jurisdictions.

Our Articles of Association, composition of our Board, Indian laws governing our corporate affairs, the validity of corporate procedures, directors' fiduciary duties, responsibilities and liabilities, and shareholders' rights may differ from those that would apply to a company in another jurisdiction. Shareholders' rights under Indian law may not be as extensive and wide-spread as shareholders' rights under the laws of other countries or jurisdictions. Investors may face challenges in asserting their rights as shareholder of our Company than as a shareholder of an entity in another jurisdiction.

SECTION III – INTRODUCTION

THE OFFER

The following table summarizes details of the Offer:

Offer of Equity Shares[(1)(2)]	53,391,667 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹ 15,000 million[*]
***of which*:**	
Fresh Issue [(1)]	35,598,074 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹ 10,000 million[*]
Offer for Sale [(2)]	17,793,593 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹ 5,000 million[*]
The Offer comprises:	
Employee Reservation Portion[(3)(8)]	117,647 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹ 30 million[*]
Net Offer	53,274,020 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹ 14,970 million[*]
The Net Offer comprises of:	
A) QIB Portion[(4)(5)]	26,637,010 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each
***of which*:**	
(i) **Anchor Investor Portion**	15,982,206 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each
(ii) **Net QIB Portion (assuming Anchor Investor Portion is fully subscribed)**	10,654,804 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each
of which:	
(a) **Available for allocation to Mutual Funds only (5% of the Net QIB Portion)**	532,741 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each
(b) **Balance for all QIBs including Mutual Funds**	10,122,063 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each
B) Non-Institutional Portion[(6)(7)(8)]	7,991,103 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each
of which:	
One-third of the Non-Institutional Portion available for allocation to Bidders with an application size more than ₹ 200,000 and up to ₹ 1,000,000	2,663,701 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each
Two-third of the Non-Institutional Portion available for allocation to Bidders with an application size of more than ₹ 1,000,000	5,327,402 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each
C) Retail Portion[(3)(4)(7)(8)]	18,645,907 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each
Pre and post-Offer Equity Shares	
Equity Shares outstanding prior to the Offer (as at the date of this Prospectus)	244,113,665 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each
Equity Shares outstanding after the Offer	279,711,739 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each
Use of Net Proceeds	See "*Objects of the Offer*" on page 141 for information on the use of Net Proceeds. Our Company will not receive any proceeds from the Offer for Sale.

[*]*Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*

(1) The Offer has been authorized by a resolution of our Board dated January 11, 2024 and the Fresh Issue has been authorized by a special resolution of our Shareholders dated January 12, 2024.

(2) Each of the Selling Shareholders (severally and not jointly) has specifically confirmed that its portion of the Offered Shares has been held by it in accordance with applicable law, and is eligible for being offered for sale as part of the Offer in terms of Regulation 8 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. Each of the Selling Shareholders has confirmed and approved its participation in the Offer for Sale as set out below:

S. No.	Name of the Selling Shareholder	Offered Shares	Date of Selling Shareholder's consent letter
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	13,345,195 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹3,750 million*	January 13, 2024 and June 3, 2024
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	4,448,398 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹1,250 million*	January 13, 2024 and June 3, 2024

** Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*

(3) Our Company, in consultation with the BRLMs, have offered a discount of ₹ 26 per Equity Share to the Eligible Employees Bidding under the Employee Reservation Portion. The amount of Employee Discount has been advertised in all newspapers wherein the pre-Offer advertisement was published.

(4) Our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, allocated 60% of the QIB Portion to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis. One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion was reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Allocation Price. In the event of under-subscription in the Anchor Investor Portion, the remaining Equity Shares shall be added to the Net QIB Portion. Further, 5% of the Net QIB Portion was made available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only, and the remainder of the Net QIB Portion was made available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIB Bidders (other than Anchor Investors), including Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids having been received at or above the Offer Price. For further details, see "Offer Procedure" on page 545.

(5) Subject to valid Bids having been received at or above the Offer Price, under-subscription, if any, in any category, was allowed to be met with spill-over from any other category or combination of categories, as applicable, at the discretion of our Company in consultation with the BRLMs and the Designated Stock Exchange, subject to applicable law.

(6) The Equity Shares being made available for allocation to Non-Institutional Bidders under the Non-Institutional Portion, was subject to the following: (i) one-third of the portion available to Non-Institutional Bidders was reserved for applicants with an application size of more than ₹ 200,000 and up to ₹ 1,000,000, and (ii) two-third of the portion available to Non-Institutional Bidders was reserved for applicants with application size of more than ₹ 1,000,000, provided that the unsubscribed portion in either of the aforementioned sub-categories may be allocated to applicants in the other sub-category of Non-Institutional Bidders. For details, see "Offer Procedure" beginning on page 545.

(7) Allocation to Bidders in all categories, except Anchor Investors, if any, Non-Institutional Bidders and Retail Individual Bidders, was made on a proportionate basis subject to valid Bids having been received at or above the Offer Price. The allocation to each Retail Individual Bidders was not less than the minimum Bid Lot, subject to availability of Equity Shares in the Retail Portion and the remaining available Equity Shares, if any, was allocated on a proportionate basis. The allocation to each Non-Institutional Bidders was not less than ₹ 200,000, subject to the availability of Equity Shares in Non-Institutional Portion, and the remaining Equity Shares, if any, was allocated on a proportionate basis in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. Allocation to Anchor Investors was on a discretionary basis. For further details, see "Offer Procedure" on page 545.

SEBI through its circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/45) dated April 5, 2022, has prescribed that all individual investors applying in initial public offerings opening on or after May 1, 2022, where the application amount is up to ₹ 500,000, shall use UPI. UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism, shall provide their UPI ID in the Bid-cum-Application Form for Bidding through Syndicate, sub-syndicate members, Registered Brokers, RTAs or CDPs, or online using the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account (3 in 1 type accounts), provided by certain brokers.

For further details, including in relation to grounds for rejection of Bids, refer to "*Offer Procedure*" on page 545.

For further details of the terms of the Offer, see "*Terms of the Offer*" on page 533.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following tables set forth the summary financial information derived from the Restated Consolidated Financial Information. The summary financial information presented below should be read in conjunction with "Financial Information" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 340 and 435.

[Remainder of this page intentionally kept blank]

RESTATED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(₹ in million)

	Particulars	As at December 31, 2023	As at December 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	ASSETS					
I	**Non-current assets**					
	Property, plant and equipment	3,705.13	3,867.72	3,775.86	4,942.91	4,463.03
	Capital work-in-progress	154.73	114.13	140.28	148.53	169.34
	Right of use assets	1,236.42	1,311.03	1,297.11	1,304.41	1,362.03
	Goodwill	38.54	38.54	38.54	38.54	38.54
	Other intangible assets	628.86	654.35	642.90	630.54	629.65
	Financial assets					
	(i) Investments	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	221.08
	(ii) Loans	-	-	-	-	13.07
	(iii) Other financial assets	520.15	519.76	531.32	397.77	478.67
	Deferred tax assets (net)	92.42	131.55	121.31	154.96	160.43
	Non-current tax assets (net)	177.21	166.72	167.80	139.87	90.82
	Other non-current assets	164.49	152.28	172.02	151.64	1,251.59
	Total non-current assets	**6,717.99**	**6,956.12**	**6,887.18**	**7,909.21**	**8,878.25**
II	**Current assets**					
	Inventories	5,162.47	5,597.80	5,591.83	3,524.94	3,458.11
	Financial assets					
	(i) Trade receivables	12,698.72	10,459.54	9,576.14	9,540.31	8,669.29
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	296.18	231.98	275.45	196.70	434.89
	(iii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	275.50	262.05	254.76	349.95	267.61
	(iv) Loans	1.67	0.70	0.77	41.11	73.27
	(v) Other financial assets	270.66	228.66	260.29	192.97	293.00
	Other current assets	1,155.67	1,171.61	1,188.73	728.30	911.26
	Assets classified as held for sale	835.03	841.91	841.87	-	-
	Total current assets	**20,695.90**	**18,794.25**	**17,989.84**	**14,574.28**	**14,107.43**
	TOTAL ASSETS	**27,413.89**	**25,750.37**	**24,877.02**	**22,483.49**	**22,985.68**
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
III	**Equity**					
	Equity share capital	488.23	488.23	488.23	471.13	471.13
	Other equity					
	Equity component of non-cumulative convertible preference shares	-	-	-	-	68.18
	Other reserves	3,604.33	3,582.61	3,572.76	3,569.85	3,278.51
	Total equity	**4,092.56**	**4,070.84**	**4,060.99**	**4,040.98**	**3,817.82**
	Liabilities					

	Particulars	As at December 31, 2023	As at December 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
IV	**Non-current liabilities**					
	Financial liabilities					
	(i) Borrowings	1,948.55	1,482.53	1,386.64	1,883.84	2,014.32
	(ii) Lease liabilities	82.37	144.37	133.41	138.27	170.59
	Provisions	142.54	126.28	131.53	123.64	126.17
	Total non-current liabilities	**2,173.46**	**1,753.18**	**1,651.58**	**2,145.75**	**2,311.08**
V	**Current liabilities**					
	Financial liabilities					
	(i) Borrowings	6,030.99	6,372.44	6,375.83	6,585.28	7,533.07
	(ii) Lease liabilities	31.38	28.74	30.60	20.67	27.42
	(iii) Trade payables					
	Dues of micro and small enterprises	2,156.21	1,717.79	1,631.29	1,632.86	1,559.88
	Dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	5,353.70	4,206.73	4,027.55	3,730.90	3,272.03
	(iv) Other financial liabilities	2,310.10	2,186.98	1,919.36	1,579.49	2,098.29
	Other current liabilities	5,096.45	5,184.25	4,998.13	2,599.97	2,196.92
	Liabilities classified as held for sale	1.77	65.75	46.02	-	-
	Provisions	121.87	144.71	124.92	136.84	147.49
	Current tax liabilities (net)	45.40	18.96	10.75	10.75	21.68
	Total current liabilities	**21,147.87**	**19,926.35**	**19,164.45**	**16,296.76**	**16,856.78**
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	**23,321.33**	**21,679.53**	**20,816.03**	**18,442.51**	**19,167.86**
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	**27,413.89**	**25,750.37**	**24,877.02**	**22,483.49**	**22,985.68**

RESTATED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

(₹ in million)

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Revenue					
Revenue from operations	59,111.44	53,890.41	71,056.80	71,969.20	63,787.76
Other income	38.34	104.13	110.69	112.45	190.36
Total Income	**59,149.78**	**53,994.54**	**71,167.49**	**72,081.65**	**63,978.12**
Expenses					
Cost of materials consumed	16,363.29	15,334.50	19,956.87	16,349.72	13,904.44
Purchases of stock-in-trade	42.55	42.63	56.27	48.56	37.30
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	(108.24)	(512.55)	(272.70)	(111.28)	268.77
Excise duty	33,508.68	30,133.35	39,590.51	45,112.68	40,304.10
Employee benefit expense	1,270.45	1,397.96	1,856.68	1,934.70	1,722.38
Other expenses	6,211.04	6,140.56	8,019.25	6,671.76	5,611.17
Total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation)	**57,287.77**	**52,536.45**	**69,206.88**	**70,006.14**	**61,848.16**
Profit before finance costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses and tax	**1,862.01**	**1,458.09**	**1,960.61**	**2,075.51**	**2,129.96**
Finance costs	1,279.32	982.97	1,349.72	1,450.93	1,415.10
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	390.88	414.10	551.43	586.36	587.41
Profit before exceptional items and tax	**191.81**	**61.02**	**59.46**	**38.22**	**127.45**
Exceptional Items (Refer note 20)	49.86	-	-	-	-
Profit before tax	**141.95**	**61.02**	**59.46**	**38.22**	**127.45**
Tax expense/(credit), net					
(i) Current tax	67.96	9.37	12.38	13.38	45.51
(ii) Deferred tax	32.50	22.84	31.49	28.07	68.76
(iii) Tax adjustments in respect of earlier years	(0.80)	-	(0.42)	(17.99)	(11.90)
	99.66	**32.21**	**43.45**	**23.46**	**102.37**

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Profit after tax	**42.29**	**28.81**	**16.01**	**14.76**	**25.08**
Other comprehensive income					
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans gain/(loss)	(14.33)	1.62	6.16	8.57	(5.31)
Income tax relating to these items	3.61	(0.57)	(2.16)	(2.99)	1.86
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	**(10.72)**	**1.05**	**4.00**	**5.58**	**(3.45)**
Total comprehensive income	**31.57**	**29.86**	**20.01**	**20.34**	**21.63**

RESTATED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(₹ in million)

		For the nine months period ended December 31, 2023	For the nine months period ended December 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
A.	**CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES**					
	Profit before tax	141.95	61.02	59.46	38.22	127.45
	Adjustments for :					
	Depreciation/amortisation	390.88	414.10	551.43	586.36	587.41
	Share issue expense written off	49.86	-	-	-	-
	Provision for doubtful debts	65.16	23.31	32.95	61.96	114.42
	Provision for doubtful deposits	-	-	-	5.37	-
	Provision for doubtful advances	7.96	2.17	2.20	-	-
	Bad debts written-off (net of provisions written back)	-	-	-	91.60	5.00
	Provision for inventory	32.83	57.58	62.22	19.98	14.07
	Unrealised foreign loss	(11.57)	42.18	2.58	1.94	-
	Finance costs	1,279.32	982.97	1,349.72	1,450.93	1,415.10
	(Profit)/Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	(10.23)	(0.00)	0.40	(8.02)	(0.63)
	Liabilities no longer required written back	(6.29)	(16.73)	(12.34)	(8.01)	(60.61)
	Gain on lease cancellation	-	-	-	(2.72)	-
	Provision no longer required written back	(1.45)	(15.21)	(15.21)	(10.57)	(24.53)
	Interest income from investing activities	(13.23)	(17.30)	(21.54)	(26.23)	(30.51)
	Operating profit before working capital changes	**1,925.19**	**1,534.09**	**2,011.87**	**2,200.81**	**2,147.17**
	Adjustments for working capital:					
	Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	396.53	(2,130.44)	(2,129.10)	(86.81)	224.24
	Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables	(3,178.82)	(939.05)	(58.07)	(1,023.38)	583.27
	Decrease/(Increase) in financial assets and other assets	(5.48)	(483.70)	(533.58)	338.88	(230.94)
	(Decrease)/Increase in liabilities and provisions	2,344.42	3,776.98	3,047.32	413.48	(233.31)
	Cash generated from operating activities	**1,481.84**	**1,757.88**	**2,338.44**	**1,842.98**	**2,490.43**
	Direct taxes paid (net)	(42.72)	(28.03)	(39.89)	(55.38)	(24.25)
	Net cash generated from operating activities	**1,439.12**	**1,729.85**	**2,298.55**	**1,787.60**	**2,466.18**

		For the nine months period ended December 31, 2023	For the nine months period ended December 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
B.	**CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES**					
	Sale/(Purchase) of investments	-	-	-	-	(0.00)
	Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures	-	-	-	(241.01)	(221.04)
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment (Refer note (ii) below)	(295.46)	(149.17)	(201.97)	(583.24)	(356.27)
	Sale of property, plant and equipment	14.78	3.52	6.74	40.52	9.31
	Proceeds from sale of investment	-	-	-	-	53.00
	Refund of capital advance	-	-	-	1,110.00	-
	Investment in bank deposits	(24.86)	(18.40)	(158.51)	(86.03)	(109.18)
	Maturity of bank deposits	-	-	148.26	54.87	-
	Interest received	13.23	17.30	21.54	26.23	30.51
	Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities	**(292.31)**	**(146.75)**	**(183.94)**	**321.34**	**(593.67)**
C.	**CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES**					
	Proceeds from long term borrowings	1,470.00	-	-	601.00	505.38
	Repayment of long term borrowings	(967.35)	(652.02)	(820.80)	(985.38)	(746.45)
	Proceeds/ (Repayment) of short term borrowings (net)	(329.73)	113.97	187.02	(899.46)	(499.90)
	Deposits with bank towards margin money against borrowings (net)	-	-	-	-	79.49
	Finance costs paid	(1,268.15)	(970.16)	(1,351.34)	(1,484.61)	(1,427.21)
	Repayment of lease obligations	(19.35)	(19.57)	(25.85)	(19.29)	(49.93)
	Interest on lease liabilities	(11.17)	(12.81)	(17.53)	(19.96)	(21.82)
	Issue of compulsory convertible debentures	-	-	-	1,000.00	-
	Redemption of preference shares	-	-	-	(750.00)	-
	Net cash used in financing activities	**(1,125.75)**	**(1,540.59)**	**(2,028.50)**	**(2,557.70)**	**(2,160.44)**
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	**21.06**	**42.51**	**86.11**	**(448.76)**	**(287.93)**
	Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	275.45	196.70	196.70	434.89	722.82

		For the nine months period ended December 31, 2023	For the nine months period ended December 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
	Add: Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary	-	-	-	210.57	-
	Less: Cash and cash equivalents included in assets held for sale (Refer note 20A)	(0.33)	(7.23)	(7.36)	-	-
	Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	**296.18**	**231.98**	**275.45**	**196.70**	**434.89**
	Components of cash and cash equivalents:					
	Cash on hand	8.48	16.17	9.63	9.90	16.82
	Balances with banks in current accounts	110.97	213.04	129.72	183.51	414.37
	In bank deposits (original maturity period less than 3 months)	2.86	2.77	2.77	3.29	3.70
	Cheques, drafts on hand	173.87	-	133.33	-	-
	Cash and cash equivalents	**296.18**	**231.98**	**275.45**	**196.70**	**434.89**

GENERAL INFORMATION

Our Company was incorporated as 'You and Me Properties Private Limited', pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated October 8, 2008, issued by the RoC. The name of our Company was changed to 'Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated July 22, 2009 was issued by the RoC. Pursuant to a scheme of amalgamation between Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited, Our Own Properties Private Limited and our Company, the erstwhile name of which was Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited, dated April 1, 2009, and an order of the Bombay High Court dated February 5, 2010, the entire business undertakings of Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited and Our Own Properties Private Limited were transferred to our Company, the erstwhile name of which was Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited. Consequently, the name of our Company was changed to 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated April 30, 2010, was issued by the RoC. Subsequently, pursuant to a resolution of our Board dated June 2, 2022 and a resolution of our Shareholders dated June 4, 2022, our Company was converted from a private company to a public company and consequently, our name was changed from 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited' to 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation under the Companies Act, 2013 was issued upon a change in name by the RoC on June 8, 2022.

Registered Office of our Company

The address and certain other details of our Registered Office is as follows:

Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited
394-C Lamington Chambers,
Lamington Road,
Mumbai – 400 004
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: +91 22 67779777

Corporate Office of our Company

The address and certain other details of our Corporate Office is as follows:

Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited
Ashford Centre, 3rd and 4th floor,
Shankar Rao Naram Marg,
Lower Parel (West),
Mumbai – 400 013
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: +91 22 43001111

Corporate identity number and registration number

Corporate Identity Number: U15511MH2008PLC187368
Registration Number: 187368

The Registrar of Companies

Our Company is registered with the RoC, which is situated at the following address:

Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai
5th Floor Everest,
100 Marine Drive,
Mumbai – 400 002
Maharashtra, India

Our Board of Directors

The following table sets out the brief details of our Board as on the date of filing of this Prospectus:

Name	Designation	DIN	Address
Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	Chairman and Non-Executive Director	00243244	Flat No. 111/11, Casa Grande, Little Gibbs Road, Malabar Hills, Mumbai- 400006, Maharashtra
Bina Kishore Chhabria	Non-Executive Director and Co-Chairperson	00243376	Flat No. 111/11, Casa Grande, Little Gibbs Road, Malabar Hills, Mumbai- 400006, Maharashtra
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson)	00030608	Flat No. 61/6, Casa Grande, Little Gibbs Road No. 2, Malabar Hills, Mumbai- 400006, Maharashtra
Shekhar Ramamurthy	Whole-Time Director (Executive Deputy Chairman)	00504801	702, Prestige Leela Residences, 23/4, Old Airport Road, Next to Leela Palace Hotel, Kodihalli, Jeevan Bheema Nagar, H A L IT Stage, Bengaluru- 560008, Karnataka
Alok Gupta	Managing Director	02330045	Flat No. 2003, Imperial South Wing, B.B. Nakashe Marg, Tardeo, Mumbai – 400034, Maharashtra
Maneck Navel Mulla	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director	02451544	801, Floor – 8th, Plot – 639, Garden – 6, Mancherji Joshi Marg, Near Five Garden, Dadar East, Mumbai – 400014, Maharashtra
Arun Barik	Executive Director	07130542	91, Trishul Apartment, Building No. 18-A, M G Kane Road, Near Mount Mary Church, Bandra West, Mumbai- 400050, Maharashtra
Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan	Independent Director	01794148	87 Sunset Way, Clementi Park, Singapore-597108
Paul Henry Skipworth	Independent Director	09623856	8, Henderland Road, Edinburg, United Kingdom, EH126BB.
Vivek Anilchand Sett	Independent Director	00031084	1001, Marathon Heights, P. B. Marg, Worli, Mumbai- 400013, Maharashtra
Rukhshana Jina Mistry	Independent Director	08398795	Flat No. 19, Rose Minar 87, Chapel Road, Near Mount Carmel Church, Bandra (West), Mumbai- 400050, Maharashtra.
Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna	Independent Director	09680693	51 Thornhill Road, Ickenham, Uxbridge, United Kingdom, UB108SQ
Narayanan Sadanandan	Independent Director	07263104	D 603, Sankalp Grace 2, Opp. Ashoka Vatika Ambli – Bopal Road, Santosa Park Ambli, Ahmedabad City, Ahmedabad-380058, Gujarat
Mehli Maneck Golvala	Independent Director	02234105	Flat No 5, Hormuzd Building, Naushir Bharucha Marg, Grant Road, Mumbai – 400007, Maharashtra

For further details of our Board of Directors, see "*Our Management - Board of directors*" on page 297.

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Ritesh Ramniklal Shah is the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of our Company. His contact details are as follows:

Ritesh Ramniklal Shah
Ashford Centre, 3rd and 4th floor,
Shankar Rao Naram Marg,
Lower Parel (West),
Mumbai- 400013,
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: +91 22 4300 1111
E-mail: complianceofficer@abdindia.com

Investor Grievances

Investors can contact the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, the Book Running Lead Managers or the Registrar to the Offer in case of any pre-Offer or post-Offer related problems, such as non-receipt of

letters of Allotment, non-credit of Allotted Equity Shares in the respective beneficiary account, non-receipt of refund orders or non-receipt of funds by electronic mode.

All Offer related grievances, other than that of Anchor Investors, were required to be addressed to the Registrar to the Offer with a copy to the relevant Designated Intermediary to whom the Bid cum Application Form was submitted. The Bidder was also required to give full details such as name of the sole or first Bidder, Bid cum Application Form number, Bidder's DP ID, Client ID, UPI ID, PAN, date of submission of the Bid cum Application Form, address of the Bidder, number of Equity Shares applied for, the name and address of the Designated Intermediary where the Bid cum Application Form was submitted by the Bidder and ASBA Account number (for Bidders other than UPI Bidders) in which the amount equivalent to the Bid Amount was blocked or the UPI ID in case of UPI Bidders.

Further, the Bidder was also required to enclose a copy of the Acknowledgment Slip or provide the acknowledgement number received from the Designated Intermediaries in addition to the information mentioned hereinabove. All grievances relating to Bids submitted through Registered Brokers were required to be addressed to the Stock Exchanges with a copy to the Registrar to the Offer. The Registrar to the Offer was required to obtain the required information from the SCSBs for addressing any clarifications or grievances of ASBA Bidders.

All Offer-related grievances of the Anchor Investors were required to be addressed to the Book Running Lead Managers giving full details such as the name of the sole or First Bidder, Anchor Investor Application Form number, Bidders' DP ID, Client ID, PAN, date of the Anchor Investor Application Form, address of the Bidder, number of the Equity Shares applied for, Bid Amount paid on submission of the Anchor Investor Application Form and the name and address of the Book Running Lead Managers where the Anchor Investor Application Form was submitted by the Anchor Investor.

Book Running Lead Managers

ICICI Securities Limited
ICICI Venture House,
Appasaheb Marathe Marg,
Prabhadevi, Mumbai – 400025,
Maharashtra, India,
Telephone: +91 22 6807 7100
E-mail: alliedblenders.ipo@icicisecurities.com
Website: www.icicisecurities.com
Investor Grievance e-mail:
customercase@icicisecurities.com
Contact person: Harsh Thakkar / Rupesh Khant
SEBI Registration No.: INM000011179

Nuvama Wealth Management Limited
(*formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited*)
801 - 804, Wing A, Building No 3, Inspire BKC,
G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra East Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India
Telephone: +91 22 4009 4400
E-mail: Allied@nuvama.com
Investor grievance e-mail:
customerservice.mb@nuvama.com
Website: www.nuvama.com
Contact Person: Lokesh Shah
SEBI Registration No.: INM000013004

ITI Capital Limited
(a part of The Investment Trust of India Limited Group)
ITI House, Dr R.K. Shirodkar Marg,
Parel, Mumbai – 400 012
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: + 91 22 6911 3300
E-mail: ipo.alliedblenders@iticapital.in
Investor grievance e-mail:
investorgrievance@iticapital.in
Website: www.iticapital.in
Contact Person: Pallavi Shinde
SEBI Registration No.: INM000010924

Legal Counsel to our Company as to Indian law

AZB & Partners
AZB House,
Peninsula Corporate Park,
Ganpatrao Kadam Marg

AZB & Partners
AZB House,
Plot No. A8, Sector 4,
Noida 201301

Lower Parel, Mumbai 400 013, India
Telephone: +91 22 6639 6880

National Capital Region, India
Telephone: +91 120 417 9999

Statutory Auditors to our Company

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants
Tower II, One World Centre,
Senapati Bapat Marg,
Lower Parel, Mumbai – 400 013,
Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 22 6626 2600/99
E-mail: adi.sethna@walkerchandiok.in
Firm Registration Number: 001076N/N500013
Peer Review Certificate Number: 014158

Changes in the auditors

There has been no change in our Statutory Auditors in the three years immediately preceding the date of this Prospectus

Registrar to the Offer

Link Intime India Private Limited
C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg,
Vikhroli (West), Mumbai – 400 083,
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: +91 22 4918 6200
Email: abdl.ipo@linkintime.co.in
Investor grievance email: abdl.ipo@linkintime.co.in
Website: www.linkintime.co.in
Contact Person: Shanti Gopalkrishnan
SEBI Registration No: INR000004058

Syndicate Members

Antique Stock Broking Limited
ITI House, 36
Dr. R K. Shirodkar Marg
Parel, Mumbai - 400 012
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: + 91 22 6911 3300
E-mail: jignesh@antiquelimited.com
Website: www.antiquelimited.com
Contact Person: Jignesh Sangani
SEBI registration number: INZ000001131

Nuvama Wealth Management Limited
(*formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited*)
801 - 804, Wing A, Building No 3, Inspire BKC,
G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra East Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India
Telephone: +91 22 4009 4400
E-mail: Allied@nuvama.com
Website: www.nuvama.com
Contact Person: Prakash Boricha
SEBI Registration No.: INZ000166136

Banker(s) to the Offer

Escrow Collection Bank and Refund Bank

Axis Bank Limited
Axis House, 6th floor
C-2, Wadia International Centre
Pandurang Budhkar Marg
Worli, Mumbai 400 025
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: 022 2425 3672
E-mail: vishal.lade@axisbank.com
Website: www.axisbank.com
Contact Person: Vishal M. Lade

SEBI registration number: INBI00000017

Public Offer Bank

ICICI Bank Limited
Capital Market Division
5th Floor, HT Parekh Marg
Churchgate, Mumbai 400 020
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: 022 6805 2182
E-mail: varun.badai@icicibank.com
Website: www.icicibank.com
Contact Person: Varun Badai
SEBI registration number: INBI00000004

Sponsor Banks

ICICI Bank Limited
Capital Market Division
5th Floor, HT Parekh Marg
Churchgate, Mumbai 400 020
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: 022 6805 2182
E-mail: varun.badai@icicibank.com
Website: www.icicibank.com
Contact Person: Varun Badai
SEBI registration number: INBI00000004

Axis Bank Limited
Axis House, 6th floor
C-2, Wadia International Centre
Pandurang Budhkar Marg
Worli, Mumbai 400 025
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: 022 2425 3672
E-mail: vishal.lade@axisbank.com
Website: www.axisbank.com
Contact Person: Vishal M. Lade
SEBI registration number: INBI00000017

Bankers to our Company

Axis Bank Ltd.
Corporate Banking Branch Mumbai,
12A Mittal Tower, 1st Floor,
Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021,
Maharashtra, India
Tel: + 91 22 2289 5166
Website: www.axisbank.com
Email: bijug@axisbank.com
Contact Person: Biju G

State Bank of India
Industrial Finance Branch,
Parinee Crescenzo, G-Block,
BKC, Bandra East,
Mumbai - 400 051,
Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 22 2653 0147
Website: www.sbi.co.in
Email: amt3.08965@sbi.co.in, sbi.08965@sbi.co.in
Contact Person: Mukund Kurundkar

The South Indian Bank Ltd.
289, EMCA House,
Shahid Bhagat Singh Road,
Fort, Mumbai - 400 038,
Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 22 2261 1209
Website: www.southindianbank.com
Email: cbg.mumbai@sib.co.in

SVC Co-operative Bank Ltd.
Shop No. 8-10, Ramodiya Mansion No. 1,
Dr. Annie Bezant Road,
Worli, Mumbai- 400 030,
Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 22 24365468/ +91 22 2431 5468
Website: www.svcbank.com
Email: worliou@svcbank.com

Contact Person: Arun Raj K

Contact Person: Milind Bhat

CSB Bank Limited
1st Floor, Mafatlal House,
HT Parekh Marg,
Backbay Reclamation, Churchgate
Mumbai - 400020,
Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 99876 33394
Website: www.csb.co.in
Email: amitmahajan@csb.co.in
Contact Person: Amit Mahajan

IDFC FIRST Bank Limited
Vibyor Towers, C-62, G Block,
Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra East, Mumbai – 400 051,
Maharasthra, India
Tel: +91 22 7132 6096
Website: https://www.idfcfirstbank.com/
Email: ajit.singh@idfcfirstbank.com
Contact Person: Ajit Kumar Singh

IndusInd Bank Limited
11th Floor, One World Centre,
Tower 1 – C, 841, S.B. Marg,
Prabhadevi, Mumbai – 400 013,
Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 22 7143 2158
Website: www.indusind.com
Email: jain.abhishek@indusind.com
Contact Person: Abhishek Jain

Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd
Unit No. 1 & 2, Ground Floor,
The Kolage, Next to Regency Hotel,
Dr. N.S. Phadke Marg, Andheri East,
Mumbai – 400 069,
Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 22 6956 9999
Website: www.saraswatbank.com
Email: swati.nakharekar@saraswatbank.com
Contact Person: Swati Nakharekar

YES Bank Ltd
6th Floor, YES Bank House,
Santacruz(E), Mumbai – 400 055
Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 22 6507 7510
Website: www.yesbank.in
Email: amit.poddar1@yesbank.in
Contact Person: Amit Poddar

Designated Intermediaries

Self-Certified Syndicate Banks

The list of SCSBs notified by SEBI for the ASBA process is available at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes, or at such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. A list of the Designated SCSB Branches with which an ASBA Bidder (other than a UPI Bidder), not Bidding through Syndicate/Sub Syndicate or through a Registered Broker, RTA or CDP may submit the Bid cum Application Forms, is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=34, or at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

SCSBs and mobile applications enabled for UPI Mechanism

In accordance with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/76 dated June 28, 2019, SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019 and circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/45) dated April 5, 2022, a UPI Bidder, may only apply through the SCSBs and mobile applications whose names appears on the website of the SEBI, which may be updated from time to time. A list of SCSBs and mobile applications, using the UPI handles and which are live for applying in public issues using UPI mechanism, is provided as 'Annexure A' for the SEBI circular number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019. The said list is available on the website of SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=43, as updated from time to time and at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Syndicate SCSB Branches

In relation to Bids (other than Bids by Anchor Investors and RIBs) submitted under the ASBA process to a member of the Syndicate, the list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to

receive deposits of Bid cum Application Forms from the members of the Syndicate is available on the website of the SEBI(https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=35) and updated from time to time or any other website prescribed by SEBI from time to time. For more information on such branches collecting Bid cum Application Forms from the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of the SEBI https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=35 as updated from time to time or any other website prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Registered Brokers

Bidders could submit ASBA Forms in the Offer using the stock broker network of the stock exchange, i.e. through the Registered Brokers at the Broker Centres. The list of the Registered Brokers, including details such as postal address, telephone number and e-mail address, is provided on the websites of the Stock Exchanges at https://www.bseindia.com/ and https://www.nseindia.com, as updated from time to time.

RTAs

The list of the RTAs eligible to accept ASBA Forms at the Designated RTA Locations, including details such as address, telephone number and e-mail address, is provided on the websites of the Stock Exchanges at https://www.bseindia.com/Static/Markets/PublicIssues/RtaDp.aspx? and https://www.nseindia.com/products/consent/equities/ipos/asba-procedures.htm, as updated from time to time.

Collecting Depository Participants

The list of the CDPs eligible to accept ASBA Forms at the Designated CDP Locations, including details such as name and contact details, is provided on the websites of the Stock Exchanges at http://www.bseindia.com/Static/Markets/PublicIssues/RtaDp.aspx? and http://www.nseindia.com/products/content/equities/ipos/asba_procedures.htm, as updated from time to time.

Experts

Except as stated below, our Company has not obtained any expert opinions:

i. Our Company has received written consent dated June 18, 2024 from Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants, to include their name as required under section 26 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with SEBI ICDR Regulations, in this Prospectus, and as an "expert" as defined under section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent and in their capacity as our Statutory Auditor, and in respect of (i) their examination report dated May 14, 2024 on our Restated Consolidated Financial Statements; and (ii) their report dated June 8, 2024 on the Statement of Possible Special Tax Benefits in this Prospectus and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Prospectus. However, the term "expert" shall not be construed to mean an "expert" as defined under the U.S. Securities Act.

ii. Our Company has received written consent dated June 18, 2024, from the independent chartered accountant, namely S D T & Co., Chartered Accountants, to include their name in this Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act in its capacity as an independent chartered accountant.

iii. Our Company has received written consent dated June 18, 2024 from Sunil Bhor & Associates, Chartered Engineer to include his name as required under Section 26(5) of the Companies Act read with SEBI ICDR Regulations in this Prospectus as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act to the extent and in his capacity as independent chartered engineer in relation to her/his certificate dated June 18, 2024.

The above-mentioned consents have not been withdrawn as on the date of this Prospectus.

Monitoring Agency

In compliance with Regulation 41 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, our Company has appointed CRISIL Ratings Limited as the Monitoring Agency.

CRISIL Ratings Limited

CRISIL House
Central Avenue Hiranandani Business Park
Powai, Mumbai 400 076
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: +91 22 3342 3000
Email: crisilratingdesk@crisil.com
Contact Person: Sushant Sarode
Website: www.crisilratings.com
SEBI Registration Number: IN/CRA/001/1999

For further details in relation to the proposed utilisation of the Net Proceeds, see "*Objects of the Offer*" on page 141.

Appraising Entity

None of the objects of the Offer for which the Net Proceeds will be utilised have been appraised by any agency.

Statement of inter-se allocation of responsibilities of the Book Running Lead Managers

S. No.	Activity	Responsibility	Coordinator
1.	Capital structuring, due diligence of the Company including its operations/management/business plans/legal etc. Drafting and design of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus, the Red Herring Prospectus, Prospectus, abridged prospectus and application form. The BRLMs shall ensure compliance with stipulated requirements and completion of prescribed formalities with the Stock Exchanges, RoC and SEBI including finalisation of Prospectus and RoC filing	All BRLMs	I-Sec
2.	Drafting and approval of all statutory advertisement	All BRLMs	I-Sec
3.	Drafting and approval of all publicity material other than statutory advertisement as mentioned above including corporate advertising, brochure, etc. and filing of media compliance report	All BRLMs	Nuvama
4.	Appointment of Registrar to the Offer, Advertising Agency and Printer to the Offer including co-ordination for their agreements.	All BRLMs	I-Sec
5.	Appointment of all other intermediaries and including co-ordination for all other agreements	All BRLMs	ITI
6.	Preparation of road show presentation and frequently asked questions	All BRLMs	I-Sec
7.	International institutional marketing of the Offer, which will cover, *inter alia*: • marketing strategy; • Finalizing the list and division of investors for one-to-one meetings; and • Finalizing road show and investor meeting schedule	All BRLMs	I-Sec
8.	Domestic institutional marketing of the Offer, which will cover, *inter alia*: • marketing strategy; • Finalizing the list and division of investors for one-to-one meetings; and • Finalizing road show and investor meeting schedule	All BRLMs	ITI
9.	Retail marketing of the Offer, which will cover, *inter alia*, • Finalising media, marketing and public relations strategy including list of frequently asked questions at retail road shows; • Finalising centres for holding conferences for brokers, etc.; • Follow-up on distribution of publicity and Offer material including application form, the Prospectus and deciding on the quantum of the Offer material; and • Finalising collection centres • Finalising commission structure	All BRLMs	Nuvama

S. No.	Activity	Responsibility	Coordinator
10.	Conduct non – Institutional marketing of the offer	All BRLMs	Nuvama
11.	Coordination with Stock Exchanges for book building software, bidding terminals, mock trading, anchor coordination, anchor CAN and intimation of anchor allocation	All BRLMs	ITI
12.	Managing the book and finalization of pricing in consultation with the Company	All BRLMs	I-Sec
13.	Post bidding activities including management of escrow accounts, coordinate non-institutional allocation, coordination with Registrar, SCSBs and Banks, intimation of allocation and dispatch of refund to Bidders, etc. Post-Offer activities, which shall involve essential follow-up steps including allocation to Anchor Investors, follow-up with Bankers to the Offer and SCSBs to get quick estimates of collection and advising the Issuer about the closure of the Offer, based on correct figures, finalisation of the basis of allotment or weeding out of multiple applications, listing of instruments, dispatch of certificates or demat credit and refunds and coordination with various agencies connected with the post-Offer activity such as registrar to the Offer, Bankers to the Offer, SCSBs including responsibility for underwriting arrangements, as applicable. Payment of the applicable securities transactions tax on sale of unlisted equity shares by the Selling Shareholder under the Offer for Sale to the Government and filing of the securities transactions tax return by the prescribed due date as per Chapter VII of Finance (No. 2) Act, 2004. Co-ordination with SEBI and Stock Exchanges for submission of all post Offer reports including the initial and final post Offer report to SEBI	All BRLMs	Nuvama

Credit Rating

As this is an offer of Equity Shares, credit rating is not required for the Offer.

IPO Grading

No credit rating agency registered with the SEBI has been appointed in respect of obtaining grading for the Offer.

Debenture Trustees

As this is an offer of Equity Shares, no debenture trustee has been appointed for the Offer.

Green Shoe Option

No green shoe option is contemplated under the Offer.

Filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus

A copy of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus was filed through the SEBI Intermediary Portal at https://sipotal.sebi.gov.in, in accordance with the SEBI Master Circular and SEBI directive to the Association of Investment Bankers of India dated October 14, 2022 and at cfddil@sebi.gov.in, in accordance with the instructions issued by the SEBI on March 27, 2020, in relation to "Easing of Operational Procedure – Division of Issues and Listing – CFD".

A copy of the Red Herring Prospectus, along with the material contracts and documents required to be filed, was filed with the RoC in accordance with Section 32 of the Companies Act, 2013, and a copy of this Prospectus will be filed under Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 with the RoC at its office at Maharashtra at Mumbai, and through the electronic portal at https://www.mca.gov.in/mcafoportal/login.do.

Book Building Process

Book Building Process, in the context of the Offer, refers to the process of collection of Bids from investors on the basis of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Bid cum Application Forms and the Revision Forms within the Price Band and the minimum Bid Lot, which was decided by our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers, was advertised in all editions of English national daily newspaper Financial Express, all editions of Hindi national daily newspaper Jansatta and Mumbai editions of Marathi daily newspaper Navshakti (Marathi being the regional language of Maharashtra, where our Registered Office is located). two Working Days prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date and was made available to the Stock Exchanges for the purpose of uploading on their respective websites. The Offer Price was determined by our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers after the Bid/Offer Closing Date. For further details, see "*Offer Procedure*" on page 545.

All Bidders, except Anchor Investors, were mandatorily required to use the ASBA process for participating in the Offer only by providing details of their respective ASBA Account in which the corresponding Bid Amount was blocked by SCSBs and Sponsor Banks, as the case may be. In addition to this, the RIBs, NIBs and Eligible Employees participated through the ASBA process by either (a) providing the details of their respective ASBA Account in which the corresponding Bid Amount was blocked by the SCSBs; or (b) through the UPI Mechanism. Anchor Investors were not permitted to participate in the Offer through the ASBA process.

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, QIBs Bidding in the Net QIB Portion and Non-Institutional Bidders bidding in the Non-Institutional Portion were not allowed to withdraw or lower the size of their Bids (in terms of the quantity of the Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage. RIBs Bidding in the Retail Portion (subject to the Bid Amount being up to ₹200,000) and Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion could revise their Bids during the Bid/Offer Period and withdraw their Bids until the Bid/Offer Closing Date. Further, Anchor Investors were not allowed to revise and withdraw their Bids after the Anchor Investor Bidding Date. Except for Allocation to RIBs and the Anchor Investors, Allocation in the Offer will be on a proportionate basis. Allocation to the Anchor Investors was on a discretionary basis.

Our Company has and will comply with the SEBI ICDR Regulations and any other directions issued by SEBI in relation to this Offer. Each of the Selling Shareholders have, severally and not jointly, specifically confirmed that they have and will comply with the SEBI ICDR Regulations and any other directions issued by SEBI, as applicable to such Selling Shareholder, in relation to its portion of the Offered Shares. In this regard, our Company and the Selling Shareholders have appointed the Book Running Lead Managers to manage this Offer and procure Bids for this Offer.

The Book Building Process under the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Bidding Process are subject to change from time to time and Bidders were advised to make their own judgment about investment through this process prior to submitting a Bid in the Offer.

Bidders should note that the Offer is also subject to obtaining (i) final approval of the RoC after this Prospectus is filed with the RoC; and (ii) final listing and trading approvals from the Stock Exchanges, which our Company shall apply for after Allotment.

For further details on the method and procedure for Bidding, see "*Offer Structure*" and "*Offer Procedure*" on pages 538 and 545, respectively.

Illustration of Book Building Process and Price Discovery Process

For an illustration of the Book Building Process and the price discovery process, see "*Terms of the Offer*" and "*Offer Procedure*" on pages 533 and 545, respectively.

Underwriting Agreement

Our Company and the Selling Shareholders entered into an Underwriting Agreement with the Underwriters for the Equity Shares offered through the Offer. Pursuant to the terms of the Underwriting Agreement, the obligations of the Underwriters will be several and will be subject to certain conditions to closing, specified therein.

The Underwriting Agreement is dated June 27, 2024. The Underwriters have indicated their intention to underwrite the following number of Equity Shares:

Name, address, telephone number and e-mail address of the Underwriters	Indicative number of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each to be underwritten	Amount Underwritten (₹ in million)
ICICI Securities Limited, **ICICI Venture Centre** Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai 400 025 Maharashtra, India Telephone: +91 22 6807 7100 Email: alliedblenders.ipo@icicisecurities.com Attention: Prem Dcunha	17,793,594	5,000.00
NUVAMA WEALTH MANAGEMENT LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS EDELWEISS SECURITIES LIMITED) 801 – 804, Wing A, Building No 3, Inspire BKC, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, East Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India Telephone: +91 22 4009 4400 Email: bhavana.kapadia@nuvama.com Attention: Bhavana Kapadia	17,793,494	4,999.97
ITI CAPITAL LIMITED (A PART OF THE INVESTMENT TRUST OF INDIA LIMITED GROUP) ITI House, 36 Dr. R.K. Shirodkar Marg, Parel, Mumbai 400012 Maharashtra, India Telephone: 91 22 6911 3300 Email: projecteagle@iticapital.in Attention: Mayank Sangani	10,676,156	3,000.00
ANTIQUE STOCK BROKING LIMITED ITI House, 36, Dr. R K. Shirodkar Marg, Parel, Mumbai - 400 012, Maharashtra, India Tel.: 91 22 6911 3300 Email: jignesh@antiquelimited.com Attention: Jignesh Sangani	7,117,438	2,000.00
NUVAMA WEALTH MANAGEMENT LIMITED (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) (in its capacity as a Syndicate Member) 801 -804, Wing A, Building No 3 Inspire BKC, G Block Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East Mumbai, 400 051, Maharashtra, India Telephone:+91 22 4009 4400 E-mail: Allied@nuvama.com Attention: Prakash Boricha	100	0.03

The above-mentioned underwriting commitments are indicative and will be finalised after actual allocation in accordance with provisions of Regulation 40(2) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

In the opinion of our Board (based on representations made to our Company by the Underwriters), the resources of the Underwriters are sufficient to enable them to discharge their respective underwriting obligations in full. The Underwriters are registered as merchant bankers with SEBI under Section 12 (1) of the SEBI Act or registered as brokers with the Stock Exchange(s). Our Board/IPO Committee, at its meeting held on June 27, 2024, has accepted and entered into the Underwriting Agreement mentioned above on behalf of our Company.

Allocation among the Underwriters may not necessarily be in proportion to their underwriting commitment set forth in the table above.

Notwithstanding the above table, each of the Underwriters shall be severally responsible for ensuring payment with respect to the Equity Shares allocated to Bidders respectively procured by them in accordance with the Underwriting Agreement. In the event of any default in payment, the respective Underwriter, in addition to other obligations defined in the Underwriting Agreement, will also be required to procure subscribers for or subscribe to the Equity Shares to the extent of the defaulted amount in accordance with the Underwriting Agreement. The extent of underwriting obligations and the Bids to be underwritten in the Offer by each Book Running Lead Manager shall be as per the Underwriting Agreement.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The share capital of our Company, as on the date of this Prospectus, is set forth below:

(*in ₹, except share data*)

		Aggregate nominal value	Aggregate value at Offer Price [(1)]
A	**AUTHORIZED SHARE CAPITAL***		
	362,150,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	724,300,000	-
	Total	**724,300,000**	
B	**ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP SHARE CAPITAL BEFORE THE OFFER**		
	244,113,665 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	488,227,330	-
	Total	**488,227,330**	
C	**PRESENT OFFER**		
	Offer of 53,391,667 Equity Shares[(1)] of face value of ₹2 each aggregating to ₹15,000 million [(1) (2)(4)]	106,783,334	15,003,058,427
	Of which		
	Fresh Issue of 35,598,074 Equity Shares[(1)] of face value of ₹2 each aggregating to ₹10,000 million[(1)]	71,196,148	10,003,058,794
	Offer for Sale of 17,793,593 Equity Shares[(1)] of face value of ₹2 each aggregating to ₹5,000 million [(1) (3)]	35,587,186	49,99,999,633
	which includes		
	Employee Reservation Portion of 117,647 Equity Shares[(1)] of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹30 million[(1) (4)]	235,294	29,999,985
D	**ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP SHARE CAPITAL AFTER THE OFFER[#(1)]**		
	279,711,739 Equity Shares*[(1)] of face value of ₹ 2 each	559,423,478	-
E	**SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT**		
	Before the Offer	2,038,503,344.75	
	After the Offer	11,970,365,990.75	

* *For details in relation to the changes in the authorised share capital of our Company in the last 10 years, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters – Amendments to our Memorandum of Association in the last 10 years" on page 280.*

[#] *Assuming full subscription in the Offer.*

[(1)] *Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment.*

[(2)] *The Offer has been authorised by our Board pursuant to its resolution dated January 11, 2024, and the Fresh Issue has been authorized by our Shareholders pursuant to a special resolution passed on January 12, 2024.*

[(3)] *Each of the Selling Shareholders confirms that the Equity Shares being offered by it were eligible for being offered for sale pursuant to the Offer in terms of Regulation 8 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For further details of authorizations received for the Offer, see "Other Regulatory and Statutory Disclosures" on page 517.*

[(4)] *Our Company in consultation with the BRLMs, offered a discount of ₹ 26 per Equity Share of the Offer Price to Eligible Employees bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion which was announced two Working Days prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date.*

Notes to the Capital Structure

(1) **Share capital history of our Company:**

(a) Equity Share capital

The history of the equity share capital of our Company is set forth in the table below:

Date of allotment	Number of equity shares allotted	Face value per equity share (₹)	Issue Price per equity share (₹) including Premium	Total Consideration (₹)	Nature of consideration	Nature of the transaction	Cumulative number of equity shares	Cumulative paid-up equity share capital (₹)	Name and relationship of allottees
October 8, 2008	10,000	10	10	100,000	Cash	Initial subscription to the MoA	10,000	100,000	***Others:*** *Allotment of 5,000 equity shares to Ajay Malpani and 5,000 equity shares to Vidyavati Malpani.*
May 4, 2010	8,270,000	10	N.A.	N.A.	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the ABD Scheme	8,280,000	82,800,000	***Others:*** *Allotment of 2,030,600 equity shares to BDA Properties Private Limited, 1,929,000 equity shares to BDA Spirits Private Limited, 2,015,400 equity shares to Tracstar Properties Private Limited, 1,824,500 equity shares to Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited, 410,500 equity shares to Deepak Roy as shareholders of M/s. Allied Blenders and Distilleries Private Limited; and allotment of 14,838 equity shares to BDA Properties Private Limited, 14,100 equity shares to BDA Spirits Private Limited, 14,730 equity shares to Tracstar Properties Private Limited, 13,332 equity shares to Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited, and 3,000 equity shares to Deepak Roy as shareholders of Our Own Properties Private*

Date of allotment	Number of equity shares allotted	Face value per equity share (₹)	Issue Price per equity share (₹) including Premium	Total Consideration (₹)	Nature of consideration	Nature of the transaction	Cumulative number of equity shares	Cumulative paid-up equity share capital (₹)	Name and relationship of allottees
									*Limited, pursuant to an order of the High Court of Bombay dated February 5, 2010, sanctioning the transfer of the entire business undertakings of Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited and Our Own Properties Private Limited to our Company ("**ABD Scheme**").*
December 7, 2010	500,000	10	100	50,000,000	Cash	Preferential Allotment	8,780,000	87,800,000	***Others:*** *Allotment of 475,000 equity shares to Erstwhile BKCEPL and 25,000 equity shares to Deepak Roy.*
September 21, 2012	1,000,000	10	100	100,000,000	Cash	Preferential Allotment	9,780,000	97,800,000	***Others:*** *Allotment of 1,000,000 equity shares to Erstwhile BKCEPL.*
January 18, 2016	2,000,000	10	155	310,000,000	Cash	Private Placement	11,780,000	117,800,000	***Others:*** *Allotment of 2,000,000 equity shares to Erstwhile BKCEPL.*
June 27, 2017	333,333	10	N.A.	N.A.	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the TIPL Demerger[$]	12,113,333	121,133,330	***Promoters:*** *Allotment of 113,333 equity shares to Oriental Radios Private Limited.* ***Others:*** *Allotment of 220,000 equity shares to Erstwhile BKCEPL pursuant to the TIPL Demerger. For further details, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 280.*

Date of allotment	Number of equity shares allotted	Face value per equity share (₹)	Issue Price per equity share (₹) including Premium	Total Consideration (₹)	Nature of consideration	Nature of the transaction	Cumulative number of equity shares	Cumulative paid-up equity share capital (₹)	Name and relationship of allottees
September 29, 2017	35,000,000	10	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Allotment pursuant to conversion of OCCRPS	47,113,333	471,133,330	***Promoters:*** *Allotment of 27,969 equity shares to Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited* ***Others:*** *Allotment of 34,972,031 equity shares to Erstwhile BKCEPL.*
July 30, 2018	46,510,231	10	N.A.	N.A.	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation*	47,113,333	471,133,330	***Promoters:*** *Allotment of 23,255,080 equity shares to Bina Kishore Chhabria, 11,627,539 equity shares to Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, and 73 equity shares to Bina Chhabria Enterprises Limited.* ***Promoter Group:*** *11,627,539 equity shares to Neesha Kishore Chhabria.* *For further details of the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 280.*
September 29, 2018	The Equity Shares of our Company were sub-divided, whereby the face value of the equity shares reduced from ₹ 10 per equity share to ₹ 2 per Equity Share Accordingly, the number of issued, subscribed and paid-up equity shares of our Company of 47,113,333 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 per equity share were sub-divided into 235,566,665 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 per Equity Share.						235,566,665	471,133,330	
June 20, 2022	8,547,000	2	117[#]	N.A. [#]	N.A.	Allotment pursuant to the conversion of CCDs	244,113,665	488,227,330	***Promoters:*** *Allotment of 8,547,000 Equity Shares to Oriental Radios Private*

Date of allotment	Number of equity shares allotted	Face value per equity share (₹)	Issue Price per equity share (₹) including Premium	Total Consideration (₹)	Nature of consideration	Nature of the transaction	Cumulative number of equity shares	Cumulative paid-up equity share capital (₹)	Name and relationship of allottees
									Limited pursuant to conversion of 8,547,000 CCDs.

[$]Based on valuation report dated February 22, 2016, by SSPA & Co., Chartered Accountants, no consideration has been paid for the allotment of 333,333 equity shares of face value of ₹10 each pursuant to the TIPL Demerger

**Based on the valuation report dated October 24, 2017, by SSPA & Co., Chartered Accountants, pursuant to the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation, the equity shares held by Erstwhile BKCEPL in our Company were cancelled, and subsequently, were allotted to shareholders of BKCEPL, hence there is no change in the cumulative shareholding of the Company.*

*[#]Our Board pursuant to its resolution dated June 20, 2022, approved the conversion of 8,547,000, CCDs of face value of ₹117 each, into 8,547,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each of our Company at a premium of ₹115 per Equity Share. Since, it is a conversion into Equity Shares, no consideration has been actually paid. For details of issue price at which CCDs were initially allotted to Oriental Radios Private Limited, see "Capital Structure – Notes to the Capital Structure – Share capital history of our Company – (c) 8.5% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures ("**CCD**")" on page 128.*

(b) ***Preference Shares***

Date of allotment	Number of Preference Shares allotted	Face value per Preference Share (₹)	Issue Price per Preference Share (₹) including Premium	Total Consideration (₹)	Nature of consideration	Nature of the transaction	Cumulative number of Preference Shares	Cumulative paid-up Preference Share capital (₹)	Name and relationship of allottees
15% Optionally Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each ("OCCRPS")									
May 4, 2010	700,000	10	-	N.A.	Other than cash	Allotment pursuant to the ABD Scheme	700,000	7,000,000	***Others:*** *Allotment of 423,857 OCCRPS to Marengo Properties Private Limited, 198,174 OCCRPS to Beethoven Traders Private Limited, 50,000 OCCRPS to Darrel Traders Private Limited, and 27,969 OCCRPS to Stingray Traders Private Limited, pursuant to the ABD Scheme.*
May 11, 2010	34,300,000	10	-	N.A.	N.A.	Bonus Issue	35,000,000	350,000,000	*Bonus issue of 34,300,000 OCCRPS in the ratio 49:1 (49 OCCRPS for every one OCCRPS held by the OCCRPS shareholders) to the existing OCCRPS shareholders as on the record date being May 10, 2010.*

Date of allotment	Number of Preference Shares allotted	Face value per Preference Share (₹)	Issue Price per Preference Share (₹) including Premium	Total Consideration (₹)	Nature of consideration	Nature of the transaction	Cumulative number of Preference Shares	Cumulative paid-up Preference Share capital (₹)	Name and relationship of allottees
September 29, 2017	(35,000,000)	10	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Conversion into equity shares	Nil	Nil	*Conversion of 35,000,000 OCCRPS to 35,000,000 equity shares of ₹10 each* ***Promoters:*** *Allotment of 27,969 equity shares to Bina Chabria Enterprises Private Limited* ***Others:*** *Allotment of 34,972,031 equity to Erstwhile BKCEPL.*
0.01% Non-Cumulative Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each ("NCCPS")									
July 4, 2019	6,818,180	10	110	749,999,800	Cash	Private Placement	6,818,180	68,181,800	***Others:*** *Allotment of 6,818,180 NCCPS to Ashoka Liquors Private Limited.*
July 8, 2021	(6,818,180)	10	110	749,999,800	Cash	Redemption out of profits	Nil	Nil	-

Our Company has not issued any compulsorily convertible preference shares since inception and until the date of filing of this Prospectus.

(c) ***8.5% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures ("CCD")***

Date of allotment	Number of CCDs allotted	Face value per CCD (₹)	Issue Price per CCD (₹) including Premium	Total Consideration (₹)	Nature of consideration	Nature of the transaction	Cumulative number of CCDs	Cumulative paid-up CCDs (₹)	Name and relationship of allottees
July 27, 2021*	8,547,000	117	117	999,999,000	Cash	Preferential allotment	8,547,000	999,999,000	*Allotment of 8,547,000 CCDs to Oriental Radios Private Limited.*
June 20, 2022	(8,547,000)	117#	-	-	N.A.	Conversion to Equity Shares	Nil	Nil	*Conversion of 8,547,000 CCDs to 8,547,000 equity shares of ₹2 each.* ***Promoters:*** *Allotment of 8,547,000 Equity Shares to Oriental Radios Private Limited pursuant to conversion of 8,547,000 CCDs.*

**Our Board pursuant to its resolution dated July 27, 2021 approved the issue and allotment of 8,547,000 CCDs of face value of ₹117 each. Further, Venkatraman Iyer, registered valuer (securities or financial assets) pursuant to his valuation report dated July 20, 2021, recommended that the fair equity value per share on fully diluted basis was ₹116.6.*

 # Our Board pursuant to its resolution dated June 20, 2022, approved the conversion of 8,547,000 CCDs of face value of ₹117 each, into 8,547,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each of our Company at a premium of ₹115 per Equity Share. Since, it is a conversion into Equity Shares, no consideration has been actually paid.

(2) **Equity Shares or Preference Shares issued for consideration other than cash or out of revaluation reserves:**

(a) Our Company has not issued any Equity Shares or Preference Shares out of revaluation reserve since its incorporation.

(b) Except as disclosed below our Company has not issued any Equity Shares or Preference Shares for consideration other than cash:

Date of allotment	Number of equity/ Preference Shares allotted	Face value per equity/ Share (₹)	Issue Price per equity/ Preference Share (₹) including Premium	Total Consideration (₹)	Nature of the transaction and reason for allotment	Name and relationship of allottees	Benefits accrued
Equity Shares							
May 4, 2010	8,270,000	10	-	N.A.	Allotment pursuant to the ABD Scheme	***Others:*** *Allotment of 2,030,600 equity shares to BDA Properties Private Limited, 1,929,000 to BDA Spirits Private Limited, 2,015,400 to Tracstar*	Pursuant to a scheme of amalgamation between Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited, Our Own Properties Private Limited and our Company, dated April 1, 2009, and an order of the Bombay

Date of allotment	Number of equity/ Preference Shares allotted	Face value per equity/ Share (₹)	Issue Price per equity/ Preference Share (₹) including Premium	Total Consideration (₹)	Nature of the transaction and reason for allotment	Name and relationship of allottees	Benefits accrued
						Properties Private Limited, 1,824,500 equity shares to Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited, 410,500 to Deepak Roy as shareholders of M/s. Allied Blenders and Distilleries Private Limited; and allotment of 14,838 to BDA Properties Private Limited, 14,100 to BDA Spirits Private Limited, 14,730 to Tracstar Properties Private Limited, 13,332 to Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited, and 3,000 to Deepak Roy as shareholders of Our Own Properties Private Limited	High Court dated February 5, 2010, the entire business undertakings of Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited and Our Own Properties Private Limited were transferred to our Company, (i.e. the erstwhile name, Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited).
June 27, 2017	333,333	10	-	N.A.	Allotment pursuant to the TIPL Demerger[$]	***Promoters:*** *Allotment of 113,333 equity shares to Oriental Radios Private Limited.* ***Others:*** *Allotment of 220,000 equity shares to Erstwhile BKCEPL pursuant to the TIPL Demerger.*	Pursuant to the TIPL Demerger the bottle trading, and bottling and distilleries undertaking of TIPL, one of our group companies, was demerged into our Company. For further details, see "*History and Certain Corporate Matters*" on page 280.
July 30, 2018	46,510,231	10	N.A.	N.A.	Allotment pursuant to the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation*	***Promoters;*** *Allotment of 23,255,080 equity shares to Bina Kishore Chhabria, 11,627,539 equity shares to Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev and 73 equity shares to Bina Chhabria Enterprises Limited* ***Promoter Group:*** *11,627,539 equity shares to Neesha Kishore Chhabria*	Pursuant to the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation, our then holding company, Erstwhile BKCEPL was merged into our Company, as a going concern. *For further details, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page* 280.

Date of allotment	Number of equity/ Preference Shares allotted	Face value per equity/ Share (₹)	Issue Price per equity/ Preference Share (₹) including Premium	Total Consideration (₹)	Nature of the transaction and reason for allotment	Name and relationship of allottees	Benefits accrued
15% Optionally Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each ("OCCRPS")							
May 4, 2010	700,000	10		N.A.	Allotment pursuant to the ABD Scheme	***Others:*** *Allotment of 423,857 preference shares to Marengo Properties Private Limited, 198,174 preference shares to Beethoven Traders Private Limited, 50,000 preference shares to Darrel Traders Private Limited, and 27,969 Stingray Traders Private Limited, pursuant the ABD Scheme.*	Pursuant to a scheme of amalgamation between Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited, Our Own Properties Private Limited and our Company, dated April 1, 2009, and an order of the Bombay High Court dated February 5, 2010, the entire business undertakings of Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited and Our Own Properties Private Limited were transferred to our Company, (i.e. the erstwhile name, Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited).

[$]Based on valuation report dated February 22, 2016, by SSPA & Co., Chartered Accountants, no consideration has been paid for the allotment of 333,333 equity shares of face value of ₹10 each pursuant to the TIPL Demerger

**Based on the valuation report dated October 24, 2017, by SSPA & Co., Chartered Accountants, pursuant to the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation, the equity shares held by Erstwhile BKCEPL in our Company were cancelled, and subsequently, were allotted to shareholders of BKCEPL, hence there is no change in the cumulative shareholding of the Company*.

(3) Except as stated above, at "- *Equity Shares or Preference Shares issued for consideration other than cash or out of revaluation reserves*" on page 129 our Company has not issued or allotted any Equity Shares or Preference Shares pursuant to schemes of arrangement approved under Sections 230 to 234 of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable.

(4) Our Company has not issued any Equity Shares or Preference Shares in the last one year preceding the date of this Prospectus.

(5) **Shareholding pattern of our Company**

Category (I)	Category of shareholder (II)	Number of shareholders (III)	Number of fully paid up Equity Shares held (IV)	Number of partly paid-up Equity Shares held (V)	Number of shares underlying depository receipts (VI)	Total number of shares held (VII) =(IV)+(V)+ (VI)	Shareholding as a % of total number of shares (calculated as per SCRR, 1957) (VIII) As a % of (A+B+C2)	Number of voting rights held in each class of securities (IX)				Number of shares underlying outstanding convertible securities (including warrants) (X)	Shareholding , as a % assuming full conversion of convertible securities (as a percentage of diluted share capital) (XI)= (VII)+(X) As a % of (A+B+C2)	Number of locked in shares (XII)		Number of Shares pledged or otherwise encumbered (XIII)		Number of Equity Shares held in dematerialized form (XIV)
								Number of Voting Rights			Total as a % of (A+B+C)			Number (a)	As a % of total Shares held (b)	Number (a)	As a % of total Shares held (b)	
								Class e.g.: Equity Shares	Class e.g.: Others	Total								
(A)	Promoters and Promoter Group	7	244,113,665	-	-	244,113,665	100	244,113,665	-	244,113,665	100	-	100	-	-	-	-	244,113,665
(B)	Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(C)	Non Promoter-Non Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(C1)	Shares underlying depository receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(C2)	Shares held by Employee Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	**7**	**244,113,665**	-	-	244,113,665	100	244,113,665	-	244,113,665	100	-	**100**	-	-	-	-	**244,113,665**

(6) **Other details of shareholding of our Company**

As on the date of filing of this Prospectus, our Company has seven Shareholders.

a) Set forth below is a list of Shareholders holding 1% or more of the paid-up Equity Share Capital of our Company, on a fully diluted basis, as on the date of filing of this Prospectus.

Sr. No.	Name of the Shareholder	No. of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	Percentage of the pre-Offer Equity Share capital on a fully diluted basis (%)
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	176,142,969	72.16
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	24.05
3.	Oriental Radios Private Limited	9,113,665	3.73
TOTAL		**243,970,954**	99.94

b) Set forth below is a list of Shareholders holding 1% or more of the paid-up Equity Share Capital of our Company, on a fully diluted basis, as of 10 days prior to the date of filing of this Prospectus.

Sr. No.	Name of the Shareholder	No. of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	Percentage of Equity Share capital on a fully diluted basis (%)
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	176,142,969	72.16
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	24.05
3.	Oriental Radios Private Limited	9,113,665	3.73
TOTAL		**243,970,954**	99.94

Set forth below is a list of Shareholders holding 1% or more of the paid-up equity share capital of our Company, on a fully diluted basis, as of the date one year prior to the date of filing of this Prospectus:

Sr. No.	Name of the Shareholder	No. of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	Percentage of Equity Share capital on a fully diluted basis (%)
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	127,428,650	52.20
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	24.05
3.	Neesha Kishore Chhabria	48,714,320	19.96
4.	Oriental Radios Private Limited	9,113,665	3.73
TOTAL		**243,970,955**	**99.94**

c) Set forth below is a list of Shareholders holding 1% or more of the paid-up equity share capital of our Company, on a fully diluted basis, as of the date two years prior to the date of filing of this Prospectus:

Sr. No.	Name of the Shareholder	No. of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	Percentage of the Equity Share capital on a fully diluted basis (%)
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	127,428,650	52.20
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	24.05
3.	Neesha Kishore Chhabria	48,714,320	19.96
4.	Oriental Radios Private Limited	9,113,665	3.73
TOTAL		**243,970,955**	**99.94**

(7) **Details of Shareholding of our Promoters, members of the Promoter Group in our Company**

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters hold 244,113,665 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each, equivalent to 100.00% of the Equity Share Capital of our Company.

The build-up of the equity shareholding of our Promoters since incorporation of our Company is set forth in the table below.

Date of Allotment/ Transfer / Transmission of equity shares	Nature of transaction	Nature of consideration	No. of equity shares allotted/ transferred	No. of cumulative equity shares	Face value per equity share (₹)	Offer Price/ Transfer Price per equity share (₹)	Percentage of the pre-Offer capital (%)	Percentage of the post-Offer capital (%)*
Kishore Rajaram Chhabria								
March 7, 2024	Gift of Equity Share from Neesha Kishore Chhabria to Kishore Rajaram Chhabria (jointly held with Bina Kishore Chhabria)	N.A.	1	1	2	N.A.	Negligible	Negligible
(A)	**TOTAL**			**1**			**Negligible**	
Bina Kishore Chhabria								
July 30, 2018	Allotment pursuant to the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation*	Other than cash	23,255,080	23,255,080	10	N.A.	47.63	41.57
September 29, 2018	The Equity Shares of our Company were sub-divided, whereby the face value of the equity shares reduced from ₹ 10 per equity share to ₹ 2 per Equity Share.							
October 12, 2020	Transfer of Equity Shares from Deepak Roy to Bina Kishore Chhabria	Cash	1,153,250	117,428,650	2	2	0.47	0.41
June 13, 2022	Gift of Equity Shares from Neesha Kishore Chhabria to Bina Kishore Chhabria	N.A.	10,000,000	127,428,650	2	N.A.	4.10	3.58
March 7, 2024	Gift of Equity Shares from Neesha Kishore Chhabria to Bina Kishore Chhabria	N.A.	48,714,319	176,142,969	2	N.A.	19.96	17.42
(A)	**TOTAL**			**176,142,969**			**72.16**	**62.98**
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev								
July 30, 2018	Allotment pursuant to the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation*	Other than cash	11,627,539	11,627,539	10	N.A.	23.82	20.78
September 29, 2018	The Equity Shares of our Company were sub-divided, whereby the face value of the equity shares reduced from ₹ 10 per equity share to ₹ 2 per Equity Share.							
October 12, 2020	Transfer of Equity Shares from Deepak Roy to Resham	Cash	576,625	58,714,320	2	2	0.24	0.21

Date of Allotment/ Transfer / Transmission of equity shares	Nature of transaction	Nature of consideration	No. of equity shares allotted/ transferred	No. of cumulative equity shares	Face value per equity share (₹)	Offer Price/ Transfer Price per equity share (₹)	Percentage of the pre-Offer capital (%)	Percentage of the post-Offer capital (%)*
	Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev							
(B)	**TOTAL**			58,714,320			24.05	**20.99**
Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited								
February 18, 2011	Transfer of equity shares from Erstwhile BKCEPL to Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	Cash	177	177	10	10	Negligible	Negligible
September 29, 2017	Allotment pursuant to the conversion of OCCRPS	N.A.	27,969	28,146	10	N.A.	0.06	0.05
July 30, 2018	Allotment pursuant to the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation*	Other than cash	73	28,219	10	N.A.	Negligible	Negligible
September 29, 2018	The Equity Shares of our Company were sub-divided, whereby the face value of the equity shares reduced from ₹ 10 per equity share to ₹ 2 per Equity Share.							
June 3, 2022	Transfer of Equity Shares form Bina Chhabria Enterprises Limited to BKCEPL	Cash	(1)	141,094	2	750	Negligible	Negligible
(D)	**TOTAL**			141,094			0.06	0.05
BKC Enterprises Private Limited								
June 3, 2022	Transfer of Equity Shares form Bina Chhabria Enterprises Limited to BKCEPL	Cash	1	1	2	750	Negligible	Negligible
(E)	**TOTAL**			1			Negligible	Negligible
Oriental Radios Private Limited								
June 27, 2017	Allotment pursuant to the TIPL Demerger[$]	Other than cash	113,333	113,333	10	N.A.	0.23	0.20
September 29, 2018	The Equity Shares of our Company were sub-divided, whereby the face value of the equity shares reduced from ₹ 10 per equity share to ₹ 2 per Equity Share.							
June 20, 2022	Conversion of CCDs	N.A.	8,547,000	9,113,665	2	117^	3.50	3.06
(F)	**TOTAL**			9,113,665			3.73	3.26
Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited								
February 18, 2011	Transfer of equity shares from Erstwhile BKCEPL to Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	Cash	323	323	10	10	Negligible	Negligible
September 29, 2018	The Equity Shares of our Company were sub-divided, whereby the face value of the equity shares reduced from ₹ 10 per equity share to ₹ 2 per Equity Share.							

Date of Allotment/ Transfer / Transmission of equity shares	Nature of transaction	Nature of consideration	No. of equity shares allotted/ transferred	No. of cumulative equity shares	Face value per equity share (₹)	Offer Price/ Transfer Price per equity share (₹)	Percentage of the pre-Offer capital (%)	Percentage of the post-Offer capital (%)*
(G)	**TOTAL**			1,615			Negligible	Negligible
	TOTAL (A+B+C+D+E+F+G)			**244,113,665**			**100.00**	**87.27**

[*]Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment.

[$]Based on valuation report dated February 22, 2016, by SSPA & Co, Chartered Accountants, no consideration has been paid for the allotment of 333,333 equity shares of face value of ₹10 each pursuant to the TIPL Demerger.

**Based on the valuation report dated October 24, 2017, by SSPA & Co., Chartered Accountants, pursuant to the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation, the equity shares held by Erstwhile BKCEPL in our Company were cancelled, and subsequently, were allotted to shareholders of BKCEPL, hence there is no change in the cumulative shareholding of the Company.*

^Our Board pursuant to its resolution dated June 20, 2022, approved the conversion of 8,547,000, CCDs of face value of ₹117 each, into 8,547,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each of our Company at a premium of ₹115 per Equity Share. Since, it is a conversion into Equity Shares, no consideration has been actually paid.

The entire shareholding of our Promoters is in dematerialised form as of the date of this Prospectus.

The details of the shareholding of our Promoters and our Promoter Group Members, and directors of our Corporate Promoters, as on the date of this Prospectus, are set forth in the table below:

Sr. No.	Name of the Shareholder	Pre-Offer		Post-Offer*	
		No. of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	Percentage of the Equity Share Capital (%) on a fully diluted basis	No. of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	Percentage of the Equity Share Capital (%) on a fully diluted basis[&]
Promoters					
1.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	1[*]	Negligible	1[*]	Negligible
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	176,142,969	72.16	1,62,797,774	58.20
3.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	24.05	54,265,922	19.40
4.	Oriental Radios Private Limited	9,113,665	3.73	9,113,665	3.26
5.	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	141,094	0.06	141,094	0.05
6.	Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	1,615	Negligible	1,615	Negligible
7.	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	1	Negligible	1	Negligible
TOTAL		**244,113,665**	**100.00**	**226,320,072**	**80.91**
Promoter Group Member					
N.A.					
Directors of our Corporate Promoters					
1.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	1[*]	Negligible	1[*]	Negligible
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	176,142,969	72.16	162,797,774	58.20
3.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	24.05	54,265,922	19.40
TOTAL		**234,857,290**	**96.21**	**217,063,696**	**77.60**

[*] *Jointly with Bina Kishore Chhabria.*
[&] *Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment.*

The members of the Promoter Group (other than our Promoters) do not hold any Equity Shares as on the date of filing of this Prospectus.

(8) **Details of Promoters' contribution and lock-in**

a) Pursuant to Regulations 14 and 16 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, an aggregate of 20% of the post-Offer Equity Share capital, except for the Equity Shares offered pursuant to the Offer for Sale, shall be locked in for a period of 18 months from the date of Allotment as minimum Promoters' contribution ("**Minimum Promoters' Contribution**") and the shareholding of the Promoters in excess of 20% of the fully diluted post-Offer Equity Share capital shall be locked in for a period of six months from the date of Allotment.

b) The Promoters have given consent, pursuant to their letters dated June 3, 2024 to include such number of Equity Shares held by them as may constitute 20% of the fully diluted post-Offer Equity Share capital of our Company as Promoter's Contribution.

c) Details of the Equity Shares to be locked-in for 18 months from the date of Allotment as Minimum Promoters' Contribution are set forth in the table below*:

Name of Promoter	Number of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each locked-in	Date of allotment/transfer of Equity Shares and when made fully paid-up	Nature of transaction	Face value per Equity Share (₹)	Issue/ Acquisition price per Equity Share (₹)	Percentage of the pre-Offer paid-up capital (%)	Percentage of the post-Offer paid-up capital (%)	Date up to which the Equity Shares are subject to lock-in
Bina Kishore Chhabria	7,228,041	June 13, 2022	Gift of equity shares from Neesha K Chhabria to Bina Kishore Chhabria	2	N.A.	2.96	2.59	January 1, 2026
Bina Kishore Chhabria	48,714,319	March 7, 2024	Gift of equity shares from Neesha K Chhabria to Bina Kishore Chhabria	2	N.A.	19.96	17.42	January 1, 2026
TOTAL	**55,942,360**				**N.A.**	**22.92**	**20.01**	

d) Our Company undertakes that the Equity Shares that are being locked-in are not ineligible for computation of Promoters' contribution in terms of Regulation 15 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For details of the build-up of the share capital held by our Promoter, see *"- Details of Shareholding of our Promoters, members of the Promoter Group in our Company*" on page 134.

e) In this connection, please note that:

(i) The Equity Shares offered for Minimum Promoters' Contribution do not include (i) Equity Shares acquired in the three immediately preceding years for consideration other than cash and out of revaluation of assets or capitalisation of intangible assets, (ii) Equity Shares resulting from bonus issue by utilization of revaluation reserves or unrealised profits of our Company or bonus shares issued against Equity Shares, which are otherwise ineligible for computation of Minimum Promoters' Contribution;

(ii) The Minimum Promoters' Contribution does not include any Equity Shares acquired during the immediately preceding one year at a price lower than the price at which the Equity Shares are being offered to the public in the Offer;

(iii) Our Company has not been formed by the conversion of one or more partnership firms or a limited liability partnership firm; and

(iv) The Equity Shares offered for Minimum Promoters' Contribution are not subject to any pledge or any other encumbrance.

(9) **Lock-in of remaining Equity Shares**

The entire pre-Offer Equity Share capital of our Company (excluding those Equity Shares forming part of the Minimum Promoters' Contribution) shall be locked-in for a period of six months from the date of Allotment or such other minimum lock-in period as may be prescribed under the SEBI ICDR Regulations, except for the Equity Shares sold pursuant to the Offer for Sale or as permitted under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

(10) **Lock-in of Equity Shares Allotted to Anchor Investors**

50% of the Equity Shares Allotted to Anchor Investors will be locked-in for a period of 30 days from the date of Allotment, and the remaining 50% of Equity Shares Allotted to Anchor Investors will be locked-in for a period of 90 days from the date of Allotment.

(11) **Recording on non-transferability of Equity Shares locked-in**

As required under Regulation 20 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, our Company shall ensure that the details of the Equity Shares locked-in are recorded by the relevant Depository.

(12) **Other requirements in respect of lock-in**

Pursuant to Regulation 21 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, Equity Shares held by our Promoters and locked-in, as mentioned above, may be pledged as collateral security for a loan granted by a scheduled commercial bank, a public financial institution, NBFC-SI or a housing finance company, subject to the following:

(i) With respect to the Equity Shares locked-in for six months from the date of Allotment, such pledge of the Equity Shares must be one of the terms of the sanction of the loan; and

(ii) with respect to the Equity Shares locked-in as Promoters' Contribution for eighteen months from the date of Allotment, the loan must have been granted to our Company for the purpose of financing one or more of the objects of the Offer, which is not applicable in the context of this Offer.

However, the relevant lock-in period shall continue post the invocation of the pledge referenced above, and the relevant transferee shall not be eligible to transfer the Equity Shares till the relevant lock-in period has expired in terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

In terms of Regulation 22 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, Equity Shares held by our Promoters and locked-in in terms of Regulation 16 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, may be transferred to any member of our Promoter Group or a new promoter, subject to the continuation of lock-in in the hands of such transferee for the remaining period and compliance with provisions of the Takeover Regulations, as applicable.

Our Promoters have agreed not to transfer, sell, dispose, charge, create any pledge or any other type of encumbrance on the Minimum Promoters' Contribution from the date of filing the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, until the expiry of the lock-in specified above, or for such other time as required under the SEBI ICDR Regulations, except as may be permitted, in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

Further, in terms of Regulation 22 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, Equity Shares held by persons prior to the Offer and locked-in for a period of six months, may be transferred to any other person holding Equity Shares which are locked-in along with the Equity Shares proposed to be transferred, subject to the continuation of the lock-in in the hands of such transferee for the remaining period and compliance with the applicable provisions of the Takeover Regulations, as applicable.

(13) As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company does not have an ESOP/ESOS Scheme.

(14) Our Company presently does not intend or propose to alter its capital structure for a period of six months from the Bid/Offer Opening Date, by way of split or consolidation of the denomination of Equity Shares, or by way of further issue of Equity Shares (including issue of securities convertible into or exchangeable, directly or indirectly for Equity Shares), whether on a preferential basis, or by way of issue of bonus Equity Shares, or on a rights basis, or by way of further public issue of Equity Shares, or otherwise.

(15) None of the members of the Promoter Group, our Promoters, directors of our Corporate Promoters, and / or our Directors and their relatives have purchased or sold any securities of our Company during the period of six months immediately preceding the date of this Prospectus.

(16) There have been no financing arrangements whereby our Promoter, directors of our Corporate Promoters, members of the Promoter Group, and / or our Directors and their relatives have financed the purchase by any other person of securities of our Company during a period of six months immediately preceding the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, the Red Herring Prospectus and the Red Herring Prospectus.

(17) All Equity Shares issued pursuant to the Offer shall be fully paid-up at the time of Allotment and there are no partly paid-up Equity Shares as on the date of this Prospectus.

(18) As on the date of this Prospectus, the BRLMs, and their respective associates, as defined under the SEBI Merchant Bankers Regulations, do not hold any Equity Shares. The BRLMs and their associates may engage in the transactions with and perform services for our Company in the ordinary course of business or may in the future engage in commercial banking and investment banking transactions with our Company for which they may in the future receive customary compensation.

(19) As on the date of this Prospectus, none of the investors of our Company are directly or indirectly related to the BRLMs and their associates.

(20) Our Company shall ensure that any transaction in the securities of the Company by the Promoters and the members of the Promoter Group during the period between the date of filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and the date of closure of the Offer were reported to the Stock Exchanges within 24 hours of such transaction.

(21) Our Company, our Promoters, our Directors and the BRLMs have no existing buy-back arrangements or any other similar arrangements for the purchase of Equity Shares being offered through the Offer.

(22) There are no outstanding warrants, options or rights to convert debentures, loans or other instruments convertible into, or which would entitle any person any option to receive Equity Shares as on the date of this Prospectus.

(23) There shall be only one denomination of the Equity Shares, unless otherwise permitted by law.

(24) Any oversubscription to the extent of 1% of the Offer size can be retained for the purposes of rounding off to the nearest multiple of minimum allotment lot while finalizing the Basis of Allotment.

(25) Our Promoters and the members of our Promoter Group will not participate in the Offer, except to the extent of the sale of Offered Shares by way of Offer for Sale.

(26) No person connected with the Offer, including, but not limited to, the BRLMs, the members of the Syndicate, our Company, our Directors, our Promoter, members of our Promoter Group or Group Companies, shall offer any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in any manner, whether in cash or kind or services or otherwise to any Bidder for making a Bid.

(27) Neither the (i) BRLMs or any associate of the BRLMs (other than mutual funds sponsored by entities which are associates of the BRLMs or insurance companies promoted by entities which are associates of the BRLMs or AIFs sponsored by entities which are associates of the BRLMs or FPIs (other than individuals, corporate bodies and family offices) sponsored by entities which are associates of the BRLMs); nor (ii) any person related to the Promoters or Promoter Group can apply under the Anchor Investor Portion.

(28) Except for the allotment of Equity Shares pursuant to the Fresh Issue, there will be no further issue of Equity Shares whether by way of issue of bonus shares, preferential allotment, rights issue or in any other manner during the period commencing from filing of the Red Herring Prospectus with SEBI until the Equity Shares have been listed on the Stock Exchanges, or all application monies have been refunded, as the case may be.

(29) Except as disclosed under "*Capital Structure – Notes to Capital Structure*" on page 124, our Company has not undertaken any public issue of securities or any rights issue of any kind or class of securities since its incorporation.

(30) All issuances of our securities made since the incorporation of our Company till the date of filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus were in compliance with the Companies Act, 1956 and the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable.

(31) The details of the price at which Equity Shares were acquired in the three years preceding the filing of this Prospectus, by each of the Promoters, members of the Promoter group, Selling Shareholders, and Shareholders with the right to nominate Directors or any other rights are as follows:

S.No	Name of the Acquirer	Date of Acquisition of Equity Shares	Number of Shares Acquired	Acquisition Price per Equity Share (in ₹)*
Promoters				
1.	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	June 3, 2022	1	750
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	June 13, 2022	10,000,000	Nil[#]
3.	Oriental Radios Private Limited	June 20, 2022	8,547,000	117[^]
4.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	March 7, 2024	48,714,319	Nil[##]
5.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	March 7, 2024	1	Nil[###]
Promoter Group				
N.A.				
Selling Shareholders				
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	June 13, 2022	10,000,000	Nil[#]
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	March 7, 2024	48,714,319	Nil[##]
Shareholders with the right to nominate Directors or any other rights				
N.A.**				

** As certified by S D T & Co, Chartered Accountants, by way of their certificate dated June 27, 2024.*

[#] Bina Kishore Chhabria had acquired the 10,000,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each pursuant to a gift from Neesha Kishore Chhabria on June 13, 2022, and no consideration was paid.

[##] Bina Kishore Chhabria had acquired the 48,714,319 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each pursuant to a gift from Neesha Kishore Chhabria on March 7, 2024, and no consideration was paid.

[###] Kishore Rajaram Chhabria (jointly with Bina Kishore Chhabria) had acquired the 1 Equity Share of face value of ₹ 2 each pursuant to a gift from Neesha Kishore Chhabria on March 7, 2024, and no consideration was paid.

[^]Our Board pursuant to its resolution dated June 20, 2022, approved the conversion of 8,547,000 CCDs of face value of ₹117 each, into 8,547,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each of our Company at a premium of ₹115 per Equity Share. Since, it is a conversion into Equity Shares, no consideration was paid.

***Except our Promoters and Selling Shareholders, no other individual, or entities, hold any right to nominate Directors or any other rights. However, these rights automatically terminate and cease to have any effect from the date of listing of Equity Shares of our Company pursuant to the Offer. For further details, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" and "Description of Equity Shares and Terms of Articles of Association" on pages 280 and 568, respectively.*

OBJECTS OF THE OFFER

The Offer comprises the Fresh Issue and the Offer for Sale by the Selling Shareholders.

Appraising Entity

None of the Objects for which the Net Proceeds will be utilised have been appraised by any agency, including any bank or finance institutions.

Offer for Sale

Each of the Selling Shareholders will be entitled to the proceeds of the Offer for Sale after deducting their respective portion of the Offer related expenses and relevant taxes thereon. Our Company will not receive any proceeds from the Offer for Sale and the proceeds received from the Offer for Sale will not form part of the Net Proceeds. For details of the Offer for Sale, see "*The Offer*" on page 102.

Fresh Issue

Requirement of funds

We propose to utilise the Net Proceeds towards funding the following objects:

1. Prepayment or scheduled re-payment of a portion of certain outstanding borrowings availed by our Company; and

2. General corporate purposes

(collectively, the "**Objects**").

In addition, we expect to achieve the benefits of listing of our Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges which, we believe, will result in the enhancement of our brand name and creation of a public market for our Equity Shares in India.

Proceeds of the Fresh Issue

The details of the proceeds of the Fresh Issue are set forth below:

(In ₹ million)

Particulars	Amount
Gross Proceeds of the Fresh Issue	10,000
(Less) Offer related expenses in relation to the Fresh Issue*	585.30
Net Proceeds	9,414.70

Schedule of Implementation, Utilisation and Deployment of Net Proceeds

We propose to utilise and deploy the Net Proceeds towards the Objects in accordance with the estimated schedule of implementation and deployment of funds set forth in the table below:

(In ₹ million)

Particulars	Amount to be funded from Net Proceeds	Estimated deployment of Net Proceeds in Financial Year 2025
Prepayment or scheduled re-payment of a portion of certain outstanding borrowings availed by our Company	7,200.00	7,200.00
General corporate purposes	2,214.70	2,214.70
Total	**9,414.70**	**9,414.70**

The main objects clause and the objects incidental and ancillary to the main objects clause of our Memorandum of Association enables us to (i) to undertake our existing business activities; and (ii) undertake the activities for which the funds are being raised by us in the Fresh Issue.

The deployment of funds indicated above is based on management estimates, current circumstances of our business and prevailing market conditions, which may be subject to change. The deployment of funds described herein has not been appraised by any bank or financial institution or any other independent agency. There may be variations in the actual utilization of funds earmarked for the purposes set forth above on account of various factors, such as financial and market conditions, competition, the COVID-19 pandemic, business and strategy and interest fluctuations owing to import of equipment and other external factors, which may not be within the control of our management. This may entail rescheduling the proposed utilisation of the Net Proceeds, or revising the planned expenditure, implementation schedule and funding requirements, including the expenditure for a particular purpose and changing the allocation of funds from its planned allocation at the discretion of our management, subject to compliance with applicable law. For details, see "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 49. Our funding requirements and proposed deployment of the Net Proceeds are based on management estimates and may be subject to change based on various factors, some of which are beyond our control."* on page 80.

Subject to applicable laws, in the event of any increase in the actual utilisation of funds earmarked for the purposes set forth above, such additional funds for a particular activity will be met by way of means available to us, including from internal accruals and/or debt arrangements from existing / future lenders. We believe that such alternate arrangements would be available to fund any such shortfalls. If the actual utilisation towards any of the Objects is lower than the proposed deployment, such balance will be used for general corporate purposes to the extent that the total amount to be utilised towards general corporate purposes will not exceed 25% of the Gross Proceeds in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. If the Net Proceeds are not utilized (in full or in part) for the objects of the Offer during the period stated above due to factors such as (i) economic and business conditions; (ii) the timing of completion of the Offer; (iii) market conditions outside the control of our Company; and (iv) any other business and commercial considerations, the remaining Net Proceeds shall be utilized (in full or in part) in Fiscal 2026, in accordance with applicable laws. For details, see "*Objects of the Offer – Variation in Objects*" and "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 49. Our funding requirements and proposed deployment of the Net Proceeds are based on management estimates and may be subject to change based on various factors, some of which are beyond our control*." on page 80.

Details of the Objects of the Offer

1. Prepayment or scheduled repayment of a portion of certain outstanding borrowings availed by our Company

Our Company has entered into various borrowing arrangements for borrowings in the form of, working capital term facilities and term loans, among others. As on March 31, 2024, the total outstanding borrowings of our Company was ₹ 8,345.81 million. For details of these financing arrangements including indicative terms and conditions, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 484.

Our Company intends to utilize ₹7,200.00 million from the Net Proceeds towards prepayment or scheduled repayment of all, or a portion, of the principal amount on certain loans availed by our Company, the details of which are listed out in the table below. Pursuant to the terms of the borrowing arrangements, prepayment of certain indebtedness may attract prepayment charges as prescribed by the respective lender. Such prepayment charges, as applicable, along with interest and other related costs, will also be funded out of the Net Proceeds. In the event the Net Proceeds are insufficient for payment of pre-payment penalty, interest or other related costs, as applicable, such payment shall be made from the internal accruals of our Company.

Given the nature of the borrowings and the terms of repayment or prepayment, the aggregate outstanding amounts under the borrowings may vary from time to time and our Company may, in accordance with the relevant repayment schedule, repay or refinance some of its existing borrowings prior to Allotment. Further, the amounts outstanding under the borrowings as well as the sanctioned limits are dependent on several factors and may vary with the business cycle of our Company with multiple intermediate repayments, drawdowns and enhancement of sanctioned limits.

We believe that the prepayment or scheduled repayment of a portion of certain outstanding borrowings availed by us will help reduce our outstanding indebtedness and debt servicing costs, assist us in maintaining a favourable debt to equity ratio and enable utilisation of our internal accruals for further investment in business growth and expansion.

The selection of borrowings proposed to be prepaid or repaid amongst our borrowing arrangements availed will be based on various factors, including (i) cost of the borrowing, including applicable interest rates, (ii) any conditions attached to the borrowings restricting our ability to prepay/ repay the borrowings and time taken to fulfil, or obtain waivers for fulfilment of such conditions, (iii) receipt of consents for prepayment from the respective lenders, (iv) terms and conditions of such consents and waivers, (v) levy of any prepayment penalties and the quantum thereof, (vi) provisions of any laws, rules and regulations governing such borrowings, and (vii) other commercial considerations including, among others, the amount of the loan outstanding and the remaining tenor of the loan. The amounts proposed to be prepaid and / or repaid against each borrowing facility below is indicative and our Company may utilize the Net Proceeds to prepay and / or repay the facilities disclosed below in accordance with commercial considerations, including amounts outstanding at the time of prepayment and / or repayment. For details, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 484.

India Ratings & Research ("**India Ratings**") had downgraded the Company's credit ratings from Ind A- to Ind BBB+/Stable ratings in 2019, for the reasons mentioned in its report dated February 28, 2019, such as stretched credit metrices and delays in deleveraging and leverage levels sustaining above 4.0x in Fiscal 2018. However, subsequently on August 20, 2021, India Ratings revised the outlook from stable to positive, while reaffirming its rating at Ind BBB+, owing to infusion from promoter(s) to support liquidity and improve capital structure. Thereafter, on November 18, 2022, India Ratings has provided its rating at Ind BBB+ RWE. Thereafter, on May 17, 2023, India Ratings has revised the Rating Watch on the Company's long-term issuer rating of IND BBB+ to Negative Implications from Evolving Implications. Please see, "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 23. We have incurred indebtedness and have also breached certain covenants in our financing agreement. An inability to comply with repayment and other covenants or any future breaches in our financing agreements could adversely affect our business and financial condition. In addition, certain of our financing agreements involve variable interest rates and an increase in interest rates may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition*." on page 53.

The details of the outstanding loans proposed for repayment or prepayment, in full or in part from the Net Proceeds are set forth below:

Sr No	Name of the lender	Nature of Borrowing and date of the Sanction Letter/Document[2]	Date of disbursement	Rate of interest (% per annum)	Amount sanctioned (₹ in million)	Total outstanding amount (Principal Amount) as on March 31, 2024 (₹ in million)[2]	Repayment Schedule	Prepayment penalty, if any	Purpose of loan [1][2]^
1.	Axis Bank Limited	Working capital facilities pursuant to sanction letter dated August 30, 2023.	Running Account	CC-12.55 WCDL-12.35	500.00	344.02	Repayable on demand	NIL	Working capital requirements
2.	State Bank of India	Working capital facilities pursuant to sanction letter November 13, 2023.	Running Account	CC-12.55 WCDL-11.45	700.00	685.68	Repayable on demand	NIL	Working capital requirements
3.	Yes Bank Limited	Working capital facilities pursuant to Sanction Letter dated July 04, 2023	Running Account	CC-12.45 WCDL-13.10 & 13.55	250.00	244.58	Repayable on demand	NIL	Working capital requirements
4.	South Indian Bank	Working capital facilities pursuant to Sanction letter dated August 5, 2023.	Running Account	CC-12.60 WCDL-12.60	453.60	446.19	Repayable on demand	4% on Sanction Limit or Waived if pre-closure is done by way of Own funds or IPO proceeds	Working capital requirements
5.	Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Working capital facilities pursuant to Sanction Letter February 28, 2023	Running Account	CC- 12.35	400.00	399.23	Repayable on demand	Waived if pre-closure is done by way of internal accrual or IPO proceeds	Working capital requirements
6.	IDFC First Bank	Working capital facilities pursuant to Sanction Letter dated September 13, 2023	Running Account	CC-11.25 WCDL-11.65	200.00	171.70	Repayable on demand	NIL	Working capital requirements
		Sales bill discounting pursuant to Sanction Letter September 13, 2023	Running Account	11.35	2,300.00	2,300.00	Realisation on or before due date	NIL	Working capital – sale invoice finance.
7.	IndusInd Bank Limited	Indian rupee term loan no. 5 pursuant sanction letter dated December 27, 2023.	July 27, 2023	8.80	585.00	492.09	Payable in 20 equal quarterly instalments	2% of the outstanding amount in the first year of disbursement. 1% of the outstanding amount between 1 to 2	Shoring up of new Working Capital.

Sr No	Name of the lender	Nature of Borrowing and date of the Sanction Letter/Document[(2)]	Date of disbursement	Rate of interest (% per annum)	Amount sanctioned (₹ in million)	Total outstanding amount (Principal Amount) as on March 31, 2024 (₹ in million)[(2)]	Repayment Schedule	Prepayment penalty, if any	Purpose of loan [(1)(2)^]
								years of first disbursement and nil thereafter. However, nil if paid out of IPO/Private equity/promoter infusion.	
		Indian rupee term loan no. 6 pursuant to sanction letter dated December 27, 2023.	August 31, 2023	8.80	487.50	463.51	Payable in 20 equal quarterly instalments	2% of the outstanding amount in the first year of disbursement. 1% of the outstanding amount between 1 to 2 years of first disbursement and nil thereafter. However, nil if paid out of IPO/Private Equity/promoter infusion.	For takeover of Long Term Loan of Karur Vyasa Bank Ltd and (Present O/s of KVB Rs 27 crores) and balance for bridging Working capital Gap
		Sales bill discounting pursuant to Sanction letter dated December 27, 2023	Running Account	8.40	550.00	551.32	Repayable on Demand	2% of the outstanding amount in the first year of disbursement. 1% of the outstanding amount between 1 to 2 years of first disbursement and nil thereafter. However, nil if paid out of IPO/Private Equity/promoter	Working capital requirements and towards discounting invoices raised on Rajasthan State Beverages Corporation Ltd and Andhra Pradesh State Beverages Corporation Limited

Sr No	Name of the lender	Nature of Borrowing and date of the Sanction Letter/Document[2]	Date of disbursement	Rate of interest (% per annum)	Amount sanctioned (₹ in million)	Total outstanding amount (Principal Amount) as on March 31, 2024 (₹ in million)[2]	Repayment Schedule	Prepayment penalty, if any	Purpose of loan [1][2]^
								infusion.	
		Sales bill discounting pursuant to Sanction letter dated December 27, 2023	Running Account	8.40	350.00	175.57	Repayable on Demand	2% of the outstanding amount in the first year of disbursement. 1% of the outstanding amount between 1 to 2 years of first disbursement and nil thereafter. However, nil if paid out of IPO/Private Equity/promoter infusion.	Working capital requirements and towards discounting invoices raised on Rajasthan State Beverages Corporation Ltd and Andhra Pradesh State Beverages Corporation Limited
8.	Aditya Birla Finance Limited	Indian rupee term loan no.2 pursuant to Sanction letters dated August 30, 2023, March 25, 2019 and March 26, 2019; Amendment letter dated March 25, 2019; and Loan Agreement dated April 15, 2019 and Supplementary Agreement dated September 16, 2019	April 16, 2019	12.20	404.90	377.04	Payable in 120 monthly instalments	1% of the outstanding amount for the first six months from the date of first disbursement and thereafter Nil. To be waived in case of prepayment from IPO/Proceeds/private equity infusion/ promoter infusion	Working capital requirements
		Indian rupee term loan no. 1 pursuant to Sanction letters dated August 30,	December 29, 2018 and January 10, 2019	12.20	309.70	250.83	Payable in 84 monthly instalments	1% of the outstanding amount for the first six months from the date of first disbursement and	To take over of loan from PNB Housing Finance, and South Indian Bank and

Sr No	Name of the lender	Nature of Borrowing and date of the Sanction Letter/Document[(2)]	Date of disbursement	Rate of interest (% per annum)	Amount sanctioned (₹ in million)	Total outstanding amount (Principal Amount) as on March 31, 2024 (₹ in million)[(2)]	Repayment Schedule	Prepayment penalty, if any	Purpose of loan [(1)(2)^]
		2023 and March 25, 2019 and March 26, 2019; Amendment letter dated March 25, 2019; and Loan Agreement dated April 15, 2019 and Supplementary Agreement dated September 16, 2019						thereafter Nil. To be waived in case of prepayment from IPO/Proceeds/private equity infusion/ promoter infusion	Working capital requirements
		Indian rupee term loan no. 3 pursuant to Sanction letters dated August 30, 2023 and March 25, 2019 and March 26, 2019; Amendment letter dated March 25, 2019; and Loan Agreement dated April 15, 2019 and Supplementary Agreement dated September 16, 2019	September 26, 2023	11.00	450.00	363.14	Payable in 60 monthly instalments	1% of the outstanding amount for the first six months from the date of first disbursement and thereafter Nil. To be waived in case of prepayment from IPO/Proceeds/private equity infusion/ promoter infusion	Long term Term Working Capital
9.	SVC Co-operative Bank Limited	Indian rupee term loans from banks pursuant to Sanction Letter dated January 18, 2021; Amendment Sanction Letter dated February 16, 2021; and Loan Agreement dated February 26, 2021	February 26, 2021	12.40	500.00	339.61	Payable in 60 principal monthly instalments after initial moratorium of 18 months	Waived if pre-closure is done by way of IPO proceeds.	Asset Finance Term Loan
10.	CSB Bank	Working capital	Running	CC- 11.55	500.00	345.81	Repayable on Demand	In the case of working	Working capital

Sr No	Name of the lender	Nature of Borrowing and date of the Sanction Letter/Document[2]	Date of disbursement	Rate of interest (% per annum)	Amount sanctioned (₹ in million)	Total outstanding amount (Principal Amount) as on March 31, 2024 (₹ in million)[2]	Repayment Schedule	Prepayment penalty, if any	Purpose of loan [1][2]^
	Limited	facilities pursuant to Sanction Letter dated November 2, 2022 and Amendment dated November 23, 2022 and Amendment dated December 8, 2022 and Amendment dated December 16, 2022.	Account	WCDL-11.55				capital facilities which are closed before one year from the date of disbursal or enhancements or renewal foreclosure charges shall be levied at the rate of concession allowed on applicable rate or 200bps whichever is higher. The penalty shall be applied on the limit from the date of closure till the completion of one year from the date of disbursal/last enhancement/last renewal as the case maybe. However, in case of working capital facilities being closed out of borrowers own funds or IPO proceeds the aforesaid penal clause shall not be valid.	requirements
11.	**Total**	-		-	**8,940.70**	**7,950.32**	-	-	

[1] In accordance with Clause 9(A)(2)(b) of Part A of Schedule VI of the SEBI ICDR Regulations which requires a certificate from the statutory auditor certifying the utilization of loan for the purpose availed, our Statutory Auditors have confirmed that the loans have been utilised for the purpose for which it was availed pursuant to certificates dated June 18, 2024.
[2]As certified by the Statutory Auditors of the Company, vide their certificates dated June 18, 2024.
^None of the loans identified above, taken from banks or financial institutions, were utilized for capital expenditure by the Company.

Basis of estimation of working capital requirement

(a) Existing working capital

Set forth below are the details of the working capital of our Company, as on December 31, 2023, December 31, 2022, Fiscals 2023, 2022 and 2021 respectively:

(in ₹ million)

Particulars	As at nine month period ended December 31, 2023	As at nine month period ended December 31, 2022	As at Fiscal ended March 31, 2023	As at Fiscal ended March 31, 2022	As at Fiscal ended March 31, 2021
Current Assets					
Inventories	5,162.47	5,597.80	5,591.83	3,524.94	3,458.11
Trade receivables	12,698.72	10,459.54	9,576.14	9,540.31	8,669.29
Loans	1.67	0.70	0.77	41.11	73.27
Other financial assets	270.66	228.66	260.29	192.97	293.00
Other current assets	1,155.67	1,171.61	1,188.73	728.30	911.26
Assets classified as held for sale	835.03	841.91	841.87	-	-
Total Current Assets (A)	20,124.22	18,300.22	**17,459.63**	**14,027.63**	**13,404.93**
Current Liabilities					
Lease liabilities	31.38	28.74	30.60	20.67	27.42
Trade payables	7,509.91	5,924.52	5,658.84	5,363.76	4,831.91
Other financial liabilities	2,310.10	2,186.98	1,919.36	1,579.49	2,098.29
Other current liabilities	5,096.45	5,184.25	4,998.13	2,599.97	2,196.92
Liabilities classified as held for sale	1.77	65.75	46.02	-	-
Provisions	121.87	144.71	124.92	136.84	147.49
Current tax liabilities (net)	45.40	18.96	10.75	10.75	21.68
Total Current Liabilities (B)	15,116.88	13,553.91	**12,788.62**	**9,711.48**	**9,323.71**
Working Capital (C = A - B)	**5,007.34**	**4,746.31**	**4,671.01**	**4,316.15**	**4,081.22**
Means of finance					
Bank borrowings for working capital	**5,578.56**	**5,846.21**	5,908.30	5,739.47	6,619.78

Utilization of fund-based and non-fund based credit facilities for working capital requirements

(in ₹ million)

Particulars	As at nine month period ended December 31, 2023	As at nine month period ended December 31, 2022	As at Fiscal ended March 31, 2023	As at Fiscal ended March 31, 2022	As at Fiscal ended March 31, 2021
Fund Based					
Axis Bank Limited					
Sanctioned limit	500	500	500	500	700
Utilisation	372.86	460.32	462.34	422.81	617.47
Utilisation %	74.57	92.06	92.47	84.56	88.21
State Bank of India					
Sanctioned limit	700	800	750	800	800
Utilisation	610.31	793.98	775	642.33	804.73
Utilisation %	87.19	99.25	103.33	80.29	100.59
Yes Bank Limited					

Sanctioned limit	250	250	250	550	550
Utilisation	244.32	237.63	242.93	332.53	521.54
Utilisation %	97.73	95.05	97.17	60.46	94.83
South Indian Bank					
Sanctioned limit	453.60	453.60	453.60	453.60	453.60
Utilisation	441.19	434.61	438.73	449.21	450.12
Utilisation %	97.26	95.81	96.72	99.03	99.23
Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.					
Sanctioned limit	400	400	400	400	400
Utilisation	397.03	391.81	394.70	399.60	394
Utilisation %	99.26	97.95	98.68	99.90	98.50
SVC Co-operative Bank Limited					
Sanctioned limit	9	9	9	9	9
Utilisation	0.00	6.68	8.88	6.71	8.25
Utilisation %	0.00	74.19	98.67	74.56	91.67
Rabobank					
Sanctioned limit	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	250	500
Utilisation	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	197.27	494.25
Utilisation %	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	78.91	98.85
IndusInd Bank Limited					
Sanctioned limit	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	160	N.A.
Utilisation	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	100	N.A.
Utilisation %	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	62.50	N.A.
CSB Bank Limited					
Sanctioned limit	500	500	500	N.A.	N.A.
Utilisation	345.51	349.89	349.90	N.A.	N.A.
Utilisation %	69.10	69.98	69.98	N.A.	N.A.
Punjab National Bank Limited					
Sanctioned limit	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	55
Utilisation	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	50.75
Utilisation %	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	92.27
Total Working Capital					
Sanctioned limit	2812.60	2912.60	2,862.60	3,122.60	3,467.60
Utilisation	2,411.23	2,674.91	2,672.48	2,550.46	3,341.11
Utilisation %	85.73	91.84	93.36	81.68	96.35
Bill Discounting					
IDFC First Bank					
Sanctioned limit	2300	2400	2400	1800	1500
Utilisation	2,269.46	2,251.65	2,329.91	1,797.72	1,476.09
Utilisation %	98.67	93.82	97.08	99.87	98.41
IndusInd Bank					
Sanctioned limit	900	657.20	657.20	657.200	657.20
Utilisation	551.33	657.20	661.92	653.82	634.01
Utilisation %	61.26	100.00	100.72	99.49	96.47
Yes Bank					
Sanctioned limit	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	1000
Utilisation	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	948.37
Utilisation %	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	94.84
Total					
Sanctioned limit	**3,200.00**	**3,057.20**	**3,057.20**	**2,457.20**	**3,157.20**
Utilisation	**2,820.79**	**2,908.85**	**2,991.83**	**2,451.54**	**3,058.47**
Utilisation %	**88.15**	**95.15**	**97.86**	**99.77**	**96.87**
Total Working Capital (Secured)					
Sanctioned limit	**6,012.60**	**5,969.80**	**5,919.80**	**5,579.80**	**6,624.80**
Utilisation	**5,232.01**	**5,583.76**	**5,664.31**	**5,002.00**	**6,399.58**
Utilisation %	**87.02**	**93.53**	**95.68**	**89.64**	**96.60**
Non fund based Limit					
Non-fund based credit limits					
Axis Bank	10	10	Nil	10	10

Utilisation	0	10	0	10	10
Utilisation %	0	100%	0	100%	100%

2. General Corporate Purposes

We propose to deploy the balance Net Proceeds aggregating to ₹ 2,214.70 million towards general corporate purposes, subject to such utilisation not exceeding 25% of the Gross Proceeds, in compliance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. The general corporate purposes for which we propose to utilise the Net Proceeds include meeting day to day expenses, advertisement and promotional activities for our brands, investment in our subsidiaries, other activities in the ordinary course of business, as may be decided by the Company. In addition to the above, we may utilise the Net Proceeds towards other expenditure in the ordinary course of business, as considered expedient and as approved periodically by our Board or a duly constituted committee thereof, subject to compliance with applicable law, including the necessary provisions of the Companies Act.

The quantum of utilisation of funds towards each of the above purposes will be determined by our Board, based on the amount available under this head and our business requirements, from time to time. Our management, in accordance with the policies of our Board, shall have flexibility in utilising surplus amounts, if any, in accordance with applicable law.

Means of Finance

The funding requirements for the Objects of the Offer are proposed to be funded either from the Net Proceeds or through internal accruals. Further, where the loans taken and amount outstanding are more than the Net Proceeds, the balance will be repaid out of internal accruals. Accordingly, we confirm that there is no requirement to make firm arrangements of finance under Regulation 7(1)(e) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations through verifiable means towards at least 75% of the stated means of finance, excluding the amount to be raised from the Fresh Issue and existing identifiable accruals, as prescribed under the SEBI ICDR Regulations. We may vary the Objects in the manner provided in "*Objects of the Offer – Variation in Objects*" on page 154.

Interim use of Net Proceeds

We, in accordance with the policies formulated by our Board from time to time, will have flexibility to deploy the Net Proceeds in accordance with applicable law. Pending utilisation of the Net Proceeds for the purposes described above, our Company will temporarily invest the Net Proceeds in deposits only in one or more scheduled commercial banks included in the Second Schedule of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, as amended, as may be approved by our Board or a duly constituted committee thereof.

In accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, we confirm that we shall not use the Net Proceeds for buying, trading or otherwise dealing in shares of any other listed company or for any investment in the equity markets.

Bridge Financing Facilities

We have not raised any bridge loans from any bank or financial institution as on the date of this Prospectus, which are proposed to be repaid from the Net Proceeds.

Offer Expenses

The total Offer related expenses are estimated to be approximately ₹ 877.95 million. The Offer related expenses consist of listing fees, underwriting fees, selling commission and brokerage, fees payable to the BRLMs, legal counsels, Registrar to the Offer, Escrow Collection Bank, Public Offer Bank, Sponsor Bank, Refund Bank including processing fee to the SCSBs for processing ASBA Forms submitted by ASBA Bidders procured by the Syndicate and submitted to SCSBs, brokerage and selling commission payable to Registered Brokers, RTAs and CDPs, printing and stationery expenses, advertising and marketing expenses and all other incidental expenses for listing our Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges.

Other than (i) listing fees and stamp duty payable on issue of Equity Shares pursuant to Fresh Issue which shall be

borne solely by the Company and (ii) stamp duty payable on transfer of the Offered Shares pursuant to the Offer for Sale and fees and expenses for the legal counsel to the Selling Shareholders which shall be borne solely by the respective Selling Shareholders, the Company and each of the Selling Shareholders shall share the costs and expenses (including all applicable taxes) directly attributable to the Offer (including fees and expenses of the Book Running Lead Managers, legal counsel and other intermediaries, advertising and marketing expenses (other than corporate advertisements expenses undertaken in the ordinary course of business by the Company), printing, underwriting commission, procurement commission (if any), brokerage and selling commission and payment of fees and charges to various regulators in relation to the Offer) in proportion to the number of Equity Shares issued and Allotted by the Company through the Fresh Issue and sold by each of the Selling Shareholders through the Offer for Sale. The Company shall advance the cost and expenses of the Offer and the Company will be reimbursed by each of the Selling Shareholders jointly and severally for its respective proportion of such costs and expenses upon successful completion of the Offer. Provided that, in the event any of the Selling Shareholders withdraws or abandons the Offer at any stage prior to the completion of the Offer, or if the Offer fails or is withdrawn, abandoned or terminated for any reason whatsoever, all costs, charges, fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Offer shall be borne amongst the Company and the Selling Shareholders, as mutually agreed amongst them.

The break-up for the estimated Offer expenses are as follows:

Activity	**Estimated expenses[(1)] (₹ in million)**	**As a % of total estimated Offer related expenses[(1)]**	**As a % of Offer size[(1)]**
Fees payable to the BRLMs including underwriting commission, brokerage and selling commission, as applicable	315.65	35.95	2.10
Advertising and marketing expenses	85.80	9.77	0.57
Printing and stationery expenses	13.14	1.50	0.09
Fees payable to Registrar to the Offer	7.08	0.81	0.05
Commission/processing fee for SCSBs, Sponsor Bank and Bankers to the Offer. Brokerage, underwriting commission and selling commission and bidding charges for Members of the Syndicate, Registered Brokers, RTAs and CDPs [(2)(3)(4)(5)]	48.15	5.48	0.32
Listing fees, SEBI filing fees, upload fees, BSE & NSE processing fees, book building software fees and other regulatory expenses	61.49	7.00	0.41
Others (Fees for the legal counsel, Statutory Auditor, Independent Chartered Engineer, and the Independent Chartered Accountant appointed for the purpose of the Offer, etc.)	346.64	39.49	2.31
Total estimated Offer expenses	**877.95**	**100.00**	**5.85**

(1) Offer expenses are estimates and are subject to change.

(2) Selling commission payable to the SCSBs on the portion of Retail Individual Bidders, Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion and Non-Institutional Bidders which are directly procured and uploaded by the SCSBs, would be as follows:

*Portion for Retail Individual Bidders**	*0.35% of the Amount Allotted (plus applicable taxes)*
*Portion for Eligible Employees bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion**	*0.25% of the Amount Allotted (plus applicable taxes)*
*Portion for Non-Institutional Bidders**	*0.20% of the Amount Allotted (plus applicable taxes)*

**Amount Allotted is the product of the number of Equity Shares Allotted and the Offer Price.*
Selling Commission payable to the SCSBs will be determined on the basis of the bidding terminal id as captured in the Bid Book of BSE or NSE.

(3) No processing fees shall be payable by the Company and Selling Shareholders to the SCSBs on the applications directly procured by them.

Processing fees payable to the SCSBs on the portion for Retail Individual Bidders, Non-Institutional Bidders and Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion (excluding UPI Bids) which are procured by the members of the Syndicate/sub-Syndicate/Registered Broker/RTAs/CDPs or for using 3-in-1 type accounts-linked online trading, demat & bank account provided by some of the brokers which are

members of Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Members) would be as follows:

*Portion for Retail Individual Bidders, Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion and Non-Institutional Bidders**	*₹ 10 per valid application (plus applicable taxes)*

** Processing fees payable to the SCSBs for capturing Syndicate Member/Sub-syndicate (Broker)/Sub-broker code on the ASBA Form for Non-Institutional Investors and Qualified Institutional Bidders with bids above ₹ 0.5 million would be ₹ 10 plus applicable taxes, per valid application.*

Notwithstanding anything contained above the total processing fee payable under this clause will not exceed ₹ 4.00 million (plus applicable taxes) and in case if the total processing fees exceeds ₹ 4.00 million (plus applicable taxes) then processing fees will be paid on pro-rata basis for portion of (i) Qualified Institutional Bidders (ii) Non-Institutional Investors, as applicable.

(4) Selling commission on the portion for Retail Individual Bidders (up to ₹ 0.2 million), Non-Institutional Bidders and Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion which are procured by members of the Syndicate (including their sub Syndicate Members), Registered Broker, RTAs and CDPs or for using 3-in-1 type accounts-linked online trading, demat & bank account provided by some of the brokers which are members of Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Members) would be as follows would be as follows:

*Portion for Retail Individual Bidders**	*0.35% of the Amount Allotted (plus applicable taxes)*
*Portion for Eligible Employees bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion**	*0.25% of the Amount Allotted (plus applicable taxes)*
*Portion for Non-Institutional Bidders**	*0.20% of the Amount Allotted (plus applicable taxes)*

** Amount Allotted is the product of the number of Equity Shares Allotted and the Offer Price.*

The Selling Commission payable to the Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Members will be determined (i) for RIIs and NIIs (up to ₹0.5 million), on the basis of the application form number / series, provided that the application is also bid by the respective Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Member. For clarification, if a Syndicate ASBA application on the application form number / series of a Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Member, is bid by an SCSB, the selling commission will be payable to the SCSB and not the Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Member,' and (ii) for NIIs (above ₹ 0.5 million), Syndicate ASBA Form bearing SM Code & Sub-Syndicate Code of the application form submitted to SCSBs for Blocking of the Fund and uploading on the Exchanges platform by SCSBs. For clarification, if a Syndicate ASBA application on the application form number / series of a Syndicate / Sub-Syndicate Member, is bid by an SCSB, the Selling Commission will be payable to the Syndicate / Sub Syndicate members and not the SCSB.

Bidding Charges payable to members of the Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Members) on the applications made using 3-in-1 accounts would be ₹ 10 plus applicable taxes, per valid application bid by the Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Members). Bidding charges payable to SCSBs on the QIB Portion and NIIs (excluding UPI Bids) which are procured by the Syndicate/sub-Syndicate/Registered Broker/RTAs/ CDPs and submitted to SCSBs for blocking and uploading would be ₹ 10/- per valid application (plus applicable taxes).

Bidding charges payable on the application made using 3-in-1 accounts will be subject to a maximum cap of ₹ 4.00 million (plus applicable taxes), in case if the total processing fees exceeds ₹ 4.00 million (plus applicable taxes) then processing fees will be paid on pro-rata basis for portion of (i) RIIs (ii) NIIs, as applicable.

The selling commission and bidding charges payable to Registered Brokers the RTAs and CDPs will be determined on the basis of the bidding terminal id as captured in the Bid Book of BSE or NSE.

(5) Selling commission / bidding charges payable to the Registered Brokers on the portion for RIIs and NIIs which are directly procured by the Registered Broker and submitted to SCSB for processing, would be as follows.

Portion for RIIs and NIIs	*₹ 10 per valid application (plus applicable taxes)*

Bidding charges / processing fees for applications made by UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism would be as under.

Payable to members of the Syndicate (including their sub-Syndicate Members)/ RTAs / CDPs	*₹ 30 per valid application (plus applicable taxes) subject to a maximum of ₹ 10.00 million (Rupees Ten million only) payable on a pro rata basis*
Payable to Sponsor Bank	*ICICI Bank Limited: ₹ Nil* *Axis Bank Limited: ₹ Nil* *The Sponsor Banks shall be responsible for making payments to the third parties such as remitter bank, NPCI and such other parties as required in connection with the performance of its duties under applicable SEBI circulars, agreements and other applicable laws*

All such commissions and processing fees set out above shall be paid as per the timelines in terms of the Syndicate Agreement and Cash Escrow and Sponsor Bank Agreement.

The processing fees for applications made by UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism, where made available, may be released to the remitter banks (SCSBs) only after such banks provide a written confirmation on compliance with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022 read with SEBI Circular No: SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/570 dated June 02, 2021 read with SEBI Circular No: SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/l/M dated March 16, 2021.

Monitoring Agency

In terms of Regulation 41 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, our Company has appointed a Monitoring Agency for monitoring the utilisation of the Gross Proceeds, including the proceeds proposed to be utilised towards general corporate purposes. Our Audit Committee and the Monitoring Agency will monitor the utilisation of the Gross Proceeds and submit the report required under Regulation 41(2) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations until such time as the Gross Proceeds have been utilised in full.

Our Company will disclose the utilisation of the Gross Proceeds, including interim use, under a separate head in our balance sheet for such fiscals as required under the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the SEBI Listing Regulations, until such time as the Gross Proceeds remain unutilised clearly specifying the purposes for which the Gross Proceeds have been utilised. Our Company will also, in its balance sheet for the applicable Financial Years, provide details, if any, in relation to all such Gross Proceeds that have not been utilised, if any, of such unutilised Gross Proceeds, subsequent to receipt of listing and trading approvals from the Stock Exchanges.

Pursuant to the SEBI Listing Regulations, our Company shall, on a quarterly basis, disclose to the Audit Committee the uses and applications of the Gross Proceeds. The Audit Committee will make recommendations to our Board for further action, if appropriate. On an annual basis, our Company shall prepare a statement of funds utilised for purposes other than those stated in this Prospectus and place it before the Audit Committee and make other disclosures as may be required until such time as the Gross Proceeds remain unutilised. Such disclosure shall be made only until such time that all the Gross Proceeds have been utilised in full. The statement shall be certified by the statutory auditor of our Company. Further, in accordance with Regulation 32(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, our Company shall furnish to the Stock Exchanges on a quarterly basis, a statement indicating (i) deviations, if any, in the actual utilisation of the proceeds of the Fresh Issue from the objects of the Fresh Issue as stated above; and (ii) details of category wise variations in the actual utilisation of the proceeds of the Fresh Issue from the objects of the Fresh Issue as stated above. This information will also be published in newspapers simultaneously with the interim or annual financial results and explanation for such variation (if any) will be included in our Director's report, after placing the same before the Audit Committee. Further, in accordance with Regulation 32(6) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, our Company shall submit to the Stock Exchanges any comments or report received from the Monitoring Agency within 45 days from the end of each quarter.

Variation in Objects

In accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, and the applicable rules, and the SEBI ICDR Regulations, our Company shall not vary the Objects of the Fresh Issue without being authorised to do so by our Shareholders by way of a special resolution through a postal ballot. In addition, the notice issued to our Shareholders in relation to the passing of such special resolution ("**Postal Ballot Notice**") shall specify the prescribed details as required under the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable rules. The Postal Ballot Notice shall simultaneously be published in the newspapers, one in English and one in Marathi, the regional language of the jurisdiction where our Registered Office is located. In accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, our Promoter will be required to provide an exit opportunity to the Shareholders who do not agree to such proposal to vary the objects, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and in accordance with such terms and conditions, including in respect of pricing of the Equity Shares, in accordance with our Articles of Association, the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

Other Confirmations

Except to the extent of the proceeds received pursuant to the Offer for Sale, no part of the Net Proceeds will be paid by our Company to our Promoters, Promoter Group, our Directors, our Key Managerial Personnel, our Senior Management, or our Group Companies. Except in the normal course of business, in compliance with applicable law, and as disclosed in this Prospectus (including as disclosed on page 512 in the section "*Our Group Companies*") there are no existing or anticipated transactions in relation to utilisation of Net Proceeds with our Promoters, Promoter Group, our Directors, our Key Managerial Personnel, our Senior Management, or our Group Companies.

BASIS FOR OFFER PRICE

The Offer Price has been determined by our Company, in consultation with the BRLMs, on the basis of assessment of market demand for the Equity Shares offered through the Book Building Process and on the basis of quantitative and qualitative factors as described below. The face value of the Equity Shares is ₹ 2 each and the Offer Price is 1.05 times the Floor Price and 1.00 times the Cap Price of the Price Band. Bidders should also see "*Our Business*", "*Risk Factors*", "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" and "*Financial Information*" on pages 226, 34, 435 and 340, respectively, to have an informed view before making an investment decision.

Qualitative Factors

Some of the qualitative factors and our strengths which form the basis for computing the Offer Price are as follows:

- Among the largest IMFL companies in India with a diversified and contemporary product portfolio. We are the largest Indian owned IMFL company and the third largest IMFL company in India, in terms of annual sales volumes between Fiscal 2014 and Fiscal 2022. (*Source: Technopak Report*). For further details, see "*Our Business – Strengths - Among the largest IMFL companies in India with a diversified and contemporary product portfolio*" on page 230;

- Strong brand recognition. Since the launch of *Officer's Choice Whisky* in 1988 in the mass premium segment, we have invested significant resources in enhancing the strength and appeal of the *Officer's Choice* brand. *Officer's Choice Whisky* is the market leader in the mass premium segment with a market share of 20.9% in terms of annual sales volumes in Fiscal 2023. For further details, see "*Our Business – Strengths - Strong brand recognition*" on page 233;

- Strategically located, large scale and advanced manufacturing facilities with a sophisticated research and development centre. Our distillery is located in Rangapur, Telangana and is spread over an area of 74.95 acres and has a built-up area of over 25,000 square meters. Our in-house distillation capacity of extra neutral alcohol ("**ENA**") is 600.00 lakh litres per year. In addition, we also have extensive bottling capabilities with an optimal mix of owned and third-party facilities with a pan-India presence across 22 States and Union Territories, as of December 31, 2023. For further details, see "*Our Business – Strengths - Strategically located, large scale and advanced manufacturing facilities with a sophisticated research and development centre*" on page 234;

- Access to extensive pan-India distribution network with ability to scale. We one of only four spirits companies in India with a pan-India sales and distribution footprint. (*Source: Technopak Report*). For further details, see "*Our Business – Strengths - Access to extensive pan-India distribution network with ability to scale*" on page 235.

- Well-positioned to capture tailwinds in the Indian IMFL industry. India is one of the fastest growing alcoholic beverage markets in the world growing from a small base of 1.3 litres per capita of recorded consumption of pure alcohol in 2005 to 2.7 litres per capita consumption in 2010 and further to 3.2 litres per capita consumption in 2023. (*Source: Technopak Report*). Backed by our extensive portfolio of offerings across the mass premium segment, we believe, we are well positioned to capitalize on the shift towards premiumization of consumption. For further details, see "*Our Business – Our Strengths - Well-positioned to capture tailwinds in the Indian IMFL industry*" on page 236; and

- Experienced Board and senior management team and supported by a committed employee base. We have an eminent and experienced Board of Directors. Our senior management team has demonstrated ability to develop and build brand recognition and deliver growth and profitability. For further details, see "*Our Business – Our Strengths - Experienced Board and senior management team and supported by a committed employee base"* on page 236.

For details, see "*Our Business –Strengths*" on page 230.

Quantitative Factors

Some of the information presented below relating to our Company is derived from the Other Financial Information. For details, see "*Other Financial Information*" on page 432.

Some of the quantitative factors which may form the basis for computing the Offer Price are as follows:

A. **Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share ("EPS") at face value of ₹ 2, as adjusted for change in capital:**

Financial year/period ended	Basic EPS (in ₹)	Diluted EPS (in ₹)	Weight
March 31, 2023	0.07	0.07	3
March 31, 2022	0.06	0.06	2
March 31, 2021	0.10	0.10	1
Weighted average	**0.07**	**0.07**	
Nine month period ended December 31, 2023[#]	0.17	0.17	
Nine month period ended December 31, 2022[#]	0.12	0.12	

[#] *Not annualised*

(1) *Weighted average = Aggregate of year-wise weighted EPS divided by the aggregate of weights i.e. (EPS x Weight) for each year/Total of weights.*

(2) *The face value of each Equity Share is ₹ 2.*

(3) *Basic EPS (₹) = Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net restated profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year/period.*

(4) *Diluted EPS (₹) = Diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net restated profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year/period as adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential Equity Shares outstanding during the year/period.*

(5) *Weighted average number of Equity Shares is the number of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning of the period adjusted by the number of Equity Shares issued during the period multiplied by the time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the period.*

(6) *Earnings per Share calculations are in accordance with the notified Indian Accounting Standard 33 'Earnings per share'.*

B. **Price/Earning ("P/E") ratio in relation to the Price Band of ₹ 267 to ₹ 281 per Equity Share:**

Particulars	P/E at the lower end of the Price Band (no. of times)	P/E at the higher end of the Price Band (no. of times)
Based on basic EPS for year ended March 31, 2023	3814.29	4014.29
Based on diluted EPS for year ended March 31, 2023	3814.29	4014.29

C. **Industry P/E ratio***

Particulars	Industry P/E
Highest	95.87x
Lowest	17.26x
Average	62.10x

**Source: The highest, lowest and average Industry P/E shown above is based on the industry peer set provided below under "Comparison with Listed Industry Peers" on page 157.*

D. **Return on Net Worth ("RoNW") as adjusted for change in capital:**

Financial year/ period ended	RoNW (%)	Weight
March 31, 2023	0.39	3

Financial year/ period ended	RoNW (%)	Weight
March 31, 2022	0.37	2
March 31, 2021	0.66	1
Weighted Average	**0.43**	
Nine month period ended December 31, 2023[#]	1.03	
Nine month period ended December 31, 2022[#]	0.71	

[#]*Not annualised*

Notes:

i) Weighted average = Aggregate of year-wise weighted RoNW divided by the aggregate of weights i.e. (RoNW x Weight) for each year/Total of weights.

ii) Return on Net Worth (%) = Restated net profit after tax attributable to owners of the parent / Restated net worth at the end of the year/period.

iii) 'Net worth' under Ind-As: Net worth has been defined as the aggregate value of the paid-up share capital and all reserves created out of the profits and securities premium account and debit or credit balance of profit and loss account, after deducting the aggregate value of the accumulated losses, deferred expenditure and miscellaneous expenditure not written off, as per the audited balance sheet, but does not include reserves created out of revaluation of assets, write-back of depreciation and amalgamation as on March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, in accordance with Regulation 2(1)(hh) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended.

iv) Return on net worth for the nine months ended December 31, 2023, is not annualized.

E. Net Asset Value ("NAV") per equity share, as adjusted for change in capital:

NAV per Equity Share	(in ₹)
As on December 31, 2023	16.76
As on March 31, 2023	16.64
At Floor Price	50.05
At Cap Price	50.38
At Offer Price	50.38

Notes:

(i) Net Asset Value per Equity Share = Net worth as per the Restated Consolidated Financial Information / Number of equity shares outstanding as at the end of year/period.

(ii) NAV per Equity Share = Net worth at the end of the year / Number of equity shares outstanding (on fully diluted basis) during the year after considering the impact of bonus and sub-divided shares.

(iii) 'Net worth' under Ind-As: Net worth has been defined as the aggregate value of the paid-up share capital and all reserves created out of the profits and securities premium account and debit or credit balance of profit and loss account, after deducting the aggregate value of the accumulated losses, deferred expenditure and miscellaneous expenditure not written off, as per the audited balance sheet, but does not include reserves created out of revaluation of assets, write-back of depreciation and amalgamation as on March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2023, in accordance with Regulation 2(1)(hh) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended.

(iv) Net Asset value per equity share has been computed after considering the impact of convertible securities.

F. Comparison with Listed Industry Peers

Following is the comparison with our peer group companies listed in India and in the same line of business as our Company:

Name of the Companies	Total Income (₹ million)	Face Value per equity share (₹)	Closing Price as on May 30, 2024	P/E as on May 30, 2024	EPS (Basic) (₹)	EPS (Diluted) (₹)	Return on Net Worth (%)	NAV per Equity Share (₹)
Fiscal 2023								

Name of the Companies	Total Income (₹ million)	Face Value per equity share (₹)	Closing Price as on May 30, 2024	P/E as on May 30, 2024	EPS (Basic) (₹)	EPS (Diluted) (₹)	Return on Net Worth (%)	NAV per Equity Share (₹)
Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (Company)*	71,167.49	2	-	-	0.07	0.07	0.39	16.64
Listed Peers								
United Spirits Limited	2,78,885.00	2	1,171.35	73.16 times	16.01	16.01	18.76	82.48
Radico Khaitan Limited	1,27.533.19	2	1,580.00	95.87 times	16.48	16.48	9.98	165.13
Globus Spirits Limited	28,302.98	10	732.15	17.26 times	42.43	42.39	13.78	307.83

**Sourced from the Restated Consolidated Financial Information.*

Notes:

(1) Diluted EPS refers to the Diluted EPS sourced from the annual report of the peers for the year ended March 31, 2023.

(2) P/E Ratio has been computed based on the closing market price of equity shares on May 30, 2024 at NSE, divided by the Diluted EPS provided under Note 1 above.

(3) Return on Net Worth is computed as net profit after tax (including profit attributable to non-controlling interest) - divided by closing net worth. Net worth has been computed as sum of paid-up share capital and other equity, as of March 31, 2023.

(4) Net Asset Value is computed as the closing net worth as of March 31, 2023 divided by the closing outstanding number of equity shares as of September 30, 2023.

(5) Listed Peers are as identified by the management.

(6) All the financial information for listed industry peer mentioned above is on a consolidated/standalone basis and is sourced from the audited financial results of the company for the year ended March 31, 2023, available on the website of BSE.

G. Key performance indicators ("KPIs")

The KPIs disclosed below have been used historically by our Company to understand and analyze the business performance, which in result, help us in analyzing the growth of various verticals in comparison to our listed peers, and other relevant and material KPIs of the business of our Company that have a bearing for arriving at the Basis for Offer Price have been disclosed below.

The KPIs disclosed herein below have been approved by a resolution of our Audit Committee dated June 8, 2024 and the Audit Committee has confirmed that the verified and audited details of all KPIs (as certified by S D T & Co, Chartered Accountants, by way of their certificate dated June 27, 2024) pertaining to our Company have been disclosed in this section, and that there are no KPIs which have been disclosed to investors at any point of time during the three years period prior to the date of filing of this Prospectus. Further, the KPIs herein have been certified by S D T & Co, Chartered Accountants, by way of their certificate dated June 27, 2024.

The KPIs of our Company have been disclosed in sections "*Risk Factors*", "*Our Business*" and "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" starting on pages 34, 226 and 435, respectively.

Our Company confirms that it shall continue to disclose all the KPIs included in this section on a periodic basis, at least once in a year (or any lesser period as determined by the Board of our Company), for a duration as may be required under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

There are no KPIs pertaining to the Company which have been disclosed to its investors at any point of time during the three years preceding the date of this Prospectus.

Set forth below are KPIs which have been used historically by our Company to understand and analyze the business performance, which in result, help us in analyzing the growth of various verticals in comparison to our listed peers, and other relevant and material KPIs of the business of the Company that have a bearing for arriving at the Basis for Offer Price.

Particulars	As of and for the Years ended March 31,			As of and for the nine months ended December 31, 2022[#]	As of and for the nine months ended December 31, 2023[#]
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million, except percentages)				
Revenue from Operations	63,787.76	71,969.20	71,056.80	53,890.41	59,111.44
Total Income	63,978.12	72,081.65	71,167.49	53,994.54	59,149.78
EBITDA	2,129.96	2,075.51	1,960.61	1,458.09	1,862.01
EBITDA Margin	9.07%	7.73%	6.23%	6.14%	7.27%
Profit after tax for the year/period	25.08	14.76	16.01	28.81	42.29
PAT Margin	0.11%	0.05%	0.05%	0.12%	0.17%
Return on equity ("**ROE**")	0.66%	0.37%	0.39%	0.71%	1.03%
Return on capital employed ("**ROCE**")	26.45%	25.13%	25.87%	18.80%	24.35%
Licensed Capacity (cases)	27,055,432	26,480,432	26,298,852	19,724,139.00	19,339,687.00
Capacity Utilisation (%)	54.69%	65.27%	63.41%	63.69%	67.32%
Annual Sales Volumes (Million Cases)	25.52	28.40	32.24	24.49	24.59
- Whisky sales volumes (%)	96.39%	96.80%	94.88%	94.98%	96.10%
- Other sales volumes (%)	3.61%	3.20%	5.12%	5.02%	3.90%
Working Capital Days (days)	12	10	31	41	42
Net Debt/Equity (times)	2.39	2.05	1.85	1.89	1.88
Net Debt/EBITDA (times)	4.28	3.99	3.84	5.27	4.13

[#] *Not annualised*

Note: The figures presented in the table above are rounded off to the nearest rupees/numbers in millions up to two nearest decimals.

Explanation for the KPI metrics

Particulars	Explanations
Revenue from operations	Revenue from operations includes Revenue from contracts with customers and other operating revenue like Royalty Export entitlements, Scrap and other sales.
Total income	Total Income includes Revenue from Operations and Other income which includes Interest on deposits, Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment, Provision no longer required written back, Refund of excess statutory dues paid, Recovery on account of loss of goods, 'Foreign exchange gain - (net) and Miscellaneous income
EBITDA	EBITDA is calculated as profit before finance costs, depreciation/amortization and tax.
EBITDA Margin (%)	EBITDA Margin is calculated as EBITDA divided by net revenue from operations.
Profit after tax for the year/period	Profit after tax is arrived by deducting the total tax expenses from the profit before tax. .
PAT Margin (%)	PAT Margin is calculated as profit for the year/period divided by net revenue from operations.
Return on equity ("**ROE**")	ROE is calculated as profit after tax for the year/period divided by total net worth
Return on capital employed ("**ROCE**")	ROCE is calculated as EBITDA less depreciation and amortization divided by capital employed (total equity plus non-current borrowings).
Licensed Capacity (cases)	Licensed capacity represents the minimum licensed capacity approved by various statutory authorities, e.g. the licensed capacity approved by the excise department and that approved by the pollution control boards of the relevant States and Union Territories, granted to a certain facility. Such licensed capacity can vary between fiscal periods depending on any revisions during or at end of such fiscal periods to the licensed capacity approved by such regulatory authorities.
Capacity Utilisation (%)	Capacity utilisation is arrived by dividing the total actual production by total licenced capacity during the relevant Fiscal or period, as applicable.
Annual Sales Volumes (Million Cases)	Annual Sales Volume refers to sale of cases (in millions) of IMFL with one case being equal to nine liters of IMFL during the relevant Fiscal or period, as applicable.
Whisky sales volumes (%)	Whisky Sales volume is arrived by dividing the total actual sales of Whisky by total cases sold during the relevant Fiscal or period, as applicable.
Other sales volumes (%)	Other Sales volumes is arrived by dividing the total actual sales of Brandy, Rum and Vodka by total cases sold during the relevant Fiscal or period, as applicable.
Working Capital Days	Working Capital Days is calculated as (a) Days Inventory Outstanding plus (b) Days Receivables Outstanding minus (c) Days Payables Outstanding.
Net Debt/Equity (times)	Net Debt /Equity is calculated as Net debt divided by Shareholder's equity; Where Net Debt is equal to sum of Short term debt, long term debt, current portion of long term debt minus cash and cash equivalent.
Net Debt/EBITDA (times)	Net Debt/ EBITDA is calculated as Net Debt divided by EBITDA.

Notes:

1. *#Figures are based on an unannualized basis for the period of nine months ended December 31.*
2. *Above aforementioned figures are rounded off to the nearest rupees/numbers in millions up to two nearest decimals.*
3. ***Without any independent verification we have relied upon on the Certificate Issued by Independent Chartered Engineer Sunil Bhor & Associates from their certificate issued dated June 27, 2024.*

Comparison of KPIs for our Company with our listed peers^

(₹ in million, unless stated otherwise)

Parameters	United Spirits Limited (Consolidated)			Radico Khaitan Limited (Consolidated)			Globus Spirits Limited (Consolidated)			Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (Consolidated)		
	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23
Revenue from operations[(1)]	274,185	310,618	278,154	105,040	124,705	127,439	16,721	23,438	28,225	63,788	71,969	71,057
Total income[(2)]	2,74,581	310,973	278,885	105,180	124,779	127,533	16,787	23,505	28,303	63,978	72,082	71,167
EBITDA[(3)]	10,267	14,784	16,650	4,229	4,096	3,678	2,618	3,352	2,534	2,130	2,076	1,961
EBITDA margin[(4)]	12.6%	15.2%	15.7%	17.6%	14.3%	11.7%	21.3%	21.2%	12.0%	9.1%	7.7%	6.2%
Profit after tax for the year/period[(5)]	3,621	8,106	11,258	2,645	2,485	2,044	1,440	1,873	1,222	25	15	16

Parameters	United Spirits Limited (Consolidated)			Radico Khaitan Limited (Consolidated)			Globus Spirits Limited (Consolidated)			Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (Consolidated)		
PAT Margin[6]	4.5%	8.3%	10.6%	11.0%	8.7%	6.5%	11.7 %	11.9 %	5.8%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
ROE[7]	8.9%	16.6%	18.8%	14.7%	12.3%	9.3%	24.4 %	24.2 %	13.8 %	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%
ROCE [8]	17.9%	24.1%	23.0%	20.6%	17.0%	11.9%	31.7 %	33.2 %	19.8 %	26.5 %	25.1%	25.9%
Annual Sales Volumes[9] (million cases)	70.7	79.1	72.5	22.3	26.4	28.2	12.3	14.6	14.4	25.5	28.4	32.2
- Whisky sales volumes[10] (%)	84.1%	78.6%	NA	51.8%	54.2%	NA	NA	NA	NA	96.4 %	96.8%	94.9%
- Other sales volumes[11] (%)	15.9%	21.4%	NA	48.2%	45.8%	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.6%	3.2%	5.1%
Working Capital Days[12] (days)	86	69	62	78	74	90	8	2	8	12	10	31
Net Debt/Equity[13] (times)	0.2	0.1	(0.0)	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	2.4	2.1	1.8
Net Debt/EBITDA[14] (times)	0.8	0.2	(0.1)	0.4	0.2	1.6	0.5	0.4	1.0	4.3	4.0	3.8

Note: The data for peers as presented above has been sourced from the Technopak Report.

The data for licensed capacity and capacity utilisation has not been presented in the above table, since this information is not available for the listed peers, in public domain. Further, the data for December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 has not been presented in the above table, since this information is not available for the listed peers, in public domain.

^The manner and formula for computation of numbers presented above for the KPIs of our Company, have been adjusted to align with the manner and formula for computation of numbers presented above for the KPIs of our Company's listed peers. Accordingly, certain figures derived from the Restated Consolidated Financial Statements for the KPIs of our Company have been adjusted to align with the KPIs of the listed peers.

(1) Revenue from operations includes Revenue from contracts with customers and other operating revenue.

(2) Total Income includes Revenue from Operations and Other income.

(3) EBITDA is calculated as profit before finance costs, depreciation/amortization and tax

(4) EBIDTA margin is calculated as EBITDA divided by Net revenue from Operations.

(5) Profit After Tax refers to the residual amount that remains after a company has paid off all of its operating and non-operating expenses and taxes.

(6) PAT Margin is calculated as PAT divided by Net revenue from operations.

(7) ROE is calculated as profit after tax for the year/period divided by total net worth.

(8) ROCE is calculated as EBITDA less depreciation and amortization divided by capital employed (total equity plus non-current borrowings).

(9) Annual Sales Volume refers to sale of cases (in millions) of IMFL with one case being equal to nine liters of IMFL during the relevant fiscal.

(10) Whisky Sales volume is arrived at by dividing the total actual sales of Whisky by total cases sold during the relevant fiscal.

(11) Other Sales volumes is arrived at by dividing the total actual sales volumes excluding whisky sales volumes, by total sales volumes during the relevant fiscal.

(12) Working Capital Days is calculated as (a) Days Inventory Outstanding plus (b) Days Receivables Outstanding minus (c) Days Payables Outstanding.

(13) Net Debt /Equity is calculated as Net debt divided by Shareholder's equity; Where Net Debt is equal to sum of Short term debt, long term debt, current portion of long term debt minus cash and cash equivalent.

(14) Net Debt/ EBITDA is calculated as Net Debt divided by EBITDA.

The Company has not undertaken a material acquisition or disposition of assets / business for the periods that are covered by the KPIs and accordingly, no comparison of KPIs over time based on additions or dispositions to the business, have been provided.

H. Weighted average cost of acquisition

a) *The price per share of our Company based on the primary / new issue of shares (equity / convertible securities)*

The Company has not issued any Equity Shares or convertible securities, excluding shares issued under ESOP Scheme and issuance of bonus shares, during the 18 months preceding the date of this Prospectus, where such issuance is equal to or more that 5% of the fully diluted paid-up share capital of the Company (calculated based on the pre-Offer capital before such transaction(s) and excluding ESOPs granted but not vested), in a single transaction or multiple transactions combined together over a span of rolling 30 days.

b) *The price per share of our Company based on the secondary sale / acquisition of shares (equity / convertible securities)*

There has been no secondary sale/ acquisitions of Equity Shares or any convertible securities ("**Security(ies**)"), where the Promoters or Promoter Group entities or Selling Shareholders or Shareholder(s) having the right to nominate Director(s) on the Company's Board are a party to the transaction (excluding gifts), during the 18 months preceding the date of this Prospectus, where either acquisition or sale is equal to or more than 5% of the fully diluted paid up share capital of the Company (calculated based on the pre-Offer capital before such transaction/s and excluding ESOPs granted but not vested), in a single transaction or multiple transactions combined together over a span of rolling 30 days.

c) *Price per share based on last 5 primary or secondary transactions:*

There are no such transactions to report to under (a) and (b) above. Therefore, information for last five primary or secondary transactions (secondary transactions where Promoters or Promoter Group entities or Selling Shareholders or Shareholder(s) having the right to nominate director(s) in the Board of the Company, are a party to the transaction), not older than three years prior to the date of this Prospectus, irrespective of the size of transactions, are as below:

I. Primary transactions:

Except as disclosed below, there have been no allotments in the last three years preceding the date of this Prospectus:

Date of allotment	No. of equity shares allotted	Face value per equity share (₹)	Issue price per equity share (₹)	Nature of allotment	Nature of consideration	Total Consideration (₹)
June 20, 2022	8,547,000	2	117.00[#]	Allotment of 8,547,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each to Oriental Radios Private Limited pursuant to conversion of 8,547,000 CCDs	N.A.	N.A.[#]
Weighted average cost of acquisition (WACA)*						**₹**117 **per Equity Share**

** As certified by S D T & Co, Chartered Accountants, by way of their certificate dated June 27, 2024.*
*# 8,547,000 CCDs of face value of ₹117 each were allotted to Oriental Radios Private Limited on July 27, 2021, for which it paid consideration of ₹999,999,000 ("**Consideration**") to our Company. Our Board pursuant to its resolution dated June 20, 2022, approved the conversion of 8,547,000 CCDs of face value of ₹117 each, into 8,547,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each of our Company at a premium of ₹115 per Equity Share. Since, it is a conversion into Equity Shares, no consideration has been actually paid for such conversion, however the Consideration paid for initial allotment of CCDs has been factored in the computation of WACA above. For details of issue price at which CCDs were initially allotted to Oriental Radios Private Limited, see "Capital Structure – Notes to the Capital Structure – Share capital history of our Company – (c) 8.5% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures ("**CCD**")" on page 128.*

II. Secondary transactions:

Except as disclosed below, there have been no secondary transactions where the Promoters, Promoter Group entities, Selling Shareholders, or shareholder(s) having the right to nominate director(s) in the Board of Directors of our Company are a party to the transaction, in the last three years preceding the date of this Prospectus:

Date of transfer	Category	Name of transferor	Name of transferee	No. of securities	Nature of securities	Face value of securities (₹)	Price per security (₹)	Nature of consideration	Total consideration (₹)
June 3, 2022	Transfer from Promoter to Promoter	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	1	Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	2	750	Cash	750
June 13, 2022	Gift from Promoter Group to Promoter	Neesha Kishore Chhabria[#]	Bina Kishore Chhabria[#]	10,000,000	Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	2	N.A.	Other than Cash	N.A.
March 7, 2024	Gift from Promoter Group to Promoter	Neesha Kishore Chhabria	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria[^]	1[@]	Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	2	Nil	Other than Cash	N.A.
	Gift from Promoter Group to Promoter	Neesha Kishore Chhabria	Bina Kishore Chhabria[^^]	4,87,14,319	Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	2	Nil	Other than Cash	N.A.
Total:				**5,87,14,321**					**750**
Weighted average cost of acquisition (WACA)* – ₹0.00 per Equity Share									

** As certified by S D T & Co, Chartered Accountants, by way of their certificate dated June 27, 2024.*

[#] Also a Selling Shareholder

[^] Kishore Rajaram Chhabria (jointly with Bina Kishore Chhabria) had acquired the 1 Equity Share of face value of ₹ 2 each pursuant to a gift from Neesha Kishore Chhabria on March 7, 2024, and no consideration was paid.

[^^] Bina Kishore Chhabria had acquired the 48,714,319 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each pursuant to a gift from Neesha Kishore Chhabria on March 7, 2024, and no consideration was paid.

[@] Jointly held with Bina Kishore Chhabria.

d) Weighted average cost of acquisition, floor price and cap price

Types of transactions	Weighted average cost of acquisition (₹ per Equity Share)[#]	Floor price (i.e. INR 267 per Equity Share)	Cap price (i.e. INR 281 per Equity Share)
Weighted average cost of acquisition for last 18 months for primary / new issue of shares (equity/ convertible securities), excluding shares issued under an employee stock option plan/employee stock option scheme and issuance of bonus shares, during the 18 months preceding the date of this Prospectus, where such issuance is equal to or more than five per cent of the fully diluted paid-up share capital of the Company (calculated based on the pre-issue capital before such transaction/s and excluding employee stock options granted but not vested), in a single transaction or multiple transactions combined together over a span of rolling 30 days	NA[^]	NA	NA
Weighted average cost of acquisition for last 18 months for secondary sale / acquisition of shares equity/convertible securities), where Promoters / Promoter Group entities or Selling Shareholders or Shareholder(s) having the right to nominate director(s) in our Board are a party to the transaction (excluding gifts), during the 18 months preceding the date of this Prospectus, where either acquisition or sale is equal to or more than five per cent of the fully diluted paid-up share capital of the Company (calculated based on the pre-issue capital before such transaction/s and excluding employee stock options granted but not vested), in a single transaction or multiple transactions combined together over a span of rolling 30 days	NA[^^]	NA	NA
Since there were no primary or secondary transactions of equity shares of the Company during the 18 months preceding the date of filing of thisProspectus, the information has been disclosed for price per share of the Company based on the last five primary or secondary transactions where Promoters /Promoter Group entities or Selling Shareholders or Shareholder(s) having the right to nominate director(s) on our Board, are a party to the transaction, not older than three years prior to the date of filing of this certificate irrespective of the size of the transaction			
- Based on primary issuances	₹ 117.00 per	2.28 times	2.40 times

Types of transactions	Weighted average cost of acquisition (₹ per Equity Share)[#]	Floor price (i.e. INR 267 per Equity Share)	Cap price (i.e. INR 281 per Equity Share)
	Equity Share		
- Based on secondary transactions	₹ 0.00 per Equity Share	NA	NA

Note:

[#]As certified by S D T & Co, Chartered Accountants, by way of their certificate dated June 27, 2024.

^There were no primary / new issue of shares (equity/ convertible securities)excluding shares issued under an employee stock option plan/employee stock option scheme and issuance of bonus shares, during the 18 months preceding the date of this Prospectus, where such issuance is equal to or more than five per cent of the fully diluted paid-up share capital of the Company (calculated based on the pre-issue capital before such transaction/s and excluding employee stock options granted but not vested), in a single transaction or multiple transactions combined together over a span of rolling 30 days

^^ There were no secondary sale / acquisition of shares equity/convertible securities), where Promoters or Promoter Group entities or Selling Shareholders or Shareholder(s) having the right to nominate director(s) in our Board are a party to the transaction (excluding gifts), during the 18 months preceding the date of this Prospectus, where either acquisition or sale is equal to or more than five per cent of the fully diluted paid-up share capital of the Company (calculated based on the pre-issue capital before such transaction/s and excluding employee stock options granted but not vested), in a single transaction or multiple transactions combined together over a span of rolling 30 days.

Justification for Basis of Offer Price

Explanation for Offer Price / Cap Price being 2.40 times of weighted average cost of acquisition of primary issuance price / secondary transaction price of Equity Shares (set out at page 162 above) along with our Company's key performance indicators and financial ratios for the nine months ended December 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, and the Fiscals 2023, 2022 and 2021 and in view of the external factors which may have influenced the pricing of the Offer.

- Among the largest IMFL companies in India with a diversified and contemporary product portfolio. We are the largest Indian owned IMFL company and the third largest IMFL company in India, in terms of annual sales volumes between Fiscal 2014 and Fiscal 2022. (Source: *Technopak Report*).
- Strong brand recognition. Since the launch of Officer's Choice Whisky in 1988 in the mass premium segment, we have invested significant resources in enhancing the strength and appeal of the Officer's Choice brand. Officer's Choice Whisky is the market leader in the mass premium segment with a market share of 20.9% in terms of annual sales volumes in Fiscal 2023. (Source: *Technopak Report*)

External Factors

- IMFL is the largest segment of Indian alco-beverage market both in volume and value terms. During the period between Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2028, IMFL sales value is expected to grow at a CAGR of 9% and sales volume is expected to grow at a CAGR of 5.7%, respectively. (Source: *Technopak Report*).
- Well-positioned to capture tailwinds in the Indian IMFL industry. India is one of the fastest growing alcoholic beverage markets in the world growing from a small base of 1.3 litres per capita of recorded consumption of pure alcohol in 2005 to 2.7 litres per capita consumption in 2010 and further to 3.2 litres per capita consumption in 2023. (Source: *Technopak Report*).

I. The Offer Price is 140.50 times the face value of the Equity Shares

The Offer Price of ₹ 140.50 has been determined by our Company, in consultation with the BRLMs, on the basis of market demand from investors for Equity Shares through the Book Building Process and is justified in view of the above qualitative and quantitative parameters.

Investors should read the above-mentioned information along with "*Risk Factors", "Our Business", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Other Financial Information"* on pages 34, 226, 435 and 432, respectively, to have a more informed view.

The trading price of the Equity Shares could decline due to the factors mentioned in the "*Risk Factors*" on page 34 and you may lose all or part of your investment.

STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS

To,

The Board of Directors
Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited
394 C Lamington Chambers
Dr. Dadasaheb Bhadkamkar Marg
Girgaon S.O
Mumbai – 400004
Maharashtra, India

Date: 8 June, 2024

Subject: Statement of possible special tax benefits ("the Statement") available to Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited) ("the Company") and its shareholders prepared in accordance with the requirement under Schedule VI –Part A -Clause (9) (L) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 ("the SEBI ICDR Regulations")

This report is issued in accordance with the Engagement Letter dated 08 January 2024 and addendum dated 09 May 2024.

We hereby report that the enclosed Annexure II and III prepared by the Company, initialled by us for identification purpose, states the possible special tax benefits available to the Company and its shareholders, under direct and indirect taxes (together **"the Tax Laws"),** presently in force in India as on the 8 June 2024, which are defined in **Annexure I**. These possible special tax benefits are dependent on the Company and its shareholders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant provisions of the Tax Laws. Hence, the ability of the Company and its shareholders to derive these possible special tax benefits is dependent upon their fulfilling such conditions, which is based on business imperatives the Company may face in the future and accordingly, the Company and its shareholders may or may not choose to fulfil.

The benefits discussed in the enclosed **Annexure II and III** cover the possible special tax benefits available to the Company and its shareholders and do not cover any general tax benefits available to the Company and its shareholders. Further, the preparation of the enclosed **Annexure II and III** and its contents is the responsibility of the Management of the Company and has been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 8 June 2024. We were informed that the Statement is only intended to provide general information to the investors and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. Further, the benefits discussed in the Annexure II and III are not exhaustive. In view of the individual nature of the tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax consultant with respect to the specific tax implications arising out of their participation in the proposed initial public offering of equity shares of the Company (the "Proposed Offer") particularly in view of the fact that certain recently enacted legislation may not have a direct legal precedent or may have a different interpretation on the possible special tax benefits, which an investor can avail. Neither we are suggesting nor advising the investors to invest money based on the Statement.

We conducted our examination in accordance with the "Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes (Revised 2016)" (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The Guidance Note requires that we comply with ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Charted Accountants of India.

We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

We do not express any opinion or provide any assurance as to whether:

i) the Company and its shareholders will continue to obtain these possible special tax benefits in future; or

ii) the conditions prescribed for availing the possible special tax benefits where applicable, have been/would be met with.

The contents of the enclosed Annexures are based on the information, explanation and representations obtained from the Company, and on the basis of our understanding of the business activities and operations of the Company.

Our views expressed herein are based on the facts and assumptions indicated to us. No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/ courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on the existing provisions of the Tax Laws and its interpretation, which are subject to change from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes. We shall not be liable to the Company for any claims, liabilities or expenses relating to this assignment except to the extent of fees relating to this assignment, as finally judicially determined to have resulted primarily from bad faith or intentional misconduct. We will not be liable to the Company and any other person in respect of this Statement, except as per applicable law.

This report is addressed to and is provided to enable the Board of Directors of the Company to include this report in the Red Herring Prospectus and the Prospectus, prepared in connection with the Offering to be filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Board of India, the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai and the concerned stock exchanges. It is not to be used, referred to or distributed for any other purpose without our prior written consent.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 001076N/N500013

Huned Contractor

Partner

Membership No.: 41456

UDIN: 24041456BKFFGJ6075

Date: 8 June 2024

Place: Mumbai

Annexure I

List of Direct and Indirect Tax Laws ("TAX LAWS")

S.no	Details of tax laws
1	Income-tax Act, 1961 and Income-tax Rules, 1962 as amended by Finance Act, 2024
2	Applicable State Value Added Tax
3	Central Sales Tax Act
4	Applicable State Excise Duty Acts
2	Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017
3	Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017
4	Applicable State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017
5	Customs Act, 1962
6	Customs Tariff Act, 1975
7	Foreign Trade Policy 2023

Annexure II

STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS LIMITED AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS UNDER THE APPLICABLE DIRECT TAX LAWS IN INDIA.

A. Direct Taxation

Benefits available to Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited ("the Company") (previously known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited) and the Shareholders of the Company under the Income-tax Act, 1961 ("the Act") (read with Income Tax Rules, circulars, notifications) as amended by the Finance Act, 2024 (hereinafter referred to as "Indian Income Tax Regulations"):

1 Special Tax Benefits available to the Company

a) As per Section 2 of chapter II of Finance Act, 2024 (Rates of Income-tax), Income-tax shall be charged at the rates specified in Part III of the First Schedule. Since the Company's turnover is greater than INR 400 crore in the previous year 2022-23, it will be liable to pay tax at the rate of 30% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) on the total income for Assessment Year ("AY") 2024-25.

Further, from financial year 2023-24 onwards the Company propose to opt for reduced tax rate at 22% under Section 115BAA of the Act. Such option once exercised shall apply to all subsequent assessment years. Where such an option is exercised, the Company will not be allowed to claim any of the following deductions/exemptions:

(i) Deduction under Section 10AA of the Act (deduction for units in Special Economic Zone);
(ii) Deduction under clause (iia) of sub-section (1) of Section 32 of the Act (Additional depreciation);
(iii) Deduction under Section 32AD, Section 33AB, or Section 33ABA of the Act (Investment allowance in backward areas, Investment deposit account, site restoration fund);
(iv) Deduction under sub-clause (ii) or sub-clause (iia) or sub-clause (iii) of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2AA) or sub-section (2AB) of Section 35 of the Act (Expenditure on scientific research);
(v) Deduction under Section 35AD or Section 35CCC of the Act (Deduction for specified business, agricultural extension project);
(vi) Deduction under Section 35CCD of the Act (Expenditure on skill development);
(vii) Deduction under any provisions of Chapter VI-A other than of Section 80JJAA or Section 80M of the Act;
(viii) Deduction under Section 80LA of the Act other than deduction applicable to a unit in the International Financial Services Centre, as referred to in sub-section (1A) of Section 80LA of the Act;
(ix) No set off of any loss brought forward or unabsorbed depreciation from any earlier assessment year(s), if such loss or depreciation is attributable to any of the deductions referred from clause (i) to (viii) above; and
(x) No set off of any loss or allowance for unabsorbed depreciation deemed so under Section 72A of the Act, if such loss or depreciation is attributable to any of the deductions referred from clause (i) to (viii) above.

Additionally, the provisions of Section 115JB of the Act i.e., Minimum Alternate Tax ("MAT") shall not apply to the Company once the option under Section 115BAA of the Act, as specified under sub-section (5A) of Section 115JB of the Act. Additionally, the Company will not be allowed to carry forward and set off any credit under section 115JAA of the Act, if any, commonly referred to as MAT credit. The Company is also required to submit the prescribed Form 10-IC with the Income-tax authorities within the specified due date for filing Income-tax return.

b) Under Section 80JJAA of the Act, the Company is entitled to a deduction of an amount equal to thirty percent in respect of additional employee cost (relating to specified category of employees) incurred during the previous year. Such deduction is available for a period of three assessment years effective from the year in which such employment is provided. The eligibility to claim the deduction is subject to fulfilment of prescribed conditions

specified in sub-section (2) of Section 80JJAA of the Act. In addition, the Company is required to submit the prescribed form with the Income-tax authorities within the specified due date.

c) As per Section 80M of the Act, dividend received by the Company from any other domestic company, or a foreign company shall be eligible for deduction while computing its total income for the relevant year. The amount of such deduction would be restricted to the amount of dividend distributed by the Company upto one month prior to the date of filing of its Income-tax return for the relevant year. Since the Company has investments in Indian subsidiaries and other companies, it can avail of the above-mentioned benefit under Section 80M of the Act.

d) As per the provisions of Section 35D of the Act, the Company may be entitled to amortize preliminary expenditure, being specific expenditure incurred in connection with the issue for public subscription or being other expenditure as prescribed under this Section. This is subject to the specified limit under the Act i.e., maximum 5% of the cost of the project or 5% of the capital employed in the business of the company. The deduction is allowable for an amount equal to one-fifth of such expenditure for each of five successive previous years beginning with the previous year in which the business commences or as the case may be, the previous year in which the extension of the undertaking is completed, or the new unit commences production or operation.

e) In accordance with the provisions of Section 35DD of the Act, where a company incurs any expenditure wholly and exclusively for the purposes of amalgamation or demerger of an undertaking, the company shall be allowed a deduction of an amount equal to one-fifth of such expenditure for each of the five successive years beginning with the year in which amalgamation or demerger takes place.

Pursuant to the approval of the Scheme of Arrangement for Amalgamation ("Amalgamation scheme") between the Company and certain other entities, the Company is entitled to claim a deduction of expenses related to such amalgamation in five equal instalments.

2 Special Tax Benefits available to the Shareholders of the Company

Following are the benefits available to shareholders of the Company.

a) Dividend income earned by the shareholders would be taxable in their hands at the applicable rates. However, in the case of a domestic corporate shareholder, benefit of deduction under Section 80M of the Act would be available on fulfilling the conditions (as discussed above).

b) In case of the shareholders who are individuals, Hindu Undivided Family, Association of Persons, Body of Individuals, whether incorporated or not and every artificial juridical person, the surcharge would be restricted to 15%, irrespective of the amount of dividend.

c) Further, the shareholders would be entitled to take credit of the Tax Deducted at Source, if any, by the Company against the taxes payable by them.

d) As per Section 112A of the Act, long-term capital gains arising from the transfer of an equity share on which securities transaction tax ("STT") is paid at the time of acquisition and sale, shall be taxed at the rate of 10% (without indexation) of such capital gains. This is subject to fulfilment of prescribed additional conditions as per Notification No. 60/2018/F. No.370142/9/2017-TPL dated 01 October 2018. It is worthwhile to note that tax shall be levied where such aggregate capital gains exceed INR 1,00,000/- in a year.

e) Further, the Finance Act 2023 restricts surcharge to 15% in respect of long-term capital gain arising from any capital asset.

f) As per Section 90(2) of the Act, non-resident shareholders will be entitled to be governed by the beneficial provisions under the respective Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement ("DTAA"), if any, applicable to such non-residents. This is subject to fulfilment of conditions prescribed to avail treaty benefits.

g) Further, any income by way of capital gains accruing to non-residents may be subject to withholding tax per the provisions of the Act or under the relevant DTAA, whichever is beneficial. However, where such non-resident has obtained a lower withholding tax certificate from the tax authorities, the withholding tax rate would be as per the said certificate. The non-resident shareholders may be able to avail credit for any taxes paid by them in India, subject to local laws of the country in which such shareholder is resident.

h) **Section 115BAC of the Act:**

Section 115BAC of the Act provides for the concessional tax regime to the Person being an Individual or Hindu Undivided Family or Association of Persons (other than a co-operative society), or Body of Individuals, whether incorporated or not, or an artificial juridical person. As per the said Section, income tax shall be computed as per rates mentioned in below table:

Sr. No.	Total income	Rate of tax
1	Upto INR 3,00,000/-	Nil
2	INR 3,00,001/- to INR 6,00,000/-	5%
3	INR 6,00,001/- to INR 9,00,000/-	10%
4	INR 9,00,001/- to INR 12,00,000/-	15%
5	INR 12,00,001/- to INR 15,00,000/-	20%
6	Above INR 15,00,000/-	30%

The concessional tax regime is default tax regime for the abovementioned persons. However, the option to opt out of concessional tax regime and opt for old tax regime is available to the above class of taxpayers. The person willing to opt out shall exercise such option-

(i). on or before the due date specified under sub-section (1) of Section 139 of the Act for furnishing the return of income for the relevant assessment year in case of a person having income from business or profession, and such option once exercised shall apply to subsequent assessment years; However, option of old tax regime exercised can be withdrawn only once during a previous year other than the year in which it was exercised. Once withdrawn, the person shall never be eligible to exercise the option of old tax regime except where such person ceases to have any income from business or profession or;

(ii). along with the return of income to be furnished under sub-section (1) of Section 139 of the Act for the relevant assessment year, in case of a person not having income from business or profession.

Under the concessional tax regime, the Person shall not be allowed to claim any of the following deductions/exemptions:

(iii). exemption or deduction under the provisions of clause (5) or clause (13A) or prescribed under clause (14) (other than those as may be prescribed for this purpose) or clause (17) or clause (32), of Section 10 of the Act;
(iv). deduction under Section 10AA of the Act (deduction for units in Special Economic Zone);
(v). deduction under clause (ii) or clause (iii) of Section 16 of the Act;
(vi). deduction under clause (b) of Section 24 in respect of the property referred to in sub-section (2) of Section 23 of the Act
(vii). deduction under clause (iia) of sub-section (1) of Section 32 of the Act (Additional depreciation);
(viii). deduction under Section 32AD, Section 33AB, or Section 33ABA of the Act (Investment allowance in backward areas, Investment deposit account, site restoration fund);
(ix). deduction under sub-clause (ii) or sub-clause (iia) or sub-clause (iii) of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2AA) of Section 35 of the Act (Expenditure on scientific research);
(x). deduction under Section 35AD or Section 35CCC of the Act (Deduction for specified business, agricultural extension project);
(xi). deduction under any provisions of Chapter VI-A other than the provisions of sub-section (2) of Section 80CCD or sub-section (2) of Section 80CCH or section 80JJAA of the Act; and
(xii). no set off of any loss brought forward or unabsorbed depreciation from any earlier assessment year(s), if such loss or depreciation is attributable to any of the deductions referred from clause (i) to (xi) above.

Notes:

1. These special tax benefits are dependent on the Company or its shareholders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant provisions of the Act. Hence, the ability of the Company or its shareholders to derive the tax benefits is dependent upon fulfilling such conditions, which based on the business imperatives, the Company or its shareholders may or may not choose to fulfil.

2. The special tax benefits discussed in the Statement are not exhaustive and is only intended to provide general information to the investors and hence, is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. Given the individual nature of the tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult his or her tax consultant for the specific tax implications arising out of their participation in the issue.

3. The Statement has been prepared on the basis that the shares of the Company are proposed to be listed on a recognized stock exchange in India and the Company will be issuing equity shares.

4. The Statement is prepared based on information available with the Management of the Company and there is no assurance that:
   i. the Company or its shareholders or its material subsidiary will continue to obtain these benefits in future;
   ii. the conditions prescribed for availing the benefits have been/ would be met with; and
   iii. the revenue authorities/courts will concur with the view expressed herein.

5. This Annexure covers only certain relevant direct tax law benefits and does not cover any indirect tax law benefits or benefit under any other law.

6. In respect of non-resident Shareholders, the tax rates and consequent taxation will be further subject to any benefits available under the relevant Double Taxation Avoidance Agreements(s), if any, between India and the Country in which the non-resident has fiscal domicile.

7. No assurance is provided that the revenue authorises/courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to changes from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes.

For and on behalf of M/s. Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited
(previously known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)

_____
Managing Director

Place: Mumbai
Date: 8 June 2024

ANNEXURE III

Statement of Tax Benefits

ANNEXURE TO THE STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE SPECIAL INDIRECT TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS PRIVATE LIMITED) ("THE COMPANY") AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS

Outlined below are the special indirect tax benefits available to the Company and its shareholders under Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, Applicable State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 ("GST law"), Customs Act, 1962, Customs Tariff Act, 1975 ("Customs law"), Central Sales Tax Act (CST), Applicable State Value Added Tax (VAT), Central Sales Tax Act and State Excise Duty Acts , Foreign Trade Policy 2023 ("FTP") (collectively referred as "Indirect Tax Regulations") read with Rules, Circulars and Notifications

I. Special tax benefits available to the Company

1. Benefits under The Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Act, 1992 (read with Foreign Trade Policy 2023)

Remission of duties and taxes on Exported Products (RoDTEP)

The Remission of duties and taxes on exported products scheme has replaced Merchandise Export from India Scheme (MEIS). Under the scheme, rebate of these taxes will be given in the form of duty credit/electronic scrip. The scheme was notified from 1 January 2022 with the intention to boost exports. The rate of duty of remission for the products under RoDTEP scheme has been notified by the Government of India and it ranges from 0.5 percent to 4 percent.

2. Benefits of Duty Drawback scheme under section 75 of the Customs Act, 1962

As per section 75, Central Government is empowered to allow duty drawback on export of goods, where the imported materials are used in the manufacture of such goods. Unlike drawback of a portion of the customs duty paid on imported goods, here the main principle is that the Government fixes a rate per unit of final article to be exported out of the country as the amount of drawback payable on such goods.

3. Benefits under the Central Goods and Services Act, 2017, respective State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (read with relevant Rules prescribed thereunder)

Export of goods

Under the GST regime, all supplies of goods which qualify as export of goods are zero-rated which can be supplied either with or without payment of IGST.

Either exporter can export under Bond/ Letter of Undertaking (LUT) as zero-rated supply without payment of IGST and claim refund of accumulated ITC or person may export with payment of IGST and claim refund thereof as per the provisions of Section 54 of Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017.

II. Special tax benefits available to the Shareholders

a. There are no special tax benefits available to shareholders for investing in the shares of the Company.

Notes:

8. These special tax benefits are dependent on the Company or its shareholders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant provisions of the Indirect Tax Regulations. Hence, the ability of the Company or its shareholders to derive the tax benefits is dependent upon fulfilling such conditions, which based on the business imperatives, the Company or its shareholders may or may not choose to fulfil.

9. The special tax benefits discussed in the Statement are not exhaustive and is only intended to provide general information to the investors and hence, is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for a professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of the tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax consultant with respect to the specific tax implications.

10. The Statement has been prepared on the basis that the shares of the Company are to be listed on a recognized stock exchange in India and the Company will be issuing equity shares.

11. The Statement is prepared on the basis of information available with the Management of the Company and there is no assurance that:

    i. The Company or its shareholders will continue to obtain these benefits in future;
    ii. The conditions prescribed for availing the benefits have been/ would be met with; and
    iii. The revenue authorities / courts will concur with the view expressed herein.

12. The above views are basis the provisions of law, their interpretation and applicability as on date, which may be subject to change from time to time.

For and on behalf of **Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)**

(Chairman)
DIN Number
Place:
Date:

SECTION IV – ABOUT OUR COMPANY

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

Unless otherwise indicated, industry and market data used in this section has been derived from industry publications, in particular, the report titled "Industry Report On Indian Alco-Beverage Market" dated May 31, 2024, prepared and issued by Technopak Advisors Private Limited appointed on October 11, 2023, and exclusively commissioned and paid for by us to enable the investors to understand the industry in which we operate in connection with the Offer. Technopak Advisors Private Limited is not related in any manner to our Company, or any of our Directors or Promoters. The data included herein includes excerpts from the Technopak Report and may have been re-ordered by us for the purposes of presentation. There are no parts, data or information (which may be relevant for the proposed Offer), that has been left out or changed in any manner. A copy of the Technopak Report is available on the website of our Company at https://www.abdindia.com/investor-relations/investor-information/reports/. Industry sources and publications are also prepared based on information as of specific dates and may no longer be current or reflect current trends. Industry sources and publications may also base their information on estimates, projections, forecasts and assumptions that may prove to be incorrect. Accordingly, investors must rely on their independent examination of, and should not place undue reliance on, or base their investment decision solely on this information. The recipient should not construe any of the contents in this report as advice relating to business, financial, legal, taxation or investment matters and are advised to consult their own business, financial, legal, taxation, and other advisors concerning the transaction. Unless otherwise stipulated, years indicated refer to calendar years.

While preparing its report, Technopak Advisors Private Limited has also sourced information from publicly available sources, including our Company's financial statements available publicly. However, financial information relating to our Company presented in other sections of this Prospectus has been prepared in accordance with Ind AS and restated in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. Accordingly, the financial information of our Company in this section is not comparable with Ind AS financial information presented elsewhere in this Prospectus.

OVERVIEW OF GLOBAL AND INDIAN ECONOMY

India is the world's fifth largest economy and expected to be in top three global economies by Fiscal 2030

Currently, India ranks fifth in the world in terms of nominal gross domestic product ("**GDP**") and is the third largest economy in the world in terms of purchasing power parity ("**PPP**"). India is estimated to be among the top three global economies in terms of nominal GDP by Fiscal 2030.

GDP Ranking of Key Global Economies (2022)

Country	Rank	% Share (World GDP, at current prices)	Rank PPP	% Share (World GDP, PPP)
United States	1	25.2%	2	15.3%
China	2	17.8%	1	18.2%
Japan	3	4.2%	4	3.5%
Germany	4	4.0%	5	3.4%
India	**5**	**3.4%**	**3**	**7.1%**
United Kingdom	6	3.1%	9	2.3%
France	7	2.8%	10	2.3%
Russia	8	2.2%	6	3.1%
Canada	9	2.1%	15	1.4%
Italy	10	2.0%	12	2.0%

Source: World Bank Data, RBI, IMF

Global Disposable Income per Capita

The disposable income per capita for developed economies such as United States, Germany, France and United Kingdom have been on the rise from the period between 2018-2022 but witnessed a slow growth in 2020 owing to the effect of COVID-19 pandemic. On average, the disposable income per capita for these major economies grew by approximately 6% CAGR over the period between 2018-2022. Developing economies such as China and India, have witnessed similar trend in growth but compared to developed economies, have an average growth rate of approximately 7.3% over the period between 2018-2022.

Disposable Per Capita Income of Key Global Economies (value in USD)

Country	CY 2010	CY 2011	CY 2012	CY 2013	CY 2014	CY 2015	CY 2016	CY 2017	CY 2018	CY 2019	CY 2020	CY 2021	CY 2022	CAGR 2018-2022
Developed Economies														
United States	48,650	50,066	51,784	53,291	55,124	56,763	57,867	59,908	62,823	65,120	63,527	70,220	76,330	5.0%
Japan	35,335	36,214	37,606	39,402	39,555	40,899	40,597	41,444	42,142	42,271	41,684	42,834	46,850	2.7%
Germany	38,951	42,541	43,359	44,994	47,011	47,610	50,579	53,071	55,196	57,398	56,482	58,799	66,616	4.8%
United Kingdom	36,579	37,261	38,332	39,975	41,285	42,598	44,255	46,104	47,202	49,289	45,872	50,056	57,461	5.0%
France	35,899	37,439	37,678	39,522	40,144	40,850	42,925	44,577	46,537	50,501	48,135	51,364	57,594	5.5%
Developing Economies														
China	9,254	10,293	11,169	11,872	12,480	12,898	13,483	14,244	15,497	16,655	17,209	19,484	21,483	8.5%
India	4,216	4,468	4,828	5,017	5,187	5,412	5,778	6,112	6,591	6,898	6,518	7,368	8,400	6.3%

Source: World Bank Data, Technopak analysis
1 USD= INR 80

Median Age of Key Global Economies

India has the lowest median age (29.5 years) among key emerging and developed economies and compared to world average (31.8 years).

Median Age: Key Emerging and Developed Economies (2023)

		Developed Economies						Developing Economies					
Country	World	USA	UK	Japan	Germany	France		China	India	Russia	Brazil	Indonesia	Thailand
Median Age (Yrs.)	31.8	38.5	40.6	49.5	46.7	42.4		39.8	29.5	41.5	34.7	31.2	41.0

Source: World Population Review

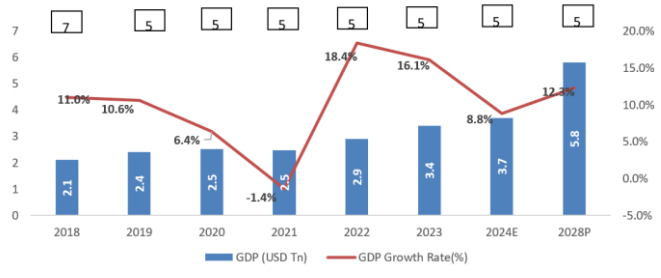
Macro-economic overview of India

India's GDP Growth

Since Fiscal 2005, the Indian economy's growth rate has been nearly twice as that of the world economy and it is expected to sustain this growth momentum in the long term. In the wake of COVID-19, India's nominal GDP contracted by 1.4% in Fiscal 2021, followed by an 18.4% growth in Fiscal 2022 and a 16.1% growth in Fiscal 2023. It is expected to bounce back and reach US$ 5.8 trillion by Fiscal 2028. Between Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2028, India's real GDP is expected to grow at a CAGR of 6.2%. It is also expected that the growth trajectory of the Indian economy will position India among the top 3 global economies by Fiscal 2028.

Several factors are likely to contribute to economic growth in the long run. These include favorable demographics, reducing dependency ratio, rapidly rising education levels, steady urbanization, growing young & working population, IT revolution, increasing penetration of mobile & internet infrastructure, government policies, increasing aspirations and affordability, etc.

India's Nominal GDP (US$ trillion) and GDP Growth Rate (%), Fiscal



Source: RBI, Technopak Analysis
1USD = INR 80
Note: White boxes at the top refer to India's GDP rank on a global basis

Domestic Consumption Growth

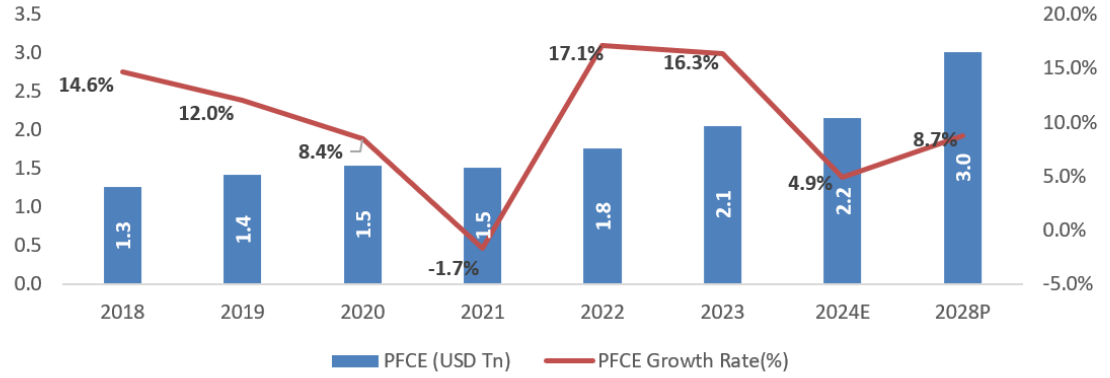
Private Final Consumption Expenditure

High share of Domestic Consumption in Private Final Consumption Expenditure (PFCE)

India's share of domestic consumption, measured as private final consumption expenditure, in its GDP was approximately 60.1% in Fiscal 2023. This private consumption expenditure comprises both goods (food, lifestyle, home, pharmacy etc.) and services (food services, education, healthcare etc.). In comparison, China's domestic consumption share to GDP in 2023 was 53%. High share of private consumption to GDP has the advantage of insulating India from volatility in the global economy. It also implies that sustainable economic growth directly translates into sustained consumer demand for goods and services. India's domestic consumption has grown at a CAGR of 10.1% between Fiscal 2018 and Fiscal 2023 and is further expected to grow at same pace during the next five years at a CAGR of 10.4% and projected to reach US$ 3.0 trillion by Fiscal 2028.

With the economic environment becoming uncertain, not only are consumers more thoughtful about their consumption but also more conscious of their savings and investments. Consumption priorities are also driven by the health and safety concerns and the other behavioral changes adopted because of the pandemic.

India's Total Private Final Consumption Expenditure (Current Prices US$ trillion) (Fiscal)



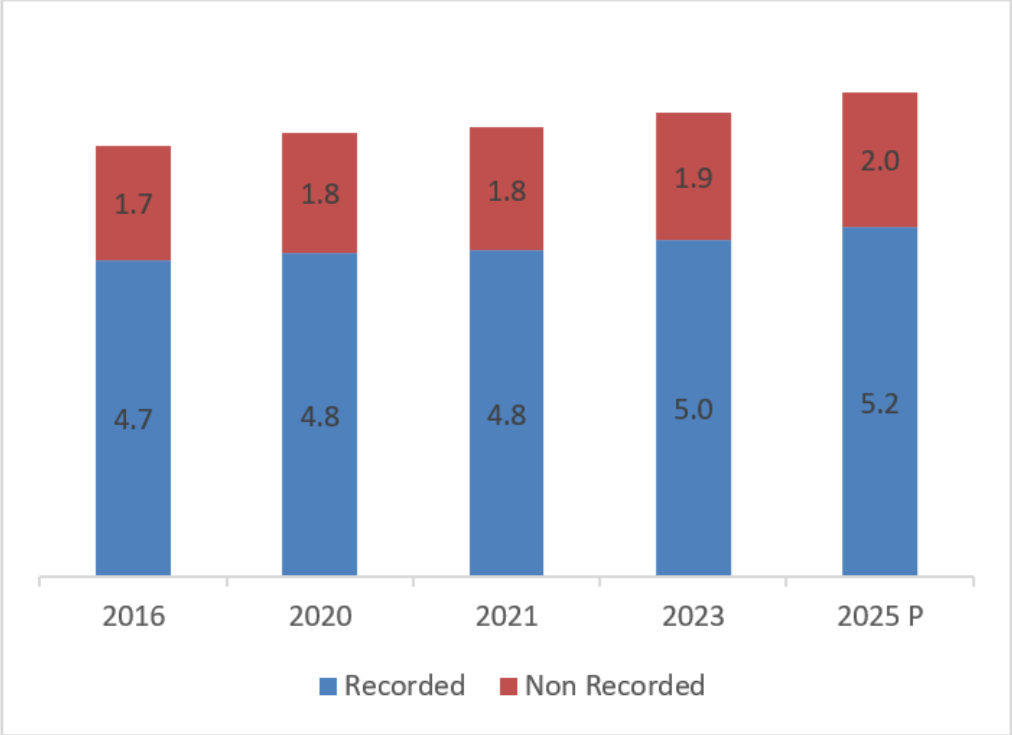
Source: RBI, Ministry of Statistics and Program Implementation, Technopak Research & Analysis, 1 USD= INR 80

GLOBAL CONSUMPTION TRENDS IN ALCO-BEVERAGES

Alcohol consumption is captured by World Health Organisation ("**WHO**") as total alcohol per capita consumption in litres of pure alcohol per person per year and alcohol consumption in grams of pure alcohol per person per day for population above 15 years. This includes both drinking and non-drinking population. The minimum legal drinking age in some countries is as low as 16 years. Alcohol consumption is further divided into recorded data and unrecorded data. Recorded data is alcohol sales captured through excise department in most countries.

World per capita alcohol consumption in 2023 was estimated at 6.9 litre of pure alcohol per year. The recorded alcohol per capita consumption for 2023 was estimated at 5.0 litres.

World Per capita Alcohol consumption in form Pure alcohol for calendar year (in litres)



Source: WHO: Global status report on alcohol and health ,CY-calendar year

India is one of the fastest growing alco-beverage consumption markets among the top economies in the world

India is one of the fastest growing alcoholic beverage markets in the world growing from a small base of 1.3 litres per capita of recorded consumption of pure alcohol in 2005 to 2.7 litres per capita consumption in 2010 and further to estimated 3.2 litres per capita consumption in 2023.

Recorded Per capita consumption of pure alcohol (in litres) (years in calendar year)

Country	2005	2010	2020	2023	2028P	CAGR		
						2005-10	2010-20	2023-28P
France	12.9	12.3	11.2	10.9	10.5	-0.9%	-0.9%	-0.7%
United Kingdom	11.4	10.0	9.7	9.9	10.2	-2.6%	-0.3%	0.6%
Germany	11.7	11.6	10.3	10.0	9.6	-0.2%	-1.2%	-0.8%
USA	8.6	8.6	8.9	9.2	9.4	0.0%	0.3%	0.4%
China	2.9	5.8	4.2	3.8	3.3	14.9%	-3.2%	-2.8%
India	1.3	2.7	3.1	3.2	3.4	15.7%	1.1%	1.2%
World Average	**4.4**	**4.7**	**4.8**	**5.0**	**5.2**	**1.3%**	**0.2%**	**0.8%**

Source: Technopak Analysis

India alcohol market size in 100% pure alcohol (volume in million Litres) (years in calendar year)

Year	2005	2010	2020	2023	2028P
Per capita consumption (in litres) (100% pure alcohol)	1.3	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.2
Population in Crore	105	119	135	142	149
Alcohol market size (in million litres) (100% pure alcohol)	856	2,263	2,891	3,239	3,594

Source: Technopak Analysis

Alcohol consumption is divided in three major product categories including Spirits, Beer and Wine

Alcohol consumption is divided across three major categories of alcoholic beverages with varying trends across countries. The consumption of different alcoholic beverages has matured in developed economies, but it is still going through a transition in developing countries.

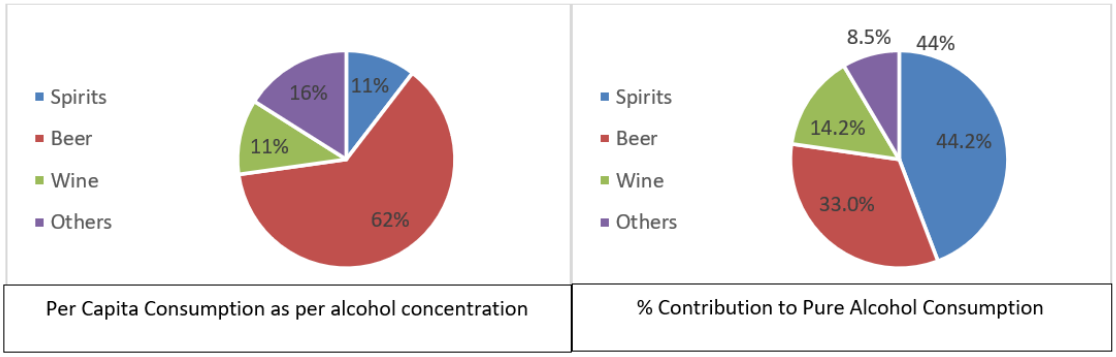
Distilled alco-beverage consisting of spirits as a category is the largest category of alcoholic beverages which contributed close to 44% of alcohol consumption in the world in 2023. Un-distilled alco-beverage primarily including beer and wines together contribute almost equivalent to distilled alco beverage.

World per capita recorded alcohol consumption for 2023 (volume in litres)

Category	% Contribution to Pure Alcohol Consumption	Average Alcohol Content (%)	Per Capita Consumption as per alcohol concentration (in litres)
Spirit	44.2%	40.0%	5.3
Beer	33.2%	5.0%	32.4
Wine	14.0%	12.0%	6.0
Others	8.6%	5.0%	8.4
Total	100%		**52.1**

Source: Technopak Analysis

Per Capita consumption of alcoholic beverages in 2023 (volume in Litres)

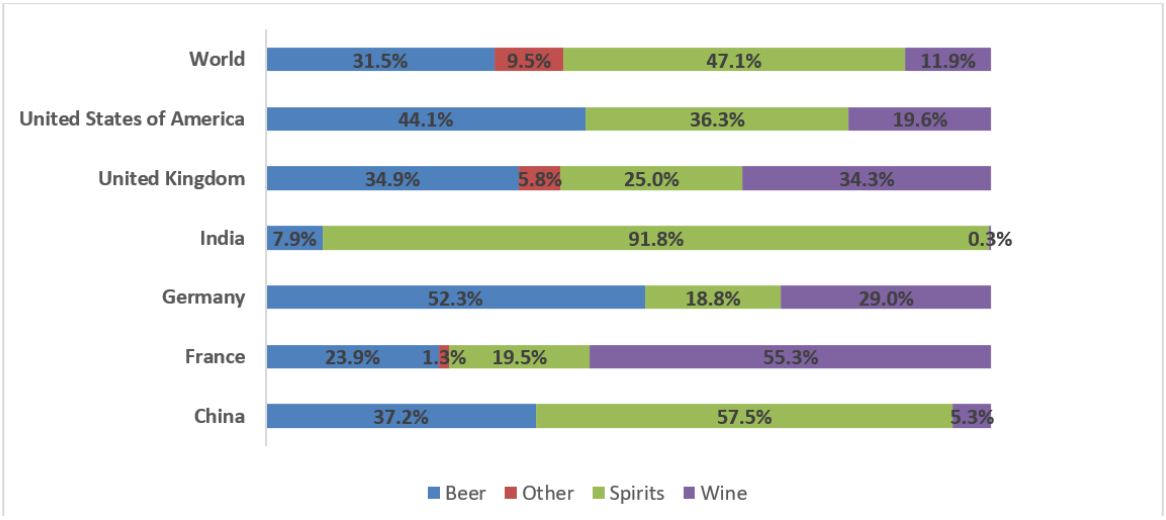


Note: Data converted from pure alcohol data to average concentration for each category
Source: Technopak Analysis

India is one of the leading spirits markets with more than 90% of consumption in the form of spirits

India is a spirits' market with close to 90% of alcohol consumed in the form of spirits. The per capita consumption of spirits in India is one of the highest among top economies of the world.

Contribution of alcoholic beverages in 100% alcohol in 2023 (in %)



Source: Technopak Analysis

Per Capita alco-beverage consumption as per alcohol concentration in 2023 (in litres)

Country	Spirit	Beer	Wine	Others	Total
Germany	5.2	112.2	25.8	-	143.2
France	5.9	50.0	53.2	3.5	112.6
USA	8.6	77.9	14.4	-	100.9
United Kingdom	5.9	69.9	28.9	11.7	116.4
China	7.9	34.3	1.8	1.0	45.0
India	7.0	5.2	0.0	-	12.2
Overall	5.6	32.7	5.6	8.4	52.3

Note: Per capita consumption calculated from pure alcohol, taking into consideration alcohol concentration of respective categories as a factor
Source: Technopak Analysis
Data projected basis WHO data up to 2019

Alcohol Consumption by Gender

Proportion of women in current drinkers was 37.8% in 2023. Close to 30% of all women are in the category of current drinkers. Also, when females drink alcohol, they drink less on an average compared to men. Men consume close to three times the alcohol consumption by women. The proportion of current drinkers in overall population has come down from 39.1% in 2010 to 40.0% in 2023 but the total market size remains unchanged as the overall population increases.

Men v. Women consumption of alcohol for the world (value in Litres) (for 2023)

CY	Total APC			contribution to drinking population		% drinkers by gender		
	Men	Women	Ratio	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
2023E	17.4	5.4	3.2	62.4%	37.8%	48.5%	29.7%	39.1%
2022	17.6	5.5	3.2	62.5%	37.5%	50.0%	30.0%	40.0%
2021	18.0	5.7	3.1	62.9%	37.1%	51.3%	30.2%	40.8%
2016	19.4	7.0	2.8	62.4%	37.6%	53.5%	32.2%	42.9%
2010	21.2	8.9	2.4	61.8%	38.2%	56.2%	34.8%	45.5%

Source: Technopak Analysis
Data projected basis WHO data up to 2019
APC: Alcohol per capita in terms of 100% alcohol

Regulatory Framework for Distribution and Sale of Liquor

Alco-beverage industry around the world has been saddled with extra burden of regulations due to perceived effect and abuse of alcohol. Globally, countries have alcohol policies consisting of laws, rules and regulations that aim to prevent and reduce alcohol related health complications. Alcohol policies incorporate a multilevel, multicomponent approach, targeting multiple determinants of drinking such as availability, price, marketing, and drink– driving. Sales and production of alco-beverages is regulated in majority of countries in the world to guard against harmful use. These policies include control from production, pricing, storage and movement and final consumption of alco-beverages.

Snapshot of alcohol policies and status in India

Policies and Interventions	Status in India
Written national policy/national action plan	Not Applicable
Excise tax on beer/wine /spirit	Applicable
Legal minimum age for sale of alcoholic beverages	Applicable
Restrictions for on-/off-premises sales of alcoholic beverages: Hours, days / places, density	Applicable
National maximum legal blood alcohol concentration (BAC) when driving a vehicle	Applicable
Legally binding regulations on alcohol advertising	Applicable
Legally required health warning labels on alcohol advertisements / containers	Applicable
National government support for community action	Not Applicable
National monitoring system(s)	Applicable

Source: Technopak analysis
Data derived from WHO report

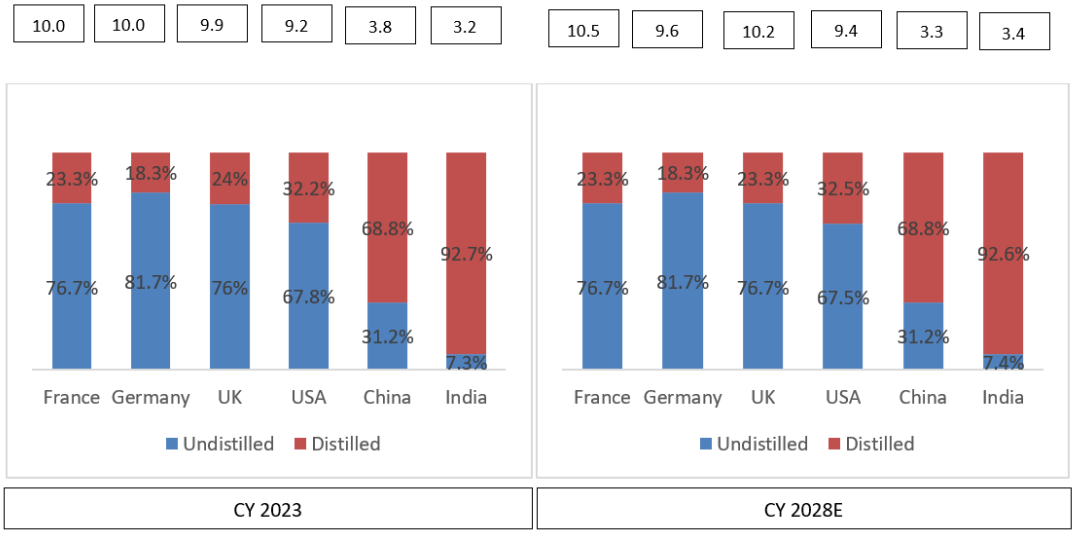
Indian alco-beverage market profile

India is primarily a distilled alco beverage market with contribution of spirits in form of pure alcohol at more than 92.0% in 2023

India is primarily a distilled alcohol market with more than 92.0% of recorded pure alcohol consumption in form of distilled spirits. This is unlike developed countries where the contribution of undistilled alco beverages including beer and wine together is higher than distilled spirits.

Distilled spirits in India continue to be the dominant form of alco beverage consumption even as acceptance of beer and wine is increasing. Even in the case of undistilled alco-beverages, alcohol content by volume is higher than in Europe and USA. In the case of beer category, strong beer has a dominant share in the overall beer consumption. In wines category, fortified wines with higher alcohol content control a sizable market share in India.

Per capita consumption of alcohol in terms of pure alcohol for calendar year (volume in litres)



Source: Technopak Analysis

Recorded alcohol consumption in India was close to 3,239 million litres of pure alcohol for 2023

India is one of the fastest growing alco-beverage markets in the world, with distinctive characteristics that make it appealing to the top players of the industry. One of the biggest attractions is the size of the market and the continual evolution of the market as economic variables such as rising GDP, urbanization and women's involvement in the workforce fuel demand and growth.

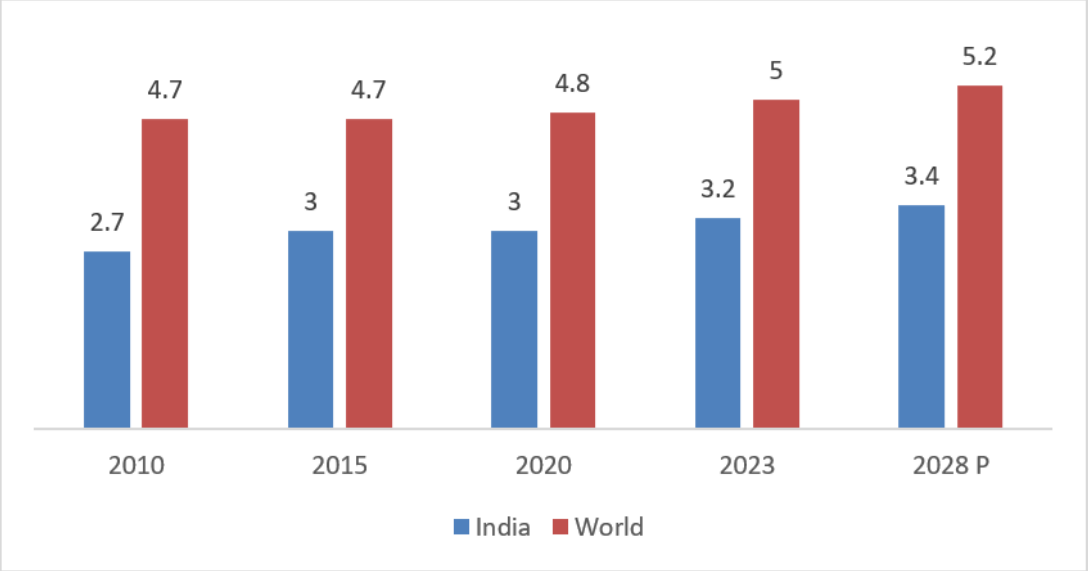
The recorded alcohol per capita ("**APC**") for India in 2023 was estimated at 3.2 litres per annum against the world average of 5.0 litres. Indian alco-beverage market size was estimated at close to 3.2 billion litres of pure alcohol in 2023. Distilled alco-beverages contributed close to 92.0% of the total pure alcohol consumption in India. The market for alco beverages in India is estimated to grow at approximately 2.1% by volume for the period between 2023 to 2028 with more people achieving the legal drinking age and growing number of women who drink alcohol.

Alco-beverage market size in 100% pure alcohol 2023 (volume in litres)

Country	Per capita consumption of alcohol in terms of pure alcohol (litres)	Total market size (Billion litres)	Spirits Market Size (Billion Litres)
China	3.8	4.5	2.6
India	3.2	3.2	2.91
USA	9.2	2.5	0.9
Germany	10	0.7	0.1
France	10.9	0.6	0.1
United Kingdom	9.9	0.6	0.1
World	5	30	13.5

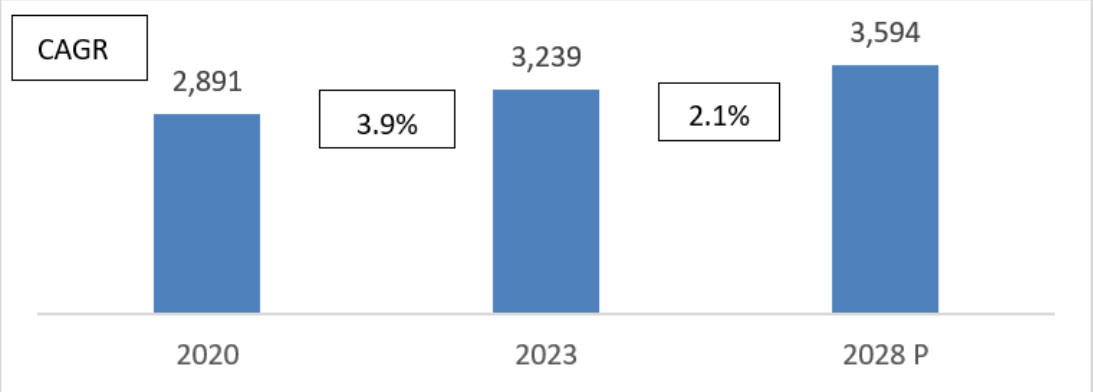
Source: Technopak analysis

Per Capita consumption of alcohol in terms of pure alcohol – India v. World (volume in litres)



Source: Technopak analysis

Indian alco -beverage market size in recorded pure alcohol for calendar year (volume in million litres)



Source: Technopak analysis, Census India

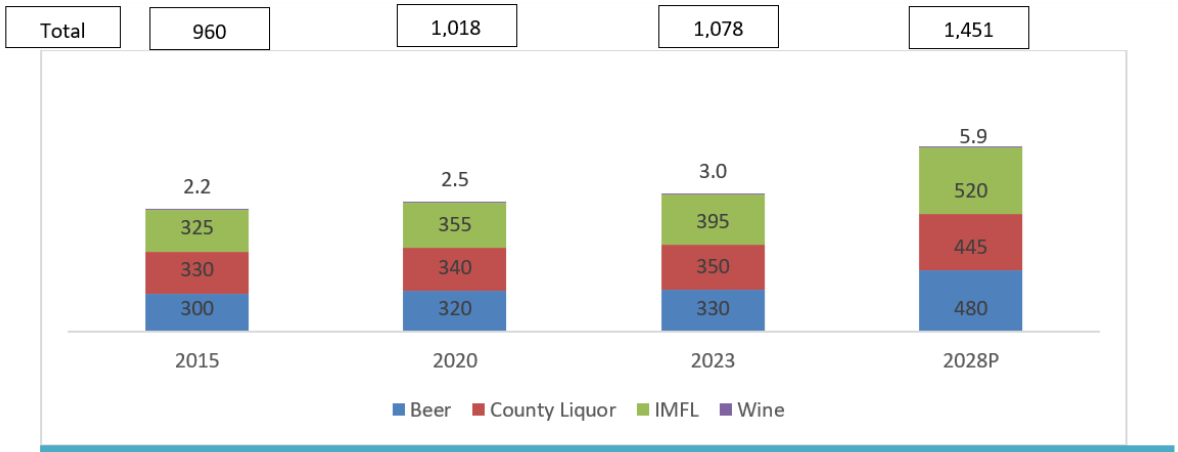
Indian alcohol beverage market is more than a billion cases in size and highly dominated by spirits

The Indian alco-beverage market crossed more than a billion cases per annum in Fiscal 2023. A volume-based analysis shows that alcohol beverage market in India was almost equally divided between Country liquor, Indian Made Foreign Liquor ("**IMFL**") and beer with a small contribution from wines in Fiscal 2023. The industry is projected to reach 1,451 million cases in volume by Fiscal 2028.

India's per capita consumption is significantly lower compared to global per capital consumption. Low per capita consumption coupled with positive demographics factors and more than 13 million people added each year to the population eligible for drinking, make India an attractive market for alcoholic beverages. There exists significant potential for future growth for the alcoholic beverages market in India.

IMFL is the largest segment of Indian alco-beverage market both in volume and value terms. IMFL segment recorded sales of 395 million cases in Fiscal 2023 with a growth of 8% in volume as compared to Fiscal 2022 sales at 280 million cases. IMFL market has recovered and grown to 395 million cases in Fiscal 2023 as compared to pre-COVID levels of 355 million cases in Fiscal 2020. IMFL sales volume is projected to reach 520 cases by Fiscal 2028, and sales by value is estimated was at ₹ 2,206.62 billion in Fiscal 2023. The sales value is projected to reach ₹ 3,713.39 billion by Fiscal 2028. During the period between Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2028, IMFL sales value and volume are expected to grow at a CAGR of 9% and 5.7% respectively.

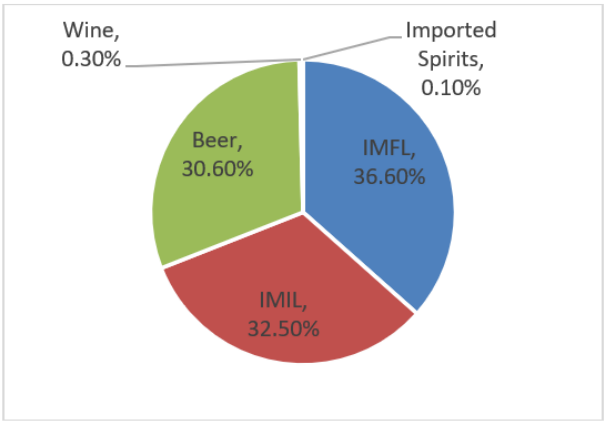
Alco-beverage consumption in India (in million cases) and CAGR for Fiscal



CAGR (FY)	Beer	Country Liquor	IMFL	Wine	Total
2015 – 2020	1.3%	0.6%	1.8%	2.6%	1.2%
2020 – 2023	1.0%	1.0%	3.6%	6.3%	1.6%
2023 – 2028P	8.0%	4.9%	5.7%	14.5%	6.9%

Source: Technopak Analysis
Note: Data projected basis Multiple State Excise Depts., Annual Reports WHO data

Alco-beverages Consumption in India Fiscal 2023 (total 1,078 million cases)

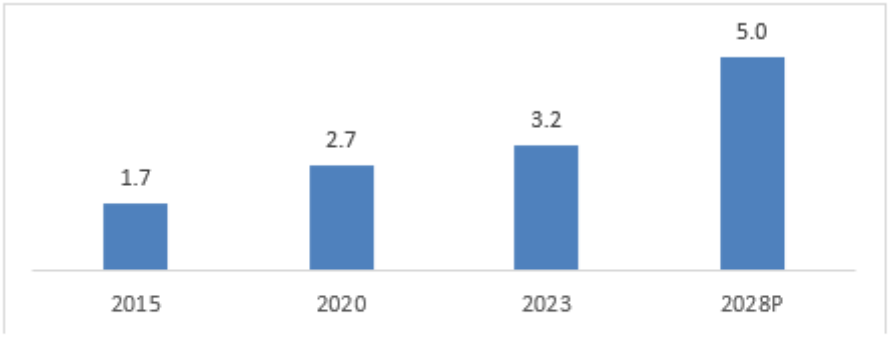


Source: Technopak Analysis
Data projected basis Multiple State Excise Depts., Annual Reports WHO data

Indian alco-beverage sector size was estimated at ₹ 3,200 billion in Fiscal 2023 making it one of the biggest markets in the world

Indian alco-beverage market is the third largest market in the world after China and Russia. It is also the second largest spirits market in the world. Indian alco-beverage market is projected to grow at a CAGR of approximately 11.3% by value and approximately 6.1% by volume for the period between Fiscal 2023 to Fiscal 2028. Indian market is dominated by IMFL which is estimated to contribute close to 69% in value to the overall market in Fiscal 2023.

Indian Alco-beverage market (in ₹ lach crore in Fiscal)



	FY 2015-20	FY 2020-23	FY 2023-28P
CAGR	9.4%	5.8%	11.3%

Source: Technopak Analysis
Note: Data projected basis annual reports, multiple State Excise Depts.

Indian alco-beverage market is domestic led market

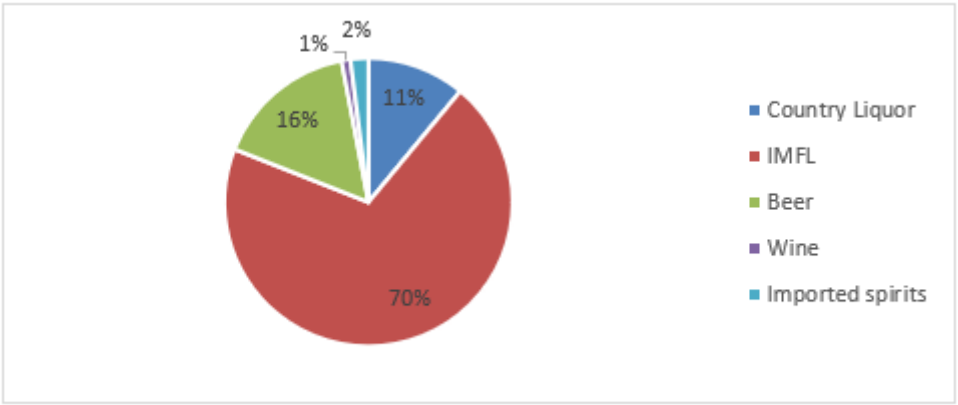
Import is dominated by whisky with bulk of it used for blending and thus plays an important role in the IMFL market. The trend towards premiumisation may lead to increased imports of alco beverages, particularly whisky. India is the largest importer of scotch whisky by volume in the world.

Imported wines have also played an important role in development of the wine segment in India. However, unlike other Asian countries including Japan and South Korea, growth of import in wines has been limited and market has been captured by domestic players where they have large variety from still to sparkling.

Export of Indian alco-beverages is in countries with large population of Indian diaspora with middle east accounting for bulk of exports. Premium Indian alco-beverages including single malt whisky have started to carve a niche for themselves, but it is small currently.

The Indian regulatory framework is also playing an important role in providing a level playing field for domestic alco-beverage players. Foreign liquor when imported in India is charged a custom duty as per Customs Act, 1962. Customs tariff of 150% is applicable on finished product like scotch whisky etc bottled in country of origin or bulk scotch whisky imported for bottling in India as well as intermediate products like undenatured ethyl alcohol of alcoholic strength by volume of 80% volume or higher which is used for blending with production in India.

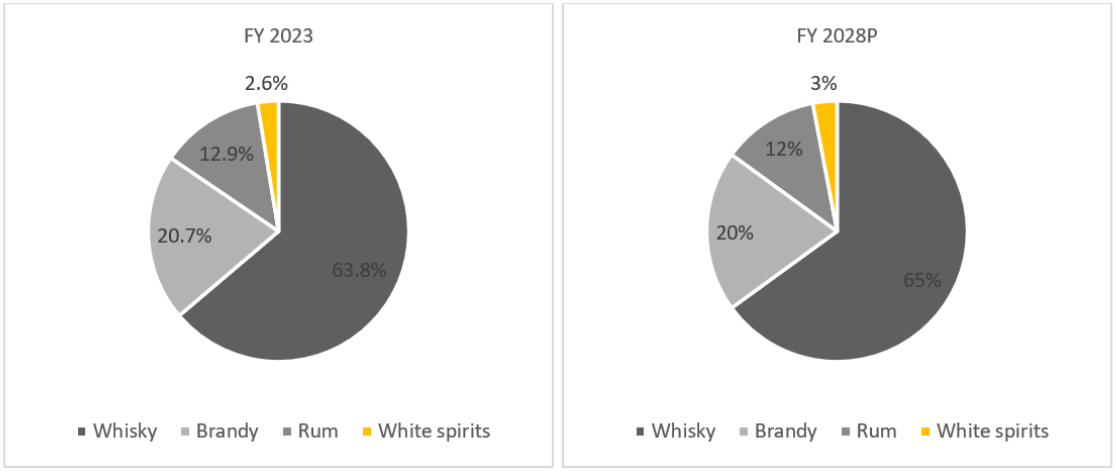
Indian Alco-beverage market Fiscal 2023 (Total value ₹ 3.15 lakh Crore)



Source: Technopak Analysis
Note: Data projected basis annual reports and multiple state excise departments

Indian made foreign liquor is dominated by Brown Spirits unlike world market which is a White Spirits market

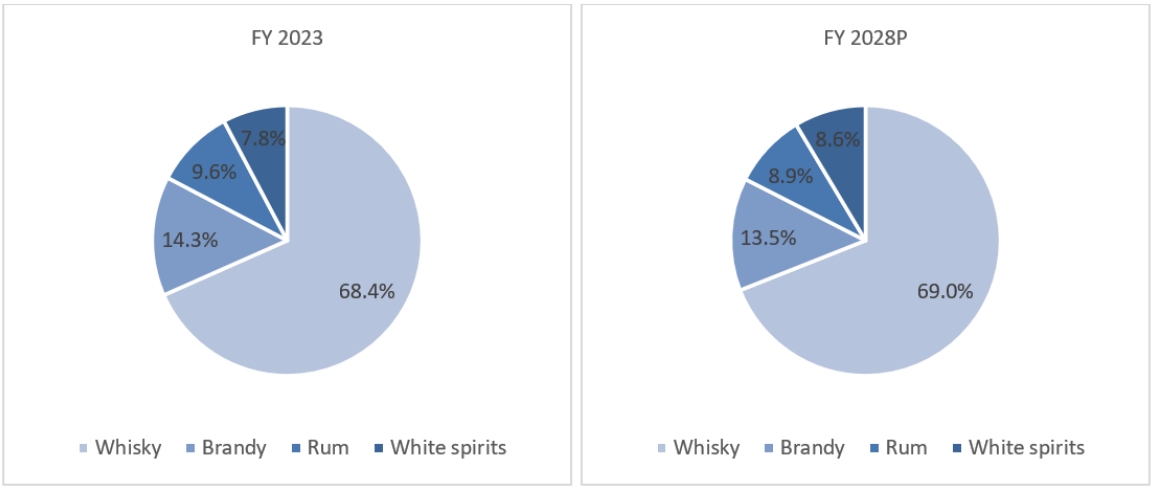
IMFL is dominated by brown spirits including whisky, rum, and brandy with a small share of white spirits including vodka and gin. This is unlike world markets where white spirits are dominant. Though white spirits in India have shown higher growth for the period between Fiscal 2023 to Fiscal 2028 with with their share increasing from 7.8% to 8.6% by value as compared to the brown spirits like whisky. **IMFL market in India**



Total: 395 Mn cases

Total: 520 Mn cases

IMFL Sales Trend in Volume



Total: $26.91 Bn

Total: $41.40 Bn

IMFL sales Trend in Value

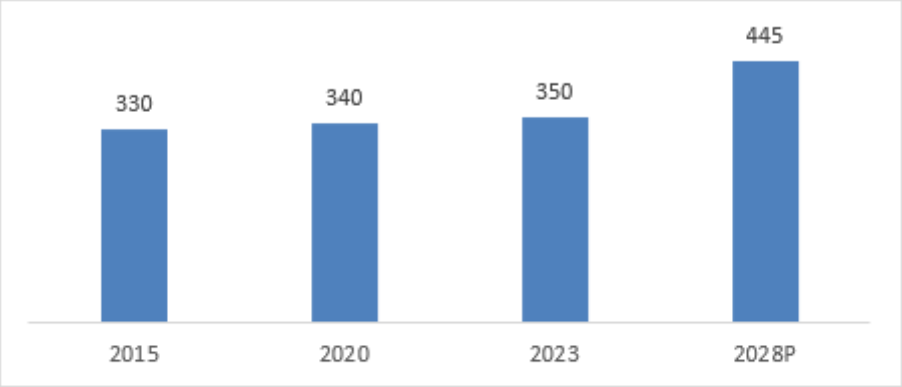
Source: Technopak Analysis
Data projected basis annual reports analysis

A large country liquor market catering to the lower income group is the target market for recruitment for IMFL

Flavoured local alcoholic beverages, popularly known as country liquor or Indian made Indian liquor ("**IMIL**") was close to one third of the alcoholic beverage market by volume in Fiscal 2023. IMIL is a flavoured alcoholic drink influenced by regional taste preferences where popular flavours are fruit flavours, masala flavours, etc. It caters to the price sensitive, lower income group in India and has high acceptance in rural areas.

IMIL is made from rectified spirits with alcohol percentage of 30% to 37%. Rectified spirits have lower level of purity as compared to extra neutral alcohol ("**ENA**") used in IMFL. However, recently country liquor companies have started using ENA as raw material. Country liquor market was estimated at 350 million cases in Fiscal 2023. However, the market is projected to reach 445 million cases by Fiscal 2028.

IMIL market in India in million cases for Fiscal (Volume in million cases)



CAGR	FY 2020-23	FY 2023-28P
IMIL	1.0%	4.9%

Source: Technopak Analysis

A large country liquor market is also a target group for IMFL as customers move from IMIL to IMFL. Any ban on country liquor leads to an instant jump in volumes in IMFL. This recruitment happens at the lower end called the popular segment of the IMFL market. Maharashtra, Uttar Pradesh, and West Bengal are key markets for IMIL.

Ban on country liquor and growth in IMFL sales trend

State	Year	Event	Share in IMFL volume	IMFL volume trend
Karnataka	2007	Ban on sale of Arrack	~ 17%	• 32.5 to 49 million cases from 2007-08 to 2011-12 • CAGR of 11%
Andhra Pradesh	2013	Ban on sale of Arrack	~7%	• 28 to 36 million cases from 2013-14 to 2017-18 • CAGR of 6%

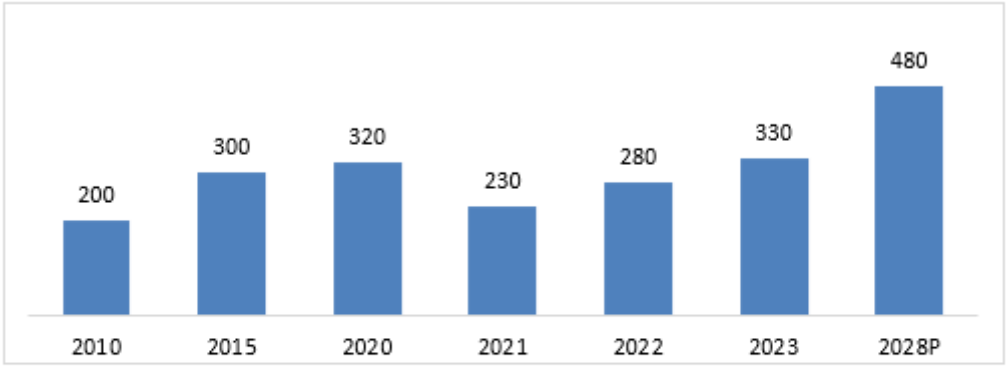
Source: Technopak Analysis; Note: Data projected basis state excise department and news articles

Indian beer market is projected to reach 480 million cases by Fiscal 2028 with market dominated by strong beer

Beer category has shown consistent growth in volumes since 2005 as volume crossed 320 million cases in Fiscal 2020. Given the low per capita consumption of beer in India as compared to the developed countries in the world, beer consumption in India will continue to grow. As per WHO, almost one third of pure alcohol consumption in the world is in form of beer and in case of India it has grown to 42% in 2022.

Indian beer market is traditionally a strong beer market with close to 85% of market with strong beers. United Breweries along with AB InBev and Carlsberg hold 80% of the market share. Premium range of beers in both strong and light beer categories are driving growth in beer market in India. The industry has evolved from manufacturing standard beers such as strong and lager beer to flavoured and variety beers in line with trends in other developed countries. Strong lager beers, with alcohol content between 6% and 8%, dominate the market accounting for over 80% of the total beer consumed in India.

Indian Beer Market in million cases (in Fiscal)



CAGR	FY 2020-23	FY 2023-28P
Beer	1.0%	7.8%

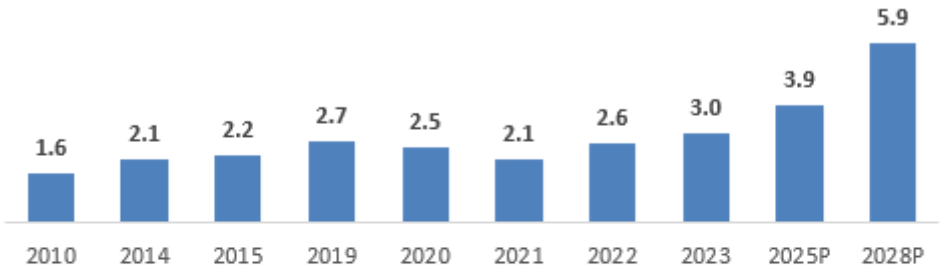
Note: Total market size in Million cases captured in text box

Source: Industry Reports, Annual Reports, Technopak Analysis

Indian wine market is projected to reach 5.9 million cases by Fiscal 2028 with high contribution of domestic wines

Wine category in India is estimated at 3 million cases in Fiscal 2023 and projected to grow to 5.9 million cases by Fiscal 2028 with a compounded annual growth rate of approximately 14.7% by volume. The supply of domestic wines that are reasonably priced and easily available as compared to the imported wines has helped expand the market along with factors like growing awareness of perceived health benefits of wines underpinned by income growth and changing profile of consumers. As of Fiscal 2023, share of wine as a form of alcohol consumption in India was low at less than 1% .

Indian wine market by Volume in million cases (data for Fiscal)



CAGR	FY 2020-23	FY 2023 -28P
Wine	6.3%	14.7%

Source: Technopak Analysis
Note: Data projected basis reports from WHO, OIV, import data

Indian Alco Beverage Market by Price and Segments

Indian alco-beverage market has traditionally been a price sensitive market. The popular segment as also known as mass premium segment has been the volume driver for the category in the first decade and a half of the century. This period between 2000 to 2015 has also coincided with highest per capita growth in alcohol consumption as well as highest growth in the number of people becoming eligible for drinking alcohol. However, the trend of premiumisation can be seen happening in the past few years and higher price segments are growing much faster than the lower segments. The share of brands above ₹ 500 per 750 ml stood at approximately 20% while the share of lower price segments below ₹ 500 for 750 ml bottle was 79%.

Industry Split by Price Range and Segments

Alco-beverage	Sub Segment	Segment Name	Price Range*(INR)
Spirits	IMIL	Cheap /Local or unbranded	100-200
	IMFL	Popular	upto 350
		Prestige	350-850
		Premium	850-1,750
	Bottled in India (BII)s	Premium	850-1,750
	Bottled in origin (BIO)	Luxury	1,750 and above
Beer	Beer	Popular	upto 160
		Premium	160 and above
Wines	Wine	Popular	upto 400
		Economy	400-700
		Premium	700-950
		Elite	950 and above

**Price Range mentioned for Karnataka*
Price for 750 ml pack except beer which is for 650 ml
IMIL prices are representative as IMIL banned in Karnataka
Source: Primary research, Technopak Analysis, Karnataka excise dept.

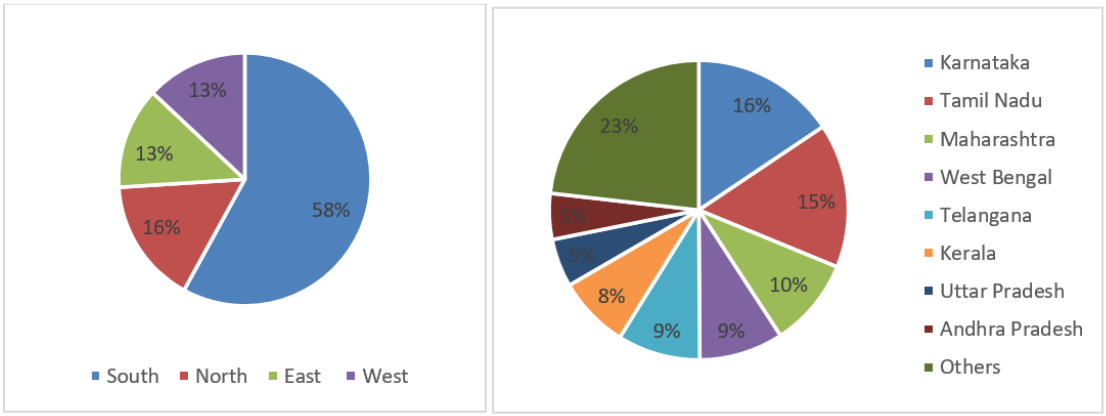
Regional and State wise Split of Alco-beverage Consumption

Indian alcoholic beverage market is dominated by southern states with five states contributing close to half of the overall volume of the market. Both IMFL and beer market is dominated by the five southern states. Tamil Nadu and Karnataka are the top two markets in south.

South India market has higher contribution of popular segment whereas north and west lead in prestige and above segment. The five states of south India have a large segment of drinkers in IMFL as country liquor is banned whereas in north India country liquor is available, mostly made from Grain ENA. In the North, contribution of

prestige and above price segment categories is higher as end-consumer prices are relatively lower than any other part of the country in states like Delhi and Haryana.

Regional Split of IMFL market for Fiscal 2023 (total volume 395 million cases)

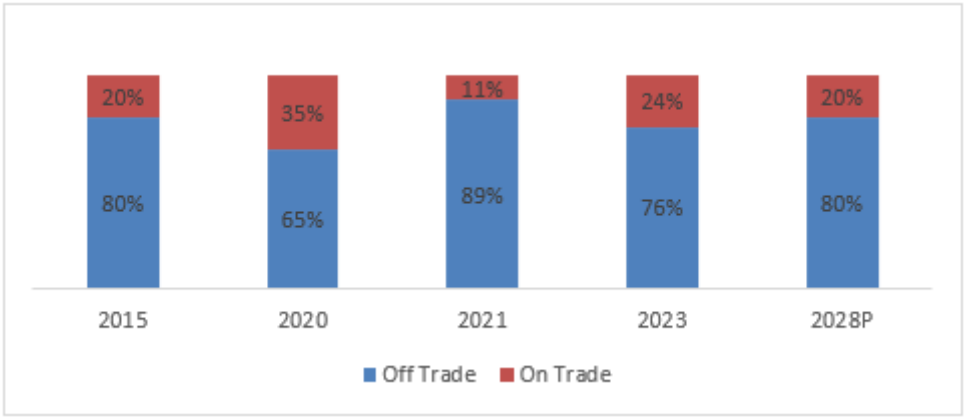


Source: Primary Research, Technopak Analysis

Prominence in On-Trade channel is set to drive sales growth in Off -Trade channel

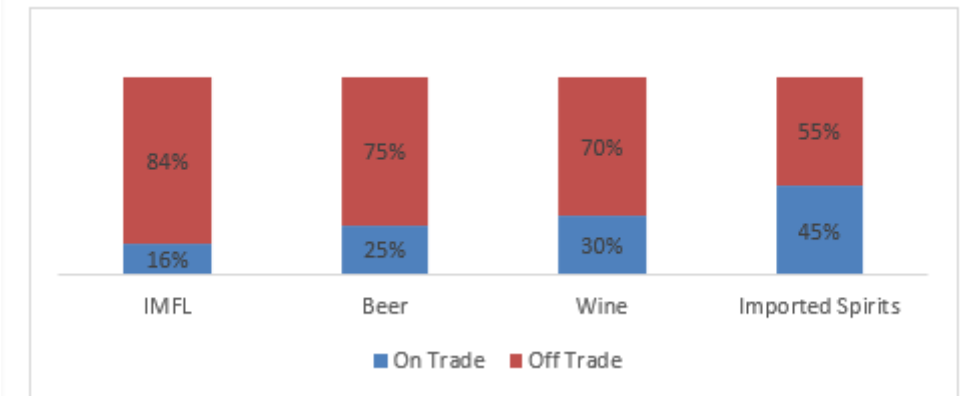
On-Trade sales for alco-beverage industry refers to consumption at hotels, restaurants, and caterers ("**HoReCa**"). It is one of the key drivers of alco-beverage industry in India, in line with the transition of industry towards experience rather than intoxication. On-Trade sales went down sharply in Fiscal 2021 as most outlets were closed in first half of the financial year, but it has fully recovered by Fiscal 2023.

On-Trade and Off-Trade sales of Indian Alco-beverage market (data for Fiscal)



Source: Primary Research, Technopak Analysis

Segment wise trend: On-Trade vs. Off-Trade sales (Fiscal 2023)



Source: Primary Research, Technopak Analysis

Every state and union territory in India is effectively an independent market

Alco-beverages in India is a state subject with production, distribution and sale of alcohol being responsibility of the state. It is regulated by state excise policies which cover multi-dimensional issues of alcohol control

encompassing possession, production, manufacture, selling, buying and transport of liquor. Every state and union territory in India is effectively an independent market with its own set of regulations.

Drinking age is used to control proliferation and promote responsible drinking

The minimum legal drinking age is prescribed in majority of countries to promote responsible drinking. As per WHO, minimum age of 18-19 years is the most common minimum drinking age with 61% of countries subscribing to it. In India, minimum drinking age of 21 is the most common rule. There are states which define 18 years as the minimum drinking age and some states define 25 years as minimum drinking age. Enforcement of minimum drinking age specially on a higher side is always a challenge and violations are quite common.

State wise Minimum Drinking Age

State	Minimum Drinking Age
Uttar Pradesh	21
Karnataka	21
Maharashtra	21
Telangana	21
West Bengal	21
Madhya Pradesh	21
Rajasthan	21
Tamil Nadu	21
Andhra Pradesh	21
Haryana	21*
Delhi NCR	21*
Chhattisgarh	21
Punjab	25
Odisha	21
Uttarakhand	21
Kerala	21

*Source: Technopak analysis; * Minimum drinking age changed from twenty-five*

Distribution and pricing structure

Regulated distribution is one of the tools used by state governments to control the sale of alco beverages. As each state has its own model of distribution, there are multiple modes being used in the country including complete control of distribution network with state run wholesaling and retailing to control over either wholesaling or retailing and in some cases both. However, in some states, distribution is not carried out directly by the state where both wholesaling and retailing are in the hands of private players. States also control distribution by not allowing to open new outlets in their areas. Any movement of alco beverages outside the manufacturing units is authorized by government officials.

Distribution models in alco-beverage industry

Distribution Channel	Sub-Type	Examples of States	Differentiating Details
Distributor Model Company -> Distributor -> Retail	Type 1	Maharashtra, Goa, Assam	• Retail Private • Distributor Private
Corporation Model Company -> Corporation*-> Retail	Type 1	Rajasthan, Karnataka	• Retail Private • Corporation buys from the company and sells it to retailer
	Type 2	Madhya Pradesh	• Retail Private • Corporation warehouses hold company stocks; Retailer lifts stocks from the corporation and then invoices are raised based on retail lifting
	Type 3	Tamil Nadu	• Retail also owned by the corporation
Wholesale Model Company -> Wholesale**-> Retail	Type 1	Haryana, Delhi NCR	• Retail Private • Wholesale Private • Multiple competing businesses controlling chunks of wholesale and retail
	Type 2	Sikkim	• Retail Private • Wholesale Private • De facto monopoly of one group in wholesale

Source: Primary Research, Technopak Analysis

**Corporation is a state government-owned entity with a monopoly of distribution rights to retailers*

***Wholesalers are privately dealing with multiple manufacturers. A large part of retail and wholesale has common ownership.*

Taxes on alco-beverages serve the dual purpose of revenue maximisation and control proliferation of alco beverages

Taxes on alcohol increase its price and thus can be a powerful lever for influencing alcohol consumption, even if the purpose of those taxes is primarily to raise revenues and not necessarily to improve health. More than 60% of gross revenue of leading alcoholic beverage companies in India constitutes of excise paid directly to the state governments. Share of excise in total gross revenues of leading alco beverage companies in India has shown an increasing trend. In addition to excise, some states also charge sales tax. In addition to these taxes, there are one time or annual fees on label registration and related activities.

The quantum of tax under different heads is also a function of distribution model and revenue maximization objective of the states. Trade margins in states where one or both the leg of distribution is in private hands would also be a function of agreed MRP which are approved by the respective state governments.

Share of Excise to Revenue of alco-beverage companies in India (value in %)

Company	Industry	Share of Excise to Revenue			
		FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Allied Blenders & Distillers	Spirits	63%	63%	63%	56%
Diageo	Spirits	68%	71%	69%	63%
Pernod Ricard	Spirits	58%	59%	56%	52%
United Breweries	Beer	56%	60%	55%	62%

Source: Technopak analysis
Derived from annual reports

Source: Technopak analysis; Derived from annual reports

Illustrative pricing of IMFL in Uttar Pradesh

S. No	EDP* (per 750 ml)	Category	Consideration fees (INR)	Wholesaler margin (INR)	Retailer margin (INR)	MRP (INR)
	I		II	III	IV	V
1	0-70	Economy	(240+EDP)*75%	(3.75+EDP)*3%	(60+EDP)*20%	(I+II+III+IV)
2	70-125	Medium	(262+EDP)*82%	(4+EDP)*2.8%	(60+EDP)*20%	(I+II+III+IV)
3	125-250	Regular	(270+EDP)*83%	(4+EDP)*2.8%	(75+EDP)*10%	(I+II+III+IV)
4	250-400	Premium	(275+EDP)*85%	(4.75+EDP)*2.5%	(75+EDP)*10%	(I+II+III+IV)
5	400-600	Super premium	(290+EDP)*90%	(4.75+EDP)*2.5%	(85+EDP)*7.5%	(I+II+III+IV)
6	600 and Above	Scotch	(300+EDP)*95%	(4.75+EDP)*2.5%	(85+EDP)*7.5%	(I+II+III+IV)

Source: Technopak analysis
*EDP stands for ex distillery price

Illustrative Pricing of IMFL in Maharashtra

Sr No	Particulars	Formula	Values	Result
1	Excise Duty (Whichever is higher)	(Manufacturing Cost * 3)	(60 * 3) = 180.00	196.9
		OR	OR	
		350 * 0.75 *(Size of bottles / 1000)	350 * 0.75 * (750 / 1000) = 196.88	
2	MRP (Excluding VAT)	if (Manufacturing Cost < (Excise Duty / 3))	if (60 < (196.88 / 3))	316.9
		2 * Manufacturing Cost + Excise Duty	2 * 60 + 196.88	
		OR	OR	
		(Manufacturing Cost * 5)	(60 * 5) = 300.00	
		OR	OR	
		((Manufacturing Cost * 5) +(Manufacturing Cost - Cut Off) * 4)	(60 * 5) + (60 - 157.5) * 4 = -90.00	
		Cut Off = (Size of bottles / 1000) * 210	157.50 = (750 / 1000) * 210	
3	Value Added Tax (VAT)	(MRP * 35)/100	(316.88 * 35)/100	110.9
4	MRP (Including All Taxes)	(MRP + VAT)	(316.88 + 110.91)	427.8

Source: Secondary Research, Technopak Analysis

Import Duties on foreign liquor helps create a level playing field for the domestic industry

Foreign liquor imported into India is charged under custom duty as per Customs Act 1962. Customs tariff is applicable on finished product like scotch whisky bottled in country of origin or bulk scotch whisky imported for bottling in India as well as intermediate products like undenatured ethyl alcohol of alcoholic strength by volume of 80% volume or higher which is used for blending of local alco-beverages in India.

Alcoholic beverages imported in India are subject to excise and all other duties as per the excise rules of each state on the calculated deemed ex- distillery price. High customs duty coupled with high excise and other state duties has ensured that the market for imported alco-beverages is niche and small.

Import Duties on Alcoholic Beverages

HS Code	Commodities	Import Duties			
		2022-2023	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18
2203	Beer Made From Malt	100%	100%	100%	100%
2204 21	Port and other red wines, Sherry and other white wines, and Others; In containers holding less than 2 litters	150%	150%	150%	150%
2204 22	Port and other red wines, Sherry and other white wines, and Others; in containers holding more than 2 litres but not more than 10 litres	150%	150%	150%	150%
2204 29	Other: Port and other red wines, Sherry and other white wines, and Others, In container holding more than 2 litres	150%	150%	150%	150%
2204 30	Other Grape Must	150%	150%	150%	150%
2205 10	Vermouth and Other Wine of Fresh Grapes Flavoured With Plants Or Aromatic Substances; In Containers Holding 2 litres Or Less	150%	150%	150%	150%
2206 00 00	Other Fermented Beverages (For L 150% - Example, Cider, Perry, Mead Sake)	150%	150%	150%	150%
2207 10	Undenatured Ethyl Alcohol of an Alcoholic Strength by Volume of 80% Vol. Or Higher	150%	150%	150%	150%
2207 20	Ethyl alcohol and other spirits, denatured - any strength	5%	30%	5%	5%
2208 20	Spirits obtained by distilling grape wine or grape marc; In containers holding 2 l or less	150%	150%	150%	150%
2208 30	Whiskies: In containers holding 2 l or less	150%	150%	150%	150%
2208 40	Rum and other spirits obtained by distilling fermented sugarcane product; In containers holding 2 l or less	150%	150%	150%	150%
2208 50	Gin and Geneva; In containers holding 2 l or less	150%	150%	150%	150%
2208 60 00	Vodka	150%	150%	150%	150%

Source: Technopak Analysis
Data derived from Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC)

Custom duty and effect of pricing, Delhi Excise

S. No	Price parameter (Per Unit)	Rate of Calculation	Example(INR)
1	Cost, Insurance, freight (CIF)	Determined	100
2	Custom Duty	1.5	150
3	Import fee (per quart)	50	200
4	Profit Margin	Determined by licensee	90
5	EDP (deemed)	(1+2+3+4)	540
6	Profit margin for L1	12% of 5	65
7	WSP	(5+6)	605
8	Excise Duty	85% of WSP up to 1000+ 50% of amount by which MSP exceeds Rs 1000	514
9	VAT	Applicable rate X(7+8)	448
10	Price to retailer	(7+8+9)	1,567

Source: Technopak Analysis; Data derived from Delhi Excise policy

Point of sale activations and digital media are driving marketing and brand building initiatives in alco-beverage industry

Alco-beverage category being media-dark in India, point of sale activations and promotion in food services sector are the most important outlet for of surrogate marketing. Marketing in alco-beverage category is also done through sports tournaments, events, music festivals, and brand extensions in mineral water or other commodities offered under brand's name.

Mass media advertising as part of Above the Line ("**ATL**") marketing has been banned in India as per the Cable Television Network (Regulation) Amendment Bill, which came into effect on September 8, 2000. Digital media has become very important in alco-beverage marketing. Digital marketing has helped alco-beverage industry reach more consumers and made alcoholic beverages more accessible than before. Influencer-led campaigns have become a very integral part of marketing mix.

Alco-beverage companies work with lifestyle and alco-beverage influencers on a long-term basis who help them convert people from being just a brand advocate to become a brand loyalist. Alco-beverage companies have come together and taken up promotion of responsible drinking including 'No Drink and Drive' as part of their marketing and advertising plans.

Growth Drivers

Indian alco-beverage industry is leveraging demographic dividend, growing income level and rapid urbanisation to be one of the fastest growing markets in the world

Indian alco-beverage industry has been one of the fastest growing markets in the world. With expanding population, favourable demographics, expanding middle class, rising disposable income levels, greater preference for premium food and drink experiences and greater acceptance of alcoholic beverages in social circles. Increased consumption of liquor in rural areas will be another major reason for the growth in the market.

India's high population growth rate is adding 13 million drinking age adults every year out of which 3 million to 5 million people approximately end up consuming alcohol in some form. With a growing number of people joining the work force sooner than in the past and together with changing lifestyles and dismantling of social barriers to consumption of alcohol is driving growth in alcoholic beverage market in India. Greater social acceptance for drinking amongst women as well as in Tier II and Tier III towns is expected to open newer profitable consumer segments. Rapid increase in urban population, a sizable middle-class population with rising disposable income, and a growing economy are driving consumption of alcohol in India. These factors will also result in consumers choosing to upgrade to more quality offerings.

Premiumisation of Alco-beverages in India

Premiumisation is the most important theme in each of sub-segments of Indian alco-beverage sector. Volume growth in Indian alco-beverage market was led by popular segment in first decade and half of the century. However, market has transitioned to value led growth in more premium segments in the last decade. The trend of premiumisation is prevalent across the value chain including launch of new products, branding of shelf space in retail outlets and company outreach to its customers through multiple marketing initiatives.

Moreover, with the rise in disposable income, consumers would tend to upgrade their preferences, resulting in higher demand for products from prestige, premium and luxury segments. Rapid urbanisation is also leading to spur in aspirational values of people, driving consumption of premium alco-beverage brands. Indians travelling

abroad are also leading to an upgrade towards premium segments in the alco-beverage market. The trend is further amplified with the rising influence of social media on the millennials and rising aspirations.

Prominence of new channel of sales

Post pandemic new channels of sales are also getting prominence. Home delivery and limited e-commerce in alco-beverages became a reality during the pandemic. Convenience and better purchase experience with higher comfort level of women make home delivery a promising channel of sales. Home delivery can improve the penetration of alco-beverage industry as the number of outlets remain limited in India. Home delivery of alcohol started in some states during COVID-19 induced lockdown to cover losses in revenue as well as to control the crowd at liquor shops. However, there is a need for detailed regulations in this space as this channel has a lot of potential for growing the alco-beverage market.

Growth of in-home consumption

There has been a shift in consumer drinking habits post, with drinking becoming more common at homes. Consumers can spend lesser amount of money and consume more premium alcoholic beverages while drinking at home, as compared to drinking at restaurants, hotels, pubs, and bars etc.

Influence of On-trade

On-trade sales have a key role in introducing new tastes to consumers. As new products get prominence in On - trade, the off- trade segment picks up, giving the product category a multifold growth. This is true for multiple products like pasta and pizza where seeding of product was done in the food services segment followed by multifold growth in retail channel.

On-trade sale has been one of the key drivers of growth and premiumization in Indian alco-beverage industry. Increasing preference for premium food and drink experiences is driving consumption of alco beverages in On-trade channel. The emergence of novel food and beverage formats is further driving the On-trade sales of alco-beverages as consumers with higher disposable income spend more on alcoholic beverages as a share of their overall bills.

There is also a shift in how on-trade is happening, people are now looking for calmer experiences while consuming alcohol outside, and are drinking it for pleasure.

Reduction in social taboo around alcohol consumption and social drinking

The attitude towards alco-beverages has in the recent past been changing due to globalization, rising prosperity, and changing consumer demographics. A greater share of the young population and the rising influence of social media has led to acceptance of alcohol consumption across genders and age groups. It has become common for families to sit together and drink on special occasions and certain festivals. Rapid urbanization has also led to increasing alco-beverage consumption within the metropolitan and tier-I cities. There has been a shift in trend from binge drinking to social drinking among friends, professional settings as well as in families. As participation of women in workforce increases and their disposable income is also increasing, women are increasingly indulging in alco-beverage consumption.

Favorable excise policies can drive growth in Indian alco beverage market

Multiple states are coming up with favorable excise policies which promote better customer experience. There are opportunities to set up attractive retail outlets at prominent locations including malls and airports. States are revisiting the excise policies with the dual objective of better customer experience as well as revenue maximization. Multiple states have also taken initiatives to rationalize tax structure and recover the revenue loss by higher sales.

Barriers to Entry in the Indian Alco beverage market

Regulatory Barrier

Indian alco-beverage industry operates in a highly regulated environment with state-specific policies which impact industry volumes. High inter-state duties compel Indian spirits producers to set up owned or engage third-party manufacturing units in every state. Licenses are required to produce, bottle, store, distribute or retail alco-beverage products. Distribution of alco-beverages is also highly controlled, both at the wholesale and retail levels. All these factors serve as potential entry barriers for new players.

Fragmented distribution chain and strong relationship between incumbents

Distribution of alco beverage products is highly controlled by the state government. The entry of new players in distribution is prohibitive due to high regulation across states and strong relations between the current players and the retail outlets which may include exclusive arrangements.

Limited access to marketing levers with ban on Above the Line ("ATL") advertising

Alco-beverage category in India is media-dark. Mass media activation including Above the Line ("**ATL**") marketing activation has been banned in India as per the Cable Television Network (Regulation) Amendment Bill,

which came into effect on September 8, 2000. Any new brand will be handicapped as access to marketing levers will be limited.

Bias towards premium and luxury segment in new launches

New launches in Indian alco-beverage market have a bias towards prestige and luxury segment. Indian alco - beverage market across segments has seen multiple launches but there is a clear trend that popular and prestige segments which contribute close to 80% of the overall are not seeing new launches. Current players are well entrenched in the segment and incremental benefit of new launch in these segments is lower. This also limits the opportunity to drive volumes for new brands. This points to high entry barrier in the segment as profitability is possible only at enhanced scale of business.

Threats and Challenges to Allied Belnders, and its products and services
Complex interstate structure and higher excise duty

In India, every state has its own set of rules and regulation with varied and different provisions and tax rates, and there is no centralized tax rate for alcohol. For instance, Goa's tax rate structure is such that it offers affordable alcohol as compared to its neighboring states, especially Karnataka which has the highest tax rates for alcohol in the country. While the excise duty mandated by the government is high making it a challenge for the players to sustain their margins. Pricing in many markets is controlled by the government, and passing on increasing raw material costs on time are also among the challenges faced by the players in the industry.

Competition from International and Domestic players

With the shift of the alcohol industry towards premiumization, ABD and other alcobev players face a threat with increasing presence of international brands in the premium segment, and domestic players like Amrut distilleries or Piccadilly distillery introducing premium alcobev products. ABD has gained a stronghold in the prestige and above segments with brands like Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies and ICONiQ White Whisky. The company plans to further strengthen its premium portfolio with Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies, X&O Barrel Whisky, and Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin.

Threat from illicit or counterfeit products and trademark infringements

Trade of illicit or counterfeit products is a threat to players like ABD as counterfeiting goes beyond the product's label, and it often includes bottle design and caps. Brands investing in producing good quality products for the consumers face risks of losing consumer faith, brand equity and sales due to such counterfeit products. ABD has also faced such scenarios wherein it filed complaints against trademark infringements as it deteriorates its brand value in the market.

Regulations and compliance for production and retailing

There are regulatory restrictions on production and retailing of alcohol in India, and the pricing and sale is often capped by government. The price increase is based on government guidelines, while in terms of retailing, players often have to restrict to defined quotas. Direct and indirect advertising of alcohol is prohibited in India which makes it a challenge for branded players like ABD to promote and increase the brand reach.

Supply chain and distribution Challenges

Distribution and supply of alcoholic beverages is not same as the other sectors in India. Each state has their own set of rules and regulations with varied and different provisions and restrictions on the movement of alcohol from one state to another. This makes supply chain and distribution in the alcohol industry a big challenge as each state requires labels stating alcohol to be sold only in the given state, and also there is requirement for different labels for different SKUs of a brand. For instance, all liquor movement from a manufacturing unit is done only post getting permits by the excise department and paying the duty against the permit, and the goods are supposed to reach the destination within the duration the permit, else approvals are required to be taken again. Instances such as above make it very challenging for the companies to smoothly operate their supply chain.

***Shift towards low alcohol content drinks or non-alcoholic beverages*:** The rising health concerns and consumer awareness are resulting into lower alcohol consumption or alcohol consumption with lower alcohol content, or consumers preferring non-alcoholic beverages to substitute the same. This shift can be a threat to ABD and other players.

WHISKY MARKET IN INDIA

India is the largest whisky market in the world leveraging its large and growing drinking population

India is the largest whisky market in the world with almost one out of every second bottle of whisky sold in India. A large population base with positive demographic trends including young population, growing income, and

increasing urbanisation is driving growth of Indian whisky market. India is traditionally a distilled spirits market with close to 90% of pure alcohol consumption in form of distilled spirits in Fiscal 2022. Growing income has a direct co-relation with increase in per capita consumption and whisky category being the largest category in Indian alco-beverage market will benefit the most from the positive demographic factors and growing income.

World whisky market 2021 (Volume in million cases)

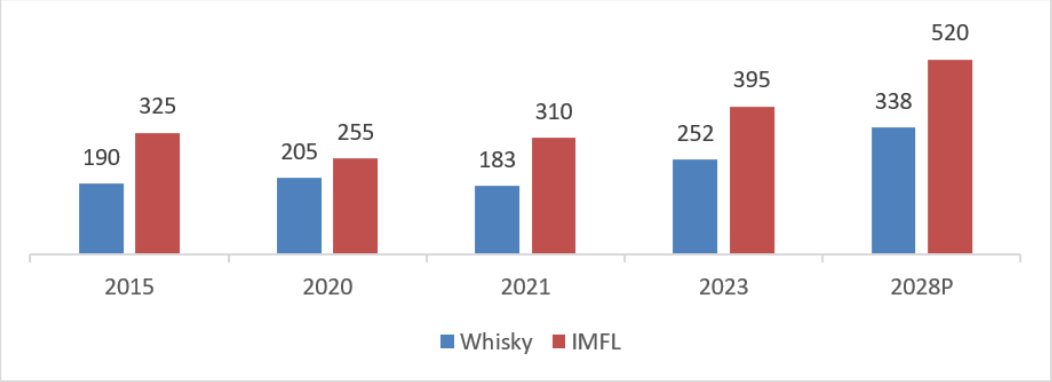
Market	CY 2021
India*	210
USA	54
France	21.5
Others	138
Total	423

*Source: Technopak Analysis; *Data for India for Fiscal 2022; The millionaires club by Drinks International; Distilled spirit council of USA, Scotch whisky association*

Whisky to lead growth in distilled spirits market in India

Sale of whisky in India in Fiscal 2023 accounted for 64% of IMFL sales by volume and 68% by value. In addition, the popular segment also known as mass premium segment constituted approximately 37% of the total IMFL market by volume in India in Fiscal 2022. Whisky category is expected to lead recovery of alco beverages in India leveraging economic recovery, pent up demand, strong at home consumption trends and premiumisation trends. Indian whisky market is projected to reach 338 million cases by Fiscal 2028 after a volume decline of close to 10% in Fiscal 2021 due COVID-19 related events including complete lockdowns, loss of sale in On-trade channel and conservative approach of customers' post COVID-19 pandemic.

Indian whisky market trend for Fiscal (Volume in million cases)



CAGR	FY 2015-20	FY 2021-23	FY 2023-28P
Whisky	1.5%	17.3%	6.0%
IMFL	1.8%	12.9%	5.7%

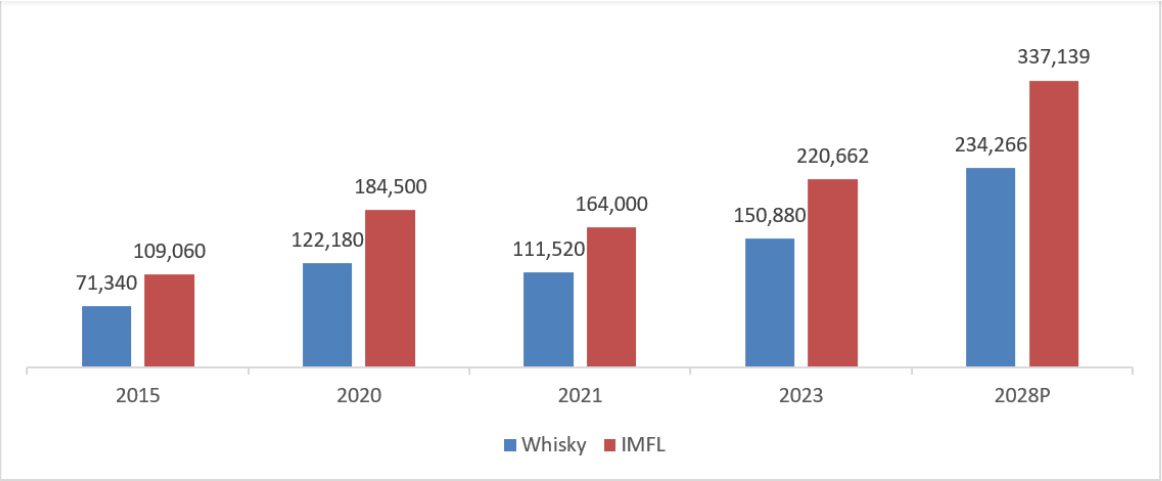
Source: Technopak Analysis
The millionaires club by Drinks International
+ includes imported

Indian Whisky market projected to reach US$ 28.5 billion by Fiscal 2028 leveraging demographic trend, new customers and premiumisation

Indian whisky market was valued at ₹ 1,508.80 million in Fiscal 2023 and is projected to reach ₹ 2,342.66 billion by Fiscal 2028. The market is set to drive value growth with strong premiumization trends leading to up-trading within the category as well as increasing preference for high value products across price segments. Volume growth in alco beverages including whisky category has tapered to a single digit growth from Fiscal 2013 onwards due to overall regulatory issues and general economic trends.

Rising income, growing urbanization, and increasing awareness towards western tastes and trends is driving premiumization. There is a shift in the purpose of consumption of whisky from being a stimulant to recreation and socializing. The industry will leverage the trend towards premiumization to drive value growth.

Indian whisky market Trend for Fiscal (Value in ₹ crore)



CAGR	FY 2015-20	FY 2021-23	FY 2023-28P
Whisky	11.5%	16.5%	9.2%
IMFL	11.1%	16.0%	9.0%

Source: Technopak Analysis
The millionaires club by Drinks International
+ includes imported

Indian whisky market is traditionally a price sensitive market with value segment being the core to the category

Indian whisky market can be divided into four segments including popular, prestige, premium and luxury segments. The value segment consisting of popular and prestige segment contributed close to 86% of total volume for the Indian whisky market in Fiscal 2023. Up-trading from IMIL to popular, and similarly popular to prestige segments is one of the strong themes of whisky market. Prestige segment, also known as deluxe segment is the largest segment for whisky market contributing 51% of the whisky market by volume in India at 124 million cases in Fiscal 2023, showing consistent growth over the years and projected to reach 192 million cases contributing 54% by Fiscal 2028. It is projected to add highest number of cases to the overall whisky market in India.

Popular segment, also known as mass premium segment will continue to play an important role in the price sensitive category including rural markets and IMIL. Popular segment or mass premium segment with sale of 67 million cases in Fiscal 2021 contributed 37% by volume to whisky market in India. It is projected to reach 83 million cases by volume in Fiscal 2025.

Premium segment is projected to grow at the fastest rate among all segments, leveraging premiumization trends, urbanisation, rising income, and a young and aware customer profile. Luxury segment is driven by high end imported whisky including blended as well as single malt whisky consisting of bottled in India ("**BII**") and bottled in origin ("**BIO**") products with a strong market in On- trade segment including hospitality segment.

Category split by Price Range and Segments (in ₹)

Segment	Price Range (INR)	Brands
Popular	Upto 450	Aristocrat, Bagpiper, Bangalore Malt, Director's Special, Gold Riband, Haywards Fine, Original Choice, Old Tavern
Prestige	450-1,000	Director's Special Black, Imperial Blue, McDowell's No. 1, Officer's Choice, Officer's Choice Blue, Royal Stag, Royal Green Whisky, White and Blue, Sterling Reserve B7*, Royal Challenge
Premium	1,000-2,200	100 Pipers, Blender's Pride, Signature, Sterling Reserve B10 Premium*
Luxury	2,200 and above	Chivas Regal, 100 Pipers 12 Years, Paul John, Rampur, Amrut, Ballentine

*Price as Karnataka State Beverages Corporation for 750 ml pack. *Pricing segmentation of Sterling Reserve B7 & B10 as per Telangana State prices*
Source: Technopak Analysis

Pricing of whisky in different states of India has high degree of variation

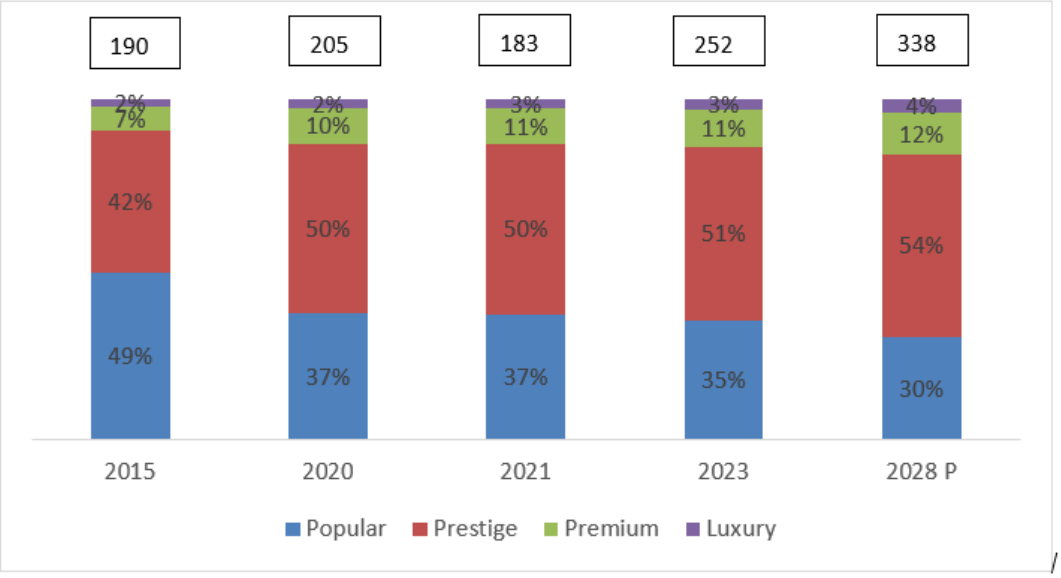
Prices of alco beverages in India are controlled by respective state governments with varying tax structure leading to high variation in prices across states.

IMFL Whisky split by Price Range and Segments (in ₹)

Segment	Brand	Delhi	Karnataka
Prestige	Director's Special Black	480	~726
	McDowell's No.1	490	~822
	Officer's Choice	360	660
	Officer's Choice Blue	370	~822
Premium	Blender's Pride Reserve Coll.	1,047	~2,258
	Sterling Reserve B 10	750	Not Registered
	100 Pipers 8 YO	1,310	~2,808
Luxury	Ballantines	1,700	2,400
	Jack Daniels	2,400	~3,460

Note: Latest prices as per excise dept of Delhi and Karnataka. Price for 750 ml pack Source: Technopak Analysis, State excise dept.

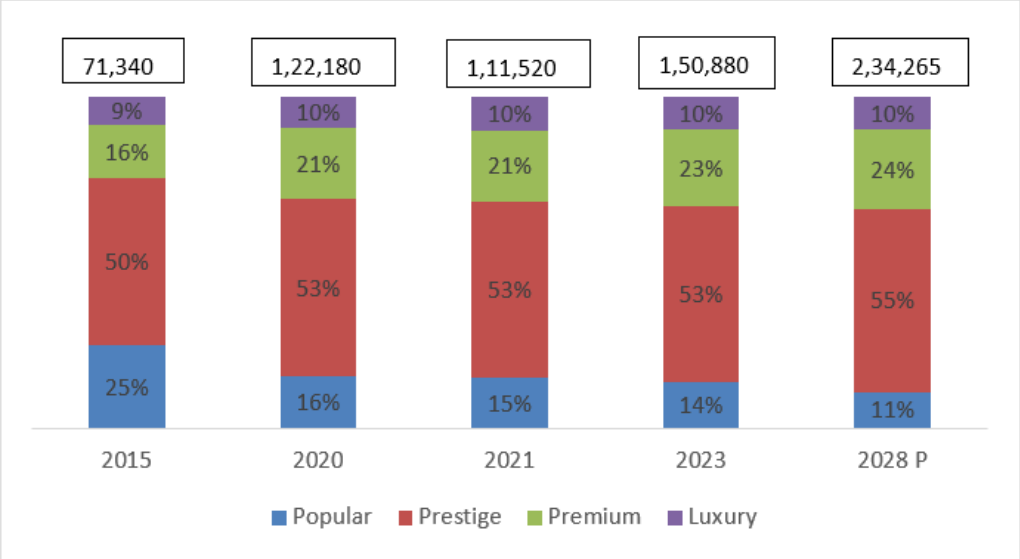
Segment wise split of whisky sales for Fiscal (volume in million cases)



Segment	FY 2015-20	FY 2021-23	FY 2023-28P
Popular	-4.0%	14.5%	3.8%
Prestige	5.2%	18.5%	8.3%
Premium	10.1%	19.9%	9.0%
Luxury	4.4%	24.2%	13.4%
Overall	1.5%	17.4%	6.0%

Source: Technopak Analysis
The millionaires club by Drinks International
Annual reports

Segment wise split of Whisky sales – for Fiscal (Value in ₹ crore)



Segment	FY 2015-20	FY 2021-23	FY 2023-28P
Popular	1.8%	11.7%	5.0%
Prestige	12.7%	16.2%	11.0%
Premium	17.9%	21.0%	11.1%
Luxury	14.1%	14.9%	10.2%
Overall	11.5%	16.4%	9.2%

Source: Technopak Analysis
The millionaires club by Drinks International
Annual reports

Strong presence in value segment is key to drive growth in premium and luxury category

Contribution of premium and luxury segment by value is projected to reach around 34% of the overall whisky market by Fiscal 2028 from 33% in Fiscal 2023. However its contribution by volume would still be close to 16% in Fiscal 2028. The complex regulatory environment and inter state variations as well as inter state applicable taxes make it necessary for companies to drive volumes across all segments. Alco-beverage companies need a strong presence in value segment including popular and prestige segment to gain from presence in premium and luxury segments by driving operational leverage.

Allied Blenders and Distillers have successfully leveraged their strength in popular segment to launch succesful brands in both prestige and premium segments. Sterling Reserve has been one of the most successful launches, with expressions in both the Prestige and Premium segments, achieving the millionaire case status in the first year of its launch. In Fiscal 2023, the company launched three new whisky brands in a staggered fashion in key markets:

- ICONiQ White Whisky in the Prestige segment
- Srishti Whisky in the Prestige segment
- X&O Barrel Whisky in the Premium segment

In addition, over the same period, the company also introduced two extensions of Sterling Reserve:

- Sterling Reserve B7 Whisky Cola Classic Mix: a whisky flavoured with cola
- Sterling Reserve BX Hippy Deluxe Blended Whisky: with stylish packaging format

United Spirits Ltd, India's leading player in spirits market has hived off a large part of its brand portfolio consisting of brands from popular segment as a franchisee business. The company has further rationalised its portfolio by selling thirty two brands and franchising another eleven brands. This has increased its contribution of prestige and above price segment to 85% from the earlier 74% (by value). Contributon of popular segment to sales for United breweries came down from 54% in Fiscal 2015 to close to 15% by value in Fiscal 2022 after this rationalisation of the brand portfolio.

Pernod Ricard, India's second largest player in alco-beverage market does not have any brand in the popular segment but it has gained prominence in the Indian whisky market through its marquee brands in prestige segment including Imperial Blue and Royal Stag. Growth in premium segements also drives profitability for companies in the alcobeverage segment as share of excise as a percentage to overall pricing is lower as compared to popular

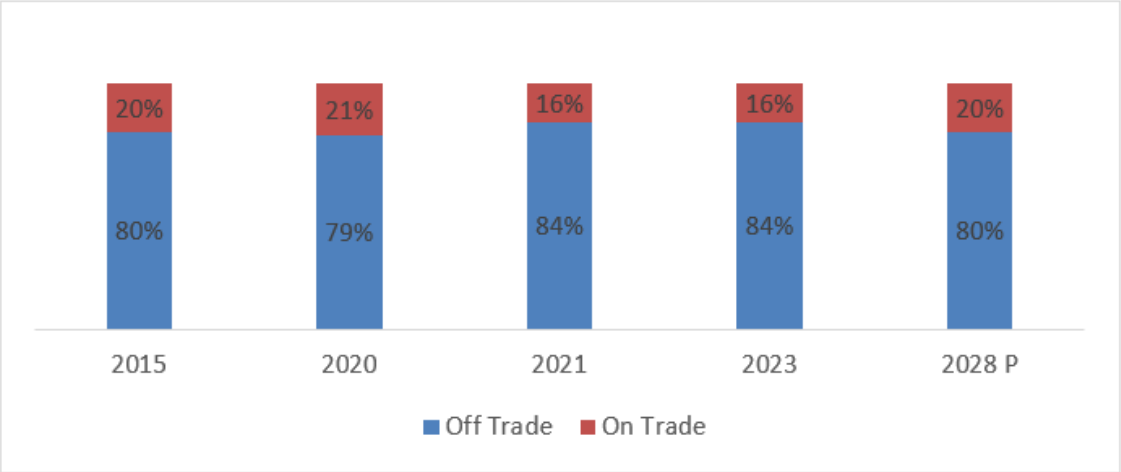
segment. Higher prominence and growth in premium and luxury segments of whisky category also ensures that incidence of alco-beverage consumption in lower strata of the society which may suffer more due to percieved addictive nature of product, is lower. Many states have come up with favourable policies towards premium and luxury segment of alco beverages including a customer friendly retail environment and presence in high retail locations.

On Trade prominence is key to growth of premium and luxury segments

On-trade activations are key to driving sale of products from premium and luxury segment. It is more important in alco-beverage market as marketing levers are limited due to media dark nature of the industry. Alco beverage companies use On-Trade platform to promote range, new launches, and other marketing activities to engage with the target group of customers. The young profile of Indian consumers with a growing popularity of alco beverages as a social drink and an element of recreation makes the role of On-Trade segment a very important lever.

Alco beverage companies are engaging with their target group through digital channels to promote Do It Yourself ("**DIY**") trend, promoting product innovation and customer engagement through ready to drink versions of their popular brands, product hacks on whisky-based cocktail ideas and other in-house party ideas. Growth of e-commerce in alco -beverage can add more strength to increased in-home consumption of whisky.

Sales split by value: On Trade vs off Trade for Fiscal



Source: Technopak Analysis, Primary Research

Importance of exports and import for whisky category in India

Indian whisky is unique as it is not bound by any rules on ageing or storage in specialised casks. Indian whisky is only required to use ethanol produced from an agricultural source. Weather condition in India can also be detrimental to ageing of alcohol as losses are higher in Indian tropical weather. Indian sugar companies use molasses produced as a by-product during processing of cane sugar, to produce ENA which is sold off to Indian spirits companies, though top spirits companies in India are nowadays largely using ENA produced from grain in their IMFL products.

Imported whisky plays an important role in blending with Indian grain whisky. Majority of whisky imported in India is used to blend with Indian grain whisky. Another important segment of imported whisky includes whisky that is imported in bulk and bottled in India (BII segment). This constitutes a large part of the premium segment. Luxury segment of whisky is dominated by bottled in origin (BIO segment) whisky with both blended as well as single malt whisky. Imported whisky is marketed in India highlighting its pedigree including ageing, quality of wash, use of specialised barrels, filtration process as well as expertise in blending process. Scotch whisky has the highest contribution to imported whisky in India. The top spirits companies in India today include the top two companies of the world which has led to access to the marquee brands of the world in India.

Any import of alco-beverages including whisky's is liable to a customs duty of 150%. This is applicable on finished product like scotch whisky bottled in country of origin or bulk scotch whisky imported for bottling in India as well as intermediate products like undenatured ethyl alcohol which may be used for blending with production in India.

World's Top Exporters of Whisky by volume (2021)

Rank	Country	% Share
1	United Kingdom	52%
2	US	7.6%
3	Ireland	7%
4	Singapore	5%
14	India	0.8%

Source: Technopak Analysis, Trademap
HSN: 220830

UAE imports approximately 42% of the total whisky exported by India

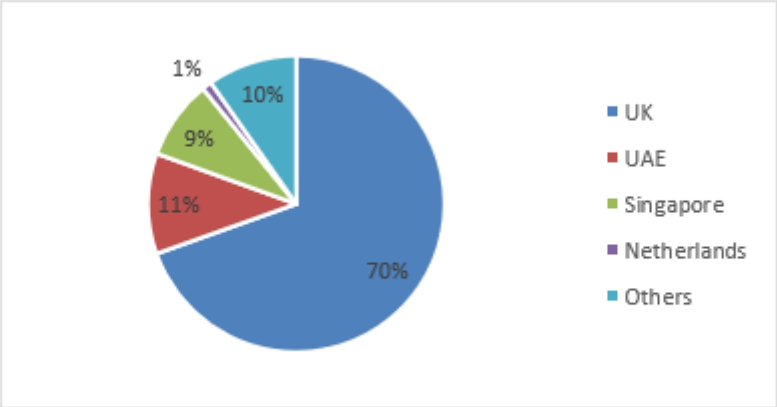
Export of Indian whisky is limited as Indian whisky does not conform to specifications listed for whisky in major markets of the world. Indian whisky is popular in countries with large Indian diaspora with middle east being the biggest market for Indian whisky. In 2020, India exported approximately 67.6 million litres of whisky to other countries in the world. United Arab Emirates ("**UAE**") was the largest importer of IMFL whisky importing approximately 28.19 million litres (approximately 3 million cases) in 2022 accounting for 42% of the total share.

Indian whisky companies have started to develop marquee brands adhering to high quality raw materials and processing standards to come up with unique product offerings which stand out for product notes and flavour as well as overall product quality. Amrut Single malt whisky and Paul john single malt whisky are two products with successful launches in this category. Top alco-beverage company including United spirts and Pernod Ricard have also forayed into India based single malt products.

India gets approximately 70% of its total imports from the United Kingdom

United Kingdom is the largest exporter of whisky to India. India was the largest importer of scotch whisky by volume in the world in 2022.

Country wise split of whisky imported by India by volume for 2022 (in %)



Source: Technopak Analysis
Trade map

Source: Technopak Analysis; Trade map

Country wise import of Scotch Whisky by calendar year (Volume in million 70 cl) bottles

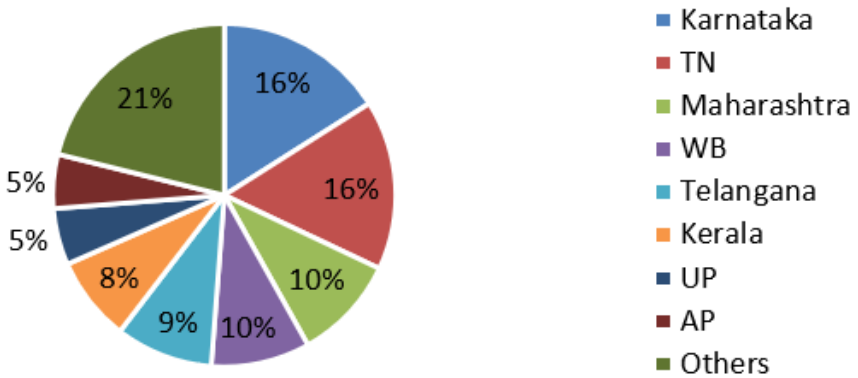
Country	2023	2022	% Growth
India	167	219	-23.74%
France	174	205	-15.12%
USA	127	137	-7.30%
Brazil	43	93	-53.76%
Japan	60	75	-20.00%
Germany	59	67	-11.94%
Others	720	873	-17.53%
Total	**1,350**	**1,669**	**-19.11%**

Source: Technopak Analysis; Scotch whisky association; Note: 70 cl bottle equivalent to 700 ml

Southern states contribute close to 45% of Indian Whisky market

Indian IMFL market is dominated by five southern states in India contributing more than 50% of total consumption by volume. Karnataka and Tamil Nadu are the top two markets in the country contributing more than 30% of overall consumption of IMFL by volume in India in Fiscal 2020. Prohibition of country liquor has led to growth of IMFL in southern states. Southern states contribute close to 45% of whisky sold in the country.

State wise sale of IMFL in India by volume– Fiscal 2023 (Total volume 395 million cases)



Source: Technopak Analysis
Data derived from excise depts of multiple states

Source: Technopak Analysis; Data derived from excise dept multiple states

State wise ranking by Whisky sales in India – Fiscal 2023 (Total volume 252 million cases)

State	Rank
Karnataka	1
Telangana	2
Maharashtra	3
Uttar Pradesh	4
Andhra Pradesh	5

Source: Technopak Analysis; Data derived from excise dept multiple states

Key players in Indian whisky market

Indian IMFL market is a concentrated market with top three players controlling close to half of the Indian IMFL market by volume in FY 2021. These three companies are also the top whisky selling companies in India.

United Spirts Ltd is the leader of Indian IMFL market. It is the largest spirits company in the world by volume with largest number of brands in the world till 2015. United Spirts Ltd is controlled by the largest spirits company in the world, Diageo plc. United Spirits had 8 millionaire brands in the Indian whisky category including McDowell's No. 1 which was the top selling whisky in the world for 2022 by volume.

Pernod Ricard India is wholly owned subsidiary of Pernod Ricard SA. It is the second largest company in the IMFL market in India. Pernod Ricard has played a key role in premiumisation of Indian whisky market with a range of iconic brands including Imperial Blue, Royal Stag, and Blenders Pride. Pernod Ricard acquired wine and spirits business of Seagram in India which gave it a prominent position Indian IMFL market. It is the most profitable company in alco-beverage industry in India. It had 3 millionaire brands in Indian whisky category for 2022.

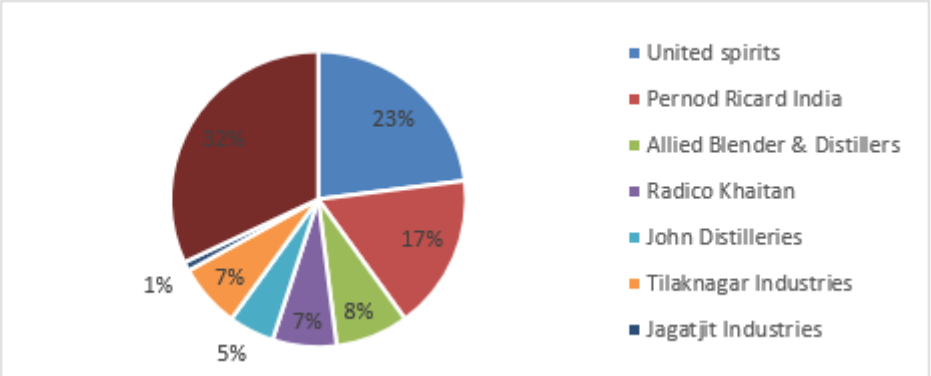
Allied Blenders and Distiller is the largest Indian-owned IMFL company and the third largest IMFL company in India, in terms of annual sales volumes between Fiscal 2014 and Fiscal 2022. Allied Blenders and Distiller is one of only four spirits companies in India with a Pan-India sales and distribution footprint. It is also and leading exporter of IMFL. ABD had an estimated market share (in terms of sales volume) of 11.8% in the Indian whisky market for Fiscal 2023.

Allied Blenders and Distillers India has a portfolio of millionaire brands or brands that have sold over million 9-litre cases in one year. Its brands such as, Officer's Choice Whisky, Sterling Reserve, Iconiq Whisky and Officer's Choice Blue, are 'Millionaire Brands'. Its top selling whisky brand Officer's Choice, launched in 1988 rose to the top of Indian market with sale of 25.1 million cases in Fiscal 2016. Officers' Choice franchise including Officer's Choice Whisky and Officer's Choice Blue bettered its performance by selling of 34.2 million cases in Fiscal 2016. Its flagship brand Officer's Choice Whisky franchise has been among the top selling whisky brands globally in terms of annual sales volumes between 2016 and 2019. Officer's Choice Whisky franchise including Officer's choice Blue is currently ranked third among the largest selling whisky brands globally in 2021. Officer's Choice Whisky is the market leader in the popular segment, also known as mass premium segment in India with a market share of 20.9% in terms of annual sales volumes in Fiscal 2023.

Allied Blenders and Distillers has successfully transitioned from an exclusive popular segment play in whisky category with successful launches in both prestige and premium category. Officer's Choice Blue whisky, its offering in prestige segment sold one million cases in the first year of its launch in 2011 and touched sales of 8 million cases within four years of its launch in 2015 to 2016. It is among the leading whisky brands in its segment in several Indian states with share of 4.3% in Fiscal 2023 by – sales volume.

Allied Blenders and Distillers entered premium segment in 2017 with its twin offering Sterling Reserve Blend 10 and Blend 7 which crossed one million cases in first year of launch. In calendar year 2019, Sterling Reserve was the fastest growing spirits brand globally by volume, at a growth rate of 131%. Sterling Reserve was the fastest growing spirits brand by volume in India in Fiscal 2021 with 2% growth whereas other whisky brands in the segment de-grew. Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was the third largest selling brand in the Semi premium whisky segment by volume in India in FY 2022. Allied Blenders and Distillers is also the top exporter of IMFL from India.

IMFL market in India by players – Fiscal 2023 (Total volume - 395 million cases)



Source: Technopak Analysis; Data derived annual reports, investor presentation

Company wise Rank by Whisky sales in India – Fiscal 2023 (total volume – 252 million cases)

Company	Rank
United Spirits	1
Pernod Ricard	2
Allied Blenders and Distillers	3
John Distilleries	4
Radico Khaitan	5

Source: Technopak Analysis; Data derived from annual reports, investor presentation

Key Players in Whisky category in India

Company	Brands
Allied Blenders and Distillers	Officer's Choice, Officers' Choice Blue, Sterling Reserve Blend 7, Sterling Reserve Blend 10
United Spirits	McDowell's No. 1, Bagpiper, Royal Challenge, Signature, Antiquity, VAT 69, , Black Dog, Johnnie Walker
John Distilleries	Original Choice, Black Pelican, Paul John
Pernod Ricard India	Imperial Blue, Royal Stag, Blenders Pride ,100 Pipers, Chivas Regal, Ballantine's, Glenlivet
Radico Khaitan	8 PM, After Dark, Royal Ranthambore, Whytehall

Source: Industry reports, Technopak Analysis

Indian whisky brands dominate the list of top 30 whisky brands in the world

Indian whisky brands dominate the list of top selling whisky brands in the world. As per 'The Millionaires Club' by drinksint.com in the year 2023, top four highest selling whisky brands in the world were from India and sixteen out of the top thirty-three selling whisky brands in the world were from India. The top five whisky brands in India sold close to 116 million cases in 2022 which is close to 60% of the overall market in India. The top five whisky brands in India include one each from United Spirits, Allied Blenders and Distillers and John Distillers. Pernod Ricard has two whisky brands in top five whisky brands.

Top selling Indian Whisky brands by ranking and volume for calendar year

Brand	World Ranking 2022	India Ranking 2022	Sales (Million cases) 2022
McDowell's No.1	1	1	30.8
Royal Stag	2	2	27.1
Officer's Choice	3	3	24.9
Imperial Blue	4	4	24
Blenders Pride	8	5	9.5
8PM	10	6	9.1
Royal Challenge	12	7	7.2
Sterling Reserve	15	8	5
Royal Green	23	9	3.1
Director's Special	24	10	3
8PM Premium Black	27	11	2.8

Source: Technopak Analysis; Drinksinternational.com

New launches in Indian whisky market point to consolidation in popular segment and growing trend of premiumisation in the market

Indian whisky market is witnessing a growing trend towards premiumisation with new launches and brand relaunches in prestige and above segment. Premiumisation of whisky market in India has a strong bias towards up-trading from popular to prestige and similarly prestige to premium segment. Prestige segment is the new popular segment for alco-beverages companies in India as marketing spend is focussed on prestige and above segments. Top companies are launching new products which stand out in terms of the ingredients, flavours, packaging, and other distinctive properties of alcoholic beverages including smell, taste, and sight. Top companies are investing in premium space including Indian single malt. United Spirits entered premium craft whisky segment with the launch of Epitome Reserve, a limited first batch of 2,000 bottles which is made with rice.

Sterling Reserve Blend 7 and Blend 10 are two of the most successful launches in the Indian whisky market which sold more than a million cases in the first year of launch. Officer's Choice whisky from Allied Blenders and Distillers has consistently been the market leader in this segment.

New Launches in IMFL Whisky Segment since 2016

Year	Brand	Company
2016	McDowell's Silk Honey	Diageo/ United Spirits
2018	Oakton Barrel Aged	Unibev Ltd.
	Sterling Reserve B7	Allied Blenders and Distillers
	Sterling Reserve B10	Allied Blenders and Distillers
	Black Bow Himalayan	Ginglani Distillers
	JW White Walker	Diageo/ United Spirits
	Governer's Reserve	Unibev Ltd.
2019	Singleton of Glendullan	Diageo/ United Spirits
	Woodburns	Fullarton Distilleries
2020	Ardbeg Wee Beastie	Ardbeg Distilleries
	Suntory Toki	Beam Suntory
	Copper Dog	Diageo/ United Spirits
2021	Oaken Glow	Pernod Ricard
	Epitome Reserve	Diageo/ United Spirits
	Royal Ranthambore	Radico Khaitan
	Jameson Black Barrel	Pernod Ricard
2022	Godawan Single Malt	Diageo/ United Spirits
	Indri	Piccadily distilleries
	Srishti Premium Whisky	Allied Blenders and Distillers
	X&O Barrel Premium Whisky	Allied Blenders and Distillers
	Lucifer's Gold Original	Charter Brands Ltd
2023	The Glenwalk	Cartel & bros

Source: Technopak Analysis

Cost Structure of the Industry

States and union territories in India have adopted different approaches to taxing and regulating alco-beverages. Pricing of alcohol is strictly controlled by respective states. Each state has its own formula of deciding the prices of alco-beverage products. Price is determined by two key factors including EDP which covers the cost of production and state excise policies which specify duties, license fees, cess and surcharges, wholesale margin and retail margin. Taxes and margin are calculated as a percentage of EDP. Contribution of taxes progressively decreases as the EDP moves up as per the category of the product.

One of the key challenges in the Indian alco-beverage industry is revision of MRPs with increasing cost of production. MRP revisions need to be approved by the states as it is the prerogative of the respective excise departments. While the window to revise MRPs in many states is annual in nature, in some states like Kerala and Telangana revision of MRPs can take three to four years, even though price of raw material may increase or decrease through the year. There are exceptions like Maharashtra where MRPs can be revised through the year.

State excise departments also charge multiple annual fees including brand label registration fees before marketing of the given brand is allowed. This fee can be annual or once in three years or one time as well. Other fees can include bottling fees, stock transfer fees, import and export fees.

State wise cost structure of the Popular and Premium segment (in %)

	Premium			Popular		
State	Ex distillery	Excise	Sales Tax	Ex distillery	Excise	Sales Tax
Maharashtra	19%	37%	27%	16%	41%	27%
Andhra Pradesh	18%	7%	-	12%	10%	-
Telangana	18%	19%	-	10%	24%	-
Delhi	18%	-	-	20%	-	-
Haryana	20%	6%	4%	24%	15%	6%
West Bengal	18%	38%	-	11%	68%	-
Uttar Pradesh	18%	40%	-	12%	68%	-

Source: Technopak analysis; State excise websites

Factors driving premiumisation in whisky segment in India

Rising income and rapid urbanisation

Rise in disposable income is leading to consumers upgrading their preferences, resulting in up-trading in from country liquor to IMFL whisky and up-trading within categories of IMFL whisky including popular, prestige, premium, and luxury segments. Rapid urbanisation is also leading to spur in aspirational values of customers. The emergence of new consumers expecting more sophisticated experiences is driving the demand for premium quality whisky with up-trading in each segment.

Growing awareness and exposure to international trends

Indians travelling abroad is also leading to an upgrade towards Premium segments in the whisky category. The trend is further being amplified with the rising influence of social media on the millennials and their rising aspirations.

Changing Profile of customer seeking new experiences and high-quality products

The shift in trend of consumption of whisky towards drinking better quality products rather than focusing on the quantity is leading customers to choose premium brands in each segment. Higher disposable income with a greater need to explore new products and experiences serves the premiumisation of whisky in each segment.

Shift towards a healthier lifestyle

In last few years, there has been a shift in lifestyle with consumers choosing to live a healthier life. This trend has become stronger post COVID-19 pandemic. Customers are ready to pay a premium to move to a higher quality product in each segment. This is going to help up-trading within each segment as well as up-trading from one segment to the other as higher priced products are perceived as healthier.

Emergence of technology and changes in ways of socialising

Technology boom and prevalence of western culture of social drinking is driving premiumisation in whisky category. Consumption of alcohol is socially more acceptable among millennials and there is a shift in the way people socialise from late night parties to pubs and lounges and informal food-related occasions at-home.

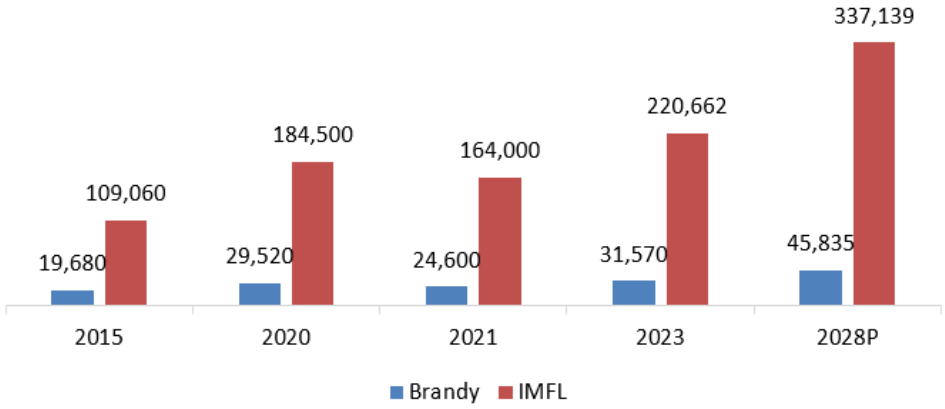
Evolving Retail experience

Retailing of alco-beverages including whisky is going through transition in India. Multiple states through their excise policies have allowed for a better retail experience including larger stores, stores at high retail destinations, evolved merchandising, and product tastings. This is leading to a positive effect and up-trading of brands by the customer.

BRANDY MARKET IN INDIA

Brandy is a beverage made by distillation of wine. It may be aged or matured to possess aroma and taste of brandy. Unlike brandies from European and other western countries, Indian blended brandy is a mixture of minimum 2 percent of pure grape brandy with any other fruit or flower brandy as recommended by the Indian Law. Indian brandies are permitted to use ENA from other sources of agricultural origin. It is convenient for the producers as it is very cheap compared to brandy made from distillation of 100% grapes. India's tropic and warm weather almost round the year does not make brandy a suitable drink for all seasons due to its warming effects on the body. But the picture of brandy is slowly changing with new variation & innovation coming into the Indian market.

IMFL Brandy Sales (in ₹ crore) and CAGR for Fiscal



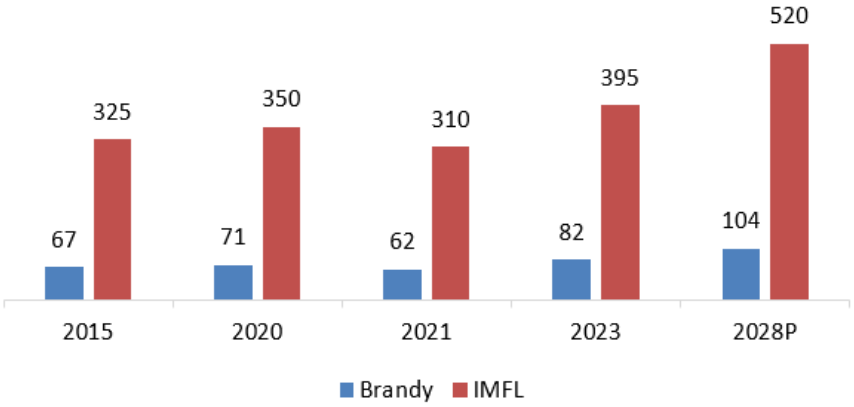
~CAGR	FY 2015-20	FY 2020-2023	FY 2023- 28 P
Brandy	8.4%	2.3%	7.7%
IMFL	11.1%	6.1%	9.0%

Source: Technopak Analysis

Source: Technopak analysis

Brandy market was valued at ₹ 315.70 billion for Fiscal 2023. It accounted for approximately 14 % of the total IMFL market by value in Fiscal 2023. Brandy is projected to grow at a CAGR of approximately 7.7% over the period of Fiscal 2023 to Fiscal 2028 by value and is expected to reach ₹ 483.50 billion by Fiscal 2028. And by volume, it accounted for approximately 20.7% of IMFL market for the same period.

IMFL brandy Consumption Volume (in million cases) and CAGR for Fiscal



CAGR	FY 2015-20	FY 2020-2023	FY 2023- 28 P
Brandy	1.2%	4.9%	4.9%
IMFL	1.5%	3.6%	5.7%

Source: Technopak Analysis

Brandy Segments by Price/Product

Brandy consumers in India are price sensitive as maximum brandy brands are in the popular and prestige segments that fall under ₹ 800 (for 375 ml). However, IMFL brandy market is showing trends towards premiumisation and many of new launches are in premium and luxury segments.

Category split by Price Range and Segments (in ₹)

Segment	Price Range* (INR)	Brands
Popular	Upto 450	Mont Castle Grape, Old Admiral, White House VSOP, Honey Bee Genuine, Mansion House XO, McDowell's VSOP
Prestige	450-800	Morpheus XO blended, Courier Napoleon, Especial Constantino, Kyron, Papillon Reserve
Premium	800-1,500	Morpheus Blue XO, Roulette XO, Napoleon Pure Grape, Louis XV, God's Own VSOP
Luxury	1,500 and above	Janus 100% Grape, Hennessy, St. Remy, Torres 5

Source: Technopak Analysis
**Prices according to Telangana state (375 ml)*

There is high degree of variation in price structure of brandy in different states.

Each state in India has independent cost structure with unique excise duties and other applicable taxes on alco-beverages which leads varying prices from state to state.

Brandy split by price range and segments (price in ₹)

Segment	Brand	Telangana	Karnataka
Popular	Old Admiral VSOP special	560	474
Prestige	Mansion House XO	680	1,164
	McDowell's VSOP	760	1,199
Premium	Kyron	1280	1,748
	Morpheus XO blended	1280	2,041
Luxury	Janus 100% Grape	2770	3,338
	Hennessy VSOP Cognac	9070	11,738

Source: Technopak Analysis and state excise dept.
Prices for 750ml

Key Players and Key Launches

Diageo, Radico Khaitan, Amrut Distilleries hold a significant share in the market followed by Allied Blenders, Tilaknagar Industries and John Distilleries as top producers of IMFL brandy in India.

Key Players in Brandy segment in India

Company	Brands
Allied Blenders	Officer's Choice, Kyron
Bacardi	Good Man
United Spirits	McDowell's VSOP, Honeybee
John Distilleries	Roulette, Mont Castle
Radico Khaitan Limited	Morpheus, Whytehall, Old Admiral
Tilaknagar Industries	Mansion House
LVMH and Diageo	Hennessy X.O

Source: Technopak Analysis

Premium Category is leading new launches in brandy segment in India for 2023

New launches of brandies in the premium and luxury price segment are appealing to the higher income group consumers. Companies operating in the Indian brandy market continue to use innovation to target gaps in product offerings.

New Launches in IMFL Brandy Segment since 2015

Year	Brand	MRP
2015	Janus	3,338
2018	Laffaire Napolean Premium French	1,862
2019	Sparta VSOP**	760
	Hennessy Paradis	7,900
2021	Burlingtons VSOP*	1,500
	Courrier Napolean Green	1,965
	Paul John XO	10,000
	Martell Dame-Jeanne	NA
2022	Morpheus Blue XO	1,748
	Bacardi Good Man	4,225
	Mansion House	1,049

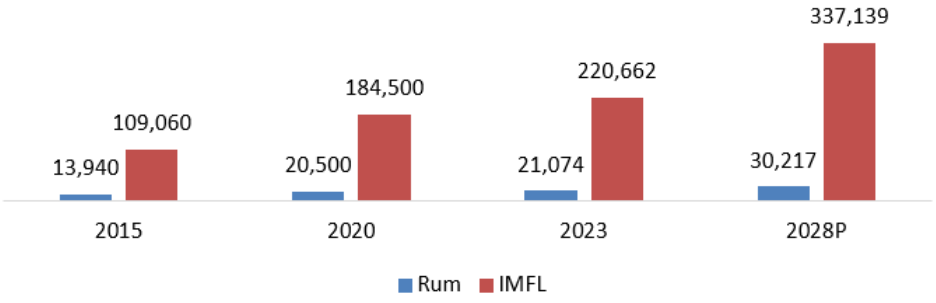
Source: Technopak Analysis
State excise dept, Karnataka
Note: Data based on availability
Prices for Karnataka for 750 ml pack
**Prices for Maharashtra for 750 ml pack*
***Prices for Tamil Nadu for 750 ml pack*

RUM MARKET IN INDIA

Rum is a liquor made by fermenting and then distilling sugarcane molasses or sugarcane juice. It is available in two types- dark rum and light rum. Dark rum is the more popular category with a notable share of approximately 98% followed by light rum. Dark rum gets its distinctive characteristics from addition of caramel or by the maturation in oak containers. The sales of IMFL rum are driven by canteen stores department or army canteens. Rum is also the preferred alco-beverage drink in the southern and eastern states of India.

The Rum segment with a market size of ₹ 210.74 billion by value in Fiscal 2023 recovered from the impact of COVID-19 in Fiscal 2021 and Fiscal 2022 and attained the pre-COVID sales levels in Fiscal 2023. The market is expected to reach ₹ 321.70 billion by Fiscal 2028 growing at a CAGR of 7.5%. Rum volume was close to 51 million cases in Fiscal 2023. It is projected to reach approximately 62 million cases in Fiscal 2028.

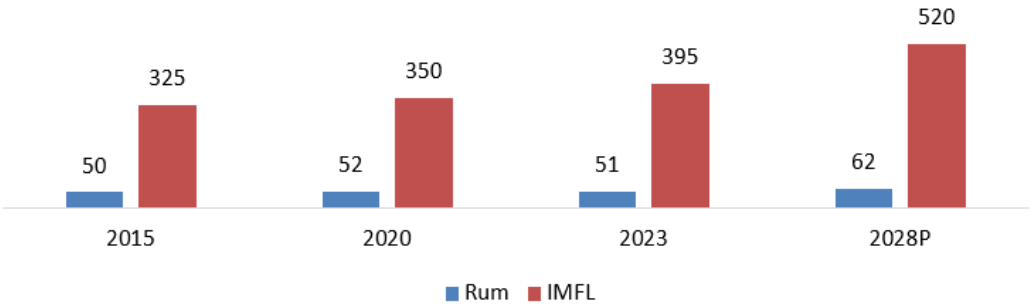
IMFL Rum Sales (in ₹ crore) and CAGR in Fiscal



CAGR	FY 2015-20	FY 2020-23	FY 2023-28 P
Rum	8.0%	1.0%	7.5%
IMFL	11.1%	6.0%	9.0%

Source: Technopak Analysis

IMFL Rum sale (in million cases) and CAGR - in Fiscal



CAGR	FY 2015-20	FY 2020-23	FY 2023- 2028P
Rum	1.0%	-0.6%	4.1%
IMFL	1.5%	3.6%	5.7%

Source: Technopak Analysis

WINE MARKET IN INDIA

Wines as undistilled alco beverage contribute close to 13% to pure alcohol consumption globally but In India the contribution is approximately 0.1%

Consumption of wine is India is limited but it is one of the emerging alco-beverage categories in India. Growing awareness of perceived health benefits of wines underpinned by income growth and changing profile of consumers is driving growth in wine category.

However, supply and demand side constraints have limited the growth of Indian wine market. India being a price conscious market and alco beverages sale primarily driven by consumption as a stimulant are demand side factors for low sale of wines in India. Supply side constrains include weather conditions limiting production of wines and high tariff as well as treatment at par with other alco beverages with stringent regulatory norms. Non-native markets in Asia including China, Japan and South Korea have developed into large markets for wines driven by imported wines. However, uniform tariff structure for all alco-beverages in India has limited the growth of imported wines in India.

Domestic wine manufacturers have invested in the value chain including upstream and downstream operations to leverage growing acceptance of wines in the premium and luxury segment in metro cities in India. Mega and mini metros including Mumbai, Bangalore, Delhi-NCR, Hyderabad, and Pune are the major consumption centres for wines in India.

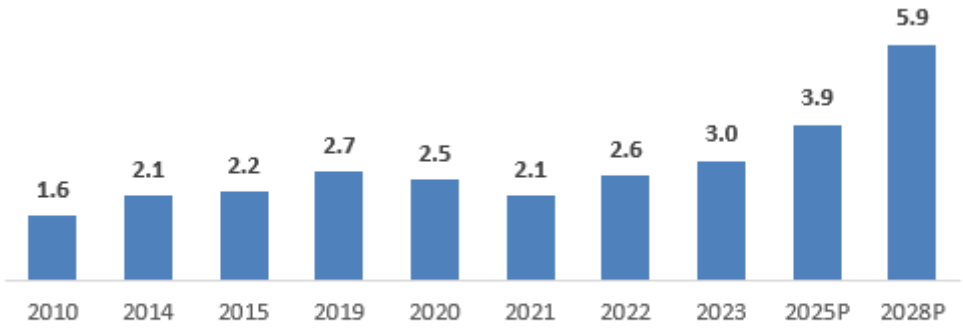
Indian Wine Market is projected to grow at a CAGR of 14.7% in terms of volume from Fiscal 2023 to Fiscal 2028 with domestic players dominating volumes

Indian wine market crossed 3 million cases in Fiscal 2023 and is projected to grow to 5.9 million cases by Fiscal 2028, thus exhibiting a CAGR of 14.7% during the forecasted period. Factors such as changing lifestyles, increasing urbanization and disposable incomes, and a growing interest in wine culture is contributing to the expansion of the wine market in India.

Indian wines are now being noticed with increasing penetration both in Off-trade and On-trade channels. Favorable excise policies in select states are driving consumption of wines as higher consumption of wines supports the grape farmers.

Indian wine makers are based in Maharashtra and Karnataka. Indian wine market is a concentrated market with domestic players controlling the market as domestic wine players have steadily increased their prominence in the market. The top three players including Sula vineyards, Fratelli wines and Grover Zampa contribute close to 80% of the domestic 100% grapes market, with Sula vineyards being a market leader commanding a market share of close to 60% in Fiscal 2023.

Indian Wine Industry Market Size by Volume (In million cases) for Fiscal



Source: Technopak Analysis

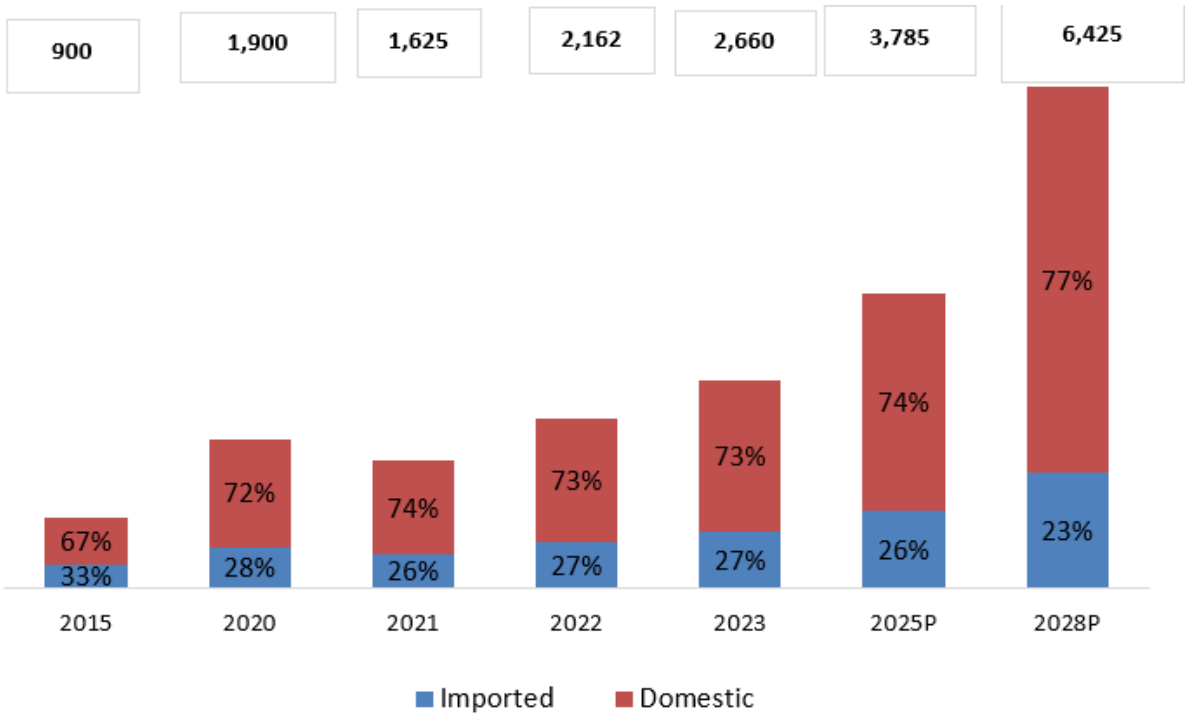
Imported wines have played a critical role in development of nascent wine market in India

Imported wines played a key role in development of wine market in India. However, growth in imported wines has been mute. Its contribution to Indian wine market is projected to go down to 16% in Fiscal 2028 against 19% in Fiscal 2023. Imported wines are prominent in On-Trade segment. Lack of scale, complex regulatory environment, increasing price due to high import tariffs on foreign wines, especially in a price conscious market like India, and prominence of domestic wine players are major factors leading to the decreasing contribution of imported wines in the Indian wine market.

Indian Wine Market is projected to reach ₹ 64.25 billion by Fiscal 2028

The Indian wine market reached approximately ₹ 26.60 billion by value in Fiscal 2023 and is expected to increase to ₹ 64.25 billion by Fiscal 2028 with a CAGR of 19.3% from Fiscal 2023 to Fiscal 2028 by value. Wine market is leveraging positive factors including premiumisation of alco-beverage industry, wider acceptance of wine as a social drink and growing perception of wine as a healthy alternative to spirits.

Indian Wine Industry Market Size by value for Fiscal (In ₹ Crore)



Source: Technopak Analysis

BEER MARKET IN INDIA

Beer is the largest category in undistilled alco beverage market contributing close to 34% to recorded pure alcohol consumption in the world

Beer is the second most consumed alco beverage in the world after spirits in terms of recorded pure alcohol consumption. Consumption of beer is higher than spirits in Europe and American continents. Beer contributes close to approximately 8% of recorded consumption of pure alcohol in India. A low per capita consumption as compared to developing and developed countries points to opportunity in beer category in India.

Per Capita consumption of Beer in pure alcohol form in 2022 (Volume in litres)

Country	Per Capita Consumption
Germany	5.7
USA	4.0
United Kingdom	4.5
France	2.8
China	1.8
India	0.2
World	2.0

Source: Technopak Analysis

Indian beer market has high potential with overall contribution to world market at two percent for 2022

World beer market is estimated at close to 2.3 billion hecto litres in 2022. The contribution of Indian market to world beer market is approximately 2%. The primacy of high alcohol content beverages in India has limited the size of beer market in India. However, a very low base underpinned by positive demographic trends and rising income and growing acceptance of alco-beverage is driving growth in beer category in India.

Key Beer Markets in world in 2022 (value in million hecto litres)

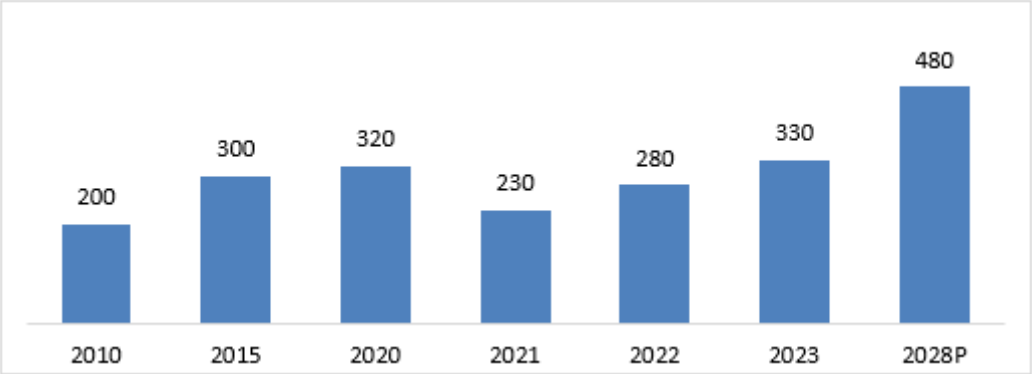
Country	Market Size (Million Hecto Litres)
China	425
USA	220
Germany	82
United Kingdom	50
India	48
France	30
World	2,300

Source: Technopak Analysis

Indian beer market is projected to reach over 480 million cases by Fiscal 2028

Indian beer market is projected to reach over 480 million cases Fiscal 2028, growing with a CAGR of 8% for the period between Fiscal 2023 to Fiscal 2028. Beer has become one of the most popular alcoholic beverages in the country over the past two decaded.

Indian Beer Market trend for Fiscal (value in million cases) – years in Fiscal



Source: Technopak Analysis

COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE

Indian alco beverage is a concentrated market with strong players across segments

India alco-beverage market is dominated by strong players across different segment including IMFL, beer and Wine segments. Indian western spirits market including IMFL and imported spirits market has top three players including United Spirits, Pernod Ricard India and Allied Blenders and Distillers controlling more than 50% of the market by volume in Fiscal 2023.

Summary

Particulars		Allied Blenders and Distillers	United Spirits	Pernod Ricard	Radico Khaitan	Tilaknagar Industries	John Distilleries	Jagatjit Industries	Globus Spirits
Volume - FY 23 (Million Cases)		32.2	72.5	55.0*	28.2	9.6	19.0*	4.7	14.4
Volume CAGR (2019-23)		-3.6%	0.4%	11.9%*	4.1%	11.5%	5.4%*	15.3%	2.6%
Volume CAGR (2021-23)		8.0%	1.1%	NA	12.8%	38.6%	53.3%	NA	8.2%
Segment Presence	Popular	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Prestige	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Premium	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
	Luxury		✓		✓				
% Contribution Prestige & Above		35.0%	66.0%	NA	33.6%	19.8%	95.5%**	89.0%**	NA
Whisky as % Sales – FY 23		97.0%	72.0%^	90.0%^	64.4%^	0.86%	90.0%^	90.0%^	NA
Key Brands		Officer's Choice, Officer's Choice Blue, Sterling Reserve Blend 10, Sterling Reserve Blend 7, ICONiQ White Kyron	McDowell's No 1, Bagpiper Signature, Royal Challenge, Johnnie Walker	Royal Stag, Blender's Pride Imperial Blue, Ballantine's Chivas Regal	8 PM, Magic Moments Vodka, Rampur	Mansion House, Courier Napoleon	Original Choice Whisky, Roulette Whisky	Aristocrat	County Club GR8 Times Dry Gin Goldee - Blue and Red
Millionaire Brands		Officer's Choice, Officer's Choice Blue, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Iconiq Whisky	McDowell's No. 1 Whisky, McDowell's No. 1 Celebration Rum, Royal Challenge Whisky, Director's Special Whisky, Old Tavern Whisky,	Royal Stag Whisky, Blender's Pride Whisky, Imperial Blue Whisky	8 PM Whisky, 8 PM Premium Whisky, Old Admiral Brandy, Contessa Rum	Mansion House Brandy	Original Choice Whisky Bangalore Malt Whisky	NA	

		Haywards Fine Whisky, Signature Whisky, Bagpiper Whisky						
Distillery / Bottling Units	Distillery :1 Bottling: 32	Distillery :37 Bottling: NA	Distillery :2 Bottling: 29	Distillery :6 Bottling: 41	Distillery :20 Bottling: 1	Distillery :8 Bottling: NA	Distillery:16 Bottling: NA	Distillery :4 Bottling: 5

Source: Annual Reports, Technopak Analysis
Note: Figures for Pernod Ricard India FY 2021 and John Distilleries are for FY 2022. Figures for Globus Spirit and Jagatjit Industries are for FY 2022.^ Share of whiskey is for Fiscal 2022.

Allied Blenders and Distillers is the largest Indian and independent company in the Spirits Industry in India unlike United Spirits and Pernod Ricard India that are subsidiary of Diageo plc and Pernod Ricard SA respectively. It has over the years established market leadership in the alcoholic beverages market in India with a market share of 8.2% in IMFL market by sales volumes in Fiscal 2023. There is a similar trend across beer and wine segments where top three players control more than 50% of the market.

Indian alco beverage companies have been able to build market share across states by investing in both upstream and downstream activities. The complex nature of market with each state as a unique market gives incumbents with scale across states an advantage over new and upcoming brands in the market.

Top players in Indian Alco-beverage market Fiscal 2023 (E) by volume

Segment	Rank	Company
IMFL	1	United Spirits Ltd
	2	Pernod Ricard India
	3	Allied Blenders and Distillers
Beer	1	United Breweries Ltd
	2	Anheuser- Busch InBev India
	3	Carlsberg
Wine	1	Sula Vineyards
	2	Fratelli Wines
	3	Grover Zampa Vineyards

Source: Annual reports, Technopak Analysis

Key players and their presence across categories

Company	Year of Establishment	Whisky	Rum	Brandy	Vodka	Gin	Wine	Country Liquor
Allied Blenders and Distillers	1988	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Jagatjit Industries	1944	✓	✓	✓	✓			
John Distilleries,	1992	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Pernod Ricard India	1993	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Radico Khaitan	1943	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Tilaknagar Industries	1933	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
United Spirits	1826	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Globus Spirits	1993	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓

Source: Annual reports, Technopak Analysis

Key players and their volume trends (in million cases) (in Fiscal)

Company	2015	2019	2021	2022	2023	CAGR (2015-23)
United Spirits	94	82	71	79	72.5	-3.2%
Pernod Ricard India	28	58	55	NA	NA	11.9%
Allied Blenders and Distillers	32	37	26	28	32	-0.8%
Radico Khaitan	20	22	22	26	28	4.3%
John Distilleries	13	21	18	19	NA	4.9%
Tilaknagar Industries	8	7	5	7	9.6	2.3%
Jagatjit Industries	11	7	2	3	4.7	-10.1%
Globus Spirits	11.9	11.9	12.3	14.6	14.4	2.4%

Indian alco-beverages market has traditionally been a price sensitive market, but recent trends show growing influence of premiumisation across price segments

Indian alco-beverage market has traditionally been very price sensitive. Market can be divided in two broad categories including 'Popular,' and 'Prestige and Above' which is further categorised into Prestige, Premium and luxury price segments. Even though Popular category continues to play a key role, Indian market is steadily moving towards premiumisation with increase in share of Prestige and above category.

It is critical to have products across price segments and distribution reach across states in the Indian alco-beverage market as top companies drive sales using scale and operational leverage over players with limited scale or limited range across price segments. Allied Blenders and Distillers has leveraged its leadership position in popular segment to drive business in prestige and premium segments with very successful launches in respective categories.

Key players and whisky presence across segments

Company	Popular	Prestige	Premium	Luxury
Allied Blenders and Distillers	✓	✓	✓	
Jagatjit Industries	✓	-	✓	-
John Distilleries	✓	-	✓	✓
Pernod Ricard India		✓	✓	✓
Radico Khaitan	✓	✓	✓	✓
Tilaknagar Industries	✓	✓	✓	
United Spirits	✓	✓	✓	✓
Globus Spirits	✓	✓		

Source: Annual reports, Technopak Analysis

Key players and volume across segments for Fiscal 2023 (in million cases)

Company	Volume in Million cases		% Contribution	
	Popular	Prestige and above	Popular	Prestige and above
United Spirits	24.6	47.9	34.0%	66.0%
Pernod Ricard India*	0.0	55.0	0.0%	100.0%
Allied Blenders and Distillers	18.8	11.3	62.4%	37.6%
Radico Khaitan	18.6	9.4	66.4%	33.6%
John Distilleries *	17.0	0.8	95.5%	4.5%
Tilaknagar Industries	7.8	1.8	81.3%	18.8%
Jagatjit Industries**	2.4	0.3	89.0%	11.0%
Globus Spirits**	10.6	~4.0	72.6%	~27.4%

Source: Annual reports, Technopak Analysis

Note: *Figures for Pernod Ricard India and John Distilleries are for FY 2021. **Figures for Globus Spirits and Jagatjit Industries are for FY 2022.

Indian made Foreign Liquor Market (IMFL) in India is dominated by Popular and Prestige segment

IMFL is unique with high contribution of popular and prestige segments. However, category growth is led by premium segment. Top alco beverage companies leverage their presence in popular and prestige segment to drive their portfolio in premium and luxury segment.

United Spirits has the largest portfolio of brands across all the four segments. It has reduced contribution of popular segment by volume from 64% in Fiscal 2015 to 34% in Fiscal 2023 by franchising many of the brands in the Popular segment. In its latest agreement with Inbrew Beverages Private Limited, United Spirits has sold off 32 brands including Haywards, Old Tavern, White Mischief, Honeybee and Romanov. It has also entered into franchise agreement for another 11 brands including Bagpiper. It is driving growth of prestige and above segment through portfolio rationalisation, brand relaunches and leveraging imported range from its parent company, Diageo.

Pernod Ricard India has no presence in popular segment. It has concentrated on driving value through its range of Indian whisky in prestige segment and the imported range in premium and luxury segment.

Allied Blenders and Distillers has built its business by growth in sales of its flagship brand Officer's Choice whisky. Officer's Choice has established itself over the years as one of the biggest brands in Indian and Global whisky market. The company has successfully extended its Officer's Choice franchisee into the Prestige and Above segments with Officer's Choice Blue whisky. The company has further extended its portfolio in whisky category with launch of Sterling Reserve Blend 7 and Blend 10 in the premium category. Alongside whisky, the premium brandy i.e.- Kyron and rum i.e.- Jolly Roger have also contributed to the growth of sales of the company. In F, the company also launched three new brands namely ICONiQ White Whisky, Srishti Whisky and X&O Whisky, all of which operate in the Prestige and Above segments.

Indian alco beverage market is dominated by whisky

India has traditionally been a high alcohol content alco- beverage market with more than 90% of recorded pure alcohol consumption in the form of spirits. Whisky is the largest category with a share of approximatey 59% by volume in the total IMFL in Fiscal 2023. The share of whisky in the total IMFL market has been constant over the years and is expected to grow to approximately 60% by volume in Fiscal 2025. Top alco beverage companies derive more than half of their sale volumes through whisky.

India is the largest whisky market in the world by volume. Whisky consumption in Fiscal 2021 was 183 million cases which is estimated to have recovered to close to 243 million cases in Fiscal 2023 making it one of the strongest categories that led to the recovery of the alco-beverage market in India after the impact from COVID-19. Brandy and Rum are other important categories after Whisky in the dark spirit's market.

Volume split in IMFL market Fiscal 2022 (in million cases)

Company	Whisky	Others
Allied Blenders and Distillers	94.9%	5.1%
Jagatjit Industries	90.0%	10.0%
John Distilleries	90.0%	10.0%
Pernod Ricard India	90.0%	10.0%
Radico Khaitan	54.2%	45.8%
Tilaknagar Industries*	8.6%	91.4%
United spirits	78.6%	21.4%
Globus Spirits	NA	NA

Source: Annual reports, Technopak Analysis. FY 2023 data not available
Note – Tilaknagar Industries and Allied Blenders and Distillers Data for FY 2023

Company	FY 2020			FY 2021		
	Vol (Mn cases)	Whisky (%)	others (%)	Vol (Mn cases)	Whisky (%)	others (%)
United Spirits Limited	79.7	74.1%	25.9%	70.7	84.1%	15.9%
Radico Khaitan Limited	24.3	48.3%	51.7%	22.3	51.8%	48.2%
Globus Spirits Limited	15.0	NA	NA	12.3	NA	NA
Allied Blenders and Distillers	33.2	95.8%	4.2%	25.5	96.4%	3.6%

Company	FY 2022			FY 2023
	Vol (Mn cases)	Whisky (%)	others (%)	Vol (Mn cases)
United Spirits Limited	79.1	78.6%	21.4%	72.5
Radico Khaitan Limited	26.4	54.2%	45.8%	28.2
Globus Spirits Limited	14.6	NA	NA	14.4
Allied Blenders and Distillers	28.4	96.8%	3.2%	32.2

Source: Annual reports, SME input
Technopak Analysis

Indian whiskies dominate the millionaire brands list with seven brands from the top 10 selling dark spirits in the world in CY 2022

Indian Whisky brands have traditionally dominated the coveted millionaire brands list for spirts in the world. There has also been change in the Indian brands in the list with higher participation for brands from prestige segment.

Millionaire brands from India 2022 (volume in million cases)

Company	Millionaire brand	Sale (Million cases)
Allied Blenders and Distillers	Officer's Choice	24.9
	Sterling Reserve	5.0
John Distilleries	Bangalore Malt Whisky	NA
	Original Choice Whisky	NA
Pernod Ricard India	Imperial Blue Whisky	24
	Blender's Pride Whisky	9.5
	100 pipers Whisky	1.7
	Royal Stag Whisky	27.1
Radico Khaitan	8PM Whisky	9.1
	8PM Premium Whisky	1.8
	Contessa Rum	1.4
	Old Admiral Brandy	3.8
	Magic Moments Vodka	5.2
	8PM Premium Black Whisky	2.8
United spirits	McDowell's No. 1 Whisky	30.8
	McDowell's No. 1 Celebration Rum	8.7
	Royal Challenge Whisky	7.2
	Director's Special Whisky	2.6
	Old Tavern Whisky	4.1
	Haywards Fine Whisky	12.0
	Signature Whisky	2.0
	Bagpiper Whisky	5.3

Source: Annual reports, Technopak Analysis
Drinks International/ The Millionaire club

Indian alco-beverage market is witnessing product launches in premium and luxury price segment

Premiumisation is one of the strongest trends in the Indian alco-beverage market. Growing trend of premiumisation in Indian alco-beverage market is evident from the list of recent launches by all the major players in the market. Allied Blenders and Distillers have successfully launched Sterling Reserve Blend 7 and 10 in the premium segment with sale of more than a Million cases in the first year of its launch in Fiscal 2017. Allied Blenders and Distillers has also entered and reinforced its foothold in the luxury segment through the launch of X&O and Srishti brands in 2022.

Another trend is that there are no new launches in the popular or mass premium segment which shows that incumbents are well entrenched and entry and success in this segment is limited. Officer’s choice whisky from Allied Blenders and Distillers is the leader in this segment.

New Launches in Indian alco-beverage market

Company	Brand	Segment
Allied Blender and Distillers	Sterling Reserve	Premium
	X&O	Premium
	Srishti	Premium
	ICONiQ White	Prestige
John Distilleries	Paul John XO	Luxury
Pernod Ricard India	Oaken Glow	Premium
	Jameson Black Barrel	Premium
Radico Khaitan	Royal Ranthambore	Luxury
	Morpheus Blue XO	Premium
	Pluton Bay Exotic	Premium
Tilaknagar Industries	Courrier Napolean Green	Premium
Piccadilly Distilleries	Indri	Luxury
United spirits	Copper Dog	Luxury
	Epitome Reserve	Luxury
	Singleton of Glendullan	Luxury
	JW White Walker	Luxury
Globus Spirits	Black Lace Rum	NA
	Royal Grandeur	NA
	Regal Estate	NA

Source: Annual reports, Technopak Analysis

Complex regulatory environment in Indian alco-beverage industry makes a state level distillery and bottling infrastructure a precondition for sizable market share

Each state in India is a unique market for Indian alco-beverage companies. Every company must invest in distillery and bottling units in multiple states as movement of alco -beverage from one state to the other may lead to additional duties and charges. Key players have a wide network of distilleries and bottling units which are either owned or contracted units.

Key players and their Distillery and Bottling Units

Company	No. of distilleries	No. of Bottling Units
Allied Blender and Distillers	1	32
Jagatjit Industries	16	0
John Distilleries	8	NA
Pernod Ricard India	2	29
Radico Khaitan	6	41
Tilaknagar Industries	20	1
United spirits	37	0
Globus Spirits	5	5

Source: Annual reports, Technopak Analysis

Retail Penetration (number of outlets) (Fiscal 2023)

Company	Retail outlets (Nos)	Number of States and UT
Allied Blender and Distillers	79,329	30
Jagatjit Industries	~10,000	17
John Distilleries	~25,000*	7
Pernod Ricard India	~60,000*	-
Radico Khaitan	75,000+	-
Tilaknagar Industries	~40,000	8
United Spirits	70,000+	26
Globus Spirits	NA	11

Source: Annual reports, company website Technopak Analysis
*Data available for FY 2021 for Pernod Ricard India and John Distilleries
Note: As per available data

Marketing spend as a percentage of gross sales for Fiscal 2023

Company	Marketing Spend
Allied Blender and Distillers	1.8%
Jagatjit Industries	0.9%
John Distilleries	0.3%*
Pernod Ricard India	3.0%*
Radico Khaitan	1.0%
Tilaknagar Industries	7.9%
United Spirits	3.3%
Globus Spirits	0.8%

*- Marketing spend for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries calculated for FY 2022.
Source: Annual Reports, Technopak Analysis

FINANCIAL LANDSCAPE

Financial landscape compares leading companies of IMFL against key financial indicators including revenue and profitability metrics and key financial ratios to arrive at an overall view of the IMFL companies in India.

Summary of Financials

(₹ in million, unless stated otherwise)

Parameters	United Spirits Limited (Consolidated)			Radico Khaitan Limited (Consolidated)			Globus Spirits Limited (Consolidated)			Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (Consolidated)		
	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY21	FY22	FY23
Revenue from operations[1]	274,185	310,618	278,154	105,040	124,705	127,439	16,721	23,438	28,225	63,788	71,969	71,057
Total income[2]	2,74,581	310,973	278,885	105,180	124,779	127,533	16,787	23,505	28,303	63,978	72,082	71,167
EBITDA[3]	10,267	14,784	16,650	4,229	4,096	3,678	2,618	3,352	2,534	2,130	2,076	1,961
EBITDA margin[4]	12.6%	15.2%	15.7%	17.6%	14.3%	11.7%	21.3%	21.2%	12.0%	9.1%	7.7%	6.2%
Profit after tax for the year/period[5]	3,621	8,106	11,258	2,645	2,485	2,044	1,440	1,873	1,222	25	15	16
PAT Margin[6]	4.5%	8.3%	10.6%	11.0%	8.7%	6.5%	11.7%	11.9%	5.8%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
ROE[7]	8.9%	16.6%	18.8%	14.7%	12.3%	9.3%	24.4%	24.2%	13.8%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%
ROCE [8]	17.9%	24.1%	23.0%	20.6%	17.0%	11.9%	31.7%	33.2%	19.8%	26.5%	25.1%	25.9%
Annual Sales Volumes[9] (million cases)	70.7	79.1	72.5	22.3	26.4	28.2	12.3	14.6	14.4	25.5	28.4	32.2
- Whisky sales volumes[10] (%)	84.1%	78.6%	NA	51.8%	54.2%	NA	NA	NA	NA	96.4%	96.8%	94.9%
- Other sales volumes[11] (%)	15.9%	21.4%	NA	48.2%	45.8%	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.6%	3.2%	5.1%
Working Capital Days[12] (days)	86	69	62	78	74	90	8	2	8	12	10	31
Net Debt/Equity[13] (times)	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	2.4	2.1	1.8
Net Debt/EBITDA[14] (times)	0.8	0.2	(0.1)	0.4	0.2	1.6	0.5	0.4	1.0	4.3	4.0	3.8

Note: The data for licensed capacity and capacity utilisation has not been presented in the above table, since this information is not available for the listed peers, in public domain. Further, the data for August 21, 2022 and August 21, 2023 has not been presented in the above table, since this information is not available for the listed peers, in public domain.

^The manner and formula for computation of numbers presented above for the KPIs of the Company, have been adjusted to align with the manner and formula for computation of numbers presented above for the KPIs of the Company's listed peers. Accordingly, certain figures derived from the Restated Consolidated Financial Statements for the KPIs of the Company have been adjusted to align with the KPIs of the listed peers.

(1) *Revenue from operations includes Revenue from contracts with customers and other operating revenue.*

(2) *Total Income includes Revenue from Operations and Other income.*

(3) *EBITDA is calculated as profit before finance costs, depreciation/amortization and tax*

(4) *EBIDTA margin is calculated as EBITDA divided by Net revenue from Operations.*

(5) *Profit After Tax refers to the residual amount that remains after a company has paid off all of its operating and non-operating expenses and taxes.*

(6) *PAT Margin is calculated as PAT divided by Net revenue from operations.*

(7) *ROE is calculated as profit after tax for the year/period divided by total net worth.*

(8) *ROCE is calculated as EBITDA less depreciation and amortization divided by capital employed (total equity plus non-current borrowings).*

(9) *Annual Sales Volume refers to sale of cases (in millions) of IMFL with one case being equal to nine liters of IMFL during the relevant fiscal.*

(10) *Whisky Sales volume is arrived at by dividing the total actual sales of Whisky by total cases sold during the relevant fiscal.*

(11) *Other Sales volumes is arrived at by dividing the total actual sales volumes excluding whisky sales volumes, by total sales volumes during the relevant fiscal.*

(12) *Working Capital Days is calculated as (a) Days Inventory Outstanding plus (b) Days Receivables Outstanding minus (c) Days Payables Outstanding.*

(13) *Net Debt /Equity is calculated as Net debt divided by Shareholder's equity; Where Net Debt is equal to sum of Short term debt, long term debt, current portion of long term debt minus cash and cash equivalent.*

(14) *Net Debt/ EBITDA is calculated as Net Debt divided by EBITDA.*

Revenue and Profitability Metrics

a. Revenue from Operations

Revenue for companies in the alco-beverage industry is analyzed both at gross sales which includes excise duty collected by the respective state governments and net sales which is the actual revenue of the companies.

Revenue from Operations (in ₹ crore) for Private and Public Listed Players

Gross Sales	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	CAGR FY 2020-23
United Spirits	28,824	27,419	31,062	27,815	-1.2%
Pernod Ricard India	21,424	19,423	22,741	25,029	5.3%
Radico Khaitan	9,418	10,504	12,471	12,744	10.6%
Jagatjit Industries	225	421	451	582	37.2%
John Distilleries	4,292	4,626	5,562	6,382	14.1%
Allied Blenders & Distillers	8,119	6,379	7,197	7,106	-4.3%
Tilaknagar Industries	1,483	1,418	1,792	2,469	18.5%
Globus Spirits	1,267	1,672	2,344	2,822	30.6%

Source: Annual Reports, Secondary Research, Technopak Analysis
NA- Not Available
**-For Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries CAGR was calculated for a 2 year period (FY 20-22) due to unavailability of FY 23 financials.*
Standalone figures were taken for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries.

b. Total Income

Total income of the companies in the alco-beverage industry is calculated by taking both, other income generated by the company and revenue from operations.

Total Income (in ₹ crore)

Total Income	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	CAGR(FY20-23)
United Spirits	28,846	27,458	31,097	27,889	-1.12%
Pernod Ricard India	21,863	19,521	22,961	25,142	5.32%
Radico Khaitan	9,427	10,518	12,478	12,753	10.60%
Allied Blenders & Distillers	8,136	6,398	7,208	7,117	-4.36%
John Distilleries	4,292	4,629	5,568	6,388	14.14%
Tilaknagar Industries	1,513	1,430	1,803	2,477	17.85%
Jagatjit Industries	273	451	504	624	31.66%
Globus Spirits	1,271	1,679	2,350	2,830	30.58%

Source: Annual Reports, Secondary Research, Technopak Analysis
Total Income= Revenue from Operations + Other Income
NA- Not Available
Standalone figures were taken for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries.

c. Excise as a percentage of Revenue

Excise collected from sales of alco-beverages is one of the major sources of revenue for states. States often use alco beverage industry to bridge any immediate revenue gap.

Excise as % of total sales	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	CAGR FY 2020-23
United Spirits	68%	70%	69%	62%	-2.9%
Pernod Ricard India	58%	59%	57%	52%	-3.2%
Radico Khaitan	74%	77%	77%	75%	0.5%
Jagatjit Industries	2%	5%	1%	13%	85.6%
John Distilleries	78%	82%	82%	82%	1.7%*
Allied Blenders & Distillers	63%	63%	63%	56%	-4.1%
Tilaknagar Industries	56%	61%	56%	53%	-1.9%
Globus Spirits	8%	26%	33%	25%	48.1%

Source: Annual Reports, Secondary Research, Technopak Analysis
NA- Not Available
Standalone figures were taken for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries.

d. Margins

i. Net Sales Margins

Alco-beverage companies in India are unique as almost 60% of gross revenue is directly collected by state governments as excise duty. It is important that alco-beverage companies are benchmarked basis net sales which is gross sales net of excise. Net Sales margin is the money a company retains after incurring the direct costs associated with producing the goods it sells and the services it provides. In case of alco-beverage industry, sales margin is calculated by adjusting for excise.

Net Sales Margins (value in %)

Net Sales Margin	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
United Spirits	46.1%	45.2%	45.5%	42.9%
Pernod Ricard India	48.9%	48.0%	48.4%	44.9%
Radico Khaitan	48.6%	49.9%	45.0%	41.8%
Jagatjit Industries	58.5%	49.1%	43.8%	41.5%
John Distilleries	30.1%	33.5%	30.0%	23.8%
Allied Blenders & Distillers	37.7%	39.5%	39.4%	37.3%
Tilaknagar Industries	46.0%	49.5%	51.2%	47.1%
Globus Spirits	38.6%	46.9%	46.9%	41.1%

Net Sales Margin = (Net Sales-COGS)/Net Sales
NA- Not Available
Standalone figures were taken for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries.

ii. EBITDA

EBITDA is largely used to compare companies against one another. It can also be used to standardize business performance against industry averages. When comparing the profitability of one business to another, EBITDA helps to calculate a business's cash flow. When a company's EBITDA is negative, it has poor cash flow.

EBITDA (value in ₹ crore)

Company	FY2020		FY2021		FY2022		FY2023		CAGR FY
	EBITDA	Margin	EBITDA	Margin	EBITDA	Margin	EDITDA	Margin	20-23
United Spirits	1,658	17.8%	1,027	12.6%	1,478	15.2%	1,665	15.7%	0.1%
Pernod Ricard India	2,511	27.8%	1,658	20.6%	2,219	22.5%	2,090	17.5%	-5.9%*
Radico Khaitan	357	14.7%	423	17.6%	410	14.3%	368	11.7%	1.0%
Jagatjit Industries	10	4.7%	42	10.5%	40	8.9%	47	9.3%	n.a.(1)
John Distilleries	53	5.6%	92	10.9%	93	9.3%	56	4.9%	1.9%*
Allied Blenders & Distillers	250	8.3%	213	9.1%	208	7.7%	196	6.2%	-7.8%
Tilaknagar Industries	433	66.4%	66	11.9%	136	17.3%	145	12.4%	n.a.(1)
Globus Spirits	128	11.0%	262	21.3%	335	21.2%	253	12.0%	25.4%

Source: Annual Reports, Secondary Research, Technopak Analysis
n.a. (1) – not applicable due to negative denominator or numerator or both, NA- Not Available, ng- can't be calculated
CAGR shown on basis of EBITDA value.
Standalone figures were taken for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries.

iii. PAT Margin

PAT margin can be used to assess if a company's management is generating enough profit from its sales and whether operating costs and overhead costs are being contained. PAT margin is under pressure across all players.

PAT Margin (Value in Crores and %)

Company	FY2020		FY2021		FY2022		FY2023	
	PAT	Margin	PAT	Margin	PAT	Margin	PAT	Margin
United Spirits	621	6.7%	362	4.5%	811	8.3%	1,126	10.6%
Pernod Ricard India	1612	17.8%	1070	13.3%	1459	14.8%	1,343	11.3%
Radico Khaitan	228	9.4%	264	11.0%	249	8.7%	204	6.5%
Jagatjit Industries	-49	-22.1%	2	0.5%	1	0.2%	7	1.3%
John Distilleries	9	1.0%	44	5.2%	28	2.8%	-9	-0.8%
Allied Blenders & Distillers	13	0.4%	3	0.1%	1	0.1%	2	0.1%
Tilaknagar Industries	270	41.3%	-38	-7.0%	45	5.8%	72	6.2%
Globus Spirits	50	4.3%	144	11.7%	187	11.9%	122	5.8%

Source: Annual Reports, Secondary Research, Technopak Analysis
PAT Margin = PAT/Net Revenue
NA- Not Available
Standalone figures were taken for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries.

e. Key Financial Ratios

i. Return on Equity

Return on equity is a function of profit after tax and shareholder's equity. A sustainable and increasing ROE over time can mean a company is good at generating shareholder value

Return on Equity	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
United Spirits	16.8%	8.9%	16.6%	18.8%
Pernod Ricard India	46.1%	32.5%	40.0%	30.9%
Radico Khaitan	14.7%	14.7%	12.3%	9.3%
Jagatjit Industries	-108.3%	4.2%	1.5%	10.3%
John Distilleries	3.8%	17.0%	9.8%	-3.2%
Allied Blenders & Distillers	3.4%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%
Tilaknagar Industries	n.a(1)	68.9%	33.8%	14.9%
Globus Spirits	11.1%	24.4%	24.2%	13.8%

Source: Annual Reports, Secondary Research, Technopak Analysis
ROE = PAT/Shareholder's Equity; n.a. (1) – not applicable due to negative Equity, NA- Not Available
Standalone figures were taken for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries.

ii. Return on capital employed

ROCE (Return on capital employed) indicates the company's efficiency because it measures the company's profitability after factoring in the capital that has been used to achieve that profitability. ROCE is a better gauge for the performance or profitability of the company over long periods.

Return on Capital Employed	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
United Spirits	37.1%	17.9%	24.1%	23.0%
Pernod Ricard India	67.8%	46.3%	55.9%	43.9%
Radico Khaitan	19.7%	20.6%	17.0%	11.9%
Jagatjit Industries	0.3%	12.3%	11.4%	14.3%
John Distilleries	10.4%	22.5%	17.7%	5.4%
Allied Blenders & Distillers	28.8%	26.5%	25.1%	25.9%
Tilaknagar Industries	84.8%	8.0%	20.0%	22.2%
Globus Spirits	15.6%	31.7%	33.2%	19.8%

Source: Annual Reports, Secondary Research, Technopak Analysis
ROCE = EBIT/ (Total Equity+Non-Current Borrowings), NA- Not Available
Standalone figures were taken for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries.

iii. Working capital days

Days working capital describes how many days it takes for a company to convert its working capital into revenue. The more days a company has of working capital, the more time it takes to convert that working capital into sales. The higher the days working capital number the less efficient a company.

Working capital days	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
United Spirits	76	86	69	62
Pernod Ricard India	13	21	0	9
Radico Khaitan	61	78	74	90
Jagatjit Industries	-60	-23	-9	3
John Distilleries	145	144	100	87
Allied Blenders & Distillers	15	12	10	31
Tilaknagar Industries	-302	-185	-84	-5
Globus Spirits	7	8	2	8

Source: Annual Reports, Secondary Research, Technopak Analysis
Working Capital Days= Inventory Days + Days Payable – Days Receivables, NA- Not Available
Standalone figures were taken for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries.

iv. Net debt by Equity

The debt-to-equity ratio is a financial leverage ratio, which is frequently calculated and analysed, that compares a company's total liabilities to its shareholder equity.

Net Debt by Equity	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
United Spirits	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0
Pernod Ricard India	-0.2	-0.3	-0.3	-0.2
Radico Khaitan	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.3
Jagatjit Industries	4.2	4.2	4.1	3.2
John Distilleries	1.0	0.7	1.1	0.3
Allied Blenders & Distillers	2.5	2.4	2.1	1.8
Tilaknagar Industries	-28.9	-11.8	4.1	0.5
Globus Spirits	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3

Source: primary Research, company website, Technopak Analysis
NA- Not Available
Standalone figures were taken for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries.

v. Net Debt by EBITDA

The net debt-to-EBITDA ratio is a measurement of leverage, calculated as a company's interest-bearing liabilities minus cash or cash equivalents, divided by its EBITDA. The net debt-to-EBITDA ratio is a debt ratio that shows how many years it would take for a company to pay back its debt if net debt and EBITDA are held constant. However, if a company has more cash than debt, the ratio can be negative.

Net Debt by EBITDA	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023
United Spirits	0.9	0.8	0.2	-0.1
Pernod Ricard India	-0.3	-0.6	-0.5	-0.4
Radico Khaitan	1.1	0.4	0.2	1.6
Jagatjit Industries	18.5	5.0	5.4	4.5
John Distilleries	4.5	2.0	3.4	1.7
Allied Blenders & Distillers	3.9	4.3	4.0	3.8
Tilaknagar Industries	1.2	10.0	4.0	1.5
Globus Spirits	0.9	0.5	0.4	1.0

Source: Annual Reports, Technopak Analysis.
NA- Not Available
Standalone figures were taken for Pernod Ricard and John Distilleries.

vi. Annual Sales Volume

India's alcohol market is predominantly spirit-based, with over 90% of pure alcohol consumption in this form. Whisky, constituting approximately 59% of the IMFL market in Fiscal 2023, is the largest category. This share is expected to grow to around 60% by volume in Fiscal 2025, and major alcohol beverage companies rely on whisky for more than half of their sales volumes.

Volume split in IMFL Market Fiscal 2022 (in million cases)

Company	FY 2020			FY 2021		
	Vol (Mn cases)	Whisky (%)	others (%)	Vol (Mn cases)	Whisky (%)	others (%)
United Spirits Limited	79.7	74.1%	25.9%	70.7	84.1%	15.9%
Radico Khaitan Limited	24.3	48.3%	51.7%	22.3	51.8%	48.2%
Globus Spirits Limited	15.0	NA	NA	12.3	NA	NA
Allied Blenders and Distillers	33.2	95.8%	4.2%	25.5	96.4%	3.6%

Company	FY 2022			FY 2023
	Vol (Mn cases)	Whisky (%)	others (%)	Vol (Mn cases)
United Spirits Limited	79.1	78.6%	21.4%	72.5
Radico Khaitan Limited	26.4	54.2%	45.8%	28.2
Globus Spirits Limited	14.6	NA	NA	14.4
Allied Blenders and Distillers	28.4	96.8%	3.2%	32.2

Source: Annual reports, SME input
Technopak Analysis

OUR BUSINESS

Some of the information in this section, including information with respect to our plans and strategies, contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should read "Forward Looking Statements" on page 32 for a discussion of the risks and uncertainties related to those statements and also "Risk Factors", "Financial Information" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 34, 340 and 435, respectively, for a discussion of certain factors that may affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. Our actual results may differ materially from those expressed in or implied by these forward-looking statements.

Unless otherwise indicated, the financial information included herein is based on our Restated Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Prospectus. For further information, see "Financial Information" on page 340. Unless the context otherwise requires, in this section, references to "we", "us", or "our" refers to Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited on a consolidated basis and references to "the Company" or "our Company" refers to Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited on a standalone basis.

*Unless otherwise indicated, industry and market data used in this section has been derived from industry publications, in particular, the report titled "Industry Report On Indian Alco-Beverage Market" dated May 31, 2024 (the "**Technopak Report**") prepared and issued by Technopak Advisors Private Limited appointed pursuant to an engagement letter October 11, 2023 and exclusively commissioned and paid for by us to understand the industry in which we operate in connection with the Offer. The Technopak Report is available on the website of the Company at https://www.abdindia.com/investor-relations/investor-information/reports. There are no parts, data or information (which may be relevant for the proposed issue), that has been left out or changed in any manner. Unless otherwise indicated, financial, operational, industry and other related information derived from the Technopak Report and included herein with respect to any particular year refers to such information for the relevant calendar year.*

OVERVIEW

We are the largest Indian-owned Indian-made foreign liquor ("**IMFL**") company and the third largest IMFL company in India, in terms of annual sales volumes between Fiscal 2014 and Fiscal 2022. (*Source: Technopak Report*) We are one of the only four spirits companies in India with a pan-India sales and distribution footprint, and a leading exporter of IMFL, and had an estimated market share (in terms of sales volume) of 11.8% in the Indian whisky market for Fiscal 2023. For further information, see "*Industry Overview*" on page 174.

Our flagship brand, *Officer's Choice Whisky* was launched in 1988 with our entry into the mass premium whisky segment. *Officer's Choice Whisky* has been among the top selling whisky brands globally in terms of annual sales volumes between 2016 and 2019. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Over the years, we have expanded and introduced products across various categories and segments. As of December 31, 2023, our product portfolio comprised 16 major brands of IMFL across whisky, brandy, rum and vodka. Certain of our brands, such as, *Officer's Choice Whisky*, *Sterling Reserve*, *Officer's Choice Blue* and *ICONiQ Whisky*, are '*Millionaire Brands*' or brands that have sold over a million 9-litre cases in one year. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

The following table sets forth annual sales volumes for our *Millionaire Brands* for the periods indicated*:

Particulars	Fiscal			Nine months ended December 31, 2022	Nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	Annual Sales Volumes (million cases)				
Whisky					
- *Officer's Choice Whisky*	15.54	17.55	18.89	14.42	14.56
- *Officer's Choice Blue*	5.84	5.81	5.56	4.38	3.40
- *Sterling Reserve*	2.97	3.75	5.30	4.00	3.85
- *ICONiQ Whisky**	-	-	-	-	1.43

** Please note that the table includes details of ICONiQ Whisky only for the nine months ended December 31, 2023 since it became a millionaire brand in September 2023.*

As on the date of this Prospectus, our product range includes five main categories of IMFL, *i.e.*, whisky, brandy, rum, vodka and gin. We also sell packaged drinking water under our *Officer's Choice*, *Officer's Choice Blue* and *Sterling Reserve* brands.

The following table sets forth certain details in relation to sales volume according to category of IMFL for the fiscals indicated:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Sales volume (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)	Sales volume* (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)	Sales volume* (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)
Whisky	24.60	96.39	27.49	96.79	30.59	94.88
Brandy	0.67	2.63	0.55	1.94	0.91	2.83
Rum	0.20	0.78	0.32	1.13	0.61	1.89
Vodka	0.05	0.20	0.04	0.14	0.13	0.40
Gin*	-	-	-	-	-	-
Volume Sold	**25.52**	**100.00**	**28.40**	**100.00**	**32.24**	**100.00**

** Launched in January 2024, i.e., subsequent to December 31, 2023.*

The following table sets forth certain details in relation to sales volume according to category of IMFL for the periods indicated:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Sales volume (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)	Sales volume* (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)
Whisky	23.26	94.97	23.63	96.10
Brandy	0.67	2.74	0.65	2.64
Rum	0.44	1.80	0.28	1.14
Vodka	0.12	0.49	0.03	0.12
Gin*	-	-	-	-
Volume Sold	24.49	**100.00**	24.59	**100.00**

** Launched in January 2024, i.e., subsequent to December 31, 2023.*

The following table sets forth our revenues from operations relating to our IMFL product categories for the years indicated:

Category	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Whisky	62,245.79	98.82	69,734.30	98.86	67,770.97	97.36
Brandy	413.67	0.66	418.81	0.60	1,026.12	1.48
Rum	223.89	0.36	278.82	0.40	661.04	0.95
Vodka	65.56	0.10	51.89	0.07	128.37	0.18
Others***	40.42	0.06	52.46	0.07	23.41	0.03
Total	**62,989.33**	**100.00**	**70,536.28**	**100.00**	**69,609.91**	**100.00**

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
**** Others primarily include sales made at our retail store in Mumbai, Maharashtra.*

The following table sets forth our revenues from operations relating to our IMFL product categories for the periods indicated:

Category	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Whisky	51,604.12	97.85	55,758.28	96.95
Brandy	589.36	1.12	1,233.42	2.14
Rum	379.03	0.72	430.09	0.75
Vodka	118.98	0.23	43.44	0.08
Others***	41.27	0.08	47.75	0.08
Total	**52,732.76**	**100.00**	**57,512.98**	**100.00**

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
**** Others primarily include sales made at our retail store in Mumbai, Maharashtra.*

We have over the years established market leadership in the alcoholic beverages market in India with a market share of 8.2% in IMFL market by sales volumes in Fiscal 2023 (*Source: Technopak Report*), with sales across 30 States and Union Territories, as of December 31, 2023. Over the years, we have developed an extensive pan-India sales footprint and as of December 31, 2023 we have 12 sales support offices, and pan-India route-to-market capabilities covering all channels and alcohol permitted States and Union Territories. Our pan-India distribution network has enabled us to support the growth in annual sales volumes of our products. As of March 31, 2023, our products were retailed across 79,329 retail outlets across 30 States and Union Territories in India (*Source: Technopak Report*). We believe that our industry position, strength of our brands, our pan-India sales footprint and logistics arrangements have further consolidated our position leading to significant business growth and financial performance. In addition, as of December 31, 2023, we exported our products to 14 international markets, including countries in the Middle East, North America, Africa, Asia and Europe.

Over the years, we have invested in strengthening our brand awareness and the goodwill of our brands. Our key brands have been awarded at recognised award functions including at the Design and Packaging Masters, The Spirits Business London, Monde Selection Bruxelles, International Taste Institute- ITQI Brussels, DMAasia ECHO, exchange4media Indian Digital Marketing Awards, Adgully Digixx, Afaqs Marketers Xcellence, Ambrosia Awards, Ambrosia Awards, INDSPIRIT, Spiritz Achiever's Awards, Product of the Year awarded to Officer's Choice Whisky at the Channelier FMCG Awards 2022, among others. We have adopted a lifestyle approach towards our brand positioning by focusing on building awareness, enhancing the appeal of our products sold under various brands, ensuring affordability of our products, maintaining the quality of products sold and building consumer engagement. Our brand-building initiatives have in the past included partnerships with teams participating in the Indian Premier League, the Pro Kabbadi League and partnerships with regional football leagues for our focus markets of West Bengal and the Northeast. We have also in the past appointed celebrity brand ambassadors including a leading cricket personality.

We own and operate our distillery located in Rangapur, Telangana that is spread over 74.95 acres with a built-up area of over 25,000 square meters. Our in-house distillation capacity of extra neutral alcohol ("**ENA**"), the key material used in the manufacture of our products, is 600.00 lakh litres per year. We also have extensive bottling capabilities across India. As of December 31, 2023, we relied on 32 bottling facilities, including bottling facilities owned and operated by us and contract bottling facilities both on exclusive and non-exclusive basis, for bottling our products. As of December 31, 2023, we owned and operated nine bottling units, and had entered into arrangements with five third-party bottling facilities where the entire licensed capacity is utilized by us. Over the years, we have developed relationships with third-party bottlers and as of December 31, 2023, we have entered into 18 bottling agreements on a non-exclusive basis including one where we have entered into a royalty arrangement dated March 30, 2021 with a third-party manufacturer for a period of five years to manufacture, blend, bottle, process and package our products at its distillery under our brand name for which royalty is paid to our Company.

The table below provides details of our total Net Revenue from Operations from our owned bottling facilities (including leased bottling facilities) and third-party bottling facilities in the years indicated therein:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Net Revenue from Operations from owned bottling facilities (including leased bottling facilities)	45,330.08	71.06	56,221.17	78.12	54,008.38	76.01
Net Revenue from Operations from third-party bottling facilities	17,659.25	27.68	14,315.11	19.89	15,601.53	21.96
Total	**62,989.33**	**98.74**	**70,536.28**	**98.01**	**69,609.91**	**97.97**

The table below provides details of our total Net Revenue from Operations from our owned bottling facilities (including leased bottling facilities) and third-party bottling facilities in the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Net Revenue from Operations from owned bottling facilities (including leased bottling facilities)	41,148.32	76.36	44,789.69	75.77
Net Revenue from Operations from third-party bottling facilities	11,584.44	21.50	12,723.29	21.52
Total	**52,732.76**	**97.85**	**57,512.98**	**97.30**

We maintain oversight, quality control and technical input on the manufacturing process and further support this by facilitating the procurement of raw materials such as ENA and packaging materials to our third-party bottlers. We have also implemented quality control and assurance parameters by deploying internal teams at each of the third party bottling facilities who oversee the quality control system to ensure it complies with the quality standards of our owned bottling facilities (including leased bottling facilities), and continue to improve these processes with our third-party bottlers. Third-party bottling of our products provides us with flexibility to meet our production requirements. In addition, owing to our contractual arrangements with local and regional third-party bottlers we are not required to transport our products beyond state borders thereby limiting any additional excise import and export duty expenses that we would otherwise incur, which ensures that our products remain competitively priced.

We have an experienced and distinguished Board of Directors who have helped grow our operations and also provides us with strategic leadership and guidance. Our operations have been professionally managed. Shekhar Ramamurthy, our Whole-Time Director (Executive Deputy Chairman), has been instrumental in implementing strategic business initiatives, and focusing on identifying opportunities and drive growth and value. Further, our Managing Director, Alok Gupta joined us in 2023, with the appointment focussed towards business growth initiatives including premiumization of portfolio and distribution of brands in premium segment. Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy, our Chief Financial Officer has been associated with our Company since May 2010 and has extensive experience in finance. Our senior management team includes individuals who possess industry experience across sectors with significant business expertise in consumer goods, sales and marketing, manufacturing and finance matters. We believe that their extensive experience has enabled us to capitalize on growth opportunities in the

Indian alcoholic beverages industry. In order to provide impetus and acceleration to the growth of our operations, we decided to reconstitute the composition of our Board and senior management to include more industry experts which we believe would result in rationalization of certain business related expenses such as salary, office expenses, expenses in relation to various employees and consultants associated with the chairman's office and operating overheads. In Fiscal 2023 these expenses amounted to ₹ 928.18 million. As part of the reconstitution, Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, our Whole-Time Director (Chairman) was redesignated as the Chairman and Non-Executive Director with effect from July 1, 2023. We believe that the reconstitution of our Board and senior management team will result in significant operational efficiencies and cost rationalization for our operations.

Over the years our business has generated healthy operating cash flow despite the impact of COVID-19. Our net cash generated from operating activities was ₹ 2,466.18 million, ₹ 1,787.60 million, ₹ 2,298.55 million, ₹ 1,729.85 million and ₹ 1,439.12 million in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Further, our restated profit for the period/year was ₹ 25.08 million, ₹ 14.76 million, ₹ 16.01 million, ₹ 28.81 million and ₹ 42.29 million in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Our Net Worth was ₹ 3,817.82 million, ₹ 4,040.98 million, ₹ 4,060.99 million, ₹ 4,070.84 million and ₹4,092.56 million, as of March 31, 2021, 2022 and 2023, and as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The following table sets forth details of certain financial parameters as of and for the periods indicated:

Particulars	As of and for the Years ended March 31,			As of and for the nine months ended December 31, 2022	As of and for the nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million, except percentages)				
Revenue from Operations	63,787.76	71,969.20	71,056.80	53,890.41	59,111.44
Restated Profit after tax for the year/period	25.08	14.76	16.01	28.81	42.29
Gross Margin[(1)] (%)	39.49%	39.36%	37.26%	37.43%	36.34%
EBITDA[(2)]	2,129.96	2,075.51	1,960.61	1,458.09	1,862.01
EBITDA Margin[(3)]	9.07%	7.73%	6.23%	6.14%	7.27%
PAT Margin[(4)]	0.11%	0.05%	0.05%	0.12%	0.17%
ROE[(5)]	0.66%	0.37%	0.39%	0.71%*	1.03%*
ROCE[(6)]	26.45%	25.13%	25.87%	18.80%*	24.35%*
Net Debt / Equity[(7)]	2.39	2.05	1.85	1.89	1.88

** not annualized.*

Notes:

1. *Gross Margin is calculated as calculated as gross profit divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty).*
2. *EBITDA is calculated as profit before finance costs, depreciation/amortisation, share in profit of investment accounted for using equity method, exceptional items and tax.*
3. *EBITDA Margin is calculated as EBITDA divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty).*
4. *PAT Margin is calculated as restated profit for the year/period divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty).*
5. *ROE is calculated as restated profit after tax for the year/period divided by total equity.*
6. *ROCE is calculated as EBITDA less depreciation and amortization divided by capital employed (total equity plus non-current borrowings).*
7. *Net Debt/Equity is calculated as non-current borrowings plus current borrowings less cash and cash equivalents divided by total equity.*

STRENGTHS

Among the largest IMFL companies in India with a diversified and contemporary product portfolio

We are the largest Indian owned IMFL company and the third largest IMFL company in India, in terms of annual sales volumes between Fiscal 2014 and Fiscal 2022. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Four of our brands, namely, *Officer's Choice Whisky*, *Sterling Reserve*, *Officer's Choice Blue* and *ICONiQ Whisky* are '*Millionaire Brands*'. (*Source: Technopak Report*) As of December 31, 2023, our product portfolio comprised 16 major brands of IMFL with 10 brands of whisky that include our flagship *Officer's Choice Whisky*, *Sterling Reserve Whisky and ICONiQ White* International Whisky, three brands of rum, three brands of brandy and one brand of vodka, respectively. Further, we have also recently launched Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin in January 2024. Our products are present across various price points of IMFL categories in India. The table sets forth details of our product portfolio, as of the date of this Prospectus.

Segment	Brand		
Premium	 *Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin*	 *Sterling Reserve Blend 10 Whisky*	 *Kyron Premium Brandy*
	 *Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy*		 *X&O Barrel Premium Whisky*
Semi-Premium	 *Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Whisky*	 *Sterling Reserve B7 Whisky Cola Classic Mix*	 *Srishti Premium Blended Whisky*
Deluxe	 *Officer's Choice Blue Whisky*	 *Jolly Roger Rum*	 *ICONiQ White International Whisky*
Mass Premium	 *Officer's Choice Whisky*	 *Officer's Choice Star*	 *Officer's Choice Brandy*
	 *Officer's Choice Rum*	 *Class 21 Vodka*	 *Cheval Fort Café Rum*

In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 25.52 million, 28.40 million, 32.24 million, 24.49 million and 24.59 million cases of IMFL in India, respectively, and possess an overall market share of 8.2% in IMFL market by sales volumes in Fiscal 2023. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

Over the years, we have introduced contemporary brands that appeal to consumer tastes and preferences. Our whisky brands include blends of Scotch malts from the Highland, Lowland and Speyside regions. The table below sets forth details of the years when we launched our various brands:

Brands*	**Year of Launch**
Officer's Choice	
Officer's Choice Whisky	1988
Officer's Choice Brandy	2001
Officer's Choice Rum	2001

Brands*	Year of Launch
Officer's Choice Blue	2011
Officer's Choice Star	2018
Sterling Reserve	
Sterling Reserve Blend 10 Whisky	2017
Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Whisky	2017
Sterling Reserve B7 Whisky Cola Classic Mix	2022
Sterling Reserve BX Hippy Deluxe Blended Whisky	2022
Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy	2023
ICONiQ	
ICONiQ White International Whisky	2022
Srishti	
Srishti Premium Blended Whisky	2022
X&O	
X&O Barrel Premium Whisky	2022
Café Rum	
Cheval Fort Café Rum	2023
Kyron	
Kyron Premium Brandy	2012
Jolly Roger	
Jolly Roger Rum	2010
Class 21	
Class 21 Vodka	2010
Zoya*	
Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin	2024

** Launched in January 2024, i.e., subsequent to December 31, 2023.*

Our flagship brand *Officer's Choice Whisky* has been among the top selling whisky brands globally in terms of annual sales volume between 2016 and 2019. (*Source: Technopak Report) Officer's Choice Whisky* franchise including *Officer's Choice Blue* was ranked third among the largest selling whisky brands globally in 2021 (*Source: Technopak Report*) and was exported to 14 countries, as of December 31, 2023. *Officer's Choice Blue* whisky sold one million cases in the first year of its launch in 2011 and is among the leading whisky brands in its segment in several Indian States with share of 4.3% in Fiscal 2023 by – sales volume. (*Source: Technopak Report*) In addition, *Sterling Reserve Blend 7* was the third largest selling brand in the semi-premium whisky segment by volume in India in Fiscal 2022. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

The table below provides details of our revenue from operations within India and from markets outside India in the years indicated therein:

Geographical market	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
India	62,251.08	97.90	69,990.83	97.62	69,490.30	98.16
Outside India	1,335.53	2.10	1,707.93	2.38	1,299.66	1.84
Total	**63,586.61**	**100.00**	**71,698.76**	**100.00**	**70,789.96**	**100.00**

The table below provides details of our revenue from operations within India and from markets outside India in the periods indicated therein:

Geographical market	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
India	52,821.06	98.37	57,579.29	97.77
Outside India	876.23	1.63	1,311.78	2.23
Total	**53,697.29**	**100.00**	**58,891.07**	**100.00**

Our products have received various recognitions over the years. For example, *Officer's Choice Whisky* received the Wines Beers and Drinks Awards in 2018 for the world's largest selling whisky. *Sterling Reserve Premium Whisky* received the Spiritz Award in 2019 for the fastest growing whisky brand and the Wines Beers and Drinks Award in 2018 for the fastest growing brand. *Officer's Choice Brandy* received the INDSPIRIT Award in 2018 for the best popular brandy. *Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Whisky* received the INDSPIRIT Award in 2018 for the best semi-premium whisky. Our brands, *Sterling Reserve Blend 7*, *Kyron Premium Brandy* and *Officer's Choice Blue* were rated as 'Notable Product' at the Superior Taste Award by International Taste Institute, Brussels in 2021. *Sterling Reserve Blend 10 Whisky*, *Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Whisky* and *Kyron Premium Brandy* all won gold awards at the prestigious Monde Selection Brussels in 2022. Officer's Choice Whisky has received Channelier FMCG Award as "*Product of the Year*" in 2022. Further, at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023, *ICONiQ White Whisky* won gold award for the fastest growing brand, *X&O Barrel Whisky* won the gold for the product debut of the year (whisky), and *Sterling Reserve Brandy* won gold for the product debut of the year (brandy).

Our premium brands X&O Barrel Premium Whisky, Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy, and Sterling Reserve Blend 10 Premium Whisky have been recognized as 'Remarkable Products' at Superior Taste Award by International Taste Institute, Brussels in 2023. Further, Srishti Premium Blended Whisky, Kyron Premium Brandy, Officer's Choice Blue Whisky, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Whisky, ICONiQ White Whisky, and the flagship Officer's Choice Whisky were also recognized as 'Notable Products'.

ICONiQ White Whisky won a gold quality award, X&O Barrel Whisky and Srishti Premium Whisky being awarded silver quality and bronze quality for Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy at World Selection of spirits and liquers 2024 by Monde Selection (International Quality Institute).

Further, at the Ambrosia Awards, INDSPIRIT 2024, Srishti Premium Whisky was recognized as 'Best IMFL Popular Whisky' and Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin won the 'New Product of the Year' at the Ambrosia Awards, INDSPIRIT 2024 and was also awarded the Campaign Innovator of the Year award at the Icons of Gin India 2024.

Strong brand recognition

Over the years, we have developed a well-recognized product portfolio, and transformed from a single brand company to multi-product and multi-brand company with presence across various categories and segments of the IMFL industry in India.

Since the launch of *Officer's Choice Whisky* in 1988 in the mass premium segment, we have invested significant resources in enhancing the strength and appeal of the *Officer's Choice* brand. *Officer's Choice Whisky* is the market leader in the mass premium segment with a market share of 20.9% in terms of annual sales volumes in Fiscal 2023. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Our proposition with *Officer's Choice* is aimed at offering high quality products at affordable price points that elevate a consumer's drinking experience. Towards this, we have extensively focused on packaging, communications and point of sale visibility to build appeal and heighten engagement with the brand. We have also tactically associated with specialised premium stores across the country to improve our brand visibility and product reach. We entered the premium and semi-premium whisky segments with the launch of *Sterling Reserve Blend 10* and *Sterling Reserve Blend 7* in Fiscal 2018 and these brands have been recognized as Brand Champion (Indian Whisky) for four years in a row between 2019 and 2022 by The Spirits Business, London.

Our consumer centric approach in building brands has enabled us to achieve high sales volumes. Our brands have been positioned based on relevant consumer insights. We have strategically undertaken brand-building initiatives through prudent use of resources and investments to increase awareness and recall of our brands. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, our sales and business promotion expenses were ₹ 906.63 million, ₹ 938.56 million, ₹ 1,304.02 million, ₹ 1,070.14 million and ₹ 942.45 million, respectively, which represented 3.86%, 3.49%, 4.14%, 4.50% and 3.68%, respectively, of our total Net

Revenue from Operations in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023.

For *Officer's Choice Blue* to build a better connect with consumers we have undertaken strategic marketing investments towards associating with key sporting events across the country. This in the past has included partnerships with teams participating in the Indian Premier League, the Pro Kabaddi League and partnerships with regional football leagues for our focus markets of West Bengal and the Northeast. We have also in the past appointed celebrity brand ambassadors including a leading cricket personality. Our *Sterling Reserve* brand aims to connect with younger consumers through building content and communities in areas such as music, comedy and performing arts. 'The Sterling Reserve Project' was created as a platform to integrate brand proposition. It is amplified on relevant mediums, including both online and offline platforms. The Sterling Reserve Project has won several awards in the social and digital space including the Silver YouTube Creator Award in 2020 for its content. In the past, *Kyron Premium Brandy*, has sponsored various fashion weeks in cities across South India such as Vizag, Pondicherry, Kochi and Hyderabad.

Marketing efforts on our brands have also received several awards and recognitions, including, *Sterling Reserve* receiving 'Gold' at DMAasia Createffect ECHO Awards 2021, 'Gold' for Best Integrated Campaign at Exchange4Media Indian Digital Marketing Awards 2021 and 'Gold' for Best Content Marketing Campaign at the Adgully Digixx Awards 2021 and *Officer's Choice Blue* winning Silver for Best Use of Facebook at Afaqs Marketers Xcellence Awards 2021. Our packaging innovations have also been recognised with gold and silver awards at the Design and Packaging Masters 2021 organised by the international industry publication, The Spirits Business. We have also won several awards across brands for packaging and marketing from various Indian and international organizations.

Strategically located, large scale and advanced manufacturing facilities with a sophisticated research and development centre

Manufacturing Facilities

Our distillery is located in Rangapur, Telangana and is spread over an area of 74.95 acres and has a built-up area of over 25,000 square meters. Our in-house distillation capacity of extra neutral alcohol ("**ENA**") is 600.00 lakh litres per year. In addition, we also have extensive bottling capabilities with an optimal mix of owned and third-party facilities with a pan-India presence across 22 States and Union Territories, as of December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2023, we owned and operated nine bottling units, and had entered into arrangements with five third-party bottling facilities where the entire licensed capacity is utilized by us. Over the years, we have developed relationships with third-party bottlers and as of December 31, 2023, we have entered into 18 bottling agreements on a non-exclusive basis including one where we have entered into a royalty arrangement. As of December 31, 2023, our products are bottled across 32 bottling facilities.

While our extensive and pan-India network of bottling facilities ensures that we are able to manufacture our products locally and at optimum cost without overlaying tariffs associated with inter-state movement, which also ensures that delivery to our distribution network is in a timely manner while aligning with various regulatory requirements. In Fiscal 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, 51.40% and 53.07%, respectively, of our production was from our own bottling facilities and the remaining from our contract or leased facilities. We have substantial ENA manufacturing capacity which addresses a portion of our total ENA consumption while the rest of our ENA consumption being purchased from third parties. As part of our backward integration and cost optimisation measures, the decision to manufacture or purchase of ENA is constantly reviewed and appropriate tactical and strategic interventions are considered.

Our bottling units and distilleries incorporate niche technology for quality and environmental management. We are required to comply with stringent regulatory requirements. In addition, a majority of our owned units are ISO 22000:2018 certified for food safety management systems. To ensure efficient operations, we employ technologically enhanced operating procedures across all units that are to be followed by all personnel in manufacturing. We are focused on stringent quality standards throughout our manufacturing process in our own facilities as well as at our leased, sub-leased and contract manufacturing facilities and have introduced stringent quality control processes including incoming wet goods and dry goods quality checks, in- process quality control checks, hourly end-of-line finished goods inspection, finished goods audit and pre-dispatch inspection. Our quality assurance process is supported by standard operating procedures and sampling plans.

We use premium quality raw materials as part of our production and our raw materials including ENA and special spirits are monitored at source by dedicated quality executives before being transported to our facilities. To maintain product superiority, we use demineralized water. We also use ultra-filtration processes for sparkle and

clarity in all products. We believe that our production processes give our brands a unique texture, smoothness and flavour, which we believe resonates with our consumers.

Research and Development Capabilities

In our experience, we have been able to create quality products as a result of our continuous in-house research and development activities. Our research and development capabilities are centred on product innovation, which includes new product conceptualisation and development, acquiring novel raw materials and product engineering. We have a research and development facility located at Aurangabad, Maharashtra and is equipped with instrumentation for testing of raw materials, packaging materials, blend tasting and testing and finished product quality. We also have a trained in-house panel of sensory experts that analyse and evaluate consistency and correctness of our products.

Our research and development capabilities include:

- *Product innovation*: We conceptualize and develop new products, new raw material sources and product re-engineering;
- *Raw material evaluation and control*: We have instruments for testing of our raw materials or blend applicability and product quality and safety;
- *Flavour compounding*: We have capabilities towards favour selection; quality assurance and compounding followed by distribution in accordance with product profiles;
- *Sensory evaluation*: We have sensory panel experts to analyse and evaluate correctness of required product profiles on a continuous basis; and
- *Packaging material evaluation*: We do research and development of packaging materials in accordance with agreed standards and co-ordinate with supply chain and marketing function.

In addition, our research and development is also focussed on innovation in packaging and our packaging material is also evaluated to ensure that it conforms with all the requisite standards. For instance, we have developed sustainable packaging for *Sterling Reserve* and have been awarded Gold at the Design and Packaging Masters 2021 for the Sterling Reserve Limited Edition Packs.

Access to extensive pan-India distribution network with ability to scale

We have access to a pan-India multi-channel distribution network and are one of only four spirits companies in India with a pan-India sales and distribution footprint. (*Source: Technopak Report*) For further information, see "*Industry Overview*" on 174. Our ability to access an extensive distribution network ensures that we are able to serve consumers across India.

Our multiple route-to-market capabilities cover all channels including open market, part corporation market and full corporation market channels. For further information, see "*Our Business*" on page 226.

The Indian alco-beverage industry operates in a highly regulated environment with State-specific policies which impact industry volumes. High inter-state duties compel Indian spirits producers to set up owned or engage third-party manufacturers in every state. Licenses are required to produce, bottle, store, distribute or retail alco-beverage products. Distribution is also highly controlled, both at the wholesale and retail levels. All these factors serve as potential entry barriers for new players. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Further, distribution of alco beverage products is highly controlled by State governments and the entry of new players in distribution is prohibitive due to high regulation across States and strong relations between the current players and the retail outlets which may include exclusive arrangements. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Our extensive operations across India, presence in multiple States and current capacity ensures that we are able to effectively address these issues which has allowed us to garner a significant share of the mass premium market and noticeable and growing market share for our premium products. (*Source: Technopak Report*) In addition, given that our product portfolio caters to various categories and segments, retailers can offer our entire product portfolio to consumers across the value chain, which we believe drives premiumisation and retains customers within our product portfolio. As of March 31, 2023, our products are retailed through across 79,329 retail outlets across 30 States and Union Territories in India (*Source: Technopak Report*).

In addition, we are a leading exporter of IMFL (*Source: Technopak Report*) and as of December 31, 2023, our products were exported to 14 countries. Our export markets include countries such as the United Arab Emirates, Haiti, Oman, Hong Kong, and Qatar.

Well-positioned to capture tailwinds in the Indian IMFL industry

India is one of the fastest growing alcoholic beverage markets in the world growing from a small base of 1.3 litres per capita of recorded consumption of pure alcohol in 2005 to 2.7 litres per capita consumption in 2010 and further to 3.2 litres per capita consumption in 2023. (*Source: Technopak Report*) India's per capita consumption is significantly lower compared to global per capital consumption. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Low per capita consumption coupled with positive demographics factors and more than 13 million people added each year to the population eligible for drinking, make India an attractive market for alcoholic beverages. (*Source: Technopak Report*) There exists significant potential for future growth for the alcoholic beverages market in India. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

IMFL is the largest segment of Indian alco-beverage market both in volume and value terms. IMFL segment recorded sales of 395 million cases in Fiscal 2023. IMFL market has recovered and grown to 395 million cases in Fiscal 2023 as compared to pre-COVID levels of 355 million cases in Fiscal 2020. IMFL sales volume is projected to reach 520 million cases by Fiscal 2028. IMFL sales by value was estimated at ₹ 2,206,620 million in Fiscal 2023. Further, the IMFL sales value is projected to reach ₹ 3,371.89 billion by Fiscal 2028. During the period between Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2028, IMFL sales value is expected to grow at a CAGR of 9% and sales volume is expected to grow at a CAGR of 5.7%, respectively. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

With a growing number of people joining the work force sooner than in the past and together with changing lifestyles and dismantling of social barriers to consumption of alcohol is driving growth in alcoholic beverage market in India. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Greater social acceptance for drinking amongst women as well as in Tier II and Tier III towns is expected to open up newer profitable consumer segments. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Rapid increase in urban population, a sizable middle-class population with rising disposable income, and a growing economy are driving consumption of alcohol in India. India's high population growth rate is adding 13 million drinking age adults every year out of which 3 million to 5 million people approximately end up consuming alcohol in some form. (*Source: Technopak Report*) These factors will also result in consumers choosing to upgrade to more quality offerings. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Backed by our extensive portfolio of offerings across the mass premium segment, we believe, we are well positioned to capitalize on the shift towards premiumization of consumption.

Experienced Board and senior management team and supported by a committed employee base

Board of Directors

We have an eminent and experienced Board of Directors. Our Board comprises Kishore Rajaram Chhabria as our Chairman and Non-Executive Director and Bina Kishore Chhabria as our Non-Executive Director and Co-Chairperson. In addition, our board comprise, Alok Gupta (Managing Director), Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson), Shekhar Ramamurthy, Whole-Time Director (Executive Deputy Chairman) and Arun Barik, Executive Director. Our Independent Directors provide us with strategic guidance, and we have been able to leverage their experience to grow our operations.

Senior Management Team

We have an experienced and professional senior management team with significant industry experience. Our senior management team has demonstrated ability to develop and build brand recognition and deliver growth and profitability. Our senior management team that includes Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy, Chief Financial Officer; Jayathirtha Mukund - Head – Investor Relations and Chief Risk Officer; Ritesh Ramniklal Shah, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, Bikram Basu, Chief Strategy and Marketing officer; Ralin Antonio Carvalho Rangel Da Cunha Gomes, Chief Human Resources Officer, Mithun Kumar Das, Head Manufacturing and Technical, P. Kulothungan, Head – Internal Audit, Ankur Sachdeva, Chief Revenue Officer, Rajesh Parida, Director - Corporate Affairs & CSR and Ramesh Chandra Singh Koranga, Head – Quality & Innovation, have extensive industry experience across manufacturing, marketing and advertising, strategy, business development, finance, human resources, legal and compliance and public relations.

Corporate Governance

We have always focussed on our shareholders' best interests and the maximisation of shareholder value. We also have established policies and procedures to support transparency, strong business ethics and a well-established compliance framework. We follow a strict code of business conduct for our operations and have implemented Board approved policies on anti-bribery and corruption, gifting and entertainment, anti-money laundering, anti-trust and competition and conflict of interest. In addition, we have a whistle-blower policy, breach management

and disciplinary policy, prevention of sexual harassment policy, a marketing code and corporate social responsibility policy. In addition, our Board is chaired by Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, our Chairperson and Non-Executive Director, along with a Non-Executive Director and Co-Chairperson, a Whole-Time Director (Executive Deputy Chairman), a Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson), a Managing Director, an Executive Director, a Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director, and seven Independent Directors of which one is a woman Independent Director. For further information, see "*Our Management*" on page 297.





Employee Base

Our employee base is the key to our competitive advantage. We have 3,627 employees which includes 67 production workers, one (1) sales consultant, and 2,690 contract workers, as of December 31, 2023. Our employee value proposition focuses on employee development and highlights an inclusive work culture by providing equal opportunities to all employees. We also incentivize our employee base through performance linked programs for sales employees and a variable pay component for others. Continued talent development is a key focus area for us and is implemented through diligently designed talent management processes. Despite the limitations imposed due to COVID-19 in Fiscal 2021, we enabled virtual training of our employees. We believe that the skills and diversity of our employees give us the flexibility and agility to adapt to the future needs of our business.

STRATEGIES

Increase market share of Officer's Choice Whisky across regions

In Fiscal 2023, sale of whisky accounted for 64% of IMFL sales by volume and 68% by value in India. (*Source: Technopak Report*) In addition, the mass premium segment constituted approximately 37% of the total IMFL market in India in Fiscal 2022. (*Source: Technopak Report*) *Officer's Choice Whisky* is the market leader in the mass premium segment with a market share of 20.9% in terms of annual sales volumes in Fiscal 2023. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

Flavoured local alcoholic beverages, popularly known as country liquor or Indian made Indian liquor was close to one third of the alcoholic beverage market by volume in Fiscal 2023. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Country liquor market was estimated at 350 million cases in Fiscal 2023. However, market is projected to be range bound 445 million cases by Fiscal 2028. (*Source: Technopak Report*) We believe we can address the requirements of large segments of audiences that currently consume country liquor or economy brands and are looking to upgrade. Given the positive change in attitude towards alcohol beverages with higher social acceptance and rising income levels, we intend to further expand penetration of *Officer's Choice Whisky* based on market dynamics and demand for our products. Further, we also intend to position *Officer's Choice Whisky* as a brand for the younger generation and make it the first port of call for new entrants into the category. For details, see "*Risk Factors – 59. We may not be able to capitalize on the opportunities emanating from the negative publicity of country liquor*" on page 87.

The mass-premium segment requires large scale of operations, multiple units across various States, a strong distribution network, the ability to deliver products cost-efficiently while maintaining product quality to match consumer expectations. We believe that *Officer's Choice Whisky* is best positioned for this role and there is a natural barrier to new entrants given the significant entry barriers and complexities.

Introduce new products within the premium, semi-premium and deluxe segments to strengthen presence in other categories

Prestige segment, also known as the deluxe segment is the largest segment for whisky market contributing 51% of the whisky market by volume in India at 124 million cases in Fiscal 2023, showing consistent growth over the years and projected to reach 192 million cases contributing 54% by Fiscal 2028. *(Source: Technopak Report)* Further, the semi-premium segment is also a fast-growing segment within the IMFL space. Our brand *Sterling Reserve Blend 7* has witnessed significant growth since its launch in Fiscal 2018. Going ahead, we intend to continue to introduce products in the premium, semi-premium and deluxe segments with an intent to provide our Company with higher margins and greater profitability over time.

We have consciously developed our portfolio to provide consumers with products at various flavours, segments and price points. In order to strengthen our presence in the more premium segments , we will continue to develop products based on consumer and market insights in whisky, rum, gin and white spirits. We believe our new product pipeline coupled with our strong existing portfolio will help us widen our consumer base, facilitated by our quality infrastructure and distribution strength in all key States. We intend to import Scotch in bulk to grow our portfolio that will be bottled in India, and distribute certain bottled in origin products. Further, to expand the category offerings, we may launch products in portfolio where we are not presently present. For example, we have recently launched a gin product, Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin in January 2024 with initial sales in the state of Haryana and have commenced selling the product in Mumbai, Maharashtra recently in June 2024. We also intend to introduce product experiences that we believe will appeal to younger consumers and include flavoured spirits, craft spirits, low alcohol content beverages and ready mixes.

Continue to focus on improving operating efficiencies

We are focused on further integrating our operations and optimizing product planning across product categories. We intend to continue to adopt best practices and standards across our facilities, drawing on our expertise and experience in distillation and bottling. We will continue to focus on reducing operating costs and improving utilization by investing in modernization of our manufacturing facilities with relevant technologies and production methods. This will increase their capacity, improve efficiency and operating performance and reduce the need for future capital expenditure. As part of our efforts, we continue to evaluate front-line technologies and resultant benefits with a view to maintaining competitive advantages. Certain measures which we have implemented and intend to undertake include replacement of semi-automatic lines with high speed fully automatic lines which provide higher productivity, lower power and water consumption; installation of solar power generation facility in all our owned units to reduce our carbon footprint, dependency on grid power and also reduce power cost; and engaging AI-based technology for more reliable online inspection system which will also improve line productivity and operating overheads and modification of the distillery section of the coal-fired boiler to utilise more bio-mass to reduce cost of steam production.

In addition, we continue to focus on creating economies of scale to gain increased negotiating power on procurement of raw and packaging materials and to realize cost savings through centralized deployment and management of production, maintenance, accounting and other support functions. Higher capacity utilization will result in more production and higher sales, thereby allowing us to spread fixed costs over higher sales and increase profit margins. Further, we intend to continue to enter into additional contract manufacturing tie-ups and leasing and sub-leasing bottling units to increase our production volumes. We will evaluate options to establish additional grain ENA manufacturing facilities which will help reduce dependency on vendors, ensure improved supply security, and stable quality and input costs.

We intend to also rationalize our debt which will improve our operating leverage and free cash flows. For further information, see "*Objects of the Offer*" on page 141. We believe in an optimum asset-light model which will be reviewed as the business grows, thereby improving our operating efficiencies and margins.

Evaluate growth opportunities through selective acquisitions

We intend to selectively pursue strategic acquisitions and investments and other strategic alliance partnerships that are complementary to our growth strategy, particularly those that can help us enrich our product portfolio and expand our customer base. Our extensive industry experience and insights enable us to identify suitable targets and effectively evaluate and execute potential opportunities. For example, in 2017, our Company acquired the distillery located in Telangana by demerging the bottling and distillery business from Tracstar Investment Private Limited, one of our group companies. While we have not recently acquired any brand however, we intend to search for opportunities to acquire or license third-party brands in India and overseas that we believe will add value to our existing portfolio.

To improve our backward integration capabilities, we intend to acquire or build additional distilleries across India that will improve and expand our production capacity. Acquisition or development of such distilleries will limit supply constraints which in turn will allow us to improve our margins. Our Company on an opportunistic basis, evaluates various investment and acquisition options. Towards this, our Company has, from time to time, entered into various non-binding arrangements to evaluate such options, some of which may also result into acquisitions and certain entities becoming our wholly owned Subsidiaries. In evaluating financing of any such acquisitions, we remain committed to enhancing shareholder value in the long term, both by investing in the businesses and brands so as to improve the return on investment.

Focus on environmental and social practices

Environment sustainability is a key focus across all parts of our business and operations. Our sustainability initiatives are aimed at zero harm, zero waste and zero discharge. To achieve this vision, quality and compliance controls are being established and revamped right from the supply chain to the value chain. We intend to continue our growth into this area. We intend to reduce our consumption of fossil fuels and increase use of aseptic packaging, implementation of solar energy to power manufacturing operations and reduction in the use of water as part of our distilling and IMFL bottling operations. We have created an exclusive limited-edition pack for our *Sterling Reserve* whisky using discarded fabric. This limited-edition packaging is hand-crafted and results in reduced waste in landfills, water saving and provides employment to handicraft artisans.





We strive to operate a socially impactful company that considers the well-being of all persons involved in our process to deliver great products to our consumers. As part of our social initiatives, we intend to offer further training to workmen on quality aspects, inclusive participation, and knowledge management sessions. During Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, our expenses on corporate social responsibilities were ₹ 18.36 million, ₹ 3.49 million, ₹ 3.00 million, ₹ nil and ₹ 5.18 million which represented 0.08%, 0.01%, 0.01%, nil and 0.02% of our Net Revenue from Operations, respectively

Enhance brand awareness and engagement through digital marketing

With near-universal mobile phone penetration in the country, digital and social media are increasingly becoming hotspots to connect with consumers. Digital and social media delivers higher efficiency on account of ability to target basis geography and audience profiles. We will want to evolve to a digital-first company and continuously engage with our consumers through a mix of relevant content and appropriate targeting. We have won several key awards for our digital activation in the past few years and will intend to capitalise on our digital marketing abilities innovatively and effectively in the future.

BUSINESS OPERATIONS

We are engaged in the manufacturing, marketing and sale of alcoholic beverages in India and abroad. Our manufacturing network includes one owned distillery, nine owned bottling units and 23 non-owned manufacturing units. As of December 31, 2023, our product range includes five main categories: whisky, brandy, rum, vodka and others. The following table sets forth information on our product mix in the periods indicated:

Category	Fiscal									Nine months ended December 31, 2022			Nine months ended December 31, 2023		
	2021			2022			2023								
	No. of Cases (million)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	No. of Cases (million)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	No. of Cases (million)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	No. of Cases (million)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	No. of Cases (million)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Whisky	24.60	62,245.79	97.58	27.49	69,734.30	96.90	30.59	67,770.97	95.38	23.26	51,604.12	95.76	23.63	55,758.28	94.33
Brandy	0.67	413.67	0.65	0.55	418.81	0.58	0.91	1,026.12	1.44	0.67	589.36	1.09	0.65	1,233.42	2.09
Rum	0.20	223.89	0.35	0.32	278.82	0.39	0.61	661.04	0.93	0.44	379.03	0.70	0.28	430.09	0.73
Vodka	0.05	65.56	0.10	0.04	51.89	0.07	0.13	128.38	0.18	0.12	118.98	0.22	0.03	43.44	0.07
Others[(1)]	-	838.85	1.32	-	1,485.39	2.06	-	1,470.29	2.07	-	1,198.92	2.23	-	1,646.21	2.78
Total	**25.52**	**63,787.76**	**100.00**	**28.40**	**71,969.21**	**100.00**	**32.24**	**71,056.80**	**100.00**	**24.49**	**53,890.41**	**100.00**	**24.59**	**59,111.44**	**100.00**

(1) Others primarily include ENA and by-products.

Our Brands and Products

We entered the mass-premium whisky segment with our flagship brand, *Officer's Choice* Whisky, in 1988. Over the years, we have expanded and introduced products across the different segments and categories of the alcohol industry. The Indian alcohol industry is split into six segments: Scotch, Premium, Semi-premium, Deluxe, Mass Premium and Economy segments. Over the years, we have ventured into the various segments and categories and now have a diversified portfolio of brands across most segments or categories of the industry. The table below depicts the distribution of our products across the various segments in the industry:

Industry Category and Segment	Brand
Whisky	
Premium	Sterling Reserve Blend 10 Whisky; X&O Barrel Premium Whisky
Semi-premium	Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Whisky; Sterling Reserve BX Hippy Deluxe Blended Whisky; Sterling Reserve B7 Whisky Cola Classic Mix; Srishti Premium Blended Whisky
Deluxe	Officer's Choice Blue; ICONiQ White International Whisky
Mass Premium	Officer's Choice Whisky; Officer's Choice Star
Brandy	
Premium	Kyron Premium Brandy; Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy
Mass Premium	Officer's Choice Brandy
Rum	
Deluxe	Jolly Roger Rum
Mass Premium	Officer's Choice Rum; Cheval Fort Café Rum
Vodka	
Mass Premium	Class 21 Vodka

Industry Category and Segment	Brand
Gin*	
Premium	Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin

** Launched in January 2024, subsequent to December 31, 2023.*

The table below sets forth details of our revenue from our top two, top five and top 10 customers for the fiscals indicated:

Customer Concentration	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Top 2	23,939.22	38.01	25,281.82	35.84	16,131.53	23.17
Top 5	33,906.06	53.83	37,286.85	52.86	29,103.06	41.81
Top 10	39,956.90	63.43	43,729.04	62.00	36,638.15	52.63

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*

The table below sets forth details of our revenue from our top two, top five and top 10 customers for the periods indicated:

Customer Concentration	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Top 2	12,276.95	23.28	14,466.10	25.15
Top 5	21,933.20	41.59	25,070.76	43.59
Top 10	27,997.04	53.09	30,594.79	53.20

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*

*** **Remainder of this page is intentionally left blank *****

Officer's Choice

Officer's Choice is our flagship brand, launched in 1988. Officer's Choice Whisky including Officer's Choice Blue is currently ranked third among the largest selling whisky brands globally in 2021. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

Under our *Officer's Choice* franchise, we have a presence in five different segments within the industry: Officer's Choice Blue, a deluxe segment whisky, Officer's Choice Whisky and Officer's Choice Star, both mass premium segment whiskies, Officer's Choice Brandy, a mass premium segment brandy, and Officer's Choice Rum, a mass premium segment rum.

As of December 31, 2023, we produce 29 SKUs of the various products under the Officer's Choice brand. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 22.25 million cases, 24.23 million cases, 25.92 million cases, 19.87 million cases and 18.88 million cases of products under the Officer's Choice brand.

Officer's Choice Blue



Officer's Choice Blue, a whisky product in the deluxe segment, delivers a smooth palate experience, bringing together a fine blend of Scotch malts and select Indian grain spirits. The blend has a subtle fruity, leafy, peaty and woody aroma. The primary ingredients used in this blend are demineralised water, grain ENA, scotch malt and caramel. As of December 31, 2023, we produced seven SKUs of Officer's Choice Blue Whisky, in volumes of two liter, one liter, 750 milliliters, 500 milliliters, 375 milliliters, 180 milliliters and 90 milliliters. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 5.84 million cases, 5.81 million cases, 5.56 million cases, 4.38 million and 3.40 million cases of Officer's Choice Blue, respectively.

Officer's Choice Whisky



Officer's Choice Whisky is our flagship product in the mass premium segment. It was launched in 1988 and has been among the top selling whisky brands globally in terms of volume between 2016 and 2019. (*Source: Technopak Report*) It is a fine malt whisky blend and the primary ingredients used in this blend are demineralized water, grain ENA, matured malt spirit, scotch malt, nature identical food flavours and caramel. As of December 31, 2023, we produced seven SKUs of Officer's Choice Whisky, in volumes of one liter, 750 milliliters, 500 milliliters, 375 milliliters, 180 milliliters, 90 milliliters and 60 milliliters. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 15.54 million cases, 17.55 million cases, 18.89 million cases, 14.42million cases and 14.56 million cases of Officer's Choice Whisky respectively.

Officer's Choice Star



Officer's Choice Star, a whisky in the mass premium segment, is a contemporary blend made of demineralized water, grain ENA, matured malt spirit, nature identical food flavours and caramel. As of December 31, 2023, we produce five SKUs of Officer's Choice Star Whisky, in volumes of one liter, 750 milliliters, 375 milliliters, 180 milliliters and 90 milliliters. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 0.25 million cases, 0.34 million cases, 0.45 million cases,0.32 million cases and 0.29 million cases of Officer's Choice Star, respectively.

Officer's Choice Brandy



Office's Choice Brandy, a brandy product in the mass premium segment, is specially crafted for smoothness and pleasant flavour. Blended from demineralized water, grain ENA, matured grape spirit, nature identical food flavours and caramel. As of December 31, 2023, we produce five SKUs of Officer's Choice Brandy, in volumes of one liter, 750 milliliters, 500 milliliters, 375 milliliters, and 180 milliliters. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 0.54 million cases, 0.42 million cases, 0.74 million cases, 0.53 million cases and 0.53 million cases of Officer's Choice Brandy, respectively.

Officer's Choice Rum



Officer's Choice Rum, a rum product in the mass premium segment, possesses overlapping notes of rum, fruits, and wood. It is a blend made of demineralised water, grain ENA, special spirit, nature identical food flavours and caramel. As of December 31, 2023, we produce five SKUs of Officer's Choice Rum, in volumes of one liter, 750 milliliters, 500 milliliters, 375 milliliters and 180 milliliters. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 0.08 million cases, 0.10 million cases, 0.28 million cases, 0.21million cases and 0.10 million cases of Officer's Choice Rum, respectively.

Sterling Reserve

Sterling Reserve is our award-winning blended whisky brand, launched in 2017 to enter the premium and semi-premium segments of the industry with our two blends, Sterling Reserve Blend 10 Whisky in the premium segment and Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Whisky in the semi-premium segment. In 2019, Sterling Reserve was the fastest growing spirits brand globally by sales volume, growing at a rate of 131% was the fastest growing spirits brand by volume in India in Fiscal 2021 with 2% growth whereas other whisky brands in the segment de-grew. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

As of December 31, 2023, we produce 16 of the various SKUs under the Sterling Reserve brand. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 2.97 million cases, 3.75 million cases, 5.31 million cases, 4.00 million cases and 3.86 million cases of products under the Sterling Reserve brand, respectively.

Sterling Reserve Blend 10 Whisky



The Sterling Reserve Blend 10 whisky brings together the finest Indian grain spirits and Scotch malts sourced from distinct barrel origins, that is chill-filtered with a smooth finish and 10 unique tasting notes.

The Sterling Reserve Blend 10 is manufactured with ingredients like select GENA, rare scotch malt and caramel. As of December 31, 2023, we produce four SKUs of Sterling Reserve Blend 10 whisky, in volumes of 750 milliliters, 375 milliliters, 180 milliliters and 90 milliliters bottles. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 0.16 million cases, 0.13 million cases, 0.20 million cases, 0.16 million cases and 0.14 million cases of Sterling Reserve Blend 10 Whisky, respectively.

Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Whisky



The Sterling Reserve Blend 7 whisky is a unique tasting experience that casts seven different tasting notes, and is created and blended from the finest Indian grain spirits and Scotch malts from barrels of different origins. The soft-toasted touch of charred oak provides the luxurious texture and smooth, well-rounded finish. The Sterling Reserve Blend 7 is manufactured with ingredients like grain ENA, rare scotch malt and caramel. Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was the third largest selling brand in the semi-premium whisky segment by volume in India in Fiscal 2022. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

As of December 31, 2023, we produce six SKUs of Sterling Reserve Blend 7 whisky, in volumes of two liter, one liter, 750 milliliters, 375 milliliters, 180 milliliters and 90 milliliters. In Fiscal 2021, 2022

and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 2.81 million cases, 3.62 million cases, 5.06 million cases, 3.81 million cases and 3.64 million cases of Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Whisky.

Sterling Reserve B7 Whisky Cola Classic Mix



Sterling Reserve B7 Whisky Cola Mix is a whisky flavoured with cola. The whisky, a blend of select Scotch malts and the Indian grain spirits, is infused with cola. It has the colour of whisky in the bottle and retains it, when mixed with water or soda.

As of December 31, 2023, we produce three SKUs of Sterling Reserve B7 whisky Cola Mix, in volumes of 750 milliliters, 375 milliliters and 180 milliliters. It was launched in September 2022 and in Fiscal 2023 we sold 20,830 cases and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 we sold 19,429 and 802 cases of Sterling Reserve B7 whisky Cola Mix.

Sterling Reserve BX Hippy Deluxe Blended Whisky



The Hippy is a reimagination of the 180 ml SKU, popularly known as the ‘quarter’.Inspired by the design of the hip flask, Hippy is meticulously crafted to cater to consumers on the move.

As of December 31, 2023, we produce one SKU of Sterling Reserve BX Hippy Deluxe Blended Whisky, in volume of 180 milliliters. It was launched in September 2022 and in Fiscal 2023 we sold 21,715 cases and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 we sold12,080 and 67,058 cases of Sterling Reserve BX Hippy Deluxe Blended Whisky.

Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy



Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy is crafted using imported French grape spirits. The grapes are carefully selected and undergo a meticulous maturation process in oak barrels for a smoother experience. As of December 31, 2023, we produce two SKUs of Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy, in volumes of 750 milliliters, and 375 milliliters. It was launched in March 2023 and in Fiscal 2023 we sold 1,150 cases and in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 we sold 3,811 cases of Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy.

Kyron Premium Brandy



Kyron is our brand under which we produce our premium brandy. Kyron premium brandy is mainly popular in our key southern Indian markets. Our Kyron brand is also closely associated with the fashion scene, with a presence at Fashion Weeks at different cities. The Kyron Premium Brandy is manufactured with ingredients like select grain ENA, rare matured French grape spirit, nature identical food flavours and caramel. As of December 31, 2023, we produce four SKUs of the Kyron Premium Brandy, in volumes of 750 milliliters, 375 milliliters, 180 milliliters and 90 milliliters. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 0.09 million cases, 0.11 million cases, 0.14 million cases, 0.11million cases and 0.11 million cases of Kyron premium brandy, respectively.

Jolly Roger Rum



We produce rum in the deluxe segment under our Jolly Roger brand. Our Jolly Roger Rum is blended with ENA and special spirits, nature identical food flavours and caramel. As of December 31, 2023, we produce four SKU's of Jolly Roger Rum, in volumes of 750 milliliters, 500 milliliters, 375 milliliters and 180 milliliters. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 0.12 million cases, 0.21 million cases, 0.32 million cases, 0.22 million cases and 0.19 million cases of Jolly Roger Rum, respectively.

Class 21 Vodka



We manufacture vodka in the mass premium segment under our Class 21 brand. Class 21 vodka is a grain vodka. It is manufactured with ingredients like grain ENA, demineralized water and nature identical food flavours. The blend is subjected to an activated carbon treatment process to bring about a delicate, clean and crisp vodka profile. As of December 31, 2022, we produce three SKUs of Class 21 Vodka, in volumes of 750 milliliters, 375 milliliters and 180 milliliters. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we sold 0.05 million cases, 0.04 million cases, 0.13 million cases, 0.12 million cases and 0.03 million cases of Class 21 Vodka, respectively.

Srishti Premium Blended Whisky



Srishti Premium Blended Whisky is a blend of rare Scotch malts paired with select Indian grain spirits and its unique expression is rounded off with curcumin.

As of December 31, 2023, we produce three SKUs of Srishti Premium Whisky, in volumes of 750 milliliters, 375 milliliters and 180 milliliters. It was launched in October 2022 and in Fiscal 2023 we sold 35,696 cases and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 we sold 12,312 and 81,252 cases of Srishti Premium Blended Whisky.

X&O Barrel Premium World Grain Whisky



X&O Barrel Premium World Grain Whisky is a premium blend of Scotch malts matured in American bourbon barrels and the Indian grain spirits.

As of December 31, 2023, we produce three SKUs of X&O Barrel Premium World Grain Whisky, in volumes of 750 milliliters, 375 milliliters and 180 milliliters. It was launched in November 2022 and in Fiscal 2023 we sold 8,076 cases and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 we sold 4,793 and 8,835 cases of X&O Barrel Premium World Grain Whisky.

ICONiQ White International Whisky



ICONiQ White International Whisky is a blend of imported Scotch malts aged in bourbon oak casks, blended with select matured malts and finest Indian grain spirits. The fruity and nutty aromas of the blend complement its woody character.

As of December 31, 2023, we produce four SKUs of ICONiQ White International Whisky, in volumes of 750 milliliters, 375 milliliters, 180 milliliters and 90 milliliters. It was launched in September 2022 and in Fiscal 2023 we sold 315,879 cases and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 we sold 97,469 and 14,28,780 cases of ICONiQ White International Whisky.

Our Company has entered into a trademark agreement dated August 5, 2022 read with first addendum dated September 28, 2022, second addendum dated December 20, 2022, third addendum dated June 9, 2023, fourth addendum dated July 4, 2023, fifth addendum dated November 2, 2023 and sixth addendum dated April 5, 2024, with ICONIQ Brands India Private Limited ("**ICONIQ**"), an entity forming part of our Promoter Group, wherein our Company has been provided an exclusive license to use the various trademarks registered by ICONIQ for the ICONIQ and X&O brands that may be used by our Company for new products or brands to be launched by us. The ICONIQ Trademark Agreement is valid for a period of three years with effect from August 5, 2022 and shall terminate on expiry of the term upon non-renewal. As a consideration, our Company has agreed to pay a royalty of ₹ 1 per case of products sold which can be modified in future with mutual consent of parties. Further, under the terms of the ICONIQ Trademark Agreement, in the event of launching the product in a new market, subsequent amendment agreements will be entered between our Company and ICONIQ.

Cheval Fort Café Rum



Cheval Fort Café Rum is a distinct new blend of rum infused with very quality coffee notes for a smooth experience.

As of December 31, 2023, we produce two SKUs of Cheval Fort Café Rum, in volumes of 750 milliliters and 50 milliliters. It was launched in August 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, we sold 300 cases of Cheval Fort Café Rum.

Recent Launch – Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin



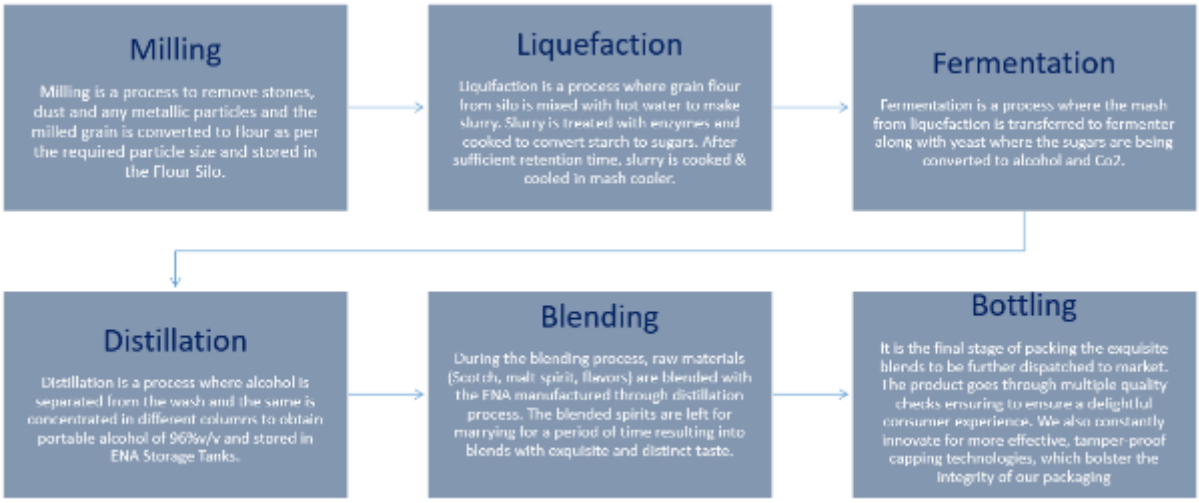
We have recently launched a gin product in the premium segment, in January 2024 with initial sales in the state of Haryana and have commenced selling the product in Mumbai, Maharashtra recently in June 2024. Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin is made from 100% grain and natural spirits, with juniper and 12 botanicals to give it a beautiful, fresh and unique finish.

As on the date of this Prospectus, we produce one SKU of Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin, in volumes of 750 milliliters.

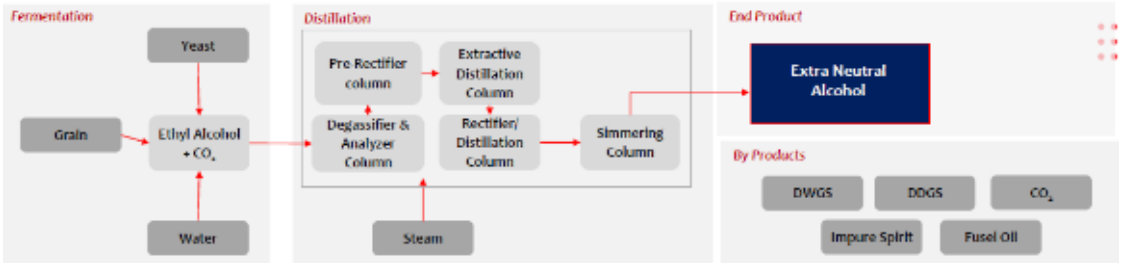
Manufacturing Process

In general, our products go through six stages of processing from grain selection to bottling. At every stage, our operations are handled by specialists who are equipped with both theoretical and practical knowledge in their area of expertise, having gone through extensive training at our state-of-the-art training centre in Aurangabad.

The stages of our manufacturing process are as represented below:



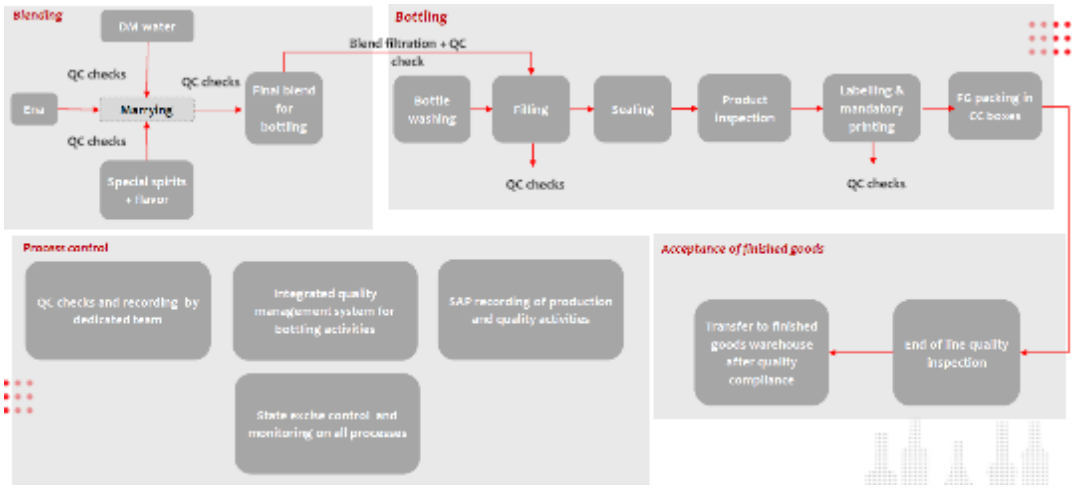
Distillation Process



The raw ingredients such as milled and cooked grain, yeast, water are first put in a fermenter and fermented for three days prior to distillation. The fermentation process is supervised by trained experts under controlled environments to convert the raw ingredients to form alcoholic compounds using yeast as a catalyst. Upon completion, the products from fermentation are ethyl alcohol and carbon dioxide.

The ethyl alcohol is then put through the distillation process where it goes through the degassifier and analyser column, the pre-rectifier column, the extractive distillation column, the rectifier or distillation column and the simmering column. With steam, the final product that comes out from the distillation will be the extra neutral alcohol which is a raw ingredient for many of our alcoholic products. Certain by-products are released as well, including distiller's wet grain solubles, distiller's dried grains with solubles, carbon dioxide, impure spirit and fusel oil. For further information in relation to the environmental and health concerns relating to disposal of by-products, see "*Risk Factors – 53. An inability to comply with food safety laws, environmental laws and other applicable regulations in relation to our distillery and third-party bottling facilities may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.*" on page 84.

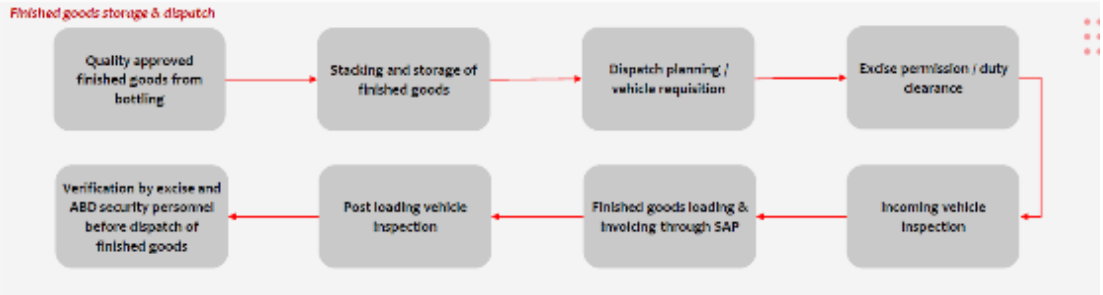
Blending and Bottling Process



All of our raw ingredients, including the ENA that we produce, undergo quality control checks prior to blending, including chemical estimation, gas chromatography estimation and organoleptic checks. Thereafter, the extra neutral alcohol, demineralised water and any other special spirits or flavours and caramel are added into the blending unit, and "married" to become the final blend for bottling.

All of our bottles also undergo certain quality checks. Once approved, the bottles are filled and sealed and sent for inspection, labelling and mandatory printing. There are multiple quality control checks throughout the blending and bottling process, and once the final, end-of-line quality inspection is completed, the bottled products are then transferred to our finished goods warehouse for storage.

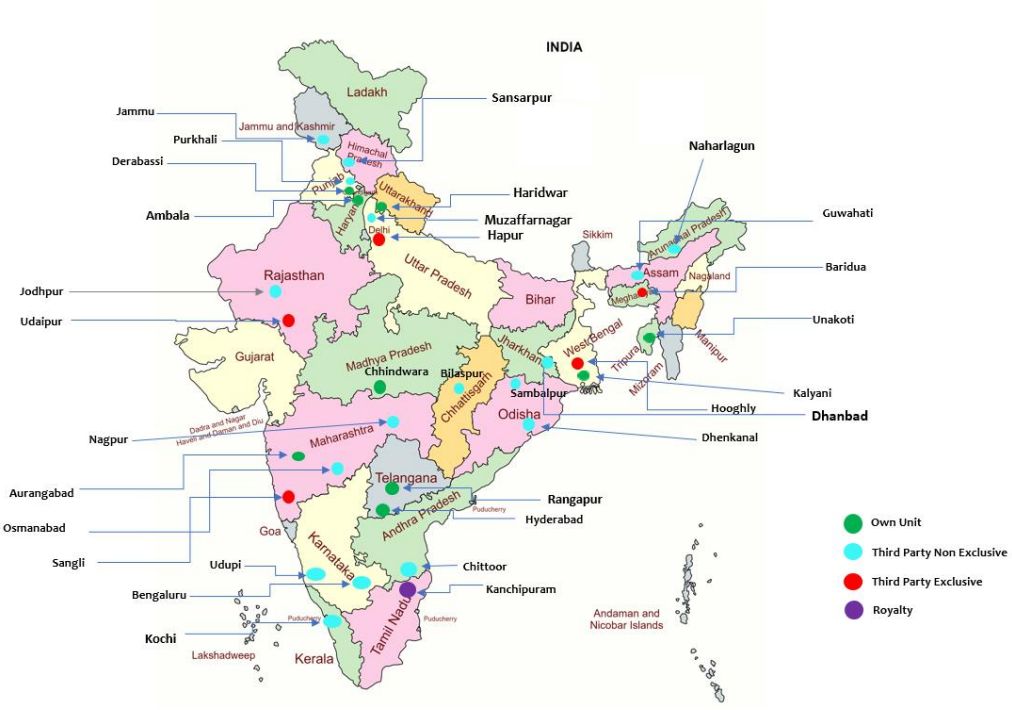
Warehousing



At the warehouse, the goods are stacked and stored, planned and prepared for dispatch. Excise permission and duty clearance is then obtained, and the incoming dispatch vehicle is inspected. The finished goods are loaded and invoiced through our SAP software, and the loaded vehicles are then inspected again. Thereafter, there is a final verification by excise official and our own in-house security personnel before the finished goods are dispatched. Process controls at this stage include monthly finished goods audit by our in-house personnel, and monthly finished goods integrity check for aging stock and recording through our SAP software.

Facilities

As of December 31, 2023, we relied on 32 bottling facilities, including bottling facilities owned and operated by us and contract bottling facilities both on exclusive and non-exclusive basis. Our distillery is located in Rangapur, Telangana and is spread over an area of 74.95 acres and a built-up area of over 25,000 square meters. We possess a pan-India footprint of bottlers with an optimal mix of owned and third-party bottling facilities. In Fiscal 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, 51.40% and 53.07%, respectively, of our production was from our own bottling facilities and the remaining from contract or leased units. The following map depicts the presence of our facilities across India:



All facilities, including third-party bottling facilities that manufacture our products, utilise standardized production and management systems on raw ingredient processing, blending, bottling and quality control. Quality managers ensure quality standard for our products, enabling us to manufacture products with consistent taste and quality.

Capacity and Capacity Utilization

As of December 31, 2023, we owned and operated nine bottling units, and had entered into arrangements with five third-party bottling facilities, where the entire licensed capacity is utilized by us. In addition, we have entered into 18 bottling agreements on a non-exclusive basis with third-party bottling facilities, including one facility where we have entered into a royalty arrangement.

In this Prospectus, we have presented licensed capacity and corresponding capacity utilization information for only (i) all bottling facilities owned and operated by us in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months

ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023; and (ii) six and five third-party bottling facilities for which we have entered into exclusive bottling arrangements with respect to the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, respectively. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we had entered into exclusive bottling arrangements with various third-party bottling facilities which arrangements were not renewed in subsequent fiscal years. We are therefore unable to present the licensed capacity, and capacity utilization information with respect to such third-party bottling facilities with which we had entered into exclusive bottling arrangements in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023. In addition, depending on our business requirements, we enter into non-exclusive bottling arrangements with various third-party bottling facilities which arrangements may be short term in nature and may not be renewed in subsequent fiscal years. Under such non-exclusive arrangements, we do not have access to exclusive use of the licensed capacity of the facility and other producers may also use such bottling facilities for bottling of their products. We are therefore unable to present information relating to the licensed capacity of and capacity utilization achieved at these non-exclusive facilities.

The licensed capacity and capacity utilization information included in this Prospectus has been certified by Sunil Bhor & Associates, independent chartered engineers, by certificate dated June 18, 2024.

The following table sets forth the licensed capacity, actual production and capacity utilization for the periods indicated:

Facility[(1)]	**Fiscal**								
	2021			**2022**			**2023**		
	Licensed Capacity (cases)*[(2)(3)]	**Actual Production (cases)**	**Capacity Utilisation (%)**	**Licensed Capacity (cases)*[(2)(3)(4)]**	**Actual Production[(4)] (cases)**	**Capacity Utilisation[(4)] (%)**	**Licensed Capacity (cases)*[(2)(3)(4)]**	**Actual Production[(4)] (cases)**	**Capacity Utilisation[(4)] (%)**
Owned Bottling Facilities	27,055,432	14,797,750	54.69	26,480,432	17,284,999	65.27	26,298,852	16,677,126	63.41

Notes:

(1) In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, we owned and operated the following bottling facilities located at: Aurangabad, in Maharashtra; Rangapur in Telangana; Hyderabad in Telangana; Chhindwara in Madhya Pradesh; Kalyani in West Bengal; Unakoti in Tripura; Ambala in Haryana; Haridwar in Uttarakhand;; and Derabassi in Punjab.

(2) Licensed capacity represents the minimum licensed capacity approved by various statutory authorities, e.g. the licensed capacity approved by the excise department and that approved by the pollution control boards of the relevant States and Union Territories, granted to a certain facility. Such licensed capacity can vary between fiscal periods depending on any revisions during or at end of such fiscal periods to the licensed capacity approved by such regulatory authorities.

(3) Our aggregate licensed capacity was lower in Fiscal 2022 compared to Fiscal 2021 due to closure of our owned and operated bottling facility in Bengaluru, Karnataka while our aggregate licensed capacity was lower in Fiscal 2023 compared to that in Fiscal 2022 due to a lower licensed capacity taken for our facility located at Aurangabad in Maharashtra.

(4) Although we have included the licensed capacity of our Bengaluru facility in the total licensed capacity for owned bottling facilities in Fiscal 2021, due to various commercial considerations, we did not carry out any bottling in, and did not utilize the licensed capacity in our Bengaluru facility during such fiscal periods.

Facility[(1)]	**For the nine months ended December 31, 2022**			**For the nine months ended December 31, 2023**		
	Licensed Capacity (cases)[(2)(3)(4)]	**Actual Production (cases)**	**Capacity Utilisation (%)**	**Licensed Capacity (cases)[(2)(3)(4)]**	**Actual Production (cases)**	**Capacity Utilisation (%)**
Owned Bottling Facilities	19,724,139	12,562,696	63.69	19,339,687	13,019,371	67.32

(1) For the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we owned and operated the following bottling facilities located at: Aurangabad, in Maharashtra; Rangapur in Telangana; Hyderabad in Telangana; Chhindwara in Madhya Pradesh; Kalyani in West Bengal; Unakoti in Tripura; Ambala in Haryana; Haridwar in Uttarakhand; and Derabassi in Punjab.

(2) Licensed capacity represents the minimum licensed capacity approved by various statutory authorities, e.g. the licensed capacity approved by the excise department and that approved by the pollution control boards of the relevant States and Union Territories, granted to a certain facility. Such licensed capacity can vary between fiscal periods depending on any revisions during or at end of such fiscal periods to the licensed capacity approved by such regulatory authorities. For the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 the licensed capacity has been calculated on a prorated basis, based on the annual licensed capacity available for Fiscal 2023.

(3) Our aggregate licensed capacity was lower for the period of nine months ended December 31, 2023 compared to that for the nine months ended December 31, 2022 due to a lower licensed capacity approved taken for our facility located at Aurangabad in Maharashtra.

(4) We have not included the licensed capacity of our Bengaluru facility in the total licensed capacity for owned bottling facilities in the nine months ended December 31, 2022, as we discontinued operations at such facility prior to such fiscal period. As such, the total licensed capacity for the nine months ended December 31, 2022 may not be comparable to the total licensed capacity information presented for prior Fiscals, which included the licensed capacity of the Bengaluru facility.

The following table sets forth the licensed capacity, actual production and capacity utilization at our owned facilities as well as third-party bottling facilities with which we had entered into arrangements with in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023:

Facility	For the nine months ended December 31, 2022			For the nine months ended December 31, 2023		
	Licensed Capacity (cases)[(3)(4)]	Actual Production (cases)	Capacity Utilisation (%)	Licensed Capacity (cases)[(3)(4)]	Actual Production (cases)	Capacity Utilisation (%)
Owned Bottling Facilities[(1)]	19,724,139	12,562,696	63.69	19,339,687	13,019,371	67.32
Third party facilities with exclusive bottling agreements[(2)]	6,577,500	3,898,222	59.27	5,677,500	3,318,379	58.45

Notes:

(1) Includes our nine owned and operated bottling facilities located at Aurangabad in Maharashtra; Rangapur in Telangana; Hyderabad in Telangana; Chhindwara in Madhya Pradesh; Kalyani in West Bengal; Unakoti in Tripura; Ambala in Haryana; Haridwar in Uttarakhand; and Derabassi in Punjab.

(2) Includes the six third-party bottling facilities located at Hapur in Uttar Pradesh; Udaipur in Rajasthan; Hooghly in West Bengal; Chandigarh; Baridua in Meghalaya; and Sangli in Maharashtra during nine months ended December 31, 2022; and includes five third-party bottling facilities located at Hapur in Uttar Pradesh; Udaipur in Rajasthan; Hooghly in West Bengal; Baridua in Meghalaya; and Sangli in Maharashtra during the nine months ended December 31, 2023.

(3) Licensed capacity represents the minimum licensed capacity approved by various statutory authorities, e.g. the licensed capacity approved by the excise department and that approved by the pollution control boards of the relevant States and Union Territories, granted to a certain facility. Such licensed capacity can vary between fiscal periods depending on any revisions during or at end of such fiscal periods to the licensed capacity approved by such regulatory authorities. For the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, the licensed capacity has been calculated on a prorated basis, based on the annual licensed capacity available for Fiscal 2023.

(4) We have not included the licensed capacity of our Bengaluru facility in the total licensed capacity for owned bottling facilities in the nine months ended December 31, 2022, as we discontinued operations at such facility prior to such fiscal period. As such, the total licensed capacity for the nine months ended December 31, 2022 may not be comparable to the total licensed capacity information presented above for Fiscal 2021, and 2022, which included the licensed capacity of the Bengaluru facility.

Actual production levels and utilization rates may differ significantly from the licensed capacity or the historical capacity utilization information of our owned and operated bottling facilities and third-party exclusive bottling facilities due to various reasons including availability of raw materials, downtime resulting from scheduled maintained activities, unscheduled breakdowns as well as expected operational efficiencies.

The following table sets forth the licensed capacity, actual production and capacity utilization for the periods indicated of our distillery facility located at Rangapur, Telangana:

Facility[(1)]	Fiscal								
	2021			2022			2023		
	Licensed Capacity (lakh litres)[(1]	Actual Production (lakh litres)	Capacity Utilisation (%)	Licensed Capacity (lakh litres)[(1)]	Actual Production (lakh litres)	Capacity Utilisation (%)	Licensed Capacity (lakh litres)[(1)]	Actual Production (lakh litres)	Capacity Utilisation (%)
Distillery Facility located at Rangapur, Telangana	547.50	315.88	57.69	547.50	526.94	96.24	547.50	516.75	94.38

(1) Licensed capacity represents the minimum licensed capacity approved by various statutory authorities. For example, the licensed capacity approved by the excise department and that approved by the pollution control board of the relevant State granted to our distillery facility. Such licensed capacity can vary between fiscal periods depending on any revisions during or at end of such fiscal periods to the licensed capacity approved by such regulatory authorities.

Facility[(1)]	For the nine months ended December 31, 2022			For the nine months ended December 31, 2023		
	Licensed Capacity (lakh litres)[(1)(3)]	Actual Production (lakh litres)	Capacity Utilisation (%)	Licensed Capacity (lakh litres)[(1)(2)(3)]	Actual Production (lakh litres)	Capacity Utilisation (%)[(2)]
Distillery Facility located at Rangapur, Telangana	412.50	403.23	97.75	434.70	432.26	99.44

(1) Licensed capacity represents the minimum licensed capacity approved by various statutory authorities. For example, the licensed capacity approved by the excise department and that approved by the pollution control board of the relevant State granted to our distillery facility.

Such licensed capacity can vary between fiscal periods depending on any revisions during or at end of such fiscal periods to the licensed capacity approved by such regulatory authorities.

(2) *Pursuant to an approval dated October 19, 2023 by the Telangana State Pollution Control Board, the licensed capacity of the distillery has increased to 657 lakh litres with effect from October 19, 2023. However, the licensed capacity approved by the excise department is 600 lakh litres, therefore the licensed capacity going forward will be 600 lakh litres unless we obtain special approval from the excise department to increase the licensed capacity more than 600 lakh litres and upto 657 lakh litres as approved by the Telangana pollution control board.*

(3) *The licensed capacity for the nine months ended December 31, 2022 have been calculated on a pro rata basis based on the licensed capacity of Fiscal 2022, i.e., 547.50 divided by 12 and multiplied by nine, while the licensed capacity for the nine months ended December 31, 2023 have been calculated on a pro-rata basis based on the licensed capacity in Fiscal 2023, i.e., (i) 547.50 (until October 18, 2023) divided by 365 days multiplied by 201 days (from April 1, 2023 until October 18, 2023); and (ii) plus 657 lacs divided by 365 days multiplied by 74 days (October 19, 2023 until December 31, 2023).*

Power and Water

Given the scale of our operations and the type of products that we produce and process, we require a significant amount of power and water. We depend on state electricity supply for our power requirements and utilise diesel generators to ensure that our facilities are operational during power failures or other emergencies. We source our water requirements from state and municipal corporations and local body water supply where our distillery and bottling facilities are located.

Raw Materials

Our raw material requirements include ingredients required for production of our various products, alcoholic and non-alcoholic, as well as packaging and labelling materials. Our primary required raw ingredients for the manufacturing of our products are ENA, malt spirit, scotch, food flavour and caramel. A portion of ENA, the primary raw material for our products, are also sourced from third-party manufacturers apart from being produced in-house. We use grain for the manufacture of ENA which is sourced primarily from the States of Telangana, Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka. We presently procure our raw materials from select manufacturers and distillers through a process of empanelment which involves conducting technical due diligence of the facility, process monitoring over a period of time and consistency of the quality of final product. We also do physical evaluation of products through our technical representative at the time of sourcing. Our procurement is based on our requirements on an on-going basis, through purchase orders, letters of intent and transport contracts at an "as needed" basis.

The cost of materials consumed in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 was ₹ 13,904.44 million, ₹ 16,349.72 million, ₹ 19,956.87 million, ₹15,334.50 million and ₹16,363.29 million, and accounted for 22.48%, 23.35%, 28.84%, 29.19% and 28.56% of our total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation/ amortisation), respectively.

The table below provides details of total purchases from our top 10 suppliers as a percentage of cost of material consumed in the fiscals indicated:

Vendor Concentration	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Cost of Materials Consumed (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Cost of Materials Consumed (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Cost of Materials Consumed (%)
Top 10	4,151.87	29.86	5,297.46	32.40	6,721.35	33.68

The table below provides details of total purchases from our top 10 suppliers as a percentage of cost of material consumed for the periods indicated:

Vendor Concentration	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Cost of Materials Consumed (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Cost of Materials Consumed (%)
Top 10	4,739.25	30.91	5,552.99	33.94

Packaging

We sell our products in glass and polyethylene terephthalate (PET) bottles and in tetra packs in various sizes ranging from 60 milliliters to two liter. We use certain materials for packaging, which includes glass bottles, plastic and aluminium caps, as well as cardboard containers (master and mono) with our brands printed on them which we source from third parties with the final packaging done in-house. The cost of packaging materials in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, amounted to ₹ 7,606.57 million, ₹ 7,705.62 million, ₹ 8,794.65 million, ₹ 6,950.19 million and ₹7,012.56 million, and accounted for 11.92%, 10.71%, 12.38%, 12.90% and 11.86% of our total revenue from operations in the same periods.

Packaging of our products have in the past been awarded various awards. For example, *ICONiQ White Whisky* won gold award for packaging at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023, our Sterling Reserve Limited Edition Packs was awarded Gold at the Design and Packaging Masters 2021, awarded by The Spirits Business in the United Kingdom, and our Sterling Reserve Blend 7 packaging was awarded the Best Packaging (Monocarton) in the Ambrosia Awards 2020. Some of our packaging is closely related to our marketing and brand promotion efforts. For example, one of our marketing strategies involve the sponsorship of, and advertisement with, cricket teams in the Indian Premier League. For further information, see "– *Marketing and Business Promotion*" on page 257.









We procure our packaging materials from suppliers based on standard evaluation criteria of suppliers which includes supplier infrastructure, quality and capacity, and our procurement is based on our requirements on an on-going basis, through purchase agreements with our suppliers on an annual basis.

Quality Control

As a manufacturing company, we are subject and adhere to strict regulations on product quality and safety. From the procurement of raw ingredients and materials to the packaging and shipping of products, we have a team of experienced and skilled personnel that ensures each product adheres to our internal and external quality control standards and regulations. At every stage of the blending and bottling process, our products are subject to multiple rounds of quality controls and inspections in order to ensure that such product quality and safety standards are conformed with. Our quality control team is trained at our training centre in Aurangabad. There is a separate team comprising of executives from quality control and marketing, who track complaints arising from the quality of our products. We have also engaged a third-party service provider to share complaints with the relevant team members on periodic basis including monitoring redressal.

Research and Development

Our research and development facility is a fully integrated in-house support facility located at Aurangabad, Maharashtra with a self-contained application laboratory, instrumentation laboratory, material testing laboratory, wet chemistry laboratory, micro biology laboratory and a sensory laboratory. We also have a compounding facility which supports our blending program. We also have four regional quality laboratories which work in close

collaboration with our Central Quality Control Laboratory. We also work with external accredited laboratories like Vasant Dada Sugar Institute, Inter Stellar, Du Pont and flavouring houses. As of March 31, 2023, our research and development team comprised seven full-time employees. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we have spent ₹ 11.75 million, ₹ 12.23 million, ₹ 11.84 million, ₹ 10.98 million and ₹9.02 million, respectively on research and development respectively, which accounted for 0.02%, 0.02%, 0.02%, 0.02% and 0.02% of our total revenue from operations in the same periods.

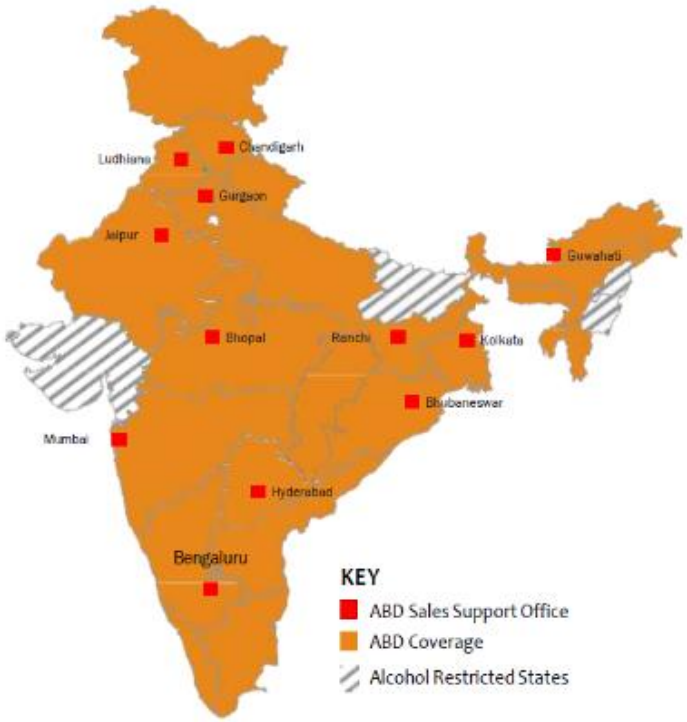
Our research and development capabilities are focused on product innovation from conceptualization and development of new products, to sourcing new raw materials for packaging for cost optimisation and product innovation purposes, and also product engineering and re-engineering. Our research and development facility is equipped with instrumentation for testing raw materials, blend applicability and product quality and safety. We also possess capabilities in flavour selection through analytical and sensory evaluation processes, quality assurance and compounding of flavours, followed by distribution of the developed products under their respective product profiles (i.e., whisky, rum or brandy). We have a trained in-house panel of sensory experts to continuously analyse and evaluate consistency and correctness of products. In addition, our research and development is also focussed on innovation in packaging and our packaging material is also evaluated to ensure that it conforms with standards. For instance, we have developed sustainable packaging for *Sterling Reserve* and have been awarded Gold at the Design and Packaging Masters 2021 for the Sterling Reserve Limited Edition Packs.






Government Regulation and Distribution

We are one of the only four spirits companies in India with a pan-india sales and distribution footprint (*Source: Technopak Repor*t), with a presence in more than 30 States and Union Territories.We possess a pan-India route-to-market capabilities covering all channels within the alcohol permitted States and Union Territories. As of December 31, 2023, we have a network consisting of 12 sales support offices, 490 employees in our sales department, and one sales consultant, to support the volume growth of our brands.



Map not to scale.
As of December 31, 2023

Each State in India has its own model of distribution, and there are multiple modes being used in the country including complete control of distribution network including state run wholesaling and retailing to control over either wholesaling or retailing. However, in some States, distribution is not carried out directly by the State where both wholesaling and retailing is in the hand of private parties. The States also control distribution by not allowing to open new outlets in their areas. Any movement of alco beverages from manufacturing units is authorized by government officials.

Across India, we distribute our products primarily through Open Market, Part Corporation Market and Full Corporation Market channels, with 79,329 retail outlets across 30 States in India as of March 31, 2023 (*Source: Technopak Report*). Our unique distribution system with various levels of government involvement allows us to maximise our profitability.

Open Market. We sell our products directly to wholesalers and retailers controlled by private distributors and retailers. This option is prevalent in States such as Maharashtra, Goa and Assam. (*Source: Technopak Repor*t)

Part Corporation Market. Part Corporation Markets, have the following types of model: (i) wholesale and distribution is undertaken by state beverage corporations while retail sales is undertaken by private players; and (ii) private retailers lift stock from the warehouses of the state beverage corporations and are invoiced based on the quantities of stock lifted by them. Part Corporation Market route is prevalent in States such as Rajasthan, Karnataka and Madhya Pradesh. (*Source: Technopak Repor*t)

Full Corporation Market. In Full Corporation Markets, wholesale and retail sales are controlled by state beverage corporations. Full Corporation Market route is prevalent in States such as Tamil Nadu. (*Source: Technopak Repor*t)

In addition, we also have a retail outlet located in Mumbai, Maharashtra.

Excise Duty

As we are a manufacturer of alcoholic products, we are subject to excise duty in India levied by various state governments. We pay excise duty based upon bulk litre / production volumes / bottled volume. For sales in India, most of the state governments insist on affixing a stamp/hologram on each bottle, which indicates that the excise tax has been paid. State excise department also charge multiple annual fees including brand label registration fees before marketing of the given brand is allowed. For export of our products, we label the bottles “for export only”. The excise duty applied to alcoholic beverages are determined by excise policies of the respective state government in which they are produced and sold.

***** Remainder of this page is intentionally left blank*****

The table below sets forth certain details regarding the distribution of our products based on various channels for the periods indicated:

Channel	Fiscal									Nine months ended December 31, 2022			Nine months ended December 31, 2023		
	2021			2022			2023								
	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts * (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts * (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts * (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts * (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts * (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Open Market	11.15	28,595.97	45.40	12.28	32,250.02	45.72	14.41	36,795.49	52.86	10.91	28,307.34	53.68	11.26	30,089.83	52.32
Part (Wholesale) Corporation Market	13.85	33,884.61	53.79	15.33	37,402.16	53.03	13.84	26,876.48	38.61	10.40	20,066.30	38.05	11.02	22,875.52	39.77
Full (Wholesale and Retail) Corporation Market	0.52	508.75	0.81	0.79	884.10	1.25	3.99	5,937.94	8.53	3.18	4,359.12	8.27	2.31	4,547.63	7.91
Revenue from contracts with customer- Sale of goods (IMFL)	**25.52**	**62,989.33**	**100.00**	**28.40**	**70,536.28**	**100.00**	**32.24**	**69,609.91**	**100.00**	**24.49**	**52,732.76**	**100.00**	**24.59**	**57,512.98**	**100.00**

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*

*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*

*****Remainder of this page is intentionally left blank*****

Exports

We are a leading exporter of IMFL (*Source: Technopak Repor*t) and as of December 31, 2023, we have exported our products to 14 countries internationally, including countries in North America, Middle East, Africa, Asia, and Europe. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, revenues from geographical markets outside India were ₹ 1,335.53 million, ₹ 1,707.93 million, ₹ 1,299.66 million, ₹876.23 million and ₹ 1,311.78 million, respectively, and accounted for 5.69%, 6.36%, 4.13%, 3.69% and 5.12%, respectively, of our Net Revenue from Operations. Further, in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, our annual sales volume of products exported were 1.44 million cases, 1.75 million cases, 1.25 million cases, 0.88 million cases and 1.20 million cases, respectively which represented, 5.67%, 6.18%, 3.87%, 3.58% and 4.90%, respectively of our total annual sales volume.

Our export sales are primarily organized through importers or distributors, with whom we have entered into agreements for the distribution of our products. We believe that our diversified portfolio of products enables us to cater to international consumer tastes and preferences and has allowed us to increase our exports.

Pricing

Prices of alcoholic beverages in India is controlled by respective state governments with varying tax structures leading to high variation in prices across States. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Accordingly, our ability to price our products depends on multiple factors and primarily driven by pricing norms stipulated by respective States and Union Territories. Price is determined by two key factors: (i) Ex-distillery price ("**EDP**") which covers the cost of production; and (ii) state excise policies which specify duties, license fees, cess and surcharges, wholesale margin and retail margin. Taxes and margin are calculated as a percentage of EDP. The contribution of taxes and margins progressively decreases as the EDP increases depending on the category of product. One of the key challenges in the industry is the revision of prices. Price revisions are approved and is the prerogative of excise department.

Marketing and Business Promotion

We have strategically undertaken brand-building initiatives to increase brand awareness and consumer goodwill of our brands through prudent use of resources and sustained investments in advertising and promotion. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, our sales and business promotion expenses were ₹ 906.63 million, ₹ 938.56 million, ₹ 1,304.02 million, ₹ 1,070.14 million and ₹942.45 million, respectively, which represented 3.86%, 3.49%, 4.14%, 4.50% and 3.68%, respectively, of our total Net Revenue from Operations. In line with applicable regulations, we typically advertise our products through brand visibility strategies like billboards, banners and other displays at locations with high human traffic, like metros, storefronts, high streets and airports.





For *Officer's Choice* Blue to build a better connect with consumers we have leveraged 'sports' as an interest domain and made strategic marketing investments towards associating with key sporting events across the country. This in the past has included partnerships with teams participating in the Indian Premier League, the Pro Kabaddi League and partnerships with regional football leagues for our focus markets of West Bengal and the Northeast. We have also in the past appointed celebrity brand ambassadors including a leading cricket personality.

Sterling Reserve connects with younger consumers through content in key areas of interest such as music, comedy and performing arts through the umbrella platform of The Sterling Reserve Project. Content created in these domains subtly integrates the brand proposition and is amplified on relevant mediums online and offline.

Kyron Premium Brandy has sponsored various fashion weeks in cities across South India such as Vizag, Pondicherry, Kochi, and Hyderabad.

Sports



Music, Gaming and the Arts







Officer's Choice, *Officer's Choice Blue* and *Sterling Reserve* have brand extensions in packaged drinking water. Marketing efforts on our brands have also received several awards and recognitions, including, *Sterling Reserve* receiving 'Gold' for Best Integrated Campaign at Exchange4Media Indian Digital Marketing Awards 2021 and 'Gold' for Best Content Marketing Campaign at the Adgully Digixx Awards 2021 and *Officer's Choice Blue* winning Silver for Best Use of Facebook at Afaqs Marketers Xcellence Awards 2021. Our packaging innovations have also been recognised with Gold and Silver awards at the Design and Packaging Masters 2021 organised by the international industry publication, The Spirits Business.

Health, Safety and Certifications

Our activities are subject to various legislation and regulations which govern, among others, air emissions, wastewater discharges, the handling, storage and disposal of hazardous substances and wastes, the remediation of contaminated sites, natural resource damages, and employee health and safety. For further information, see "*Key Regulations and Policies in India*" on page 267.

We consistently and continue to ensure compliance with the applicable regulations and other policies or requirements in our operations. Certain of our facilities have been awarded certifications for our compliance with certain management system standards. For example, our registered and corporate office, as well as our facilities at Aurangabad, Saha, Kalyani, Hyderabad and our bottling facility at Rangapur, Telangana have been awarded ISO 22000:2018 certification, for food safety management system.

Awards and Accolades

Our products and packaging methods have also been awarded certain accolades by independent institutions. The following table sets out certain awards that we have won:

Calendar Year	Particulars
2019	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was awarded the Best Digital Marketing Campaign – Alcohol at the Afaqs Great Lifestyle Brands Awards.
2019	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was recognised as the World's Fastest Growing Spirits Brand by venerated industry publication, Drinks International.
2019	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies, was recognised as Brand Champion 2019 – Indian Whisky by the Spirits Business London.
2020	Our marketing effort, Sterling Reserve Music Project was awarded a Silver YouTube Creator Award.
2020	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies, was recognised as Brand Champion – Indian Whisky by The Spirits Business
2020	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was awarded the Best New Marketing Campaign Award at The Spirits Business Awards.

Calendar Year	Particulars
2020	Our brand, Officer's Choice Blue was awarded Gold in the Promotion & Activation of the Year-Digital category at Spiritz Achiever's Awards.
2020	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was awarded Silver in the Promotion & Activation of the Year- Digital category by Spiritz Achiever's Awards.
2021-2023	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 10 was rated as a 'Remarkable Product' at the Superior Taste Award by International Taste Institute, Brussels.
2021-2023	Our brands, Sterling Reserve Blend 7, Kyron Premium Brandy and Officer's Choice Blue were rated as 'Notable Product' at the Superior Taste Award by International Taste Institute, Brussels.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was awarded Gold in the Best Content Marketing category, for Sterling Reserve Projects, at the Adgully Digixx Awards.
2021	Our brand, Officer's Choice Blue was awarded a Silver in the Best Use of Facebook category by Afaqs Marketers Xcellence Awards.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was recognised as Brand Champion – Indian Whisky by The Spirits Business.
2021	Our brands, Officer's Choice Blue and Sterling Reserve Blend 10 were awarded Spirit Bronze Medal at the International Wine & Spirits Competition.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was awarded Gold in the Best Integrated Campaign (Product/Service) category at the e4m Indian Digital Marketing Awards.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was awarded Runner-Up in the Best New Marketing Campaign category, for the Sterling Reserve Gaming Pack, at The Spirits Business Awards.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was awarded Runner-Up in the Best Packaging Innovation category, for the Sterling Reserve Gaming Pack, at The Spirits Business Awards.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 10, was awarded Gold at the Design and Packaging Masters for its limited-edition pack – The Earth Edition.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7, was awarded Gold at the Design and Packaging Masters for its limited-edition pack – The Gaming Pack.
2021	Our brand, Officer's Choice Blue, was awarded Silver at the Design and Packaging Masters for its packaging redesign.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was awarded a Silver in the Promotion & Activation of the Year – Digital at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was awarded a Gold in the Best Online Integrated Campaign category at the Afaqs Digies Awards.
2022	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was awarded Gold for its marketing campaigns in the Food and Beverages category at the DMAasia Createffect ECHO Awards.
2022	Our Company won the Whisky Magazine Icons of Whisky India Distiller of the Year Award.
2022	Our brand, Officer's Choice Whisky, won the Spiritz Selection Liquid Tasting Grand Gold Award.
2022	Our brands, Kyron Premium Brandy, Officer's Choice Blue, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 and Sterling Reserve Blend 10, won the Spiritz Selection Liquid Tasting Gold Award.
2022	Our brands, Kyron Premium Brandy, Officer's Choice Blue, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 and Sterling Reserve Blend 10, won the Spiritz Selection Packaging Gold Award.
2022	Our brand, Officer's Choice Whisky, won the Spiritz Selection Packaging Silver Award.
2022	Our brands, Kyron Premium Brandy, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 and Sterling Reserve Blend 10, won the Monde Selection Gold Award.
2022	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7, won the gold award in the Alcoholic Drinks category for the Sterling Reserve Gaming Pack, at the Campaign India Media 360 Awards.
2022	Our Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was recognised as Brand Champion – Indian Whisky by The Spirits Business.
2022	Our Company won the Top Most Green Company from the Golden Globe Tiger Award.
2022	Our brands, ICONiQ White and Srishti, were awarded a Gold under the "Brand Promotion of the Year – Digital" category at the Spiritz Achievers' Awards, 2022.
2022	Our brands, Officer's Choice Blue and Sterling Reserve were awarded a Gold under the "Brand Promotion of the Year – Ground" category at the Spiritz Achievers' Awards, 2022.
2022	Our company was awarded the "Company of the Year" at the Outlook Business Spotlight's Business Icons Awards, 2022.
2022	Our product, Officer's Choice Whisky, was awarded "Product of the Year", under the whisky category, at the Channelier FMCG Awards, 2022.
2022	Our brand, Sterling Reserve, was awarded "Brand of the Year", under the whisky category, at the Channelier FMCG Awards, 2022.
2023	ICONiQ White Whisky, won the gold award for the fastest growing brand at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023
2023	X&O Barrel Whisky, won the gold award for the product debut of the year (whisky) at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023
2023	Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy, won the gold award for the product debut of the year (brandy) at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023
2023	Officer's Choice Whisky, won the gold award for brand promotion ground space at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023

Calendar Year	Particulars
2023	Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy and Srishti Premium Blended Whisky, won the gold award for liquid tasting at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023
2023	ICONiQ White Whisky, won the gold award for packaging at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023
2023	X&O Barrel Premium Whisky, Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy, and Sterling Reserve Blend 10 Premium Whisky have been recognized as 'Remarkable Products 'at Superior Taste Award by International Taste Institute, Brussels in 2023. Further, Srishti Premium Blended Whisky, Kyron Premium Brandy, Officer's Choice Blue Whisky, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Whisky, ICONiQ White Whisky, and Officer's Choice Whisky were recognized as 'Notable Products'.
2024	ICONiQ White Whisky won a gold quality award, X&O Barrel Whisky and Srishti Premium Whisky being awarded silver quality and bronze quality for Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy at World Selection of spirits and liquers 2024 by Monde Selection (International Quality Institute).
2024	At Ambrosia Awards, INDSPIRIT 2024, Srishti Premium Whisky was recognized as 'Best IMFL Popular Whisky' and Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin won the 'New Product of the Year'.
2024	Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin was awarded the Campaign Innovator of the Year at the Icons of Gin India 2024.

In addition to the above notable mentions, our brands have also won several awards for product, packaging and campaigns in prestigious Indian platforms. As of the date of this Prospectus, we have won 15 Spiritz Awards, and nine Spirits Business Awards.

Information Technology

Our information technology systems support key aspects of our business, from manufacturing, sales, planning, finance and accounts, business operations and documentation to accounts and customer services. All our manufacturing facilities and sales offices are connected with state-of-the-art secured network connectivity and are able to access applications and systems for achieving our business objectives. We are using an enterprise resource planning ("**ERP**") system to leverage business value by centralizing accounting systems across all locations in India, leading to cost optimization, as well as signing agreements with several third-party software providers to track procurement of raw ingredients and materials, sale and shipment of finished goods, payments to vendors and contract suppliers, receivables from customers and distribution network. For further information, see "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – Other Risks - 71. Technology failures could disrupt our operations and adversely affect our business operations and financial performance.*" on page 92.

Competition

India alco-beverage market is dominated by strong players across different segment including IMFL, beer and wine segments. *(Source: Technopak Report)* We face intense competition in the IMFL market in India, from various domestic and multinational companies in India. Some of our key competitors include United Spirits, John Distilleries, Radico Khaitan Limited and Tilaknagar Industries. *(Source: Technopak Report)* We may face competition from larger competitors with significant resources and which benefit from economies of scale and scope. We continue to face competition in markets where we currently operate, as well as in markets where we expect to expand our operations and currently have limited or no experience. Also see, "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – Risk Relating to our Business - 4. Increasing competition in the IMFL industry may create certain pressures that may adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.*" on page 38.

Intellectual Property

As on the date of this Prospectus, we own 560 registered trademarks, including 'Officers Choice' under various classes, 25 registered designs and 19 registered copyrights in India and outside India. For further information, see "*Government and Other Approvals*" on page 507. Also see, "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – Legal and Regulatory Risks – 9. As on the date of this Prospectus, certain trademark applications are pending and we have filed and are a party to 31 ongoing trademark infringement cases. Any inability to protect our intellectual property from third-party infringement may adversely affect our business and prospects."* on page 42.

Human Resources

As of December 31, 2023, we had 3,627 personnel, including professional and contract workers. The following table sets forth information on the number of our staff by department, as of December 31, 2023:

Department	Number of Personnel
Manufacturing Operations	

Department	Number of Personnel
- Production Workers	67
- Production Inspection	124
Sales and Distribution	490
Marketing and Business Promotion	10
Quality Control	79
Accounting and Finance	90
Maintenance	9
Research and Development	7
Human Resources, Legal and Administrative	55
Information Technology	6
Contract Labour	2,690
TOTAL	**3,627**

In addition, we provide training on sales skills, people management and personal leadership offered through Skilldom platform. We also engage in professional development and soft-skill programmes. Our recruitment policy is aimed at recruiting talented individuals by utilising internal and external recruitment methods. Internal recruitment methods include promotions and transfers within our Company, or internal job postings/referrals; external recruitment includes campus recruitment, search partners or rehires.

Corporate Social Responsibility

We undertake our Corporate Social Responsibility ("**CSR**") activities with our CSR committee, and have undertaken number of CSR projects under our CSR policy. We focus our CSR efforts on promoting health care including preventive health care, promoting education, as well as rural development projects.

Our CSR policy is in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules, 2014. With our above strategies, we believe that we are adequately and actively engaging with our customers, present and potential, and localizing our brand.

Insurance

We have comprehensive insurance to protect our company against various hazards like accidents, burglary, earthquakes, equipment failure, fire, flood and other *force majeure* events, acts of terrorism and explosions, including hazards that may cause loss of life, severe damage to and the destruction of property and equipment and environmental damage.

Our principal types of insurance coverage include shop keepers insurance, electronic equipment policy, cyber security policy and burglary policies, office umbrella insurance, money insurance, lab equipment and machinery insurance, directors' and officers' liability insurance, and marine cargo insurance. Further, we also hold workmen's compensation insurance which covers highly skilled, skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled workers working for our Company, including cover for contractors/ workers and sub-contractors' workers.

Also see, "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – Financial Risks - 56. Our insurance cover may not be adequate or we may incur uninsured losses or losses in excess of our insurance coverage.*" on page 85.

Property

As of December 31, 2023, we own 10 properties which primarily include our pan-India offices, our distillery and certain of our bottling facilities.

With respect to our Registered Office at 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai 400 004, in terms of the consent terms whereby the suit was settled by the Court of Small Causes at Bombay on October 5, 2005, Oriental Radios Private Limited, one of our Promoters, and all of its associate/group companies under the same management, including our Company, have been permitted to, amongst other things, register the address of the suit premises, i.e., 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai 400 004, with the Registrar of Companies as the registered address of these companies. Accordingly, we have registered the address 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai 400 004, with the RoC as the registered address of: (i) our Company; (ii) certain of our Subsidiaries, namely, NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited, Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited, ABD Dwellings Private Limited and Madanlal Estates Private Limited; (iii) certain of our Promoters, namely, Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, BKC Enterprises Private Limited, Oriental Radios Private Limited and Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited; (iv) certain of our Group Companies, namely, Tracstar Investments Private Limited, Starvoice Properties Private Limited, Power Brands Enterprises

India Private Limited, Pitambari Properties Private Limited, Lalita Properties Private Limited, Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited, Ashoka Liquors Private Limited, Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited and Woodpecker Investments Private Limited. For details, see "*Our Subsidiaries", "Our Promoters and Promoter Group"* and "*Our Group Companies"* on pages 289, 328 and 512, respectively.

We own our Corporate Office located at Ashford Centre, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 7th floor, Shankar Rao Naram Marg, Opposite Peninsula Corporate Park Main Gate, Lower Parel West, Mumbai - 400 013. Most of our regional offices are held by us on a leased basis. Our bottling facilities across India are owned by us except one located at Aurangabad in Maharashtra that is held by us on lease basis. Typically, the term of our leases ranges from 24 months to 99 years for our office space and bottling facility which are subject to lock-in for a certain duration over the respective term of such lease. We are required to pay a security deposit, specified monthly rentals and common area maintenance charges for the duration of our lease agreements, subject to periodic escalations at agreed rates. Also see, "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – Other Risks - 61. Certain of our properties, including one of our bottling facility are on leased and licensed basis. If we fail to renew these leases on competitive terms or if we are unable to manage our lease rental costs, our results of operations would be materially and adversely affected.*" on page 87.

The table below provide details of our properties owned as of December 31, 2023:

S. No.	Address	Type of Property	Area in square meters	Date of Sale Deed
1.	1st Floor, Ashford Centre, Shankar rao Naram Marg, Lower Parel West, Mumbai - 400 013	Office	500	August 5, 2015
2.	2nd Floor, Ashford Centre, Shankar rao Naram Marg, Lower Parel West, Mumbai - 400 013	Office	500	August 5, 2015
3.	3rd Floor, Ashford Centre, Shankar rao Naram Marg, Lower Parel West, Mumbai - 400 013	Corporate Office	500	August 5, 2015
4.	4th Floor, Ashford Centre, Shankar rao Naram Marg, Lower Parel West, Mumbai - 400 013	Corporate Office	500	August 5, 2015
5.	7th Floor, Ashford Centre, Shankar rao Naram Marg, Lower Parel West, Mumbai - 400 013	Office	500	August 5, 2015
6.	Plot no. 130-133, Sector 2, Phase 1, Industrial Growth Centre Saha – 133104, District Ambala – Haryana	Manufacturing Unit	16,200	February 25, 2014
7.	a. Hansa Industrial Park, Village Bhagwanpur, Haripur Hinduan, Derabassi-SAS Nagar, Mohali, Punjab – 140 507, India. Village Bhagwanpur, Tehsil Derabassi, Punjab	Manufacturing Unit	26,830.65	April 15, 2014
	b. Village Bhagwanpur, Off Barwala Road, Tehsil Derabassi, Punjab		2,801.03	February 24, 2016
8.	D-28, 29, 36 & 37, Plot No. 60, Road No 6, Phase – I, IDA, Jeedimetla, Hyderabad, Telangana – 500055^	Manufacturing Unit	3,912.32	December 23, 2015
9.	*a.* Survey No. 692, 700, Rangapur (Village), Pebbair (Mandal) - 509104, Wanaparthy District, Telangana	Manufacturing Unit	304,364.07	April 15, 2014
	b. Survey No. 643/Ay, 643/A1, 643/AA2, 643/AA3, 643/AA4, 643/AA8, 644/A1, 644/A2, 644/A3, 644/AA1/2, 644/AA2 Rangapur (Village), Pebbair (Mandal) - 509104, Wanaparthy District, Telangana		49,128.83	August 2, 2017
10.	Flat No. 91, 9th floor, Trishul Apartment Building No. 18.A, Kane Road, Mount Mary Bandra (West), Mumbai – 400 050	Flat	1,160	April 24, 1991

^ *Pursuant to the share purchase agreement dated March 20, 2015 entered into between Tracstar Investments Private Limited (TIPL), Mr Bharath Gajula, Shasta Bio-fuels Private Limited and Mangalam Viontrade Private Limited, and the subsequent demerger of the bottling and distillery business undertaking from TIPL into the Company.*

The table below provide details of our properties leased as of December 31, 2023:

S. No.	Address	Type of Property	Area in square meters	Counterparty	Date of Lease Agreement	Period of Lease (period from – period to)
1.	394 C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road Mumbai – 400004*	Registered Office	155.43	K.M. Dohadwalla	NA	NA
2.	B-133 Rajendra Marg, Bapu Nagar, Jaipur – 302015	Office	139.35	Ashwani Khandal	August 5, 2023	June 1, 2023 to May 31, 2026
3.	Office Space No-40 H.4th Floor, Cyber Tower TC-34/V-2 Vibhuti Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh	Office	92.90	Sadhna Rai	February 18, 2021	February 18, 2021 to February 17, 2026
4.	1st Floor, 3 Shakti Nagar, Ludhiana Punjab	Office	69.68	Nisha Mehru	March 16, 2021	April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2026
5.	56 A, Rama Road Industrial Area, New Delhi-110015	Office	929.03	Zeta Buildtech Private Limited	September 05, 2023	August 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024
6.	Khasra No 285, Toph Sherkhanian Akhnoor Road, Jammu	Office	11.15	Evolve Trading Company	October 31, 2023	August 28, 2023 to March 31, 2025
7.	Arun Prakash Mansion, First Floor G.S.Road, Dist. Kamrup (M), Pin Code: 781005, State : Assam	Office	144.93	Prakash Sanganerla	June 1, 2021	June 1, 2021 to May 31, 2027
8.	11 New Agcooperative Colony, Kadru , Ranchi – 834002	Office	148.64	Bikrant Kumar Singh	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2025
9.	Unit No. 305310, PLOT NO 9,10,11 Vardhman Trade Centre, Nehru Place, New Delhi – 110019	Office	278.71	Smartworks Coworking Spaces Pvt Ltd	December 29, 2021	February 1, 2022 to January 31, 2026
10.	1st floor, Plot no 756 Jaydev Vihar, BBSR – 751013	Office	120.77	Sarojini Sahu	April 26, 2022	May 1, 2022 to April 30, 2025
11.	H No 1-11-220/2 and 1-11-220/2/A, First Floor , Sreenivasam , Brundavan Colony , Begumpet , Hyderabad , Telangana	Office	175.05	Jayanthi Thurpu	September 29, 2023	October 1, 2023 to September 30, 2028
12.	39,5th Main ITI Layout ,RMV 2nd stage , Bangalore North , MSRIT Bengaluru – 560054	Office	222.96	Sumitra T.	December 20, 2022	November 20, 2022 to November 30, 2025
13.	12-E (Sector B), IN IGC Borgaon Tehsil – Sausar, District Chhindwara (M.P.). Madhya Pradesh, India	Bottling Facility	10,000	MP Audyogik Kendra Vikas Nigam Limited	October 29, 2010	October 29, 2010 to October 29, 2040

S. No.	Address	Type of Property	Area in square meters	Counterparty	Date of Lease Agreement	Period of Lease (period from – period to)
14.	21, 2nd Floor, Casa Grande, 22, Little Gibbs oad Malabar Hill, Mumbai 400006	Office	232.26	Starvoice properties Private Limited	April 15, 2020	April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025
15.	K.No. 34 Village Rampur Sainian Dera Bassi Dist. Mohali 140507	Bottling Facility	1,972.52	Sudesh Bansal, Meenu Bansal	February 1, 2023	January 10, 2023 to January 9. 2026
16.	B-188 (A), Mewar Industrial Area, Road No. 5 Udaipur Rajasthan 313003	Bottling Facility	3,300.00	Solkit Distillery & Brewery Private Limited	March 8, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2026
17.	Plot No. F-84,85,86 Boranada Industrial Area Phase-1, Jodhpur Rajasthan	Bottling Facility	1,755.00	R.N. Products	March 10. 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2026
18.	Mouza Nagarpara, Village And Post Mahanad, P.S. Polba District, Hooghly 712149	Bottling Facility	17,320.55	Alpine Distilleries Private Limited	October 31, 2017	August 1, 2018 to July 31, 2028
19.	Shed No-10 & 12, Kumarghat Industrial Estate, Kumarghat, Dist-Unakoti-799264, Tripura , Kumarghat Industrial	Bottling Facility	4,046.86	Tripura Industrial Development Corporation Limited	July 11, 2006	March 27, 2008 to March 26, 2038[1]
20.	Plot No. 135, 137 / 485, Boldi, P.O. – Dishergah, Dist – Paschim Bardhaman, Pin – 713333 W.B.	Bottling Facility	1,950.96	Diamond Bottling Plant Company	November 16, 2021	November 16, 2021 to November 13, 2024
21.	Thimmasamudram Village, Murkambattu Post, Chittoor 518 127	Bottling Facility	36,081.00	Sri Krishna Enterprise	March 27, 2021	April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2024^
22.	Factory (Plot No. 7), MIDC, Industrial Area, Chikalthana, Aurangabad-431006.	Bottling Facility	8,262.00	Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation	April 3, 2008	April 3, 2008 to October 31, 2063
23.	Factory (Plot No. 6), MIDC, Industrial Area, Chikalthana, Aurangabad-431006.	Bottling Facility	11,076.00	Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation	April 3, 2008	April 3, 2008 to April 30, 2063
24.	Factory (Plot No. 5 & 7A), MIDC, Industrial Area, Chikalthana, Aurangabad-431006.	Bottling Facility	18,726.00	Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation	April 3, 2008	April 3, 2008 to April 30, 2063
25.	House No 3 Oasis Campus Chunna Bahtti, Near Suyash Hospital, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh 462016	Office	185.81	Geeta Singh	July 21, 2023	June 15, 2023 to June 14, 2025
26.	136-40/55,55 Phase-1 Industrial area Chandigarh – 160002	Warehouse	46.45	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^
27.	Plot No. 49, Geeta Vihar Colony, Near Geeta Mandir, Tharike, Ludhiana – 142021	Warehouse	92.9	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^

S. No.	Address	Type of Property	Area in square meters	Counterparty	Date of Lease Agreement	Period of Lease (period from – period to)
28.	Ground Floor, E 168, Transport Nagar, Lucknow – 226012	Warehouse	92.9	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^
29.	Biswakarma Complex,Near-Baneswar More, Eatern bypass, EKIYASAL, Dist-Jalpaiguri, Pin-734001	Warehouse	74.32	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^
30.	Khata No. 463, Plot No. 5318, Mitra Bora Lane, Dohabora Chock Jorhat-785001	Warehouse	46.45	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^^
31.	House No. 112, Opp-Uber Office, Tripura Road, Jaynagar Charially, Guwahati-781028	Warehouse	232.26	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^
32.	ABC Compound, G S Road, Shillong-793002	Warehouse	46.45	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^
33.	Plot no. 1442/2173, Al-Hansapal, PO-Naharkanta, PS-Balianta, Bhubaneswar – 751010	Warehouse	92.9	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^
34.	Surobindh Express, Melarmath, Near Hotel Ranga Mati, H.G.B Road, Agartala-799001	Warehouse	46.45	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^
35.	Rambandhu Talab, Near Tanishq Showroom, GT Road, – 713303	Warehouse	55.74	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^^
36.	Inda, OT Road, Adams Electronics, Ground Floor, side by LIC Building, Kharagpur – 721305	Warehouse	46.45	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^^
37.	Mahamayatala Jhil Road, Garia, Kolkata-84	Warehouse	185.81	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^
38.	House No. 134 situated on the ground floor, near Jack & Jill School, in a two stories building, at D-Sector, Naharlagun, Pin. – 791110, Papum Pare District, Arunachal Pradesh	Warehouse	18.58	Leki Phuntso	June 1, 2022	June 1, 2022 to May 31, 2024^^
39.	Survey NO 120/5, Door no. 4-123/1, Dommera Pochampally (Village) Qutubullapur Mandal	Warehouse	185.21	Caper India Private Limited	July 5, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024^^
40.	Plot No. 13, MIDC Chikalthana, Aurangabad	Warehouse	510.97	Karwa Cement Udyog	June 26, 2023	July 1, 2023 to May 31, 2024^^

S. No.	Address	Type of Property	Area in square meters	Counterparty	Date of Lease Agreement	Period of Lease (period from – period to)
41.	Survey No. 293, Third floor, Indian Oil Petrol Bunk Premises, Pebbair 509104	Guest House	102.19	Bachu Sravanthi	September 1. 2022	September 1, 2022 to August 31, 2025
42.	Flat No 181, 18th Floor, Apsara Co-operative Housing Society Limited, NCPA Complex, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021	Guest House	322.84	Bhuneshwari properties Private Limited	April 15, 2020	April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025^^^
43.	Flat No 191, 19th Floor, Apsara Co-operative Housing Society Limited, NCPA Complex, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021	Guest House	322.84	Lalita properties Private Limited	April 15, 2020	April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025^^^
44.	Flat No 192, 19th Floor, Apsara Co-operative Housing Society Limited, NCPA Complex, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021	Guest House	267.56	Pitambari properties Private Limited	April 15, 2020	April 1, 2020 to March. 31, 2025^^^
45.	Plot No1, Survey no 390/1, 390/12 & 390/13, Village Khandala, Taluka Maval, District Pune 410401	Training Centre Cum Guest House	3,174	Woodpecker Investments private Limited	April 15, 2020	April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025
46.	Plot No. 656, Industrial Area, Phase-1 Chandigarh	Office	167.23	Anil Mittal & Sons	June 6, 2023	April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024
47.	Khasra No 285, Toph Sherkhanian Akhnoor Road, Jammu	Office	11.15	Evolve Trading Company	October 31,2023	August 28, 2023 to March 31, 2025

**In terms of the consent terms whereby the suit was settled by the Court of Small Causes at Bombay on October 5, 2005, Oriental Radios Private Limited, one of our Promoters, and all of its associate/group companies under the same management, including our Company, have been permitted to, amongst other things, register the address of the suit premises, i.e., 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai 400 004, with the Registrar of Companies as the registered address of these companies.*

[1]Unokoti Bottling and Beverages Private Limited was acquired by the Company vide share purchase agreement dated March 8, 2015.

^Lease extended from April 1, 2024 till March 31, 2027 pursuant to addendum dated March 21, 2024.

^^Under the process of renewal.

^^^These leases have been terminated.

KEY REGULATIONS AND POLICIES

The following is an overview of certain sector specific laws and regulations in India which are applicable to the business and operations of our Company and our Subsidiaries. The information in this section has been obtained from publications available in public domain. The rules and regulations set out below may not be exhaustive and are only intended to provide general information to the investors and are neither designed nor intended to substitute for professional legal advice.

The information detailed in this chapter, is based on the current provisions of Indian law and the judicial, regulatory and administrative interpretations thereof, which are subject to changes, amendments or modifications by subsequent legislative actions, regulatory, administrative, quasi-judicial or judicial decisions.

Under the provisions of various Central Government and State Government statutes and legislations, our Company is required to obtain and regularly renew certain licenses or registrations and to seek statutory permissions to conduct our business and operations. For details of government approvals obtained, see "Government and Other Approvals" on page 507. For details, see "Risk Factors – External Risks – 83. Changing laws, rules or regulations and legal uncertainties including taxation laws, or their interpretation, such changes may significantly affect our financial statements" on page 96.

Industry-specific legislations applicable to our Company

Constitution of India

The Constitution of India gives power to the state governments to legislate on or regulate, as the case may be, the production, manufacture, possession, transport, purchase and sale of intoxicating liquor and the levy of excise duties thereon.

The production of liquor products requires manufacturers to obtain distillery licenses from the respective state governments under the local state laws. These licenses also determine the production capacity of each facility.

Excise Laws

State governments are empowered to regulate, among other things, manufacture, import, export, transport, possession, purchase and sale of liquor and other intoxicants. State governments also regulate excise and countervailing duties imposed on alcoholic liquors, grant of liquor licenses and retail supply of alcohol. Any person manufacturing and/or selling alcoholic liquor is required to obtain an appropriate license under the state legislation. Such a license is issued and classified based upon the nature and type of alcoholic liquor. In certain states, there exists a complete ban on the sale, consumption, transportation etc. of liquor, while in most states the sale, consumption, and transportation etc. of liquor is permitted subject to certain conditions.

The Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949

The Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949 applicable in Gujarat read with the Bombay Denatured Spirit (Gujarat Amendment) Rules, 1988, Bombay Prohibition (Manufacture of Spirit) (Gujarat) Rules, 1963, the Mizoram Liquor Total Prohibition Act, 1995, the Nagaland Liquor Total Prohibition Act, 1989, Manipur Liquor Prohibition Act, 1911, prohibit the manufacturing of liquor, construction or employment of any person in any distillery or brewery, importing, exporting, transportation or possession of liquor, and selling or buying of liquor. However, the prohibition does not extend to certain exempted articles including, any medicinal preparation containing alcohol unfit for use as intoxicating liquor, any antiseptic preparation or solution containing alcohol which is unfit for use as intoxicating liquor.

In addition, certain restrictions under the Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949, applicable in Maharashtra, the Tamil Nadu Prohibition Act, 1937 in Tamil Nadu and the Prohibition Act, 1950 in Kerala, the Andhra Pradesh Prohibition Act, 1995, restrict the production, possession and use of liquor (including a highly regulated regime for country liquor) for all purposes other than medicinal, scientific, industrial or similar purposes. These laws prescribe the kinds of potable

alcohol which are exempted from such prohibition and prescribe standards for the manufacture or processing of different forms of potable alcohol, and also prescribe licensing requirements for such manufacture.

Guidelines for Prevention of Misleading Advertisements and Endorsements for Misleading Advertisements, 2022

The Government of India, through Notification dated June 9, 2022, bearing number F. No. J-25/4/2020- CCPA (Reg) issued the Guidelines for Prevention of Misleading Advertisements and Endorsements for Misleading Advertisements, 2022 ("**Guidelines**"). The said Guidelines are issued under section 18 of the Consumer Protection Act, 2019 (35 of 2019), to provide for the prevention of false or misleading advertisements and making endorsements relating thereto. These Guidelines apply to –

(a) all advertisements regardless of form, format or medium; and

(b) a manufacturer, service provider or trader whose goods, product or service is the subject of an advertisement, or to an advertising agency or endorser whose service is availed for the advertisement of such goods, product or service.

The Guidelines, *inter alia*, specifically provide for (i) conditions for, non-misleading and valid advertisement, (ii) Conditions for bait advertisements, (iii) prohibition of surrogate advertising, (iv) free claims advertisements and (v) children targeted advertisements.

The Cable Television Networks (Regulation) Act, 1995 (the "Cable Television Regulation Act")

The Cable Television Regulation Act read with the Cable Television Network Rules, 1994 prescribe an advertising code which provides that advertising in the cable services shall be so designed as to conform to the laws of India and should not offend morality, decency and religious susceptibilities of the subscribers of cable services. In addition, the advertising code prohibits advertisements which indirectly or directly promote production, sale or consumption of cigarettes, tobacco products, wine, alcohol, liquor or other intoxicants ("**prohibited products**"). However, it allows advertising of a product that uses a brand name or logo, which is also used for the prohibited products subject to certain conditions including, that the story board or visual of the advertisement must depict only the product being advertised and not prohibited products in any form or manner, that the advertisement must not make any direct or indirect reference to the prohibited products and that the advertisement must not contain any nuances or phrases promoting the prohibited products. Further, the Cable Television Networks (Amendment) Rules, 2021 prescribe a three-tier grievance redressal structure comprising of i) self-regulation by the broadcasters; ii) regulation by self-regulating bodies of the broadcaster; and iii) an oversight mechanism by the Central Government in relation to violation of the Programme and Advertising Codes prescribed under the Cable Television Network Rules, 1994

The Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 ("FSS Act")

The Food Safety Act consolidates laws relating to food and establishes the Food Safety and Standards Authority of India ("**FSSAI**"), lays down science-based standards for food articles and regulates their manufacture, storage, distribution, sale and import, to ensure availability of safe and wholesome food for human consumption. The standards prescribed by the FSSAI also includes specifications for food activities, flavorings, processing aids and material in contact with food, ingredients, contaminants, pesticide residue, biological hazards and labels. The Food Safety Act also sets out, among other things, the requirements for licensing and registration of food businesses, general principles of food safety and responsibilities of a food business operator and liability of manufacturers and sellers. The FSS Act also lays out procedure for adjudication by the Food Safety Appellate Tribunal. For enforcement, the 'commissioner of food safety', the 'food safety officer' and the 'food analyst' have been granted with powers of seizure, sampling, taking extracts and analysis under the FSS Act. Penalties can be levied for defaults such as for selling food not of the nature or substance or quality demanded, sub-standard food, misbranded food, misleading advertisement, food containing extraneous matter, for failure to comply with the directions of the food safety officer, for unhygienic or unsanitary processing or manufacturing of food and for possessing adulterant. In addition to the penalties, punishments can be prescribed for selling, storing, distributing or importing unsafe food, for interfering with seized items, for providing false information, for obstructing or impersonating a food safety officer, for carrying out a food business without a license, for committing the same offence a person has been previously convicted of, and for other related offences.

The Food Safety and Standards Rules, 2011 (**the** "**Food Safety Rules**"), provide, among other things, the qualifications mandatory for the posts of the commissioner of food safety, the food safety officer and the food analyst, their respective duties, and the procedure for taking extracts of documents, sampling and analysis. In order to address certain specific aspects of the Food Safety Act, FSSAI has framed regulations, such as the following:

(a) Food Safety and Standards (Licensing and Registration of Food Businesses) Regulations, 2011
(b) Food Safety and Standards (Food Product and Food Additives) Regulations, 2011;
(c) Food Safety and Standards (Packaging and Labelling) Regulations, 2011;
(d) Food Safety and Standards (Import) Regulations, 2017;
(e) Food Safety and Standards (Alcoholic Beverages) Regulations, 2018; and
(f) Food Safety and Standards (Labelling and Display) Regulations, 2020

The Food Safety and Standards (Alcoholic Beverages) Regulations, 2018 is material to our business and operations and has been described below in detail.

Food Safety and Standards (Alcoholic Beverages) Regulations, 2018 (the "Alcoholic Beverages Regulations")

The Alcoholic Beverages Regulations seeks to establish and enforce, among other things, certain general requirements in relation to the composition of alcoholic beverages and the manufacturing processes involved. The regulations also classify alcoholic beverages into three categories i.e. distilled alcoholic beverages (including brandy, country liquors, gin, rum, vodka, whiskey etc.), wine and beer. In addition to the general labelling provisions specified in the Food Safety and Standard (Packaging and Labelling) Regulations, 2011, the Alcoholic Beverages Regulations also prescribe specific labelling requirements such as the declaration of alcohol content, approximate number of standard drinks, allergen warnings, geographical indicators, if any. Further, inclusion of any nutritional information or health claims on the labels of alcoholic beverages is prohibited. It also mandates printing of the statutory warning – "*Consumption of Alcohol Is Injurious To Health. Be Safe-Don't Drink And Drive*" in English language and/or the local or regional language of respective states. The size of statutory warning shall not be less than 1.5 mm for pack size of up to 200ml and not less than 3 mm for pack sizes above 200 ml.

In relation to wine, the Food Safety and Standards (Alcoholic Beverages) First Amendment Regulations, 2020 prescribe additional labelling requirements such as, among other things, the declaration of the country of origin, range of sugar, generic name of variety of grape or fruit used, the name of residues of preservatives or additives present as such, or in their modified forms, in the final product. Additionally, the Draft Food Safety and Standards (Alcoholic Beverages) Amendment Regulations, 2021 prescribe that "non-alcoholic counterpart of alcoholic beverage" which is non-alcoholic beverage having alcohol content less than or equal to 0.5% abv, shall meet all the requirements of the respective alcoholic beverage of origin. Further, the alcoholic beverage of the origin must undergo the process of fermentation and the produced alcohol should be removed thereafter.

FSSAI Guidance Note on 'Food Hygiene and Safety Guidelines for Food Businesses during Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) Pandemic' (the "COVID-19 Guidance Note")

The COVID-19 Guidance Note was issued with an intent to provide guidance to food businesses, including their personnel involved in handling of food and other employees to prevent spread of COVID-19 in the work environment and any incidental contamination of food/food packages. It also provides guidance in relation to operative mechanism such as establishment of an in-house emergency response team in large food businesses to deal with suspected infections effectively. It mandates that employers should have a COVID-19 screening protocol in place to screen all personnel entering the premise. Employees and food handlers should be encouraged to self-declare any symptoms of any respiratory illness before visiting the premises. Food sectors involved in food services, takeaways and deliveries shall ensure, among others, that the food service area shall be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected after every meal, hand wash facilities should be made available to the workers, employees wear a clean uniform, mask/face cover, gloves and head covers at all time, adoption of contactless delivery. The COVID-19 Guidance Note prescribes guidelines for management of the food establishment to handle a COVID-19 suspect/positive case in accordance with the guidelines issued by Ministry of Health and Family Welfare and clean and disinfect the premises accessed by the suspected case.

The COVID-19 Guidance Note mandates strict adherence to General Hygiene Practices specified under Schedule 4 of Food Safety and Standards (Licensing and Registration of Food Businesses) Regulations, 2011 (the "**Schedule 4**").

Schedule 4 enumerates multiple compulsory measures to be adopted by FBOs in the interest of human nutrition, safety, and hygiene. Schedule 4 mandates that the premises shall be clean, adequately lighted, and ventilated, and sufficient free space for movement shall be made available. In relation to personal hygiene – all employees should wash their hands properly and they should be made aware of measures to avoid cross-contamination.

Legal Metrology Act, 2009 (the "Legal Metrology Act") and Legal Metrology (Packaged Commodities) Rules, 2011

The Legal Metrology Act seeks to establish and enforce standard weights and measures, regulate trade and commerce in weights, measures and other goods which are sold or distributed by weight, measure, or number and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. The Legal Metrology Act and rules framed thereunder regulate inter alia, the labelling and packaging of commodities, verification of weights and measures used, and lists penalties for offences and compounding of offences under it. The Controller of Legal Metrology Department is the competent authority to grant the license under the Legal Metrology Act. Any manufacturer dealing instruments for weights and measuring of goods must procure a license from the state government under the Legal Metrology Act. Any non-compliance or violation under the Legal Metrology Act may result in inter alia a monetary penalty on the manufacturer or seizure of goods or imprisonment in certain cases.

The Legal Metrology (Packaged Commodities) Rules, 2011 framed under the Legal Metrology Act lay down specific provisions applicable to packages intended for retail sale, wholesale packages and for export and import of packaged commodities and also provide for registration of manufacturers and packers. Further, the Legal Metrology (Packaged Commodities) Amendment Rules, 2017 lay down specific provisions for e-commerce transactions and online sale of packaged commodities. Additionally, the Legal Metrology (Packaged Commodities) Amendment Rules, 2021, which will be effective from April 1, 2022, and Legal Metrology (Packages Commodities) Amendment Rules, 2022, which will be effective from October 1, 2022, as amended, prescribe mandatory declaration of maximum retail price (MRP) and unit sale price in Indian currency and the month and year of manufacture for pre-packed commodities.

Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 2016 ("BIS Act")

The BIS Act, which was notified on March 22, 2016, has been brought into force with effect from October 12, 2017, repealing and replacing the Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 1986. The BIS Act provides for establishment of Bureau of Indian Standards to take all necessary steps for promotion, monitoring and management of the quality of goods, articles, processes, systems and services, as may be necessary, to protect the interests of consumers and various other stake holders. The BIS Act has enabling provisions for the Government to bring under compulsory certification regime any goods or article of any scheduled industry, process, system or service which it considers necessary in the public interest or for the protection of human, animal or plant health, safety of the environment, or prevention of unfair trade practices, or national security. Further, the BIS Act also provides for, among other things, repairing or replacement or reprocessing of standard marked goods or services sold by a certified body but not conforming to the relevant Indian Standard.

Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 2018 ("BIS Rules")

Further, the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), , has notified the BIS Rules on June 25, 2018. The BIS Rules have been notified in supersession of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, in so far as they relate to Chapter IV A of the said rules, and in supersession of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 2017 except in relation to things done or omitted to be done before such supersession. According to the BIS Rules, the Bureau shall establish Indian Standards in relation to any goods, article, process, system or service and shall reaffirm, amend, revise or withdraw Indian Standards so established as may be necessary.

The Indian Boilers Act, 1923 ("Boilers Act") and the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950 ("Boiler Regulations")

The Boilers Act seeks to regulate inter alia the manufacture, possession and use of boilers. In terms of the provisions of the Boilers Act, an owner of a boiler is required to get the boiler registered and certified for its use, by an inspector appointed by the relevant State Government. The Boiler Regulations have been framed under the Boilers Act. The Boiler Regulations deal with the materials, procedure and inspection techniques to be adopted for the manufacture of boilers and boiler mountings and fittings.

The Static and Mobile Pressure Vessels (Unfired) Rules 2016 ("SMPV Rules")

The SMPV Rules regulate the manufacture, filling, delivery, import, modification and repair of pressure vessels. Under the SMPV Rules, licenses are required to be obtained for storage and transportation of compressed gas. The SMPV Rules also prescribe conditions under which the licenses can be amended, renewed, suspended or cancelled.

The Electricity Act, 2003 ("Electricity Act")

The Electricity Act is the central legislation which covers, among others, generation, transmission, distribution, trading and use of electricity. Under the Electricity Act, the transmission, distribution and trade of electricity are regulated activities that require licenses from the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission ("CERC"), the State Electricity Regulatory Commissions ("SERCs") or a joint commission (constituted by an agreement entered into by two or more state governments or the central government in relation to one or more state governments, as the case may be).

The generating company is required to establish, operate and maintain generating stations, tie-lines, sub-stations and dedicated transmission lines. Further, the generating company may supply electricity to any licensee or even directly to consumers and have a right to open access, for the purpose of carrying electricity subject to availability of adequate transmission and distribution systems and payment of transmission charges, including wheeling charges and open access charges, as may be determined by the appropriate electricity regulatory commission. In terms of the Electricity Act, 'open' access means the non-discriminatory provision for the use of transmission lines or distribution system or associated facilities with such lines or system, by any licensee or consumer or a person engaged in generation in accordance with the regulations specified by the appropriate electricity regulatory commission.

Under the Electricity Act, the appropriate commission shall specify the terms and conditions for the determination of tariff. Pursuant to the powers granted under the Electricity Act, various regulations and guidelines have been framed by the CERC and SERCs for determination of tariff for thermal producers and generation, distribution, transmission, allowing open access, among others.

The National Electricity Policy

The GoI approved the National Electricity Policy on February 12, 2005, in accordance with the provisions of the Electricity Act. The National Electricity Policy lays down the guidelines for development of the power sector and aims to accelerate the development of power sector by providing supply of electricity to all areas and protecting interests of consumers and other stakeholders. The National Electricity Policy recognises coal as the primary fuel for generation of electricity and provides for certain measures such as long-term fuel supply agreements, especially with respect to imported fuel, to give boost to companies generating electricity through coal or other sources of fuel.

National Tariff Policy

The GoI notified the revised National Tariff Policy effective from January 28, 2016. Among others, the National Tariff Policy seeks to ensure availability of electricity to different categories of consumers at reasonable and competitive rates, ensure financial viability of the sector and attract adequate investments and ensure creation of adequate capacity including reserves in generation, transmission and distribution in advance, for reliability of supply of electricity to consumers.

The Consumer Protection Act, 2019 (the "Consumer Protection Act")

The Consumer Protection Act provides a mechanism for the consumer to file a complaint against a service provider in cases of unfair trade practices, restrictive trade practices, deficiency in services, price charged being unlawful and food served being hazardous to life. It also places product liability on a manufacturer or product service provider or product seller, to compensate for injury or damage caused by defective product or deficiency in services. It provides for a three tier consumer grievance redressal mechanism at the national, state and district levels. Non-compliance of the orders of the redressal commissions attracts criminal penalties. The CP Act has, inter alia, introduced a Central Consumer Protection Council to promote, protect and enforce the rights of consumers and to provide relief to a class of consumers.

Laws relating to Environment

We are subject to various environment regulations as the operation of our establishments might have an impact on the environment in which they are situated. The basic purpose of the statutes given below is to control, abate and prevent pollution. In order to achieve these objectives, Pollution Control Boards ("**PCBs**"), which are vested with diverse powers to deal with water and air pollution, have been set up in each state. The PCBs are responsible for setting the standards for maintenance of clean air and water, directing the installation of pollution control devices in industries and undertaking inspection to ensure that industries are functioning in compliance with the standards prescribed. These authorities also have the power of search, seizure and investigation. All industries are required to obtain consent orders from the National PCBs or State PCBs, which are indicative of the fact that the industry in question is functioning in compliance with the pollution control norms. These consent orders are required to be kept renewed.

The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 ("EP Act"), the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986 and Environmental Impact Assessment Notification, 2006 ("EIA Notification")

The EP Act has been enacted for the protection and improvement of the environment and empowers the government to take measures in this regard. The rules made under the EP Act specify, among other things, the standards for emission or discharge of environmental pollutants, and restrictions on the handling of hazardous chemicals. For contravention of any of the provisions of the EP Act or the rules framed thereunder, the punishment includes either imprisonment or fine or both. Additionally, under the EIA Notification and its subsequent amendments, projects are required to mandatorily obtain environmental clearance from the concerned authorities depending on the potential impact on human health and resources. The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change **("MoEF" & "CC")** published the draft Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification 2020 **("the notification"),** with the intention of replacing the existing EIA Notification under the EP Act. The notification outlines the procedure and requirements for most industrial and infrastructural projects to obtain a prior environmental clearance. The notification has classified different projects into categories A, B1 and B2 and has provided exemption from public scrutiny to some of these projects. The notification has also proposed the submission of compliance reports annually as opposed to the previous 2006 notification wherein reports were submitted every six months. Moreover, the notification has also specified that a project already operating without environmental clearances would have the opportunity to apply for clearance. It has also been proposed that once a project gets cleared of all the compliances, it would still have to adhere to certain rules laid down in the EIA report in order to ensure that no further environmental damages take place.

The Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 ("BMW Rules")

The BMW Rules apply to all persons who generate, collect, receive, store, transport, treat, dispose or handle bio-medical waste in any form including hospitals, nursing homes and clinics. We are required to obtain an authorization under the BMW Rules for the generation of bio-medical waste to ensure that such waste is handled without any adverse effect to human health and the environment and to set up bio–medical waste treatment facilities as prescribed under the BMW Rules, including pre-treating laboratory and microbiological waste, and proving training to health care workers and others involved in handling bio-medical waste. We are also required to submit an annual report to the prescribed authority and also to maintain records related to the generation, collection, storage, transportation, treatment, disposal, and/ or any form of handling of biomedical waste in accordance with the BMW Rules and the guidelines issued thereunder. The prescribed authority may cancel, suspend or refuse to renew an authorization, if for reasons to be recorded in writing, the occupier/operator has failed to comply with any of the provisions of EP Act or BMW Rules.

The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 ("Air Act") and the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 ("Water Act")

The Air Act was enacted to provide for the prevention, control and abatement of air pollution in India. It was enacted to take appropriate steps for the preservation of natural resources of the earth, which among other things include the preservation of the quality of air and control of air pollution. The Water Act was enacted to control and prevent water pollution and for maintaining or restoring the purity of water in India. The objective of this legislation is to ensure

that domestic and industrial pollutants are not discharged into streams and wells without adequate treatment. We are required to obtain consents to operate under the Air Act and the Water Act.

The Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 (the "Hazardous Waste Rules")

The Hazardous Waste Rules ensure management of hazardous waste in an environmentally sound manner, in a manner which shall protect health and the environment against the adverse effects of such waste. A list of hazardous wastes and processes that generate hazardous waste have been specified under the Hazardous Waste Rules. We are required to obtain authorizations for, *inter alia*, the generation, processing, treatment, package, storage, transportation, use, collection, destruction or transfer of the hazardous waste from the concerned state pollution control board.

Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 ("Public Liability Act")

The Public Liability Act, as amended, imposes liability on the owner or controller of hazardous substances for any damage arising out of an accident involving such substances. A list of 'hazardous substances' covered by the legislation has been enumerated by the Government by way of a notification under the EPA. The owner or handler is also required to take out an insurance policy that insures against liability under the legislation. The rules made under the Public Liability Act mandate that the employer has to contribute towards the Environment Relief Fund a sum equal to the premium payable to the insurer on the policies taken out.

Labour law legislations

The employment of workers, depending on the nature of activity, is regulated by a wide variety of generally applicable labour laws. The following is an indicative discussion of labour laws which may be applicable to our Company due to the nature of its business activities:

The Factories Act, 1948 ("Factories Act")

The term 'factory', as defined under the Factories Act, includes any premises which employs or has employed on any day in the previous 12 months, 10 or more workers and in which any manufacturing process is carried on with the aid of power, or any premises wherein 20 or more workmen are employed at any day during the preceding 12 months and in which any manufacturing process is carried on without the aid of power. State Governments have issued rules in respect of the prior submission of plans and their approval for the establishment of factories and registration and licensing of factories. The Factories Act mandates the 'occupier' of a factory to ensure the health, safety and welfare of all workers in the factory premises. Further, the "occupier" of a factory is also required to ensure (i) the safety and proper maintenance of the factory such that it does not pose health risks to persons in the factory premises; (ii) the safe use, handling, storage and transport of factory articles and substances; (iii) provision of adequate instruction, training and supervision to ensure workers' health and safety; and (iv) cleanliness and safe working conditions in the factory premises. If there is a contravention of any of the provisions of the Factories Act or the rules framed thereunder, the occupier and manager of the factory may be punished with imprisonment or with a fine or with both.

Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 (the "EPF Act")

The EPF Act is applicable to an establishment employing more than 20 employees and as notified by the government from time to time. All the establishments under the EPF Act are required to be registered with the appropriate Provident Fund Commissioner. In accordance with the provisions of the EPF Act, the employers are required to contribute to the Employees' Provident Fund the prescribed percentage of the basic wages, dearness allowances and remaining allowance (if any) payable to the employees. The employees shall also be required to make an equal contribution to the fund. The Central Government under Section 5 of the EPF Act framed the Employees Provident Scheme, 1952.

Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (the "ESI Act")

The ESI Act provides for certain benefits to employees in case of sickness, maternity and employment injury and includes provisions for certain other matters in relation thereto. The ESI Act requires all the employees of the establishments to which this Act applies to be insured in the manner provided thereunder. Employer and employees both are required to make contribution to the fund. The return of the contribution made is required to be filed with the Employee State Insurance department.

Payment of Bonus Act, 1965

The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 imposes statutory liability upon the employers of every establishment in which 20 or more persons are employed on any day during an accounting year to pay bonus to their employees. It further provides for payment of minimum and maximum bonus and links the calculation for the payment of bonus payable with production and productivity.

Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 (the "Gratuity Act")

The Gratuity Act applies, *inter alia* to every shop or establishment within the meaning of any law for the time being in force in relation to shops and establishments in a state, in which ten or more persons are employed, or were employed, on any day of the preceding twelve months. The Gratuity Act may also apply in case of such other establishments or class of establishments, in which ten or more employees are employed, on any day of the preceding twelve months, as the Central Government may notify. A shop or establishment to which the Gratuity Act becomes applicable shall be continued to be governed by it irrespective of the number of persons employed in such shop or establishment falling below ten at any time thereafter. The Gratuity Act provides for gratuity to be payable to an employee on termination of his/her employment after he/she has rendered continuous service of not less than five years on superannuation or his retirement or resignation or death or disablement due to accident or disease. The five-year period shall be relaxed in case of termination of service due to death or disablement.

The provisions of the Gratuity Act are applicable in consonance with the Payment of Bonus (Amendment) Act, 2015, which increased the wage threshold for determining applicability of the Act from ₹10,000 to ₹21,000 per month. Additionally, the wage ceiling for calculation of bonus was increased from ₹3,500 to ₹7,000 per month.

Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (the "Maternity Act")

The Maternity Act provides for leave and right to payment of maternity benefits to women employees in case of confinement or miscarriage etc. The Maternity Act is applicable to every establishment *inter alia* to every shop or establishment within the meaning of any law for the time being in force in relation to shops and establishments in a state, in which ten or more persons are employed, or were employed, on any day of the preceding twelve months; provided that the State Government may, with the approval of the Central Government, after giving at least two months' notice shall apply any of the provisions of the Maternity Act to any specific establishments or class of establishments, industrial, commercial, agricultural or otherwise.

The Maternity Benefit (Amendment) Act, 2017 amended the Maternity Act to provide for increase of paid maternity leave from 12 to 26 weeks, unless the mother has two or more surviving children and introduced a mandatory provision for creche facilities for employers with more than 50 employees.

Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (the "Prevention of Sexual Harassment Act") and rules thereunder

In order to curb the rise in sexual harassment of women at workplace, the Prevention of Sexual Harassment Act was enacted for prevention and redressal of complaints and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. The terms "sexual harassment" and "workplace" are both defined in the Prevention of Sexual Harassment Act. Every employer should also constitute an "Internal Complaints Committee" and every officer and member of the company shall hold office for a period of not exceeding three years from the date of nomination. Any aggrieved woman can make a complaint in writing to the Internal Committee in relation to sexual harassment of females at workplace. Every employer has a duty to provide a safe working environment at workplace which shall include safety from the

persons coming into contact at the workplace, organising awareness programs and workshops, display of rules relating to the sexual harassment at any conspicuous part of the workplace, providing necessary facilities to the internal or local committee for dealing with the complaint, and any other procedural requirements to assess the complaints. The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Rules, 2013 framed under the Prevention of Sexual Harassment Act provides for *inter alia* manner of submission of complaints in relation to sexual harassment, procedure for dealing with the complaints and details to be reflected in the annual report to be prepared by the complaints committee as required under the provisions of the Prevention of Sexual Harassment Act.

Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970 (the "CLRA")

The CLRA is applicable to every establishment in which twenty or more workmen are employed or were employed on any day of the preceding twelve months as contract labour, and to every contractor who employees or who employed on any day of the preceding twelve months twenty or more workmen. Under the CLRA, a 'principal employer' is defined to include (in the case of establishments other than factories, mines, or Government offices/ departments) as any person responsible for the supervision and control of the establishment. The CLRA provides for, *inter alia* registration of establishments employing contract labour, licensing of contractors as well as circumstances in which such licenses can be revoked, as well as provisions in relation to welfare and health of contract labour. Under the CLRA, if any amenity is not provided by the relevant contractor to the contract labour in accordance with the provisions of the Act, such amenity is required to be provided by the principal employer. The Central Government or the relevant State Government is empowered to frame rules for carrying out the various provisions of the CLRA.

In addition to the aforementioned, the following labour codes have received the assent of the President of India, and will come into force as and when notified in the Gazette, pursuant to which the abovementioned Labour Legislations will be subsumed by the following labour codes:

The Code on Wages, 2019 (the "Wage Code")

The Code on Wages, 2019 received the assent of the President of India on August 8, 2019 and proposes to subsume four existing laws namely, the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 and the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976. The Ministry of Labour and Employment vide notification dated December 18, 2020 notified certain provisions of the Wage Code. The provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the Central Government.

The Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020

The Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 received the assent of the President of India on September 28, 2020 and proposes to subsume certain existing legislations, including the Factories Act, 1948, the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, the Inter-State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979 and the Building and Other Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1996. The code proposes to provide for *inter alia* standards for health, safety and working conditions for employees of the establishments. The provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the Central Government.

The Industrial Relations Code, 2020

The Industrial Relations Code, 2020 received the assent of the President of India on September 28, 2020 and it proposes to subsume three existing legislations, namely, the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the Trade Unions Act, 1926 and the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946. The provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the Central Government.

The Code on Social Security, 2020 ("Social Security Code")

The Social Security Code received the assent of the President of India on September 28, 2020 and it proposes to subsume certain existing legislations including the Employee's Compensation Act, 1923, the Employees' State

Insurance Act, 1948, the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Building and Other Construction Workers' Welfare Cess Act, 1996 and the Unorganised Workers' Social Security Act, 2008. The new code proposes to set up a National Social Security Board and State Unorganized Workers Board to administer schemes for unorganized workers. The Social Security Code aims to provide uniformity in providing social security benefits to the employees which was earlier segregated under different acts and had different applicability and coverage. The Social Security Code has introduced the concept of workers outside traditional employee-employee work-arrangements (including in online and digital platforms such as ours), such as 'gig workers' and 'platform workers' and provides for the mandatory registration of such workers in order to enable these workers to avail benefits of, among others, life and disability cover, health and maternity benefits, old age protection, under schemes framed under the Social Security Code from time to time. Further, the Social Security Code provides that such schemes may *inter alia*, be partly funded by contributions from platforms such as ours. The provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the Central Government.

Other Labour law legislations:

The various other labour and employment-related legislations (and rules issued thereunder) that may apply to our operations, from the perspective of protecting the workers' rights and specifying registration, reporting and other compliances, and the requirements that may apply to us as an employer, would include the following:

1) Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952;
2) Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948;
3) Minimum Wages Act, 1948;
4) Payment of Bonus Act, 1965;
5) Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972;
6) Payment of Wages Act, 1936;
7) Maternity Benefit Act, 1961;
8) Industrial Disputes Act, 1947;
9) Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013;
10) The Inter-State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979;
11) The Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951;
12) Employees' Compensation Act, 1923;
13) The Industrial Employment Standing Orders Act, 1946;
14) The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986;
15) The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976;
16) The Trade Unions Act, 1926 and the Trade Union (Amendment) Act, 2001;
17) Employment Exchanges (Compulsory Notification of Vacancies) Act, 1959;
18) The Code on Wages, 2019*;
19) The Industrial Relations Code, 2020**; and
20) The Code on Social Security, 2020***

**The Government of India enacted 'The Code on Wages, 2019' which received the assent of the President of India on 8 August 2019. Certain provisions of this code pertaining to central advisory board have been brought into force by the Ministry of Labour and Employment through a notification dated December 18, 2020 and other provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the Central Government. It proposes to subsume four separate legislations, namely, the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 and the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976.*

***The Government of India enacted 'The Industrial Relations Code, 2020' which received the assent of the President of India on 28 September 2020. The provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the Central Government. It proposes to subsume three separate legislations, namely, the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the Trade Unions Act, 1926 and the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946.*

****The Government of India enacted 'The Code on Social Security, 2020 which received the assent of the President of India on 28 September 2020. Section 142 of the Code on Social Security, 2020 has been brought into force from May 3, 2021 by the Ministry of Labour and Employment through a notification dated April 30, 2021 and other*

provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the Central Government. It proposes to subsume several separate legislations including the Employee's Compensation Act, 1923, the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948, the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Building and Other Construction Workers' Welfare Cess Act, 1996 and the Unorganised Workers' Social Security Act, 2008.

Shops and establishments legislations

Under the provisions of local shops and establishments legislations applicable in the states in which establishments are set up, establishments are required to be registered. Such legislations regulate the working and employment conditions of the workers employed in shops and establishments including commercial establishments and provide for fixation of working hours, rest intervals, overtime, holidays, leave, termination of service, maintenance of shops and establishments and other rights and obligations of the employers and employees. All industries have to be registered under the shops and establishments legislations of the state where they are located. There are penalties prescribed in the form of monetary fine or imprisonment for violation of the legislations.

Intellectual Property Laws

Intellectual property in India enjoys protection under both common law and statutes. Under statutes, India provides for patent protection under the Patents Act, 1970, copyright protection under the Copyright Act, 1957 and trademark protection under the Trade Marks Act, 1999. These enactments provide for the protection of intellectual property by imposing civil and criminal liability for infringement. In addition to the domestic laws, India is party to several international intellectual property related instruments including the Patent Cooperation Treaty, 1970, the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1883, the Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works, 1886, the Universal Copyright Convention adopted at Geneva in 1952, the International Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organizations, 1961, and as a member of the World Trade Organisation, India also is a signatory to the Agreement on Trade Related aspects of Intellectual Property Rights ("**TRIPS**").

Copyright Act, 1957 and the rules thereunder

The Copyright Act, 1957, along with the Copyright Rules, 1958, (collectively, "**Copyright Laws**") serve to create property rights for certain kinds of intellectual property, generally called works of authorship. The Copyright Laws protect the legal rights of the creator of an 'original work' by preventing others from reproducing the work in any other way. The intellectual property protected under the Copyright Laws includes literary works, dramatic works, musical works, artistic works, cinematography, and sound recordings. The Copyright Laws prescribe fine, imprisonment or both for violations, with enhanced penalty on second or subsequent convictions. While copyright registration is not a prerequisite for acquiring or enforcing a copyright in an otherwise copyrightable work, registration constitutes prima facie evidence of the particulars entered therein and may expedite infringement proceedings and reduce delay caused due to evidentiary considerations. Upon registration, the copyright protection for a work exists for a period of 60 years following the demise of the author. Reproduction of a copyrighted work for sale or hire, issuing of copies to the public, performance or exhibition in public, making a translation of the work, making an adaptation of the work and making a cinematograph film of the work without consent of the owner of the copyright are all acts which expressly amount to an infringement of copyright.

The Patents Act, 1970 (the "Patents Act")

The Patents Act governs the patent regime in India. Being a signatory to the TRIPS, India is required to recognize product patents as well as process patents. In addition to the broad requirement that an invention satisfy the requirements of novelty, utility and non-obviousness in order for it to avail patent protection, the Patents Act further provides that patent protection may not be granted to certain specified types of inventions and materials even if they satisfy the above criteria.

Section 39 of the Patents Act also prohibits any person resident in India from applying for a patent for an invention outside India without making an application for a patent for the same invention in India. The term of a patent granted under the Patents Act pursuant to Section 53 is for a period of twenty years from the date of filing of the application

for the patent. A patent shall cease to have effect if the renewal fee is not paid within the period prescribed for the payment of such renewal fee. Further, the Patents Act also provides for the recognition of product patents in respect of food, medicine and drugs; that import of patented products will not be considered as an infringement; and that under certain circumstances, the burden of proof in case of infringement of process patents may be transferred to the alleged infringer.

The Trademarks Act, 1999 ("Trademarks Act")

The Trademarks Act provides for the application and registration of trademarks in India for granting exclusive rights to marks such as a brand, label and heading and obtaining relief in case of infringement. The Trademarks Act also governs the statutory protection of trademarks and also prohibits any registration of deceptively similar trademarks or chemical compounds, among others. Indian law permits the registration of trademarks for both goods and services It also provides for infringement, falsifying and falsely applying for trademarks. Under the provisions of the Trademarks Act, an application for trademark registration may be made before the Trademark Registry by any person claiming to be the proprietor of a trade mark, whether individual or joint applicants, and can be made on the basis of either actual use or intention to use a trademark in the future. Once granted, a trademark registration is valid for 10 years unless cancelled, subsequent to which, it can be renewed. If not renewed, the mark lapses and the registration are required to be restored. Further, pursuant to the notification of the Trademark (Amendment) Act, 2010 simultaneous protection of trademark in India and other countries has been made available to owners of Indian and foreign trademarks. The Trademark (Amendment) Act, 2010 also seeks to simplify the law relating to transfer of ownership of trademarks by assignment or transmission and to conform Indian trademark law to international practice.

Design Act, 2000

It is an Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the protection of designs which came into force on May 11, 2001. Design Act is a complete code in itself and is statutory in nature and protects new or original designs from getting copied which cause loss to the proprietor. The proprietor upon registration gets 'copyrights in design' for the period of 10 years from the date of registration which can be renewed for a second period of five years, before the expiration of original period of 10 years. The controller registers a design under this Act after verifying that the design of any person, claiming to be the proprietor, is the new or original design not previously published anywhere in any country and is not against any public policy or morality. Any obvious or fraudulent imitation of a design, which is already registered, without the consent of its proprietor, is unlawful. It also prohibits the import of any material which closely resembles a registered design.

Laws governing foreign investments

Foreign investment in India is governed by the provisions of The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 ("**FEMA**"), the Foreign Exchange Management (Non-Debt Instruments) Rules, 2019 ("**FEMA NDI Rules**") along with the Consolidated FDI Policy issued by the DPIIT, from time to time. Further, the RBI has enacted the Foreign Exchange Management (Mode of Payment and Reporting of Non-Debt Instruments) Regulations, 2019 which regulate the mode of payment and reporting requirements for investments in India by a person resident outside India.

In terms of the SEBI FPI Regulations, the investment in Equity Shares by a single FPI or an investor group (which means multiple entities registered as FPIs and directly or indirectly having common ownership of more than 50% or common control) must be below 10% of our post-Offer Equity Share capital. Further, in terms of the FEMA Non-Debt Instruments Rules, the total holding by each FPI or an investor group shall be below 10% of the total paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company and the total holdings of all FPIs put together with effect from April 1, 2020, can be up to the sectoral cap applicable to the sector in which our Company operates (i.e., up to 100%).

The consolidated Foreign Direct Investment Policy of 2020 (the "Consolidated FDI Policy")

Foreign investment in India is governed by the provisions of FEMA Rules along with the FDI Policy issued by the DPIIT, from time to time. Further, the RBI has enacted the Foreign Exchange Management (Mode of Payment and Reporting of Non-Debt Instruments) Regulations, 2019 which regulate the mode of payment and reporting requirements for investments in India by a person resident outside India. Under the current FDI Policy (effective

October 15, 2020) 100% foreign direct investment is permitted in the manufacturing sector, under the automatic route, subject to compliance with certain prescribed conditions. In terms of the SEBI FPI Regulations, the investment in Equity Shares by a single FPI or an investor group (which means multiple entities registered as FPIs and directly or indirectly having common ownership of more than 50% or common control) must be below 10% of our post-Offer Equity Share capital. Further, in terms of the FEMA Rules, the total holding by each FPI or an investor group shall be below 10% of the total paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company and the total holdings of all FPIs put together with effect from April 1, 2020, can be up to the sectoral cap applicable to the sector in which our Company operates (i.e., up to 100%).

Overseas Direct Investment ("ODI")

In terms of the Master Direction No. 15/2015-16 on "Direct Investment by Residents in Joint Venture/Wholly Owned Subsidiary Abroad" issued by the RBI, dated January 1, 2016, an Indian entity is permitted to make ODI under the automatic route up to limits prescribed by the RBI, which currently should not exceed 400% of its net worth. ODI can be made by investing in either joint ventures or wholly owned subsidiaries outside India. Any financial commitment exceeding USD one billion (or its equivalent) in a financial year would require prior approval of the RBI.

Laws relating to taxation

In addition to the aforementioned material legislations which are applicable to our Company, some of the tax legislations that may be applicable to the operations of our Company include:

1. Income Tax Act 1961, the Income Tax Rules, 1962, as amended by the Finance Act in respective years;
2. Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017, the Central Goods and Service Tax Rules, 2017 and various state-specific legislations made thereunder;
3. The Integrated Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017;
4. State-specific legislations in relation to professional tax;
5. State-specific value added tax and sales tax act, and the central sales tax act, including the rules framed thereunder; and
6. Indian Stamp Act, 1899 and various state-specific legislations made thereunder.

In addition to the above, our Company is required to comply with the provisions of the Indian Contract Act, 1872, Companies Act, 2013, Transfer of Property Act, 1882, Central Excise Act, 1944, Indian Stamp Act, 1899, Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988, to the extent applicable, Customs Act, 1962, Customs Tariff Act, 1975, Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, and other applicable laws and regulations imposed by the central and state governments and other authorities for its day-to-day operations.

HISTORY AND CERTAIN CORPORATE MATTERS

Brief history of our Company

Our Company was incorporated as 'You and Me Properties Private Limited', pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated October 8, 2008, issued by the RoC. The name of our Company was changed to 'Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated July 22, 2009 was issued by the RoC. Pursuant to a scheme of amalgamation between Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited, Our Own Properties Private Limited and our Company, the erstwhile name of which was Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited, dated April 1, 2009, and an order of the Bombay High Court dated February 5, 2010, the entire business undertakings of Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited and Our Own Properties Private Limited were transferred to our Company the erstwhile name of which was Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited. Consequently, the name of our Company was changed to 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated April 30, 2010, was issued by the RoC. Subsequently, pursuant to a resolution of our Board dated June 2, 2022 and a resolution of our Shareholders dated June 4, 2022, our Company was converted from a private company to a public company and consequently, our name was changed from 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited' to 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation under the Companies Act, 2013 was issued upon a change in name by the RoC on June 8, 2022.

The Registered Office of our Company is at 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai 400 004, Maharashtra, India.

Changes in our Registered Office

Effective date of change	Details of Change	Reason(s) for change
June 22, 2009	The registered office of our Company was changed from Office No.1 & 2, 1st Floor, Fine Mansion, 203, D.N. Road, Opposite Suvidha Restaurant, Fort, Mumbai 400 001, Maharashtra, India to 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai 400 004, Maharashtra, India.	Administrative convenience

Main objects of our Company

The main objects contained in the Memorandum of Association of our Company are as mentioned below:

3(A)(1) To process, manufacture, distill, prepare, refine, blend, store, mature, produce, import, export and generally to deal in wines, spirits, liquors, country liquors, whisky, gin, rum, brandy, spirits, liquors, beer, aerated, mineral and medicated waters and to carry on the business of marketing of liquor and other allied products in any part of India and abroad and all types of selling and purchasing activities directly (both in internal and external markets on its own or as sales, purchase or commission agents and brokers) for liquor and other allied products.

The main objects, as contained in our MoA, enable our Company to carry on the businesses presently being carried out.

Amendments to our Memorandum of Association in the last ten years

The following changes have been made to our Memorandum of Association in the last ten years:

Date of Shareholders' resolution/ effective date	Particulars
November 30, 2015	Clause V of the MoA was amended to reflect the increase in the authorized share capital of our Company. The authorized share capital of the Company was increased from ₹451,100,000 divided into 10,110,000 equity shares of ₹10 each and 35,000,000 OCCRPS to ₹500,000,000 divided into 15,000,000 equity shares of ₹10 each and 35,000,000 OCCRPS.
January 21, 2016	Clause V of the MoA was amended to reflect the increase in the authorized share capital of our Company. The authorized share capital of the Company was increased from ₹500,000,000 divided

Date of Shareholders' resolution/ effective date	Particulars
	into 15,000,000 equity shares of ₹10 each to ₹550,000,000 and 35,000,000 OCCRPS divided into 20,000,000 equity shares of ₹10 each and 35,000,000 OCCRPS.
May 17, 2017	Clause V of the MoA was amended to reflect the increase in the authorized share capital of our Company. The authorized share capital of our Company was increased from ₹550,000,000 divided into 20,000,000 equity shares of ₹10 each and 35,000,000 OCCRPS to ₹556,000,000 divided into 20,600,000 equity shares of ₹10 each and 35,000,000 OCCRPS.
September 29, 2017	Clause V of the MoA was amended to reflect the reclassification of authorised share capital upon conversion of 35,000,000 OCCRPS into fully paid up 35,000,000 equity shares of ₹10 each.
July 28, 2018	Clause V of the MoA was amended to reflect the increase in the authorized share capital of our Company. The authorised share capital of our Company was increased from ₹556,000,000 divided into 20,600,000 equity shares of ₹10 each to ₹564,300,000 divided into 56,430,000 equity shares of ₹10 each.
September 29, 2018	Clause V of the MoA was amended to reflect sub-division of the face value of the equity shares of our Company. The face value of the equity shares was reduced from ₹ 10 per equity shares to ₹ 2 per Equity Share. Accordingly, 56,430,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 per equity shares were sub-divided into 282,150,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 per Equity Share.
July 2, 2019	Clause V of the MoA was amended to reflect the reclassification of authorised share capital of Company. The authorized share capital of the Company has been increased and reclassified from ₹564,300,000 divided into 282,150,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 2 each to ₹564,300,000 divided into 247,150,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 2 each and 7,000,000 NCCPS.
August 24, 2020	Clause V of the MoA was amended to reflect the increase of authorised share capital of Company The authorized share capital of the Company has been increased and reclassified from ₹564,300,000 divided into 247,150,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 2 each and 7,000,000 NCCPS to ₹724,300,000 divided into 327,150,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 2 each and 7,000,000 NCCPS.
July 7, 2021	Clause V of the MoA was amended to reflect the cancellation and combination of the 7,000,000 NCCPS, and the authorised share capital of the Company reclassified as ₹724,300,000 divided into 327,150,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 2 each.
June 4, 2022	Clause I of the MoA was amended to reflect the change in name of our Company from 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited' to 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited' pursuant to the conversion of our Company from a private limited company to a public limited company.

Major events and milestones

The table below sets forth some of the major events and milestones in our history:

Calendar year	Major events and milestones
1988	Launch of Officer's Choice Whisky
2008	Incorporation of our Company as 'You and Me Properties Private Limited.'
2009	The name of our Company was changed to 'Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited'
2010	The name 'Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited' was changed to Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited
2010	Launched the brand 'Jolly Roger'
2011	Launched the brand 'Officer's Choice Blue.'
2012	Launched 'Kyron' in the premium brandy segment
2015	Wales Distillers Private Limited, our erstwhile wholly-owned subsidiary, was amalgamated into our Company.
2017	Launched 'Sterling Reserve Blend 7' and 'Sterling Reserve Blend 10' in the premium blended whisky segments.
2017	Unokoti Bottling and Beverages Private Limited, our erstwhile wholly-owned subsidiary, was amalgamated into our Company.
2017	Demerged the bottling and distillery business undertaking from Tracstar Investment Private Limited, our group company, into our Company.
2018	Erstwhile BKCEPL, was amalgamated into our Company.
2018	Sterling Reserve crossed the 1.2 million cases, according to the Millionaire's Club Report by Drinks International making it a millionaire brand in the first year of launch.
2019	Officer's Choice franchise crossed the 34 million sales mark making it the world's largest selling whisky for 6 years in a row as per Millionaire's Club Reports by Drinks International.

Calendar year	Major events and milestones
2020	Sterling Reserve Blend 7 became the 3rd largest selling brand in the semi-premium whisky segment, as per the Technopack Report.
2020	Henkell & Company India Private Limited, our erstwhile wholly-owned subsidiary, was amalgamated into our Company.
2020	Sterling Reserve was ranked as the fastest growing spirits brand by the Millionaire's Club Report 2020 by Drinks International.
2023	ICONiQ Whisky crossed the 1 million cases within the first year of launch.
2024	Launched the brand 'Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin'
2024	ICONiQ White Whisky crossed sales of 2 million cases of 9 Litres each in FY 24, the first full year of launch.

Key awards, accreditations or recognitions

The table below sets forth some of the awards, accreditations or recognitions received by us:

Calendar Year	Particulars
2019	Our brand, Sterling Reserve was awarded a Gold in the Social Media – Alcoholic drinks category for Sterling Reserve project at the Afaqs Great Lifestyle Brands Awards.
2019	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was recognised as the World's Fastest Growing Spirits Brand by, Drinks International.
2020	Our marketing effort, Sterling Reserve Music Project was awarded a Silver YouTube Creator Award.
2020	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was recognised as Brand Champion – Indian Whisky by celebrated international industry publication The Spirits Business
2020	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was awarded the Best New Marketing Campaign Award at The Spirits Business Awards.
2020	Our brand, Officer's Choice Blue was awarded Gold in the Promotion & Activation of the Year-Digital category for the IPL Digital Dugout at Spiritz Achievers' Awards.
2020	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was awarded Silver in the Promotion & Activation of the Year- Digital category for the Sterling Reserve Comedy Project, by Spiritz Achievers' Awards.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 10 was rated as a 'Remarkable Product' at the Superior Taste Award by International Taste Institute, Brussels.
2021	Our brands, Sterling Reserve Blend 7, Kyron Premium Brandy and Officer's Choice Blue were rated as 'Notable Product' at the Superior Taste Award by International Taste Institute, Brussels.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was awarded Gold in the Best Content Marketing category, for Sterling Reserve Projects, at the Adgully Digixx Awards.
2021	Our brand, Officer's Choice Blue was awarded a Silver in the Best Use of Facebook category by Afaqs Marketers Excellence Awards.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was recognised as Brand Champion – Indian Whisky by The Spirits Business.
2021	Our brands, Officer's Choice Blue and Sterling Reserve Blend 10 were awarded Spirit Bronze Medal at the International Wine & Spirits Competition.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was awarded Gold in the Best Integrated Campaign (Product/Service) category at the e4m Indian Digital Marketing Awards.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was awarded Runner-Up in the Best New Marketing Campaign category, for the Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Gaming Pack, at The Spirits Business Awards.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was awarded Runner-Up in the Best Packaging Innovation category, for the Sterling Reserve Gaming Pack, at The Spirits Business Awards.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 10, was awarded a Gold at the Design and Packaging Masters for its limited edition pack – The Earth Edition.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7, was awarded a Gold at the Design and Packaging Masters for its limited edition pack – The Gaming Pack.
2021	Our brand, Officer's Choice Blue, was awarded a Silver at the Design and Packaging Masters for its packaging redesign.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was awarded a Silver in the Promotion & Activation of the Year – Online category, for the Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Gaming Pack, at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards.
2021	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was awarded a Gold in the Best Online Integrated Campaign category for Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Gaming Pack, at the Afaqs Digies Awards.
2022	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Premium Whiskies was awarded a Gold for its marketing campaigns in the Food & Beverages category at the DMAasia CREATEFFECT ECHO Awards.

Calendar Year	Particulars
2022	Our Company, was awarded the "Distiller of the Year" award at the Whisky Magazine Icons of Whisky India, 2022.
2022	Our products, Kyron Premium Brandy, Sterling Reserve B7 Rare Blended Whisky, Sterling Reserve B10 Premium Blended Whisky, were awarded the Gold Quality Award at the Monde Selection Brussels 2022.
2022	Our brands, Kyron Premium Brandy, Officer's Choice Whisky, Officer's Choice Blue, Sterling Reserve Blend 7, and Sterling Reserve Blend 10 were awarded the "Gold" medal in the liquid tasting category at the Spiritz Selections.
2022	Our brands, Kyron Premium Brandy, Officer's Choice Blue, Sterling Reserve Blend 7, and Sterling Reserve Blend 10 were each awarded the "Gold" medal, and Officer's Choice Whisky was awarded the "Silver" medal, in the packaging category at the Spiritz Selections.
2022	Our brand, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 was awarded a Gold in the Alcoholic Drinks category for Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Gaming Pack, at the Campaign India Media 360 Awards 2022.
2022	Our brand, Sterling Reserve, was recognised as Brand Champion – Indian Whisky by The Spirits Business.
2022	Our Company, was recognised amongst the "Top-Most Green Companies" at the Golden Globe Tigers Awards.
2022	Our brands, IconiQ White and Srishti, were awarded a Gold under the "Brand Promotion of the Year – Digital" category at the Spiritz Achievers' Awards, 2022.
2022	Our brands, Officer's Choice Blue and Sterling Reserve were awarded a Gold under the "Brand Promotion of the Year – Ground" category at the Spiritz Achievers' Awards, 2022.
2022	Our product, Officer's Choice Whiskey, was awarded "Product of the Year", under the whiskey category, at the Channelier FMCG Awards, 2022.
2022	Our brand, Sterling Reserve, was awarded "Brand of the Year", under the whiskey category, at the Channelier FMCG Awards, 2022.
2022	Our Company, was awarded the "Company of the Year" at the Outlook Business Spotlight's Business Icon Awards, 2022.
2022	Our brand, Sterling Reserve, was awarded "Brand of the Year", under the whiskey category at the Channelier FMCG Awards, 2022.
2022	Our product, Officer's Choice Whiskey, was awarded "Product of the Year", under the whiskey category, at the Channelier FMCG Awards, 2022.
2023	Our product, ICONiQ White Whisky, won the gold award for the fastest growing brand at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023
2023	Our product, X&O Barrel Whisky, won the gold award for the product debut of the year (whisky) at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023
2023	Our product, Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy, won the gold award for the product debut of the year (brandy) at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023
2023	Our product, Officer's Choice Whisky, won the gold award for brand promotion ground space at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023
2023	Our product, Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy and Srishti Premium Blended Whisky, won the gold award for liquid tasting at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023
2023	Our product, ICONiQ White Whisky, won the gold award for packaging at the Spiritz Achiever's Awards, 2023
2023	X&O Barrel Premium Whisky, Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy, and Sterling Reserve Blend 10 Premium Whisky have been recognized as 'Remarkable Products 'at Superior Taste Award by International Taste Institute, Brussels. Further, Srishti Premium Blended Whisky, Kyron Premium Brandy, Officer's Choice Blue Whisky, Sterling Reserve Blend 7 Whisky, ICONiQ White Whisky, and the flagship Officer's Choice Whisky were also recognized as 'Notable Products'.
2024	The Monde Selection (International Quality Institute) has honoured us with various quality awards for certain of our products at the 2nd edition of World Selection of Spirits and Liqueurs with gold quality award for ICONiQ White Whisky, silver quality award for the product X&O Barrel Whisky and Srishti bronze quality award for Sterling Reserve Premium Cellar Brandy.
2024	At Ambrosia Awards, INDSPIRIT 2024, our products, Srishti Premium Whisky was awarded the 'Best IMFL Popular Whisky' and Zoya Special Batch Gin was awarded the 'New Product of the Year'.
2024	Zoya Special Batch Premium Gin was awarded the Campaign Innovator of the Year at the Icons of Gin India 2024.

Our holding company

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company does not have a holding company.

Our subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company has eight wholly-owned subsidiaries. For details with respect to our Subsidiaries, see "*Our Subsidiaries*" on page 289. Except as disclosed below, our Company does not have any joint ventures or associates as on the date of this Prospectus:

Pursuant to the ABD LLP MoU, read together with the limited liability partnership agreement dated July 6, 2022 entered amongst our Company, Rajesh Ankushrao Tope, OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited ("**OSCORP**"), Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy and Shekhar Ramamurthy ("**Partnership Agreement**") and the amended and restated limited liability partnership agreement dated January 13, 2023 entered amongst our Company, OSCORP, Matsyodari Investment & Holdings Private Limited ("**MIHPL**"), Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("**SBBPL**") and Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("**CBBPL**") ("**Amended LLP Agreement**" and together with the ABD LLP MoU and Partnership Agreement, the "**ABD LLP Agreement**"), Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP ("**ABD LLP**"), was incorporated on June 15, 2022 under the Limited Liabilities Partnership Act, 2008, as a joint venture between MIHPL, OSCORP and our Company. While the ABD LLP has been formed in order to, *inter alia* process, manufacture, distil and generally to deal in wines, spirits, liquors and to carry on the business of marketing of liquor and other allied products in India, it is currently not engaged in any business activity as on the date of this Prospectus. The registered office of ABD LLP is 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai 400 004, Maharashtra, India. Pursuant to the ABD LLP Agreement, the designated partners of ABD LLP are our Company (through its nominee, Arun Barik), OSCORP (through its nominee, Suraj Manohar Samat), MIHPL (through its nominee, Rajesh Ankushrao Tope), SBBPL (through its nominee, Shekhar Ramamurthy) and CBBPL (through its nominee, Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy). The initial capital of the ABD LLP is ₹100,002 in the proportion of ₹85,000, ₹10,000, ₹5,000, ₹1 and ₹1 being contributed by our Company, MIHPL, OSCORP, SBBPL and CBBPL, respectively. For details, see "- *Other Agreements – Memorandum of Understanding dated April 12, 2022 amongst Rajesh Ankushrao Tope, OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited and our Company ("**ABD LLP MoU**"), read together with the limited liability partnership agreement dated July 6, 2022 entered amongst our Company, Rajesh Ankushrao Tope, OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited ("**OSCORP**"), Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy and Shekhar Ramamurthy ("**Partnership Agreement**") and the amended and restated limited liability partnership agreement dated January 13, 2023 entered amongst our Company, OSCORP, Matsyodari Investment & Holdings Private Limited ("**MIHPL**"), Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("**SBBPL**") and Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("**CBBPL**") ("**Amended LLP Agreement**" and together with the ABD LLP MoU and Partnership Agreement, the "**ABD LLP Agreement**")"* and *"Our Subsidiaries"* on pages 287 and 289. ABD LLP is treated as a subsidiary in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information pursuant to the requirements under Ind AS and appears as a subsidiary therein, however this entity has not been identified as a subsidiary in this Prospectus since it does not meet the requirements of a 'subsidiary' in terms of the Companies Act.

Time and cost overrun in setting up projects by our Company

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company has not experienced any time or cost overruns in setting up any projects.

Defaults or rescheduling/restructuring of borrowings with financial institutions/banks

Our Company has not defaulted on repayment of any loan availed from any banks or financial institutions. Further, the tenure of repayment of any loan availed by our Company from banks or financial institutions has not been rescheduled or restructured.

However, our Company has availed a moratorium during COVID-19. For details, see "*Risk Factors – Internal Risks – 23. We have incurred indebtedness and have also breached certain covenants in our financing agreement. An inability to comply with repayment and other covenants or any future breaches in our financing agreements could adversely affect our business and financial condition. In addition, certain of our financing agreements involve variable interest rates and an increase in interest rates may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition*."

On page 53.

For Fiscals 2020 and 2021 our Company was in breach of certain covenants specified in its financing documents with Axis Bank Limited, IDFC First Bank and Yes Bank Limited, as on the date of this Prospectus, all of the said lenders have waived / condoned the non-compliance. Further, there was an overdue on repayment of certain facilities from Yes Bank Limited, the maximum overdue amount being ₹830.20 million and ₹250 million, respectively as mentioned in their letters dated May 26, 2022 and November 10, 2022, however, as per the letters dated May 26, 2022, and November 10, 2022, the amount overdue was on account of operational issues or temporary liquidity issue and the same has been paid and that the rectification has been accepted, making the account standard. For details on defaults by our Company, see "*Risk Factors – Internal Risks – 23. We have incurred indebtedness and have also breached certain covenants in our financing agreement. An inability to comply with repayment and other covenants or any future breaches in our financing agreements could adversely affect our business and financial condition. In addition, certain of our financing agreements involve variable interest rates and an increase in interest rates may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition."* on page 53.

Details regarding material acquisitions or divestments of business/undertakings, mergers, amalgamation, any revaluation of assets in the last ten years.

Except as disclosed under "- *Other Agreements*" on page 287, and as disclosed below, our Company has not entered into nor proposes to enter into any arrangements, including acquisition of any material business, mergers, slump sale, amalgamations or divestments of business or undertaking in the last ten years.

Amalgamation of Wales Distillers Private Limited ("WDPL") with our Company ("WDPL Amalgamation")

The High Court of Bombay, pursuant to an order dated December 5, 2015, under sections 230 and 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, sanctioned the amalgamation of WDPL, our erstwhile wholly-owned subsidiary, into our Company. Pursuant to the WDPL Amalgamation the businesses and authorised, issued and paid-up share capitals of WDPL and our Company were consolidated in our Company. Consequently, with effect from January 21, 2016, the authorised share capital of our Company was increased by the authorised share capital of WDPL aggregating to ₹550,000,000 divided into 20,000,000 equity shares of ₹10 each and 35,000,000 OCCRPS. Since WDPL was a wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company, there was no requirement of a valuation report.

Amalgamation of Unokoti Bottling and Beverage Private Limited ("UBBPL") with our Company ("UBBPL Amalgamation")

The National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, pursuant to an order dated April 5, 2017, under sections 230 and 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, sanctioned the amalgamation of UBBPL, our erstwhile wholly-owned subsidiary, with our Company. Pursuant to the UBBPL Amalgamation the businesses and authorised, issued and paid-up share capital of UBBPL and our Company were consolidated in our Company. Consequently, with effect from May 17, 2017, the authorized share capital of our Company was increased to ₹556,000,000 divided into 20,600,000 equity shares of ₹10 each and 35,000,000 OCCRPS. Since UBBPL was a wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company, there was no requirement of a valuation report.

Demerger of the bottling and distillery business undertaking from Tracstar Investments Private Limited (TIPL) into our Company ("TIPL Demerger")

The National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, pursuant to an order dated April 6, 2017, under sections 230 and 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, sanctioned the demerger of the bottle trading, and bottling and distilleries undertaking of TIPL, one of our group companies, to our Company. Consequently, on June 27, 2017, the effective date, our Company allotted 333,333 equity shares of ₹10 each, in the exchange ratio of 20 fully paid-up equity shares of ₹10 each of our Company for every 3 fully paid up equity shares held in TIPL, to the shareholders of TIPL, namely Erstwhile BKCEPL, and Oriental Radios Private Limited. Based on valuation report dated February 22, 2016, by SSPA & Co., Chartered Accountants, no consideration has been paid for the allotment of 333,333 equity shares of face value of ₹10 each pursuant to the TIPL Demerger.

Amalgamation of Erstwhile BKCEPL with our Company ("Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation")

The National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, pursuant to an order dated May 16, 2018, under sections 230 and 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, sanctioned the merger of our then holding company, Erstwhile BKCEPL into our Company. Consequently, as on the effective date, i.e., July 28, 2018, our Company issued and allotted 46,510,231 equity shares of ₹10 each of our Company to the shareholders of the Erstwhile BKCEPL, namely, Bina Kishore, Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, Neesha Kishore Chhabria, and Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, in proportion of the number of equity shares held by them in Erstwhile BKCEPL. To give effect to the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation, our authorised share capital was increased to ₹564,300,000 divided into 56,430,000 equity shares of ₹10 each. Based on the valuation report dated October 24, 2017, by SSPA & Co., Chartered Accountants, pursuant to the Erstwhile BKCEPL Amalgamation, the equity shares held by Erstwhile BKCEPL in our Company were cancelled, and subsequently, were allotted to shareholders of BKCEPL, hence there is no change in the cumulative shareholding of the Company.

Amalgamation of Henkell & Company India Private Limited ("HCIPL") with our Company ("HCIPL Amalgamation")

The National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, pursuant to an order dated July 27, 2020, under sections 230 and 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, sanctioned the merger of HCIPL, our erstwhile wholly-owned subsidiary, with our Company. Pursuant to the HCIPL Amalgamation, the businesses and authorised, issued and paid-up share capitals of HCIPL and our Company were consolidated in our Company. Consequently, with effect from August 24, 2020, the authorized share capital of our Company was increased to ₹724,300,000 divided into 327,150,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 2 each and 7,000,000 NCCPS. Since HCIPL was a wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company, there was no requirement of a valuation report.

Further, as disclosed in "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 65. We may undertake acquisitions, investments, joint ventures or other strategic alliances, which may have a material adverse effect on our ability to manage our business, and financial performance and such undertakings may be unsuccessful*" on page 88, our Company on an opportunistic basis, evaluates various investment and acquisition options. Towards this, our Company has, from time to time, entered into various non-binding arrangements to evaluate such options, some of which may also result into acquisitions and certain entities becoming our wholly owned Subsidiaries.

Revaluation of assets

Our Company has not undertaken any revaluation of assets in the last ten years.

Financial and/or strategic partners

Our Company does not have any financial and / or strategic partners as of the date of this Prospectus.

Launch of key products or services, entry into new geographies or exit from existing markets, capacity/ facility creation and location of plants

For the details of key services launched by our Company, entry into new geographies or exit from existing markets, capacity or facility creation, and location of our facilities, to the extent applicable, see "*Our Business*" and "*– Major events and milestones*" on pages 226 and 281 respectively. Also see "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 65. We may undertake acquisitions, investments, joint ventures or other strategic alliances, which may have a material adverse effect on our ability to manage our business, and such undertakings may be unsuccessful*." on page 88.

Details of shareholders' agreements

Our Company does not have any other subsisting shareholders' agreements among our Shareholders *vis-à-vis* our Company.

As on the date of this Prospectus, there are no subsisting shareholders' agreements among our Shareholders *vis-à-vis* our Company, which our Company is aware of.

There are no inter-se agreements/ arrangements to which the Company or any of its Promoters or Shareholders are a party to and therefore, there are no clauses/ covenants which are material and which needs to be disclosed, and that except as disclosed in Part B of the Articles of Association, which shall automatically terminate and cease to have any force and effect from the date of filing this Prospectus, there are no other clauses / covenants in the inter-se agreements or arrangements or the Articles of Association which are adverse / pre-judicial to the interest of the minority / public shareholders of the Company. Further, there are no other agreements, deed of assignments, acquisition agreements, shareholder agreements, inter-se agreements or agreements of like nature, other than as disclosed in this Prospectus. For further details, see "*Description of Equity Shares and Terms of Articles of Association*" on page 568.

No Directors or KMPs or Senior Management of our Company are appointed pursuant any inter-se agreement/agreement to which our Company or any of its Promoters or Shareholders are a party to.

Other agreements

Except as disclosed below, our Company has not entered into any other subsisting material agreement, other than in the ordinary course of business. Further, except as disclosed in this section - *"History and Certain Corporate Matters*, there are no other agreements / arrangements and clauses / covenants which are material and which need to be disclosed or non-disclosure of which may have bearing on the investment decision.

Our Company on an opportunistic basis, evaluates various investment and acquisition options. Towards this, our Company has, from time to time, entered into various non-binding arrangements to evaluate such options, some of which may also result into acquisitions and certain entities becoming our wholly owned Subsidiaries.

Further, neither our Promoters nor any of the Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management, Directors or employees of our Company have entered into an agreement, either by themselves or on behalf of any other person, with any Shareholder or any other third party with regard to compensation or profit sharing in connection with the dealings of the securities of our Company.

Memorandum of Understanding dated October 30, 2020 entered into between Madanlal Estates Private Limited ("Madanlal") and our Company, and Memorandum of Understanding dated October 30, 2020 entered into between ABD Dwellings Private Limited ("ABD Dwellings") and our Company

Our Company has entered into two memorandums of understanding **("MoUs**") with Madanlal and ABD Dwellings respectively, on October 30, 2020, by way of which it has been agreed to provide financial assistance by investing in the convertible securities of both Subsidiaries and these Subsidiaries have granted exclusive and irrevocable right in favour of our Company for usage of the premises i.e. flat no. 101, Casa Grande, 22 K.S. Tayyabji Marg, Malabar Hill, Mumbai- 400 006, Maharashtra, India, and flat no. 92, Casa Grande, 22 K.S. Tayyabji Marg, Malabar Hill, Mumbai-400 006, Maharashtra, India, for the sole purpose of accommodation centre-cum-guest house facility for the Company's Directors and employees, for a period of five years commencing from january 1, 2021. Pursuant to resolutions passed on November 2, 2020 and November 14, 2023, our Board has approved: (i) investments of up to ₹ 465.05 million in the compulsorily convertible debentures of ABD Dwellings, and of up to ₹ 400 million in the compulsorily convertible debentures of Madanlal, and utilization of such subscription amount by these Subsidiaries in furtherance of their respective business activities, including acquisition of immovable properties, and (ii) the two MoUs as described above. As on the date of this Prospectus, apart from its equity holding in these two Subsidiaries as disclosed in "*Our Subsidiaries – ABD Dwellings Private Limited"* on page 292 and "*Our Subsidiaries – Madanlal Estates Private Limited"* on page 292, our Company has invested ₹ 465.01 million in ABD Dwellings by way of 46,505,000 compulsorily convertible debentures of ₹ 10 each, and ₹ 398 million in Madanlal by way of 39,800,000 compulsorily convertible debentures of ₹ 10 each.

Memorandum of Understanding dated April 12, 2022 amongst Rajesh Ankushrao Tope, OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited and our Company ("ABD LLP MoU"), read together with the limited liability partnership agreement dated July 6, 2022 entered amongst our Company, Rajesh Ankushrao Tope, OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited ("OSCORP"), Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy and Shekhar Ramamurthy ("Partnership Agreement") and the amended and restated limited liability partnership agreement dated January 13, 2023 entered amongst our Company, OSCORP, Matsyodari Investment & Holdings Private Limited ("MIHPL"), Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("SBBPL") and Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("CBBPL") ("Amended LLP

Agreement" and together with the ABD LLP MoU and Partnership Agreement, the "ABD LLP Agreement")

Pursuant to the ABD LLP Agreement, Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP ("**ABD LLP**"), was incorporated on June 15, 2022 under the Limited Liabilities Partnership Act, 2008, as a joint venture between MIHPL, OSCORP and our Company. While the ABD LLP has been formed in order to, *inter alia* process, manufacture, distil and generally to deal in wines, spirits, liquors and to carry on the business of marketing of liquor and other allied products in India, it is currently not engaged in any business activity as on the date of this Prospectus. The initial capital of the ABD LLP is ₹100,002 in the proportion of ₹85,000, ₹10,000, ₹5,000, ₹1 and ₹1 being contributed by our Company, MIHPL, OSCORP, SBBPL and CBBPL, respectively. For details of the ABD LLP constituted pursuant to the ABD LLP Agreement, see "- *Our subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates"* on page 284.

Trademark License Agreement dated August 5, 2022, read with the addendums dated September 28, 2022, December 20, 2022, June 9, 2023, July 3, 2023, November 2, 2023 and April 5, 2024 entered into between ICONIQ Brands India Private Limited ("ICONIQ") and our Company ("ICONIQ Trademark Agreement")

Our Company entered into the ICONIQ Trademark Agreement to license certain trademarks and variations, permutations and/or the combination of the trademarks listed in the ICONIQ Trademark Agreement from ICONIQ, which is a member of our Promoter Group and also one of our Group Companies, for a period of 3 years from August 5, 2022 and shall terminate on expiry of the term upon non-renewal. According to terms of the ICONIQ Trademark Agreement, ICONIQ has granted an exclusive license to our Company to use and exploit 45 trademarks and variations, permutations and/or the combination of the trademarks under various classes, registered by ICONIQ for the ICONIQ and X&O brands. As a consideration, our Company has agreed to pay a royalty of ₹ 1 per case of products sold which can be modified in future with mutual consent of parties. For further details, see "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 9. As on the date of this Prospectus, certain trademark applications are pending and we have filed and are a party to 31 ongoing trademarks infringement cases. Any inability to protect our intellectual property from third-party infringement may adversely affect our business and prospects"* And "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 13. Our Promoters, Promoter Group, Directors, Subsidiaries and Group Companies are in businesses similar to ours and have interests in certain companies, which are in similar businesses to ours, and this may result in potential conflict of interest with us."* on pages 42 and 46 respectively.

Guarantees

Our Promoter Selling Shareholders have not given any guarantee to any third party, as of the date of this Prospectus.

OUR SUBSIDIARIES

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Company has eight Subsidiaries. The details of place of incorporation/ business, percentage of shareholding in our Company, and whether such Subsidiaries are wholly owned subsidiaries or otherwise, are set out below:

Sl. No.	Name of the Subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ business	Percentage of shareholding of our Company in the Subsidiary (%)	Wholly owned subsidiary or otherwise
1.	Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	Bihar	100.00	Wholly owned subsidiary
2.	Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited	Telangana	100.00	Wholly owned subsidiary
3.	NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited	Maharashtra	100.00	Wholly owned subsidiary
4.	Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	Maharashtra	100.00	Wholly owned subsidiary
5.	ABD Dwellings Private Limited	Maharashtra	100.00	Wholly owned subsidiary
6.	Madanlal Estates Private Limited	Maharashtra	100.00	Wholly owned subsidiary
7.	ABD Foundation	Maharashtra	N.A.*	Wholly owned subsidiary
8.	Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited	Scotland	100.00	Wholly owned subsidiary

** For details of guarantee provided by the Company in relation to ABD Foundation, see "- 7. ABD Foundation" on page 293.*

Pursuant to the ABD LLP MoU, read together with the limited liability partnership agreement dated July 6, 2022 entered amongst our Company, Rajesh Ankushrao Tope, OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited ("**OSCORP**"), Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy and Shekhar Ramamurthy ("**Partnership Agreement**") and the amended and restated limited liability partnership agreement dated January 13, 2023 entered amongst our Company, OSCORP, Matsyodari Investment & Holdings Private Limited ("**MIHPL**"), Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("**SBBPL**") and Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("**CBBPL**") ("**Amended LLP Agreement**" and together with the ABD LLP MoU and Partnership Agreement, the "**ABD LLP Agreement**"), Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP ("**ABD LLP**"), was incorporated on June 15, 2022 under the Limited Liabilities Partnership Act, 2008, as a joint venture between MIHPL, OSCORP and our Company. While the ABD LLP has been formed in order to, *inter alia* process, manufacture, distil and generally to deal in wines, spirits, liquors and to carry on the business of marketing of liquor and other allied products in India, it is currently not engaged in any business activity as on the date of this Prospectus. The initial capital of the ABD LLP is ₹100,002 in the proportion of ₹85,000, ₹10,000, ₹5,000, ₹1 and ₹1 being contributed by our Company, MIHPL, OSCORP, SBBPL and CBBPL, respectively. For details, see "*History and Certain Corporate Matters – Other Agreements – Memorandum of Understanding dated April 12, 2022 amongst Rajesh Ankushrao Tope, OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited and our Company ("**ABD LLP MoU**"), read together with the limited liability partnership agreement dated July 6, 2022 entered amongst our Company, Rajesh Ankushrao Tope, OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited ("**OSCORP**"), Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy and Shekhar Ramamurthy ("**Partnership Agreement**") and the amended and restated limited liability partnership agreement dated January 13, 2023 entered amongst our Company, OSCORP, Matsyodari Investment & Holdings Private Limited ("**MIHPL**"), Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("**SBBPL**") and Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("**CBBPL**") ("**Amended LLP Agreement**" and together with the ABD LLP MoU and Partnership Agreement, the "**ABD LLP Agreement**")*" and "*History and Certain Corporate Matters – Our subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates*" on pages 287 and 284. In addition to the aforementioned entities, ABD LLP is treated as a subsidiary in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information pursuant to the requirements under Ind AS and appears as a subsidiary therein, however this entity has not been identified as a subsidiary in this Prospectus since it does not meet the requirements of a 'subsidiary' in terms of the Companies Act.

INDIAN SUBSIDIARIES

1. Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("Chitwan")

Chitwan was incorporated on July 13, 1990 as a private limited company with the Registrar of Companies, Bihar at Patna. Its corporate identity number is U15512BR1990PTC004097. Its registered office is situated at House No. 270, Road No. 3E, New Patliputra Colony, Patna – 800 013, Bihar, India.

Nature of business

Chitwan is involved in the business of manufacturing of Indian made foreign liquor.

Capital structure

The authorized share capital of Chitwan is ₹ 2,500,000 divided into 20,000 equity shares of ₹ 100 each and 5,000 12.5% redeemable cumulative preference shares of ₹ 100 each and its issued, subscribed, and paid-up equity share capital is ₹ 2,498,000 divided into 19,980 equity shares of ₹ 100 each and 5,000 12.5% redeemable cumulative preference shares of ₹ 100 each.

Shareholding Pattern

S. No	Name of shareholder	Number of shares of face value of ₹ 100 each	% of total share capital
Equity shares of face value of ₹ 100 each			
1.	Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited	19,930	79.78
2.	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited (in its capacity as a nominee of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited).	50	0.20
	Total (A)	**19,980**	**79.98**
Preference shares of face value of ₹ 100 each			
3.	Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited	5,000	20.02
	Total (B)	**5,000**	**20.02**
	Total (A + B)	**24,980**	**100.00**

2. Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited ("Deccan")

Deccan was incorporated on October 29, 2013 as a private limited company with the Registrar of Companies, Telangana at Hyderabad. Its corporate identity number is U15492TG2013PTC090743. Its registered office is situated at 8-2-684/4/13/1, Road No. 12, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad- 500 034, Telangana, India.

Nature of business

Deccan is involved in the business of manufacturing of Indian made foreign liquor.

Capital structure

The authorized share capital of Deccan is ₹ 100,000 divided into 10,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and its issued, subscribed, and paid-up equity share capital is ₹ 100,000 divided into 10,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each.

Shareholding Pattern

S. No	Name of shareholder	Number of equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each	% of total equity share capital
1.	Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited	9,999	99.99

2.	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited (in its capacity as a nominee of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited).	1	0.01
	Total	**10,000**	**100.00**

3. NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited ("NV Distillers")

NV Distillers was incorporated on August 31, 2007 as a private limited company with the RoC. Its corporate identity number is U15549MH2007PTC335436. Its registered office is situated at 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400 004, Maharashtra, India.

Nature of business

NV Distillers is involved in the business of manufacturing of Indian made foreign liquor.

Capital structure

The authorized share capital of NV Distillers is ₹ 100,000 divided into 10,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and its issued, subscribed, and paid-up equity share capital is ₹ 100,000 divided into 10,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each.

Shareholding Pattern

S. No	Name of shareholder	Number of equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each	% of total equity share capital
1.	Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited	5,000	50.00
2.	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited (in its capacity as a nominee of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited).	5,000	50.00
	Total	**10,000**	**100.00**

4. Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("Sarthak")

Sarthak was incorporated on May 9, 2011 as a private limited company with the RoC. Its corporate identity number is U15311MH2011PTC337649. Its registered office is situated at 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road Mumbai – 400 004. Maharashtra, India.

Nature of business

Sarthak is involved in the business of manufacturing of Indian made foreign liquor.

Capital structure

The authorized share capital of Sarthak is ₹ 13,000,000 divided into 1,300,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and its issued, subscribed, and paid-up equity share capital is ₹ 5,221,000 divided into 522,100 equity shares of ₹ 10 each.

Shareholding Pattern

S. No	Name of shareholder	Number of equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each	% of total equity share capital
1.	Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited	520,000	99.60
2.	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited (in its capacity as a nominee of Allied Blenders and Distillers	2,100	0.40

S. No	Name of shareholder	Number of equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each	% of total equity share capital
	Limited).		
	Total	**522,100**	**100.00**

5. ABD Dwellings Private Limited ("ABD Dwellings")

ABD Dwellings was incorporated on August 26, 2013 as a private limited company with the RoC. Its corporate identity number is U45400MH2013PTC247452. Its registered office is situated at 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road Mumbai – 400 004, Maharashtra, India.

Nature of business

ABD Dwellings is involved in the business of real estate.

Capital structure

The authorized share capital of ABD Dwellings is ₹ 100,000 divided into 10,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and its issued, subscribed, and paid-up equity share capital is ₹ 100,000 divided into 10,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each.

Shareholding Pattern

S. No	Name of shareholder	Number of equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each	% of total equity share capital
1.	Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited	9,990	99.90
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev (in her capacity as a nominee of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited).	10	0.10
	Total	**10,000**	**100.00**

6. Madanlal Estates Private Limited ("Madanlal")

Madanlal was incorporated on November 17, 2017 as a private limited company with the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai. Its corporate identity number is U70200MH2017PTC301917. Its registered office is situated at 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road Mumbai- 400 004, Maharashtra, India.

Nature of business

Madanlal is involved in the business of real estate.

Capital structure
The authorized share capital of Madanlal is ₹ 100,000 divided into 10,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each and its issued, subscribed, and paid-up equity share capital is ₹ 100,000 divided into 10,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each.

Shareholding Pattern

S. No	Name of shareholder	Number of equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each	% of total equity share capital
1.	Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited	9,990	99.90
2.	Neesha K Chhabria (in her capacity as a nominee of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited).	10	0.10
	Total	**10,000**	**100.00**

7. ABD Foundation

ABD Foundation was incorporated on September 4, 2020 as a company limited by guarantee incorporated under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 with the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai. Its corporate identity number is U85300MH2020NPL345281. Its registered office is situated at Ground Floor, G-1, 394, Lamington Chambers, Dr. Dadasaheb Bhadkamkar Marg, Girgaon, Mumbai- 400 004, Maharashtra, India.

Nature of business

ABD Foundation is currently not engaged in any business. The objects for which ABD Foundation was established, in terms of its memorandum of association, include, *inter alia*, eradication of hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting education and livelihood enhancement projects, gender equality, setting up old age homes, conservation of natural resources and protection of national heritage.

Capital structure

ABD Foundation does not have any share capital, as it is a company limited by guarantee. In terms of the memorandum of association of ABD Foundation, read with the resolution dated August 5, 2020 passed by the Board of the Company, the details of the subscribers to the memorandum of association and amount of guarantee provided are as follows:

S. No	Name of subscribers to the memorandum of association	Amount of guarantee (in ₹)	% of total guarantee
1.	Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited	99,000	99
2.	Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy (in his capacity as a nominee of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited).	1,000	1
Total		**100,000**	**100**

FOREIGN SUBSIDIARY

1. **Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited ("ABD UK")**

ABD UK was incorporated on November 7, 2022 as a private company limited by shares with the Registrar of Companies, Scotland. Its company number is 749565. Its registered office is situated at Suite 20, 196 Rose Street, Edinburgh, EH2 4AT, Scotland.

Nature of business

ABD UK is currently not engaged in any business. The objects for which ABD UK was established include, *inter alia*, distilling, rectifying and blending of spirits, manufacturing of beer, sale of food, beverages and tobacco and wholesale of wine, beer, spirits and other alcoholic beverages.

Capital structure

The authorized share capital of ABD UK is 100 GBP divided into 100 equity shares of 1.00 GBP each and its issued, subscribed, and paid-up equity share capital is 100.00 GBP divided into 100 equity shares of 1.00 GBP each.

Shareholding Pattern

S. No	Name of shareholder	Number of equity shares of face value of 1.00 GBP each	% of total equity share capital
1.	Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited	100	100

S. No	Name of shareholder	Number of equity shares of face value of 1.00 GBP each	% of total equity share capital
Total		**100**	**100**

Financial Information derived from our Subsidiaries for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021

The financial information derived from the audited financial statements our Subsidiaries for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 is as follows:

Fiscal 2023									
Sr. No.	**Particulars (Rs million except per earnings per share)**	**ABD Dwellings Private Limited**	**Madanlal Estates Private Limited**	**NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited**	**Deccan Star Distilleries Private Limited**	**Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited**	**Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited (in thousand)**	**Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP**	**Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited**
1	Reserves (Excluding Revaluation Reserve)	380.33	379.92	-54.68	-0.34	-87.74	-41.98	-	-
2	Share Capital	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	5.22	2.00	-	-
3	Sales	-	-	-	-	1.97	-	-	-
4	Profit/(Loss) after Tax	-13.39	6.67	-11.20	-0.09	-9.78	-0.22	-	-
5	Earnings per Share - Basic (Rs)	-1,338.80	-666.70	-1,120.10	-8.50	-18.73	-10.76	-	-
6	Earnings per Share – Diluted (Rs)	-1,338.80	-666.70	-1,120.10	-8.50	-18.73	-10.76	-	-
7	Net Asset Value	380.43	380.02	-54.58	-0.24	-82.52	-39.98	-	-

Fiscal 2022									
Sr. No.	**Particulars (Rs million except per earnings per share)**	**ABD Dwellings Private Limited**	**Madanlal Estates Private Limited**	**NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited**	**Deccan Star Distilleries Private Limited**	**Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited**	**Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited**	**Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP**	**Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited**
1	Reserves (Excluding Revaluation Reserve)	309.72	386.59	-44.66	-0.26	-77.96	-41.76	NA	NA
2	Share Capital	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	5.22	2.00	NA	NA
3	Sales	-	-	-	-	4.50	-	NA	NA
4	Profit/(Loss) after Tax	-19.83	-6.31	-11.09	-0.02	-11.56	-0.67	NA	NA

5	Earnings per Share - Basic (Rs)	-1,982.58	-630.52	-1,108.60	-1.63	-22.14	-36.01	NA	NA
6	Earnings per Share – Diluted (Rs)	-1,982.58	-630.52	-1,108.60	-1.63	-22.14	-36.01	NA	NA
7	Net Asset Value	309.82	386.69	-44.56	-0.16	-72.74	-39.76	NA	NA

Fiscal 2021									
Sr. No.	**Particulars (Rs million except per earnings per share)**	**ABD Dwellings Private Limited**	**Madanlal Estates Private Limited**	**NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited**	**Deccan Star Distilleries Private Limited**	**Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited**	**Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited**	**Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP**	**Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited**
1	Reserves (Excluding Revaluation Reserve)	NA	NA	-34.73	-0.24	-66.40	-41.04	NA	NA
2	Share Capital	NA	NA	0.10	0.10	5.22	2.00	NA	NA
3	Sales	NA	NA	-	-	5.34	-	NA	NA
4	Profit/(Loss) after Tax	NA	NA	-10.72	-0.02	-17.09	-0.29	NA	NA
5	Earnings per Share - Basic (Rs)	NA	NA	-1,071.60	-2.09	-32.73	-14.44	NA	NA
6	Earnings per Share – Diluted (Rs)	NA	NA	-1,071.60	-2.09	-32.73	-14.44	NA	NA
7	Net Asset Value	NA	NA	-34.63	-0.14	-61.18	-39.04	NA	NA

Notes:

1. *ABD Dwellings Private Limited & Madanlal Estates Private Limited became subsidiary w.e.f. from July 15, 2021.*
2. *Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP and Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited became a subsidiary w.e.f. from June 15, 2022 and November 7, 2022 respectively.*

Amount of accumulated profits or losses

There are no accumulated profits or losses of our Subsidiaries, which are not accounted for by our Company.

Common Pursuits

Based on the business activities undertaken by Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited, Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited, NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited, Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited, and ABD UK, which are some of our Subsidiaries, there are certain common pursuits amongst these Subsidiaries and our Company. However, our Subsidiaries do not compete with our Company and, accordingly, there is no conflict of interest between our Company and our Subsidiaries. Further, our Company and our Subsidiaries will adopt the necessary procedures and practices as permitted by law to address any conflict situation as and when they arise.

For risks relating to the same, please refer to "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 13. Our Promoters, Promoter Group, Directors, Subsidiaries and Group Companies are in businesses similar to ours and have interests in certain companies, which are in similar businesses to ours, and this may result in potential conflict of interest with us."* at page 46.

For details of related business transactions between our Company and our Subsidiaries, see "*Financial Information – Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Notes to Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 46- Related party disclosures, as per IND AS 24*" on page 399.

Business interest between our Company and our Subsidiaries

Except as disclosed above and as stated in "*History and Certain Corporate Matters – Other Agreements – Memorandum of Understanding dated October 30, 2020 entered into between Madanlal Estates Private Limited ("Madanlal") and our Company, and Memorandum of Understanding dated October 30, 2020 entered into between ABD Dwellings Private Limited ("ABD Dwellings") and our Company",* "*Our Business*" and "*Financial Statements – Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Notes to Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 46- Related party disclosures, as per IND AS 24*" on pages 287, 226 and 399, respectively, none of our Subsidiaries have any business interest in our Company.

Other Confirmations

None of our Subsidiaries are listed on any stock exchange in India or abroad. Further, neither have any of our Subsidiaries been refused listing in the last ten years by any stock exchange in India or abroad, nor have any of our Subsidiaries failed to meet the listing requirements of any stock exchange in India or abroad.

There is no conflict of interest between the suppliers of raw materials and third-party service providers (crucial for operations of our Company) and our Subsidiaries and their directors.

Further, there is no conflict of interest between the lessors of immovable properties (crucial for operations of our Company) and our Subsidiaries and their directors.

OUR MANAGEMENT

Board of Directors

In terms of the Companies Act and the Articles of Association, our Company is required to have not less than three Directors and not more than 15 Directors, provided that our Shareholders may appoint more than 15 Directors upon passing a special resolution to that effect, in a general meeting.

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Board comprises of 14 Directors including a Chairman and Non-Executive Director, a Non-Executive Director, two Whole-Time Directors, a Managing Director, an Executive Director, a Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director, and seven Independent Directors of which one is a woman Independent Director. Our Company is in compliance with the requirements of the applicable regulations in respect of corporate governance in accordance with the SEBI Listing Regulations, Companies Act and the SEBI ICDR Regulations, pertaining to the constitution of the Board and committees thereof and formulation and adoption of policies. Our Company undertakes to take all necessary steps to continue to comply with all the requirements of SEBI Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013.

The following table sets forth the details of our Board as of the date of this Prospectus:

Name, designation, date of birth, address, occupation, current term, period of directorship and DIN	Age (years)	Other directorships
Kishore Rajaram Chhabria ***Designation***: Chairman and Non-Executive Director ***Date of Birth***: December 1, 1954 ***Address*:** Flat No. 111/11, Casa Grande, Little Gibbs Road, Malabar Hills, Mumbai 400006, Maharashtra. ***Occupation*:** Business ***Current term***: Not liable to retire by rotation ***Period of Directorship***: Director since March 18, 2010 ***DIN***: 00243244	69	**Indian Companies:** Private Companies: 1. Ashoka Liquors Private Limited 2. BDA Private Limited 3. Benco Properties Private Limited 4. Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited 5. BKC Enterprises Private Limited 6. Manoharlal Realtors Private Limited 7. Netravathi Estates Private Limited 8. Pitambari Properties Private Limited 9. Rayonyarns Import Company Private Limited 10. Starvoice Properties Private Limited 11. Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited **Foreign Companies:** Nil
Bina Kishore Chhabria ***Designation***: Non-Executive Director ***Date of Birth***: October 1, 1957 ***Address*:** Flat No. 111/11, Casa Grande, Little Gibbs Road, Malabar Hills, Mumbai 400006, Maharashtra.	66	**Indian Companies:** Private Companies: 1. ABD Dwellings Private Limited 2. ABD Estates Private Limited

Name, designation, date of birth, address, occupation, current term, period of directorship and DIN	Age (years)	Other directorships
Occupation**:** Business ***Current term***: Liable to retire by rotation ***Period of Directorship***: Director since March 18, 2010 ***DIN***: 00243376		3. ABD Homes Private Limited 4. ABD Realtors Private Limited 5. Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited 6. BKC Dwellings Private Limited 7. Borank Enterprises Private Limited 8. Kapardi Finvest Private Limited 9. Karbon Enterprises Private Limited 10. Kartik Finance and Investments Private Limited 11. Madanlal Estates Private Limited 12. Marengo Investments & Trading Company Private Limited 13. Marengo Trading and Properties Private Limited 14. Netravathi Estates Private Limited 15. S. T. Holding Private Limited 16. Shree Emati Investments Private Limited 17. Starvoice Investments Private Limited 18. Tripureshwari Properties Private Limited and 19. Woodpecker Investments Private Limited <u>Section 8 Companies:</u> 1. ABD Foundation;
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev ***Designation***: Whole-Time Director ***Date of Birth***: September 14, 1977 ***Address*****:** Flat No. 61/6, Casa Grande, Little Gibbs Road No. 2, Malabar Hills, Mumbai 400006, Maharashtra. ***Occupation*****:** Business ***Current term***: From April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2025, liable to retire by rotation ***Period of Directorship***: Director since June 14, 2021 ***DIN***: 00030608	46	**<u>Indian Companies:</u>** <u>Private Companies:</u> 1. ABD Dwellings Private Limited 2. ABD Estates Private Limited 3. ABD Realtors Private Limited 4. Benco Properties Private Limited 5. BKC Abode Private Limited 6. BKC Dwellings Private Limited 7. BKC Estates Private Limited

Name, designation, date of birth, address, occupation, current term, period of directorship and DIN	Age (years)	Other directorships
		8. Borank Enterprises Private Limited 9. Giribala Properties Private Limited 10. Kartik Finance and Investments Private Limited 11. Krabon Enterprises Private Limited 12. Marengo Investment & Trading Company Private Limited 13. Oriental Radios Private Limited 14. Royal Spirits Private Limited 15. Sangmeshwar Realtors Private Limited 16. Shree Emati Investments Private Limited 17. Starvoice Investments Private Limited 18. Starvoice Trading Private Limited 19. Woodpecker Properties Private Limited. **Foreign Companies:** Nil
Shekhar Ramamurthy ***Designation***: Whole-Time Director ***Date of Birth***: October 4, 1961 ***Address*****:** 702, Prestige Leela Residences, 23/4, Old Airport Road, Next to Leela Palace Hotel, Kodihalli, Jeevan Bheema Nagar, H A L IT Stage, Bengaluru- 560008, Karnataka. ***Occupation*****:** Service ***Current term***: From April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2025, liable to retire by rotation ***Period of Directorship***: Director since July 1, 2021 ***DIN***: 00504801	62	**Indian Companies:** Nil **Foreign Companies:** Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited
Alok Gupta ***Designation***: Managing Director ***Date of Birth***: May 2, 1966 ***Address*****:** Flat No. 2003, Imperial South Wing, B.B. Nakashe Marg, Tardeo, Mumbai – 400034, Maharashtra. ***Occupation*****:** Service ***Current term***: For a period of three years since September 1,	58	**Indian Companies:** Private Companies: Nil Public Companies: Nil .

Name, designation, date of birth, address, occupation, current term, period of directorship and DIN	Age (years)	Other directorships
2023, liable to retire by rotation. ***Period of Directorship***: Director since September 1, 2023 ***DIN***: 02330045		**Foreign Companies:** Nil
Maneck Navel Mulla ***Designation***: Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director ***Date of Birth***: July 3, 1974 ***Address*****:** 801, Floor – 8th, Plot – 639, Garden – 6, Mancherji Joshi Marg, Near Five Garden, Dadar East, Mumbai – 400014, Maharashtra. ***Occupation*****:** Advocate & Solicitor ***Current term***: Liable to retire by rotation. ***Period of Directorship***: Director since February 3, 2022 ***DIN***: 02451544	49	**Indian Companies:** Nil **Foreign Companies:** Nil
Arun Barik ***Designation***: Executive Director ***Date of Birth***: March 16, 1962 ***Address*****:** 91, Trishul Apartment, Building No. 18-A, M G Kane Road, Near Mount Mary Church, Bandra West, Mumbai- 400050, Maharashtra ***Occupation*****:** Service ***Current term***: For a period of three years since August 9, 2022, liable to retire by rotation ***Period of Directorship***: Director since August 9, 2022 ***DIN***: 07130542	62	**Indian Companies:** Private Companies: 1. Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited 2. Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited 3. Krabon Enterprises Private Limited 4. Karbon Enterprises Private Limited 5. Borank Enterprises Private Limited **Foreign Companies:** Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited
Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan ***Designation***: Independent Director ***Date of Birth***: March 19, 1965 ***Address*****:** 87 Sunset Way, Clementi Park, Singapore- 597108 ***Occupation*****:** Business ***Current term***: For a period of five years since February 3, 2022 ***Period of Directorship***: Director since February 3, 2022 ***DIN***: 01794148	59	**Indian Companies:** Private Companies: 1. Vibgyor Realty & Investments Private Limited. **Foreign Companies:** 1. AT Holdings Pte Ltd. 2. SAIML Capital Pte Ltd. 3. Turbo Tech Pte Ltd. 4. Realpha Tech Corp

Name, designation, date of birth, address, occupation, current term, period of directorship and DIN	Age (years)	Other directorships
Rukhshana Jina Mistry ***Designation***: Independent Director ***Date of Birth***: September 24, 1956 ***Address*****:** Flat No. 19, Rose Minar 87, Chapel Road, Near Mount Carmel Church, Bandra (West), Mumbai- 400050, Maharashtra ***Occupation*****:** Professional ***Current term***: For a period of five years since June 2, 2022. ***Period of Directorship***: Director since June 2, 2022 ***DIN***: 08398795	67	**Indian Companies:** Public Companies: 1. Sterling and Wilson Renewable Energy Limited 2. Afcons Infrastructure Limited **Foreign Companies:** 1. Sterling Wilson International Solar FZCO 2. Sterling Wilson Solar Solutions Inc. 3. Sterling Wilson Renewable Energy Nigeria Limited
Vivek Anilchand Sett ***Designation***: Independent Director ***Date of Birth***: January 9, 1955 ***Address*****:** 1001, Marathon Heights, P. B. Marg, Worli, Mumbai- 400013, Maharashtra ***Occupation*****:** Professional ***Current term***: For a period of five years since June 2, 2022. ***Period of Directorship***: Director since June 2, 2022 ***DIN***: 00031084	69	**Indian Companies:** Private Companies: 1. 9X Telefilms Private Limited 2. Vasudev Adigas Fastfood Private Limited 3. 9X Media Private Limited 4. New Silk Route Advisors Private Limited (under liquidation) 5. Destimoney India Services Private Limited (under liquidation) 6. Destimoney Financial Services Private Limited (under liquidation) **Foreign Companies:** Nil
Paul Henry Skipworth ***Designation***: Independent Director ***Date of Birth***: February 25, 1968 ***Address*****:** 8, Henderland Road, Edinburgh, United Kingdom, EH126BB ***Occupation*****:** Professional ***Current term***: For a period of five years since June 2, 2022. ***Period of Directorship***: Director since June 2, 2022	56	**Indian Companies:** Nil **Foreign Companies:** 1. St Andrews Brewers Limited 2. Blendworks Limited 3. Eden Mill Brewers Limited 4. Eden Mill Distillers Limited

Name, designation, date of birth, address, occupation, current term, period of directorship and DIN	Age (years)	Other directorships
DIN: 09623856		5. Eden Mill St Andrews Limited 6. Rise Keto Limited 7. Inverleith General Partner 1B LLP 8. Inverleith GP 1B Limited 9. Montane Ltd 10. Inverleith (MT) Limited 11. Braham & Murray Limited (trading as Good Hemp) 12. The Scotch Malt Whisky Society Limited 13. The Artisanal Spirits Company PLC 14. Inverleith LLP 15. Inverleith GP Limited 16. Inverleith General Partner LLP 17. Inverleith (ASC) Limited 18. HIL (Nominees) Limited 19. Hothouse Brands Limited
Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna ***Designation***: Independent Director ***Date of Birth***: March 16, 1959 ***Address*****:** 51 Thornhill Road, Ickenham, Uxbridge, United Kingdom, UB108SQ ***Occupation*****:** Professional ***Current term***: For a period of five years since August 9, 2022. ***Period of Directorship***: Director since August 9, 2022 ***DIN***: 09680693	65	**Indian Companies:** Nil **Foreign Companies:** Nil
Narayanan Sadanandan ***Designation***: Independent Director ***Date of Birth***: March 11, 1961 ***Address*****:** D 603, Sankalp Grace 2, Opp. Ashoka Vatika Ambli – Bopal Road, Santosa Park Ambli, Ahmedabad City, Ahmedabad- 380058, Gujarat ***Occupation*****:** Investment Banker ***Current term***: For a period of five years since October 16, 2022.	63	**Indian Companies:** 1. MAS Financial Services Limited **Foreign Companies:** Nil

Name, designation, date of birth, address, occupation, current term, period of directorship and DIN	Age (years)	Other directorships
Period of Directorship: Director since October 16, 2022 ***DIN***: 07263104		
Mehli Maneck Golvala ***Designation***: Independent Director ***Date of Birth***: October 28, 1959 ***Address*****:** Flat No 5, Hormuzd Building, Naushir Bharucha Marg, Grant Road, Mumbai – 400007, Maharashtra ***Occupation*****:** Professional ***Current term***: For a period of five years since October 21, 2023 ***Period of Directorship***: Director since October 21, 2023 ***DIN***: 02234105	64	**Indian Companies:** Nil **Foreign Companies:** Nil

Brief profiles of our Directors

Kishore Rajaram Chhabria is a Chairman and Non-Executive Director on the Board of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from University of Bombay. Prior to joining our Company, he was previously associated with Shaw Wallace & Company Limited (as a managing director) and B.D.A. Limited. He has over 19 years of experience in the field of management.

Bina Kishore Chhabria is a Non-Executive Director and Co-Chairperson on the Board of our Company. She has not received any formal education. She has been a Director on the Board of our Company since 2010.

Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev is a Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson) on the Board of our Company. She has passed the third year of bachelor's degree in commerce (three year integrated degree) from University of Mumbai and has completed the Management Development Program from Aresty Institute of Executive Education, The Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania. She has over two years of experience in the field of management .

Shekhar Ramamurthy is a Whole-Time Director (Executive Deputy Chairman) on the Board of our Company. He holds a post graduate diploma in Management from Indian Institute of Management, Calcutta. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with United Spirits Limited and United Breweries Limited. He has over 33 years of experience in various roles, including marketing, corporate planning and sales.

Alok Gupta is a Managing Director on the Board of our Company. He holds a post graduate diploma in Business Management from Institute of Management Technology, Ghaziabad. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Autometers Limited, McDowell & Co. Ltd, Whyte and Mackay Ltd., United Spirits Limited and Essar Capital Advisory India Private Limited. He has over 26 years of experience primarily in the fields of management, marketing and portfolio management.

Maneck Navel Mulla is a Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director on the Board of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in Commerce (Financial Accounting and Auditing) from University of Bombay and bachelor's degree in law (LL.B) from University of Bombay. He is a member of Bar Council of Maharashtra and Goa. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Mulla & Mulla and Craigie Blunt & Caroe and M Mulla Associates. He has over two decades of experience in the field of law.

Arun Barik is an Executive Director on the Board of our Company. He holds a diploma for bachelor's degree in Science from Utkal University, Bhubaneswar. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Seagram

Distilleries (P) Limited and Mason & Summers Alcobev Pvt. Ltd. He has over 27 years of experience in various fields, including manufacturing.

Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan is an Independent Director on the Board of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from St. Xavier's College, Calcutta. He had also passed final examination from the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Institute of Cost and Works Accountants of India. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with B S R & Co., ICICI Bank Limited, Westpac Banking Corporation, Standard Charted Bank and SAIML Pte. Ltd. He has over 27 years of experience in various fields, including finance.

Rukhshana Jina Mistry is an Independent Director on the Board of our Company. She is a qualified chartered accountant. She has been a practising chartered accountant for over 32 years.

Vivek Anilchand Sett is an Independent Director on the Board of our Company. He is an associate member of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Ispat Industries Limited, Tata Teleservices Limited, Tata Realty and Infrastructure, Nectar Life Sciences Limited and New Silk Route Advisors Private Limited. He has over six years of experience primarily in the fields of finance and private equity.

Paul Henry Skipworth is an Independent Director on the Board of our Company. He holds a master's degree in engineering from Imperial College and master's degree in business administration from the European Institute of Business Administration. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with L Capital Advisory Services UK Limited, The Glenmorangie Company Limited, Artisanal Spirits Company PLC, Jas Hennessy (Far East) Limited, LVMH and LEK Consulting. He has over 15 years of experience primarily in the field of corporate strategy, consulting and general management in the wine and spirits industry.

Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna is an Independent Director on the Board of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in social science from University of Keele and has also passed the associateship examination from the Institute of Taxation, UK. He is also a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Diageo Plc. He has over 16 years of experience in various fields, including business development.

Narayanan Sadanandan is an Independent Director on the Board of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from University of Madras. He has also passed the Associate examination from the Indian Institute of Bankers and has successfully qualified the online proficiency self-assessment test for independent director's databank from Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with State Bank of India, SBI Capital Markets Limited and SBI Pension Funds Private Limited. He has over 35 years of experience in various fields, including capital market, banking, and fund management.

Mehli Maneck Golvala is an Independent Director on the Board of our Company. He holds a bachelor of commerce degree from University of Bombay and is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP. He has over 39 years of experience in the field of taxation laws.

Relationship amongst our Directors

Except as disclosed below, none of our Directors are related to each other.

- Kishore Rajaram Chhabria and Bina Kishore Chhabria are husband and wife; and
- Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev is the daughter of Kishore Rajaram Chhabria and Bina Kishore Chhabria.

Details of directorship in companies suspended or delisted

None of our Directors is or was a director of any company listed on any stock exchange, whose shares have been or were suspended from being traded during the five years preceding the date of this Prospectus, during the term of his/her directorship in such company.

None of our Directors is, or was a director of any listed company, which has been or was delisted from any stock exchange, during the term of his/her directorship in such company.

Arrangement or understanding with major Shareholders, customers, suppliers or others

There is no arrangement or understanding with our major shareholders, customers, suppliers or others, pursuant to which any of our Directors were appointed as a Director or member of senior management.

Service contracts with Directors

Our Company has not entered into any service contracts with our Directors which provide for benefits upon the termination of their employment.

Terms of appointment of our Directors

a) **Terms of appointment of Executive Directors**

Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev

Pursuant to resolution dated March 31, 2022 passed by our Board, special resolution dated April 1, 2022, passed by the Shareholders of our Company, and contract of employment dated June 9, 2022, set forth below are the remuneration and other benefits of Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev:

Basic Salary	₹ 28.12 million per annum
Perquisites as per the agreement	Standard perquisites of house rent allowance, special allowance, leave travel allowance Provident Fund and other benefits as per the rules of our Company.

Shekhar Ramamurthy

Pursuant to resolution dated October 27, 2023 passed by our Board, special resolution dated October 30, 2023, passed by the Shareholders of our Company, and contract of employment dated October 30, 2023 as amended by way of a letter dated June 18, 2024, set forth below are the remuneration and other benefits of Shekhar Ramamurthy:

Basic Salary	₹ 12.00 million per annum
Perquisites as per the agreement	Standard perquisites of house rent allowance, special allowance, Provident Fund and other benefits as per the rules of our Company.

Arun Barik

Pursuant to resolution dated August 9, 2022 passed by our Board, special resolution dated September 30, 2022, passed by the Shareholders of our Company, and contract of employment dated September 30, 2022 set forth below are the remuneration and other benefits of Arun Barik:

Basic Salary	₹ 6.73 million per annum
Perquisites as per the agreement	Standard perquisites of house rent allowance, special allowance, leave travel allowance Provident Fund and other benefits as per the rules of our Company.

Alok Gupta

Pursuant to resolutions dated September 1, 2023 passed by our Board, special resolution dated September 18,

2023, passed by the Shareholders of our Company, contract of employment dated September 25, 2023 and resolution dated February 14, 2024, passed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, set forth below are the remuneration and other benefits of Alok Gupta:

Basic Salary	₹ 32.00 million per annum
Perquisites as per the agreement	Standard perquisites of house rent allowance, special allowance, education allowance, leave travel allowance, Provident Fund and other benefits as per the rules of our Company. He is also entitled to a variable pay of ₹ 24.00 million per annum along with 30% of the ESOP scheme (five percent of ESOP pool) which may be implemented by the company ("**ESOP Scheme**")
Others	Annual corporate club membership fees, including entrance fees, for an amount not exceeding ₹ 15.00 million

Commission and sitting fees paid to the Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors

Pursuant to Board resolution dated June 13, 2022, each Non-Executive Director and Independent Director is entitled to receive sitting fees of ₹ 50,000 for attending each meeting of our Board and any committee of our Board.

The details of the commission and sitting fees paid to the Non-Executive and Independent Directors during Fiscal 2024 are disclosed below:

S. No.	Name of Non-Executive Directors / Independent Directors	Designation	Sitting fees paid (₹ in million)	Commission (₹ in million)	Total remuneration (₹ in million)
1.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria*	Chairman and Non-Executive Director	0.25	106.71	106.96
2.	Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan	Independent Director	0.70	Nil	0.70
3.	Maneck Navel Mulla	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director	0.80	Nil	0.80
4.	Vivek Anilchand Sett	Independent Director	0.50	Nil	0.50
5.	Rukhshana Jina Mistry	Independent Director	0.75	Nil	0.75
6.	Paul Henry Skipworth	Independent Director	0.45	Nil	0.45
7.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	Non-Executive Director and Co-Chairperson	0.05	Nil	0.05
8.	Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna	Independent Director	0.45	Nil	0.45
9.	Narayanan Sadanandan	Independent Director	0.45	Nil	0.45
10.	Mehli Maneck Golvala	Independent Director	0.20	Nil	0.20

** Re-designated as Chairman and Non-Executive Director with effect from July 1, 2023. The remuneration received by Kishore Rajaram Chhabria was received in the capacity of an executive director.*

Payments or benefits to Executive Directors of our Company

Except as disclosed below, our Company has not paid any compensation or granted any benefit to any of our Directors (including contingent or deferred compensation) in all capacities in Fiscal 2024. Further, there is no contingent or deferred compensation payable to any of our Directors which accrued in Fiscal 2024.

In Fiscal 2024, our Company has paid the following remuneration to the Executive Directors of our Company:

Sr. No.	Name	Remuneration (₹ *in millions*)
1.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria*	106.71

Sr. No.	Name	Remuneration (₹ *in millions*)
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	36.96
3.	Shekhar Ramamurthy	59.14
4.	Arun Barik	18.16
5.	Alok Gupta	62.90

**Re-designated as Chairman and Non-Executive Director with effect from July 1, 2023.*

Remuneration paid or payable by our Subsidiaries

None of our Directors have been paid or are entitled to any remuneration from our Subsidiaries, including contingent or deferred compensation accrued for the year during Fiscal 2024.

Shareholding of the Directors in our Company

Our Articles of Association do not require our Directors to hold qualification shares. The table below sets forth details of Equity Shares held by the Directors as on date of this Prospectus:

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Number of equity shares held	Percentage of pre-Offer Equity Share Capital
1.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	1*	Negligible
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	176,142,969	72.16
3.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	24.05

**Jointly held with Bina Kishore Chhabria*

Borrowing Powers

Pursuant to our Articles of Association and applicable provisions of the Companies Act and pursuant to a resolution passed in the EGM held on April 1, 2022 our Board has been authorised to borrow any sum or sums of money from time to time notwithstanding that the money or monies to be borrowed, together with the monies already borrowed by the Company in the ordinary course of business, may exceed the aggregate of the paid up share capital, free reserves and securities premium of the Company, provided however that the total amount so borrowed by the Board shall not exceed ₹ 13,000 million.

Bonus or profit-sharing plan for our Directors

Except as mentioned above in "- *Terms of Appointment of our Directors"* on page 305, none of our Directors are party to performance linked bonus or a profit-sharing plan for our Directors.

Interest of Directors

All our Directors may be deemed to be interested to the extent of remuneration and reimbursement of expenses, if any, payable to them, as well as the sitting fees and commission, if any, payable to them for attending meetings of our Board and/or committees thereof as approved by our Board/ Shareholders, the reimbursement of expenses payable to them, as approved by our Board.

Our Directors, Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev may also be interested to the extent of their respective shareholding in our Company and to the extent of any dividend payable to them and other distributions in respect of such shareholding and to the extent of Equity Shares, if any, that may be subscribed by or allotted to the companies, firms, ventures, trusts in which they are interested as promoters, directors, partners, proprietors, members or trustees, pursuant to the Offer. Our Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director, Maneck Navel Mulla is the founder of the law firm "M/s M Mulla Associates, Advocates & Solicitors" and has been providing

legal services to the Company Pursuant to an agreement dated June 28, 2021 with the Company, M/s M Mulla Associates, Advocates & Solicitors is providing legal services to the Company for a period of four years from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2025 at a consideration exceeding ₹0.25 million per month.

Our Directors do not have any interest in any property acquired or proposed to be acquired of or by our Company.

There is no conflict of interest between the suppliers of raw materials and third-party service providers (crucial for operations of our Company) and our Directors.

Further, there is no conflict of interest between the lessors of immovable properties (crucial for operations of our Company) and our Directors.

Interest in promotion or formation of our Company

Except for Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, who are the Promoters of our Company, none of our Directors are interested in the promotion or formation of our Company.

Except as provided under section "*Offer Document Summary – Summary of Related Party Transactions"*, on page 21, no loans have been availed by our Directors from our Company.

No sum has been paid or agreed to be paid to our Directors or to firms or companies in which they may be members, in cash or shares or otherwise by any person either to induce him/ her to become, or to qualify him/ her as, a Director, or otherwise for services rendered by him/ her or by such firm or company, in connection with the promotion or formation of our Company.

All the Directors may be deemed to be interested in the contracts, agreements/arrangements entered into or to be entered into by our Company with any company which is promoted by them or in which they hold directorships / shareholding or any partnership firm in which they are partners.

Our Directors do not have any interest in any property acquired or proposed to be acquired by our Company in the three years preceding the date of this Prospectus.

No consideration, either in cash or shares or in any other form have been paid or agreed to be paid to any of our Directors or to the firms, trusts or companies in which they have an interest in, by any person, either to induce any of our Directors to become or to help any of them qualify as a Director, or otherwise for services rendered by them or by the firm, trust or company in which they are interested, in connection with the promotion or formation of our Company.

Further, except as disclosed in '*Offer Document Summary- Summary of Related Party Transactions*' on page 21, our Directors do not have any interest in any transaction by our Company for acquisition of land, construction of building or supply of machinery.

Business interest

Except as stated in '*Offer Document Summary- Summary of Related Party Transactions*' on page 21, our Directors do not have any other interest in our Company or in any transaction by our Company.

Changes to our Board in the last three years

Name of Director	Date of appointment/ change in designation/ cessation	Reason
Mehli Maneck Golvala	October 30, 2023	Change in designation as a Director
Mehli Maneck Golvala	October 21, 2023	Appointed as Additional Director
Alok Gupta	September 18, 2023	Change in designation as Managing Director
Alok Gupta	September 18, 2023	Change in designation as a Director
Alok Gupta	September 1, 2023	Appointed as an Additional Director

Name of Director	Date of appointment/ change in designation/ cessation	Reason
Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	July 1, 2023	Change in designation as a Chairman and Non-Executive Director
Narayanan Sadanandan	December 23, 2022	Change in designation as Director
Narayanan Sadanandan	October 16, 2022	Appointed as an Additional Director
Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna	September 30, 2022	Change in designation as a Director
Arun Barik	September 30, 2022	Change in designation as a Director
Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna	August 9, 2022	Appointed as an Additional Director
Arun Barik	August 9, 2022	Appointed as an Additional Director
Nasser Mukhtar Munjee	October 6, 2022	Voluntarily resigned and ceased to be a Director owing to his name being included in the list of wilful defaulters on the website of TransUnion CIBIL Limited and IDBI Bank Limited
Arun Barik	June 20, 2022	Voluntarily ceased to be a Director (i) to ensure compliance with the board composition norms prescribed under Listing Regulations and enable timely filing of the draft red herring prospectus with SEBI, and (ii) due to pre-occupation
Vivek Anilchand Sett	June 04, 2022	Change in designation as a Director
Rukhshana Jina Mistry	June 04, 2022	Change in designation as a Director
Paul Henry Skipworth	June 04, 2022	Change in designation as a Director
Arun Barik	June 04, 2022	Change in designation as a Director
Vivek Anilchand Sett	June 02, 2022	Appointed as an Additional Director
Rukhshana Jina Mistry	June 02, 2022	Appointed as an Additional Director
Paul Henry Skipworth	June 02, 2022	Appointed as an Additional Director
Arun Barik	June 02, 2022	Appointed as an Additional Director
Deepak Shashibhusan Roy	April 25, 2022	Ceased to be a Director due to personal reasons.
Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	April 1, 2022	Change in designation as a Whole-Time Director (Chairman)
Shekhar Ramamurthy	April 1, 2022	Change in designation as a Whole-Time Director (Executive Deputy Chairman)
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	April 1, 2022	Change in designation as a Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson)
Nasser Mukhtar Munjee	April 1, 2022	Change in designation as Director
Utpal Kumar Ganguli	March 31, 2022	Ceased to be a Director due to personal reasons.
Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy	March 31, 2022	Ceased to be a Director due to pre-occupation.
Chirag Pittie	March 31, 2022	Ceased to be a Director due to pre-occupation.
Nasser Mukhtar Munjee	March 17, 2022	Appointed as an Additional Director
Maneck Navel Mulla	February 03, 2022	Change in designation as a Director
Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan	February 03, 2022	Change in designation as a Director
Maneck Navel Mulla	February 03, 2022	Appointed as an Additional Director
Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan	February 03, 2022	Appointed as an Additional Director
Chirag Pittie	November 1, 2021*	Change in designation as a Director
Nicholas Bodo Blazquez	July 19, 2021	Resigned and ceased to be a Director due to pre-occupation
Shekhar Ramamurthy	July 7, 2021	Change in designation as a Director
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	July 7, 2021	Change in designation as a Director
Chirag Pittie	July 7, 2021	Change in designation as a Director
Shekhar Ramamurthy	July 1, 2021	Appointment as an Additional Director
Nicholas Bodo Blazquez	June 30, 2021	Change in designation as a Director

Name of Director	Date of appointment/ change in designation/ cessation	Reason
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	June 14, 2021	Appointment as an Additional Director
Chirag Pittie	June 14, 2021	Appointment as an Additional Director

**Re-designated by way of resolution dated October 21, 2021 effective as on November 1, 2021.*

Corporate Governance

The provisions of the Companies Act along with the SEBI Listing Regulations, with respect to corporate governance, will be applicable to our Company immediately upon the listing of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges. Our Company is in compliance with the requirements of the applicable regulations in respect of corporate governance in accordance with the SEBI Listing Regulations, Companies Act and the SEBI ICDR Regulations, pertaining to the constitution of the Board and committees thereof and formulation and adoption of policies. Our Company undertakes to take all necessary steps to continue to comply with all the requirements of SEBI Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013.

Committees of our Board

Our Board has constituted the following committees of the Board in terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Companies Act:

(a) Audit Committee;

(b) Nomination and Remuneration Committee;

(c) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee;

(d) Risk Management Committee;

(e) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee; and

(f) IPO Committee (for purposes of the Offer).

In addition to the above, our Board of Directors may, from time to time, constitute committees to delegate certain powers for various functions, in accordance with applicable laws.

Audit committee

The Audit committee was initially constituted by a resolution of our Board at their meeting held on August 5, 2014 and was subsequently re-constituted by resolutions of our Board at their meeting held on June 2, 2022 and June 20, 2022. The Audit committee currently comprises the following members:

Name of Director	Position in the Committee	Designation
Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan	Chairman	Independent Director
Rukhshana Jina Mistry	Member	Independent Director
Maneck Navel Mulla	Member	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director

The scope and function of the Audit committee is in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and its terms of reference are as follows:

(i) The Audit Committee shall have powers, which should include the following:

(a) To investigate any activity within its terms of reference;

(b) To seek information from any employee of the Company;

(c) To obtain outside legal or other professional advice;

(d) To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise if it considers necessary; and

(e) Such powers as may be prescribed under the Companies Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

(ii) The role of the Audit Committee shall include the following:

(a) Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process, examination of the financial statement and the auditors' report thereon and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;

(b) Recommendation for appointment, re-appointment and replacement, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors, including the internal auditor, cost auditor and statutory auditor, of the Company and the fixation of audit fee;

(c) Approval of payments to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors of the Company;

(d) Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:

(i) Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act;

(ii) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;

(iii) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by the management of the Company;

(iv) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;

(v) Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;

(vi) Disclosure of any related party transactions; and

(vii) Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.

(e) Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements before submission to the board for approval;

(f) Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses/application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilised for purposes other than those stated in the issue document/prospectus/notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;

(g) Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;

(h) Formulating a policy on related party transactions, which shall include materiality of related party transactions;

(i) Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties and omnibus approval for related party transactions proposed to be entered into by the Company subject to such conditions as may be prescribed;

Explanation*: The term "related party transactions" shall have the same meaning as provided in Clause 2(zc) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and/or the applicable Accounting Standards and/or the Companies Act, 2013.*

(j) Review, at least on a quarterly basis, the details of related party transactions entered into by the Company pursuant to each of the omnibus approvals given;

(k) Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;

(l) Undertaking or supervising valuation of undertakings or assets of the company, wherever it is necessary;

(m) Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;

(n) Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;

(o) Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;

(p) Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up thereon;

(q) Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;

(r) Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;

(s) Looking into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;

(t) Recommending to the board of directors the appointment and removal of the external auditor, fixation of audit fees and approval for payment for any other services;

(u) Reviewing the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;

(v) Approval of the appointment of the Chief Financial Officer of the Company ("**CFO**") (i.e., the whole-time finance director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc., of the candidate;

(w) Carrying out any other functions as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee and any other terms of reference as may be decided by the Board and/or as provided under the provisions of the Companies Act, the SEBI Listing Regulations and other applicable laws;

(x) To formulate, review and make recommendations to the Board to amend the Terms of Reference of Audit Committee from time to time;

(y) Establishing a vigil mechanism for directors and employees to report their genuine concerns or grievances;

(z) Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee;

(aa) Reviewing the utilization of loans and/or advances from/investment by the Company in the subsidiaries exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision;

(bb) To consider and comment on rationale, cost- benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc. on the Company and its shareholders and;

(cc) Carrying out any other functions as may be required / mandated and/or delegated by the Board as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Listing Regulations, uniform listing agreements and/or any other applicable laws or by any regulatory authority and performing such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate for the performance of its duties."

(iii) The Audit Committee shall mandatorily review the following information:

(a) Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;

(b) Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by the management of the Company;

(c) Management letters/letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors of the Company;

(d) Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses;

(e) The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the audit committee;

(f) Statement of deviations:

i. quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations; and

ii. annual statement of funds utilised for purposes other than those stated in the issue document/prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(7) of the SEBI Listing Regulations;

(g) To review the financial statements, and the auditors' report thereon, in particular, the investments made by any unlisted subsidiary; and

(h) Such information as may be prescribed under the Companies Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee was constituted by a resolution of our Board at their meeting held on February 12, 2008 and was re-constituted by our Board at their meeting held on June 2, 2022. The Nomination and Remuneration committee currently comprises the following members:

Name of Director	Position in the Committee	Designation
Paul Henry Skipworth	Chairman	Independent Director
Rukhshana Jina Mistry	Member	Independent Director
Maneck Navel Mulla	Member	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director

The scope and function of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is in accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act read with Regulation 19 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and its terms of reference are as follows:

(a) Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, while formulating the above policy, should ensure that:

(i) the level and composition of remuneration be reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run our Company successfully;

(ii) relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and

(iii) remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

(b) For every appointment of an independent director, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description of the role and capabilities required of an independent director. The person recommended to the Board for appointment as an independent director shall have the capabilities identified in such description. For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates, the Committee may:

i. use the services of an external agencies, if required;
ii. consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and
iii. consider the time commitments of the candidates.

(c) Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the Board;

(d) Devising a policy on Board diversity;

(e) Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors of the Company and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal. The Company shall disclose the remuneration policy and the evaluation criteria in its annual report;

(f) Analysing, monitoring and reviewing various human resource and compensation matters, including the compensation strategy;

(g) Determining the Company's policy on specific remuneration packages for executive directors including pension rights and any compensation payment, and determining remuneration packages of such directors;

(h) Recommending the remuneration, in whatever form, payable to non-executive directors and the senior management personnel and other staff (as deemed necessary);

(i) Reviewing and approving compensation strategy from time to time in the context of the then current Indian market in accordance with applicable laws;

(j) Determining whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors;

(k) Perform such functions as are required to be performed by the compensation committee under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;

(l) Administering the employee stock option scheme/plan approved by the Board and shareholders of the Company in accordance with the terms of such scheme/plan ("**ESOP Scheme**") including the following:

i. Determining the eligibility of employees to participate under the ESOP Scheme;

ii. Determining the quantum of option to be granted under the ESOP Scheme per employee and in aggregate;
iii. Date of grant;
iv. Determining the exercise price of the option under the ESOP Scheme;
v. The conditions under which option may vest in employee and may lapse in case of termination of employment for misconduct;
vi. The exercise period within which the employee should exercise the option and that option would lapse on failure to exercise the option within the exercise period;
vii. The specified time period within which the employee shall exercise the vested option in the event of termination or resignation of an employee;
viii. The right of an employee to exercise all the options vested in him at one time or at various points of time within the exercise period;
ix. Re-pricing of the options which are not exercised, whether or not they have been vested if stock option rendered unattractive due to fall in the market price of the equity shares;
x. The grant, vest and exercise of option in case of employees who are on long leave;
xi. Allow exercise of unvested options on such terms and conditions as it may deem fit;
xii. The procedure for cashless exercise of options;
xiii. Forfeiture/ cancellation of options granted;
xiv. Formulating and implementing the procedure for making a fair and reasonable adjustment to the number of options and to the exercise price in case of corporate actions such as rights issues, bonus issues, merger, sale of division and others. In this regard following shall be taken into consideration:
- the number and the price of stock option shall be adjusted in a manner such that total value of the option to the employee remains the same after the corporate action;
- for this purpose, global best practices in this area including the procedures followed by the derivative markets in India and abroad may be considered; and the vesting period and the life of the option shall be left unaltered as far as possible to protect the rights of the employee who is granted such option.

(m) Construing and interpreting the employee stock option scheme/plan approved by the Board and shareholders of the Company in accordance with the terms of such scheme/plan ("**ESOP Scheme**") and any agreements defining the rights and obligations of the Company and eligible employees under the ESOP Scheme, and prescribing, amending and/or rescinding rules and regulations relating to the administration of the ESOP Scheme;

(n) Framing suitable policies, procedures and systems to ensure that there is no violation of securities laws, as amended from time to time, including:

a. the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended; and

b. the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices Relating to the Securities Market) Regulations, 2003, as amended,

by the Company and its employees, as applicable;

(o) Performing such other activities as may be delegated by the Board of Directors and/or are statutorily prescribed under any law to be attended to by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee; and

(p) Such terms of reference as may be prescribed under the Companies Act, SEBI Listing Regulations or other applicable laws or by any other regulatory authority."

Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was constituted by a resolution of our Board at their meeting held on June 2, 2022 and was subsequently re-constituted by resolutions of our Board at their meeting held on October 17, 2022. The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee currently comprises the following members:

Name of Director	Position in the Committee	Designation
Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna	Chairman	Independent Director
Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan	Member	Independent Director
Maneck Navel Mulla	Member	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director

The scope and function of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee is in accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, and Regulation 20 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and its terms of reference are as follows:

(a) Redressal of all security holders' and investors' grievances such as complaints related to transfer of shares, including non-receipt of share certificates and review of cases for refusal of transfer/transmission of shares and debentures, dematerialisation and re-materialisation of shares, non-receipt of balance sheet, non-receipt of declared dividends, non-receipt of annual reports, issue of new/duplicate certificates, generals meetings, etc., assisting with quarterly reporting of such complaints and formulating procedures in line with statutory guidelines to ensure speedy disposal of various requests received from shareholders;

(b) Reviewing of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;

(c) Investigating complaints relating to allotment of shares, approval of transfer or transmission of shares, debentures or any other securities;

(d) Giving effect to all transfer/transmission of shares and debentures, dematerialisation of shares and re-materialisation of shares, split and issue of duplicate/consolidated share certificates, compliance with all the requirements related to shares, debentures and other securities from time to time;

(e) Reviewing the measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company;

(f) Reviewing the adherence to the service standards by the Company with respect to various services rendered by the registrar and transfer agent of our Company and to recommend measures for overall improvement in the quality of investor services;

(g) Carrying out such other functions as may be specified by the Board from time to time or specified/provided under the Companies Act or SEBI Listing Regulations, or by any other regulatory authority;

(h) To approve allotment of shares, debentures or any other securities as per the authority conferred / to be conferred to the Committee by the Board of Directors from time to time;

(i) To approve requests for transfer, transposition, deletion, consolidation, sub-division, change of name, dematerialization, rematerialisation etc. of shares, debentures and other securities;

(j) To monitor and expedite the status and process of dematerialization and rematerialisation of shares, debentures and other securities of the Company; and

(k) Such terms of reference as may be prescribed under the Companies Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee was constituted by a resolution of our Board at their meeting held on June 2, 2022 and further re-constituted by a resolution of our Board at their meeting held on September 14, 2023. The Risk Management Committee currently comprises the following members:

Name of Director	Position in the Committee	Designation
Alok Gupta	Chairman	Managing Director
Maneck Navel Mulla	Member	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director
Vivek Anilchand Sett	Member	Independent Director
Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna	Member	Independent Director

The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee are as follows:

(a) To periodically review the risk management policy at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;

(b) To formulate a detailed risk management policy covering risk across functions and plan integration through training and awareness programmes;

(c) The policy shall include:

1. A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the listed entity, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, environment, social and governance related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the committee;

2. Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks;

3. Business continuity plan.

(d) To approve the process for risk identification and mitigation;

(e) To decide on risk tolerance and appetite levels, recognizing contingent risks, inherent and residual risks including for cyber security;

(f) To monitor the Company's compliance with the risk structure. Assess whether current exposure to the risks it faces is acceptable and that there is an effective remediation of non-compliance on an on-going basis;

(g) To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems;

(h) To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company;

(i) To approve major decisions affecting the risk profile or exposure and give appropriate directions;

(j) To consider the effectiveness of decision making process in crisis and emergency situations;

(k) To balance risks and opportunities;

(l) To generally, assist the Board in the execution of its responsibility for the governance of risk;

(m) To keep the board of directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken;

(n) To consider the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief risk officer (if any) shall be subject to review by the Risk Management Committee;

(o) The Risk Management Committee shall have powers to seek information from any employee, obtain outside legal or other professional advice and secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary;

(p) The Risk Management Committee shall coordinate its activities with other committees, in instances where there is any overlap with activities of such committees, as per the framework laid down by the board of directors;

(q) To attend to such other matters and functions as may be prescribed by the Board from time to time; and

(r) Such terms of reference as may be prescribed under the Companies Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was constituted by a resolution of our Board at their meeting held on August 5, 2014 and was reconstituted by our Board at their meeting dated June 2, 2022. The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee currently comprises the following members:

Name of Director	Position in the Committee	Designation
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	Chairman	Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson)
Vivek Anilchand Sett	Member	Independent Director
Maneck Navel Mulla	Member	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director

The terms of reference of the Corporate Social Responsibility & Environmental, Social, and Governance Committee framed in accordance with Section 135 of the Companies Act, are as follows:

(a) To formulate and recommend to the Board, a corporate social responsibility policy stipulating, amongst others, the guiding principles for selection, implementation and monitoring the activities as well as formulation of the annual action plan which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder and make any revisions therein as and when decided by the Board;

(b) Recommending the amount of expenditure to be incurred, amount to be at least 2% of the average net profit of the Company in the three immediately preceding financial years or where the Company has not completed the period of three financial years since its incorporation, during such immediately preceding financial years;

(c) To monitor the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the company from time to time;

(d) To identify corporate social responsibility policy partners and corporate social responsibility policy programmes;

(e) To review and recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred for the corporate social responsibility activities and the distribution of the same to various corporate social responsibility programmes undertaken by the Company;

(f) To delegate responsibilities to the corporate social responsibility team and supervise proper execution of all delegated responsibilities;

(g) To review and monitor the implementation of corporate social responsibility programmes and issuing necessary directions as required for proper implementation and timely completion of corporate social responsibility programmes;

(h) To perform such other duties and functions as the Board may require the corporate social responsibility committee to undertake to promote the corporate social responsibility activities of the Company and exercise such other powers as may be conferred upon the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee in terms of the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act;

(i) To take note of the Compliances made by implementing agency (if any) appointed for the corporate social responsibility of the Company;

(j) The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee shall formulate and recommend to the Board, an annual action plan in pursuance of its corporate social responsibility policy, which shall include the following:

(i) the list of corporate social responsibility projects or programmes that are approved to be undertaken in areas or subjects specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act;
(ii) the manner of execution of such projects or programmes as specified in the rules notified under the Companies Act;
(iii) the modalities of utilisation of funds and implementation schedules for the projects or programmes;
(iv) monitoring and reporting mechanism for the projects or programmes; and
(v) details of need and impact assessment, if any, for the projects undertaken by the Company; and

(k) Such terms of reference as may be prescribed under the Companies Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

IPO Committee

The IPO Committee was constituted by a resolution of our Board dated June 2, 2022 and was reconstituted by our Board at their meetings dated June 20, 2022 and September 14, 2023. The IPO Committee currently comprises the following members:

Name of Director	Position in the Committee	Designation
Shekhar Ramamurthy	Chairman	Whole-Time Director (Executive Deputy Chairman)
Alok Gupta	Member	Managing Director
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	Member	Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson)
Maneck Navel Mulla	Member	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director
Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan	Member	Independent Director
Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna	Member	Independent Director

The IPO Committee has been authorized to approve and decide upon all activities in connection with the Offer, including, but not limited to, to approve the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus, to decide the terms and conditions of the Offer, to appoint various intermediaries, negotiating and executing Offer related agreements and to submit applications and documents to relevant statutory and other authorities from time to time. The terms of reference of the IPO Committee are as follows:

(i) To decide, in consultation with the BRLMS, the size, timing, pricing and all other terms and conditions of the issue and transfer of the Equity Shares for the Offer, including the number of Equity Shares to be offered pursuant to the Offer (including any reservation, green shoe option and any rounding off in the event of oversubscription) price and any discount allowed under Applicable Laws that may be fixed and determined in accordance with the Applicable Laws, and to accept any amendments, modifications, variations, or alterations thereto;

(ii) To amend the terms of participation by the Selling Shareholders in the Offer for Sale, including to allow revisions in the Offer for Sale portion, in accordance with Applicable Laws;

(iii) To decide, negotiate and finalize, in consultation with the BRLMs, all matters regarding the Pre-IPO Placement, if any, including entering into discussions and execution of all relevant documents with Investors;

(iv) To make applications to seek clarifications and obtain approvals from, where necessary, the SEBI, the Reserve Bank of India and any other governmental or statutory/regulatory authorities as may be required in connection with the Offer and accept on behalf of the Board such conditions and modifications as may be

prescribed or imposed by any of them while granting such approvals, permissions and sanctions as may be required;

(v) To invite the existing shareholders of the Company to participate in the Offer by offering for sale the Equity Shares held by them at the same price as in the Offer;

(vi) all actions as may be necessary in connection with the Offer, including extending the Bid/Offer period, revision of the Price Band, in accordance with the Applicable Laws;

(vii) To take on record the approval of the selling shareholder for offering their Equity Shares in the Offer for Sale;

(viii) To authorize the maintenance of a register of holders of the Equity Shares;

(ix) To appoint, instruct and enter into arrangements with the BRLMs, underwriters to the Offer, syndicate members to the Offer, brokers to the Offer, advisors to the Offer, escrow collection bank(s) to the Offer, registrars to the Offer, sponsor bank, refund bank(s) to the Offer, public issue account bank(s) to the Offer, auditors to the Offer, grading agencies, industry expert, depositories, printers, monitoring agency, advertising agencies, legal counsel and any other agencies or persons or intermediaries to the Offer and to negotiate and finalise and amend the terms of their appointment, including but not limited to execution of the BRLMs' mandate letter, negotiation, finalisation, execution and, if required, amendment of the Offer agreement with the BRLMs and the underwriting agreement with the underwriters;

(x) To negotiate, finalise, settle, execute and deliver or arrange the delivery of Offer agreement, registrar agreement, syndicate agreement, underwriting agreement, cash escrow and sponsor bank agreement, share escrow agreement, monitoring agency agreement and all other documents, deeds, agreements, memorandum of understanding, and any notices, supplements and corrigenda thereto, as may be required or desirable and other instruments whatsoever with the registrar to the Offer, legal advisors, auditors, Stock Exchanges, the BRLMs and any other agencies/intermediaries in connection with the Offer with the power to authorise one or more officers of the Company to negotiate, execute and deliver all or any of the aforestated documents;

(xi) To decide in consultation with the BRLMs and Selling Shareholders on the size, timing, pricing, discount, reservation and all the terms and conditions of the Offer, including the price band, bid period, Offer price, and to accept any amendments, modifications, variations or alterations thereto;

(xii) To make any alteration, addition or variation in relation to the Offer, in consultation with the BRLMs or SEBI or such other authorities as may be required, and without prejudice to the generality of the aforesaid, deciding the exact Offer structure and the exact component of issue of Equity Shares;

(xiii) To finalise, approve, adopt, file, deliver and arrange for, in consultation with the BRLMs and Selling Shareholders, submission of the draft red herring prospectus ("**DRHP**"), the red herring prospectus ("**RHP**") and the prospectus (including amending, varying or modifying the same, as may be considered desirable or expedient), the preliminary and final international wrap and any amendments, supplements, notices or corrigenda thereto for the issue of Equity Shares including incorporating such alterations/corrections/modifications , the bid cum application forms, abridged prospectus, confirmation of allocation notes and any other document in relation to the Offer as finalised by the Company, and take all such actions in consultation with the BRLMs, as may be required by SEBI, RoC, or any other relevant governmental and statutory authorities or in accordance with all Applicable Laws;

(xiv) To approve the relevant restated financial statements to be issued in connection with the Offer;

(xv) To seek, if required, the consent of the lenders of the Company and its subsidiaries, industry data providers, parties with whom the Company has entered into various commercial and other agreements, all concerned government and regulatory authorities in India or outside India, and any other consents that may be required in relation to the Offer or any actions connected therewith;

(xvi) To make applications to seek clarifications and obtain approvals from, if necessary, the SEBI, the Stock Exchanges, RBI, the Registrar of Companies or any other statutory or governmental authorities in connection with the Offer and, wherever necessary, incorporate such modifications/ amendments/ alterations/ corrections as may be required in the DRHP, the RHP and the prospectus;

(xvii) To open and operate bank account(s) of the Company in terms of the cash escrow and sponsor bank agreement, with a scheduled bank to receive applications along with application monies, handling refunds and for the purposes set out in Section 40(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, in respect of the Offer as applicable and to authorise one or more officers of the Company to execute all documents/deeds as may be necessary in this regard;

(xviii) To open with the bankers to the Issue such accounts as may be required by the regulations issued by SEBI;

(xix) To authorise and approve incurring of expenditure and payment of fees, commissions, brokerage, remuneration and reimbursement of expenses in connection with the Offer;

(xx) To approve code of conduct as may be considered necessary or as required under Applicable Laws for the Board, officers of the Company and other employees of the Company;

(xxi) To authorise any concerned person on behalf of the Company to give such declarations, affidavits, certificates, consents and authorities as may be required from time to time in relation to the Offer;

(xxii) To approve suitable policies in relation to the Offer as may be required under Applicable Laws;

(xxiii) To approve suitable policies on insider trading, whistle –blowing, risk management, and any other policies, as may be required under Applicable Laws and the listing agreement to be entered into by the Company with the relevant stock exchanges and to approve policies to be formulated under the Companies Act, 2013, as amended and the regulations prescribed by SEBI including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended (given the proposing listing of the Company);

(xxiv) To approve any corporate governance requirement that may be considered necessary by the Board or the IPO Committee or as may be required under Applicable Laws, in connection with the Offer;

(xxv) To take all actions as may be necessary and authorised in connection with the offer for sale and to approve and take on record the approval of the selling shareholder(s) for offering their Equity Shares in the offer for sale and the transfer of Equity Shares in the offer for sale;

(xxvi) To authorise and approve notices, advertisements in such newspapers and other media as it may deem fit and proper in relation to the Offer in consultation with the BRLMs and any other relevant intermediaries appointed for the Offer;

(xxvii) To open and operate bank accounts of the Company in terms of Section 40(3) of the Companies Act or as may be required by the regulations issued by SEBI and to authorise one or more officers of the Company to execute all documents/deeds as may be necessary in this regard;

(xxviii) To determine and finalise the bid opening and bid closing dates (including bid opening and closing dates for anchor investors), floor price/price band for the Offer, the Offer price for anchor investors, total number of shares to be reserved for allocation to eligible investors approve the basis for allocation/allotment and confirm allocation/allotment of the Equity Shares to various categories of persons as disclosed in the DRHP, the RHP and the prospectus, in consultation with the BRLMs and Selling Shareholders and do all such acts and things as may be necessary and expedient for, and incidental and ancillary to the Issue including any alteration, addition or making any variation in relation to the Offer;

(xxix) To issue receipts/allotment letters/confirmation of allocation notes either in physical or electronic mode representing the underlying Equity Shares in the capital of the Company with such features and attributes as may be required and to provide for the tradability and free transferability thereof as per market practices and regulations, including listing on the Stock Exchanges, with power to authorise one or more officers of the Company to sign all or any of the aforestated documents;

(xxx) To withdraw the DRHP or the RHP or not to proceed with the Offer at any stage, if considered necessary and expedient, in accordance with Applicable Laws and in consultation with the BRLMs;

(xxxi) To determine the utilization of the Fresh Issue and accept and appropriate proceeds of the Fresh Issue in accordance with Applicable Laws;

(xxxii) To make applications for listing of Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges and to execute and to deliver or arrange the delivery of necessary documentation to the Stock Exchanges and to take all such other actions as may be necessary in connection with obtaining such listing;

(xxxiii) To do all such deeds and acts as may be required to dematerialise the Equity Shares and to sign and/or modify, as the case may be, agreements and/or such other documents as may be required with National Securities Depository Limited, Central Depository Services (India) Limited, registrar and transfer agents and such other agencies, as may be required in this connection with power to authorise one or more officers of the Company to execute all or any of the afore-stated documents;

(xxxiv) To do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and execute all such other documents, etc., as it may, in its absolute discretion, deem necessary or desirable for the Offer, in consultation with the BRLMs and Selling Shareholders, including without limitation, determining the anchor investor portion and allocation to anchor investors, finalising the basis of allocation and allotment of Equity Shares to the successful allottees and credit of Equity Shares to the demat accounts of the successful allottees in accordance with Applicable Laws;

(xxxv) To settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in regard to the Offer, including such issues or allotment and matters incidental thereto as it may deem fit and to delegate such of its powers as may be deemed necessary and permissible under Applicable Laws to the officials of the Company;

(xxxvi) To take such action, give such directions, as may be necessary or desirable as regards the Offer and to do all such acts, matters, deeds and things, including but not limited to the allotment of Equity Shares against the valid applications received in the Offer, as are in the best interests of the Company;

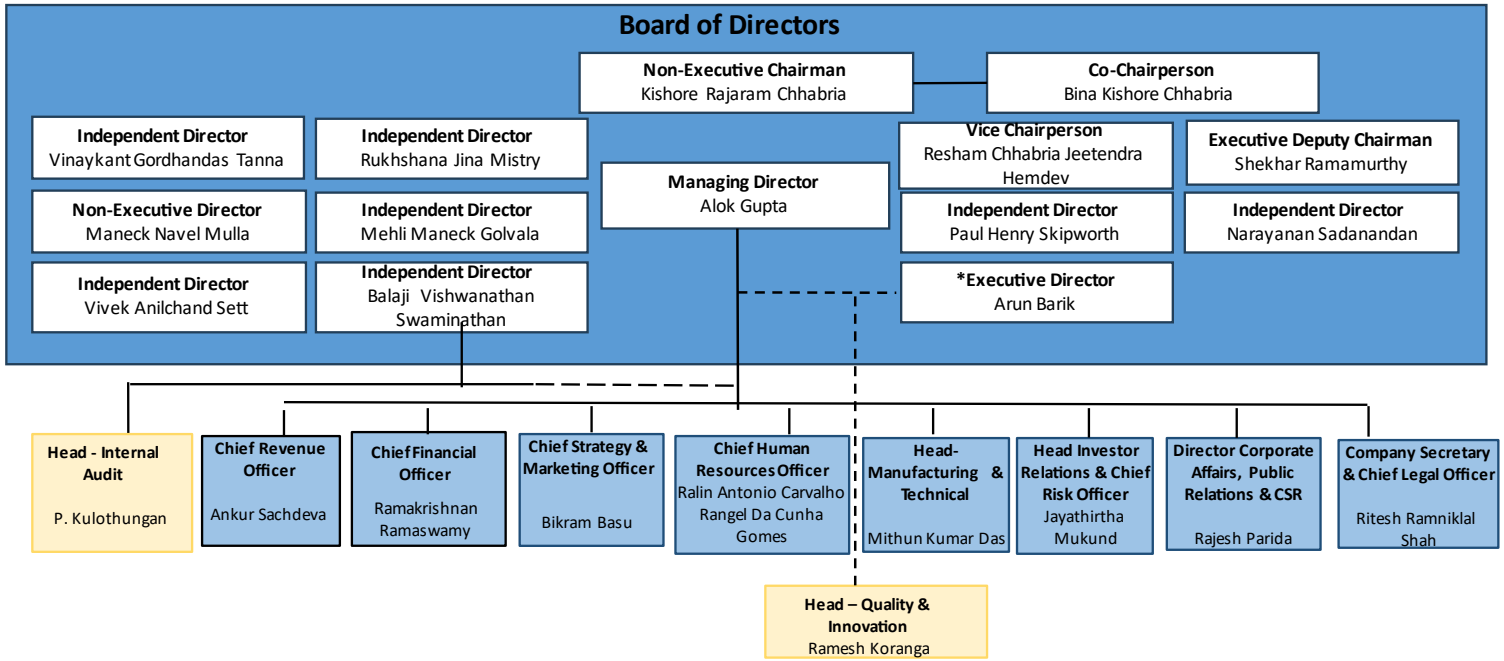
(xxxvii) To approve the incurred of expenditure and payment of fees, commission, remuneration and expenses in relation to the Offer;

(xxxviii) To negotiate, finalise, settle, execute and deliver any and all other documents or instruments and doing or causing to be done any and all acts or things as the IPO Committee may deem necessary, appropriate or advisable in order to carry out the purposes and intent of the foregoing or in connection with the Offer and any documents or instruments so executed and delivered or acts and things done or caused to be done by the IPO Committee shall be conclusive evidence of the authority of the IPO Committee in so doing;

(xxxix) To submit undertaking/certificates or provide clarifications to the Securities Exchange Board of India and the Stock Exchanges where the Equity Shares of the Company are proposed to be listed; and

(xl) To take all other actions as may be necessary in connection with the Offer."

Management organisation chart



- *Arun heads the Quality & Innovation function with functional and administrative reporting to the Managing Director*

Key Managerial Personnel

In addition to our whole-time directors and the Managing Director, whose details are provided in "– *Brief profiles of our Directors*" on page 303, the details of our other Key Managerial Personnel as on the date of this Prospectus are as set forth below:

Ritesh Ramniklal Shah is the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of our Company. He has been associated with our Company since June 15, 2015. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from University of Bombay, and Bachelor of Law (LL.B.) from University of Mumbai. He is an associate member of Institute of Company Secretaries of India. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Firestorm Finance & Trading Private Limited, Shaw Wallace & Company Limited, United Spirits Limited and Mcdowell Holdings Limited. In Fiscal 2024, the remuneration paid to him was ₹ 7.90 million.

Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy is the Chief Financial Officer of our Company. He has been associated with our Company since May 5, 2010. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from University of Bombay. He is an associate member of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Essel Propack Limited and Jubilant Oil & Gas Private Limited. In Fiscal 2024, the remuneration paid to him was ₹ 21.68 million.

Bikram Basu is the Chief Strategy and Marketing Officer of our Company. He has been associated with our Company since March 3, 2015. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from St Xavier's College from University of Calcutta and a post graduate diploma in personnel management and industrial relations from XLRI Jamshedpur. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Pernod Ricard India (P) Ltd. In Fiscal 2024, the remuneration paid to him was ₹ 18.86 million.

Senior Management

In addition to the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and Chief Strategy and Marketing Officer of our Company, whose details are provided in "– *Key Managerial Personnel*" on page 324, the details of our other Senior Management as on the date of this Prospectus are as set forth below:

Ralin Antonio Carvalho Rangel Da Cunha Gomes is the Chief Human Resources Officer of our Company. He has been associated with our Company since December 1, 2022. He holds a diploma in Hotel Management from National Council for Hotel Management and Catering Technology, New Delhi and a post-graduate certificate in human resource management from Xavier School of Management. He has also received a certificate for the completion of Global HR Leaders Program (NUS HRLP) from the National University of Singapore. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with the Indian Hotels Company Limited, IIAS School of Management, Goa, Taj Holiday Village, Goa and The Leela Beach, Goa. In Fiscal 2024, the remuneration paid to him was ₹ 12.13 million.

Mithun Kumar Das is the Head - Manufacturing & Technical in our Company. He has been associated with our Company since June 3, 2014. He holds a bachelor's degree in technology (chemical engineering) and a bachelor's degree in science with honours (chemistry) from the University of Calcutta. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Shaw Wallace Distilleries Limited, Pampasar Distillery Limited, McDowell & Company Limited, United Spirits Limited, Diageo India Private Limited and Lexcel Management Services Limited. In Fiscal 2024, the remuneration paid to him was ₹ 6.67 million.

P. Kulothungan is the Head – Internal Audit of our Company. He has been associated with our Company since May 1, 2022. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from University of Bombay. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with United Spirits Limited and United Breweries Limited. In Fiscal 2024, the remuneration paid to him was ₹ 5.41 million.

Ankur Sachdeva is the Chief Revenue Officer of our Company. He has been associated with our Company since October 9, 2023. He holds a bachelor's of arts degree in English from University of Delhi and a diploma in marketing from Marketing Confederation Australia Limited. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Radico Khaitan Limited, William Grant & Sons International Limited and Kajaria Plywood Private Limited. In Fiscal 2024, the remuneration paid to him was ₹ 29.38 million.

Rajesh Parida is the Director - Corporate Affairs & CSR of our Company. He has been associated with our Company since April 17, 2023. He holds a bachelor's degree in science from Utkal University, post graduate diploma in management from Goa University, a post graduate diploma in public relations from Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan and a post graduate diploma in journalism (English) from Indian Institute of Mass Communication. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Pernod Ricard India Private Limited. In Fiscal 2024, the remuneration paid to him was ₹ 12.23 million.

Ramesh Chandra Singh Koranga is the Head – Quality & Innovation of our Company. He has been associated with our Company since April 1, 2015. He holds a bachelor's and a master's degree in science from Lucknow University. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Pernod Ricard India (P) Limited, Radico Khaitan Limited, Mason & Summers Alcobev Pvt Ltd, and Seagram Distilleries (P) Limited. In Fiscal 2024, the remuneration paid to him was ₹ 6.70 million.

Jayathirtha Mukund is the Head – Investor Relations and Chief Risk Officer of our Company. He has been associated with our Company since December 18, 2023. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from the University of Delhi, a post graduate diploma in business administration from the Institute for Technology and Management, a post graduate diploma in treasury and forex management from the ICFAI University and a master's degree in financial analysis from the Institute of Chartered Financial Analysts of India University, Tripura. He is a fellow member of CPA Australia and a fellow member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants, United Kingdom. Prior to joining our Company, he was associated with Raymond Limited, Reliance Communications Ltd., Adventity Global Services Pvt. Ltd., Vodafone Essar Ltd, Stratcap Securities (India) Private Limited and Zuari Cement Ltd. In Fiscal 2024, the remuneration paid to him was ₹ 3.72 million.

All our Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management are permanent employees of our Company.

Service Contracts including Retirement / termination benefits

Except applicable statutory benefits, none of our Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management have entered into any service contracts with the Company relating to their appointment pursuant to which they would receive any benefits on their retirement or on termination of their employment with our Company.

Relationship amongst Key Management Personnel and Senior Management

Except as disclosed in "– *Relationship amongst our Directors*", none of our Key Management Personnel and Senior Management are related to each other.

Family relationships of Directors with Key Management Personnel and Senior Management

There are no family relationships between any of our Directors and any of our Key Management Personnel and Senior Management.

Arrangements or Understanding with Major Shareholders, Customers, Suppliers or Others

None of our Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management have been selected pursuant to any arrangement or understanding with any Shareholders, customers or suppliers or others.

Shareholding of the Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management

Except as disclosed in "*Our Management - Shareholding of the Directors in our Company*" on page 307 above, none of our Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management hold any Equity Shares as on date of this Prospectus.

Contingent and deferred compensation payable to Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management

There is no contingent or deferred compensation which accrued to our Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management for Fiscal 2023 which does not form part of their remuneration.

Bonus or profit-sharing plan of the Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management

Except as mentioned in: (i) "*Terms of Appointment of Directors"* on page 305; and (ii) the variable pay and performance bonus component of remuneration, none of our Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management are parties to any bonus or profit-sharing plan of our Company.

Interest of Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management

Other than as disclosed in *"Offer Document Summary- Summary of Related Party Transactions"*, "*Financial Information – Note 46 - Related Parties"* and "*-Interest of Directors*" on page 21, 399 and 307, and the extent of the remuneration or benefits to which they are entitled to as per their terms of appointment and reimbursement of expenses incurred by them during the ordinary course of their service, our Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management do not have any other interest in the Company.

No benefits in kind were granted to our Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management on an individual basis by our Company for services in all capacities to our Company.

Other than as disclosed in "*Offer Document Summary- Summary of Related Party Transactions"* and "*Financial Information – Note 46 - Related Parties"* on pages 21 and 399, our Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management are not interested in any contract, agreement or arrangement entered into by the Company and no payments have been made in respect of these contracts, agreements or arrangements or are proposed to be made.

Except as disclosed in this section no loans have been availed by our Key Management Personnel and Senior Management from the Company as on date of this Prospectus.

There is no conflict of interest between the suppliers of raw materials and third-party service providers (crucial for operations of our Company) and our Key Managerial Personnel.

Further, there is no conflict of interest between the lessors of immovable properties (crucial for operations of our Company) and our Key Managerial Personnel.

Changes in the Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management

Other than as disclosed in *"- Changes to our Board in the last three years"* on page 308, there have been no other changes to our Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management in the immediately preceding three years:

Name of Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management	Date of appointment/ change in designation/ cessation	Reason
Jayathirtha Mukund	December 18, 2023	Appointed as Head – Investor Relations and Chief Risk Officer
Bikram Basu	October 9, 2023	Change in designation from Chief Operating Officer – Marketing, Sales and Strategy to Chief Strategy and Marketing Officer
Arvind Hangal	October 9, 2023	On account of change in Arvind Hangal's reporting structure
Ankur Sachdeva	October 9, 2023	Appointed as Chief Revenue Officer
Rajesh Parida	April 14, 2023	Appointed as Director - Corporate Affairs & CSR
Bikram Basu	April 1, 2023	Change in designation from Vice President – Marketing and Strategy to Chief Operating Officer – Marketing, Sales and Strategy
Ralin Antonio Carvalho Rangel Da Cunha Gomes	February 1, 2023	Appointed as Chief Human Resource Officer
Govindan Gopi Nambiar	February 1, 2023	Redesignated as Advisor – Human Resources from the position of Chief Human Resource Officer
Prasanna Ratnakar Mohile	December 30, 2022	Relieved from the position of President - Corporate Affairs Public Relation and CSR

Name of Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management	Date of appointment/ change in designation/ cessation	Reason
Roopak Chaturvedi	November 30, 2022	Relieved from the position of Chief Commercial Officer
Mithun Kumar Das	June 21, 2022	Elevated as Head - Manufacturing and Technical
Rajesh Kumar	June 20, 2022	Resigned as Head Manufacturing and Technical
Anupam Harinarayan Bokey	May 31, 2022	Resigned as Chief Marketing Officer
P. Kulothungan	May 1, 2022	Appointed as Head – Internal Audit
Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy	April 1, 2022	Appointed as a Key Managerial Personnel (Chief Financial Officer)

We believe that the attrition of the Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of our Company is not high as compared to the industry.

For more information, please see "*Risk Factors - Internal Risk Factors – 42. Our business is manpower intensive. Our business may be adversely affected by work stoppages, increased wage demands by our employees, or increase in minimum wages across various states, and if we are unable to engage new employees at commercially attractive terms."* on page 69.

Payment or Benefit to Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of our Company (non-salary related)

Other than as disclosed in *"- Terms of appointment of our Directors – a) Terms of appointment of Executive Directors"* on page 305, no amount or benefit has been paid or given in the two years preceding the date of this Prospectus or is intended to be paid or given to any officer of our Company, including our directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management.

Employee Stock Option Plan

Our Company has not formulated any employee stock option plan as on the date of this Prospectus.

OUR PROMOTERS AND PROMOTER GROUP

Our Promoters

As on the date of this Prospectus, Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, Bina Kishore Chhabria, Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, BKC Enterprises Private Limited, Oriental Radios Private Limited and Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited are the Promoters of our Company.

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters' shareholding in our Company is as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the Promoter	No. of Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each held	% of pre-Offer issued, subscribed and paid-up Equity Share capital
1.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	1*	Negligible
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	176,142,969	72.16
3.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	58,714,320	24.05
4.	Oriental Radios Private Limited	9,113,665	3.73
5.	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	141,094	0.06
6.	Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	1,615	Negligible
7.	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	1	Negligible
Total		**244,113,665**	**100.00**

** Jointly held with Bina Kishore Chhabria*

For details of the build-up of the Promoters' shareholding in our Company, see "*Capital Structure – Details of Shareholding of our Promoters, members of the Promoter Group in our Company*", on page 134.

Details of our Promoters

1. Kishore Rajaram Chhabria



Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, aged 69 years, is one of our Promoters and is also the Chairman and Non-Executive Director on our Board. For the complete profile of Kishore Rajaram Chhabria along with details of his date of birth, address, educational qualifications, professional experience, position / posts held in the past, directorships held, and business and financial activities, other directorships, other ventures and special achievements, see "*Our Management – Board of Directors*" on page 297.

His permanent account number is 'AAAPC7988F'.

2. Bina Kishore Chhabria



Bina Kishore Chhabria, aged 66 years, is one of our Promoters and is also the Non-Executive Director and Co-Chairperson on our Board. For the complete profile of Bina Kishore Chhabria along with details of her date of birth, address, educational qualifications, professional experience, position / posts held in the past, directorships held, and business and financial activities, other directorships, other ventures and special achievements, see "*Our Management – Board of Directors*" on page 297.

Her permanent account number is 'AACPC4625Q'

3. Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev



Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, aged 46 years, is one of our Promoters and is the Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson) our Board. For the complete profile of Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev along with details of her date of birth, address, educational qualifications, professional experience, position / posts held in the past, directorships held, and business and financial activities, other directorships, other ventures and special achievements, see "*Our Management – Board of Directors*" on page 297.

Her permanent account number is 'AAFPC6527P'.

4. Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited

Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited was incorporated as a private company under the Companies Act, 1956, and a certificate of incorporation, dated July 16, 2009 was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai. The registered office of Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited is situated at 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

The CIN of Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited is 'U45200MH2009PTC194129.'

Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited is currently engaged in the business of sale and purchase of properties which also includes working as builder, developer, civil contractor, construction activities, etc. It is also engaged in the business of trading in securities in India and elsewhere.

There has been no change in activities since the incorporation of Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited.

The promoters of Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited are Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev.

The directors on the board of directors of Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited are:

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation
1.	Sunil Mohandas Kripalani	Director (Non-Independent and Non-Executive)
2.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	Director (Non-Independent and Non-Executive)
3.	Padmanabhan Paran Puthukadan	Director (Non-Independent and Non-Executive)

Change in control

There has been no change in the control of Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited in the three years immediately preceding the filing of this Prospectus.

Shareholding pattern

The shareholding pattern of Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited as on the date of this Prospectus is as follows:

S. No.	Name of Shareholder	No. of shares held	Percentage of issued and paid-up share capital (%)
Equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each			
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	7,500	75.00
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	2,500	25.00
Total		**10,000**	**100.00**
Preference shares of face value of ₹ 10 each			
1.	Tracstar Investments Private Limited	1,309,100	100.00
Total		1,309,100	**100.00**

5. BKC Enterprises Private Limited

BKC Enterprises Private Limited was incorporated as a private company under the Companies Act, 2013, and a certificate of incorporation, dated September 24, 2018 was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai. The registered office of BKC Enterprises Private Limited is situated at 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

The CIN of BKC Enterprises Private Limited is 'U70109MH2018PTC314612'.

BKC Enterprises Private Limited is currently engaged in the business of sale and purchase of properties which also includes working as builder, developer, civil contractor, construction activities, etc. It is also engaged in the business of trading in securities in India and elsewhere. Further, BKC Enterprises Private Limited also act as a consultant and provides various services such as management, legal, industrial, commercial, real estate, etc. Furthermore, it is in the business of marketing, distribution and brand development of Indian manufactured foreign liquor, beer, gin, brandy and other spirits.

There has been no change in activities since the incorporation of BKC Enterprises Private Limited.

The promoters of BKC Enterprises Private Limited are Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev.

The directors on the board of directors of BKC Enterprises Private Limited are:

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation
1.	Sunil Mohandas Kripalani	Director (Non-Independent and Non-Executive)
2.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	Director (Non-Independent and Non-Executive)
3.	Kishore Mohandas Keswani	Director (Non-Independent and Non-Executive)

Change in control

There has been no change in the control of BKC Enterprises Private Limited in the three years immediately preceding the filing of this Prospectus.

Shareholding pattern

The shareholding pattern of BKC Enterprises Private Limited as on the date of this Prospectus is as follows:

S. No.	Name of Shareholder	No. of equity shares of face value of ₹ 10	Percentage of issued and paid-up share capital (%)
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	7,500	75.00
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	2,500	25.00
Total		**10,000**	**100.00**

6. Oriental Radios Private Limited

Oriental Radios Private Limited was incorporated as a private company under the Companies Act, 1913, and a certificate of incorporation, dated March 25, 1938, was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai. The registered office of Oriental Radios Private Limited is situated at 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

The CIN of Oriental Radios Private Limited is 'U32200MH1938PTC002773'.

Among other activities, Oriental Radios Private Limited is currently engaged in the business of manufacturing, buying, selling, hiring, letting on lease or hire-purchase and otherwise dealing as proprietors or managers of the business in radios, radiogrammes, gramophones, television radios, etc. It is also engaged in the business of purchase, sale, leasing and development of land and buildings.

There has been no change in activities since the incorporation of Oriental Radios Private Limited.

The promoters of Oriental Radios Private Limited are Bina Kishore Chhabria, and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev.

The directors on the board of directors of Oriental Radios Private Limited are:

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation
1.	Sunil Mohandas Kripalani	Director (Non-Independent and Non- Executive)
2.	Ratan Lal Jain	Director (Non-Independent and Non- Executive)
3.	Ramesh Bhailabhai Deshmukh	Director (Non-Independent and Non- Executive)
5.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	Director (Non-Independent and Non- Executive)

Change in control

There has been no change in the control of Oriental Radios Private Limited in the three years immediately preceding the filing of this Prospectus.

Shareholding pattern

The shareholding pattern of Oriental Radios Private Limited as on the date of this Prospectus is as follows:

S. No.	Name of Shareholder	No. of shares held	Percentage of issued and paid-up share capital (%)
Equity shares of face value of ₹ 100 each			
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	2,198	75.02
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	732	24.98
Total		**2,930**	**100.00**
Preference shares of face value of ₹ 100 each			
1.	Tracstar Investments Private Limited*	1,139,210	100.00
Total		**1,139,210**	**100.00**

Out of the total issued and paid-up share capital of Tracstar Investments Private Limited comprising of 50,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each (such shares, the "TIPL Shares**"), BKC Trading Private Limited and Oriental Radios Private Limited hold 33,000 TIPL Shares and 17,000 TIPL Shares respectively.*

7. Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited

Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited was incorporated as a private company under the Companies Act, 1956, and a certificate of incorporation, dated June 8, 2005, was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai. The registered office of Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited is situated at 394-C, Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

The CIN of Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited is 'U15500MH2005PTC153854'.

Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited is currently engaged in the business of brewers, distillers, bottlers, merchants, dealers for the processing, manufacturing, distilling, preparing, refining, blending, storing, maturing, producing, importing, exporting, and dealing in wines, spirits, liquor, gin, whiskey, brandy, porters, rum, beer, as well as promoting the quality, sales, and prestige of any of the products and business handled by the Company.

There has been no change in activities since the incorporation of Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited.

The promoters of Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited are Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev.

The directors on the board of directors of Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited are:

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation
1.	Sunil Mohandas Kripalani	Director (Non-Independent and Non- Executive)
2.	Amit Jain	Director (Non-Independent and Non- Executive)
3.	Ramesh Bhailabhai Deshmukh	Director (Non-Independent and Non- Executive)

Change in control

There has been no change in the control of Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited in the three years immediately preceding the filing of this Prospectus.

Shareholding pattern

The shareholding pattern of Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited as on the date of this Prospectus is as follows:

S. No.	Name of Shareholder	No. of shares held	Percentage of issued and paid-up share capital (%)
Equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each			
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	7,500	75.00
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	2,500	25.00
Total		**10,000**	**100.00**
Preference shares of face value of ₹ 10 each			
1.	Tracstar Investments Private Limited*	5,155,400	100.00
Total		**5,155,400**	**100.00**

Out of the total issued and paid-up share capital of Tracstar Investments Private Limited comprising of 50,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each (such shares, the "TIPL Shares**"), BKC Trading Private Limited and Oriental Radios Private Limited hold 33,000 TIPL Shares and 17,000 TIPL Shares respectively.*

Our Company confirms that the permanent account numbers, Aadhaar card numbers, driving license numbers, bank account numbers and the passport numbers of Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, as applicable, has been submitted to the Stock Exchanges at the time of filing the Red Herring Prospectus. In addition, our Company confirms that the permanent account number, bank account number and company registration number, of Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, Oriental Radios Private Limited, Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited and BKC Enterprises Private Limited along with the address of the registrar of companies where they are registered, has been submitted to the Stock Exchanges at the time of filing the Red Herring Prospectus.

Changes in control of our Company

There has not been any change in the control of our Company in the five years immediately preceding the date of this

Prospectus. However, there has been a change in the promoters of our Company, as stated below:

While Neesha K Chhabria and Ashoka Liquors Private Limited were earlier identified as promoters of our Company in the annual return (Form MGT-7) filed for Fiscal 2021 and Mr. Deepak Shashibhusan Roy, one our erstwhile directors, was identified as a promoter of our Company in the extract of the annual return (Form MGT-9) filed for Fiscal 2021, the Board has, by way of its resolution dated June 13, 2022, identified only the following individuals and entities as Promoters: Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, Bina Kishore Chhabria, Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, BKC Enterprises Private Limited, Oriental Radios Private Limited and Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited. This has also been communicated to the RoC by way of our clarification letter dated June 13, 2022 filed with the RoC.

Other ventures of our Promoters

Except as disclosed below in "- *Interest of our Promoters",* our Promoters are not involved in any other venture which is in the same line of activity or business as that of our Company.

Interest of our Promoters

Our Promoters are interested in our Company to the extent that they are the Promoters of our Company and to the extent of their respective shareholding in our Company, their directorship in our Company and the dividends payable, if any, and any other distributions in respect of their respective shareholding in our Company, the shareholding of their relatives in our Company, or the shareholding of entities in which our Promoters are interested, in our Company. For details of the shareholding of our Promoters in our Company, see "*Capital Structure*" beginning on page 123.

Further, our Promoters are also directors on the boards, or are shareholders, kartas, trustees, proprietors, members or partners of entities with which our Company has had related party transactions and may be deemed to be interested to the extent of the payments made by our Company, if any, to these entities. For further details of interest of our Promoters in our Company, see "*Financial Information - Restated Consolidated Financial Information - Notes to Restated Consolidated Financial Information - Note 46- Related party disclosures, as per IND AS 24*" beginning on page 399.

Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev may also be deemed to be interested to the extent of remuneration, benefits, reimbursement of expenses, and commission payable to them as Directors on our Board and payable to relatives of Directors. Further, Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev may also be deemed to be interested to the extent of remuneration and benefits payable to her in her capacity as employee and Key Managerial Personnel of our Company. For further details, see "*Our Management*" beginning on page 297 and see "*Financial Information - Restated Consolidated Financial Information - Notes to Restated Consolidated Financial Information - Note 46- Related party disclosures, as per IND AS 24*" beginning on page 399.

Except as disclosed in "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 61. Certain of our properties, including one of our bottling facility are on leased and licensed basis. If we fail to renew these leases on competitive terms or if we are unable to manage our lease rental costs, our results of operations would be materially and adversely affected."* on page 87, in relation to the settlement terms pursuant to which our Company and certain of our Promoters, namely, Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, BKC Enterprises Private Limited, Oriental Radios Private Limited and Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited, as well as certain Subsidiaries, Group Companies, and ABD LLP have the same registered office, none of our Promoters have any interest, whether direct or indirect, in any property acquired by our Company within the preceding three years from the date of this Prospectus or proposed to be acquired by it as on the date of this Prospectus.

Our Promoters are not interested in any transaction by our Company for acquisition of land, construction of building or supply of machinery.

Except to the extent of the shareholding in and promotion by Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev of certain of our Corporate Promoters as stated above in "*Our Promoter and Promoter Group – Details of our Promoters*" at page 328, our Promoters are not interested as a member in any firm or company which has any interest in our Company. Further, no sum has been paid or agreed to be paid to any of our Promoters or to any firm or company in which any of our Promoters are interested as a member, in cash or shares or otherwise by any person

either to induce any of our Promoters to become, or qualify them as a director, or otherwise for services rendered by any our Promoters or by such firm or company in connection with the promotion or formation of our Company.

Except for: (i) Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited, Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited, NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited, Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited and Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited ("**ABD UK**"), which are some of our Subsidiaries and which have certain common pursuits with the Company as stated in "*Our Subsidiaries – Common Pursuits*" at page 295, and where Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, one of our Corporate Promoters, holds Equity Shares in each of these Subsidiaries except for ABD UK; (ii) Ashoka Liquors Private Limited, Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited, and which are some of our Group Companies and which have certain common pursuits with the Company as stated in "*Our Group Companies - Common Pursuits between our Group Companies and our Company* " at page 515, and where Bina Kishore Chhabria, Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, and Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, certain of our Promoters hold shares; (iii) Officer's Choice Private Limited, one of our Promoters and which has certain common pursuits with the Company, and whose promoters include Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev; (iv) BKC Enterprises Private Limited, one of our Promoters and which has certain common pursuits with the Company, and whose promoters include Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, and (v) Iconiq Brands India Private Limited and BDA Private Limited, certain members of our Promoter Group which have certain common pursuits with the Company, and where Bina Kishore Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, (vi) BDA Private Limited (which is also a subsidiary of one of our Promoters, Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited), Ashoka Liquors Private Limited and Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited, where Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, one of our Promoters, is a director, and (vii) Royal Spirits Private Limited, one of the members of Promoter Group, which has certain common pursuits with the Company certain of our Promoters hold shares, our Promoters do not have any interest in any venture that is involved in any activities similar to those of our Company. However, these businesses of our Promoters do not compete with our Company, and accordingly there is no conflict of interest. Further, our Company and our Promoters will adopt necessary procedures and practices as permitted by law to address any conflict situation as and when they arise.

Further, we have entered into a trademark agreement dated August 5, 2022 read with addendums dated September 28, 2022, December 20, 2022, June 9, 2023, July 4, 2023 and November 2, 2023 with Iconiq Brands India Private Limited, one of the members of our Promoter Group, wherein we have agreed to pay a royalty of ₹ 1 per case on products sold for the use of trademarks by our Company. For risks relating to the same, please refer to "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 9. As on the date of this Prospectus, certain trademark applications are pending and we have filed and are a party to 31 ongoing trademarks infringement cases. Any inability to protect our intellectual property from third-party infringement may adversely affect our business and prospects"* and "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 13. Our Promoters, Promoter Group Directors, Subsidiaries and Group Companies are in businesses similar to ours and have interests in certain companies, which are in similar businesses to ours, and this may result in potential conflict of interest with us."* at pages 42 and 46.

Select Financial Information of our Corporate Promoters

The financial information derived from the audited financial statements of Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited, BKC Enterprises Private Limited, Oriental Radios Private Limited and Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 is as follows:

Fiscal 2023					
Sr. No.	**Particulars (in ₹ million except per earnings per share)**	**Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited**	**Oriental Radios Private Limited**	**Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited**	**BKC Enterprises Private Limited**
1	Reserves (Excluding Revaluation Reserve)	(0.05)	1,331.43	(51.66)	(0.12)
2	Share Capital	-	-	-	-
3	Sales	-	-	-	-
4	Profit/(Loss) after Tax	(0.01)	14.54	(0.03)	(0.02)
5	Earnings per Share -Basic (Rs)	(1.30)	4,963.62	(2.77)	(2.14)
6	Earnings per Share - Diluted (Rs)	(1.30)	4,963.62	(2.77)	(2.14)
7	Net Asset Value	13.14	1,445.65	(0.01)	(0.02)

Fiscal 2022					
Sr. No.	**Particulars (in ₹ million except per earnings per share)**	**Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited**	**Oriental Radios Private Limited**	**Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited**	**BKC Enterprises Private Limited**
1	Reserves (Excluding Revaluation Reserve)	(0.04)	1,316.89	(51.63)	(0.10)
2	Share Capital	-	-	-	-
3	Sales	-	-	-	-
4	Profit/(Loss) after Tax	(0.01)	1,293.80	0.13	(0.02)
5	Earnings per Share -Basic (Rs)	(1.45)	441,569.99	12.58	(2.29)
6	Earnings per Share - Diluted (Rs)	(1.45)	441,569.99	12.58	(2.29)
7	Net Asset Value	13.15	1,431.10	0.02	0.00

Fiscal 2021					
Sr. No.	**Particulars (in ₹ million except per earnings per share)**	**Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited**	**Oriental Radios Private Limited**	**Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited**	**BKC Enterprises Private Limited**
1	Reserves (Excluding Revaluation Reserve)	(0.02)	23.09	(51.76)	(0.08)
2	Share Capital	-	-	-	-
3	Sales	-	-	-	-
4	Profit/(Loss) after Tax	(0.01)	0.16	(0.03)	(0.02)
5	Earnings per Share -Basic (Rs)	(1.09)	54.16	(2.84)	(1.92)
6	Earnings per Share - Diluted (Rs)	(1.09)	54.16	(2.84)	(1.92)
7	Net Asset Value	13.17	137.30	(0.10)	0.02

Payment or Benefits to Promoters or Promoter Group

Except as stated in "*Financial Information - Restated Consolidated Financial Information - Notes to Restated Consolidated Financial Information - Note 46- Related party disclosures, as per IND AS 24*", "*Our Management*" and "*-Interest of our Promoters*" at pages 399, 297 and 333, there has been no payment or benefits by our Company to our Promoters or any of the members of the Promoter Group during the two years preceding the date of this Prospectus nor is there any intention to pay or give any benefit to our Promoters or Promoter Group as on the date of this Prospectus.

Companies or firms with which our Promoters have disassociated in the last three years

Except as stated hereunder, our Promoters have not disassociated themselves from any company or firm during the three years preceding the date of filing of this Prospectus:

S. No.	Name of company/firm disassociated from	Name of the Promoter	Date of disassociation	Reasons for and circumstances leading to disassociation and terms of disassociation
1.	Delta Distilleries Private Limited	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	November 6, 2023	Sale of entire shareholding in Delta Distilleries Private Limited

Confirmations

Our Promoters and members of our Promoter Group have not been debarred from accessing the capital markets by SEBI or any other regulatory or governmental authorities.

Our Promoters are not a promoter of any other Company which is debarred from accessing capital markets.

Our Promoters have not been declared as wilful defaulters or fraudulent borrowers as defined under the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

None of our Promoters have been declared as a fugitive economic offender in accordance with Section 12 of the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018.

Except as disclosed in '*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments*' on page 489, there are no legal regulatory proceedings involving our Promoters as on the date of this Prospectus.

There is no conflict of interest between the suppliers of raw materials and third-party service providers (crucial for operations of our Company) and our Promoters and members of our Promoter Group.

Further, there is no conflict of interest between the lessors of immovable properties (crucial for operations of our Company) and our Promoters and members of our Promoter Group.

Material guarantees

Our Promoters have not given any material guarantee to any third party, in respect of the Equity Shares, as of the date of this Prospectus.

Promoter Group

Persons constituting the Promoter Group of our Company in terms of Regulation 2(1)(pp) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations except the Promoters are set out below:

Natural persons forming part of our Promoter Group:

Sr. No.	Name of the individuals	Relationship
	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	Spouse
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	Daughter
3.	Neesha Kishore Chhabria	Daughter
4.	Shyam Luthria	Spouse's brother
5.	Rajni K Chhabria	Spouse's sister
	Bina Kishore Chhabria	
6.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	Spouse
7.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	Daughter
8.	Neesha Kishore Chhabria	Daughter
9.	Shyam Luthria	Brother
10.	Rajni K Chhabria	Sister
	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	
11.	Kishore Rajaram Chhabria	Father
12.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	Mother
13.	Neesha Kishore Chhabria	Sister
14.	Jeetendra A Hemdev*	Spouse
15.	Om Jeetendra Hemdev	Son
16.	Amar Ghanasingh Hemdev*	Spouse's father
17.	Anju Amar Hemdev**	Spouse's mother
18.	Preeti Shah	Spouse's sister

**Jeetendra A Hemdev and Amar Ghanasingh Hemdev were both associated as directors in (i) Hemdev Realty Private Limited, and (ii) Amar Ghanasingh Jewellers Private Limited, both of which have been struck off by the relevant registrar of companies / MCA by way of notices dated September 7, 2017 and September 12, 2018 respectively.*

*** Anju Amar Hemdev is a disqualified director as on the date of this Prospectus as per the provisions of rule 11 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 on account of non-filing of DIR-3 KYC.*

Entities forming part of our Promoter Group (other than our Promoters):

Sr. No.	Name of the entities
Corporate Entities	
1.	Ashoka Liquors Private Limited
2.	Power Brands Enterprises India Private Limited
3.	Luminary Properties Private Limited
4.	BDA Private Limited
5.	Kedareshwar Properties Private Limited
6.	Madhvi Properties Private Limited
7.	Marleshwar Properties Private Limited
8.	Matangi Realtors Private Limited
9.	S. T. Holdings Private Limited
10.	Someswar Realtors Private Limited
11.	Sureshwar Realtors Private Limited
12.	Tracstar Investments Private Limited
13.	ABD Estates Private Limited
14.	ABD Homes Private Limited
15.	ABD Realtors Private Limited
16.	Ballet Properties And Trading Private Limited
17.	Benco Properties Private Limited
18.	BKC Abode Private Limited
19.	BKC Dwellings Private Limited
20.	BKC Estates Private Limited
21.	BKC Trading Private Limited
22.	Borank Enterprises Private Limited
23.	Dropadi Estates Private Limited
24.	Giribala Properties Private Limited
25.	Iconiq Brands India Private Limited
26.	Iconiq Spirits India Private Limited
27.	Jive Properties And Trading Company Private Limited
28.	Kamla Realtors Private Limited
29.	Kapardi Finvest Private Limited
30.	Karbon Enterprises Private Limited
31.	Kartik Finance And Investments Private Limited
32.	Krabon Enterprises Private Limited

Sr. No.	Name of the entities
33.	Lachmandas Properties Private Limited
34.	Lajwanti Properties Private Limited
35.	Manoharlal Realtors Private Limited
36.	Marengo Investment & Trading Company Private Limited
37.	Marengo Trading And Properties Private Limited
38.	Nebraska Enterprises Private Limited
39.	Netravathi Estates Private Limited
40.	Rajaram Properties Private Limited
41.	Ranibai Realtors Private Limited
42.	Rayonyarns Import Company Private Limited
43.	Royal Spirits Private Limited
44.	Sangmeshwar Realtors Private Limited
45.	Shree Emati Investment Private Limited
46.	Starvoice Investments Private Limited
47.	Starvoice Properties Private Limited
48.	Starvoice Trading Private Limited
49.	Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited
50.	Woodpecker Investments Private Limited
51.	Woodpecker Properties Private Limited
52.	Tripureshwari Properties Private Limited
53.	Borank Ventures LLP
54.	Raja Radios (Proprietorship concern)
55.	Amar Ghanasingh (Partnership Concern)
56.	A.G. Hospitality (Partnership Concern)
57.	BKC Family Trust- I
58.	BKC Family Trust- II
59.	Resham Family Trust
60.	Neesha Family Trust

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on June 23, 2022 have adopted a Dividend Distribution Policy ("**the Policy**"). In terms of the Policy, the Board of Directors shall endeavor to maintain the Dividend Payout Ratio* (Dividend/ Net Profit after Tax for the year) as near as possible to 50% or more of our Company's consolidated profit after tax or more, subject to our Company's need for capital for its growth plan and positive cash flow. The declaration and payment of dividends, if any, will be recommended by the Board of Directors and approved by the Shareholders, at their discretion, subject to the provisions of the Articles of Association and other applicable law, including the Companies Act.

The quantum of dividend, if any, and our ability to pay dividends will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, our Company's profits, past dividend trends, capital requirements, financial commitments and financial requirements including business expansion plans, applicable legal restrictions and other factors considered relevant by our Board. Our Company may also, from time to time, pay interim dividends. We may retain all our future earnings, if any, for use in the operations and expansion of our business. In a year where the profits of our Company are inadequate or there is a loss, our Company would like to utilise the reserves judiciously and the Board may not consider payment of dividend as a viable proposition.

Our Company has not declared any dividend on the Equity Shares of our Company in Fiscals 2023, 2022 and 2021 and the nine month period ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and until the date of this Prospectus. However, this is not necessarily indicative of any dividend declaration or the quantum of our Company's dividend, in the future. Please see, "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 73. Our ability to pay dividends in the future will depend upon our future earnings, financial condition, cash flows, working capital requirements and capital expenditures and the terms of our financing arrangements.*" on page 93.

** To be reviewed every two to three years, if need be.*

SECTION V – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[*The rest of this page is intentionally left blank*]

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
16th Floor, Tower III,
One International Center,
S B Marg, Prabhadevi (W),
Mumbai - 400 013
Maharashtra, India

T +91 22 6626 2600

The Board of Directors
Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (Formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)
Ashford Centre, 3rd and 4th floor,
Shankarrao Naram Marg,
Lower Parel (West)
Mumbai – 400 013

Dear Sirs,

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S EXAMINATION REPORT ON RESTATED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. We have examined the attached Restated Consolidated Financial Information of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (Formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries, (together referred to as the "**Group**"), (as listed in Annexure 1) comprising the Restated Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities (Balance sheet) as at 31 December 2023, 31 December 2022, 31 March 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Restated Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the Restated Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, the Restated Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the nine months period ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 and for the years ended 31 March 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Summary Statement of Material Accounting Policies, and other explanatory information (collectively, the "**Restated Consolidated Financial Information**", as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 14 May 2024 for the purpose of inclusion in the Red Herring Prospectus ("RHP") and Prospectus prepared by the Company in connection with its proposed Initial Public Offer of equity shares ("IPO") prepared in terms of the requirements of:

    a. Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act");

    b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended ("ICDR Regulations"); and

    c. The Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2019) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"), as amended from time to time (the "Guidance Note").

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP is registered with limited liability with identification number AAC-2085 and has its registered office at L-41, Connaught Circus, Outer Circle, New Delhi, 110001, India

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the Restated Consolidated Financial Information for the purpose of inclusion in the RHP to be filed with Securities and Exchange Board of India (the "SEBI"), Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai ("ROC") National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited (the "Stock Exchanges") in connection with the proposed IPO. The Restated Consolidated Financial Information have been prepared by the management of the Company on the basis of preparation stated in note 2(a) to the Restated Consolidated Financial Information. The responsibility of the respective board of directors of the companies included in the Group includes designing, implementing and maintaining adequate internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Restated Consolidated Financial Information. The respective board of directors are also responsible for identifying and ensuring that the Group complies with the Act, ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note.

3. We have examined such Restated Consolidated Financial Information taking into consideration:
    a. The terms of reference and terms of our engagement agreed upon with you in accordance with our engagement letter dated 08 January 2024 and addendum to Engagement Letter dated 09 May 2024 in connection with the proposed IPO of equity shares of the Company;

    b. The Guidance Note. The Guidance Note also requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI;

    c. Concepts of test checks and materiality to obtain reasonable assurance based on verification of evidence supporting the Restated Consolidated Financial Information; and

    d. The requirements of Section 26 of the Act and the ICDR Regulations. Our work was performed solely to assist you in meeting your responsibilities in relation to your compliance with the Act, the ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note in connection with the IPO.

4. These Restated Consolidated Financial Information have been compiled by the management from:
    a. Audited special purpose interim consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Group as at and for the nine months period ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 34 "Interim Financial Reporting", specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India (the "**Special Purpose Interim Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements**") which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 14 May 2024 and 14 May 2024, respectively.

    b. Audited Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 March 2023, 2022 and 2021 prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 21 June 2023, 24 August 2022 and 20 July 2021, respectively.

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP is registered with limited liability with identification number AAC-2085 and has its registered office at L-41, Connaught Circus, Outer Circle, New Delhi, 110001, India

5. For the purpose of our examination, we have relied on:

   a. Auditors' reports issued by us dated 14 May 2024 and 14 May 2024 on the Special Purpose Interim Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the Group as at and for the nine months period ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, respectively, as referred in Paragraph 4a above, which included an Emphasis of Matter paragraph as mentioned below:

      Basis of Preparation and Restriction on Distribution and Use

      Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2 (a) to the accompanying Special Purpose Interim Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, which describes the basis of its preparation. The Special Purpose Interim Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements have been prepared by the Holding Company's management solely for the preparation of the restated consolidated financial information to be included in Red Herring Prospectus ('RHP') and Prospectus to be filed by the Company with Securities and Exchange Board of India, National Stock Exchange of India Limited , BSE Limited and Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra as per the requirements of Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Act, read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2018, in connection with the proposed Initial Public Offering ('IPO') of equity shares of the Holding Company. Therefore, these Special Purpose Interim Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements may not be suitable for any other purpose. Our report is issued solely for the aforementioned purpose, and accordingly, should not be used, referred to or distributed for any other purpose or to any other party without our prior written consent. Further, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose for which or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

      "Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter."

   b. Auditors' reports issued by us dated 21 June 2023, 24 August 2022 and 20 July 2021 on the consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 March 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, as referred in Paragraph 4b above. The auditors report on the consolidated financial statements of the Group included the following other matter paragraph:

      For the year ended 31 March 2023

      The adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements/financial information in so far as it relates to six subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

      For the year ended 31 March 2022

      The adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements/financial information in so far as it relates to two subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

6. The audit reports on the consolidated financial statements issued by us includes following emphasis on matters paragraph on the consolidated financial statements as at and for the nine months period ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 and as at and for the years ended 31 March 2021:

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP is registered with limited liability with identification number AAC-2085 and has its registered office at L-41, Connaught Circus, Outer Circle, New Delhi, 110001, India

Period ended 31 December 2023

We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 48 (xxii) to the accompanying special purpose interim consolidated financial statements wherein it is stated that during the period ended 31 December 2023, one of the customer, Canteen Stores Department (CSD) had raised a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 339.87 million on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to CSD during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Period ended 31 December 2022

We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 66 (b) to the accompanying special purpose interim consolidated financial statements wherein it is stated that subsequent to period ended 31 December 2022 i.e., on 11 December 2023, one of the customer, Canteen Stores Department (CSD) had raised a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 339.87 million on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to CSD during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Financial Year 2020-21

Emphasis of Matter – Recoverability of dues receivable from a customer

We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 48 (n) to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Holding Company is in the process of recovering dues receivable from a customer – Canteen Stores Department, amounting to Rs. 340.30 million as at 31 March 2021, which have been withheld by the customer pursuant to a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 366.14 million raised on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to the customer during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

7. As indicated in our audit reports referred above:

   a. we did not audit financial statements of certain subsidiaries (Refer Annexure 1) whose share of total assets, total revenues, net cash inflows / (outflows) included in the consolidated financial statements, for the relevant periods / years are tabulated below, which have been audited by other auditors as mentioned in Annexure I, and whose reports have been furnished to us by the Company's management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these components, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors:

(₹ in million)

Particulars	As at/ for the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	As at/ for the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	As at and for the year ended		
			31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Total assets	1,024.38	1043.02	1,036.37	1,066.40	240.57
Total revenues	1.11	1.95	1.97	4.50	5.59
Net cash inflow/ (outflows)	(6.57)	(0.35)	0.03	(202.32)	(0.03)

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP is registered with limited liability with identification number AAC-2085 and has its registered office at L-41, Connaught Circus, Outer Circle, New Delhi, 110001, India

Our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements is not modified in respect of these matters.

8. Based on our examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the Restated Consolidated Financial Information:

   a. have been prepared after incorporating adjustments for the changes in accounting policies, material errors and regrouping/reclassifications retrospectively in the financial period/years ended 31 December 2022, 31 March 2023, 2022 and 2021 to reflect the same accounting treatment as per the accounting policies and grouping/classifications followed as at and for the nine months period ended 31 December 2023;

   b. does not contain any qualifications requiring adjustments. However, those qualifications in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Act and the emphasis of matter mentioned in paragraph 6 above which do not require any corrective adjustments in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information have been disclosed in Note 62 to the Restated Consolidated Financial Information; and

   c. have been prepared in accordance with the Act, ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note.

9. The Restated Consolidated Financial Information do not reflect the effects of events that occurred subsequent to the respective dates of the reports on the special purpose interim consolidated Ind AS financial statements and audited consolidated financial statements mentioned in paragraph 4 above.

10. This report should not in any way be construed as a reissuance or re-dating of any of the previous audit reports issued by us, nor should this report be construed as a new opinion on any of the financial statements referred to herein.

11. We have no responsibility to update our report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of the report.

12. Our report is intended solely for use of the Board of Directors for inclusion in the RHP and Prospectus to be prepared and filed with Securities and Exchange Board of India, ROC, National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited (the "Stock Exchanges") in connection with the IPO. Our report should not be used, referred to, or distributed for any other purpose except with our prior consent in writing. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 001076N/N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No.: 108840

UDIN : 24108840BKFDQI6319

Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP is registered with limited liability with identification number AAC-2085 and has its registered office at L-41, Connaught Circus, Outer Circle, New Delhi, 110001, India

ANNEXURE 1 TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S EXAMINATION REPORT ON RESTATED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Nine months ended 31 December 2023	**Relation**	**Name of auditors**
NV Distillers & Breweries (AP) Private limited	Subsidiary	Ashok T. Kukreja & Co.
Deccan Star Distillers Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Sarthak Blenders and Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	Vipin Nagar & Co.
Chitwan Blenders and Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	S.Sannigrahi & Co.
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.

Nine months ended 31 December 2022	**Relation**	**Name of auditors**
NV Distillers & Breweries (AP) Private limited	Subsidiary	Ashok T. Kukreja & Co.
Deccan Star Distillers Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Sarthak Blenders and Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	Vipin Nagar & Co.
Chitwan Blenders and Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	S.Sannigrahi & Co.
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP is registered with limited liability with identification number AAC-2085 and has its registered office at L-41, Connaught Circus, Outer Circle, New Delhi, 110001, India

Year ended 31 March 2023	**Relation**	**Name of auditors**
NV Distillers & Breweries (AP) Private limited	Subsidiary	Ashok T. Kukreja & Co.
Deccan Star Distillers Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Sarthak Blenders and Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	Vipin Nagar & Co.
Chitwan Blenders and Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	S.Sannigrahi & Co.
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.

Year ended 31 March 2022	**Relation**	**Name of auditors**
NV Distillers & Breweries (AP) Private limited	Subsidiary	Ashok T. Kukreja & Co.
Deccan Star Distillers Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Sarthak Blenders and Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	Vipin Nagar & Co.
Chitwan Blenders and Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	S.Sannigrahi & Co.
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	Subsidiary	R.U.Kamath & Co.

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP is registered with limited liability with identification number AAC-2085 and has its registered office at L-41, Connaught Circus, Outer Circle, New Delhi, 110001, India

Year ended 31 March 2021	Relation	Name of auditors
NV Distillers & Breweries (AP) Private limited	Subsidiary	Ashok T. Kukreja & Co.
Deccan Star Distillers Private Limited	Subsidiary	Ashok T. Kukreja & Co.
Sarthak Blenders and Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	Vipin Nagar & Co.
Chitwan Blenders and Bottlers Private Limited	Subsidiary	S.Sannigrahi & Co.

Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)
Restated Consolidated Balance Sheet
(₹ in million, except for share data and, if otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Notes	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
	ASSETS						
I	**Non-current assets**						
	Property, plant and equipment	5	3,705.13	3,867.72	3,775.86	4,942.91	4,463.03
	Capital work-in-progress	5A	154.73	114.13	140.28	148.53	169.34
	Right of use assets	6	1,236.42	1,311.03	1,297.11	1,304.41	1,362.03
	Goodwill	7	38.54	38.54	38.54	38.54	38.54
	Other intangible assets	7	628.86	654.35	642.90	630.54	629.65
	Financial assets						
	(i) Investments	8	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	221.08
	(ii) Loans	9	-	-	-	-	13.07
	(iii) Other financial assets	10	520.15	519.76	531.32	397.77	478.67
	Deferred tax assets (net)	11	92.42	131.55	121.31	154.96	160.43
	Non-current tax assets (net)	12	177.21	166.72	167.80	139.87	90.82
	Other non-current assets	13	164.49	152.28	172.02	151.64	1,251.59
	Total non-current assets		**6,717.99**	**6,956.12**	**6,887.18**	**7,909.21**	**8,878.25**
II	**Current assets**						
	Inventories	14	5,162.47	5,597.80	5,591.83	3,524.94	3,458.11
	Financial assets						
	(i) Trade receivables	15	12,698.72	10,459.54	9,576.14	9,540.31	8,669.29
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	16	296.18	231.98	275.45	196.70	434.89
	(iii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	17	275.50	262.05	254.76	349.95	267.61
	(iv) Loans	18	1.67	0.70	0.77	41.11	73.27
	(v) Other financial assets	19	270.66	228.66	260.29	192.97	293.00
	Other current assets	20	1,155.67	1,171.61	1,188.73	728.30	911.26
	Assets classified as held for sale	20A	835.03	841.91	841.87	-	-
	Total current assets		**20,695.90**	**18,794.25**	**17,989.84**	**14,574.28**	**14,107.43**
	TOTAL ASSETS		**27,413.89**	**25,750.37**	**24,877.02**	**22,483.49**	**22,985.68**
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
III	**Equity**						
	Equity share capital	21	488.23	488.23	488.23	471.13	471.13
	Other equity						
	Equity component of non-cumulative convertible preference shares	21	-	-	-	-	68.18
	Other reserves	22	3,604.33	3,582.61	3,572.76	3,569.85	3,278.51
	Total equity		**4,092.56**	**4,070.84**	**4,060.99**	**4,040.98**	**3,817.82**
	Liabilities						
IV	**Non-current liabilities**						
	Financial liabilities						
	(i) Borrowings	23	1,948.55	1,482.53	1,386.64	1,883.84	2,014.32
	(ii) Lease liabilities	24	82.37	144.37	133.41	138.27	170.59
	Provisions	25	142.54	126.28	131.53	123.64	126.17
	Total non-current liabilities		**2,173.46**	**1,753.18**	**1,651.58**	**2,145.75**	**2,311.08**

Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)
Restated Consolidated Balance Sheet
(₹ in million, except for share data and, if otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Notes	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
V	**Current liabilities**						
	Financial liabilities						
	(i) Borrowings	26	6,030.99	6,372.44	6,375.83	6,585.28	7,533.07
	(ii) Lease liabilities	27	31.38	28.74	30.60	20.67	27.42
	(iii) Trade payables	28					
	Dues of micro and small enterprises		2,156.21	1,717.79	1,631.29	1,632.86	1,559.88
	Dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		5,353.70	4,206.73	4,027.55	3,730.90	3,272.03
	(iv) Other financial liabilities	29	2,310.10	2,186.98	1,919.36	1,579.49	2,098.29
	Other current liabilities	30	5,096.45	5,184.25	4,998.13	2,599.97	2,196.92
	Liabilities classified as held for sale	20A	1.77	65.75	46.02	-	-
	Provisions	31	121.87	144.71	124.92	136.84	147.49
	Current tax liabilities (net)	32	45.40	18.96	10.75	10.75	21.68
	Total current liabilities		**21,147.87**	**19,926.35**	**19,164.45**	**16,296.76**	**16,856.78**
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		**23,321.33**	**21,679.53**	**20,816.03**	**18,442.51**	**19,167.86**
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		**27,413.89**	**25,750.37**	**24,877.02**	**22,483.49**	**22,985.68**
	Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information	2					

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements
This is the restated consolidated balance sheet referred to in our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 001076N / N500013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No. 108840
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Shekhar Ramamurthy
Executive Deputy Chairman
DIN: 00504801
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Alok Gupta
Managing Director
DIN: 02330045
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Ritesh Shah
Company Secretary and
Chief Legal Officer
A14037
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)
Restated Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss
(₹ in million, except for share data and, if otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Revenue						
Revenue from operations	33	59,111.44	53,890.41	71,056.80	71,969.20	63,787.76
Other income	34	38.34	104.13	110.69	112.45	190.36
Total Income		**59,149.78**	**53,994.54**	**71,167.49**	**72,081.65**	**63,978.12**
Expenses						
Cost of materials consumed	35	16,363.29	15,334.50	19,956.87	16,349.72	13,904.44
Purchases of stock-in-trade	36	42.55	42.63	56.27	48.56	37.30
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	37	(108.24)	(512.55)	(272.70)	(111.28)	268.77
Excise duty		33,508.68	30,133.35	39,590.51	45,112.68	40,304.10
Employee benefit expense	38	1,270.45	1,397.96	1,856.68	1,934.70	1,722.38
Other expenses	41	6,211.04	6,140.56	8,019.25	6,671.76	5,611.17
Total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation)		**57,287.77**	**52,536.45**	**69,206.88**	**70,006.14**	**61,848.16**
Profit before finance costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses and tax		**1,862.01**	**1,458.09**	**1,960.61**	**2,075.51**	**2,129.96**
Finance costs	39	1,279.32	982.97	1,349.72	1,450.93	1,415.10
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	40	390.88	414.10	551.43	586.36	587.41
Profit before exceptional items and tax		**191.81**	**61.02**	**59.46**	**38.22**	**127.45**
Exceptional Items (Refer note 20)		49.86	-	-	-	-
Profit before tax		**141.95**	**61.02**	**59.46**	**38.22**	**127.45**
Tax expense/(credit), net						
(i) Current tax	42	67.96	9.37	12.38	13.38	45.51
(ii) Deferred tax	42	32.50	22.84	31.49	28.07	68.76
(iii) Tax adjustments in respect of earlier years	42	(0.80)	-	(0.42)	(17.99)	(11.90)
		99.66	**32.21**	**43.45**	**23.46**	**102.37**
Profit after tax		**42.29**	**28.81**	**16.01**	**14.76**	**25.08**
Other comprehensive income						
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans gain/(loss)	41A	(14.33)	1.62	6.16	8.57	(5.31)
Income tax relating to these items	41A	3.61	(0.57)	(2.16)	(2.99)	1.86
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		**(10.72)**	**1.05**	**4.00**	**5.58**	**(3.45)**
Total comprehensive income		**31.57**	**29.86**	**20.01**	**20.34**	**21.63**
Earnings per equity share:	50					
Basic (in ₹)		0.17	0.12	0.07	0.06	0.10
Diluted (in ₹)		0.17	0.12	0.07	0.06	0.10
Face value per share (in ₹)		2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information	2					

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

This is the restated consolidated statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 001076N / N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No. 108840
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)

Shekhar Ramamurthy
Executive Deputy Chairman
DIN: 00504801
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Alok Gupta
Managing Director
DIN: 02330045
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Ritesh Shah
Company Secretary and Chief Legal Officer
A14037
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)
Restated Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow
(₹ in million, except for share data and, if otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Profit before tax		141.95	61.02	59.46	38.22	127.45
Adjustments for :						
Depreciation/amortisation		390.88	414.10	551.43	586.36	587.41
Exceptional items		49.86	-	-	-	-
Provision for doubtful debts		65.16	23.31	32.95	61.96	114.42
Provision for doubtful deposits		-	-	-	5.37	-
Provision for doubtful advances		7.96	2.17	2.20	-	-
Bad debts written-off (net of provisions written back)		-	-	-	91.60	5.00
Provision for inventory		32.83	57.58	62.22	19.98	14.07
Unrealised foreign loss		(11.57)	42.18	2.58	1.94	-
Finance costs		1,279.32	982.97	1,349.72	1,450.93	1,415.10
(Profit)/Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment		(10.23)	(0.00)	0.40	(8.02)	(0.63)
Liabilities no longer required written back		(6.29)	(16.73)	(12.34)	(8.01)	(60.61)
Gain on lease cancellation		-	-	-	(2.72)	-
Provision no longer required written back		(1.45)	(15.21)	(15.21)	(10.57)	(24.53)
Interest income from investing activities		(13.23)	(17.30)	(21.54)	(26.23)	(30.51)
Operating profit before working capital changes		**1,925.19**	**1,534.09**	**2,011.87**	**2,200.81**	**2,147.17**
Adjustments for working capital:						
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories		396.53	(2,130.44)	(2,129.10)	(86.81)	224.24
Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables		(3,178.82)	(939.05)	(58.07)	(1,023.38)	583.27
Decrease/(Increase) in financial assets and other assets		(5.48)	(483.70)	(533.58)	338.88	(230.94)
(Decrease)/Increase in liabilities and provisions		2,344.42	3,776.98	3,047.32	413.48	(233.31)
Cash generated from operating activities		**1,481.84**	**1,757.88**	**2,338.44**	**1,842.98**	**2,490.43**
Direct taxes paid (net)		(42.72)	(28.03)	(39.89)	(55.38)	(24.25)
Net cash generated from operating activities	(A)	**1,439.12**	**1,729.85**	**2,298.55**	**1,787.60**	**2,466.18**
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Sale/(Purchase) of investments		-	-	-	-	(0.00)
Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures		-	-	-	(241.01)	(221.04)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (Refer note (ii) below)		(295.46)	(149.17)	(201.97)	(583.24)	(356.27)
Sale of property, plant and equipment		14.78	3.52	6.74	40.52	9.31
Proceeds from sale of investment		-	-	-	-	53.00
Refund of capital advance		-	-	-	1,110.00	-
Investment in bank deposits		(24.86)	(18.40)	(158.51)	(86.03)	(109.18)
Maturity of bank deposits		-	-	148.26	54.87	-
Interest received		13.23	17.30	21.54	26.23	30.51
Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities	(B)	**(292.31)**	**(146.75)**	**(183.94)**	**321.34**	**(593.67)**
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from long term borrowings		1,470.00	-	-	601.00	505.38
Repayment of long term borrowings		(967.35)	(652.02)	(820.80)	(985.38)	(746.45)
Proceeds/ (Repayment) of short term borrowings (net)		(329.73)	113.97	187.02	(899.46)	(499.90)
Deposits with bank towards margin money against borrowings (net)		-	-	-	-	79.49
Finance costs paid		(1,268.15)	(970.16)	(1,351.34)	(1,484.61)	(1,427.21)
Repayment of lease obligations		(19.35)	(19.57)	(25.85)	(19.29)	(49.93)
Interest on lease liabilities		(11.17)	(12.81)	(17.53)	(19.96)	(21.82)
Issue of compulsory convertible debentures		-	-	-	1,000.00	-
Redemption of preference shares		-	-	-	(750.00)	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(C)	**(1,125.75)**	**(1,540.59)**	**(2,028.50)**	**(2,557.70)**	**(2,160.44)**
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(A+B+C)	**21.06**	**42.51**	**86.11**	**(448.76)**	**(287.93)**
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents		275.45	196.70	196.70	434.89	722.82
Add: Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary		-	-	-	210.57	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalents included in assets held for sale (Refer note 20A)		(0.33)	(7.23)	(7.36)	-	-
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents		**296.18**	**231.98**	**275.45**	**196.70**	**434.89**

Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)
Restated Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow
(₹ in million, except for share data and, if otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Components of cash and cash equivalents:						
Cash on hand		8.48	16.17	9.63	9.90	16.82
Balances with banks in current accounts		110.97	213.04	129.72	183.51	414.37
In bank deposits (original maturity period less than 3 months)		2.86	2.77	2.77	3.29	3.70
Cheques, drafts on hand		173.87	-	133.33	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	16	**296.18**	**231.98**	**275.45**	**196.70**	**434.89**

Note:

(i) The statement of cash flows has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) statement of cash flows.

(ii) Includes capital work in progress and intangible assets

(iii) Refer Note 66 for significant non cash transaction

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information	2	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

This is the restated consolidated statement of cash flow referred to in our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 001076N / N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No. 108840
Place : Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)

Shekhar Ramamurthy
Executive Deputy Chairman
DIN: 00504801
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Alok Gupta
Managing Director
DIN: 02330045
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Ritesh Shah
Company Secretary and Chief Legal Officer
A14037
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)
Restated Consolidated Statement of Changes in equity
(₹ in million, except for share data and, if otherwise stated)

a) Equity share capital
(Refer note 21)

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount
Issued, subscribed and paid-up:		
As at 1 April 2020	**23,55,66,665**	**471.13**
Issue of shares	**-**	**-**
As at 31 March 2021	**23,55,66,665**	**471.13**
Issue of shares	-	-
As at 31 March 2022	**23,55,66,665**	**471.13**
Issue of shares on conversion of CCD (Refer Note 66)	85,47,000	17.10
As at 31 March 2023	**24,41,13,665**	**488.23**
For the interim period reported		
As at 31 March 2022	**23,55,66,665**	**471.13**
Issue of shares	85,47,000	17.10
As at 31 December 2022	**24,41,13,665**	**488.23**
As at 31 March 2023	**24,41,13,665**	**488.23**
Issue of shares	-	-
As at 31 December 2023	**24,41,13,665**	**488.23**

b) Equity component of non-cumulative convertible preference shares
(Refer note 21)

Particulars	Number of shares	(₹ in million)
Issued, subscribed and paid-up:		
As at 1 April 2020	**68,18,180**	**68.18**
Issue of shares	-	-
As at 31 March 2021	**68,18,180**	**68.18**
Less: Shares redeemed	(68,18,180)	(68.18)
As at 31 March 2022	**-**	**-**
Add: Shares issued	-	-
As at 31 March 2023	**-**	**-**
For the interim period reported		
As at 31 March 2022	**-**	**-**
Less: Shares redeemed	-	-
As at 31 December 2022	**-**	**-**
As at 31 March 2023	**-**	**-**
Issue of shares	**-**	**-**
As at 31 December 2023	**-**	**-**

Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)
Restated Consolidated Statement of Changes in equity
(₹ in million, except for share data and, if otherwise stated)

c) Other equity
(Refer note 22)

Particulars	Reserve and Surplus						
	Capital reserve	Securities premium	General reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Equity component of compound financial instrument	Balance surplus in the statement of profit and loss (Retained Earnings)	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2020	**0.08**	**1,784.60**	**550.48**	**-**	**-**	**921.72**	**3,256.88**
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	25.08	25.08
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(3.45)	(3.45)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	**0.08**	**1,784.60**	**550.48**	**-**	**-**	**943.35**	**3,278.51**
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	14.76	14.76
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	5.58	5.58
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	-	-	(68.18)	-	-	-	(68.18)
Transfer from General reserve	-	-	-	68.18	-	-	68.18
Created during the year on issue of CCD					952.82		952.82
Redemption of non-cumulative convertible preference shares (Refer Note 66)	-	(681.82)	-	-	-	-	(681.82)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	**0.08**	**1,102.78**	**482.30**	**68.18**	**952.82**	**963.69**	**3,569.85**
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-		16.01	16.01
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-		4.00	4.00
Issue of equity shares on conversion of CCD (Refer Note 66)	-	935.72	-	-	(952.82)	-	(17.10)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	**0.08**	**2,038.50**	**482.30**	**68.18**	**-**	**983.70**	**3,572.76**

For the interim period reported							
Balance as at 31 March 2022	**0.08**	**1,102.78**	**482.30**	**68.18**	**952.82**	**963.69**	**3,569.85**
Profit for the period	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**		28.81	28.81
Other comprehensive income for the period	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	1.05	1.05
Issue of equity shares on conversion of CCD (Refer Note 66)	**-**	935.72	-	-	(952.82)		(17.10)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	**0.08**	**2,038.50**	**482.30**	**68.18**	**-**	**993.55**	**3,582.61**
Balance as at 31 March 2023	**0.08**	**2,038.50**	**482.30**	**68.18**	**-**	**983.70**	**3,572.76**
Profit for the period	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	-	42.29	42.29
Other comprehensive income for the period	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	-	(10.72)	(10.72)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	**0.08**	**2,038.50**	**482.30**	**68.18**	**-**	**1,015.27**	**3,604.33**

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (Refer note 2)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

This is the restated consolidated statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 001076N / N500013

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No. 108840
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)

Shekhar Ramamurthy
Executive Deputy Chairman
DIN: 00504801
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Alok Gupta
Managing Director
DIN: 02330045
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Ritesh Shah
Company Secretary and Chief Legal Officer
A14037
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (Formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)

Notes to the restated consolidated financial information

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

1. Group information

Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the 'Group'), are engaged in the business of manufacture, purchase and sale of Alcoholic Beverages/ liquids. The Company is a public limited Company domiciled and headquartered in Mumbai, Maharashtra, India. It is incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956.

The restated consolidated financial information ('the financial statements') comprise financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries for the stub period ended 31 December 2023, 31 December 2022 and for the year ended 31 March 2023, 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021.

2. Material accounting policies

a. Basis of Preparation

The restated consolidated financial information relates to the Group and has been specifically prepared for inclusion in the document to be filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), Registrar of Companies ("ROC"), National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited (the "Stock Exchanges") in connection with the proposed Initial Public Offer ('IPO') of equity shares of the Company (referred to as the "Issue"). The restated consolidated financial information comprise the Restated Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2023, 31 December 2022, 31 March 2023, 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021, the Restated Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Restated Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, the Restated Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information for the nine months period ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 and the years ended 31 March 2023, 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021 (collectively referred to as "Restated Consolidated Financial Information").

The restated consolidated financial information has been prepared to comply in all material respects with the requirements of Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Act, as amended read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended from time to time, in pursuance of provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("ICDR Regulations").

The restated consolidated financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries have been compiled from the audited special purpose interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the nine months ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 and audited financial statements as at and for the years ended 31 March 2023, 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021, which in turn had been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and presentation requirements of revised Schedule III under the Companies Act, 2013, as amended from time to time by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and other relevant provisions of the Act and accounting principles generally accepted in India. The restated consolidated financial information has been prepared on a going concern basis, on the basis of relevant Ind AS that are effective or elected for early adoption at the reporting date, 31 December 2023.

The restated consolidated financial information has been prepared on a historical cost convention and accrual basis, except for the certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Group's normal operating cycle (which is a period not exceeding twelve months) and other criteria set out in Schedule III to Companies Act, 2013.

b. Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.
The Group combines the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries line by line, adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Inter-Company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Parent Company. Non-controlling interests, if any in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Consolidated Balance Sheet respectively.

Business combinations

A common control business combination, involving entities or businesses in which all the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination and where the control is not transitory, is accounted for in accordance with Appendix C to Ind AS 103 'Business Combinations'.

Other business combinations, involving entities or businesses are accounted for using acquisition method. Consideration transferred in such business combinations is measured at fair value as on the acquisition date, which comprises the following

- Fair values of the assets transferred
- Liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business
- Equity interests issued by the Company

Goodwill is recognised and is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non- controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree, over the net consideration amounts i.e identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

Changes in ownership interests

When the Group ceases to consolidate for an investment because of a loss of control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognized in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequent accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

c. Foreign Currency Transactions

The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is Indian rupee.

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the Balance sheet date and exchange gain or loss arising on their settlement and restatement are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are recorded in terms of historical cost are not retranslated.

d. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers, at an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be received by the Group in exchange for those products or services.

The Group satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

i. The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs; or
ii. The Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
iii. The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and an entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For performance obligations where none of the above conditions are met, revenue is recognised at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenue from sale of products are recognised by the Group at a point in time on which the performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenue from sale of products

Revenue is recognised on transfer of control, being on dispatch of goods or upon delivery to customer, in accordance with the terms of sale.

Revenue from manufacture and sale of products from tie-up manufacturing arrangements:

The Group has entered into arrangements with Tie-up Manufacturing Units (TMUs), where-in TMUs manufacture and sell on behalf of the Group. Under such arrangements, the Group has exposure to significant risks and rewards associated with the sale of products i.e., it has the primary responsibility for providing goods to the customer, has pricing latitude and is also exposed to inventory and credit risks. Accordingly, the transactions of the TMUs under such arrangements have been recorded as gross revenue, excise duty and expenses as if they were transactions of the Group. The Group also presents inventory lying with TMU's under such arrangements as its own inventory.
The net receivables from/payable to TMUs are recognised under other financial assets/other financial liabilities as due from tie up units or due to tie up units respectively.

Interest
Interest income for all debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

e. Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax expenses and net change in the deferred tax assets or liabilities during the period. Current and deferred taxes are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to item that are recognised in Other comprehensive income or directly in Equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in Other comprehensive income or directly in Equity respectively.

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted in relation to the reporting period.

Deferred income tax is recognised using Balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of recognition.

Deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced when it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the full or part of deferred income tax assets to be utilised. At each reporting date, the Group re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become reasonably certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India which is likely to give future economic benefit in the form of availability of setoff against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax assets in the Balance sheet when the assets can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

While determining the tax provisions, the Group assesses whether each uncertain tax position is to be considered separately or together with one or more uncertain tax positions depending upon the nature and circumstances of each uncertain tax position.

f. Leases

As a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i. Right of use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (if any), and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies note g for impairment of non-financial assets.

ii. Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce Property plant and equipment) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease

term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Group's lease liabilities are included in financial liability

iii. Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of laptops, lease-lines and office furniture and equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

g. Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the non-financial assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to confirm if there is any indication of impairment based on internal /external factors. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or a cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the assets (or where applicable, that of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs) is estimated as the higher of its net selling price and its value in use. Impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.
After impairment, depreciation / amortisation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.
A previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. However, the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation / amortisation if there were no impairment.

h. Inventories

Raw materials, work-in-progress, finished goods and packing materials are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Damaged, non-moving / obsolete stocks are suitably written down/provided for.

In determining cost of raw materials, packing materials, work-in-progress and finished goods weighted average cost method is used. Cost of inventory comprises all costs of purchase, non-refundable duties and taxes and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition.

Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods includes the cost of raw materials, packing materials, an appropriate share of fixed and variable production overheads, excise duty as applicable and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

i. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a) Financial Assets

(i) Initial Recognition

In the case of financial assets excluding trade receivables that do not consist of significant financial component, not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

(ii) Subsequent Measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories

- Financial Assets at Amortised Cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business model with an objective to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method. Impairment gains or losses arising on these assets are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

- Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value

Financial assets are measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income ('OCI') if these financial assets are held within a business model with an objective to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell these financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial asset not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI is carried at FVPL. In respect of equity investments (other than for investment in subsidiaries) which are not held for trading, the Group has made an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of such instruments in Statement of Profit and Loss. Such an election is made by the Group on an instrument by instrument basis at the time of transition for existing equity instruments/ initial recognition for new equity instruments

(iii) Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies the expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and credit risk exposures.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income/ expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(v) De-recognition of Financial Assets

The Group de-recognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognizes its retained interest in the assets and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

b) Equity Instruments and Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments which are issued for cash are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Equity instruments which are issued for consideration other than cash are recorded at fair value of the equity instrument.

Financial Liabilities

- **Initial Recognition**

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVPL, loans and borrowings and payables as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

- **Subsequent Measurement**

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below

Financial liabilities at FVPL:

Financial liabilities at FVPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

- **De-recognition of Financial Liabilities**

Financial liabilities are de-recognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as de-recognition of the original liability and recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

- **Offsetting Financial Instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

c) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

d) Trade receivable

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business and reflects Group's unconditional right to consideration (that is, payment is due only on the passage of time). Trade receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price as they do not contain significant financing components. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them initially at contracted price and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance.

e) Trade payable

A payable is classified as a 'trade payable' if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and are usually settled as per the payment terms stated in the contract. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently

measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Trade payables ageing has been presented based on the date of transaction.

j. Property plant and equipment (including Capital Work-in-Progress)

Freehold land is carried at historical cost less impairment loss, if any. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and impairment loss, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is attributable to the acquisition/ construction and all other costs (including borrowing related to qualifying assets), that are not refundable and are necessary to bring the asset to its working condition of use as intended.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is possible that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of property, plant and equipment which are incurred before the date they are ready for their intended use, are disclosed as capital work-in-progress before such date.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Depreciation / Amortisation:

Depreciation is charged on written down value method on the basis of useful life of assets (mentioned below) keeping a residual value of assets at 5% of the original cost, except in case of computers and data processing units where residual value is estimated at 1% of the original cost. The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. Depreciation is calculated pro-rata from the date of addition or upto the date of disposal, as the case may be. The Group depreciates its property, plant and equipment (PPE) over useful life in manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Act, except factory building, wherein based on technical evaluation, useful life has been estimated to be different from that prescribed in Schedule II of the Act.

Useful life considered for calculation of depreciation for various assets class are as follows-

Class of Assets	Useful Life (Years)
Plant and machinery	10-40
Building	19-60
Leasehold Improvements	5
Vehicles	6-10
Server and network	6
Electrical installation	10
Office equipment	5
Computer and accessories	3-6
Laboratory equipment	5-10
Furniture and fixtures	8-10
Road	3-10
Mould	15

Capital costs in respect of upgradation of leased premises has been amortized over the initial lease period or its useful lives whichever is lower.

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at 1 April 2017 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

k. Intangible Assets and amortisation

Intangible assets with a finite useful life are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is attributable to the acquisition/ development of the intangible assets including cost necessary to bring the asset to its intended use or sale.
Identifiable intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits attributed to the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be reliably measured.

Software and related implementation costs are capitalized where it is expected to provide enduring economic benefits and are amortized over a period of 5 years starting from the month of addition.

Manufacturing License is considered as an asset with indefinite useful life, since there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows for the entity. The acquisition cost of such asset is carried at deemed cost and is tested for impairment annually.

Patent, trademarks and design, and license (other than manufacturing license) acquisition cost are amortised over a period of 10 years from the month of acquisition

Goodwill represents the cost of acquired business as established at the date of acquisition of the business in excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or when events or circumstances indicate that the implied fair value of goodwill is less than its carrying amount.

Digital Content is amortised over a period of 18 months to 24 months from the month of capitalisation.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognised as at 1 April 2017 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the intangible assets.

l. Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs incurred). Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in Statement of profit and loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Subsequently all borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Borrowings are derecognized from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in statement of profit and loss. The gain / loss is recognised in other equity in case of transaction with shareholders.

m. Borrowing Costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

n. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the

present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. The provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events, whose existence would be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group, or a present obligation where outflow of resources is not probable or where outflow is probable but reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, they are disclosed only when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

o. Employee Benefits

A) Short term employee benefits: All employee benefits which are due within twelve months of rendering the services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, compensated absences, etc. and the expected cost of bonus, ex-gratia are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

B) Post-employment benefits

i. Defined Contribution Plans: Group's contribution to the state governed provident fund scheme, superannuation scheme, Employees State Insurance corporation (ESIC) etc. are recognised during the period in which the related service is rendered.

ii. Gratuity: The Group has computed its liability towards future payments of gratuity to employees, on actuarial valuation basis which is determined based on project unit credit method and the charge for current period is debited to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, which is unfunded at present, is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating the terms of the related obligation. Actuarial gains and losses arising on the measurement of defined benefit obligation is charged/ credited to other comprehensive income.

iii. Compensated absences: Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed within 12 months from the end of the period are treated as short term employee benefits. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the period end.

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed beyond 12 months from the end of the period are treated as other long term employee benefits. The Group's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each period. Actuarial losses/gains are recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

C) Termination Benefits: These are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the period in which they are incurred, i.e. when employment is terminated or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits.

p. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss (excluding other comprehensive income) for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a right issue, shares split (sub-division) and reverse share splits (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss (excluding other comprehensive income) for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

q. Exceptional items

When an item of income or expense within Statement of profit and loss from ordinary activity is of such size, nature or incidence that its disclosure is relevant to explain more meaningfully the performance of the Group for the period, the nature and amount of such items is disclosed as exceptional items.

r. Segmental information

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. Executive committee, which has been identified as the chief operating decision maker, assesses the financial performance and position of the Group and makes strategic decisions. The executive committee consists of the Chief Financial Officer & Chief Executive Officer and other departmental heads. See note 51 for segment information presented.

3. Critical estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires estimates and assumptions to be made by the Management of the Group that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and amounts disclosed as contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known.

The Management believes that these estimates are prudent and reasonable and are based upon the management's best knowledge of current events and actions. Actual results could differ from these estimates and differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known or materialised.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to originally assessed estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than the actual results.

Examples of such estimates include the useful life of property, plant and equipment, provision for doubtful debts/advances, future obligation in respect of retirement benefit plans, impairment of investments/assets, etc.

i) Property, plant and equipment and Intangible Assets: (Refer note 5 and 7)

Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation/amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values as per schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or otherwise are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes, whichever is more appropriate.

ii) Income Tax: (Refer note 42)

The Group reviews at each balance sheet date the carrying amount of deferred tax assets. The factors used in estimates may differ from actual outcome which could lead to an adjustment to the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements.

iii) Contingencies: (Refer note 48)

Management has estimated the possible outflow of resources, if any at the end of each annual reporting financial period, if any, in respect of contingencies/claim/litigations against the Group as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

iv) Impairment of financial assets: (Refer note 44)

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

v) Impairment of non-financial assets: (Refer note 5 and 7)

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to assess whether there is any indication that an individual asset / Group of assets (constituting a Cash Generating Unit) may be impaired. If there is any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors i.e. when the carrying amount of the assets exceed the recoverable amount, an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which an asset is identified as impaired. An impairment loss recognised in prior accounting periods is reversed or reduced if there has been a

favorable change in the estimate of the recoverable amount. However, the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation if there was no impairment.

vi) Defined benefit obligation (Refer note 47)

The cost of post-employment benefits is determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the long term nature of these plans such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty. The assumptions used are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

vii) Loss Allowance (Refer note 15)

Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts. Under Ind AS, impairment allowance has been determined based on Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model. Estimated irrecoverable amounts are based on the ageing of the receivable balance and historical experience. Individual trade receivables are written off if the same are not collectible.

viii) Fair value measurements (Refer note 43)

Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument.

4. Standards issued but not yet effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On 31 December 2023, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the company.

5 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Freehold land	Building	Factory road	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Electrical installation	Leasehold Improvements*	Office equipment	Computers	Server and network	Lab processing equipments	Moulds	Total
Gross carrying value														
As at 1 April 2020	**970.76**	**2,601.93**	**39.25**	**3,037.22**	**144.69**	**375.96**	**193.99**	**-**	**142.90**	**43.98**	**28.29**	**18.09**	**2.30**	**7,599.36**
Additions	3.26	134.65	9.25	159.14	0.60	8.09	16.72	283.59	5.95	14.77	0.85	1.23	-	**638.10**
Disposals	-	-	-	17.72	0.44	9.60	0.25	-	0.66	0.27	-	0.12	-	**29.06**
As at 31 March 2021	**974.02**	**2,736.58**	**48.50**	**3,178.64**	**144.85**	**374.45**	**210.46**	**283.59**	**148.19**	**58.48**	**29.14**	**19.20**	**2.30**	**8,208.40**
Acquisition of subsidiary (refer note 69)	-	846.85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**846.85**
Additions	0.07	47.41	7.83	39.54	5.91	3.97	0.00	65.61	11.06	10.67	-	0.08	-	**192.15**
Disposals	-	-	-	72.78	1.63	31.18	1.50	-	1.25	3.01	0.02	0.43	-	**111.80**
As at 31 March 2022	**974.09**	**3,630.84**	**56.33**	**3,145.40**	**149.13**	**347.24**	**208.96**	**349.20**	**158.00**	**66.14**	**29.12**	**18.85**	**2.30**	**9,135.60**
Additions	-	10.30	-	60.77	5.87	-	0.33	59.80	3.87	6.13	-	0.33	-	**147.40**
Disposals	-	0.68	-	12.13	-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-	-	**12.95**
Assets reclassified as held for sale	-	846.85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**846.85**
As at 31 March 2023	**974.09**	**2,793.61**	**56.33**	**3,194.04**	**155.00**	**347.24**	**209.29**	**409.00**	**161.87**	**72.13**	**29.12**	**19.18**	**2.30**	**8,423.20**
For the interim period reported														
As at 31 March 2022	**974.09**	**3,630.84**	**56.33**	**3,145.40**	**149.13**	**347.24**	**208.96**	**349.20**	**158.00**	**66.14**	**29.12**	**18.85**	**2.30**	**9,135.60**
Additions	-	1.22	-	48.97	4.13	-	0.01	59.80	3.15	3.54	-	0.18	-	**121.00**
Disposals	-	-	-	6.54	-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-	-	**6.68**
Assets reclassified as held for sale	-	846.85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**846.85**
As at 31 December 2022	**974.09**	**2,785.21**	**56.33**	**3,187.83**	**153.26**	**347.24**	**208.97**	**409.00**	**161.15**	**69.54**	**29.12**	**19.03**	**2.30**	**8,403.07**
As at 31 March 2023	**974.09**	**2,793.61**	**56.33**	**3,194.04**	**155.00**	**347.24**	**209.29**	**409.00**	**161.87**	**72.13**	**29.12**	**19.18**	**2.30**	**8,423.20**
Additions	-	51.49	-	29.85	4.48	92.03	7.16	69.02	0.66	7.63	-	2.60	-	**264.92**
Disposals	-	-	-	3.08	0.53	66.51	-	-	0.06	1.79	2.86	1.01	-	**75.84**
As at 31 December 2023	**974.09**	**2,845.10**	**56.33**	**3,220.81**	**158.95**	**372.76**	**216.45**	**478.02**	**162.47**	**77.97**	**26.26**	**20.77**	**2.30**	**8,612.28**

Accumulated depreciation

Particulars	Freehold land	Building	Factory road	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Electrical installation	Leasehold Improvements*	Office equipment	Computers	Server and network	Lab processing equipments	Moulds	Total
As at 1 April 2020	**-**	**990.90**	**30.94**	**1,513.20**	**122.11**	**248.00**	**144.96**	**-**	**111.70**	**41.72**	**26.19**	**12.80**	**1.53**	**3,244.05**
Charge for the year	-	118.93	3.66	261.36	6.14	41.14	17.86	47.27	14.27	8.34	1.08	1.51	0.14	**521.70**
Disposals	-	-	-	10.57	0.40	8.19	0.22	-	0.65	0.26	-	0.09	-	**20.38**
As at 31 March 2021	**-**	**1,109.83**	**34.60**	**1,763.99**	**127.85**	**280.95**	**162.60**	**47.27**	**125.32**	**49.80**	**27.27**	**14.22**	**1.67**	**3,745.37**
Charge for the year	-	134.29	10.12	231.93	4.57	26.76	16.99	72.46	14.24	13.17	0.71	1.27	0.11	**526.62**
Disposals	-	-	-	50.15	1.39	21.83	1.39	-	1.17	2.98	0.02	0.37	-	**79.30**
As at 31 March 2022	**-**	**1,244.12**	**44.72**	**1,945.77**	**131.03**	**285.88**	**178.20**	**119.73**	**138.39**	**59.99**	**27.96**	**15.12**	**1.78**	**4,192.69**
Charge for the year	-	124.17	5.33	194.14	8.77	18.51	13.01	91.35	9.48	6.73	0.32	0.91	0.09	**472.81**
Disposals	-	0.19	-	5.48	-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-	-	**5.81**
Assets reclassified as held for sale	-	12.35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**12.35**
As at 31 March 2023	**-**	**1,355.75**	**50.05**	**2,134.43**	**139.80**	**304.39**	**191.21**	**211.08**	**147.87**	**66.58**	**28.28**	**16.03**	**1.87**	**4,647.34**
For the interim period reported														
As at 31 March 2022	**-**	**1,244.12**	**44.72**	**1,945.77**	**131.03**	**285.88**	**178.20**	**119.73**	**138.39**	**59.99**	**27.96**	**15.12**	**1.78**	**4,192.69**
Charge for the period	-	94.06	4.05	149.20	6.15	13.97	9.62	68.51	7.04	4.58	0.25	0.68	0.07	**358.18**
Disposals	-	-	-	3.03	-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-	-	**3.17**
Assets reclassified as held for sale	-	12.35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**12.35**
As at 31 December 2022	**-**	**1,325.83**	**48.77**	**2,091.94**	**137.18**	**299.85**	**187.82**	**188.24**	**145.43**	**64.43**	**28.21**	**15.80**	**1.85**	**4,535.35**

As at 31 March 2023	**-**	**1,355.75**	**50.05**	**2,134.43**	**139.80**	**304.39**	**191.21**	**211.08**	**147.87**	**66.58**	**28.28**	**16.03**	**1.87**	**4,647.34**
Charge for the period	-	85.01	1.59	124.05	5.20	15.85	8.38	80.95	3.63	5.42	0.10	0.73	0.06	**330.97**
Disposals	-	-	-	1.93	0.47	63.13	-	-	0.06	1.78	2.83	0.96	-	**71.16**
As at 31 December 2023	**-**	**1,440.76**	**51.64**	**2,256.55**	**144.53**	**257.11**	**199.59**	**292.03**	**151.44**	**70.22**	**25.55**	**15.80**	**1.93**	**4,907.15**
Net carrying value														
Balance as at 31 March 2021	**974.02**	**1,626.75**	**13.90**	**1,414.65**	**17.00**	**93.50**	**47.86**	**236.32**	**22.87**	**8.68**	**1.87**	**4.98**	**0.63**	**4,463.03**
Balance as at 31 March 2022	**974.09**	**2,386.72**	**11.61**	**1,199.63**	**18.10**	**61.36**	**30.76**	**229.47**	**19.61**	**6.15**	**1.16**	**3.73**	**0.52**	**4,942.91**
Balance as at 31 March 2023	**974.09**	**1,437.86**	**6.28**	**1,059.61**	**15.20**	**42.85**	**18.08**	**197.92**	**14.00**	**5.55**	**0.84**	**3.15**	**0.43**	**3,775.86**
Balance as at 31 December 2022	**974.09**	**1,459.38**	**7.56**	**1,095.89**	**16.08**	**47.39**	**21.15**	**220.76**	**15.72**	**5.11**	**0.91**	**3.23**	**0.45**	**3,867.72**
Balance as at 31 December 2023	**974.09**	**1,404.34**	**4.69**	**964.26**	**14.42**	**115.65**	**16.86**	**185.99**	**11.03**	**7.75**	**0.71**	**4.97**	**0.37**	**3,705.13**

*Leasehold improvement includes additions at properties taken on lease including Company's training center cum guest house.

Refer note 23 and note 26 for assets pledged as security.

5A Capital work-in-progress

Balance as at 1 April 2020	**477.18**
Additions	73.29
Capitalised during the year	(381.13)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	**169.34**
Additions	89.75
Capitalised during the year	(110.56)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	**148.53**
Additions	81.76
Capitalised during the year	(90.01)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	**140.28**
For the interim period reported	
Balance as at 31 March 2022	**148.53**
Additions	53.99
Capitalised during the period	(88.39)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	**114.13**
Balance as at 31 March 2023	**140.28**
Additions	137.12
Capitalised during the period	(122.67)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	**154.73**

Please refer note 56 for ageing.

6 Right of use assets

Particulars	Right of use assets- land	Right of use assets- building	Right of use assets- machinery	Total
Gross carrying value				
As at 1 April 2020	**1,190.39**	**4.52**	**195.25**	**1,390.16**
Additions	-	64.19	-	64.19
Deletions/Adjustment	-	1.96	14.11	16.07
As at 31 March 2021	**1,190.39**	**66.75**	**181.14**	**1,438.28**
Additions	-	14.52	11.24	25.76
Deletions/Adjustment	-	64.35	12.78	77.13
As at 31 March 2022	**1,190.39**	**16.92**	**179.60**	**1,386.91**
Additions	-	0.84	32.90	33.74
Deletions/Adjustment	-	3.34	-	3.34
As at 31 March 2023	**1,190.39**	**14.42**	**212.50**	**1,417.31**
For the interim period reported				
As at 31 March 2022	**1,190.39**	**16.92**	**179.60**	**1,386.91**
Additions	-	0.84	32.90	33.74
Deletions/Adjustment	-	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2022	**1,190.39**	**17.76**	**212.50**	**1,420.65**
As at 31 March 2023	**1,190.39**	**14.42**	**212.50**	**1,417.31**
Additions	-	-	-	-
Deletions/Adjustment	-	-	30.91	30.91
As at 31 December 2023	**1,190.39**	**14.42**	**181.59**	**1,386.40**
Accumulated amortisation				
As at 1 April 2020	**8.94**	**2.73**	**31.11**	**42.78**
Charge for the year	8.94	10.45	30.10	49.49
Deletions	-	1.91	14.11	16.02
As at 31 March 2021	**17.88**	**11.27**	**47.10**	**76.25**
Charge for the year	8.94	11.50	20.11	40.55
Deletions	-	21.52	12.78	34.30
As at 31 March 2022	**26.82**	**1.25**	**54.43**	**82.50**
Charge for the year	8.94	4.01	25.42	38.37
Deletions	-	0.67	-	0.67
As at 31 March 2023	**35.76**	**4.59**	**79.85**	**120.20**
For the interim period reported				
As at 31 March 2022	**26.82**	**1.25**	**54.43**	**82.50**
Charge for the period	6.70	3.12	17.30	27.12
Deletions	-	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2022	**33.52**	**4.37**	**71.73**	**109.62**
As at 31 March 2023	**35.76**	**4.59**	**79.85**	**120.20**
Charge for the period	6.70	2.65	20.43	29.78
Deletions	-	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2023	**42.46**	**7.24**	**100.28**	**149.98**
Net carrying value				
Balance as at 31 March 2021	**1,172.51**	**55.48**	**134.04**	**1,362.03**
Balance as at 31 March 2022	**1,163.57**	**15.67**	**125.17**	**1,304.41**
Balance as at 31 March 2023	**1,154.63**	**9.83**	**132.65**	**1,297.11**
Balance as at 31 December 2022	**1,156.87**	**13.39**	**140.77**	**1,311.03**
Balance as at 31 December 2023	**1,147.93**	**7.18**	**81.31**	**1,236.42**

7 Intangible assets

Particulars	Software	License fees*	Patent, trademark and design	Digital Content	Total	Goodwill
Gross carrying value						
Balance as at 1 April 2020	**173.68**	**623.17**	**5.15**	**-**	**802.00**	**88.38**
Additions	31.77	0.12	-	-	31.89	**-**
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
Balance as at 31 March 2021	**205.45**	**623.29**	**5.15**	**-**	**833.89**	**88.38**
Additions	8.49	0.61	-	10.98	20.08	**-**
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
Balance as at 31 March 2022	**213.94**	**623.90**	**5.15**	**10.98**	**853.97**	**88.38**
Additions	-	-	-	52.61	52.61	**-**
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
Balance as at 31 March 2023	**213.94**	**623.90**	**5.15**	**63.59**	**906.58**	**88.38**
For the interim period reported						
As at 31 March 2022	**213.94**	**623.90**	**5.15**	**10.98**	**853.97**	**88.38**
Additions	-	-	-	52.61	52.61	**-**
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
As at 31 December 2022	**213.94**	**623.90**	**5.15**	**63.59**	**906.58**	**88.38**
As at 31 March 2023	**213.94**	**623.90**	**5.15**	**63.59**	**906.58**	**88.38**
Additions	-	16.09	-	-	16.09	**-**
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
As at 31 December 2023	**213.94**	**639.99**	**5.15**	**63.59**	**922.67**	**88.38**
Accumulated amortisation						
Balance as at 1 April 2020	**151.73**	**34.87**	**1.42**	**-**	**188.02**	**49.84**
Charge for the year	12.67	3.04	0.51	-	16.22	**-**
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
Balance as at 31 March 2021	**164.40**	**37.91**	**1.93**	**-**	**204.24**	**49.84**
Charge for the year	13.46	3.14	0.50	2.09	19.19	**-**
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
Balance as at 31 March 2022	**177.86**	**41.05**	**2.43**	**2.09**	**223.43**	**49.84**
Charge for the year	11.58	3.15	0.50	25.02	40.25	**-**
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
Balance as at 31 March 2023	**189.44**	**44.20**	**2.93**	**27.11**	**263.68**	**49.84**
For the interim period reported						
As at 31 March 2022	**177.86**	**41.05**	**2.43**	**2.09**	**223.43**	**49.84**
Charge for the year	9.35	2.37	0.38	16.70	28.80	**-**
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
As at 31 December 2022	**187.21**	**43.42**	**2.81**	**18.79**	**252.23**	**49.84**
As at 31 March 2023	**189.44**	**44.20**	**2.93**	**27.11**	**263.68**	**49.84**
Charge for the year	6.42	2.33	0.38	21.00	30.13	**-**
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	**-**
As at 31 December 2023	**195.86**	**46.53**	**3.31**	**48.11**	**293.81**	**49.84**
Net carrying value						
Balance as at 31 March 2021	**41.05**	**585.38**	**3.22**	**-**	**629.65**	**38.54**
Balance as at 31 March 2022	**36.08**	**582.85**	**2.72**	**8.89**	**630.54**	**38.54**
Balance as at 31 March 2023	**24.50**	**579.70**	**2.22**	**36.48**	**642.90**	**38.54**
Balance as at 31 December 2022	**26.73**	**580.48**	**2.34**	**44.80**	**654.35**	**38.54**
Balance as at 31 December 2023	**18.08**	**593.46**	**1.84**	**15.48**	**628.86**	**38.54**

*"License fees" represents cost towards licenses acquired by the Group for its manufacturing units. Based on management estimate and conditions stipulated in the license document issued by the statutory authorities, the useful lives of certain licenses has been assessed to be indefinite for the said licenses of ₹ 583.61 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 567.52 million; 31 March 2023: ₹ 567.52 million; 31 March 2022: ₹ 567.52 million; 31 March 2021: ₹ 567.52 million)

8 Investments (non-current)

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Investment					
Investment in equity shares measured at fair value through profit and loss account					
Un-quoted, fully paid-up					
Sanguine New Media & Advisory Private Limited					
31 December 2023 - 2,941 (31 December 2022 - 2,941, 31 March 2023 - 2,941, 31 March 2022 - 2,941, 31 March 2021 - 2,941) equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Less : Provision for diminution in the value of investment	(2.00)	(2.00)	(2.00)	(2.00)	(2.00)
Shamrao Vithal Co-operative Bank Ltd(#)					
31 December 2023 - 100 (31 December 2022- 100, 31 March 2023 -100, 31 March 2022 - 100, 31 March 2021 - Nil) equity shares of ₹ 25 each fully paid up	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-
Saraswat Co-Operative Bank Limited					
31 December 2023 - 2,500 (31 December 2022 - 2,500, 31 March 2023 - 2,500, 31 March 2022 - 2,500, 31 March 2021 - 2,500) equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Jankalyan Sahkari Bank Limited (#)					
31 December 2023 - 10 (31 December 2022 - 10, 31 March 2023 - 10, 31 March 2022 - 10, 31 March 2021 - 10) equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sub-total (i)	**0.03**	**0.03**	**0.03**	**0.03**	**0.03**
Investment in government securities measured at amortized cost, unquoted					
National savings certificates	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Sub-total (ii)	**0.01**	**0.01**	**0.01**	**0.01**	**0.01**
Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures (CCD) measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (Refer note 46)					
Un-quoted, fully paid-up					
ABD Dwelling Private Limited					
31 December 2023 - Nil, (31 December 2022 - Nil, 31 March 2023 - Nil, 31 March 2022 - Nil ; 31 March 2021 - 20,805,000) CCD of ₹ 10 each fully paid up (Refer note 1 below)	-	-	-	-	208.04
Madanlal Estates Private Limited					
31 December 2023 - Nil, (31 December 2022 - Nil, 31 March 2023 - Nil, 31 March 2022 - Nil ; 31 March 2021 - 1,300,000) CCD of ₹ 10 each fully paid up (Refer note 1 below)	-	-	-	-	13.00
Sub-total (iii)	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**221.04**
Total (i+ii+iii)	**0.04**	**0.04**	**0.04**	**0.04**	**221.08**

Aggregate value of unquoted investments (net of impairment)	**0.04**	**0.04**	**0.04**	**0.04**	**221.08**
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	**2.00**	**2.00**	**2.00**	**2.00**	**2.00**

Amount less than ₹ 5000

Note 1: The Company has entered into a share purchase agreement (SPA) dated 15 July 2021 to acquire the entire shareholding of ABD Dwellings Private Limited and Madanlal Estates Private Limited, at their respective face value of ₹ 10 each for a consideration of ₹ 0.1 million and ₹ 0.1 million, respectively. Consequent to the said purchase, both these entities have become wholly owned subsidiaries w.e.f. 15 July 2021.

Note 2: Terms of 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCD):

(a) The CCD shall be unsecured

(b) The CCD shall have tenure of not exceeding 10 years

(c) Each CCD shall be convertible into such number of fully paid up equity shares of ₹ 10 each solely at the option of the Board of Directors of ABD Dwellings Private Limited and Madanlal Estates Private Limited. The holders of CCD shall not have any right to opt for conversion at any time during the period of maturity.

(d) The CCD do not themselves give to the holder thereof any rights of shareholders of the Company

(e) The new equity shares issued on conversion of CCD shall be in dematerialised or physical form and subject to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and shall rank pari-pasu in all respects with the existing issued and subscribed equity shares of the Company including rights towards dividend.

9 Loans (non-current)

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Unsecured (unless otherwise stated)					
Loans and advances to related parties (Refer note 46 and 59) :					
Loan to a director employee	-	-	-	-	13.07
Loans and advances to others					
Considered good	-	-	-	-	-
Credit impaired	9.43	9.43	9.43	9.43	9.43
Less : Provision for expected credit loss	(9.43)	(9.43)	(9.43)	(9.43)	(9.43)
Total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**13.07**

There are no loans receivable from Directors or other officers of the Group or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or loans receivables from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member other than those disclosed in note 46.

Note 9.1 Break up of loans and advances details :					
Loans receivables considered good - secured	-	-	-	-	-
Loans receivables considered good - unsecured	-	-	-	-	13.07
Loans receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-
Loans receivables - credit impaired	9.43	9.43	9.43	9.43	9.43

Note 9.2 Disclosure under Section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013					
Loan given to related parties during the year	-	-	-	-	13.07
Loan given to others during the year (credit impaired)	9.43	9.43	9.43	9.43	9.43

10 Other non-current financial assets

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Unsecured considered good (unless otherwise stated)					
Security deposits					
- Related party (Refer note 46)	-	-	-	2.10	2.10
- Others	74.54	83.39	93.83	65.07	70.99
- Credit impaired	8.17	5.37	5.37	5.37	-
Less : Provision for expected credit loss	(8.17)	(5.37)	(5.37)	(5.37)	-
Due from tie-up units	249.37	243.39	245.37	243.93	267.72
Bank deposits with more than 12 months maturity*	196.54	193.28	192.42	86.97	138.16
Less : Provision for doubtful deposits	(0.30)	(0.30)	(0.30)	(0.30)	(0.30)
	196.24	192.98	192.12	86.67	137.86
Total	**520.15**	**519.76**	**531.32**	**397.77**	**478.67**

* Fixed deposits shown above are kept under lien with various statutory authorities of ₹ 196.54 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 88.01 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 80.47 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 79.50 million, 31 March 2021: 91.39 million) and short term borrowings availed from banks of Nil (31 December 2022 ₹ 105.27 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 111.95 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 7.47 million, 31 March 2021:₹ 46.77 million).

Break up of security details :					
Security deposits considered good - secured	-	-	-	-	-
Security deposits considered good - unsecured	74.54	83.39	93.83	67.17	73.09
Security deposits which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-
Security deposits - credit impaired	8.17	5.37	5.37	5.37	-

11 Deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Deferred tax liabilities arising on account of:					
Property, Plant and equipment, Goodwill and Other intangible assets	66.05	102.40	101.47	94.53	92.43
Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost	27.39	10.19	9.05	17.48	22.41
Others	3.82	0.25	5.31	6.35	6.26
Total deferred tax liabilities (A)	**97.26**	**112.84**	**115.83**	**118.36**	**121.10**
Deferred tax asset arising on account of :					
MAT credit entitlement	-	6.82	-	36.25	74.22
Employee benefits	67.45	97.27	92.71	96.29	98.44
Provision for expected credit loss	108.86	128.82	127.53	122.13	85.54
Difference in book values and tax base values of ROU assets and lease liabilities	6.24	6.09	7.00	5.85	3.77
Compound financial instrument	-	-	-	6.86	-
Others	7.13	5.39	9.90	5.94	19.56
Total deferred tax assets (B)	**189.68**	**244.39**	**237.14**	**273.32**	**281.53**
Deferred tax assets (net) (B-A)	**92.42**	**131.55**	**121.31**	**154.96**	**160.43**

12 Non-current tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Advance income tax (Net of provision for tax of ₹ 586.82 million, 31 December 2022: ₹ 547.86 million, 31 March 2023: ₹ 577.56 million, 31 March 2022: ₹ 565.18 million, 31 March 2021: ₹ 534.49 million)	177.21	166.72	167.80	139.87	90.82
Total	**177.21**	**166.72**	**167.80**	**139.87**	**90.82**

13 Other non-current assets

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Unsecured					
Capital advances					
- Related party (Good) (Refer note 46)	-	-	-	-	1,110.00
- Others good	14.36	15.76	15.01	10.49	19.69
- Others credit impaired	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Less : Provision for doubtful advances	(2.00)	(2.00)	(2.00)	(2.00)	(2.00)
Prepayments	17.59	11.54	29.40	14.00	14.00
Balance with statutory authorities	132.54	124.98	127.61	127.15	107.90
Total	**164.49**	**152.28**	**172.02**	**151.64**	**1,251.59**

14 Inventories

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Raw materials					
Goods in transit	313.31	850.62	484.97	111.91	-
Others	2,002.80	1,191.55	1,778.55	602.65	943.61
Packing materials	707.57	898.61	789.69	621.38	540.72
Provision for reduction in value of raw materials and packing materials (net of write offs)	(90.62)	(117.73)	(120.93)	(61.77)	(94.47)
Finished goods	-				
Goods in transit	209.79	406.55	169.38	352.24	170.80
Others	1,599.36	1,982.00	2,132.91	1,586.24	1,624.19
Work-in-progress	292.23	299.43	255.35	256.82	217.92
Stock-in-trade	2.89	3.14	2.79	3.25	3.25
Stores, spares and consumables	125.14	83.63	99.12	52.22	52.09
Total	**5,162.47**	**5,597.80**	**5,591.83**	**3,524.94**	**3,458.11**

Allowance for obsolete inventories for the period / year amounting to ₹ 38.23 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 57.58 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 62.22 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 19.98 million, 31 March 2021: ₹ 14.07 million) has been recognised as an expense during the period/ year and is included in cost of materials consumed in the statement of profit and loss.

15 Trade receivables (current)

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Unsecured					
Trade receivables					
- Related party (Refer note 46)*	-	-	-	0.89	0.89
- Others good	12,698.72	10,459.54	9,576.14	9,539.42	8,670.81
- Others credit impaired	329.01	262.99	269.28	251.78	220.99
Less: Provision for expected credit loss	(329.01)	(262.99)	(269.28)	(251.78)	(223.40)
Total	**12,698.72**	**10,459.54**	**9,576.14**	**9,540.31**	**8,669.29**

*Private Companies in which Director of the Company is a Director till 31 March 2022.

Refer note number 57 for ageing of trade receivables.

There are no debts due by Directors or other officers of the Group or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or debts due by firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member other than those disclosed in note 46.

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and where the payment terms are 45 to 60 days

Trade receivables considered good - secured	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables considered good - unsecured	12,698.72	10,459.54	9,576.14	9,540.31	8,671.70
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables - credit impaired	329.01	262.99	269.28	251.78	220.99

16 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Cash on hand	8.48	16.17	9.63	9.90	16.82
Cheques, drafts on hand	173.87	-	133.33	-	-
Balances with banks					
in current accounts	110.97	213.04	129.72	183.51	414.37
in bank deposits (original maturity period less than 3 months)	2.86	2.77	2.77	3.29	3.70
Total	**296.18**	**231.98**	**275.45**	**196.70**	**434.89**

Note : There are no repatriation restrictions with respect to cash and bank balances held by the Group.

17 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
In bank deposits (original maturity period more than 3 months but less than 12 months)*	172.78	162.92	103.14	231.66	142.06
In bank deposits (original maturity period more than 12 months, but less than 12 months from reporting date)*	102.72	99.13	151.62	118.29	125.55
Total	**275.50**	**262.05**	**254.76**	**349.95**	**267.61**

* Fixed deposits shown above are kept under lien with various statutory authorities of ₹ 177.16 million (31 December 2022: ₹ 66.02 million, 31 March 2023: ₹ 74.47 million, 31 March 2022: ₹ 76.25 million, 31 March 2021: ₹ 91.29 million) and short term borrowings availed from banks of ₹ 98.34 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 196.03 million, 31 March 2023: ₹ 180.29 million, 31 March 2022: ₹ 273.70 million, 31 March 2021: ₹ 176.32 million).

18 Current Loans

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Loans to employees	1.67	0.70	0.77	0.49	1.48
Loan and advances to director employees (Related parties) (Refer note 46 and 59)	-	-	-	40.62	71.79
Total	**1.67**	**0.70**	**0.77**	**41.11**	**73.27**
Note 18.1 Break up of security details :					
Loans receivables considered good - secured	-	-	-	-	-
Loans receivables considered good - unsecured	1.67	0.70	0.77	41.11	73.27
Loans receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-
Loans receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-
Note 18.2 Disclosure under Section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013					
Loan given to director during the year	-	-	-	40.62	71.79
Loan given to others during the year	1.67	0.70	0.77	0.49	1.48

19 Other current financial assets

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated					
Security deposits	8.53	13.01	13.16	15.34	20.35
Due from tie-up units	111.61	80.06	85.64	71.01	159.34
Export entitlements receivables	140.63	86.33	117.28	89.07	112.34
Others	9.89	49.26	44.21	17.55	0.97
Total	**270.66**	**228.66**	**260.29**	**192.97**	**293.00**

20 Other current assets

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Advance to suppliers					
- Related party (Refer note 46)*	2.25	2.33	2.25	14.90	142.49
- Others good	300.51	349.18	183.11	185.08	149.65
- Others credit impaired	82.74	87.69	77.69	85.11	85.11
Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(82.74)	(87.69)	(77.69)	(85.11)	(85.11)
Balance with statutory authorities	211.27	187.32	180.34	38.79	159.42
Prepayments	351.78	306.32	496.18	448.13	438.00
Share issue expenses #	277.95	244.14	272.15	9.31	-
Other current assets					
Considered good	11.91	82.32	54.70	32.09	21.70
Credit impaired	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88
Less : Provision for expected credit loss	(0.88)	(0.88)	(0.88)	(0.88)	(0.88)
Total	**1,155.67**	**1,171.61**	**1,188.73**	**728.30**	**911.26**

*Private Company in which Director of the Company is a Director.

Represents expenses incurred by the Company in connection with proposed public offer of equity shares. In accordance with the Act and also as per the offer agreement entered between the Company and the selling shareholders, the selling shareholders shall reimburse the share issue expenses in proportion to the respective shares offered for sale, at the completion of the Initial Public Offer ('IPO'). Accordingly, the Company will partly recover the expenses incurred in connection with the issue on completion of IPO. The Company's share of expenses shall be adjusted against securities premium to the extent possible under Section 52 of the Act on successful completion of IPO. The entire amount has been carried forward and disclosed under 'Other current assets' since the amount which is receivable from the selling shareholders will be determinable on completion of the IPO.

During the current period, SEBI approval dated 16 December 2022 for Draft red herring prospectus filed on 28 June 2022 has been withdrawn on 08 December 2023. Accordingly ₹ 49.86 million have been charged to statement of profit & loss as exceptional items.

20A Assets and Liabilities classified as held for sale*

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Assets classified as held for sale					
Property, plant & equipment - Building	834.50	834.50	834.50	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Bank Balances	0.22	7.23	7.36	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Fixed Deposits	0.11	-	-	-	-
Others	0.20	0.18	0.01	-	-
Total	**835.03**	**841.91**	**841.87**	**-**	**-**
Liabilities classified as held for sale					
Indian rupee term loans from banks (Refer note 23.b.i)	-	64.65	44.80	-	-
Loan from director (Refer note 46)	1.60	0.86	0.96	-	-
Others	0.17	0.24	0.26	-	-
Total	**1.77**	**65.75**	**46.02**	**-**	**-**

* The Company had entered into two agreements for sale dated 15 June 2022, with Bina K Chhabria, Neesha Chhabria and Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev for sale of equity shares and compulsory convertible debentures at their face value which is representative of fair value as at agreement date of ABD Dwellings Private Limited and Madanlal Estate Private Limited, on such terms and conditions as mutually stipulated within parties under the respective agreements. The sale were to take place on or before the expiry of three months from the date of the listing of the equity shares of the Company on the stock exchanges which was expected to take place before the close of the next financial year. On 15 March 2024, subsequent to balance sheet date, the Company has terminated the above agreements with immediate effect.

However, in the event of a disposal arising at any time in the future, the Company has received an undertaking (which would be operative as per the provisions of law prevailing at that point of time) from a promoter director confirming his willingness to compensate the Company for shortfall, if any, in the carrying value as compared with its recoverable value. Such undertaking would enable the Company to safeguard the carrying value of these assets from impairment, if any, in the future.

Since the aforesaid agreement was in force as at the reporting date, these disclosures have been continued as per the requirements of Ind AS 105 - 'Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.

21 Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Authorised share capital					
Equity shares					
362,150,000 (31 December 2022 - 362,150,000, 31 March 2023 - 362,150,000, 31 March 2022 - 362,150,000, 31 March 2021 - 327,150,000) equity shares of ₹ 2 each	724.30	724.30	724.30	724.30	654.30
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up					
Equity shares					
244,113,665 (31 December 2022 - 244,113,665 31 March 2023 - 244,113,665, 31 March 2022 - 235,566,665, 31 March 2021 - 235,566,665) equity shares of ₹ 2 each	488.23	488.23	488.23	471.13	471.13
Total	**488.23**	**488.23**	**488.23**	**471.13**	**471.13**

Equity component of non-cumulative convertible preference shares

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Authorised share capital					
Non-cumulative convertible preference shares (NCCPS) (Equity component)					
Nil (31 Decemher 2022 Nil, 31 March 2023 Nil, 31 March 2022 Nil, 31 March 2021 - 7,000,000) 0.01% Non-cumulative convertible preference shares (NCCPS) of ₹ 10 each	-	-	-	-	70.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up					
Non-cumulative convertible preference shares (NCCPS) (Equity component)					
Nil (31 December 2022 Nil, 31 March 2023 Nil, 31 March 2022 Nil, 31 March 2021 - 6,818,180) 0.01% Non-cumulative convertible preference shares (NCCPS) of ₹ 10 each	-	-	-	-	68.18
Total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**68.18**

(a) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023		As at 31 December 2022		As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
(i) Equity shares	**No. of shares**	**Amount**	**No. of shares**	**Amount**	**No. of shares**	**Amount**	**No. of shares**	**Amount**	**No. of shares**	**Amount**
Balance as at the beginning of the year	24,41,13,665	488.23	23,55,66,665	471.13	23,55,66,665	471.13	23,55,66,665	471.13	23,55,66,665	471.13
Add: Shares issued on conversion of CCD (Refer Note 66)	-	-	85,47,000	17.10	85,47,000	17.10	-	-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the end of the year/ period	24,41,13,665	488.23	24,41,13,665	488.23	24,41,13,665	488.23	23,55,66,665	471.13	23,55,66,665	471.13

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023		As at 31 December 2022		As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
(ii) Non-cumulative convertible preference shares (NCCPS)	**No. of shares**	**Amount**	**No. of shares**	**Amount**	**No. of shares**	**Amount**	**No. of shares**	**Amount**	**No. of shares**	**Amount**
Balance as at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,18,180	68.18	68,18,180	68.18
Less: Shares redeemed	-	-	-	-	-	-	(68,18,180)	(68.18)	-	-
Balance outstanding at the end of the period/year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**68,18,180**	**68.18**

(b) Shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023		As at 31 December 2022		As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	No. of shares (of ₹ 2 each)	**% of holding**	**No. of shares (of ₹ 2 each)**	**% of holding**	**No. of shares (of ₹ 2 each)**	**% of holding**	**No. of shares (of ₹ 2 each)**	**% of holding**	**No. of shares (of ₹ 2 each)**	**% of holding**
(i) Equity shares										
Bina K Chhabria	12,74,28,650	52.20%	12,74,28,650	52.20%	12,74,28,650	52.20%	11,74,28,650	49.85%	11,74,28,650	49.85%
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	5,87,14,320	24.05%	5,87,14,320	24.05%	5,87,14,320	24.05%	5,87,14,320	24.92%	5,87,14,320	24.92%
Neesha Chhabria	4,87,14,320	19.96%	4,87,14,320	19.96%	4,87,14,320	19.96%	5,87,14,320	24.92%	5,87,14,320	24.92%
Total	**23,48,57,290**	**96.21%**	**23,48,57,290**	**96.21%**	**23,48,57,290**	**96.21%**	**23,48,57,290**	**99.69%**	**23,48,57,290**	**99.69%**

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023		As at 31 December 2022		As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	No. of shares (of ₹10 each)	**% of holding**	**No. of shares (of ₹10 each)**	**% of holding**	**No. of shares (of ₹10 each)**	**% of holding**	**No. of shares (of ₹10 each)**	**% of holding**	**No. of shares (of ₹10 each)**	**% of holding**
(ii) Non-cumulative convertible preference shares (NCCPS)										
Ashoka Liquors Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	68,18,180	100.00%
Total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**68,18,180**	**100.00%**

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

(c) Details of equity shares held by promoters

As at 31 December 2023

Particulars	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the period	Change during the period	No. of shares at the end of the period	% of Total Shares	% change during the period
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Bina K Chhabria	12,74,28,650	-	12,74,28,650	52.20%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	5,87,14,320	-	5,87,14,320	24.05%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Neesha K Chhabria	4,87,14,320	-	4,87,14,320	19.96%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	1,41,094	-	1,41,094	0.06%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Oriental Radios Private Limited	91,13,665	-	91,13,665	3.73%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	1,615	-	1,615	0.00%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	1	-	1	0.00%	0.00%
Total		**24,41,13,665**	**0**	**24,41,13,665**	**100%**	

As at 31 December 2022

Particulars	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the period	Change during the period	No. of shares at the end of the period	% of Total Shares	% change during the period
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Bina K Chhabria	11,74,28,650	1,00,00,000	12,74,28,650	52.20%	9%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	5,87,14,320	-	5,87,14,320	24.05%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Neesha K Chhabria	5,87,14,320	(1,00,00,000)	4,87,14,320	19.96%	-17.03%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	1,41,095	(1)	1,41,094	0.06%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Oriental Radios Private Limited	5,66,665	85,47,000	91,13,665	3.73%	1508.30%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	1,615	-	1,615	0.00%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	0	1	1	0.00%	100.00%
Total		**23,55,66,665**	**85,47,000**	**24,41,13,665**	**100%**	

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Bina K Chhabria	11,74,28,650	1,00,00,000	12,74,28,650	52.20%	8.52%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid*	Mrs. Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	5,87,14,320	-	5,87,14,320	24.05%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Neesha K Chhabria	5,87,14,320	(1,00,00,000)	4,87,14,320	19.96%	-17.03%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid#	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	1,41,095	(1)	1,41,094	0.06%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Oriental Radios Private Limited	5,66,665	85,47,000	91,13,665	3.73%	1508.30%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	1,615	-	1,615	0.00%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	BKC Enterprises Private Limited	-	1	1	0.00%	100.00%
Total		**23,55,66,665**	**85,47,000**	**24,41,13,665**	**100%**	

As at 31 March 2022

Particulars	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Bina K Chhabria	11,74,28,650	-	11,74,28,650	49.86%	-
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	5,87,14,320	-	5,87,14,320	24.92%	-
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Neesha K Chhabria	5,87,14,320	-	5,87,14,320	24.92%	-
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	1,41,095	-	1,41,095	0.06%	-
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Oriental Radios Private Limited	5,66,665	-	5,66,665	0.24%	-
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	1,615	-	1,615	0.00%	-
Total		**23,55,66,665**	**-**	**23,55,66,665**	**100%**	

As at 31 March 2021

Particulars	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the period	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Bina K Chhabria	11,62,75,400	11,53,250	11,74,28,650	49.86%	0.99%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	5,81,37,695	5,76,625	5,87,14,320	24.92%	0.99%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mrs. Neesha K Chhabria	5,81,37,695	5,76,625	5,87,14,320	24.92%	0.99%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited	1,41,095	-	1,41,095	0.06%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Oriental Radios Private Limited	5,66,665	-	5,66,665	0.24%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited	1,615	-	1,615	0.00%	0.00%
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid	Mr Deepak Roy	23,06,500	(23,06,500)	-	0.00%	-100.00%
Total		**23,55,66,665**	**-**	**23,55,66,665**	**100%**	

(d) Details of preference shares held by promoters

As at 31 December 2023

Particulars	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the period	Change during the period	No. of shares at the end of the period	% of Total Shares	% change during the period
0.01% Non-cumulative convertible preference shares (NCCPS) of ₹ 10 each	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-			-	-

As at 31 December 2022

Particulars	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the period	Change during the period	No. of shares at the end of the period	% of Total Shares	% change during the period
0.01% Non-cumulative convertible preference shares (NCCPS) of ₹ 10 each	-	-			-	-
Total	-	-			-	-

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
0.01% Non-cumulative convertible preference shares (NCCPS) of ₹ 10 each	-	-			-	-
Total	-	-			-	-

As at 31 March 2022

Particulars	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
0.01% Non-cumulative convertible preference shares (NCCPS) of ₹ 10 each	Ashoka Liquors Private Limited	68,18,180	(68,18,180)	-	-	(100%)
Total		**68,18,180**	**(68,18,180)**	**-**	**-**	

As at 31 March 2021

Particulars	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the period	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
0.01% Non-cumulative convertible preference shares (NCCPS) of ₹ 10 each	Ashoka Liquors Private Limited	68,18,180	-	68,18,180	100%	0%
Total		**68,18,180**	**-**	**68,18,180.00**	**100%**	

(e) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to each class of shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹2 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in the case of interim dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of fully paid-up equity shares held by the shareholders.

(f) The Company has not issued any equity shares as fully paid-up for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date (31 December 2023).

(g) There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestments.

(h) During the year ended March 2019, equity shares of face value Rs. 10 each were sub divided into 5 shares of Rs. 2 each.

(i) There are no bonus shares issued, or shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date i.e. 31 December 2023

(j) Terms of NCCPS of ₹ 10 each fully paid-up :

In June 2019, the Company received ₹ 750 million towards allotment of share capital against which, the Company issued 6,818,180 0.01% non-cumulative, convertible preference shares (NCCPS) of ₹10 each fully paid-up at a premium of ₹ 100 per share on 4 July 2019.

The preferential dividend shall be non-cumulative, and accordingly, if and to the extent that the profits available for distribution are not sufficient to pay the full amount (or any part thereof) of the preferential dividend due for payment in any financial year, then the investor(s) shall not have the right to receive the unpaid preferential dividend in the future financial years.

NCCPS shall be entitled to receive dividend (if any declared by the Company) or repayment of capital in priority to any payment of dividend or repayment of capital to the holders of any other class of shares.

Each NCCPS will be convertible into one fully paid-up equity shares of ₹ 2 each in the paid-up share capital of the Company solely at the option of the Board of Directors of the Company. The holders of NCCPS shall not have any right to opt for conversion at any time during the period of maturity.

If the NCCPS are not converted into equity shares, each NCCPS will be redeemed at such price and at the option of the Company after the expiry of 20 years from the date of allotment.

Terms and conditions of NCCPS may be varied by the Company subject to the mutual agreement of both parties and as per applicable laws

NCCPS shall be redeemed only out of the profits of the Company which would otherwise be available for dividends or out of proceeds of fresh issue of preference shares made for the purpose of redemption.

The Company in its preference shareholder meeting dated 7 July 2021 has changed the terms of NCCPS. Thereafter the NCCPS has been redeemed on 8 July 2021.

22 Other equity

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Capital reserve	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
Securities premium	2,038.50	2,038.50	2,038.50	1,102.78	1,784.60
General reserve	482.30	482.30	482.30	482.30	550.48
Capital redemption reserve	68.18	68.18	68.18	68.18	-
Equity component of compound financial instrument(Refer Note 67)	-	-	-	952.82	-
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss (retained earnings)	1,015.27	993.55	983.70	963.69	943.35
Total	**3,604.33**	**3,582.61**	**3,572.76**	**3,569.85**	**3,278.51**

Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Capital reserve
Capital reserve represents capital surplus. The reserve is not for any specific purpose but the utilisation will be in accordance with provisions of Companies Act 2013.

(ii) Securities premium
Securities premium represents the premium received on the issue of shares. The reserve is to be utilised in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

(iii) General reserve
General reserve is created by way of transfer of profits from retained earnings for appropriation purpose. This reserve is a distributable reserve.

(iv) Capital redemption reserve
The reserve is created by way of transfer of profits from general reserve on account of redemption of non-cumulative convertible preference shares. This reserve will be utilised as per the provision of Companies Act, 2013.

(v) Equity component of compound financial instrument
This represents the equity portion of compulsory convertible debentures issued to Oriental Radios Private Limited

(vi) Surplus in the statement of profit and loss
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss pertain to the accumulated earnings made by the Group over the years.

Change in balance of capital reserve

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
Balance at the end of the year	**0.08**	**0.08**	**0.08**	**0.08**	**0.08**

Change in balance of securities premium

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,038.50	1,102.78	1,102.78	1,784.60	1,784.60
Utilised for redemption of preference shares	-	-	-	(681.82)	-
Issue of equity shares on conversion of CCD	-	935.72	935.72	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	**2,038.50**	**2,038.50**	**2,038.50**	**1,102.78**	**1,784.60**

Change in balance of general reserve

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	482.30	482.30	482.30	550.48	550.48
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	-	-	-	(68.18)	-
Balance at the end of the year	**482.30**	**482.30**	**482.30**	**482.30**	**550.48**

Change in balance of capital redemption reserve

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	68.18	68.18	68.18	-	-
Transfer from General reserve	-	-	-	68.18	-
Balance at the end of the year	**68.18**	**68.18**	**68.18**	**68.18**	**-**

Change in balance of equity component of compound financial instrument

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	952.82	952.82	-	-
Created during the year on issue of CCD	-	-	-	952.82	-
Issue of equity shares on conversion of CCD (Refer Note 66)	-	(952.82)	(952.82)	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**952.82**	**-**

Surplus in the statement of profit and loss

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year (profit and loss)	983.70	963.69	963.69	943.35	921.72
Add: Profit for the year	42.29	28.81	16.01	14.76	25.08
Actuarial gains on defined benefit obligations (net of tax)	(10.72)	1.05	4.00	5.58	(3.45)
Balance at the end of the year	**1,015.27**	**993.55**	**983.70**	**963.69**	**943.35**

23 Borrowings (non-current)

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Terms loans, Secured					
Vehicle loans from banks (Refer note a)	46.48	-	-	0.82	10.35
Indian rupee term loans from banks (Refer note b.i)	1,150.23	834.62	769.82	1,116.91	1,057.80
Indian rupee term loans from financial institutions (Refer note b.ii)	751.84	647.91	616.82	739.51	868.93
Foreign currency term loans from banks (Refer note b.iii)	-	-	-	26.60	77.24
Total	**1,948.55**	**1,482.53**	**1,386.64**	**1,883.84**	**2,014.32**

Nature of securities and terms of repayment

a) The vehicle loans from banks and others are secured against specific vehicles. The loans are repayable in monthly instalments ranging 31 December 2023: ₹ 0.17 million to ₹ 0.83 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 0.17 million to ₹ 0.31 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 0.17 million to ₹ 0.95 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 0.17 million to ₹ 0.95 million, 31 March 2021 - ₹ 0.17 million to ₹ 0.95 million) the last instalment being due in July 2028. The rate of interest on these loans varies between 31 December 2023: 8.50% (31 December 2022 8.79% to 9.17% p.a., 31 March 2023 8.79% to 9.00% p.a., 31 March 2022 8.39% to 9.17% p.a., 31 March 2021 - 8.39% to 9.17% p.a.)

b) Details of repayment, rate of interest and security for loans from bank and financial institutions including current maturities :

	Name of the Lender/ Nature of securities	Rate of Interest	Terms of Repayment	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(i)	**Indian rupee term loans from banks**							
	Lakshmi Vilas Bank Limited : (1) First pari-passu charge on the entire movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company (both present and future) on pari-passu basis other than those exclusively charged along with existing lenders. (2) Second pari-passu charge on the entire current assets of the Company including stock and book debts.	1.45% above base rate Effective rate of interest 31 December 2023: NA (31 December 2022: NA, 31 March 2023: NA., 31 March 2022: 11.45% p.a., 31 March 2021: 12.5% p.a.)	Repaid in August 2022	-	-	-	171.05	341.74
	South Indian Bank Limited : **Primary Securities:** (1) First pari passu charge on the entire movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company (both present and future) other than exclusively charged along with existing lenders; (2) First pari passu charge on property in the name of M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited (Refer note 46); (3) Second pari-passu charge on entire current assets of the Company; and (4) Corporate guarantee of M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited. (Refer note 46)	2.80% spread over and above 12 month MCLR. 31 December 2023 12.20% p.a (31 December 2022: 10.95% p.a., 31 March 2023: 12.20% p.a., 31 March 2022: 10.95% p.a., 31 March 2021: 11.7% p.a.)	1 quarterly instalments of ₹ 20.72 million and 1 quarterly instalment of Rs 20.69 million till April 2024	41.41	124.24	103.55	186.26	268.86
	Yes Bank Limited : (1) First pari-passu charge on the entire movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company (both present and future) other than exclusively charged along with existing lenders; (2) Second pari-passu charge on entire current assets of the Company; and (3) Corporate guarantee of M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited (Refer note 46).	Effective rate of interest as on 31 December 2023: NA (31 December 2022: NA, 31 March 2023: NA, 31 March 2022: NA, 31 March 2021: 11.95% p.a.)	Repaid in November 2021	-	-	-	-	223.65
	IndusInd Bank Limited: (1) First pari passu charge on the entire movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company (both present and future) other than exclusively charged along with existing lenders; and ; (2) Second pari-passu charge on entire current assets of the Company both present and future including	1.00% spread over and above 1 year MCLR - 31 December 2023: NA (31 December 2022: NA, 31 March 2023: NA, 31 March 2022: 8.9% p.a., 31 March 2021: 9.25 % - 9.35% p.a.)	Repaid in May 2022	-	-	-	13.33	92.39
		1.00% spread over and above 1 year MCLR - 31 December 2023: NA (31 December 2022: 9.85% p.a., 31 March 2023: 9.85% p.a., 31 March 2022: 8.9% p.a., 31 March 2021: 9.25 % - 9.35% p.a.)	Repaid in June 2023.	-	77.45	34.40	204.99	372.45
		1.00% spread over and above 1 year MCLR - 31 December 2023: NA (31 December 2022: 10.45% p.a., 31 March 2023: 10.45% p.a., 31 March 2022: 8.9% p.a., 31 March 2021: NA)	Repaid in July 2023.	-	236.41	221.85	279.87	-
		Effective Rate of Interest 31 December 2023: 8.80% p.a. (31 December 2022: NA, 31 March 2023: NA, 31 March 2022: NA, 31 March 2021: NA)	19 quarterly instalment till July 2028 ranging from Rs. 15 million to 60 million.	505.86	-	-	-	-
	IndusInd Bank Limited: (1) Exclusive charge on commercial property located at Ashford Centre, Floor No. 3, 4, 7 Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel (west) Mumbai-400013	Effective Rate of Interest 31 December 2023: 8.80% p.a. (31 December 2022: NA, 31 March 2023: NA, 31 March 2022: NA, 31 March 2021: NA)	19 quarterly instalment till July 2028 ranging from Rs. 12.5 million to 50 million.	474.95	-	-	-	-
	SVC Co-operative Bank Ltd. : 1.First pari passu charge on the entire movable (except vehicles) and immovable fixed assets (both present and future) other than exclusively charged along with existing lenders. Fair value of immovable and movable fixed assets should not be less than Rs. 4354.20 million 2. Second pari passu charge with existing term lenders on current assets. (First charge on current assets is with working capital bankers. Second charge would be ceded on reciprocal basis, in line with the existing security structure.)	-8.30% spread over PLR. Effective Rate of Interest 31 December 2023: 12.40% p.a., (31 December 2022 is 11.65% p.a, 31 March 2023: 12.15% p.a., 31 March 2022: 9.75% p.a., 31 March 2021: 9.75% p.a.)	44 monthly instalments of ₹ 8.33 million till August 2027	369.85	462.89	438.27	495.00	493.24

	Name of the Lender/ Nature of securities	Rate of Interest	Terms of Repayment	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
	Karur Vysya Bank Ltd (KVB) : Exclusive charge on commercial property located at Ashford Centre, Floor No. 3,4,7 Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel	0.75% over and above the MCL rate of the bank, Effective rate 31 December 2023: NA (31 December 2022: 9.25% p.a., 31 March 2023: 9.25% p.a., 31 March 2022: 9% p.a., 31 March 2021: NA)	Repaid in August 2023	-	276.80	271.93	291.27	-
	Standard Chartered Bank: Equitable mortgage of premises owned by ABD Dwelling Private Limited	Rate of interest 31 December 2023 NA% p.a. (31 December 2022: 7% p.a., 31 March 2023: 9.15% p.a., 31 March 2022: 7.00% p.a., 31 March 2021: NA)	Repaid in September 2023	-	64.65	44.80	121.92	-
(ii)	**Indian rupee term loans from financial institutions**							
	Aditya Birla Finance Limited (ABFL) : Exclusive charge on commercial property located at Ashford Centre, Floor No. 1 and 2 Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel First pari passu charge on the entire fixed assets other than exclusively charged along with existing lenders.	Long Term Reference Rate of ABFL(LTRR) + Spread. LTRR at present i.e. 17.85%. Spread at present is - 5.85%. Effective rate of interest as on 31 December 2023: 12.00% p.a. (31 December 2022 11.05% p.a., 31 March 2023: 11.40% p.a., 31 March 2022: 9.25% p.a., 31 March 2021: 11.25% p.a.)	26 equated monthly instalments of ₹ 10.79 million till 15 February 2026 and 2 additional monthly instalments of ₹ 31.39 million in aggregate till 15 April 2026.	275.34	366.64	344.72	431.58	511.07
	Aditya Birla Finance Limited (ABFL) : Exclusive charge at Industrial Property spread across land area of 6.73 acres owned by Ashoka Liquors Private Limited. (Refer note 46)	Long Term Reference Rate of ABFL(LTRR) + Spread. LTRR at present i.e. 17.85%. Spread at present is - 5.85%. Effective rate of interest as on 31 December 2023: 12.00 % p.a. (31 December 2022: 11.05% p.a., 31 March 2023: 11.40% p.a., 31 March 2022: 9.25% p.a., 31 March 2021: 11.70% p.a.)	80 equated monthly instalments of ₹ 6.83 million till 15 August 2030 and 4 additional monthly instalments of ₹ 16.73 million in aggregate till 15 Sept 2030.	385.71	418.51	410.44	444.13	468.81
	Aditya Birla Finance Limited (ABFL) : Exclusive charge on commercial property located at Ashford Centre, Floor No. 1 and 2 Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel First pari passu charge on the entire fixed assets other than exclusively charged along with existing lenders.	Long Term Reference Rate of ABFL(LTRR) + Spread. LTRR at present is 20.25%. Spread at present is - 9.45%. Effective rate of interest as on 31 December 2023: 10.80% p.a. (31 March 2023: NA)	57 equated monthly instalments of ₹ 6.32 million till 15 September 2028.	281.44	-	-	-	-
(iii)	**Foreign currency term loans from banks**							
	Axis Bank Limited : (1) First pari passu charge on the entire movable and immovable fixed assets (both present and future) other than exclusively charged along with existing lenders; (2) Second pari-passu charge on entire current assets of the Company ; and (3) Personal guarantee of Mr. Kishore Chhabria (Refer note 46)	LIBOR+4.75%, 31 December 2023: NA, (31 December 2022: 7.63% p.a., 31 March 2023: 9.90% p.a., 31 March 2022: 5.09% p.a., 31 March 2021: 5.01% p.a.)	Repaid in September 2023	-	44.65	29.14	80.30	129.52
	Total			**2,334.56**	**2,072.24**	**1,899.10**	**2,719.70**	**2,901.73**

Note : First charge on current assets is with working capital bankers. Second charge would be ceded on reciprocal basis, in line with the existing security structure.

(c) **Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities**

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Cash and cash equivalents	296.18	239.21	275.45	196.70	434.89
Lease liabilities	113.75	173.11	164.01	158.94	198.01
Non-current borrowings (including current maturities)	2,404.18	2,075.13	1,900.89	2,729.65	2,927.62
Current borrowings	5,576.96	5,845.35	5,907.34	5,739.47	6,619.78

Particulars	Cash and cash equivalents	Lease liabilities	Non-current borrowings (including current maturities)	Current borrowings	Liability component of compound financial instrument	Others#	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2020	**722.82**	**188.15**	**3,202.62**	**7,119.68**	**-**	**-**	**9,787.63**
Cash flows (net)	(287.93)	-	-	-	-	-	287.93
Addition of lease liabilities	-	59.79	-	-	-	-	59.79
Repayment of lease liabilities	-	(71.75)	-	-	-	-	(71.75)
Proceeds/repayment of borrowings (net)	-	-	(241.07)	(499.90)	-	-	(740.97)
Finance costs	-	21.82	337.58	805.29	-	250.41	1,415.10
Finance costs paid	-	-	(371.51)	(805.29)	-	(250.41)	(1,427.21)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	**434.89**	**198.01**	**2,927.62**	**6,619.78**	**-**	**-**	**9,310.52**
Cash flows (net)	(448.76)	-	-	-	-	-	448.76
On account of acquisition of subsidiary	210.57	-	190.40	-	-	-	(20.17)
Unrealised gain	-	-	(3.94)	-	-	-	(3.94)
Proceeds/repayment of borrowings (net)	-	-	(384.38)	(899.46)	-	-	(1,283.84)
Deletion of lease liabilities	-	(45.56)	-	-	-	-	(45.56)
Addition of lease liabilities	-	25.78	-	-	-	-	25.78
Repayment of lease liabilities	-	(39.25)	-	-	-	-	(39.25)
Liability component of compound financial instrument	-	-	-	-	72.74	-	72.74
Reclassification	-	-	-	19.15	(19.15)	-	-
Finance costs	-	19.96	326.37	754.96	4.85	344.79	1,450.93
Finance costs paid	-	-	(326.42)	(754.96)	(58.44)	(344.79)	(1,484.61)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	**196.70**	**158.94**	**2,729.65**	**5,739.47**	**-**	**-**	**8,431.36**
Cash flows (net)	86.11	-	-	-	-	-	(86.11)
Cash and cash equivalent classified as held for sale	(7.36)	-	-	-	-	-	7.36
Unrealised gain	-	-	(7.97)	-	-	-	(7.97)
Proceeds/repayment of borrowings (net)	-	-	(820.80)	187.02	-	-	(633.78)
Deletion of lease liabilities		(2.82)					(2.82)
Addition of lease liabilities	-	33.74	-	-	-	-	33.74
Repayment of lease liabilities		(43.38)					(43.38)
Finance costs	-	17.53	268.07	659.55	-	404.57	1,349.72
Finance costs paid	-	-	(268.07)	(678.70)	-	(404.57)	(1,351.34)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	**275.45**	**164.01**	**1,900.89**	**5,907.34**	**-**	**-**	**7,696.79**

For the interim period reported

Balance as at 1 April 2022	**196.70**	**158.94**	**2,729.65**	**5,739.47**	**-**	**-**	**8,431.36**
Cash flows (net)	49.74	-	-	-	-	-	(49.74)
Classified as held for sale	(7.23)	-	-	-	-	-	7.23
Unrealised gain	-	-	(2.50)	(8.09)			(10.59)
Proceeds/repayment of borrowings (net)	-	-	(652.02)	113.97	-	-	(538.05)
Addition of lease liabilities	-	33.74	-	-	-	-	33.74
Repayment of lease liabilities	-	(32.38)	-	-	-	-	(32.38)
Finance costs	-	12.81	205.93	473.90	-	290.33	982.97
Finance costs paid	-	-	(205.93)	(473.90)	-	(290.33)	(970.16)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	**239.21**	**173.11**	**2,075.13**	**5,845.35**	**-**	**-**	**7,854.38**
Balance as at 1 April 2023	**275.45**	**164.01**	**1,900.89**	**5,907.34**	**-**	**-**	**7,696.79**
Cash flows (net)	21.06	-	-	-	-	-	(21.06)
Classified as held for sale	(0.33)	-	0.65	(0.65)	-	-	0.33
Proceeds/repayment of borrowings (net)	-	-	502.64	(329.73)	-	-	172.91
Addition of lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	-	(30.52)	-	-	-	-	(30.52)
Adjustment of lease liabilities	-	(30.91)	-	-	-	-	(30.91)
Finance costs	-	11.17	207.36	621.39	-	439.40	1,279.32
Finance costs paid	-	-	(207.36)	(621.39)	-	(439.40)	(1,268.15)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	**296.18**	**113.75**	**2,404.18**	**5,576.96**	**-**	**-**	**7,798.71**

Represents liabilities other than borrowings / leases for which the Group has incurred finance costs.

24 Lease liabilities (non-current)

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Lease obligation (Refer note 54)	113.75	173.11	164.01	158.94	198.01
Less: Current maturities of lease obligation	(31.38)	(28.74)	(30.60)	(20.67)	(27.42)
Total	**82.37**	**144.37**	**133.41**	**138.27**	**170.59**

25 Provisions (non-current)

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Provision for employee benefits					
Gratuity (Refer note 47)	109.41	93.29	97.65	92.24	90.42
Superannuation (Refer note 47)	33.13	32.99	33.88	31.40	35.75
Total	**142.54**	**126.28**	**131.53**	**123.64**	**126.17**

26 Current borrowings

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Secured					
Cash credit/working capital demand loan from banks (repayable on demand) (Refer note (a)(i))	2,411.22	2,674.92	2,672.48	2,550.46	3,341.11
Bill discounting (repayable on demand) (Refer note (a)(ii))	2,820.79	2,908.85	2,991.83	2,451.54	3,058.47
Current maturities of long-term debts	432.49	525.06	467.66	836.68	897.77
Current maturities of vehicle loans from banks	21.54	2.03	0.83	9.14	15.53
Unsecured					
From other corporates	37.99	37.99	37.99	37.99	37.99
Cash credit/working capital demand loan from banks (repayable on demand)	273.71	198.26	179.71	503.38	181.38
From related party (Director) (repayable on demand) (Refer note 46)	25.00	25.00	25.00	176.33	-
From related party (Refer note 46)					
Liability component of compound financial instrument (Refer note 46 and 66)	-	-	-	19.15	-
Others corporate (Refer note 46)	8.25	0.33	0.33	0.61	0.82
Total	**6,030.99**	**6,372.44**	**6,375.83**	**6,585.28**	**7,533.07**

a) Details of security for loans :

	Name of the Bank	Nature of securities	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(i)	**Cash credit/working capital demand loan from banks (repayable on demand)**						
	Axis Bank Limited	Primary - First pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets, other than exclusively charged to other lenders. Collateral - (i) First pari passu charge on property in the name of M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited; (ii) Second pari passu charge on all movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company present and future except assets which are exclusively charged to term loan lenders; Corporate guarantee - M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited (Refer note 46).	372.86	460.32	462.34	422.81	617.47
	State Bank of India	Primary - First pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets, other than exclusively charged to other lenders. Collateral - (i) First pari passu charge on property in the name of M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited; (ii) Second pari passu charge on fixed assets or mortgaged properties of the Company present and future except building / vehicle which are exclusively charged to other lenders. Corporate guarantee - M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited (Refer note 46).	610.31	793.98	775.00	642.33	804.73
	Yes Bank Limited	(i) First pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets, other than exclusively charged to other lenders. (ii) Second pari passu charge on all movable fixed assets of the Company present and future except assets which are exclusively charged to term loan lenders. (iii) Extension of second pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage over the factory, land and building and other immovable assets of the company located at plot no. 5,6,7 and 7A, MIDC, Industrial Area, Aurangabad. (iv) Extension of first pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage over the factory, land and building and other immovable assets belonging to M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited. (v) Corporate guarantee of M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited (Refer note 46).	244.32	237.63	242.93	332.53	521.54
	South Indian Bank Limited	Primary - First pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets, other than exclusively charged to other lenders. Collateral - (i) First pari passu charge on property in the name of M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited; (ii) Second pari passu charge on all immovable fixed asset of the Company excluding exclusively charged to other lenders. Corporate guarantee - M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited (Refer note 46).	441.19	434.61	438.73	449.21	450.12
	Rabo Bank	(i) First pari passu charge by way of hypothecation of all present and future current assets, other than exclusively charged to other lenders.; (ii) Second pari passu charge on all immovable fixed assets, present and future of the Company, excluding exclusively charged to other lenders.	-	-	-	197.27	494.25

	Name of the Bank	Nature of securities	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
	Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Primary - First pari passu charge on entire current assets of the Company, other than exclusively charged to other lenders. Collateral - (i) Second hypothecation charge on pari passu basis on all movable and immovable assets of the Company (except vehicle, freehold land of Ambala and office premises); (ii) Second Pari passu charge on factory land and building of M/s Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited. Corporate guarantee - M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited (Refer note 46).	397.03	391.81	394.70	399.60	394.00
	SVC Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Secured against fixed deposit	-	6.68	8.88	6.71	8.25
	IndusInd Bank Limited	Primary - First pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets, other than exclusively charged to other lenders. Collateral - (i) First pari passu charge on property in the name of M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited; (ii) Second pari passu charge on all immovable fixed asset of the Company excluding exclusively charged to other lenders.	-	-	100.00	-	
	CSB - Catholic Syrian Bank	Primary - First pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets, other than exclusively charged to other lenders. Collateral - (i) First pari passu charge on property in the name of M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited; (ii) Second pari passu charge on all immovable fixed asset of the Company excluding exclusively charged to other lenders. Corporate guarantee - M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited (Refer note 46).	345.51	349.89	349.90	-	-
	Punjab National Bank	Secured against fixed deposit	-	-	-	-	50.75
	Sub-total (A)		**2,411.22**	**2,674.92**	**2,672.48**	**2,550.46**	**3,341.11**
(ii)	**Bill discounting (repayable on demand)**						
	IDFC First Bank	Primary - Exclusive charge over Telangana State Beverage Corporation Ltd. (TSBCL) cash flows. Collateral - Second pari passu charge on immovable assets excluding exclusively charged to other lenders of the Company. Corporate guarantee - M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited (Refer note 46).	2,269.46	2,251.65	2,329.91	1,797.72	1,476.09
	IndusInd Bank Limited	Book debts: Sales Invoice Discount Receivables Exclusive Charge over receivable of Andhra Pradesh Beverages Corporation Limited and Rajasthan State Beverages Corporation Limited to the extent of 1.1x	551.33	657.20	661.92	653.82	634.01
	Yes Bank Limited	(i) First pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets. (ii) Second pari passu charge on all movable fixed assets of the Company present and future except assets which are exclusively charged to term loan lenders. (iii) Extension of first pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage over the factory, land and building and other immovable assets belonging to M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited. (iv) Corporate guarantee of M/s Tracstar Distillers Private Limited (Refer note 46).	-	-	-	-	948.37
	Sub-total (B)		**2,820.79**	**2,908.85**	**2,991.83**	**2,451.54**	**3,058.47**
	Total (A+B)		**5,232.01**	**5,583.77**	**5,664.31**	**5,002.00**	**6,399.58**

Note : First charge on current assets is with working capital bankers. Second charge would be ceded on reciprocal basis, in line with the existing security structure.

27 Current lease liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Lease obligation (Refer note 54)	31.38	28.74	30.60	20.67	27.42
Total	**31.38**	**28.74**	**30.60**	**20.67**	**27.42**

28 Trade payables

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Trade payables (including Acceptances)*					
Dues of micro and small enterprises	2,156.21	1,717.79	1,631.29	1,632.86	1,559.88
Dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises					
- Related party (Refer note 46)	9.21	4.10	3.57	6.51	4.94
- Others	5,344.49	4,202.63	4,023.98	3,724.39	3,267.09
Sub-total	**5,353.70**	**4,206.73**	**4,027.55**	**3,730.90**	**3,272.03**
Total	**7,509.91**	**5,924.52**	**5,658.84**	**5,363.76**	**4,831.91**

*Acceptances amounting to ₹ 1,863.22 million (31 December 2022: ₹ 751.56 million, 31 March 2023: ₹ 1,004.45 million 31 March 2022: ₹ 507.29 million, 31 March 2021: ₹ 172.00 million)
Refer note number 58 for ageing of trade payables

Note - The dues to micro and small enterprises as required under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 (MSMED) to the extent information available with the Group is given below :

	Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(a)	Principal amount and Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier covered under MSMED Act, 2006 :					
	Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	2,116.47	1,697.66	1,607.19	1,623.86	1,559.88
	Interest due on above	39.74	20.13	24.10	9.00	-
(b)	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	-	-	-	-	-
(c)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006.	-	-	-	-	-
(d)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	39.74	20.13	24.10	9.00	-
(e)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006.	-	-	-	-	-

29 Other current financial liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Employees related liabilities	97.81	123.80	131.14	157.96	138.12
Due to tie-up units	1,542.00	1,509.93	1,221.52	878.12	1,111.42
Trade and other deposits	479.93	414.67	521.35	289.66	662.25
Payable towards capital expenses	2.62	3.52	2.52	8.22	66.23
Other financial liabilities	187.74	135.06	42.83	245.53	120.27
Total	**2,310.10**	**2,186.98**	**1,919.36**	**1,579.49**	**2,098.29**

30 Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Statutory dues	5,006.28	5,050.90	4,777.35	2,468.70	2,069.02
Advances from customers					
- Related party (Refer note 46)	-	-	-	-	7.50
- Others	90.17	133.35	220.78	131.27	120.40
Total	**5,096.45**	**5,184.25**	**4,998.13**	**2,599.97**	**2,196.92**

31 Current Provisions

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Provision for employee benefits					
Gratuity (Refer note 47)	28.93	27.63	20.24	25.54	31.94
Compensated absences (Refer note 47)	92.94	117.08	104.68	111.30	111.43
Superannuation	-	-	-	-	4.12
Total	**121.87**	**144.71**	**124.92**	**136.84**	**147.49**

32 Current tax liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Provision for tax (Net of advance tax of ₹ 114.25 million (31 December 2022: ₹ 118.19 million, 31 March 2023: ₹ 108.12 million, 31 March 2022: ₹ 108.12 million, 31 March 2021: ₹ 108.12 million)	45.40	18.96	10.75	10.75	21.68
Total	**45.40**	**18.96**	**10.75**	**10.75**	**21.68**

33 Revenue from operations

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2023	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2021
Revenue from contracts with customer					
Sale of goods					
Indian made foreign liquor (IMFL)	57,512.98	52,732.76	69,609.91	70,536.28	62,989.33
Extra neutral spirit (ENA)	810.25	459.51	528.40	413.39	294.89
By-products	567.84	505.02	651.65	749.09	302.39
Revenue from contracts with customer	**58,891.07**	**53,697.29**	**70,789.96**	**71,698.76**	**63,586.61**
Other operating revenue					
Royalty	1.91	3.41	4.40	4.35	6.02
Export entitlements	111.11	78.20	118.07	137.04	103.98
Scrap and other sales	107.35	111.51	144.37	129.05	91.15
Other operating revenue	**220.37**	**193.12**	**266.84**	**270.44**	**201.15**
Total	**59,111.44**	**53,890.41**	**71,056.80**	**71,969.20**	**63,787.76**

34 Other income

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2023	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2021
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost					
Interest on deposits with bank	13.02	16.65	20.88	21.43	26.33
Interest on loans to related party (Refer note 46)	-	-	-	4.23	3.40
Interest on deposits and advances	0.21	0.65	0.66	0.57	0.78
Liabilities no longer required written back	6.29	16.73	12.34	8.01	60.61
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	10.23	0.00	-	8.02	0.63
Provision no longer required written back	1.45	15.21	15.21	10.57	24.53
Refund of excess statutory dues paid	-	0.93	0.93	16.83	46.97
Recovery on account of loss of goods	-	39.56	39.56	-	-
Foreign exchange gain - (net)	-	-	-	18.73	-
Miscellaneous income	7.14	14.40	21.11	24.06	27.11
Total	**38.34**	**104.13**	**110.69**	**112.45**	**190.36**

35 Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2023	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2021
Raw materials consumed	9,350.73	8,384.31	11,162.22	8,644.10	6,297.87
Packing materials consumed	7,012.56	6,950.19	8,794.65	7,705.62	7,606.57
Total	**16,363.29**	**15,334.50**	**19,956.87**	**16,349.72**	**13,904.44**

36 Purchases of stock-in-trade

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2023	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2021
Purchase of Indian made foreign liquor (IMFL)	42.55	42.63	56.27	48.56	37.30
Total	**42.55**	**42.63**	**56.27**	**48.56**	**37.30**

37 Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2023	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2021
Opening stock					
Finished goods	2,302.29	1,938.48	1,938.48	1,794.99	2,107.11
Work-in-progress	255.35	256.82	256.82	217.92	251.04
Stock-in-trade	2.79	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25
	2,560.43	**2,198.55**	**2,198.55**	**2,016.16**	**2,361.40**
Less:					
Closing stock					
Finished goods	1,809.15	2,388.55	2,302.29	1,938.48	1,794.99
Work-in-progress	292.23	299.43	255.35	256.82	217.92
Stock-in-trade	2.89	3.14	2.79	3.25	3.25
	2,104.27	**2,691.12**	**2,560.43**	**2,198.55**	**2,016.16**
Increase/ (Decrease) in inventories	**456.16**	**(492.57)**	**(361.88)**	**(182.39)**	**345.24**
Increase/(Decrease) in excise duty on finished goods	(564.40)	(19.98)	89.18	71.11	(76.47)
Total	**(108.24)**	**(512.55)**	**(272.70)**	**(111.28)**	**268.77**

38 Employee benefit expense

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2023	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2021
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,173.45	1,291.81	1,713.39	1,805.92	1,601.48
Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer note 47)	66.64	82.64	110.69	104.89	101.51
Staff welfare expenses	30.36	23.51	32.60	23.89	19.39
Total	**1,270.45**	**1,397.96**	**1,856.68**	**1,934.70**	**1,722.38**

39 Finance costs

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2023	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2021
On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost					
Term loans	207.36	205.93	268.07	326.37	337.58
On working capital facility from bank	618.88	466.48	650.64	737.54	794.39
On lease liabilities	11.17	12.81	17.53	19.96	21.82
Interest on delay in payment of statutory dues	311.61	234.14	333.30	212.58	92.86
Reimbursement to tie-up units for interest on delayed payments	83.88	39.68	45.77	59.49	49.47
Interest on loan from related party (Refer note 46)	2.51	7.42	8.92	22.20	10.90
Interest others	43.91	16.51	25.49	72.79	108.08
Total	**1,279.32**	**982.97**	**1,349.72**	**1,450.93**	**1,415.10**

40 Depreciation and amortisation expenses

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2023	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2021
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	330.97	358.18	472.81	526.62	521.70
Depreciation of right to use assets	29.78	27.12	38.37	40.55	49.49
Amortisation of intangible assets	30.13	28.80	40.25	19.19	16.22
Total	**390.88**	**414.10**	**551.43**	**586.36**	**587.41**

41 Other expenses

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2023	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2021
Consumption of stores and spare parts	183.60	187.04	222.71	211.28	157.89
Power and fuel	452.92	574.30	735.43	567.82	263.67
Rent	73.16	57.99	79.41	62.01	72.55
Contract labour charges	605.22	529.01	695.25	626.94	553.88
Repairs to building	5.27	3.76	5.57	4.49	2.58
Repairs to machinery	92.21	58.50	79.01	84.47	55.75
Repairs others	113.34	92.33	129.11	138.39	70.26
Insurance	68.11	52.33	75.17	67.47	49.94
Security charges	45.43	42.27	58.19	55.95	52.67
Rates and taxes	391.80	351.51	487.55	433.54	444.34
Excise levies and escort charges	939.14	957.35	1,241.55	996.99	914.94
Import fee	2.90	3.02	4.45	2.81	4.64
Bottling charges	514.03	514.04	689.21	450.79	404.11
Water charges	12.80	14.89	19.68	15.99	11.88
Travelling expenses	182.67	177.22	261.45	139.09	92.55
Legal and professional fees	224.32	213.31	300.93	294.59	292.91
Selling and distribution expenses	902.27	878.75	1,152.49	1,001.78	747.74
Sales and business promotion	942.45	1,070.14	1,304.02	938.56	906.63
Commission	265.57	205.29	289.09	299.18	241.03
Conference and seminar	3.09	1.37	2.18	1.71	0.78
Provision for doubtful debts	65.16	23.31	32.95	61.96	114.42
Provision for doubtful deposits	-	-	-	5.37	-
Provision for doubtful advances	7.96	2.17	2.20	-	-
Bad debts written off (Net of provision reversal ₹ 3.98 million, (31 December 2022: Nil, 31 March 2023: ₹ 3.35 million, 31 March 2022: ₹ 23.01 million, 31 March 2021: ₹ 41.83 million)	-	-	-	91.60	5.00
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	-	-	0.40	-	-
Donations	0.03	0.73	1.83	0.08	10.10
Corporate social responsibilities (Refer note 52)	5.18	-	3.00	3.49	18.36
Bank charges	4.22	7.19	8.36	11.53	6.23
Foreign exchange loss - (net)	6.90	48.27	36.97	-	19.02
Miscellaneous expenses	101.29	74.47	101.09	103.88	97.30
Total	**6,211.04**	**6,140.56**	**8,019.25**	**6,671.76**	**5,611.17**

41A Other comprehensive income

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2023	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	For the Year ended 31 March 2021
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
Actuarial gains on defined benefit obligations	(14.33)	1.62	6.16	8.57	(5.31)
Income taxes on above	3.61	(0.57)	(2.16)	(2.99)	1.86
Total	**(10.72)**	**1.05**	**4.00**	**5.58**	**(3.45)**

42 Tax expense

Particulars	For the nine month period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine month period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Current tax					
Current tax for the year	67.96	9.37	12.38	13.38	45.51
Tax adjustments in respect of earlier years	(0.80)	-	(0.42)	(17.99)	(11.90)
Total current tax expense	**67.16**	**9.37**	**11.96**	**(4.61)**	**33.61**
Deferred taxes					
Change in deferred tax assets (Other than adjustments in OCI and Equity)	51.07	28.36	34.02	30.81	47.44
Change in deferred tax liabilities	(18.57)	(5.52)	(2.53)	(2.74)	21.32
Net deferred tax expense	**32.50**	**22.84**	**31.49**	**28.07**	**68.76**
Total income tax expense	**99.66**	**32.21**	**43.45**	**23.46**	**102.37**

42.1 The reconciliation of estimated income tax expense at tax rate to income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss is as follows:

Particulars	For the nine month period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine month period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Profit before income tax expense	191.81	61.02	59.46	38.22	127.45
Income tax expense at statutory tax rate i.e. 25.17% (31 December 2022: 34.94%, 31 March 2023: 34.94%, 31 March 2022: 34.94%, 31 March 2021: 34.94%)	48.28	21.32	20.78	13.36	44.54
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible / (taxable) in calculating taxable income					
Permanent difference on account of fair valuation asset	11.79	19.46	25.95	30.92	36.91
Permanent differences on account of expenses disallowed	1.31	-	1.69	1.25	10.61
Tax adjustments in respect of earlier years	-	-	(0.42)	(17.99)	(11.90)
One time impact on account of change in tax regime (Refer note below)	33.70	-	-	-	-
Others	4.58	(8.57)	(4.55)	(4.08)	22.21
Income tax expense	**99.66**	**32.21**	**43.45**	**23.46**	**102.37**

During the nine months period ended 31 December 2023, the Group decided to exercise the option of lower tax rate available under Section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("new tax regime") as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019 ('the Amendment Act").Consequently, during the period, the Group has reversed the deferred tax asset recognised based on the tax rate as per the provisions applicable prior to adoption of the new tax regime applicable upto 31 March 2023.

42.2 Deferred tax related to the following:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	Expense/ (credit)			As at 31 December 2023
		Adjusted to retained earnings	Recognised in Profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	
Deferred tax liabilities on account of:					
Property, Plant and equipment, Goodwill and Other intangible assets	101.47	-	(35.42)	-	66.05
Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost	9.05	-	18.34	-	27.39
Others	5.31	-	(1.49)	-	3.82
Total deferred tax liabilities (A)	**115.83**	**-**	**(18.57)**	**-**	**97.26**
Deferred tax assets on account of:					
MAT credit entitlement	-	-	-	-	-
Employee benefits	92.71	-	(28.87)	3.61	67.45
Provision for expected credit loss	127.53	-	(18.67)	-	108.86
Difference in book values and tax base values of ROU assets and lease liabilities	7.00	-	(0.76)	-	6.24
Others	9.90	-	(2.77)		7.13
Total deferred tax assets (B)	**237.14**	**-**	**(51.07)**	**3.61**	**189.68**
Deferred tax assets (net) (B - A)	**121.31**	**-**	**(32.50)**	**3.61**	**92.42**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	Expense/ (credit)			As at 31 December 2022
		Adjusted to retained earnings	Recognised in Profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	
Deferred tax liabilities on account of:					
Property, Plant and equipment, Goodwill and Other intangible assets	94.53	-	7.87	-	102.40
Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost	17.48	-	(7.29)	-	10.19
Others	6.35	-	(6.10)	-	0.25
Total deferred tax liabilities (A)	**118.36**	**-**	**(5.52)**	**-**	**112.84**
Deferred tax assets on account of:					
MAT credit entitlement	36.25	-	(29.43)	-	6.82
Employee benefits	96.29	-	1.55	(0.57)	97.27
Provision for expected credit loss	122.13	-	6.69	-	128.82
Difference in book values and tax base values of ROU assets and lease liabilities	5.85	-	0.24	-	6.09
Compound Financial Instrument	6.86		(6.86)	-	-
Others	5.94	-	(0.55)	-	5.39
Total deferred tax assets (B)	**273.32**	**-**	**(28.36)**	**(0.57)**	**244.39**
Deferred tax assets (net) (B - A)	**154.96**	**-**	**(22.84)**	**(0.57)**	**131.55**

Particulars	As at 1 April 2022	Expense/ (credit)			As at 31 March 2023
		Adjusted to retained earnings	Recognised in Profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	
Deferred tax liabilities on account of:					
Property, Plant and equipment, Goodwill and Other intangible assets	94.53	-	6.94	-	101.47
Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost	17.48	-	(8.43)	-	9.05
Others	6.35	-	(1.04)	-	5.31
Total deferred tax liabilities (A)	**118.36**	**-**	**(2.53)**	**-**	**115.83**
Deferred tax assets on account of:					
MAT credit entitlement	36.25	-	(36.25)	-	-
Employee benefits	96.29	-	(1.42)	(2.16)	92.71
Provision for expected credit loss	122.13	-	5.40	-	127.53
Difference in book values and tax base values of ROU assets and lease liabilities	5.85	-	1.15	-	7.00
Compound Financial Instrument	6.86	-	(6.86)	-	-
Others	5.94	-	3.96	-	9.90
Total deferred tax assets (B)	**273.32**	**-**	**(34.02)**	**(2.16)**	**237.14**
Deferred tax assets (net) (B - A)	**154.96**	**-**	**(31.49)**	**(2.16)**	**121.31**

Particulars	As at 1 April 2021	Expense/ (credit)			As at 31 March 2022
		Adjusted to retained earnings*	Recognised in Profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	
Deferred tax liabilities on account of:					
Property, Plant and equipment, Goodwill and Other intangible assets	92.43	-	2.10	-	94.53
Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost	22.41	-	(4.93)	-	17.48
Others	6.26	-	0.09	-	6.35
Total deferred tax liabilities (A)	**121.10**	**-**	**(2.74)**	**-**	**118.36**
Deferred tax assets on account of:					
MAT credit entitlement	74.22	-	(37.97)	-	36.25
Employee benefits	98.44	-	0.84	(2.99)	96.29
Provision for expected credit loss	85.54	-	36.59	-	122.13
Difference in book values and tax base values of ROU assets and lease liabilities	3.77	-	2.08	-	5.85
Compound Financial Instrument	-	25.59	(18.73)	-	6.86
Others	19.56	-	(13.62)	-	5.94
Total deferred tax assets (B)	**281.53**	**25.59**	**(30.81)**	**(2.99)**	**273.32**
Deferred tax assets (net) (B - A)	**160.43**	**25.59**	**(28.07)**	**(2.99)**	**154.96**

*** This pertains to deferred tax on compound financial instrument (Refer Note 66)**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	Expense/ (credit)			As at 31 March 2021
		Adjusted to retained earnings	Recognised in Profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	
Deferred tax liabilities on account of:					
Property, Plant and equipment, Goodwill and Other intangible assets	62.22	-	30.21	-	92.43
Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost	31.04	-	(8.63)	-	22.41
Others	6.52	-	(0.26)	-	6.26
Total deferred tax liabilities (A)	**99.78**	**-**	**21.32**	**-**	**121.10**
Deferred tax assets on account of:					
MAT credit entitlement	140.50	-	(66.28)	-	74.22
Employee benefits	95.54	-	1.04	1.86	98.44
Provision for expected credit loss	78.47	-	7.07	-	85.54
Difference in book values and tax base values of ROU assets and lease liabilities	4.51	-	(0.74)	-	3.77
Others	8.09	-	11.47	-	19.56
Total deferred tax assets (B)	**327.11**	**-**	**(47.44)**	**1.86**	**281.53**
Deferred tax assets (net) (B - A)	**227.33**	**-**	**(68.76)**	**1.86**	**160.43**

43 Fair value measurements

Fair value instruments by category and hierarchy

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

1. Fair value of cash and term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments. The fair value of lease liability is not required to be disclosed.

2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Group based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counter party. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts.

The fair values for loans and security deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.

The fair values of non-current borrowings are based on discounted cashflows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to fair value.

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. For example, listed equity instruments that have quoted market price.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the- counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration and indemnification asset included in level 3.

Financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2023	Total amount			Routed through profit and loss				Routed through OCI				Carried at amortised cost			
	Non-current	Current	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets															
Investment	0.04	-	0.04	-	-	0.03	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
Loans	-	1.67	1.67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.67	1.67
Other financial assets	520.15	270.66	790.81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790.81	790.81
Trade receivables	-	12,698.72	12,698.72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,698.72	12,698.72
Cash and cash equivalents	-	296.50	296.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	296.50	296.50
Other bank balances	-	275.50	275.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	275.50	275.50
Liabilities															
Borrowings	1,948.55	6,032.59	7,981.14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,981.14	7,981.14
Lease liabilities	82.37	31.38	113.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113.75	113.75
Trade payables	-	7,509.91	7,509.91	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,509.91	7,509.91
Other financial liabilities	-	2,310.10	2,310.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,310.10	2,310.10

All amounts are net of provision for impairment if any.

Financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2022	Total amount			Routed through profit and loss				Routed through OCI				Carried at amortised cost			
	Non-current	Current	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets															
Investment	0.04	-	0.04	-	-	0.03	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
Loans	-	0.70	0.70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.70	0.70
Other financial assets	519.76	228.66	748.42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	748.42	748.42
Trade receivables	-	10,459.54	10,459.54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,459.54	10,459.54
Cash and cash equivalents	-	239.21	239.21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	239.21	239.21
Other bank balances	-	262.05	262.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	262.05	262.05
Liabilities															
Borrowings	1,482.53	6,437.95	7,920.48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,920.48	7,920.48
Lease liabilities	144.37	28.74	173.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	173.11	173.11
Trade payables	-	5,924.52	5,924.52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,924.52	5,924.52
Other financial liabilities	-	2,186.98	2,186.98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,186.98	2,186.98

All amounts are net of provision for impairment if any.

Financial assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023	Total amount			Routed through profit and loss				Routed through OCI				Carried at amortised cost			
	Non-current	Current	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets															
Investment	0.04	-	0.04	-	-	0.03	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
Loans	-	0.77	0.77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.77	0.77
Other financial assets	531.32	260.29	791.61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	791.61	791.61
Trade receivables	-	9,576.14	9,576.14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,576.14	9,576.14
Cash and cash equivalents	-	282.81	282.81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	282.81	282.81
Other bank balances	-	254.76	254.76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	254.76	254.76
														-	-
Liabilities														-	-
Borrowings	1,386.64	6,421.59	7,808.23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,808.23	7,808.23
Lease liabilities	133.41	30.60	164.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	164.01	164.01
Trade payables	-	5,658.84	5,658.84	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,658.84	5,658.84
Other financial liabilities	-	1,919.62	1,919.62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,919.62	1,919.62

All amounts are net of provision for impairment if any.

Financial assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2022	Total amount			Routed through profit and loss				Routed through OCI				Carried at amortised cost			
	Non-current	Current	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets															
Investment	0.04	-	0.04	-	-	0.03	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
Loans	-	41.11	41.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41.11	41.11
Other financial assets	397.77	192.97	590.74	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	590.74	590.74
Trade receivables	-	9,540.31	9,540.31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,540.31	9,540.31
Cash and cash equivalents	-	196.70	196.70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	196.70	196.70
Other bank balances	-	349.95	349.95	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	349.95	349.95
Liabilities															
Borrowings	1,883.84	6,585.28	8,469.12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,469.12	8,469.12
Lease liabilities	138.27	20.67	158.94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	158.94	158.94
Trade payables	-	5,363.76	5,363.76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,363.76	5,363.76
Other financial liabilities	-	1,579.49	1,579.49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,579.49	1,579.49

All amounts are net of provision for impairment if any.

Financial assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2021	Total amount			Routed through profit and loss				Routed through OCI				Carried at amortised cost			
	Non-current	Current	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets															
Investment	221.08	-	221.08	-	-	0.03	0.03	-	-	221.04	221.04	-	-	0.01	0.01
Loans	13.07	73.27	86.34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86.34	86.34
Other financial assets	478.67	293.00	771.67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	771.67	771.67
Trade receivables	-	8,669.29	8,669.29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,669.29	8,669.29
Cash and cash equivalents	-	434.89	434.89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	434.89	434.89
Other bank balances	-	267.61	267.61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	267.61	267.61
Liabilities															
Borrowings	2,014.32	7,533.07	9,547.39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,547.39	9,547.39
Lease liabilities	170.59	27.42	198.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	198.01	198.01
Trade payables	-	4,831.91	4,831.91	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,831.91	4,831.91
Other financial liabilities	-	2,098.29	2,098.29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,098.29	2,098.29

All amounts are net of provision for impairment if any.

Fair value of non current financial assets and non current financial liabilities measured at amortised cost-

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023		As at 31 December 2022		As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets										
Investment others	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Other financial assets	520.15	520.15	519.76	519.76	531.32	531.32	397.77	397.77	478.67	478.67
Financial Liabilities										
Borrowings	1,948.55	1,948.55	1,482.53	1,482.53	1,386.64	1,386.64	1,883.84	1,883.84	2,014.32	2,014.32

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, loans, other current financial assets, current borrowings, trade payables and other current financial liabilities are considered to be approximately equal to the fair value.

44 Financial risk management

The Group is exposed primarily to fluctuations in foreign exchange, interest rate, credit quality and liquidity management which may adversely impact the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities. The Group has a risk management policy which covers the risk associated with its financial assets and liabilities. The risk management policy is approved by the Board of Directors. The focus is to assess the unpredictability of the financial environment and to mitigate potential adverse effect on the financial performance of the Group.
The Group's principal financial liabilities comprises of borrowings, lease liabilities, trade payables and other financial liabilities. The Group's principal financial assets include loans, trade receivables, cash and bank balances and other bank balances, other financial assets that derive directly from its operations.

A Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, financial assets. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount.

a Trade receivables (net of loss allowance)

Trade receivables are unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from two main classes of trade receivables i.e. receivables from sales to government corporations and receivables from sales to private parties. A substantial portion of the Group's trade receivables are from government corporation customers having strong credit worthiness. Further, Group's historical experience of collecting receivables is that credit risk is low. Hence trade receivables are considered to be a single class of financial assets. The Group measured the expected credit loss of trade receivables from individual customers based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Loss rates are based on actual loss experience and past trends. Based on historical data, loss on collection of receivable is not material hence no additional provision considered.

The table below provide details regarding past dues receivables as at each reporting date:

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023		As at 31 December 2022		As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	Rs in million	%	Rs in million	%	Rs in million	%	Rs in million	%	Rs in million	%
Trade receivables										
from government corporation	7,756.42	61%	5,546.38	53%	5,532.85	58%	5,930.66	62%	4,945.29	57%
from private parties	4,942.30	39%	4,913.16	47%	4,043.29	42%	3,609.65	38%	3,724.00	43%
Total trade receivables (Refer note 15)	**12,698.72**	**100%**	**10,459.54**	**100%**	**9,576.14**	**100%**	**9,540.31**	**100%**	**8,669.29**	**100%**

The movement of the allowance for lifetime expected credit loss is stated below:

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	269.28	251.78	251.78	223.40	157.77
Impairment allowance	65.16	23.31	32.95	61.96	114.42
Written back during the year	(1.45)	(12.10)	(12.10)	(10.57)	(6.96)
Written off during the year	(3.98)	-	(3.35)	(23.01)	(41.83)
Balance at the end of the year (refer note 15)	**329.01**	**262.99**	**269.28**	**251.78**	**223.40**

b Other financial assets

Cash balances are maintained with banks having high credit rating. Loans given to related parties and employees are fully recoverable and loans given to others are fully provided. Majority of other security deposits are placed majorly with government agencies. The credit loss recognised is for a specific scenario and is not expected in the future.

B Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Group's objective is to maintain optimum levels of liquidity and to ensure that funds are available for use as per requirement.
The liquidity risk principally arises from obligations on account of financial liabilities viz. borrowings, lease liabilities, trade payables and other financial liabilities.

The finance department of the Group is responsible for liquidity and funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Group's net liquidity position through trade receivables or through short term borrowings on need basis.

(i) Financing arrangements :

The Group had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of reporting period:

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Floating rate					
Expiring within one year (Cash credit/ working capital demand loan, term loan)	649.31	316.48	211.00	1,339.15	365.99

(ii) Maturities of financial liabilities :

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual discounted payments at each reporting date. Amounts disclosed under note 23 are carrying values based on amortised cost:

As at 31 December 2023

Particulars	Upto 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings (including current maturities)	6,032.59	1,806.77	141.78	7,981.14
Lease liabilities	31.38	80.41	1.96	113.75
Trade payables	7,509.91	-	-	7,509.91
Other financial liabilities	2,310.10	-	-	2,310.10
Total	**15,883.98**	**1,887.18**	**143.74**	**17,914.90**

As at 31 December 2022

Particulars	Upto 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings (including current maturities)	6,437.95	1,140.87	341.66	7,920.48
Lease liabilities	28.74	123.56	20.80	173.10
Trade payables	5,924.53	-	-	5,924.53
Other financial liabilities	2,186.98	-	-	2,186.98
Total	**14,578.20**	**1,264.43**	**362.46**	**16,205.09**

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Upto 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings (including current maturities)	6,421.59	1,060.76	325.88	7,808.23
Lease liabilities	30.60	119.50	13.91	164.01
Trade payables	5,658.84	-	-	5,658.84
Other financial liabilities	1,919.62	-	-	1,919.62
Total	**14,030.65**	**1,180.26**	**339.79**	**15,550.70**

As at 31 March 2022

Particulars	Upto 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings (including current maturities)	6,585.28	1,519.87	363.97	8,469.12
Lease liabilities	20.67	97.95	40.32	158.94
Trade payables	5,363.76	-	-	5,363.76
Other financial liabilities	1,579.49	-	-	1,579.49
Total	**13,549.20**	**1,617.82**	**404.29**	**15,571.31**

As at 31 March 2021

Particulars	Upto 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings (including current maturities)	7,533.07	1,587.28	427.04	9,547.39
Lease liabilities	27.42	106.68	63.91	198.01
Trade payables	4,831.91	-	-	4,831.91
Other financial liabilities	2,098.29	-	-	2,098.29
Total	**14,490.69**	**1,693.96**	**490.95**	**16,675.60**

C Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: Foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk. The Group's exposure to market risk is primarily on account of foreign currency exchange rate risk and interest rate risk.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The risk primarily relates to fluctuations in receivables, trade payables, borrowings and other payables denominated in USD, GBP, SGD and AED against the functional currency INR of the Group.

The Group's risk management policy is to assess the Group's net exposures which is mainly represented by receivable and payable towards exports and imports respectively, and partly represented by the loans availed in foreign currencies. The Group can hedge its net exposures with a view on forex outlook.

Derivative instruments and unhedged foreign currency exposure

(a) Derivative contracts outstanding

Particulars	31 December 2023		31 December 2022		31 March 2023		31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
Forward contracts to sell	USD	2.00	USD	6.87	USD	1.85	USD	3.50	USD	0.25
Forward contracts to buy	NA	-	GBP	3.75	NA	-	GBP	0.25	GBP	1.25

(b) The Group's exposure to unhedged foreign currency risk at the end of reporting period are as under:

Particulars	31 December 2023						31 December 2022						31 March 2023					
	USD	GBP	AED	SGD	NPR	EUR	USD	GBP	AED	SGD	NPR	EUR	USD	GBP	AED	SGD	NPR	EUR
Financial assets																		
Trade receivables	1.06	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.74	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	0.01	-	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposure to foreign currency risk (assets)	**1.06**	**-**	**0.01**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**0.00**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1.74**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Financial liabilities																		
Trade payables	0.18	1.15	-	-	6.76	0.01	-	2.17	-	-	-	-	-	2.43	-	0.01	-	-
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.54	-	-	-	-	-	0.36	-	-	-	-	-
Employees related liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	-	-	-
Exposure to foreign currency risk (liabilities)	**0.18**	**1.15**	**-**	**-**	**6.76**	**0.01**	**0.54**	**2.17**	**0.02**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**0.36**	**2.43**	**0.03**	**0.01**	**-**	**-**

Particulars	31 March 2022						31 March 2021					
	USD	GBP	AED	SGD	NPR	EUR	USD	GBP	AED	SGD	NPR	EUR
Financial assets												
Trade receivables	2.15	-	-	-	-	-	2.84	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposure to foreign currency risk (assets)	**2.15**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**2.84**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Financial liabilities												
Trade payables	-	0.54	-	-	-	-	-	1.11	0.00	-	-	-
Borrowings	1.07	-	0.09	-	-	-	1.76	-	-	-	-	-
Employees related liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.13	-	-	-
Exposure to foreign currency risk (liabilities)	**1.07**	**0.54**	**0.09**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1.76**	**1.11**	**0.13**	**-**	**-**	**-**

Particulars	USD	GBP	AED	SGD	NPR	EUR
Closing rate of foreign currency as on 31 December 2023 (in ₹)	83.19	105.91	22.65	63.04	0.62	91.81
Closing rate of foreign currency as on 31 December 2022 (in ₹)	82.75	100.10	22.53	NA	NA	NA
Closing rate of foreign currency as on 31 March 2023 (in ₹)	82.16	101.62	22.37	61.81	NA	NA
Closing rate of foreign currency as on 31 March 2022 (in ₹)	75.59	99.27	20.58	NA	NA	NA
Closing rate of foreign currency as on 31 March 2021 (in ₹)	71.87	102.93	20.75	NA	NA	NA

Sensitivity to foreign currency risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity in foreign currency with all other variables held constant. The below impact on the Group's profit before tax and equity is based on changes in the fair value of foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities at balance sheet date:

Currencies	31 December 2023		31 December 2022		31 March 2023		31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	Increase by 2%	Decrease by 2%	Increase by 2%	Decrease by 2%	Increase by 2%	Decrease by 2%	Increase by 2%	Decrease by 2%	Increase by 2%	Decrease by 2%
USD	1.46	(1.46)	(0.88)	0.88	2.27	(2.27)	1.64	(1.64)	1.56	(1.56)
GBP	(2.45)	2.45	(4.34)	4.34	(4.93)	4.93	(1.06)	1.06	(2.29)	2.29
AED	0.00	(0.00)	(0.01)	0.01	(0.01)	0.01	(0.04)	0.04	(0.05)	0.05
SGD	NA	NA	NA	NA	(0.01)	0.01	NA	NA	NA	NA
NPR	(0.08)	0.08	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
EUR	(0.01)	0.01	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

This refers to risk to Group's cash flow and profits on account of movement in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk is mainly due to the borrowings acquired at floating interest rate.

The Group's borrowings (non-current and current) structure at the end of reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Variable rate borrowings	5,019.50	4,945.42	4,751.29	5,773.54	6,424.22
Fixed rate borrowings	2,960.04	2,973.87	3,055.65	2,694.97	3,122.35
Interest free rate borrowings	1.60	1.19	1.29	0.61	0.82
Total	**7,981.14**	**7,920.48**	**7,808.23**	**8,469.12**	**9,547.39**

Sensitivity analysis

Particulars	Impact on profit before tax and equity				
	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Increase by 50 bps	(25.10)	(24.73)	(23.76)	(28.87)	(32.12)
Decrease by 50 bps	25.10	24.73	23.76	28.87	32.12

45 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to -
• safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
• maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.
In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders.

The Group monitors its capital by using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity. Net debt includes non-current borrowings (including current maturities) and short term borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents and equity comprises of equity share capital and other equity.

A. The amount managed as capital by the Group is summarised as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Debt	7,981.14	7,920.48	7,808.23	8,469.12	9,547.39
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(296.50)	(239.21)	(282.81)	(196.70)	(434.89)
Net Debt	7,684.64	7,681.27	7,525.42	8,272.42	9,112.50
Total Equity	4,092.56	4,070.84	4,060.99	4,040.98	3,817.82
Capital gearing ratio	**1.88**	**1.89**	**1.85**	**2.05**	**2.39**

Bank loans availed by the Group contain certain debt covenants which are required to be complied with. The Limitation of indebtedness covenant gets suspended once the Group meets the certain prescribed criteria. As of the reporting date, the Group is not in compliance with certain performance linked financial covenants. The Group is trying to ensure compliance with the covenants as soon as possible. The banks have not levied any material interest/penalty nor have they communicated any intention to recall the loans or make them repayable immediately, in view of the above matter.

B. Dividends

The Group has not paid any dividend to its shareholders for period ended 31 December 2023, 31 December 2022, F.Y. 2022-23, F.Y. 2021-22 and F.Y. 2020-21

46 Related party disclosures, as per Ind AS 24

In accordance with the requirement of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24 "Related Party Disclosures" and as per Companies Act 2013 , name of the related party and related party relationships, are disclosed where transactions have taken place during the reporting period, and for all parties in the case of relationship of control.

(a) List of related parties

Subsidiaries	NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited ABD Dwellings Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary w.e.f 15 July 2021) Madanlal Estates Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary w.e.f 15 July 2021) Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited (wholly owned subsidiary w.e.f 07 November 2022) Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP (subsidiary w.e.f 15 June 2022) ABD Foundation
Enterprises where key management personnel or their relatives have significant influence	Oriental Radios Private Limited Rayonyarns Import Company Private Limited Starvoice Properties Private Limited Pitambari Properties Private Limited Lalita Properties Private Limited Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited Ashoka Liquors Private Limited Tracstar Investments Private Limited Tracstar Distillers Private Limited Surji Consultant (India) Private Limited (till 31 March 2022) Spiritus Private Limited (till 31 March 2022) Marketing Incorporated Private Limited (till 31 March 2022) Woodpecker Investments Private Limited Surji Agro Foods Private Limited (till 31 March 2022) Power Brands Enterprises India Private Limited ABD Dwellings Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary w.e.f 15 July 2021) Madanlal Estates Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary w.e.f 15 July 2021) Iconiq Brands India Private Limited M Mulla Associates
Key management personnel and their relatives	**Key management personnel:** **Executive Directors** Kishore Chhabria (Non Executive Director w.e.f. 30 June 2023) Shekhar Ramamurthy (w.e.f. 1 July 2021) Utpal Kumar Ganguli (till 31 March 2022) Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy (Director till 31 March 2022 and Chief Financial Officer w.e.f. 1 April 2022) Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev Arun Barik (w.e.f. 2 June 2022 till 20 June 2022 and w.e.f. 9 August 2022) Nicholas Blazquez (till 19 July 2021) Chirag Pittie (w.e.f. 14 June 2021 till 31 March 2022) Deepak Roy (till 25 April 2022) **Managing Director** Alok Gupta (w.e.f. 1 September 2023) **Non Executive Director** Bina K Chhabria Maneck Navel Mulla (w.e.f. 3 February 2022) **Independent Directors** Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan (w.e.f. 3 February 2022) Paul Henry Skipworth (w.e.f. 2 June 2022) Rukhshana Jina Mistry (w.e.f. 2 June 2022) Nasser Mukhtar Munjee (w.e.f. 17 March 2022 till 6 October 2022) Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna (w.e.f. 9 August 2022) Vivek Anilchand Sett (w.e.f. 2 June 2022) Narayanan Sadanandan (w.e.f. 16 October 2022) Mehli Maneck Golvala (w.e.f. 21 October 2023) **Relatives of key management personnel** Neesha Chhabria Chirag Pittie (w.e.f. 1 April 2022)

(b) Transactions during the year with related parties :

Particulars	Enterprises where key management personnel have significant influence					Key management personnel				
	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Royalty income										
Surji Agro Foods Private Limited	-	-	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income										
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.33
Utpal Kumar Ganguli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.23	2.07
Sub-total			**-**	**-**	**-**			**-**	**4.23**	**3.40**
Interest on unsecured loan										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	0.25	-	-	17.39	0.42	-	-	-	-	-
Tracstar Investments Private Limited	-	-	-	-	10.48	-	-	-	-	-
Bina K Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	2.26	6.86	8.37	0.68	-
Sub-total	**0.25**	**-**	**-**	**17.39**	**10.90**	**2.26**	**6.86**	**8.37**	**0.68**	**-**
Rent Expenses										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	-	1.50	-	-	-	-	-
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	0.45	0.45	0.60	0.60	0.60	-	-	-	-	-
Rayonyarns Import Company Private Limited	-	-	-	-	0.12	-	-	-	-	-
Pitambari Properties Private Limited	0.54	0.54	0.72	0.72	0.72	-	-	-	-	-
Lalita Properties Private Limited	0.68	0.68	0.90	0.90	0.90	-	-	-	-	-
Woodpecker Investments Private Limited	0.09	0.09	0.12	0.12	0.12	-	-	-	-	-
Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited	0.67	0.67	0.90	0.90	0.90	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**2.43**	**2.43**	**3.24**	**3.24**	**4.86**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Unsecured loan / advances granted										
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	2.25	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83.40
Utpal Kumar Ganguli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.00	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**2.25**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**13.00**	**83.40**
Refund of advance given for purchase of land										
Ashoka Liquors Private Limited	-	-	-	750.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Power Brand Enterprises India Private Limited	-	-	-	360.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1,110.00**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Redemption of Preference shares										
Ashoka Liquors Private Limited	-	-	-	750.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refund of customer advance										
Power Brand Enterprises India Private Limited	-	-	-	7.50	2.28	-	-	-	-	-
Working capital advances given										
Power Brands Enterprises India Private Limited	-	-	-	-	173.08	-	-	-	-	-
Business advance received back										
Power Brand Enterprises India Private Limited	-	-	-	109.76	173.08	-	-	-	-	-
Receipt of Money against Receivables										
Spiritus Private Limited	-	-	-	-	34.00	-	-	-	-	-
Marketing Incorporated Private Limited	-	-	-	-	19.00	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**53.00**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Repayment of rent										
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	-	1.20	1.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pitambari Properties Private Limited	-	1.44	1.44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lalita Properties Private Limited	-	1.80	1.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Woodpecker Investments Private Limited	-	0.24	0.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited	-	1.80	1.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**6.48**	**6.48**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Unsecured borrowing /CCD availed										
Bina K Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	0.39	-	0.10	175.58	10.00
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	-	-	-	-	-	0.22	0.20	0.20	-	-
Neesha Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.00	-
Oriental Radios Private Limited	8.00	-	-	300.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	-	70.00	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**8.00**	**-**	**-**	**300.00**	**70.00**	**0.66**	**0.20**	**0.30**	**180.58**	**10.00**

(b) Transactions during the year with related parties :

Particulars	Enterprises where key management personnel have significant influence					Key management personnel				
	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Repayment of unsecured borrowing and interest thereon										
Bina K Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	2.26	157.54	159.04	-	130.00
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.00	-
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	0.04	0.04	317.39	5.00	-	-	-	-	-
Tracstar Investments Private Limited	0.33	0.28	0.28	1.20	125.00	-	-	-	-	-
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	-	-	-	-	132.94	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**0.33**	**0.32**	**0.32**	**318.59**	**262.94**	**2.26**	**157.54**	**159.04**	**5.00**	**130.00**
Repayment of Unsecured loan / advances granted										
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56.73	29.00
Utpal Kumar Ganguli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.74	2.70
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**61.47**	**31.70**
Receipt and Refund of advance towards Debentures										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	1,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liability component of compound financial instrument issued										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	72.77	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest of liability component of compound financial instrument issued										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	0.55	0.55	4.13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repayment of liability component of compound financial instrument issued and interest thereon										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	19.70	19.70	57.75	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity component of compound financial instrument issued										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	952.82	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of equity shares on conversion of CCD										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	952.82	952.82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of rent expenses										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	1.50	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rayonyarns Import Company Private Limited	-	-	-	0.12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1.62**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures (CCD)										
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	-	-	-	210.00	13.00	-	-	-	-	-
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	-	-	-	31.00	208.04	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**241.00**	**221.04**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Royalty expenses										
Iconiq Brands India Private Limited	1.41	0.11	0.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repayment of royalty expenses										
Iconiq Brands India Private Limited	0.29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal and professional fees										
Surji Consultant India Private Limited.	-	-	-	20.00	10.00	-	-	-	-	-
M Mulla Associates	17.03	14.46	19.26	3.20	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**17.03**	**14.46**	**19.26**	**23.20**	**10.00**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Repayment of Legal and professional fees										
M. Mulla Associates	13.02	11.56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(b) Transactions during the year with related parties :

Particulars	Enterprises where key management personnel have significant influence					Key management personnel				
	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Managerial remuneration/Short term employee benefits *										
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	106.71	320.16	432.30	430.08	447.33
Shekhar Ramamurthy	-	-	-	-	-	51.53	75.00	100.00	75.00	-
Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy	-	-	-	-	-	16.11	17.13	22.88	22.66	22.64
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	-	-	-	-	-	27.72	27.72	36.96	36.96	37.43
Neesha Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	1.48	4.46	5.95	5.73	5.27
Arun Barik	-	-	-	-	-	13.46	13.52	18.13	-	-
Nicholas Blazquez	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.94	74.49
Deepak Roy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71.07	4.52
Utpal Kumar Ganguli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28.70	25.49
Alok Gupta	-	-	-	-	-	43.06	-	-	-	-
Chirag Pittie	-	-	-	-	-	42.08	45.00	60.00	39.60	-
Sub-total	-	-	-	-	-	**302.15**	**502.99**	**676.22**	**736.74**	**617.17**
Independent Directors' sitting fees										
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-
Bina K Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	0.05	-	-	-	-
Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan	-	-	-	-	-	0.50	0.41	0.45	-	-
Maneck Navel Mulla	-	-	-	-	-	0.55	0.30	0.35	-	-
Mehli Maneck Golvala	-	-	-	-	-	0.10	-	-	-	-
Paul Henry Skipworth	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	0.30	0.30	-	-
Rukhshana Jina Mistry	-	-	-	-	-	0.60	0.41	0.35	-	-
Nasser Mukhtar Munjee	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.18	0.15	-	-
Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	0.12	0.15	-	-
Vivek Anilchand Sett	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	0.24	0.25	-	-
Narayanan Sadanandan	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	0.06	0.10	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**3.35**	**2.02**	**2.10**	**-**	**-**

* Excludes compensated absences and gratuity benefits provided on the basis of actuarial valuation on an overall basis.
All expenses are excluding goods and service tax

(c) Balances at the year end :

Particulars	Enterprises where key management personnel have significant influence					Key management personnel				
	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Loan & Advances receivables										
Utpal Kumar Ganguli*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.62	29.13
Kishore Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55.73
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**40.62**	**84.86**
Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures (CCD)										
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	**-**	**-**	**-**	-	13.00	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	-
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	**-**	**-**	**-**	-	208.04	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**221.04**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Advance to supplier										
Surji Agro Foods Private Limited*	-	-	-	12.65	12.65	-	-	-	-	-
Surji Consultants (India) Private Limited	-	-	-	-	20.00	-	-	-	-	-
Power Brands Enterprises India Private Limited	-	-	-	-	109.76	-	-	-	-	-
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	2.17	2.25	2.17	2.17	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rayonyarns Import Company Private Limited	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**2.25**	**2.33**	**2.25**	**14.90**	**142.49**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Trade payables										
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	0.54	0.08	-	-	0.08	-	-	-	-	-
Iconiq Brands India Private Limited	0.27	0.11	0.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pitambari Properties Private Limited	0.65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lalita Properties Private Limited	0.81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Woodpecker Investments Private Limited	0.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited	0.81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M. Mulla Associates	1.51	1.49	0.03	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**4.70**	**1.68**	**0.33**	**0.03**	**0.08**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Current borrowings										
Tracstar Investments Private Limited	-	0.33	0.33	0.61	0.82	-	-	-	-	-
Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	-	-	-	-	-	0.50	0.29	0.29	0.09	-
Neesha Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-
Bina K Chhabria	-	-	-	-	-	26.06	25.57	25.67	176.24	-
Oriental Radios Private Limited	8.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**8.25**	**0.33**	**0.33**	**0.61**	**0.82**	**26.60**	**25.86**	**25.96**	**176.33**	**-**
Interest accrued but not due										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	0.04	0.04	-	-	-	-	-
Tracstar Investments Private Limited	-	-	-	-	1.00	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**0.04**	**1.04**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Capital advance										
Ashoka Liquors Private Limited	-	-	-	-	750.00	-	-	-	-	-
Power Brands Enterprises India Private Limited	-	-	-	-	360.00	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1,110.00**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Advance from customers										
Power Brands Enterprises India Private Limited	-	-	-	-	7.50	-	-	-	-	-
Liability component of compound financial instrument (Refer Note 66)										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	19.15	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity component of compound financial instrument (Refer Note 67)										
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	952.82	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables										
Surji Agro Foods Private Limited*	-	-	-	0.89	0.89	-	-	-	-	-
Security deposits										
Spiritus Private Limited*	-	-	-	1.05	1.05	-	-	-	-	-
Marketing Incorporated Private Limited*	-	-	-	1.05	1.05	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**2.10**	**2.10**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	

(c) Balances at the year end :

Particulars	Enterprises where key management personnel have significant influence					Key management personnel				
	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Outstanding expenses										
Iconiq Brands India Private Limited	1.15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M. Mulla Associates	0.93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paul Henry Skipworth	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oriental Radios Private Limited	-	-	-	-	1.50	-	-	-	-	-
Starvoice Properties Private Limited	0.45	0.45	0.60	1.20	0.60	-	-	-	-	-
Rayonyarns Import Company Private Limited	-	-	-	-	0.12	-	-	-	-	-
Pitambari Properties Private Limited	0.54	0.54	0.72	1.44	0.72	-	-	-	-	-
Lalita Properties Private Limited	0.68	0.68	0.90	1.80	0.90	-	-	-	-	-
Woodpecker Investments Private Limited	0.09	0.09	0.12	0.24	0.12	-	-	-	-	-
Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited	0.67	0.67	0.90	1.80	0.90	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	**4.51**	**2.43**	**3.24**	**6.48**	**4.86**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**

Reference is also invited to footnote to note 23 and note 26 for guarantee provided and assets pledged of Tracstar Distillers Private Limited towards loans availed by the Group.

Reference is also invited to footnote to note 23 for guarantee provided by Mr. Kishore Chhabria towards loan availed by the Group.

Reference is also invited to footnote to note 23 for assets pledged of Ashoka Liquors Private Limited towards loan availed by the Group.

*Loans and other receivable has been received in full during the financial year 2022-2023 . However, the same is not disclosed under "Transactions during the year with related parties" since he ceased to be KMP on 31 March 2022.

Equity (or equity like) investments by the Company and equity (or equity like) infusion into the Company are not considered for disclosure under balances as these are not considered "outstanding" exposures. Refer note 8 and 21 for the same.

The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free. The settlement for these balances occurs through payment. For the period ended December 31, 2023, the Group has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties (March 31, 2023: Nil , December 31, 2022: Nil, March 31, 2022: Nil, March 31, 2021: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Reference is also invited to Note 20 for 'Share issue expenses' which will be reimbursed by the selling shareholders in proportion to their respective shares offered for sale as a part of the IPO, amount for which will be determined on completion of the IPO.

Reference is also invited to Note 20A for agreement for sale of securities held in subsidiaries referred therein, to be transferred on or before expiry of 3 months from the date of listing of the equity shares of the Company, its subsequent cancellation dated 15 March 2024 and undertaking received from promoter director (Kishore Chhabria).

Reference is also invited to Note 69 for the acquisition of shares in the two subsidiaries referred therein, during the earlier year.

(d) List of eliminated transactions upon consolidation

Transactions during the period/year with related parties :

Particulars	Subsidiaries				
	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Payment to vendors on behalf of subsidiary by Company					
Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	5.27	6.03	7.64	9.88	12.00
Interest income					
NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private limited	6.99	6.85	9.11	8.89	8.75
Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Sub-total	**7.00**	**6.86**	**9.12**	**8.90**	**8.76**
Expenses paid on behalf of the subsidiary by Company					
Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	0.24	0.71	0.93	5.41	0.96
Unsecured loan / advances granted					
NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private limited	1.55	0.82	1.11	2.36	1.70
Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.06
Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	0.06	4.20	4.28	-	-
Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	0.18	0.65	2.93	0.55	5.58
Sub-total	**1.80**	**5.67**	**8.32**	**2.92**	**7.34**
Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures (CCD)					
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	-	-	-	175.00	-
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	39.00	63.00	84.00	103.01	-
Sub-total	**39.00**	**63.00**	**84.00**	**278.01**	**-**
					-
Investment in equity shares					
Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited	-	0.01	0.01	-	-
Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP	-	0.09	0.09	-	-
Sub-total	**-**	**0.10**	**0.10**	**-**	**-**
Business advance received back					
Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	-	-	-	48.50	71.05
Repayment of trade payable					
Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	-	44.71	44.71	-	-
Provision for loans and advances reversed					
Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	-	-	-	-	45.39
Loans and advances written off					
Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	-	-	-	-	45.39
					-
Deemed interest on inter-corporate deposit to subsidiary					
NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited	0.91	0.89	1.18	1.16	1.14
Others					
Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	1.28	2.26	2.29	4.98	5.52

(e) List of eliminated transactions

Balances at the year end :

Particulars	Subsidiaries				
	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Loan receivables					
NV Distillers & Breweries (AP) Private limited	162.98	152.80	154.43	145.13	134.78
Deccan Star Distilleries India Private Limited	0.14	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.10
Sub-total	**163.12**	**152.93**	**154.56**	**145.25**	**134.88**
Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures (CCD)					
Madanlal Estates Private Limited	398.00	398.00	398.00	398.00	-
ABD Dwellings Private Limited	465.05	405.05	426.05	342.05	-
Sub-total	**863.05**	**803.05**	**824.05**	**740.05**	**-**
Advance to supplier					
Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	140.49	130.69	134.79	123.30	107.46
Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	4.34	4.20	4.28	-	3.79
Sub-total	**144.83**	**134.89**	**139.07**	**123.30**	**111.25**
Trade payables					
Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	22.34	21.02	21.06	18.76	13.79
Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	**-**	**-**	**-**	44.71	**-**
Sub-total	**22.34**	**21.02**	**21.06**	**63.47**	**13.79**

47 As per Indian Accounting Standard-19, 'Employee Benefits', the disclosure of employee benefits as defined in the standard are given below:

(a) Contribution to defined contribution plan, recognised as expense for the year are as under:

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Employers' contribution to provident fund	51.51	67.31	89.57	86.15	80.40
Employers' contribution to superannuation fund	0.57	1.59	2.48	1.27	3.00
Employers' contribution to employees' state insurance	0.22	0.16	0.23	0.14	0.19
'Employers' contribution to employees' pension scheme 1995	9.67	8.44	11.56	11.27	11.98
Employers' contribution to national pension scheme	1.49	1.43	1.88	1.29	1.32
Employers' contribution to labour welfare fund	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03
Employees deposit linked insurance	0.61	0.53	0.73	0.68	0.73
Employees provident fund administration charges	2.55	3.16	4.21	4.06	3.86
Total	**66.64**	**82.64**	**110.69**	**104.89**	**101.51**

(b) Disclosure relating to employee benefits as per Ind AS 19 'Employee Benefits'

Defined benefit obligations - Gratuity (unfunded)

Characteristics of defined benefit plan (Paragraph 139 (a) of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 19)

The entity has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (unfunded). The entity's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for employees. Gratuity is paid from entity as and when it becomes due and is paid as per entity scheme for Gratuity.

Gratuity	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Mortality table	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)
Discount rate	7.22%	7.40% to 7.46%	4.40% to 7.3%	3.10% to 6.90%	6.06%
Salary growth rate	7% p.a.	7.00% p.a. to 10% p.a.	1.50% to 7% p.a.	1.50% p.a. to 10%	10% p.a.
Attrition rate	15.00%	5% to 15%	15.00%	5% to 15%	2%-15%

Changes in the present value of obligation	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year	117.89	117.78	117.78	122.36	112.29
Current service cost	9.65	8.64	12.45	14.33	12.24
Past service cost	-	-	-	0.19	-
Interest expenses	6.38	5.68	6.41	7.42	7.06
Benefits paid	(9.91)	(9.55)	(12.59)	(17.95)	(14.54)
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations - due to change in demographic assumptions	(0.01)	-	-	(0.37)	0.24
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations - due to change in financial assumptions	0.40	(7.92)	(7.81)	(9.52)	7.19
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations - due to experience	13.94	6.29	1.65	1.32	(2.12)
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	**138.34**	**120.92**	**117.89**	**117.78**	**122.36**

Amount recognised in the balance sheet	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	138.34	120.92	117.89	117.78	122.36
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	-	-	-	-	-
Net liability recognised at the end of the year	**138.34**	**120.92**	**117.89**	**117.78**	**122.36**
Non-current provisions	109.41	93.29	97.65	92.24	90.42
Current provisions	28.93	27.63	20.24	25.54	31.94

Expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Current service cost	9.65	8.64	12.45	14.33	12.24
Past service cost	-	-	-	0.19	-
Net interest cost	6.38	5.68	6.41	7.42	7.06
Total expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss	**16.03**	**14.32**	**18.86**	**21.94**	**19.30**
Re-measurement (or actuarial) (gain) arising from change in assumptions	14.33	(1.63)	(6.16)	(8.57)	5.31

Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Expected cash flows over the next (valued on undiscounted basis) :					
1st following year	28.93	27.63	20.24	25.54	31.94
2nd following year	18.23	15.68	17.25	13.96	10.15
3rd following year	17.65	14.31	16.56	14.45	12.63
4th following year	18.23	13.46	15.71	12.47	12.12
5th following year	18.40	14.85	14.80	13.24	10.23
Sum of years 6 to 10	54.07	52.50	50.20	51.65	52.67
Sum of years 11 and above	32.44	30.37	29.71	28.34	36.11

Sensitivity analysis:

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation (DBO) are discount rate and expected salary increase. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of the sensitivity analysis on the DBO is given below:

	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Delta effect of +1% change in rate of discounting	(4.79)	(4.27)	(4.33)	(4.46)	(4.92)
Delta effect of -1% change in rate of discounting	5.21	4.65	4.71	4.88	5.42
Delta effect of +1% change in rate of salary increase	4.45	4.13	3.98	4.31	4.67
Delta effect of -1% change in rate of salary increase	(4.26)	(3.92)	(3.79)	(4.06)	(4.38)
Delta effect of +1% change in rate of employee turnover	(0.10)	(0.23)	(0.06)	(0.59)	(1.13)
Delta effect of -1% change in rate of employee turnover	0.11	0.23	0.04	0.61	1.21

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. There is no change in the method of valuation from the prior period.
Sensitivity due to mortality and withdrawals are not material and hence impact of change not calculated.

(c) Compensated absences

The leave obligations cover the Group's liability for sick and privilege leaves. Leave obligation is presented as current, since the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for any of these obligations. However, based on past experience, the Group does not expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued leave or require payment within the next 12 months.

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Opening Balance	104.68	111.30	111.30	111.43	110.19
Add: Addition / (Write back) during the year	(4.42)	14.21	4.52	16.82	8.59
Less: Payment during the year	(7.32)	(8.43)	(11.14)	(16.95)	(7.35)
Closing balance	**92.94**	**117.08**	**104.68**	**111.30**	**111.43**

(d) Superannuation

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Opening Balance	33.88	31.40	31.40	39.87	38.66
Add: Addition during the year	0.57	1.59	2.48	1.27	3.00
Less: Payment during the year	(1.32)	-	0.00	(9.74)	(1.79)
Closing balance	**33.13**	**32.99**	**33.88**	**31.40**	**39.87**

48 Contingent liabilities and commitments

(A) Contingent liabilities not provided for:

(₹ in million)

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(i) Provident fund matter (Refer note a below)	Not ascertainable	Not ascertainable	Not ascertainable	Not ascertainable	Not ascertainable
(ii) Transport pass fees claimed by excise authorities (Refer note b below)	87.31	87.31	87.31	87.31	87.31
(iii) Water Charges claim by MIDC, Aurangabad (Refer note c below)	19.32	18.37	18.60	17.65	16.38
(iv) Additional license fees on account of restructuring of the Group, levied by, the Maharashtra State Excise Department, Aurangabad (Refer note d below)	3.28	3.28	3.28	3.28	3.28
(v) Differential Octroi Duty on Extra Neutral Alcohol / Rectified Spirit by Aurangabad Municipal Corporation (Refer note e below)	15.80	15.80	15.80	15.80	15.80
(vi) Service tax demand notice from The Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax, Aurangabad (Refer note f below)	-	-	-	-	0.70
(vii) Demand notice from the Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax, Aurangabad, towards service tax on reverse charge basis on expenditure incurred in foreign currency on sales promotion, travelling and other expenditure (Refer note g below)	53.81	53.81	53.81	53.81	53.81
(viii) Income tax matters (Refer note h & i below)	33.31	33.31	33.31	33.31	83.89
(ix) Rajasthan VAT department has demanded sales Tax along with interest and penalty from a contract bottling unit on ENA produced by them to be used as intermediary product for the manufacture of IMFL (Refer note j below)	10.76	10.76	10.76	10.76	10.76
(x) Debit memorandum from its customer - Canteen Stores Department (Refer note k below)	339.87	-	-	-	366.14
(xi) Excise demand relating to excess transit wastages for ENA supplied by Contract Bottling unit (Refer note l below)	28.60	28.60	28.60	28.60	28.60
(xii) Show cause notice from Canteen Stores Department (CSD) on account of differential trade rate relating to the period from October 2014 to December 2020 (Refer note m below)	85.77	85.77	85.77	85.77	85.77
(xiii) Demand notice by the Government of Andhra Pradesh (Refer note n below)	272.50	272.50	272.50	272.50	272.50
(xiv) VAT / GST on ENA procured by the Group in Uttar Pradesh (Refer note o below)	162.90	162.90	162.90	142.87	-
(xv) A contract bottling unit had been issued notice of demand under the Assam Entry Tax Act by the Government of Assam (Refer note p below)	13.12	13.12	13.12	13.12	13.12
(xvi) The Group was receiving taxable invoices from its CBUs at the rate of 18% on the bottling charges on manufacturing of IMFL for the Group (brand owner). However, based on the notification dated 13 October 2017, no .31/2017 - Central Tax (rate), the Group has asked its bottlers to charge GST on bottling charge at 5% (Refer note q below)	94.06	60.04	60.04	19.47	-

(₹ in million)

Particulars	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(xvii) Group has received summon notice dated 11 August 2020 from the Director General of GST Intelligence, Hyderabad on applicability of GST on Distillery Wet Grain Soluble (DWGS) and Distillery Dry Grain Soluble (DDGS). On 20 June 2022, group has received Show Cause Notice on the subject matter from Directorate General of Goods and Services Tax Intelligence (DGGI), Telangana. (Refer note r below)	72.62	72.62	72.62	72.62	-
(xviii) Income Tax matter (Refer note s below)	1.73	1.73	1.73	1.73	1.73
(xix) GST on supply of ENA in the state of Uttar Pradesh and Kerala. (Refer note t below)	42.08	42.08	42.08	6.04	
(xx) Short payment of wages and levy to the Mathadi Workers (Refer note u below)	25.30	25.30	25.30	-	-
(xxi) Excise demand relating to low strength of ENA (Refer note v below)	2.71	2.71	2.71	2.71	2.71
(xxii) Intimation received under Section 73(5) (Form GST DRC-01A) alleging to pay GST on ENA. (Refer note w below)	31.15	29.50	29.50	-	-
(xxiii) Group has not acknowledged debts arising out of difference on account of vendor reconciliation. (Refer note x below)	-	-	-	-	3.30
(xxiv) VAT liability on amount of Business Surplus received by the Group from tie-up unit arrangements with third parties. (Refer note y below)	530.25	530.25	530.25	465.53	443.42

a) Contingent liability relating to determination of provident fund liability, based on 28 February 2019 Supreme Court judgement, is not determinable at present, due to uncertainty on the period of impact of the judgement in absence of further clarification relating to applicability. The Group will continue to assess any further developments in this matter for their implications on the Group financial statements, if any, which, based on the number of employees, is not expected to be significant.

b) Transport pass fee claimed by excise authorities @ ₹ 3 per bulk litre (BL) from 12 July 1999 up to 25 August 2009 and @ ₹ 1.50 per BL from 26 August 2009 till 18 May 2011 on Extra Neutral Spirit (ENA) purchased aggregating ₹ 82.20 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 82.20 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 82.20 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 82.20 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 82.20 million) and transport pass fee claimed by excise authorities @ ₹ 1 per BL from 01 April 2010 to 18 May 2011 on rectified spirits purchased aggregating ₹ 4.89 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 4.89 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 4.89 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 4.89 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 4.89 million), transport pass fee claimed by excise authorities @ ₹ 3 per BL from 01 June 2009 to 18 May 2011 on Malt purchased aggregating ₹ 0.22 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 0.22 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 0.22 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 0.22 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 0.22 million) including for one of the Contract Bottling Unit.

The Group has paid ₹ 30.37 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 30.37 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 30.37 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 30.37 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 30.37 million) under protest which is shown under balance with statutory authorities (non-current).

The Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Mumbai has, vide its order dated 06 May 2011, upheld Group's appeal and allowed the Group's petition with the direction that the amount paid be refunded along with the interest @ 9% per annum within 10 weeks from the date of receipt of application for refund. As directed, the Group has filed an application for claim of refund before the customs and excise authorities. The Group has also claimed ₹ 16.37 million (including interest of ₹ 2.99 million) on account of transport pass fees charged by suppliers.

The Customs and excise department of Maharashtra has filed a Special leave petition (SLP) before the Hon'ble Supreme Court against the above order. The Supreme Court has directed the registrar to issue notice to all concerned and affected parties pending admission of petition.

Subsequently, the registrar has issued notice to all the concerned and affected parties for admission of petition and accordingly, the Group has filed its response to this notice. The matter has not come up for hearing.

c) Increased water charges (including delayed payment charges billed by MIDC from time to time for the period November 2001 to December 2023, disputed by the Group aggregating ₹ 19.32 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 18.37 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 18.60 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 17.65 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 16.38 million).

In the above said matter, High Court of Judicature of Bombay, Aurangabad Bench did not allow the stay petition filed by the Group. However, the Hon'ble High Court of Aurangabad Bench has agreed to allow for payment of only principal amount to MIDC towards outstanding water charges and granted stay on levy of interest and penalty till the disposal of final appeal.

Based on the above, the Group has paid till 31 December 2023 ₹ 15.92 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 14.97 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 15.20 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 14.25 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 12.98 million) under protest which is shown under balance with statutory authorities (non-current).

Few of the IMFL manufacturers have filed Special Leave Petition before the Supreme Court challenging the order of the Aurangabad Bench of Bombay High Court. Since the cause of action and reliefs claimed are identical, the outcome of this case will hold good for the Group as well.

d) The Maharashtra State Excise Department, Aurangabad has raised a demand of ₹ 3.28 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 3.28 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 3.28 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 3.28 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 3.28 million) towards additional license fee on the Group as a consequence of the change of name arising due to restructuring of the Group. The Group has challenged the said demand and filed Writ Petition before High Court of Judicature of Bombay, Aurangabad Bench. The said matter has not come up for hearing yet. The demand of ₹ 3.28 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 3.28 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 3.28 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 3.28 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 3.28 million), which is paid by the Group under protest, is shown under balance with statutory authorities (non-current).

e) The Aurangabad Municipal Corporation (AMC) had recovered differential Octroi Duty on Extra Neutral Alcohol / Rectified Spirit for the period from December 1991 to June 1997 on the basis of High Court judgment on similar facts in another liquor Group case. This judgment had been reversed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in another case in which interest @ 6 % p. a. was allowed. The Group has entered into an agreement with AMC on 12 March 1993 by which both the parties had agreed that judgment passed shall be binding on both the parties.

The Group had filed a suit for recovery in the Hon'ble Court of Civil Judge, (Senior Division) at Aurangabad. As per the order dated 16 October 2006 of the Court, the Group is entitled to get an amount of ₹ 15.80 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 15.80 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 15.80 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 15.80 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 15.80 million), with interest thereon @ 6% p.a. from the date of suit till the date of payment.

The Municipal Corporation has filed an appeal against this order, which has been disposed off by the Division Bench of the Bombay High Court, Aurangabad bench vide their order dated 12 February 2007 granting the stay of execution of decree passed by Trial Court subject to deposit of ₹ 22 million in 11 instalments commencing from April 2007. Further, the appeal came up for hearing on 29 August 2007 before the High Court at Bombay Bench at Aurangabad and an order was passed allowing the Group to withdraw the aforesaid amount and so far the Group has received ₹ 22 million up to 31 March 2009. The appeal filed by AMC is pending before the Bombay High Court, Aurangabad Bench.

f) In an earlier year, the Group had received service tax demand notice from The Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax, Aurangabad which has raised the demand against the show cause cum demand notice, confirming the demand for ₹ Nil (31 December 2022 Nil, 31 March 2023 Nil, 31 March 2022 Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ 0.70 million), (including penalty of ₹ 0.34 million, late fees of ₹ 0.04 million but excluding interest) for the period 1 August 2014 to 31 July 2015 towards service tax on alleged short delivery of bottles received, non-supply of clear bottles etc. u/s 66EE of the Service Tax Act. The Group has filed an appeal before the Commissioner Appeals Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax and paid an amount of Nil (31 December 2022 Nil, 31 March 2023 Nil, 31 March 2022 Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ 0.02 million) under protest which is shown under balance with statutory authorities.
On 20 July 2021, the Group has received favorable order from the office of Assistant Commissioner, GST, disposing the demand as Demand, Interest and Penalty are unsustainable and dropped the proceedings.

g) In an earlier year, the Group had received demand notice from the Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax, Aurangabad for the F.Y. 2011-12 to 2014-15 towards service tax on reverse charge basis on expenditure incurred in foreign currency on sales promotion, travelling and other expenditure. Total demand raised is ₹ 53.81 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 53.81 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 53.81 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 53.81 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 53.81 million) (including penalty of ₹ 26.83 million, late fees of ₹ 0.16 million excluding interest). The Group has paid ₹ 2.01 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 2.01 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 2.01 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 2.01 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 2.01 million) under protest against the said demand towards mandatory deposit for admission of appeals, which is shown under balance with statutory authorities (non-current). The Group has filed an appeal before Central Excise and Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT), Mumbai.

h) Income tax matter is in dispute before CIT-Appeal relating to A.Y. 2014-15 ₹ 33.31 million, (31 December 2022 ₹ 33.31 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 33.31 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 33.31 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 33.31 million). Against the above said demand, the Group has deposited under protest ₹ 5.51 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 5.51 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 5.51 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 5.51 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 5.51 million) which is disclosed under Income tax (current-tax) assets (net). The balance demand is adjusted by the department with refundable balance of AY 2011-2012 as per intimation dated 20 April 2017.

i) Income tax matter relating to A.Y. 2010-11 and 2011-12 which was in dispute before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court has been disposed off in favour of the Company. In the earlier year the said matter was appealed against the ITAT Mumbai by the Income Tax Department amounting to ₹ Nil (31 December 2022 Nil, 31 March 2023 Nil, 31 March 2022 Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ 50.58 million). The Honourable High Court, Mumbai in their order dated 22 November 2021, disposed off both the appeals in favour of the Company by dismissing the appeals filed by the department.

j) One of the Group's Contract Bottling Unit (CBU) at Rajasthan had received notice of demand for the A.Y. 2007-08 to 2009-10 amounting to ₹ 9.18 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 9.18 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 9.18 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 9.18 Million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 9.18 Million) of VAT and interest thereon for ₹ 1.58 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 1.58 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 1.58 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 1.58 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 1.58 million) aggregating ₹ 10.76 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 10.76 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 10.76 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 10.76 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 10.76 million) from Commercial Tax Officer, Government of Rajasthan on alleged VAT payable on captive consumption of ENA for the manufacturing of the Group's brands and deemed sale of ENA to the brand owner. The said demand was upheld by the Hon'ble Rajasthan High Court vide their order dated 20 July 2017. Against the said demand, the CBU has filed a Special Leave Petition before the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Vide order dated 28 August 2017, the Hon'ble Supreme Court has granted stay in the matter in respect of recovery of any demand or interest. In the event, if the matter is decided against the CBU, the Group is liable to compensate the CBU for the tax demand including interest.

k) The Group in an earlier year had received a debit memorandum from its customer - Canteen Stores Department for Nil (31 December 2022 Nil, 31 March 2023 Nil, 31 March 2022 Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ 366.14 million) on account of differential trade rate relating to the period from 01 March 2012 to 31 October 2017. The aggregate amount receivable from the Canteen Store Department by CBUs of the Group on account of the abovementioned debit memorandum is NIL (31 December 2022 Nil, 31 March 2023 Nil, 31 March 2022 Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ 340.30 million) which was substantially withheld by the Canteen Store Department. The Company has written off Nil (31 December 2022 Nil, 31 March 2023 Nil, 31 March 2022 ₹ 87.49 million, 31 March 2021 Nil) as bad debts and has recovered the balance amount.
During the current period ended 31 December 2023, the Group has received another debit memorandum from CSD dated 11 December 2023, on the same matter and same period, along with penalty of ₹ 54.92 million amounting to ₹ 421.07 million. After adjusting the earlier credit and debit note received from CSD, the total amount of debit note received is ₹ 339.87 million. The Group has contested the same and is in discussion with the authority. The Group is expecting a favourable result in this matter.

l) In an earlier year, the Group has received excise demand of ₹ 28.60 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 28.60 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 28.60 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 28.60 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 28.60 million) relating to excess transit wastages for ENA supplied by Contract Bottling unit (CBU). Writ petition was filed with the Hon'ble High Court by CBU and is pending for disposal. Amount deposited under protest of ₹ 7.15 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 7.15 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 7.15 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 7.15 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 7.15 million) is shown under balance with statutory authorities (non-current).

Madhya Pradesh High Court ordered that, on furnishing an adequate surety to the satisfaction of Excise Commissioner, the recovery of penalty shall remain stayed until next date of hearing. The matter has not come up for hearing yet and the same is under progress.

m) The Group had received a show cause notice dated 22 March 2021 from its customer – Canteen Stores Department (CSD) for ₹ 85.77 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 85.77 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 85.77 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 85.77 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 85.77 million) on account of differential trade rate relating to the period from October 2014 to December 2020, which has been disclosed as contingent liability. The Group has submitted the explanation and necessary documents demanded by CSD in response to the letter received from CSD, however consequent to the explanation filed by the company a show cause notice was issued by CSD to the company demanding certain clarification and documentation. The company has sought further time from the CSD department to respond to the said notice.

n) A letter of Intent (LOI) was granted to the Group along with a demand notice by the Government of Andhra Pradesh on 9 March 2017 based on an application made on 3 December 2014 along with stipulated payment of ₹ 27.50 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 27.50 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 27.50 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 27.50 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 27.50 million). The Group had immediately requested for a waiver of the demand notice. Further, vide letter dated 17 May 2017, the Group had requested for a three-year moratorium for payment of license fees. The request was disallowed vide their letter dated 31 May 2017 which was served on the Group on 12 June 2017.

The Group then requested the Commissioner of Prohibition of Excise for surrendering the LOI and requested for refund of the advance paid ₹ 27.50 million vide letter dated 14 June 2017. However, the Group received a demand notice dated 9 February 2018

from the Government of Andhra Pradesh and Commissioner of Prohibition & Excise for payment of the license fees of ₹ 272.50 million in 11 quarterly instalments with first instalment being due on 26 January 2017 which remains unpaid.

Group filed a writ petition under Article 226 of the Constitution of India against the State of Andhra Pradesh represented by the Principal Secretary to Government Revenue (Excise Department) as well as against the Commissioner, Prohibition and Excise, Government of Andhra Pradesh in the High Court of Andhra Pradesh seeking a declaration that the said demand as well as refusal of the Respondents to refund amounts paid by the Group of ₹ 8.75 million and ₹ 27.50 million along with applications made on 22 November 2010 and 03 December 2014 as bad and illegal in law; and a direction to the Respondents to cease making demands for payment of instalments and to refund the above amounts paid by the Group along with interest @ 18% p.a. from 17 December 2012 and 31 May 2017 respectively.

In the said Writ Petition, the Hon'ble High Court was pleased to pass an interim order directing the Respondents not to take any coercive action against Group pursuant to the letter dated 6 February 2019 of the 2nd Respondent. The Group filed a writ petition against the said order and obtained an interim stay on the same. The matter is still pending in Andhra Pradesh High Court.

The writ petition filed by the Group against the State of Andhra Pradesh represented by Principal Secretary to Government, Revenue (Excise Department) and the Commissioner Prohibition and Excise is pending before the High Court of Andhra Pradesh. The matter was last listed on 19 March 2019 when the order was passed. Thereafter the matter has not been listed. The order subsists even as on today. The Order also stated that no coercive steps can be taken against the petitioner.

o) The Group is operating its business in the State of Uttar Pradesh by entering into a Lease Agreement with Simbhaoli Sugars Limited ("Simbhaoli") since October 2017. As per UP VAT Act, during pre-GST period i.e., before 30 June 2017, ENA in Uttar Pradesh was charged at Paisa 0.80 per litre for intra state purchase of ENA and Inter-state purchase was taxed at 2% CST. After introduction of GST, ENA falls under VAT and there was no clarity on VAT to be charged on ENA. In respect of ENA purchases made by the Group from Simbhaoli since October 2017, no VAT / GST has been recovered or paid by Simbhaoli in line with the request made by the Group. The Group has issued an indemnity to safeguard Simbhaoli from any liability on account of VAT / GST on ENA procurement from them. Department has issued notice to Simbhaoli to deposit arrears of Tax for F.Y 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20. Neither Simbhaoli nor the Group has paid any tax for the period 1 October 2017– 8 December 2019. On 17 December 2019, Uttar Pradesh VAT Authority has notified 5% rate of VAT on ENA, effective from 9 December 2019. 9 December 2019 onwards, the Group has been paying 5% VAT on ENA purchase. The liability amounts to ₹ 162.90 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 162.90 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 162.90 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 142.87 million, 31 March 2021 Nil). The Group has been granted stay for 90% of the demand on issuance of surety. Balance 10% of the demand has been paid by the Group amounting to ₹ 14.29 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 14.29 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 14.29 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 14.29, 31 March 2021 Nil) for FY 2017-18, FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20, which is shown under balance with statutory authorities (non-current). The Group has received intimation of tax u/s 74(5) of the CGST Act, 2017 for the period October to November 2022, amounting to ₹ 20.04 million including interest and penalty (31 December 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2023 ₹ 20.04 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil) on alleged GST on ENA. The Group has replied to the instant notice.

p) A contract bottling unit had been issued notice of demand of ₹ 13.12 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 13.12 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 13.12 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 13.12 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 13.12 million) on 2 July 2010 under the Assam Entry Tax Act by the Government of Assam. Amount deposited under protest of ₹ 7.58 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 7.58 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 7.58 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 7.58 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 7.58 million) is shown under other financial assets (non-current).

q) In earlier years, the Group was receiving taxable invoices from its CBUs at the rate of 18% on the bottling charges on manufacturing of IMFL for the Group (brand owner). However, based on the notification dated 13 October 2017, No. 31/2017 - Central Tax (rate), the Group has asked its bottlers to charge GST on bottling charge at 5%.
Vide Notification No. CBIC (TRU) Circular no 164/20/2021 a separate new entry was introduced with effect from 01 October 2021, accordingly all the CBUs are charging 18% on job work changes.
However, there remains to be lack of clarity in respect of charging the 18% rate from 01 October 2017 to 30 September 2021. Confederation of Indian Alcoholic Beverage Companies (CIABC) has submitted a representation vide letter dated 9 October 2019 to Hon'ble Finance Minister and other Senior Member of the GST Council. However, final disposal of the above representation made has not been received. The Group is of the view that the effective date of applicability of 18% GST should be from 01 October 2021 only and accordingly no provision has been made in the books of account.
Andhra Pradesh High Court vide order dated 20 October 2022, in case of another company in the industry, ruled that the services by way of job work in relation to manufacture of alcoholic liquor for human consumption should be liable to 18% GST retrospectively. A special leave petition has been filed by that company with Hon'ble Supreme Court against such ruling of Andhra Pradesh High Court and is yet to be concluded. The Company has also been advised by senior counsel that the GST at 18% would not be payable with retrospective effect which is in line with special leave petition filed by aforesaid company.

Some of the State GST departments have raised demand for the differential GST amount as mentioned below for which Group has filed its reply with the department that the Group through its Member Association CIABC has made various representation for clarification to the GST council and is awaiting response on this.

State	Unit Name	Period of Demand	Demand (₹ million)
Maharashtra	Radico NV Distilleries Maharashtra Ltd	July 2017 to March 2020	₹ 8.56 (31 December 2022 ₹ 6.31, 31 March 2023 ₹ 6.31, 31 March 2022 ₹ 6.31, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil)
Odisha	Hi Tech Bottling Limited	July 2017 to March 2022	₹ 6.84 (31 December 2022 ₹ 8.11, 31 March 2023 ₹ 8.11, 31 March 2022 ₹ 8.11, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil)
Odisha	Shakti Maltare & Lemonade Pvt Ltd	July 2017 to March 2020	₹ 5.05 (31 December 2022 ₹ 5.05, 31 March 2023 ₹ 5.05, 31 March 2022 ₹ 5.05, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil)
Meghalaya	C M J Breweries Pvt Ltd	July 2017 to March 2019	₹ 3.89 (31 December 2022 ₹ 3.89, 31 March 2023 ₹ 3.89, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil)
Andhra Pradesh	Sentini Bio Products Pvt Ltd	July 2018 to March 2020	₹ 16.33 (31 December 2022 ₹ 16.33, 31 March 2023 ₹ 16.33, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil)
Andhra Pradesh	Sentini Beverages Pvt Ltd	July 2017 to June 2018	₹ 3.60 (31 December 2022 ₹ 3.60, 31 March 2023 ₹ 3.60, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil)
West Bengal	Cosmos Beverages Pvt Ltd	July 2017 to March 2021	₹ 8.77 (31 December 2022 ₹ 8.77, 31 March 2023 ₹ 8.77, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil)
Rajasthan	Solkit Distillery and Brewery Pvt Ltd	October 2017 to September 2021	₹ 7.98 (31 December 2022 ₹ 7.98, 31 March 2023 ₹ 7.98, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil)
Chandigarh	Batra Breweries Pvt Ltd	July 2017 to March 2021.	₹ 20.81 (31 December 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2023 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil)
Karnataka	Unistil Alcoblends Private Limited	September 2018 to September 2021	₹ 12.23 (31 December 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2023 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil)

In the case of Solkit Distillery and Brewery Pvt Ltd the company has filled appeal before Appellate Authority After paying pre-deposit of 10% of the demand for ₹ 0.80 million. Virtual hearing has been scheduled on 24 April 2024.

In the case of Hi-Tech Bottling Limited, has received notice of rejecting appeal for period from 01 July 2017 to 31 March 2022 without citing any reason, The CBU is in the process of submitting appropriate response with appellate authority.

In the case of Batra Breweries Pvt Ltd, Company has received demand order dated 12 March 2024. The Company is in the process of filing an appeal before 1st Appellate Authority within stipulated time frame allowed.

In the case of Unistil Alcoblends Private Limited, a detailed submission and Personal Hearing was concluded and final order is awaited.

r) Group has received summon notice dated 11 August 2020 from the Director General of GST Intelligence, Hyderabad on applicability of GST on Distillery Wet Grain Soluble (DWGS) and Distillery Dry Grain Soluble (DDGS). On 20 June 2022, the Group has received Show Cause Notice on the subject matter from Directorate General of Goods and Services Tax Intelligence (DGGI), Telangana for an amount of ₹ 72.62 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 72.62 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 72.62 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 72.62 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil). Aggrieved by the earlier orders, the Group has filed an appeal before High Court of Telangana at Hyderabad on 3 December 2022. The company has filed the rejoinders in the hearing scheduled on 12 June 2023. The hearing of the matter is scheduled on 18 July 2023. The Company is discharging GST on DDGS and DWGS at 5% from 12 August 2020 . However, the Company has been advised by senior counsel, that the GST demand for the period prior to the issuance of the clarificatory Circular dated 06 October 2021 is not payable.

s) During the year ended 31 March 2019, Group has received Income Tax assessment order from Income Tax Department for A.Y. 2016-17 raising demand of ₹ 1.73 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 1.73 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 1.73 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 1.73 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 1.73 million). The said demand has arisen due to non-granting of claim of TDS and TCS in respect of Wales Distillers Private Limited, which was merged with the Group with the appointed date of 01 April 2015. The Group has made required representation before the Assessing Officer for rectification of demand. The Group is confident of getting a favorable rectification order and accordingly, no provision has been made in the books of account.

t) In the State of Uttar Pradesh, one of the ENA supplier has received order u/s. 74 of the GST Act for the period April 2022 to August 2022 from the Joint Commissioner, Saharanpur, Uttar Pradesh, raising demand of ₹ 36.04 million (including interest and penalty) (31 December 2022 ₹ 36.04 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 36.04 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 Nil) in respect of supply of ENA to the Group without charging GST. The Group has filed the appeal before the Appellate authority.

The question of chargeability of appropriate Tax (whether UPVAT or GST) is subjudice before Apex Court of India as UPVAT Authority, CIABC and International Spirits and Wines Association of India (ISWAI) has filed Special Leave Petition before Apex Court, challenging Order of Allahabad High Court which has ruled that appropriate tax is not UPVAT. The matter was scheduled for hearing on 10 April 2023, however the hearing got postponed. Next date of hearing is yet to be announced.

Further, show cause notice has been received in our Kerala unit from State Goods and Service Tax Department, Kerala raising demand of ₹ 6.04 million ((31 December 2022 ₹ 6.04 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 6.04 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 6.04, 31 March 2021 Nil)) on alleged non-payment of GST on procurement of ENA during the tax period 2017-18. The Group has responded to such notice. No further communication has been received from State GST Department.

u) By its order dated 18 October 2022, the Aurangabad Mathadi and Unsecured Workers Board, Aurangabad has directed the Group to make the payment of ₹ 25.30 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 25.30, 31 March 2023 ₹ 25.30 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil). towards short payment of wages and levy to the Mathadi Workers working at its unit situated at Plot No. 06, MIDC Area, Chikalthana, Aurangabad during February 2010 to July 2017 (loading), August 2014 to December 2019 (Unloading) and September 2020 to June 2022 (shifting/Carriage/Store) from the rates fixed by the Board for the period 2013-16, 2016-19, 2019-22. Challenging the order of the Board, Group has filed a writ petition before Bombay High Court, Aurangabad Bench seeking suspension of operation of the order dated 18 October 2022 passed by the Board. While granting a conditional stay of the order, the Court has directed the Company to deposit a sum of ₹ 5 million (31 December 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2023 ₹ 5 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil) along with an undertaking to deposit balance amount on final conclusion. As per the Court directives, Company has deposited a sum of ₹ 5 million (31 December 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2023 ₹ 5 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ Nil) reflected under balance with statutory authorities (non-current) along with an undertaking. The matter is pending for filing the reply by the Mathadi Board.

v) The Group received excise demand of ₹ 2.71 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 2.71 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 2.71 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 2.71 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 2.71 million relating to low strength of ENA. The Group had challenged the same with appropriate authority and has paid the amount under protest, which is disclosed under due from tie-up units (non-current). Rajasthan High Court had left it exclusively for the Excise Commissioner to take a decision, after examining all aspects of the matter. The Group had filed a writ petition in March 2020. The Rajasthan High Court, vide its order dated 15 November 2021 has quashed the orders of the Excise by allowing the writ petition with a direction to pay ₹ 0.01 million as compounding fee. An appeal has been filed by the State Excise challenging the order before Principal Bench, Jodhpur bench of Rajasthan High Court.

w) The Group was operating its business in the State of Uttar Pradesh by entering into an arrangement with Dhampur Sugar Mills Limited (Dhampur). As per UP VAT Act, during pre-GST period i.e., before 30 June 2017, ENA in Uttar Pradesh was charged at Paisa 0.80 per litre for intra state purchase of ENA and Inter-state purchase was taxed at 2% CST. Dhampur has received intimation of tax ascertained as being payable under Section 73(5) (Form GST DRC-01A) from Office of Joint Commissioner, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh for the FY 2019-20, 2020-21 and 2021-22 vide letter dated 12 April 2023 and 12 July 2023 alleging to pay GST on ENA for the following tax period for sale of ENA to the Group.

Financial Year	Amount (₹ million)
2019-20	52.49
2020-21	53.58
2021-22	15.85
Total	**121.92**

Out of total liability raised on ENA supplier, our Group's liability is restricted to ₹ 31.15 million (Including Interest, excluding penalty) (31 December 2022 ₹ 29.50 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 29.50 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil, 31 March 2020 Nil). Dhampur has filed appropriate response against the said intimation and is awaiting response on the same

The Dhampur Sugar Mills Limited (Dhampur) has filled appeal before The office of the Commissioner (Appeals) of the State Tax, Moradabad, UP, after paying compulsory deposit of ₹ 1.98 million.

x) Group has not acknowledged debts amounting to Nil (31 December 2022 Nil, 31 March 2023 Nil, 31 March 2021 Nil, 31 March 2021 ₹ 3.30 million) arising out of difference on account of vendor reconciliation. The differences have been amicably resolved without any ramifications.

y) VAT liability on account of Business Surplus received by the Group from tie-up unit arrangements with third parties.

(₹ in million)

Financial Year	Particulars	Demand as at 31 December 2023	Demand as at 31 December 2022	Demand as at 31 March 2023	Demand as at 31 March 2022	Demand as at 31 March 2021
2011-12	The Group has received an order from the Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax (Appeals) granting a stay on recovery of said demand pending decision by the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay in the case of M/s Diageo India Pvt Ltd v/s State of Maharashtra. The Group has filed appeal with Maharashtra Sales Tax Tribunal and paid ₹ 0.99 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 0.99 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 0.99 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 0.99 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 0.99 million) under protest against the said demand, which is shown under balance with statutory authorities (non-current).	324.89	324.89	324.89	324.89	324.89
2012-2013	The Group is in the process of filling an appeal with Maharashtra Sales Tax Tribunal	29.03	29.03	29.03	-	-
2013-2014	The Group is in the process of filling an appeal with Maharashtra Sales Tax Tribunal	35.69	35.69	35.69	-	-
2015-2016	The Group has received an assessment order from Deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax, in March 2020 against which, Group has filed copy of appeal to Joint commissioner of State Tax dated 20 July 2020 and paid ₹ 0.05 million, (31 December 2022 ₹ 0.05 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 0.05 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 0.05 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 0.05 million) under protest, which is shown under balance with statutory authorities (non-current). The Commissioner has granted a stay on recovery of demand pending decision by the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay in a similar case of M/s Diageo India Pvt Ltd v/s State of Maharashtra.	60.27	60.27	60.27	60.27	60.27
2016-2017	The Group has received an assessment order from Deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax, Mazgaon dated 23 February 2021. The Commissioner has granted a stay on recovery of said demand pending decision by the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay in the case of M/s Diageo India Pvt Ltd v/s State of Maharashtra	58.26	58.26	58.26	58.26	58.26
2017-2018	The Group has received a Rectification order u/s. 24 of the MVAT dated 06 December 2021 for the FY 2017-18 for a	22.11	22.11	22.11	22.11	-

(₹ in million)

Financial Year	Particulars	Demand as at 31 December 2023	Demand as at 31 December 2022	Demand as at 31 March 2023	Demand as at 31 March 2022	Demand as at 31 March 2021
	total demand of ₹ 19.87 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 19.87 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 19.87 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 19.87 million, 31 March 2021 Nil). For the similar period Group has received Rectification Order u/s. 9(2) of the CST Act Maharashtra raising a total demand of ₹ 2.24 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 2.24 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 2.24 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 2.24 million, 31 March 2021 Nil) of which the Group has already paid ₹ 1.22 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 1.22 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 1.22 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 1.22 million, 31 March 2021 Nil) and same is shown under balance with statutory authorities (non-current). The demand has arisen mainly due to the non-receipt of C Forms and F Forms, and the Group has filed an appeal and the matter is pending to be heard.					

(B) Commitments:

Capital commitments (net of advances) ₹ 22.20 million (31 December 2022 ₹ 142.89 million, 31 March 2023 ₹ 156.00 million, 31 March 2022 ₹ 70.86 million, 31 March 2021 ₹ 25.67 million)

49 Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group determines revenue recognition through the following steps:
1. Identification of the contract, or contracts, with a customer.
2. Identification of the performance obligations in the contract.
3. Determination of the transaction price.
4. Allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract.
5. Recognition of revenue when, or as, a performance obligation is satisfied.

In all cases, the total transaction price for a contract is allocated amongst the various performance obligations based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. The transaction price for a contract excludes any amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

At contract inception, the Group assesses the goods and services promised in the contracts with customers and identifies a performance obligation for each promise to transfer to the customer a good or service (or bundle of goods or services) that is distinct. To identify the performance obligations, the Group considers all of the goods and services promised in the contract regardless of whether they are explicitly stated or are implied by customary business practices.

The majority of customer contracts that the Group enters into consist of a single performance obligation for the delivery of Indian made foreign liquor. The Group recognizes revenue from product sales when control of the product transfers, generally upon shipment or delivery to the customer, i.e., at a point in time. The Group records product sales net of estimated incentives/discounts, returns, and other related charges. These are generally accounted for as variable consideration estimated in the same period the related sales occur. The methodology and assumptions used to estimate rebates and returns are monitored and adjusted regularly in the light of contractual and legal obligations, historical trends, past experience and projected market conditions. The payment terms are generally less than a year.

a) Disaggregation of revenue :

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
(i) Based on geographical markets					
Within India	57,579.29	52,821.06	69,490.30	69,990.83	62,251.08
Outside India	1,311.78	876.23	1,299.66	1,707.93	1,335.53
Revenue from contracts with customer	**58,891.07**	**53,697.29**	**70,789.96**	**71,698.76**	**63,586.61**
(ii) Based on type of customer					
Government Corporation	28,514.96	27,449.77	32,193.43	39,113.37	36,491.65
Private parties	30,376.11	26,247.52	38,596.53	32,585.39	27,094.96
Revenue from contracts with customer	**58,891.07**	**53,697.29**	**70,789.96**	**71,698.76**	**63,586.61**

b) Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Revenue as per contracted price	61,501.40	55,500.32	73,167.49	74,166.02	66,007.76
Adjustments (includes provisions estimated and adjustments there against)					
Sales incentive	(2,451.48)	(1,652.42)	(2,174.07)	(2,342.31)	(2,245.98)
Discount	(158.85)	(150.61)	(203.46)	(124.95)	(175.17)
Revenue from contract with customers	**58,891.07**	**53,697.29**	**70,789.96**	**71,698.76**	**63,586.61**

50 Earnings per share

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Net profit attributable to equity share holders	42.29	28.81	16.01	14.76	25.08
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Basic EPS	24,41,13,665	24,41,13,665	24,41,13,665	24,13,50,525	24,23,84,845
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Diluted EPS	24,41,13,665	24,41,13,665	24,41,13,665	24,13,50,525	24,23,84,845
Earnings per share:					
Basic EPS (in ₹)	0.17	0.12	0.07	0.06	0.10
Diluted EPS (in ₹)	0.17	0.12	0.07	0.06	0.10
Face value per share (in ₹)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Basic and Diluted EPS:					
Weighted average number of Equity shares for Basic EPS (A)	24,41,13,665	24,41,13,665	24,41,13,665	23,55,66,665	23,55,66,665
Effect of dilution number of equity shares on conversion of CCD (B) #	-	-	-	57,83,860	-
Weighted average number of potential equity shares in respect of NCCPS (C)	-	-	-	-	68,18,180
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Basic and Diluted EPS (A+B+C)	24,41,13,665	24,41,13,665	24,41,13,665	24,13,50,525	24,23,84,845

Weighted average number of equity shares = Amount received on issue of CCD / Rate per CCD * Number of days from date of issue / 365.

51 Segment reporting

(a) **Business segment**

The Group is engaged in the business of manufacture, purchase and sale of alcoholic beverages. Operating segment are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The CODM regularly monitors and reviews the operating result of the whole Group as one segment of "Alcoholic beverages/liquids". Thus, as defined in Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments", the Group's entire business falls under this one operational segment. The Group has not presented any other significant information to the CODM.

(b) **Entity wide disclosures**

Revenue of ₹ 1,0116.05 million (31 December 2022: ₹ 8,588.23 million; 31 March 2023 ₹ 11,310.49 million; 31 March 2022 ₹ 25,281.82 million; 31 March 2021 ₹ 23,939.22 million) is derived from the external customers, that individually accounted for more than 10% of the total revenue.

52 CSR Expenditure during the year:

As per the Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 every year the Company is required to spend at least 2% of its average net profit made during the immediately 3 preceding financial years on the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities. Following is the information regarding projects undertaken and expenses incurred on CSR activities.

Particulars	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
(A) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	2.82	2.52	3.36	4.83	4.69
(B) Amount spent during the year on CSR activities					
(a) For construction / acquisition of any assets	-	-	-	-	-
(b)For purposes other than (a) above	5.18	-	3.00	3.49	18.36
	5.18	**-**	**3.00**	**3.49**	**18.36**
Shortfall/(Excess) during the year (A)	(2.37)	2.52	0.36	1.34	(13.67)
Unutilised excess CSR spend as at the beginning of the year (B)	11.97	12.33	12.33	13.67	-
Unutilised excess CSR spend as at the end of the year (B-A)	14.34	9.81	11.97	12.33	13.67

Contribution to Chamber of Marathwada Industries and Agriculture, contribution to Singireddy charitable trust and supply of wet cake for cattle feed, Contribution to West Bengal State Emergency Relief Fund, Contribution to Shree Udaseen Math Seva Trust, Supply of ENA for production of Hand Sanitizer, Contribution to Rangapur Police Station, Pebbair, Wanaparthy, District, Provision of essential commodity kits to the migrant labourers, Contribution for Check Dam Project on Chityala, Sevasadan Shikshan Sansthan, Supply of DWGS to Singireddy charitable trust, Contribution for check dam project, Contribution to military literature festival, plant activities and distribution of hand sanitizers, Contribution to Chief Minister's Distress Relief Fund, Kerala, Contribution for Wanaparthy Dist School, Rangapur, Contribution for check dam project, Contribution to military literature festival, plant activities and distribution of hand sanitizers

53 The Government of Bihar by its notification dated 5 April 2016 imposed a ban on trade and consumption of Indian Made Foreign Liquor and foreign liquor in the state of Bihar. The Company had received a letter dated 16 August 2017 from the Government of Bihar, stating that it is not liable to refund the aforesaid statutory duties under the Bihar Prohibition and Excise Act, 2016.

On 17 October 2017, the Company filed a writ petition before the Hon'ble High Court of Patna seeking refund of the aforesaid statutory duties (including statutory duties paid by the Company's tie-up manufacturers) i.e. VAT, excise duty, license fee, bottling fee etc., paid to the Government of Bihar of ₹ 312.40 million in respect of billed stocks destroyed/ returned by Bihar State Beverages Corporation Limited ("BSBCL"). Out of the above VAT and Excise department has processed ₹ 106.20 million till 31 March 2019.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company has received ₹ 23.93 million out of the recoverable balance of ₹ 233.46 million as on 31 March 2021. There was no receipt during 1 April 2023 to 31 December 2023.

The Balance recoverable of ₹ 209.53 million as at 31 December 2023 is considered good and receivable based on the favourable Order issued by the Hon'ble High Court of Patna dated 18 May 2017 and dated 30 April 2019. The same is disclosed under Note 10 "Due from tie-up units".

Consequent to the above claim by the Company, BSBCL has raised a demand for demurrage charges of Rs 111.10 million on account of IMFL being kept in its godown for the period 2016-17 & 2017-18. In the demurrage charge matter, the writ petition was filed by the company and the impugned demands have been set aside. The matter has been remanded to the MD, BSBCL to furnish detailed claim to the petitioners, whereupon the Company was required to submit the detailed response. The matter would be finally adjudicated by the MD, BSBCL within 6 months.

The Hon'ble High Court of Patna has passed the order dated November 24, 2023 in favour of the company for refund of Excise Duty Refund. The impugned order passed by the Excise Commissioner, Bihar and the Assistant Commissioner, Excise, Patna has been set aside. However, Excise Department has filed an appeal before the Hon'ble Supreme Court against the order passed by the Hon'ble High Court of Patna.

54 Leases

Group as lessee

The Group's leased assets primarily consist of leases for land, building and machinery. Leases of land, building and machinery generally have lease term between 10 years to 95 years, 2 to 5 years and 2 to 10 years respectively. The leases includes non-cancellable periods and renewable option at the discretion of lessee which has been taken into consideration for determination of lease term.

i) Set out below are the carrying amounts of right of use assets and the movements during the year :

Particulars	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening right of use assets	1,297.11	1,304.41	1,304.41	1,362.03	1,347.38
Additions	-	33.74	33.74	25.76	64.19
Deletions	-	-	(2.67)	(42.83)	(0.05)
Adjustment	(30.91)	-	-	-	-
Charge for the year	(29.78)	(27.12)	(38.37)	(40.55)	(49.49)
Closing right of use assets	**1,236.42**	**1,311.03**	**1,297.11**	**1,304.41**	**1,362.03**

ii) Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movements during the year :

Particulars	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening lease liability	164.01	158.94	158.94	198.01	188.15
Additions	-	33.74	33.74	25.78	59.83
Termination	-	-	(2.82)	(45.56)	(0.04)
Adjustment	(30.91)				
Accretion of interest	11.17	12.81	17.53	19.96	21.82
Payment of interest	(11.17)	(12.81)	(17.53)	(19.96)	(21.82)
Payment of principle	(19.35)	(19.57)	(25.85)	(19.29)	(49.93)
Closing lease liability	**113.75**	**173.11**	**164.01**	**158.94**	**198.01**

The weighted average rate applied is in the range of 11.30% to 11.50%

iii) The following are the amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	31 December 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	29.78	27.12	38.37	40.55	49.49
Interest expense on lease liabilities	11.17	12.81	17.53	19.96	21.82
Expense relating to short-term and cancellable leases (included in other expenses)	73.16	57.99	79.41	62.01	72.55
Total amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss	**114.11**	**97.92**	**135.31**	**122.52**	**143.86**

iv) The undiscounted maturity analysis of lease liabilities is as follows:

Particulars	within 1 year	2-5 years	5-10 years	10 years and above	Total
31 December 2023					
Lease payments	42.54	96.09	1.70	1.44	**141.77**
Finance charge	11.16	15.68	0.89	0.29	**28.02**
31 December 2022					
Lease payments	46.90	158.21	21.10	1.79	**228.00**
Finance charge	18.16	34.65	1.65	0.43	**54.89**
31 March 2023					
Lease payments	47.69	150.34	13.82	1.70	**213.55**
Finance charge	17.09	30.84	1.22	0.39	**49.54**
31 March 2022					
Lease payments	36.94	138.29	42.92	2.05	**220.20**
Finance charge	16.27	40.34	4.10	0.55	**61.26**
31 March 2021					
Lease payments	48.10	161.52	72.02	2.38	**284.02**
Finance charge	20.68	54.84	9.76	0.73	**86.01**

55 Interest in other entities - subsidiaries

The Company's subsidiaries as at reporting date are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, they have share capital consisting solely of equity shares that are held directly by the Company, and the proportion of ownership interests held equals the voting rights held by the Company. The country of incorporation is also their principal place of business.

Name of the entities	Country of incorporation	% of effective holding as at		Net Assets, i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share in profit/(loss)		Share in other comprehensive income/(loss)		Share in total comprehensive income/(loss)	
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022	% of consolidated net assets	Amount	% of consolidated profit	Amount	% of consolidated OCI	Amount	% of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent:											
Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (Formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)	India	NA	NA								
31 December 2023				104.93%	4,294.28	145.24%	61.42	100.00%	(10.72)	160.56%	50.70
31 December 2022				104.31%	4,246.25	190.87%	54.99	100.00%	1.05	187.69%	56.04
31 March 2023				104.50%	4,243.58	308.33%	49.36	100.00%	4.00	266.72%	53.36
31 March 2022				103.69%	4,190.21	402.06%	59.33	100.00%	5.58	319.15%	64.91
31 March 2021				102.74%	3,922.50	227.60%	57.09	100.00%	(3.45)	248.04%	53.64
Subsidiaries (Domestic):											
ABD Dwellings Private Limited (w.e.f. 15 July 2021)	India	100%	100%								
31 December 2023				10.09%	413.00	-15.21%	(6.43)	0.00%	-	-20.37%	(6.43)
31 December 2022				8.90%	362.36	-36.31%	(10.46)	0.00%	-	-35.04%	(10.46)
31 March 2023				9.37%	380.43	-83.62%	(13.39)	0.00%	-	-66.92%	(13.39)
31 March 2022				7.67%	309.82	-94.50%	(13.94)	0.00%	-	-68.56%	(13.94)
Madanlal Estates Private Limited (w.e.f. 15 July 2021)	India	100%	100%								
31 December 2023				9.16%	375.01	-11.83%	(5.00)	0.00%	-	-15.85%	(5.00)
31 December 2022				9.38%	381.67	-17.40%	(5.01)	0.00%	-	-16.79%	(5.01)
31 March 2023				9.36%	380.02	-41.64%	(6.67)	0.00%	-	-33.33%	(6.67)
31 March 2022				9.57%	386.69	-30.49%	(4.50)	0.00%	-	-22.12%	(4.50)
NV Distilleries & Breweries (AP) Private Limited	India	100%	100%								
31 December 2023				-1.52%	(62.25)	-20.30%	(8.59)	0.00%	-	-27.19%	(8.59)
31 December 2022				-1.28%	(52.09)	-29.24%	(8.42)	0.00%	-	-28.22%	(8.42)
31 March 2023				-1.34%	(54.58)	-69.96%	(11.20)	0.00%	-	-55.99%	(11.20)
31 March 2022				-1.10%	(44.56)	-75.13%	(11.09)	0.00%	-	-54.51%	(11.09)
31 March 2021				-0.91%	(34.63)	-42.72%	(10.72)	0.00%	-	-49.55%	(10.72)
Deccan Star Distilleries Private Limited	India	100%	100%								
31 December 2023				-0.01%	(0.30)	-0.12%	(0.05)	0.00%	-	-0.16%	(0.05)
31 December 2022				0.00%	(0.20)	-0.12%	(0.04)	0.00%	-	-0.12%	(0.04)
31 March 2023				-0.01%	(0.24)	-0.53%	(0.09)	0.00%	-	-0.42%	(0.09)
31 March 2022				0.00%	(0.16)	-0.11%	(0.02)	0.00%	-	-0.08%	(0.02)
31 March 2021				0.00%	(0.14)	-0.08%	(0.02)	0.00%	-	-0.10%	(0.02)
Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	India	100%	100%								
31 December 2023				-2.18%	(89.13)	-15.62%	(6.60)	0.00%	-	-20.92%	(6.60)
31 December 2022				-1.97%	(80.12)	-25.61%	(7.38)	0.00%	-	-24.71%	(7.38)
31 March 2023				-2.03%	(82.52)	-61.09%	(9.78)	0.00%	-	-48.89%	(9.78)
31 March 2022				-1.80%	(72.74)	-78.35%	(11.56)	0.00%	-	-56.85%	(11.56)
31 March 2021				-1.60%	(61.18)	-68.13%	(17.09)	0.00%	-	-79.02%	(17.09)
Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited	India	100%	100%								
31 December 2023				-0.98%	(40.14)	-0.38%	(0.16)	0.00%	-	-0.51%	(0.16)
31 December 2022				-0.98%	(39.93)	-0.59%	(0.17)	0.00%	-	-0.57%	(0.17)
31 March 2023				-0.98%	(39.98)	-1.34%	(0.22)	0.00%	-	-1.07%	(0.22)
31 March 2022				-0.98%	(39.76)	-4.87%	(0.72)	0.00%	-	-3.54%	(0.72)
31 March 2021				-1.02%	(39.04)	-1.15%	(0.29)	0.00%	-	-1.34%	(0.29)
Allied Blenders and Distillers Maharashtra LLP (w.e.f. 15 June 2022)	India	85%	85%								
31 December 2023				0.00%	0.01	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
31 December 2022				0.00%	0.01	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
31 March 2023				0.00%	0.01	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Subsidiaries (Foreign):											
Allied Blenders and Distillers (UK) Limited (w.e.f. 07 November 2022)	Scotland	100%	100%								
31 December 2023				0.00%	0.10	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
31 December 2022				0.00%	0.10	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
31 March 2023				0.00%	0.10	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
31 December 2023				-19.50%	(798.03)	18.23%	7.70	0.00%	-	24.38%	7.70
31 December 2022				-18.37%	(747.11)	18.30%	5.30	0.00%	-	17.69%	5.30
31 March 2023				-18.87%	(765.83)	49.85%	8.00	0.00%	-	39.90%	8.00
31 March 2022				-17.05%	(688.52)	-18.61%	(2.74)	0.00%	-	-13.44%	(2.74)
31 March 2021				0.79%	30.31	-15.52%	(3.89)	0.00%	-	-18.03%	(3.89)
Total	India										
31 December 2023				100.00%	4,092.56	100.00%	42.29	100.00%	(10.72)	100.00%	31.57
31 December 2022				100.00%	4,070.84	100.00%	28.81	100.00%	1.05	100.00%	29.86
31 March 2023				100.00%	4,060.99	100.00%	16.01	100.00%	4.00	100.00%	20.01
31 March 2022				100.00%	4,040.98	100.00%	14.76	100.00%	5.58	100.00%	20.34
31 March 2021				100.00%	3,817.82	100.00%	25.08	100.00%	(3.45)	100.00%	21.63

56 CWIP ageing schedule

The ageing schedule for CWIP is as below:

	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
Projects in Progress	**Less than 1 year**	**1-2 years**	**2-3 years**	**More than 3 years**	
As at 31 December 2023	100.57	2.12	1.72	50.32	154.73
As at 31 December 2022	56.41	2.01	4.86	50.85	114.13
As at 31 March 2023	81.70	2.26	2.53	53.79	140.28
As at 31 March 2022	89.86	3.78	4.00	50.89	148.53
As at 31 March 2021	75.29	31.66	3.68	58.71	169.34
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

There are no projects in progress whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

57 Trade receivables ageing schedule

31 December 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	**6 months - 1 year**	**1 - 2 years**	**2 - 3 years**	**More than 3 years**	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	12,251.60	148.12	220.21	71.07	7.47	12,698.47
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	7.32	7.92	21.56	21.38	127.09	185.27
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	0.25	0.25
(v) Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	0.25	13.10	12.12	118.27	143.74
Total	**12,258.92**	**156.29**	**254.87**	**104.57**	**253.08**	**13,027.73**

31 December 2022

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	**6 months - 1 year**	**1 - 2 years**	**2 - 3 years**	**More than 3 years**	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	9,893.42	290.01	205.46	57.50	8.67	10,455.06
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	5.65	5.87	18.49	32.18	110.11	172.30
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	4.48	4.48
(v) Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk						-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired		-	0.59	11.36	78.74	90.69
Total	**9,899.07**	**295.88**	**224.54**	**101.04**	**202.00**	**10,722.53**

31 March 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	**6 months - 1 year**	**1 - 2 years**	**2 - 3 years**	**More than 3 years**	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	9,027.08	128.21	353.77	22.75	11.96	9,543.77
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	1.38	7.15	22.35	32.06	98.89	161.83
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	0.47	0.17	-	22.23	9.50	32.37
(v) Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	0.25	-	-	6.27	100.93	107.45
Total	**9,029.18**	**135.53**	**376.12**	**83.31**	**221.28**	**9,845.42**

31 March 2022

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	**6 months - 1 year**	**1 - 2 years**	**2 - 3 years**	**More than 3 years**	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	8,964.44	304.75	113.69	134.96	17.99	9,535.83
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	1.43	0.93	28.56	4.91	120.07	155.90
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	4.48	4.48
(v) Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	0.11	11.83	4.15	79.79	95.88
Total	**8,965.87**	**305.79**	**154.08**	**144.02**	**222.33**	**9,792.09**

31 March 2021

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	**6 months - 1 year**	**1 - 2 years**	**2 - 3 years**	**More than 3 years**	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	7,140.95	568.82	362.50	102.12	494.90	8,669.29
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	1.13	0.01	7.56	21.25	91.37	121.32
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	0.96	10.99	4.26	17.57	68.30	102.08
Total	**7,143.04**	**579.82**	**374.32**	**140.94**	**654.57**	**8,892.69**

58 Trade payables ageing schedule

31 December 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	63.70	2,075.83	11.36	3.24	2.08	**2,156.21**
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1,231.28	1,791.79	2,287.13	23.26	9.17	11.07	**5,353.70**
(iii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**1,231.28**	**1,855.49**	**4,362.96**	**34.62**	**12.41**	**13.15**	**7,509.91**

31 December 2022

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	954.26	748.82	12.88	1.56	0.27	**1,717.79**
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	988.58	2,157.58	1,031.87	13.07	4.44	11.19	**4,206.73**
(iii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**988.58**	**3,111.84**	**1,780.69**	**25.95**	**6.00**	**11.46**	**5,924.52**

31 March 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	872.87	739.19	16.85	0.83	1.55	**1,631.29**
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	739.68	2,089.36	1,121.75	57.42	8.37	10.97	**4,027.55**
(iii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**739.68**	**2,962.23**	**1,860.94**	**74.27**	**9.20**	**12.52**	**5,658.84**

31 March 2022

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	137.86	1,492.93	1.48	-	0.59	**1,632.86**
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1,152.21	425.91	2,116.90	24.40	1.46	10.02	**3,730.90**
(iii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**1,152.21**	**563.77**	**3,609.83**	**25.88**	**1.46**	**10.61**	**5,363.76**

As at 31 March 2021

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	78.73	1,476.02	3.00	1.44	0.69	**1,559.88**
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1,117.66	297.80	1,830.10	12.93	6.07	7.47	**3,272.03**
(iii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**1,117.66**	**376.53**	**3,306.12**	**15.93**	**7.51**	**8.16**	**4,831.91**

59 Loans and Advances to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties

Name of the Entities	Relationship	As at 31 December 2023	% to Total Loans and Advances	As at 31 December 2022	% to Total Loans and Advances	As at 31 March 2023	% to total loans and advances^	As at 31 March 2022	% to total loans and advances^	As at 31 March 2021	% to total loans and advances^
1. Utpal Kumar Ganguli	Key management personnel (till 31 March 2022)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	40.62	98.81%	29.13	33.74%
2. Kishore Chhabria	Key management personnel	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	55.73	64.55%
Total		**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**40.62**	**98.81%**	**84.86**	**98.29%**

^Represents percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans

60 Details of transactions and balances with struck off companies

Name of the Entities	Nature of Transactions	Transactions during the year/ period					Balance as at				
		Apr-Dec23	Apr-Dec22	FY 22-23	FY 21-22	FY 20-21	31-Dec-23	31-Dec-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
1. Green Park Hotels & Resorts Limited	Payable	0.05		0.04	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	-
2. The Greens Limited	Receivable	-	1.06	-	1.06	-	-	-	-	0.74	-
Total		**0.05**	**1.06**	**0.04**	**1.06**	**0.03**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**0.74**	**-**

61 Ratios

Following are the ratios computed for the year:

Ratios	Unit	Basis	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2023	For the nine months period ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Current Ratio	Times	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	0.98	0.94	0.94	0.89	0.84
Debt-Equity Ratio	Times	Total Debt / Total Shareholders Equity	1.95	1.95	1.92	2.10	2.50
Debt Service Coverage Ratio*	Times	Earnings for debt service / Debt service	1.06	1.03	1.05	0.89	0.87
Return on Equity Ratio/ Return on investment	Percentage	Profit After Tax / Average Shareholders Equity	1.66%	0.95%	0.40%	0.38%	0.66%
Inventory Turnover Ratio**	Days	Cost of Goods Sold / Avg. Inventory	51.00	46.11	45.13	42.09	53.63
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Days	Revenue from operations / Average Trade Receivables	51.81	51.03	49.10	46.18	51.55
Trade Payables turnover ratio#	Days	Credit Purchases / Average Trade Payables	107.71	99.35	95.31	115.66	132.05
Net Capital turnover ratio	Times	Net Revenue from Operations / Average working capital	-41.97	-22.19	-14.07	-16.78	-17.31
Net profit ratio ##	Percentage	Net Profit After Tax / Net sales	0.17%	0.12%	0.05%	0.05%	0.11%
Return on Capital Employed $	Percentage	Earnings before Interest and Tax / Capital Employed	17.20%	12.32%	12.60%	12.58%	12.15%

* Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + depreciation and amortisation + Finance Cost, Debt service = Interest + Principal Repayments

** Cost of Goods Sold = Cost of Materials Consumed + Purchases of Stock-in-Trade + Changes in Inventories; Average Inventory = (Opening Inventory + Closing Inventory)/2

Credit Purchases = Purchase of Raw Materials on credit included in Cost of Materials Consumed + Purchase of Stock-in-Trade + Other Purchases; Average Trade Payables = (Opening Trade Payables + Closing Trade Payables)/2

Net Sales = Total sales - sales return- Excise Duty

$Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability, Tangible Net worth = Total assets -Total liabilities - Other intangible assets- Goodwill

Reasons for more than 25% increase/(decrease):

March 2021 compared with March 2022

1. Return on Equity - The ratio was lower on account of decrease in net profit and increase in equity due to issue of compulsory convertible debentures.
2. Net Profit Ratio - The ratio was lower on account of decrease in net profit and increase in net sales.

March 2022 compared with December 2022

1. Return on Equity - The ratio was higher on account of increase in net profit.
2. Net Profit Ratio - The ratio was higher on account of increase in net profit.
3. Net Capital Turnover Ratio - The ratio was higher on increase in net revenue from operations and improvement in working capital

March 2023 compared with December 2023

1. Return on Equity - The ratio was higher on account of increase in net profit.
2. Net Profit Ratio - The ratio was higher on account of increase in net profit
3. Return on Capital Employed - The ratio was higher on account of increase in EBITA
4. Net Capital Turnover Ratio - The ratio was higher on increase in net revenue from operations and improvement in working capital

62 Non adjusting items

a) Audit qualifications for the respective years, which do not require any adjustments in the restated consolidated financial information are as follows:

There are no audit qualification in auditor's report for the nine months period ended 31 December 2023, 31 December 2022 and financial year ended 31 March 2023, 31 March 2022 and 31 March

b) Emphasis of matters not requiring adjustments to restated consolidated financial information
Period ended 31 December 2023
Emphasis of matter – Customer dispute
We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 48(xxii) to the accompanying special purpose interim consolidated financial statements wherein it is stated that during the period ended 31 December 2023, one of the customer, Canteen Stores Department (CSD) had raised a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 339.87 million on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to CSD during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Period ended 31 December 2022
Emphasis of matter – Subsequent event

We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 64(b) to the accompanying special purpose interim consolidated financial statements wherein it is stated that subsequent to period ended 31 December 2022 i.e., on 11 December 2023, one of the customer, Canteen Stores Department (CSD) had raised a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 339.87 million on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to CSD during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Financial Year 2022-23
Qualifications in the Companies (Auditor's report)Order, 2016 issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Act, which do not require any corrective adjustments in the Restated Consolidated Financials Information are as follows:

Clause (vii)(a)

In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities, though value added tax and duty of excise have not generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities and there have been significant delays in a large number of cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

Clause (vii)(b)
According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues (Including interest and penalty, as the case may be)	Amount	Amount paid/ adjusted under protest	Amount unpaid	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	33.31	33.31	-	AY 2014-2015	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	1.73	-	1.73	AY 2016-2017	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	53.81	2.01	51.80	April 2011 to March 2015	Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT)
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	28.60	7.15	21.45	2016-2017	High Court of Madhya Pradesh, Jabalpur
MVAT Act, 2002	MVAT	324.89	0.99	323.90	2011-2012	Maharashtra Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal
Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949	Excise Duty-License Fee	3.28	3.28	-	FY 2007-2008	High Court of Judicature of Bombay, Aurangabad Bench
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	1.40	0.72	0.68	FY 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of State Tax
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	61.40	0.05	61.35	FY 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of State Tax
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	58.26	-	58.26	FY 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	0.24	-	0.24	FY 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax
Karnataka Stamp Act, 1957	Excise Duty – Stamp Duty	0.30	0.30	-	FY 2016-2017 to FY 2018-2019	Superintendent of Excise
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	29.03	-	29.03	FY 2012-2013	Maharashtra sales tax department
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	35.69	-	35.69	FY 2013-2014	Maharashtra sales tax department
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	2.24	1.22	1.02	FY 2017-2018	Joint Commissioner of State Tax
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	19.87	-	19.87	FY 2017-2018	Joint Commissioner of State Tax
GST Act 2017	GST	72.62	-	72.62	July 2017 to July 2020	Telangana High Court

Financial Year 2021-22

Qualifications in the Companies (Auditor's report)Order, 2016 issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Act, which do not require any corrective adjustments in the Restated Consolidated Financials Information are as follows:

Clause (iii)(c)

In respect of loans granted by the Company to companies, the schedule of repayment of principal and interest has been stipulated wherein these amounts are repayable on demand and the repayments have been regular. Further, to the extent such repayments have not been demanded, in our opinion, repayment of the principal and interest amounts are also considered to be regular. The schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated in the case of loans granted to the employee directors and the repayment/receipts of the principal amount and the interest are regular, except for the following instances:

Name of the Entity	Amount due	Due date	Extent of delay (in days)	Remarks (if any)
Employee Director	1.17	08-04-2021	357	The entire amount has been repaid post year end.
	1.17	08-05-2021	327	
	1.16	08-06-2021	296	
	1.14	08-07-2021	266	
	1.14	08-08-2021	235	
	1.14	08-09-2021	204	
	1.14	08-10-2021	174	
	1.14	08-11-2021	143	
	1.14	08-12-2021	113	
	1.14	08-01-2022	82	
	1.14	08-02-2022	51	
	1.14	08-03-2022	23	

Clause (iii)(d)

The total amount which is overdue for more than 90 days as at 31 March 2022 in respect of loans granted to other parties is as follows

Particulars	Amount	No. of Cases	Remarks, if any
Principal	9.00	1	The entire amount has been repaid post year end.
Interest	1.33	1	
Total	10.33	1	

Reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for recovery of such principal amounts and interest.

Clause (vii)(a)

In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities, though value added tax and duty of excise have not generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities and there have been significant delays in a large number of cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

Clause (vii)(b)

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues (Including interest and penalty, as the case may be)	Amount	Amount paid/ adjusted under protest	Amount unpaid	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	33.31	33.31	-	AY 2014-2015	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	4.83	1.73	3.10	AY 2016-2017	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	53.81	2.01	51.80	April 2011 to March 2015	Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT)
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	28.60	7.15	21.45	2016-2017	High Court of Madhya Pradesh, Jabalpur
MVAT Act, 2002	MVAT	324.89	0.99	323.90	2011-2012	Maharashtra Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal
Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949	Excise Duty-License Fee	3.28	3.28	-	FY 2007-2008	High Court of Judicature of Bombay, Aurangabad Bench
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	1.40	0.72	0.68	FY 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of State Tax
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	61.40	0.05	61.35	FY 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of State Tax
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	58.26	-	58.26	FY 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	0.24	-	0.24	FY 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax
Karnataka Stamp Act, 1957	Excise Duty – Stamp Duty	0.30	0.30	-	FY 2016-2017 to FY 2018-2019	Superintendent of Excise

Financial Year 2020-21

Emphasis of Matter – Recoverability of dues receivable from a customer

We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 48 (n) to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Holding Company is in the process of recovering dues receivable from a customer – Canteen Stores Department, amounting to Rs. 340.30 million as at 31 March 2021, which have been withheld by the customer pursuant to a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 366.14 million raised on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to the customer during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Qualifications in the Companies (Auditor's report)Order, 2016 issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Act, which do not require any corrective adjustments in the Restated Consolidated Financials Information are as follows:

Clause (iii)(b)

The schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated in the case of loans granted to the employee directors and the repayment/receipts of the principal amount and the interest are regular, except for four instalments of principal and interest with respect to a loan given to an employee director, wherein the delayed amounts have been received post year end. In the case of loans granted to companies, the schedule of repayment of principal and interest has been stipulated wherein these amounts are repayable on demand and the repayments have been regular. Further, to the extent such repayments have not been demanded, in our opinion, repayment of the principal and interest amounts are also considered to be regular. However, in the case of loans given to a wholly owned subsidiary, the Holding Company has written off the entire amounts outstanding towards principal and interest aggregating ₹ 36.16 million and ₹ 9.23 million, respectively, during the year ended 31 March 2021.

Clause (iii) (c)

In view of our comments in (b) above, there are no amounts considered to be overdue in respect of loans granted to such companies or other parties except for a loan given to an employee director wherein the total amount overdue for more than 90 days as at 31 March 2021, in respect of one instalment, amounted to ₹ 1.17 million (including interest ₹ 0.17 million) which has been subsequently received post year end.

Clause (vii)(a)

Undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have not been regularly deposited to the appropriate authorities and there have been significant delays in a large number of cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.

Clause (vii)(b)

There are no dues in respect of goods and service tax and duty of customs that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. The dues outstanding in respect of income-tax, sales tax, service-tax, duty of excise and value added tax on account of disputes are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues (Including interest and penalty, as the case may be)	Amount	Amount paid/ adjusted under protest	Amount unpaid	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	33.31	33.31	-	AY 2014-2015	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	4.83	1.73	3.10	AY 2016-2017	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	50.58	-	50.58	AY 2010-2011 AY 2011-2012	Bombay High Court
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	53.81	2.01	51.80	April 2011 to March 2015	Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT)
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	0.70	0.02	0.68	August 2014 to July 2015	Commissioner (Appeals), Customs, Central Excise and Service Tax, Nashik
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	28.60	7.15	21.45	2016-2017	High Court of Madhya Pradesh, Jabalpur
MVAT Act, 2002	MVAT	324.89	0.99	323.90	2011-2012	Maharashtra Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal
Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949	Excise Duty-License Fee	3.28	3.28	-	FY 2007-2008	High Court of Judicature of Bombay, Aurangabad Bench
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	1.40	0.72	0.68	FY 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of State Tax
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	61.40	0.05	61.35	FY 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of State Tax
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	58.26	-	58.26	FY 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	0.24	-	0.24	FY 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax
Karnataka Stamp Act, 1957	Excise Duty – Stamp Duty	0.30	0.30	-	FY 2016-2017 to FY 2018-2019	Superintendent of Excise

63 Material regrouping/reclassification

Appropriate regrouping/reclassification have been made in the Restated Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities, Restated Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss and Restated Consolidated Statement of Cash flows, wherever required, by reclassification of the corresponding items of income, expenses, assets, liabilities and cash flows, in order to bring them in line with the accounting policies and classification as per the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 prepared in accordance with Schedule III (Division II) of the Act, requirements of Ind AS 1 - 'Presentation of financial statements' and other applicable Ind AS principles and the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended.

64 Material errors

There are no material errors that require any adjustment in the Restated Consolidated Summary Statements.

65 The Company has a working capital limit in excess of ₹ 50 million sanctioned by banks and financial institutions based on the security of current assets. The quarterly returns/statements, in respect of the working capital limits have been filed by the company with such banks and/or financial institutions and such returns/statements are in agreement with the books of account of the company for the respective periods which were not subjected to audit/review, except for the following:

Sr No	Name of the Bank Financial institution	Aggregate working capital limits sanctioned	Nature of assets offered as per security	Period	Nature of items	Amount disclosed as per return	Amount as per books of accounts	Difference*
1	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, CSB Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank	3,203.60	Current Assets	9 months period ended 31 December 2023	Net Sales	25,630.50	25,602.76	(27.74)
					Current Assets	19,858.80	20,842.81	984.01
					Current Liabilities	18,610.90	21,107.30	2,496.40
2	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, CSB Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank	3,203.60	Current Assets	6 months period ended 30 September 2023	Net Sales	16,654.4	16,654.4	-
					Current Assets	17,983.60	19,702.49	1,718.89
					Current Liabilities	17,298.20	20,013.47	2,715.27
3	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, CSB Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank	3,203.60	Current Assets	3 months period ended 30 June 2023	Net Sales	8,142.70	8,122.34	(20.36)
					Current Assets	16,610.00	16,081.71	(528.29)
					Current Liabilities	16,990.00	17,159.10	169.10
4	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, CSB Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank	5,770.80	Current Assets	Year ended 31 March 2023	Net Sales	31,354.40	31,466.29	111.89
					Current Assets	16,350.30	16,587.50	237.20
					Current Liabilities	15,818.00	16,035.10	217.10
5	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, CSB Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank	6,070.80	Current Assets	9 months period ended 31 December 2022	Net Sales	23,743.00	23,757.06	14.06
					Current Assets	15,755.70	15,728.70	(27.00)
					Current Liabilities	16,766.30	17,060.90	294.60
6	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank	5,470.80	Current Assets	6 months period ended 30 September 2022	Net Sales	15,030.80	14,895.03	(135.77)
					Current Assets	14,876.00	15,365.70	489.70
					Current Liabilities	15,881.90	16,151.10	269.20
7	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank	5,470.80	Current Assets	3 months period ended 30 June 2022	Net Sales	6,438.70	6,438.70	-
					Current Assets	13,678.20	13,534.00	(144.20)
					Current Liabilities	13,291.80	14,191.80	900.00
8	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank	6,695.80	Current Assets	Year ended 31 March 2022	Net Sales	26,990.90	26,990.90	-
					Current Assets	15,225.40	14,667.55	(557.85)
					Current Liabilities	15,941.60	16,182.90	241.30
9	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank	6,695.80	Current Assets	9 months period ended 31 December 2021	Net Sales	19,049.40	19,049.40	-
					Current Assets	16,869.80	16,658.70	(211.10)
					Current Liabilities	18,179.50	18,001.30	(178.20)
10	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank	6,745.80	Current Assets	6 months period ended 30 September 2021	Net Sales	12,382.70	12,382.70	-
					Current Assets	14,389.90	13,989.60	(400.30)
					Current Liabilities	16,481.30	16,481.30	-
11	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank	6,285.80	Current Assets	3 months period ended 30 June 2021	Net Sales	5,590.50	5,590.50	-
					Current Assets	15,391.60	16,387.20	995.60
					Current Liabilities	17,198.50	17,198.46	(0.04)
12	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank, Rabo Bank	6,935.80	Current Assets	Year ended 31 March 2021	Net Sales	23,762.70	23,483.66	(279.04)
					Current Assets	14,340.80	14,199.54	(141.26)
					Current Liabilities	16,702.50	16,814.46	111.96
13	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank, Rabo Bank	7,260.80	Current Assets	9 months period ended 31 December 2020	Net Sales	17,351.70	17,289.27	(62.43)
					Current Assets	15,498.10	15,855.73	357.63
					Current Liabilities	18,298.00	18,420.07	122.07
14	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank, Rabo Bank	7,260.80	Current Assets	3 months period ended 30 September 2020	Net Sales	10,151.90	10,153.66	1.76
					Current Assets	15,310.30	15,261.45	(48.85)
					Current Liabilities	16,378.40	16,264.76	(113.64)
15	Axis Bank, State Bank of India, Yes Bank, South Indian Bank, Saraswat Cooperative Bank, IDFC, IndusInd Bank, Rabo Bank	7,260.80	Current Assets	3 months period ended 30 June 2020	Net Sales	5,174.80	5,169.98	(4.82)
					Current Assets	12,246.80	12,180.59	(66.21)
					Current Liabilities	10,952.20	10,933.22	(18.98)

*Trade receivables are considered gross of provision and Inventories are considered gross of provision but net of excise duty in the quarterly returns filed by the Company. Also, figures are updated for book closure entries recorded post submission of returns/statements to banks/financial institutions.

66 Compulsory Convertible Debentures

The Company received the sum of ₹ 1,000 million from Oriental Radios Private Limited, a promoter entity and related party as application money towards allotment of 8.5% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (convertible securities) on 14 June 2021. However, the application money was subsequently refunded to the party within the prescribed time. On 8 July 2021, the Company has again received ₹ 1,000 million towards allotment of convertible securities and the allotment was completed within statutory timelines.

On 27th July 2021, the Company has issued 8,547,000 compulsory convertible debentures (CCD) to Oriental Radios Private Limited. Coupon on CCD is 8.5% which is to be paid in quarterly instalments. The holder shall have the right to exercise the conversion option of all or part of the CCDs at anytime after the expiry of 60 months after the date of allotment of CCDs at a conversion ratio of 1:1. In the event, the Company proposes a listing at anytime after the date of CCD subscription, then subject to the Company having obtained prior consent of the holder, immediately prior to filing of a draft red herring prospectus ('DRHP') with the Securities Exchange Board of India (SEBI) / Concerned authority in connection with such listing, or such later date as may be permitted by SEBI / concerned authority in accordance with the applicable law, all CCDs that have not been converted into equity shares shall convert into equity shares without any further Act by or on behalf of the holder of CCDs.

Since the Company has filed Draft Red Herring Prospectus on 28 June 2022, Oriental Radios Private Limited has been allotted the Equity Shares pursuant to the conversion of 8,547,000 CCDs of face value of ₹117 each, into 8,547,000 Equity Shares of the Company at a premium of ₹115 per Equity Share on 20 June 2022.

67 On 8 July 2021, the Company decided to recall its advance provided to Ashoka Liquors Private Limited (a related party) amounting ₹ 750 million, which has been received on 8 July 2021. Consequently, the Company and Ashoka Liquors Private Limited have mutually decided to redeem the NCCPS issued by the Company and NCCPS has been redeemed on 8 July 2021.

68 ABD Foundation was incorporated on 4 September 2020 as a Section 8 private Company limited by guarantee. The Company was subscriber to the memorandum of association of ABD Foundation which was wholly guaranteed by the Company. ABD Foundation was formed to carry out CSR activities on behalf of the Company such as eradicate hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting preventive health care and sanitation and making available safe drinking water, promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocational skills, etc. As per Ind AS 110, ABD Foundation is controlled by the Company and hence the activities/ transactions of ABD Foundation has been considered/ included in the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company. The company has given amount of Nil (31 December 2022: Nil; 31 March 2023 ₹ 0.01 million; 31 March 2022 Nil; 31 March 2021 ₹ 0.04 million) and total outstanding as at the balance sheet date is ₹ 0.05 million (31 December 2022: ₹ 0.04 million; 31 March 2023 ₹ 0.05 million; 31 March 2022 ₹ 0.04 million; 31 March 2021 ₹ 0.04 million).

69 The holding Company has entered into a share purchase agreement (SPA) dated 15 July 2021 to acquire the entire shareholding of ABD Dwellings Private Limited and Madanlal Estates Private Limited, at their respective face value of ₹ 10 each for a consideration of ₹ 0.1 million and ₹ 0.1 million, respectively. Consequent to the said purchase, both these entities have become wholly owned subsidiaries w.e.f. 15 July 2021. The acquisition have been accounted as per asset acquisition method. Details of the net assets and liabilities acquired as on the date of purchase are as follows:

Particulars	ABD Dwellings Private Limited	Madanlal Estates Private Limited	Total
Total Assets	191.85	378.41	570.26
Total Liabilities	210.14	385.23	595.37
Net Assets	(18.29)	(6.82)	(25.11)
Less: Purchase Consideration	0.10	0.10	0.20
Adjusted to Assets	**(18.39)**	**(6.92)**	**(25.31)**

70 The Income Tax Department ("the Department") has conducted a search operation at some of the premises / plants related to the Company, its promoters, certain officials and few group companies over allegations of tax evasion from 11 December 2023 to 17 December 2023 under Section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The officials of the Group have co-operated with the officials of the Income Tax Department and responded to all queries raised by them. During the course of search, the search team comprising of various IT authorities, have taken various soft and hard copy records along with written statements of various staff and employees of the Group. No interim tax demand has been placed on the Group by the Income tax authorities. The investigation has no material impact on the Group's operational performance. No interim tax demand and / or restriction has been imposed upon the Group and / or any of its Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management Team. Till date, the Group has not received any communication from the department in this regard. Based on the available information and facts as of date, the Group believes, that there is no adjustment or provision required in the financial statements.

71 Other Statutory Information

a The title deeds of all the immovable properties held by the Group (other than properties where the Group is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Group.

b The Group has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets during the year.

c The Group do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.

d The Group do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period

e The Group have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

f The Group have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

g The Group have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,

h The Group have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961

i The title deeds of all the immovable properties (which are included under the head 'Property, plant and equipment') are held in the name of the Group.

j The Group has complied with the provision related to number of layers as prescribed under section 2(87) of the Companies Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

k The Group has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on the current or previous financial year.

l Group is not a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender

72 The Restated Consolidated Financial Information were approved by the Board of Directors on 14 May 2024.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the restated consolidated financial statements

This is a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 001076N / N500013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited (formerly known as Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited)

Adi P. Sethna
Partner
Membership No. 108840
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Shekhar Ramamurthy
Executive Deputy Chairman
DIN: 00504801
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Alok Gupta
Managing Director
DIN: 02330045
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

Ritesh Shah
Company Secretary and Chief Legal Officer

A14037
Place: Mumbai
Date: 14 May 2024

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the audited standalone financial statements of our Company and our Material Subsidiaries for Fiscals 2023, 2022 and 2021 (collectively, the "**Audited Financial Statements**") are available on our website https://www.abdindia.com/investor-relations/financial-information/annual-reports.

Our Company is providing a link to this website solely to comply with the requirements specified in the SEBI ICDR Regulations. The Audited Financial Statements do not constitute (i) a part of this Prospectus; or (ii) a prospectus, a statement in lieu of a prospectus, an offering circular, an offering memorandum, an advertisement, an offer or a solicitation of any offer or an offer document to purchase or sell any securities under the Companies Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations, or any other applicable law in India or elsewhere.

The Audited Financial Statements should not be considered as part of information that any investor should consider subscribing for or purchase any securities of our Company or any entity in which our Shareholders have significant influence (collectively, the "**Group**") and should not be relied upon or used as a basis for any investment decision. None of the Group or any of its advisors, nor Book Running Lead Managers or the Selling Shareholders, nor any of their respective employees, directors, affiliates, agents or representatives accept any liability whatsoever for any loss, direct or indirect, arising from any information presented or contained in the Audited Financial Statements, or the opinions expressed therein.

[*The rest of this page is intentionally left blank*]

Set forth below are the details of accounting ratios as of nine months ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, Financial Years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 calculated based on the Restated Consolidated Financial Information:

(in ₹ million)

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2023*	Nine months ended December 31, 2022*	Financial year ended March 31, 2023	Financial year ended March 31, 2022	Financial year ended March 31, 2021
Basic earnings per share[1] (in ₹)*	0.17	0.12	0.07	0.06	0.10
Diluted earnings per share[2] (in ₹)*	0.17	0.12	0.07	0.06	0.10
EBITDA[3] (in ₹ million)	1,862.01	1,458.09	1,960.61	2,075.51	2,129.96
Net worth[4] (in ₹ million)	4,092.56	4,070.84	4,060.99	4,040.98	3,817.82
Return on net worth[5] (%)*	1.03	0.71	0.39	0.37	0.66
Net asset value per share[6] (in ₹)	16.76	16.68	16.64	16.55	15.75

**not annualised*

Notes:

1. *Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the restated profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year*
2. *Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the restated profit attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into Equity shares*
3. *Profit before finance costs depreciation/amortisation, share in profit of investment accounted for using equity method, exceptional items and income tax expenses*
4. *Net worth means the aggregate value of the paid-up share capital and all reserves created out of the profits and securities premium account and debit or credit balance of profit and loss account, after deducting the aggregate value of the accumulated losses, deferred expenditure and miscellaneous expenditure not written off, as per the audited balance sheet, but does not include reserves created out of revaluation of assets, write-back of depreciation and amalgamation*
5. *Calculated as restated profit for the year divided by net worth*
6. *Calculated as Net worth divided by number of equity shares outstanding as at the year-end after considering the impact of convertible securities*

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For further details of the related party transactions, as per the requirements under applicable Accounting Standards, *i.e.*, Ind AS 24 '*Related Party Transactions*' read with SEBI ICDR Regulations for the nine month period ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and the Financial Years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 as reported in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information, see "*Financial Information"* beginning on page 340.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our Financial Information on page 340. Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, the financial information for Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 included herein is derived from the Restated Consolidated Financial Statements, included in this Prospectus, which have been derived from our audited financial statements and restated in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2019) issued by the ICAI, as amended from time to time, which differ in certain material respects from IFRS, U.S. GAAP and GAAP in other countries. For further information, see "Financial Information" on page 340.

Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, in this section, references to "the Company" or "our Company" are to Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited on a standalone basis, and references to "the Group", "we", "us", "our", are to Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited on a consolidated basis.

*Unless otherwise indicated, industry and market data used in this section has been derived from industry publications, in particular, the report titled "Industry Report On Indian Alco-Beverage Market" dated May 31, 2024 (the "**Technopak Report**") prepared and issued by Technopak Advisors Private Limited appointed pursuant to an engagement letter October 11, 2023, and exclusively commissioned and paid for by us to understand the industry in which we operate in connection with the Offer. A copy of the Technopak Report is available on the website of our Company at https://www.abdindia.com/investor-relations/investor-information/reports/. There are no parts, data or information (which may be relevant for the proposed issue), that has been left out or changed in any manner. Unless otherwise indicated, financial, operational, industry and other related information derived from the Technopak Report and included herein with respect to any particular year refers to such information for the relevant calendar year. For more information, see "Risk Factors – Internal Risks – Other risks - 60. Industry information included in this Prospectus has been derived from an industry report prepared by Technopak Advisors Private Limited exclusively commissioned and paid for by us for such purpose." on page 87. Also see, "Certain Conventions, Currency of Presentation, Use of Financial Information and Market Data – Industry and Market Data" on page 29.*

OVERVIEW

We are the largest Indian-owned Indian-made foreign liquor ("**IMFL**") company and the third largest IMFL company in India, in terms of annual sales volumes between Fiscal 2014 and Fiscal 2022. (*Source: Technopak Report*) We are one of the only four spirits companies in India with a pan-India sales and distribution footprint, and a leading exporter of IMFL, and had an estimated market share (in terms of sales volume) of 11.8% in the Indian whisky market for Fiscal 2023. For further information, see "*Industry Overview*" on page 174.

Our flagship brand, *Officer's Choice Whisky* was launched in 1988 with our entry into the mass premium whisky segment. *Officer's Choice Whisky* has been among the top selling whisky brands globally in terms of annual sales volumes between 2016 and 2019. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Over the years, we have expanded and introduced products across various categories and segments. As of December 31, 2023, our product portfolio comprised 16 major brands of IMFL across whisky, brandy, rum and vodka. Certain of our brands, such as, *Officer's Choice Whisky*, *Sterling Reserve, Officer's Choice Blue* and *ICONiQ Whisky*, are '*Millionaire Brands*' or brands that have sold over a million 9-litre cases in one year. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

The following table sets forth annual sales volumes for our *Millionaire Brands* for the periods indicated*:

Particulars	Fiscal			Nine months ended December 31, 2022	Nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	Annual Sales Volumes (million cases)				
Whisky					
- *Officer's Choice Whisky*	15.54	17.55	18.89	14.42	14.56
- *Officer's Choice Blue*	5.84	5.81	5.56	4.38	3.40
- *Sterling Reserve*	2.97	3.75	5.30	4.00	3.85
- *ICONiQ Whisky**	-	-	-	-	1.43

** Please note that the table includes details of ICONiQ Whisky only for the nine months ended December 31, 2023 since it became a millionaire brand in September 2023.*

As on the date of this Prospectus, our product range includes five main categories of IMFL, *i.e.*, whisky, brandy, rum, vodka and gin. We also sell packaged drinking water under our *Officer's Choice*, *Officer's Choice Blue* and *Sterling Reserve* brands.

The following table sets forth certain details in relation to sales volume according to category of IMFL for the fiscals indicated:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Sales volume (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)	Sales volume* (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)	Sales volume* (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)
Whisky	24.60	96.39	27.49	96.79	30.59	94.88
Brandy	0.67	2.63	0.55	1.94	0.91	2.83
Rum	0.20	0.78	0.32	1.13	0.61	1.89
Vodka	0.05	0.20	0.04	0.14	0.13	0.40
Gin*	-	-	-	-	-	-
Volume Sold	**25.52**	**100.00**	**28.40**	**100.00**	**32.24**	**100.00**

** Launched in January 2024, i.e., subsequent to December 31, 2023.*

The following table sets forth certain details in relation to sales volume according to category of IMFL for the periods indicated:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Sales volume (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)	Sales volume* (million cases)	Percentage of total sales volume (%)
Whisky	23.26	94.97	23.63	96.10
Brandy	0.67	2.74	0.65	2.64
Rum	0.44	1.80	0.28	1.14
Vodka	0.12	0.49	0.03	0.12
Gin*	-	-	-	-
Volume Sold	24.49	**100.00**	24.59	**100.00**

** Launched in January 2024, i.e., subsequent to December 31, 2023.*

The following table sets forth our revenues from operations relating to our IMFL product categories for the years indicated:

Category	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Whisky	62,245.79	98.82	69,734.30	98.86	67,770.97	97.36
Brandy	413.67	0.66	418.81	0.60	1,026.12	1.48
Rum	223.89	0.36	278.82	0.40	661.04	0.95
Vodka	65.56	0.10	51.89	0.07	128.37	0.18
Others***	40.42	0.06	52.46	0.07	23.41	0.03
Total	**62,989.33**	**100.00**	**70,536.28**	**100.00**	**69,609.91**	**100.00**

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*

*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*

**** Others primarily include sales made at our retail store in Mumbai, Maharashtra.*

The following table sets forth our revenues from operations relating to our IMFL product categories for the periods indicated:

Category	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Whisky	51,604.12	97.85	55,758.28	96.95
Brandy	589.36	1.12	1,233.42	2.14
Rum	379.03	0.72	430.09	0.75
Vodka	118.98	0.23	43.44	0.08
Others***	41.27	0.08	47.75	0.08
Total	**52,732.76**	**100.00**	**57,512.98**	**100.00**

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*
**** Others primarily include sales made at our retail store in Mumbai, Maharashtra.*

We have over the years established market leadership in the alcoholic beverages market in India with a market share of 8.2% in IMFL market by sales volumes in Fiscal 2023 (*Source: Technopak Report*), with sales across 30 States and Union Territories, as of December 31, 2023. Over the years, we have developed an extensive pan-India sales footprint and as of December 31, 2023 we have 12 sales support offices, and pan-India route-to-market capabilities covering all channels and alcohol permitted States and Union Territories. Our pan-India distribution network has enabled us to support the growth in annual sales volumes of our products. As of March 31, 2023, our products were retailed across 79,329 retail outlets across 30 States and Union Territories in India (*Source: Technopak Report*). We believe that our industry position, strength of our brands, our pan-India sales footprint and logistics arrangements have further consolidated our position leading to significant business growth and financial performance. In addition, as of December 31, 2023 we exported our products to 14 international markets, including countries in the Middle East, North America, Africa, Asia and Europe.

Over the years, we have invested in strengthening our brand awareness and the goodwill of our brands. Our key brands have been awarded at recognised award functions including at the Design and Packaging Masters, The Spirits Business London, Monde Selection Bruxelles, International Taste Institute- ITQI Brussels, DMAasia ECHO, exchange4media Indian Digital Marketing Awards, Adgully Digixx, Afaqs Marketers Xcellence, Ambrosia Awards, Ambrosia Awards, INDSPIRIT, Spiritz Achiever's Awards, Product of the Year awarded to Officer's Choice Whisky at the Channelier FMCG Awards 2022, among others. We have adopted a lifestyle approach towards our brand positioning by focusing on building awareness, enhancing the appeal of our products sold under various brands, ensuring affordability of our products, maintaining the quality of products sold and building consumer engagement. Our brand-building initiatives have in the past included partnerships with teams participating in the Indian Premier League, the Pro Kabbadi League and partnerships with regional football leagues for our focus markets of West Bengal and the Northeast. We have also in the past appointed celebrity brand ambassadors including a leading cricket personality.

We own and operate our distillery located in Rangapur, Telangana that is spread over 74.95 acres with a built-up area of over 25,000 square meters. Our in-house distillation capacity of extra neutral alcohol ("**ENA**"), the key material used in the manufacture of our products, is 600.00 lakh litres per year. We also have extensive bottling capabilities across India. As of December 31, 2023, we relied on 32 bottling facilities, including bottling facilities owned and operated by us and contract bottling facilities both on exclusive and non-exclusive basis, for bottling our products. As of December 31, 2023, we owned and operated nine bottling units, and had entered into arrangements with five third-party bottling facilities where the entire licensed capacity is utilized by us. Over the years, we have developed relationships with third-party bottlers and as of December 31, 2023, we have entered into 18 bottling agreements on a non-exclusive basis including one where we have entered into a royalty arrangement dated March 30, 2021 with a third-party manufacturer for a period of five years to manufacture, blend, bottle, process and package our products at its distillery under our brand name for which royalty is paid to our Company.

The table below provides details of our total Net Revenue from Operations from our owned bottling facilities (including leased bottling facilities) and third-party bottling facilities in the years indicated therein:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Net Revenue from Operations from owned bottling facilities (including leased bottling facilities)	45,330.08	71.06	56,221.17	78.12	54,008.38	76.01
Net Revenue from Operations from third-party bottling facilities	17,659.25	27.68	14,315.11	19.89	15,601.53	21.96
Total	**62,989.33**	**98.74**	**70,536.28**	**98.01**	**69,609.91**	**97.97**

The table below provides details of our total Net Revenue from Operations from our owned bottling facilities (including leased bottling facilities) and third-party bottling facilities in the periods indicated therein:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	Amount (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Net Revenue from Operations from owned bottling facilities (including leased bottling facilities)	41,148.32	76.36	44,789.69	75.77
Net Revenue from Operations from third-party bottling facilities	11,584.44	21.50	12,723.29	21.52
Total	**52,732.76**	**97.85**	**57,512.98**	**97.30**

We maintain oversight, quality control and technical input on the manufacturing process and further support this by facilitating the procurement of raw materials such as ENA and packaging materials to our third-party bottlers. We have also implemented quality control and assurance parameters by deploying internal teams at each of the third party bottling facilities who oversee the quality control system to ensure it complies with the quality standards of our owned bottling facilities (including leased bottling facilities), and continue to improve these processes with our third-party bottlers. Third-party bottling of our products provides us with flexibility to meet our production requirements. In addition, owing to our contractual arrangements with local and regional third-party bottlers we are not required to transport our products beyond state borders thereby limiting any additional excise import and export duty expenses that we would otherwise incur, which ensures that our products remain competitively priced.

Over the years our business has generated healthy operating cash flow despite the impact of COVID-19. Our net cash generated from operating activities was ₹ 2,466.18 million, ₹ 1,787.60 million, ₹ 2,298.55 million, ₹ 1,729.85 million and ₹ 1,439.12 million in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Further, our restated profit for the period/year was ₹ 25.08 million, ₹ 14.76 million, ₹ 16.01 million, ₹ 28.81 million and ₹ 42.29 million in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Our Net Worth was ₹ 3,817.82 million, ₹

4,040.98 million, ₹ 4,060.99 million, ₹ 4,070.84 million and ₹4,092.56 million, as of March 31, 2021, 2022 and 2023, and as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The following table sets forth details of certain financial parameters as of and for the periods indicated:

Particulars	As of and for the Years ended March 31,			As of and for the nine months ended December 31, 2022	As of and for the nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million, except percentages)				
Revenue from Operations	63,787.76	71,969.20	71,056.80	53,890.41	59,111.44
Restated Profit after tax for the year/period	25.08	14.76	16.01	28.81	42.29
Gross Margin[(1)] (%)	39.49%	39.36%	37.26%	37.43%	36.34%
EBITDA[(2)]	2,129.96	2,075.51	1,960.61	1,458.09	1,862.01
EBITDA Margin[(3)]	9.07%	7.73%	6.23%	6.14%	7.27%
PAT Margin[(4)]	0.11%	0.05%	0.05%	0.12%	0.17%
ROE[(5)]	0.66%	0.37%	0.39%	0.71%*	1.03%*
ROCE[(6)]	26.45%	25.13%	25.87%	18.80%*	24.35%*
Net Debt / Equity[(7)]	2.39	2.05	1.85	1.89	1.88

** not annualized.*

Notes:

1. *Gross Margin is calculated as calculated as gross profit divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty).*
2. *EBITDA is calculated as profit before finance costs, depreciation/amortisation, share in profit of investment accounted for using equity method, exceptional items and tax.*
3. *EBITDA Margin is calculated as EBITDA divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty).*
4. *PAT Margin is calculated as restated profit for the year/period divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty).*
5. *ROE is calculated as restated profit after tax for the year/period divided by total equity.*
6. *ROCE is calculated as EBITDA less depreciation and amortization divided by capital employed (total equity plus non-current borrowings).*
7. *Net Debt/Equity is calculated as non-current borrowings plus current borrowings less cash and cash equivalents divided by total equity.*

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The restated consolidated financial information comprise the restated consolidated balance sheet as at December 31, 2023, December 31, 2022, March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, the restated consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the restated consolidated cash flow statement, the restated consolidated statement of changes in equity and statement of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the nine months ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and the years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 (collectively, the "**Restated Consolidated Financial Information**").

The Restated Consolidated Financial Information have been compiled from:

- The audited special purpose interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the nine months period ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 prepared in accordance with Ind AS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting", specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

- The audited consolidated Ind AS financial statements as of and for the years ended March 31, 2021, 2022 and 2023, prepared in accordance with the Ind AS as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

SIGNIFICANT FACTORS AFFECTING OUR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

We believe that the below mentioned factors have significantly affected our results of operations, costs and financial conditions during the periods under review, and may continue to affect our results of operations and financial condition in the prospective future:

Pricing of our products and product mix

Pricing of our products

Prices of alcoholic beverages in India is controlled by respective state governments with varying tax structures leading to high variation in prices across states. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Accordingly, our ability to price our products depends on multiple factors and primarily driven by pricing norms stipulated by respective States and Union Territories. Price is determined by two key factors: (i) Ex-distillery price ("**EDP**") which covers the cost of production; and (ii) state excise policies which specify duties, license fees, cess and surcharges, wholesale margin and retail margin. Taxes and margin are calculated as a percentage of EDP. The contribution of taxes and margins progressively decreases as the EDP increases depending on the category of product. One of the key challenges in the industry is the revision of prices. Price revisions are approved and is the prerogative of excise department. While the window to revise cost many states is annual in nature, the revision can be every three to four years in some states such as Kerala and Telangana, even though price of raw material may increase or decrease through the year. There are exceptions like Maharashtra where maximum retail price can be revised through the year. (*Source: Technopak Report*) Accordingly, our ability to price our products depends on multiple factors and is primarily driven by state pricing norms. We are required to price our products in manner that ensures our products remain competitive while also factoring in our ability to account of increase in raw material prices and other costs such as manufacturing and transportation related expenses. Our ability to increase prices of our products ad-hoc is limited and applications for increase in EDP is as prescribed under the applicable state regulations or at the discretion of the relevant state agency.

Product mix

As on the date of this Prospectus, our product range includes five main categories of IMFL, *i.e.*, whisky, brandy, rum, vodka and gin. We also sell packaged drinking water under our *Officer's Choice*, *Officer's Choice Blue* and *Sterling Reserve* brands. As of December 31, 2023, our product portfolio comprised 16 major brands of IMFL with 10 brands of whisky that include our flagship *Officer's Choice Whisky*, *Sterling Reserve Whisky and ICONiQ White* International Whisky, three brands of rum, three brands of brandy and one brand of vodka, respectively. Further, in order to have a complete product portfolio we have recently launched a gin product in the premium segment, on January 8, 2024 with initial sales in the state of Haryana and have commenced selling the product in Mumbai, Maharashtra recently in June 2024.

Our products are present across various price points of IMFL segments in India. However, our revenue and profitability remain substantially dependent upon the sale of our whisky products. *Officer's Choice Whisky* has been among the top selling whisky brands globally in terms of annual sales volumes between 2016 and 2019. (*Source: Technopak Report*) *Officer's Choice Whisky* is the market leader in the mass premium segment with a market share of 23.7% in terms of annual sales volumes in Fiscal 2022. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

As of December 31, 2023, our product range includes five main categories: whisky, brandy, rum, vodka and others. The following table sets forth information on our product mix in the years indicated:

Category	**Fiscal**								
	2021			**2022**			**2023**		
	No. of Cases (million)	**Revenue from Operations (₹ million)**	**Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)**	**No. of Cases (million)**	**Revenue from Operations (₹ million)**	**Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)**	**No. of Cases (million)**	**Revenue from Operations (₹ million)**	**Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)**
Whisky	24.60	62,245.79	97.58	27.49	69,734.30	96.90	30.59	67,770.97	95.38
Brandy	0.67	413.67	0.65	0.55	418.81	0.58	0.91	1,026.12	1.44
Rum	0.20	223.89	0.35	0.32	278.82	0.39	0.61	661.04	0.93
Vodka	0.05	65.56	0.10	0.04	51.89	0.07	0.13	128.38	0.18
Others[1]	-	838.85	1.32	-	1,485.39	2.06	-	1,470.29	2.07

Category	Fiscal								
	2021			2022			2023		
	No. of Cases (million)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	No. of Cases (million)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	No. of Cases (million)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Total	**25.52**	**63,787.76**	**100.00**	**28.40**	**71,969.21**	**100.00**	**32.24**	**71,056.80**	**100.00**

(1) Others primarily include ENA and by-products.

The following table sets forth information on our product mix in the periods indicated:

Category	Nine months ended December 31, 2022			Nine months ended December 31, 2023		
	No. of Cases (million)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)	No. of Cases (million)	Revenue from Operations (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from Operations (%)
Whisky	23.26	51,604.12	95.76	23.63	55,758.28	94.33
Brandy	0.67	589.36	1.09	0.65	1,233.42	2.09
Rum	0.44	379.03	0.70	0.28	430.09	0.73
Vodka	0.12	118.98	0.22	0.03	43.44	0.07
Others[(1)]	-	1,198.92	2.23	-	1,646.21	2.78
Total	**24.49**	**53,890.41**	**100.00**	**24.59**	**59,111.44**	**100.00**

(1) Others primarily include ENA and by-products.

Our revenues are therefore dependent on our ability to upgrade and/or develop new products that are able to address consumer preferences. We place significant emphasis on research and development, in particular, to improve the packaging and quality of our products and expand our new product offerings, which we believe are factors crucial for our future growth and prospects. However, there can be no assurance that that our future research and development endeavours will be successful to the expected levels or be completed within the anticipated time frame or budget, or that our newly developed products will achieve commercial success. Even if such products can be successfully commercialised, there is no guarantee that they will be accepted by the market. In any such situation, , our results of operations may be significantly affected.

Manufacturing capabilities

Our distillery is located in Rangapur, Telangana and is spread over an area of 74.95 acres and a built-up area of over 25,000 square meters. We possess a pan-India footprint of bottlers with an optimal mix of owned and third-party bottling facilities. In Fiscal 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, 51.40% and 53.07%, respectively, of our production was from our own bottling facilities and the remaining from contract or leased units. As of December 31, 2023, we owned and operated nine bottling units, and had entered into arrangements with five third-party bottling facilities, where the entire licensed capacity is utilized by us. In addition, we have entered into 18 bottling agreements on a non-exclusive basis with third-party bottling facilities, including one facility where we have entered into a royalty arrangement.As of December 31, 2023, we relied on 32 bottling facilities, including bottling facilities owned and operated by us and contract bottling facilities both on exclusive and non-exclusive basis.

While our extensive and pan-India network of bottling facilities ensures that we are able to manufacture our products locally and at optimum cost without overlaying tariffs associated with inter-state movement, which also ensures that delivery to our distribution network is in a timely manner while aligning with various regulatory requirements. For further information, see "*Our Business – Business Operations – Capacity and Capacity Utilization*" on page 248.

Excise duty and government regulations

Excise duty

Taxes on alcohol increases its price and can be a powerful lever for influencing alcohol consumption. More than 60% of gross revenue of leading alcoholic beverage companies in India constitutes of excise paid directly to the state governments. Share of excise in total gross revenues of leading alcoholic beverage companies in India has shown an increasing trend. In addition to excise some states also charge sales tax. In addition to these taxes there are one time or annual fees on label registration and related activities. The quantum of tax under different heads is also a function of distribution model and revenue maximation objective of the states. (*Source: Technopak Report*) For further information, see " – *Significant Factors Affecting our Results of Operations and Financial Condition - Distribution network and footprint*" on page 443.

State excise department also charge multiple annual fees including brand label registration fees before marketing of the given brand is allowed. This fee can be annual or once in three year or one time as well. Other fees can include bottling fees, stock transfer fees, import and export fees. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

As we are a manufacturer and distributor of alcoholic products, we are subject to excise duty that is administered by various State Governments in India. Excise duty is leviable on production, but payable on volume of goods dispatched from factory. Taxation on our products in the various states in which we operate comprises different taxes specific to each state, such as excise and other indirect taxes like import pass fee, export pass fee, amongst others. In many states where we operate, excise taxes make up a large proportion of the price paid by the consumers for our IMFL products. In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, we paid ₹ 40,304.10 million, ₹ 45,112.68 million, ₹ 39,590.51 million, ₹ 30,133.35 million and ₹ 33,508.68 million in excise duty, which amounted to 63.18%, 62.68%, 55.72%, 55.92%, and 56.69% of our revenue from operations in those periods, respectively. Increases in excise and other indirect taxes applicable to our products either on an absolute basis or relative to the levels applicable to other beverages tend to adversely affect our revenue or margins, both by reducing overall consumption and by encouraging consumers to switch to lower-taxed categories of beverages. These increases also adversely affect the affordability of our products and our ability to raise prices.

Governmental regulations

Government regulations and policies in the states where we operate and in the countries to which we export can affect the demand for our products. Governmental restrictions on alcohol consumption in India and in particular the states in which we operate vary. The most relevant restrictions are:

- National and state alcohol policy reviews and the implementation of policies aimed at preventing the harmful effects of alcohol misuse (including, among others, relating to underage drinking, drunk driving, drinking while pregnant and excessive or abusive drinking);

- Restrictions on the sale of alcohol generally, including restrictions on distribution networks, restrictions on certain retail venues, requirements that retail stores hold special licenses for the sale of alcohol, restrictions on times or days of sale, minimum alcohol unit pricing requirements and variation in legal drinking age laws. For instance, Gujarat has banned its citizens from consuming liquor since 1961. However, outsiders with special licenses can still purchase. On the other hand, Bihar has prohibited alcohol consumption entirely. (*Source: Technopak Report*);

- The marketing of alcoholic beverages is highly regulated in India. The advertising restrictions for the alcohol industry in India affect, among other things, the media channels employed, the content of advertising campaigns for our products and the times and places where our products can be advertised. These restrictions and limitations relate to television, print and multimedia advertising of alcoholic beverages. These restrictions are on account of public concern over issues relating to alcohol abuse, health consequences, underage drinking and driving while under the influence of alcohol. Any additional restrictions, or the introduction of similar or more stringent restrictions, may constrain our brand building potential and thus reduce the value of our brands and related revenues. For further information, see "*Key Regulations and Policies*" on page 267;

- Restrictions imposed by antitrust or competition laws or general consumer protection laws;

- Food safety standards;

- Heightened environmental regulations and standards, including regulations addressing emissions of gas

and liquid effluents and the disposal of waste and one-way packaging, compliance with which imposes costs; and

- Litigation associated with any of the above.

These tax regimes and regulations and policies to which we are subject could change at any time, with little or no warning or time for us to prepare. Our ability to comply with these regulations adequately and effectively will differ on a case by case basis, and such changes could have an adverse impact on our results of operations and financial condition.

Ability to maintain brand image and cater to consumer preferences

Over the years, we have introduced contemporary brands that appeal to consumer tastes and preferences. The results of our operations are substantially affected by our ability to build on our brands by relaunching or reinvigorating our existing brands in current markets, launching our brands in new markets and introducing brand extensions and packaging alternatives for our existing brands, as well as our ability to both acquire and develop innovative products to respond to changing consumer preferences. Strong, well-recognized brands that attract and retain consumers, for which consumers are willing to pay a premium, are critical to our efforts to maintain and increase market share and benefit from high margins. We have strategically undertaken brand-building initiatives through prudent use of resources and sustained investments to increase awareness and recall. Our consumer centric approach in building brands has enabled us to achieve high sales volumes. Our brands have been positioned basis relevant consumer insights. Over the last three Fiscals, we have undertaken several campaigns, including our "*Jo Smooth Vahi Officer*" campaign that was aimed at appealing to consumers. However, consumer preferences may shift due to a variety of factors, including changes in demographics, changes in social trends, such as consumer health concerns, product attributes and ingredients, changes in travel, vacation or leisure activity patterns, weather or negative publicity resulting from regulatory action or litigation.

Key raw ingredients prices and packaging material costs

Our key raw ingredients include grain, extra neutral alcohol, malt spirit, and scotch. We use certain materials for packaging, which includes glass bottles, plastic and aluminium caps, as well as cardboard containers (master and mono). Leading companies in India are nowadays largely using ENA produced from grain in their IMFL products. (*Source: Technopak Report*) ENA, the main raw material that we use is subject to price volatility and unavailability caused by external conditions such as availability of grain and government interventions like allocation for fuel blending, commodity price fluctuations within India and globally, weather conditions, supply and demand dynamics, logistics and processing costs, our bargaining power with the suppliers, inflation and governmental regulations and policies. Climatic conditions such as unseasonal rain, changing monsoon conditions and the drastic and sudden peaks of temperatures within the same season that have characterized the last few years in India, can significantly damage harvests and affect the cultivation of grain. As a result of these changes in climate, there is a risk that we may not be able to obtain adequate supply of grain required to manufacture ENA for our business operations.

We presently procure our raw materials from select manufacturers and distillers through a process of empanelment which involves conducting technical due diligence of the facility, process monitoring over a period of time and consistency of the quality of final product. We also do physical evaluation of products through our technical representative at the time of sourcing. Our procurement is based on our requirements on an on-going basis, through purchase orders, letters of intent and transport contracts at an "as needed" basis.

The cost of materials consumed in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 was ₹ 13,904.44 million, ₹ 16,349.72 million, ₹ 19,956.87 million, ₹ 15,334.50 million and ₹ 16,363.29 million, and accounted for 22.48%, 23.35%, 28.84%, 29.19% and 28.56% of our total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation/ amortisation), respectively. We have significant exposure to fluctuations in the prices of raw materials, packaging materials, energy and transport services, each of which may significantly impact our cost of sales or distribution expenses. Increased costs or distribution expenses will reduce our profit margins if we are unable to recover these additional costs from our customers through enhanced selling prices. Any changes or significant increases in prices of raw ingredients or packaging material will, along with our inability to pass such cost increases on to our consumers by increasing our selling prices, will affect our results of operations.

Distribution network and footprint

We have access to a pan-India multi-channel distribution network and are one of only four spirits companies in India with a pan-India sales and distribution footprint. (*Source: Technopak Report*) We depend on effective distribution networks to deliver products to consumers. We constantly seek to grow our product reach to under-penetrated geographies, increase the penetration of our products in markets in which we are currently present and widen the portfolio of our products available in those markets by growing our distribution network. Our ability to access an extensive distribution network ensures that we are able to serve consumers across India.

Regulated distribution is one of the tools used by state governments to control the sale of alcoholic beverages. As each state has its own model of distribution, there are multiple modes being used in the country including complete control of distribution network including state run wholesaling and retailing to control over either wholesaling or retailing. However, in some states, distribution is not carried out directly by the state where both wholesaling and retailing is in the hand of private parties. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

We use different distribution networks across different markets in which we operate, as appropriate, either because of historical market practice or for structural or regulatory reasons. Our multiple route to market capabilities cover all channels and include:

Open Market. We sell our products directly to wholesalers and retailers controlled by private distributors and retailers. This option is prevalent in States such as Maharashtra, Goa and Assam. (*Source: Technopak Repor*t)

Part Corporation Market. Part Corporation Markets, have the following types of model: (i) wholesale and distribution is undertaken by state beverage corporations while retail sales is undertaken by private players; and (ii) private retailers lift stock from the warehouses of the state beverage corporations and are invoiced based on the quantities of stock lifted by them. Part Corporation Market route is prevalent in States such as Rajasthan, Karnataka and Madhya Pradesh. (*Source: Technopak Repor*t)

Full Corporation Market. In Full Corporation Markets, wholesale and retail sales are controlled by state beverage corporations. Full Corporation Market route is prevalent in States such as Tamil Nadu. (*Source: Technopak Repor*t)

The table below sets forth certain details regarding the distribution of our products based on various channels for the periods indicated:

Channel	Fiscal									Nine months ended December 31, 2022			Nine months ended December 31, 2023		
	2021			2022			2023								
	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Volume (Million Cases)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Open Market	11.15	28,595.97	45.40	12.28	32,250.02	45.72	14.41	36,795.49	52.86	10.91	28,307.34	53.68	11.26	30,089.83	52.32
Part (Wholesale) Corporation Market	13.85	33,884.61	53.79	15.33	37,402.16	53.03	13.84	26,876.48	38.61	10.40	20,066.30	38.05	11.02	22,875.52	39.77
Full (Wholesale and Retail) Corporation Market	0.52	508.75	0.81	0.79	884.10	1.25	3.99	5,937.94	8.53	3.18	4,359.12	8.27	2.31	4,547.63	7.91
Revenue from contracts with customer - Sale of goods (IMFL)	**25.52**	**62,989.33**	**100.00**	**28.40**	**70,536.28**	**100.00**	**32.24**	**69,609.91**	**100.00**	**24.49**	**52,732.76**	**100.00**	**24.59**	**57,512.98**	**100.00**

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*

*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*

*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL)*

Market potential of our products

IMFL is the largest segment of Indian alco-beverage market both in volume and value terms. IMFL segment recorded sales of 395 million cases in Fiscal 2023. IMFL market has recovered and grown to 395 million cases in Fiscal 2023 as compared to pre-COVID levels of 355 million cases in 2020. IMFL sales volume is projected to reach 520 million cases by Fiscal 2028. IMFL sales by value is estimated at ₹ 2,206,620 million in Fiscal 2023. Further, the IMFL sales value is projected to reach ₹ 3,371.89 billion by Fiscal 2028. During the period between Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2028, IMFL sales value is expected to grow at a CAGR of 9% and sales volume is expected to grow at a CAGR of 5.7%, respectively. (*Source: Technopak Report*)

Flavoured local alcoholic beverages, popularly known as country liquor or Indian made Indian liquor was close to one third of the alcoholic beverage market by volume in Fiscal 2023. Country liquor market was estimated at 350 million cases in Fiscal 2023. However, market is projected to be range bound 445 million cases by Fiscal 2028.We believe we can address the requirements of large segments of audiences that currently consume country liquor or economy brands and are looking to upgrade. Our flagship brand, *Officer's Choice Whisky* is the market leader in the mass premium segment with a market share of 20.9% in terms of annual sales volumes in Fiscal 2023. (*Source: Technopak Report*) We believe there exists significant market potential for our whisky products. Our market leading position in this segment augurs well for our growth and we expect to benefit from the potential growth in the mass premium segment going forward.

NON-GAAP MEASURES

Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization Expenses ("EBITDA")/ EBITDA Margin/Gross Margin

EBITDA, EBITDA Margin and Gross Margin presented in this Prospectus is a supplemental measure of our performance and liquidity that is not required by, or presented in accordance with, Ind AS, Indian GAAP, IFRS or US GAAP. Further, EBITDA, EBITDA Margin and Gross Margin is not a measurement of our financial performance or liquidity under Ind AS, Indian GAAP, IFRS or US GAAP and should not be considered in isolation or construed as an alternative to cash flows, profit/ (loss) for the years/ period or any other measure of financial performance or as an indicator of our operating performance, liquidity, profitability or cash flows generated by operating, investing or financing activities derived in accordance with Ind AS, Indian GAAP, IFRS or US GAAP. In addition, EBITDA, EBITDA Margin and Gross Margin is not a standardised term; hence a direct comparison of EBITDA, EBITDA Margin and Gross Margin between companies may not be possible. Other companies may calculate EBITDA, EBITDA Margin and Gross Margin differently from us, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure. Although EBITDA, EBITDA Margin and Gross Margin is not a measure of performance calculated in accordance with applicable accounting standards, our Company's management believes that it is useful to an investor in evaluating us because it is a widely used measure to evaluate a company's operating performance.

Reconciliation of EBITDA and EBITDA Margin to Profit Before Tax

The table below reconciles profit before tax to EBITDA. EBITDA is calculated as profit/loss for the year/ period, plus finance costs, depreciation and amortization expenses, less other income, while EBITDA Margin is the percentage of EBITDA divided by Net Revenue from Operations.

Particulars	Fiscal			Nine months ended December 31, 2022	Nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million)				
Profit before tax	127.45	38.22	59.46	61.02	141.95
Adjustments:					
Add: Finance Costs	1,415.10	1,450.93	1,349.72	982.97	1,279.32
Add: Depreciation and Amortization expenses	587.41	586.36	551.43	414.10	390.88
Add: Exceptional Items	-	-	-	-	49.86
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization expenses (EBITDA) (A)	2,129.96	2,075.51	1,960.61	1,458.09	1,862.01
Revenue from operations (B)	63,787.76	71,969.20	71,056.80	53,890.41	59,111.44

Particulars	Fiscal			Nine months ended December 31, 2022	Nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million)				
Excise Duty (C)	40,304.10	45,112.68	39,590.51	30,133.35	33,508.68
Net Revenue from Operations (Revenue from Operations less excise duty) (D)	23,483.67	26,856.52	31,466.29	23,757.06	25,602.76
EBITDA Margin (EBITDA as a percentage of Net Revenue from Operations)(%) (A/D)	9.07%	7.73%	6.23%	6.14%	7.27%

Reconciliation of Gross Margin

Gross Margin is calculated as gross profit divided by net revenue from operations (i.e., revenue from operations less excise duty).

Particulars	Fiscal			Nine months ended December 31, 2022	Nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million, except stated otherwise)				
Revenue from Operations	63,787.76	71,969.20	71,056.80	53,890.41	59,111.44
Adjustments (A)					
Less: Excise Duty (B)	40,304.10	45,112.68	39,590.51	30,133.55	33,508.68
Net Revenue from Operations (Revenue from Operations less excise duty) (C=A-B)	23,483.67	26,856.52	31,466.29	23,757.06	25,602.76
Adjustments					
Less: Cost of materials consumed (D)	13,904.44	16,349.72	19,956.87	15,334.50	16,363.29
Less: Purchase of stock-in-trade (E)	37.30	48.56	56.27	42.63	42.55
Less: Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress (F)	268.77	(111.28)	(272.70)	(512.55)	(108.24)
Gross Profit (G=C-D-E-F)	**9,273.15**	**10,569.52**	**11,725.85**	**8,892.48**	**9,305.16**
Gross Margin (%) (H=G/C)	**39.49%**	**39.36%**	**37.26%**	**37.43%**	**36.34%**

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which we have control. We control an entity when we are exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to us. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

We combine the financial statements of our Company and our subsidiaries line by line, adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Inter-Company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between us are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company. Non-controlling interests, if any in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the restated Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, restated Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and restated Consolidated Balance Sheet respectively.

Business combinations

A common control business combination, involving entities or businesses in which all the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination and where the control is not transitory, is accounted for in accordance with Appendix C to Ind AS 103 'Business Combinations'.

Other business combinations, involving entities or businesses are accounted for using acquisition method.

Consideration transferred in such business combinations is measured at fair value as on the acquisition date, which comprises the following

- Fair values of the assets transferred
- Liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business
- Equity interests issued by the Company

Goodwill is recognised and is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non- controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree, over the net consideration amounts, *i.e*, identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers, at an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be received by the Group in exchange for those products or services.

The Group satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs; or

- The Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or

- The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and an entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For performance obligations where none of the above conditions are met, revenue is recognised at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenue from sale of products are recognised by the Group at a point in time on which the performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenue from sale of products

Revenue is recognised on transfer of control, being on dispatch of goods or upon delivery to customer, in accordance with the terms of sale.

Revenue from manufacture and sale of products from tie-up manufacturing arrangements:

The Group has entered into arrangements with Tie-up Manufacturing Units ("**TMUs**"), where-in TMUs manufacture and sell on behalf of the Group. Under such arrangements, the Group has exposure to significant risks and rewards associated with the sale of products i.e., it has the primary responsibility for providing goods to the customer, has pricing latitude and is also exposed to inventory and credit risks. Accordingly, the transactions of the TMUs under such arrangements have been recorded as gross revenue, excise duty and expenses as if they were transactions of the Group. The Group also presents inventory lying with TMU's under such arrangements as its own inventory. The net receivables from/payable to TMUs are recognised under other financial assets/other financial liabilities as due from tie up units or due to tie up units respectively.

Interest

Interest income for all debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate,

the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Foreign Currency Transactions

The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is Indian rupee.

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the Balance sheet date and exchange gain or loss arising on their settlement and restatement are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are recorded in terms of historical cost are not retranslated.

Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax expenses and net change in the deferred tax assets or liabilities during the year. Current and deferred taxes are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to item that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in Equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in Equity respectively.

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted in relation to the reporting period. Deferred income tax is recognised using Balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of recognition.

Deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced when it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the full or part of deferred income tax assets to be utilised. At each reporting date, the Group re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become reasonably certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax ("**MAT**") paid in accordance with the tax laws in India which is likely to give future economic benefit in the form of availability of setoff against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax assets in the Balance sheet when the assets can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

Leases

As a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right of use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, (if any) and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies note g for impairment of nonfinancial assets.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce Property plant and equipment) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Group's lease liabilities are included in financial liability.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of laptops, lease-lines and office furniture and equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the non-financial assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to confirm if there is any indication of impairment based on internal /external factors. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or a cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the assets (or where applicable, that of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs) is estimated as the higher of its net selling price and its value in use. Impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. After impairment, depreciation / amortisation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

A previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. However, the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation / amortisation if there were no impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

Trade receivable

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

Inventories

Raw materials, work-in-progress, finished goods and packing materials are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Damaged, non-moving / obsolete stocks are suitably written down/provided for.

In determining cost of raw materials, packing materials, work-in-progress and finished goods, weighted average cost method is used. Cost of inventory comprises all costs of purchase, non-refundable duties and taxes and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition.

Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods includes the cost of raw materials, packing materials, an appropriate share of fixed and variable production overheads, excise duty as applicable and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Investments and financial assets

Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through statement of profit and loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in statement of profit and loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in statement of profit and loss.

Measurement of equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade receivables only, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised on initial recognition of the receivables.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when:

- the Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the Group has transferred an asset, the Group evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has

not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised. Where the Group has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Group has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Group retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

Property plant and equipment (including Capital Work-in-Progress)

Freehold land is carried at historical cost less impairment loss, if any. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation, and impairment loss, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is attributable to the acquisition/ construction and all other costs (including borrowing related to qualifying assets), that are not refundable and are necessary to bring the asset to its working condition of use as intended.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is possible that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of property, plant and equipment which are incurred before the date they are ready for their intended use, are disclosed as capital work-in-progress before such date. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Depreciation / Amortisation:

Depreciation is charged on written down value method as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 keeping a residual value of assets at 5% of the original cost, except in case of computers and data processing units where value is estimated at 1% of the original cost. Depreciation is calculated pro-rata from the date of addition/ or upto the date of disposal, as the case may be.

Capital costs in respect of upgradation of leased premises has been amortized over the initial lease period or its useful lives whichever is lower.

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at April 1, 2017 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

Intangible Assets and amortisation

Intangible assets with a finite useful life are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is attributable to the acquisition/ development of the intangible assets including cost necessary to bring the asset to its intended use or sale.

Identifiable intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits attributed to the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be reliably measured.

Software and related implementation costs are capitalized where it is expected to provide enduring economic benefits and are amortized over a period of 5 years starting from the month of addition.
Manufacturing license is considered as an asset with indefinite useful life, since there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows for the entity. The acquisition cost of such asset is carried at deemed cost and is tested for impairment annually.

Patent, trademarks and design, and license other than manufacturing license acquisition cost are amortised over a period of 10 years from the month of acquisition Goodwill arising on business combination is carried at deemed

cost and is tested for impairment annually. Digital Content is amortised over a period of 18 months to 24 months from the month of capitalization. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognised as at April 1, 2017 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the intangible assets.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs incurred). Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in Statement of profit and loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Subsequently all borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Borrowings are derecognized from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in statement of profit and loss. The gain / loss is recognised in other equity in case of transaction with shareholders.

Borrowing Costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made.

Provisions are measured at present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. The provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events, whose existence would be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group, or a present obligation where outflow of resources is not probable or where outflow is probable but reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, they are disclosed only when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Employee Benefits

Short term employee benefits

All employee benefits which are due within twelve months of rendering the services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, compensated absences, etc. and the expected cost of bonus, ex-gratia are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Post-employment benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

Group's contribution to the state governed provident fund scheme, superannuation scheme, Employees State Insurance corporation (ESIC) etc. are recognised during the year in which the related service is rendered.

Gratuity

The Group has computed its liability towards future payments of gratuity to employees, on actuarial valuation basis which is determined based on project unit credit method and the charge for current year is debited to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, which is unfunded at present, is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating the terms of the related obligation. Actuarial gains and losses arising on the measurement of defined benefit obligation is charged/ credited to other comprehensive income.

Compensated absences

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed within 12 months from the end of the year are treated as short term employee benefits. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the year end. Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed beyond 12 months from the end of the year are treated as other long term employee benefits. Our Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses/gains are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise.

Termination Benefits

These are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss of the year in which they are incurred, i.e. when employment is terminated or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss (excluding other comprehensive income) for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a right issue, shares split (sub-division) and reverse share splits (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss (excluding other comprehensive income) for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Ordinary shares that are issued upon the conversion of a mandatorily convertible instrument are included in the calculation of basic earnings per share from the date the contract is entered into.

Exceptional items

When an item of income or expense within statement of profit and loss from ordinary activity is of such size, nature or incidence that its disclosure is relevant to explain more meaningfully the performance of the Group for the year, the nature and amount of such items is disclosed as exceptional items.

Critical Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires estimates and assumptions to be made by our management that affects the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and amounts disclosed as contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known.

We believe that these estimates are prudent and reasonable and are based upon the management's best knowledge of current events and actions. Actual results could differ from these estimates and differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known or materialised.

The below provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to originally assessed estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than the actual results.

Examples of such estimates include the useful life of property, plant and equipment, provision for doubtful debts/advances, future obligation in respect of retirement benefit plans, impairment of investments/assets, etc.

Property, plant and equipment and Intangible Assets

Our management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation/amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values as per schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or otherwise are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes, whichever is more appropriate.

Income Tax
The Group reviews at each balance sheet date the carrying amount of deferred tax assets. The factors used in estimates may differ from actual outcome which could lead to an adjustment to the amounts reported in the restated consolidated financial statements.

Contingencies

Our management has estimated the possible outflow of resources, if any at the end of each annual reporting financial year, if any, in respect of contingencies/claim/litigations against the Group as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether there is any indication that an individual asset / group of assets (constituting a cash generating unit) may be impaired. If there is any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors i.e. when the carrying amount of the assets exceed the recoverable amount, an impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. An impairment loss recognised in prior accounting periods is reversed or reduced if there has been a favorable change in the estimate of the recoverable amount. However, the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation if there was no impairment.

Defined benefit obligation

The cost of post-employment benefits is determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rate of return on assets, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the long term nature of these plans such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty. The assumptions used are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
Fair value measurements

Our management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

There have been no changes in our accounting policies during Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023.

PRINCIPAL COMPONENTS OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

Revenue

Our total revenue comprises: (i) revenue from operations; and (ii) other income.

Revenue from Operations

Revenue from operations comprises: (i) revenue from contracts with customers; and (ii) other operating revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers includes revenues from sale of goods (IMFL) and sale of goods (ENA). We produce ENA that is required for the manufacture of our IMFL products. ENA produced by us that is in excess of our requirements is sold to third parties. In addition, we also generate revenues from the sale of certain by-products generated as part of our operations such as impure spirit, distillers wet grains with solubles ("**DWGS**") and distillers dried grains with solubles ("**DDGS**"), amongst others.

Other operating revenue includes revenue from royalty arrangements with third parties for production and sale of our IMFL brand and other products such as water and on account of our export entitlements under Remission of Duties and Taxes on Export Products and Merchandise Export from India Scheme. We also generate other operating revenue from scrap and other sales.

Other Income

Other income includes (i) interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost; (ii) interest on refund of income tax; (iii) profit on sale of investment; (iv) liabilities no longer required written back; (v) profit on sale of property, plant and equipment; (vi) provision no longer required written back; (vii) refund of excess statutory dues paid; (viii) foreign exchange gain (net); and (ix) miscellaneous income.

Expenses

Our expenses comprise (i) cost of materials consumed; (ii) purchases of stock-in-trade; (iii) changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress; (iv) excise duty; (v) employee benefits expense; and (vi) other expenses.

Costs of Materials Consumed

Cost of material consumed consists of raw materials and packing materials consumed.

Purchases of Stock-in-Trade

Purchases of stock-in-trade consists of purchase of Indian made foreign liquor.

Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Stock-in-Trade and Work-in-Progress

Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress consists of opening stock less closing stock; increase / (decrease) in inventories; and increase in excise duty on finished goods.

Employee Benefits Expense

Employee benefits expense primarily comprises (i) salaries, wages and bonus; (ii) contribution to provident and other funds; and (iii) staff welfare expenses.

As of December 31, 2023, we had 3,627 personnel, including professional and contract workers. We believe that an equity component in compensation aligns objectives of an individual with those of the organization.

Other Expenses

Other expenses primarily comprises: (i) power and fuel incurred towards operation of manufacturing facilities; (ii) contract labour charges; (iii) rates and taxes incurred towards label registration fees, licence fees, permit fees, import permit fees, amongst others; (iv) excise levies and escort charges incurred towards hologram charges, government bottling fees for IMFL production, amongst others; (v) bottling charges; (vi) selling and distribution expenses incurred towards freight for IMFL transportation, loading/unloading charges for IMFL, truck detention charges, amongst others; (vii) sales and business promotion incurred towards brand-building television advertisements, website digital promotion expenses, gifts, counter salesmen incentives, bar promotions, visibility, design and artwork, amongst others; and (viii) commission paid to sales promoters or agencies for product promotion, handling our IMFL sales activities.

Finance Costs

Finance costs comprises primarily (i) financial liabilities measured at amortised cost; (ii) interest on delay in payment of statutory dues; (iii) reimbursement to tie-up units for interest on delayed payments; (iv) interest on loan from related party; and (v) interest others.

Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses

Depreciation and amortisation expenses comprises (i) depreciation of property, plant and equipment; (ii) depreciation of right to use assets; and (iii) amortisation of intangible assets.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2023

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to our results of operations on a consolidated basis for the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023:

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	(₹ million)	Percentage of Total Income (%)	(₹ million)	Percentage of Total Income (%)
Revenue				
Revenue from operations	53,890.41	99.81%	59,111.44	99.94%
Other income	104.13	0.19%	38.34	0.06%
Total Income	**53,994.54**	**100.00%**	**59,149.78**	**100.00%**
Expenses				
Cost of materials consumed	15,334.50	28.40%	16,363.29	27.66%
Purchases of stock-in-trade	42.63	0.08%	42.55	0.07%
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	(512.55)	(0.95)%	(108.24)	(0.18)%
Excise duty	30,133.35	55.81%	33,508.68	56.65%
Employee benefits expense	1,397.96	2.59%	1,270.45	2.15%
Other expenses	6,140.56	11.37%	6,211.04	10.50%
Total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation)	**52,536.45**	**97.30%**	**57,287.77**	**96.85%**
Profit before finance costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses and tax	**1,458.09**	**2.70%**	**1,862.01**	**3.15%**
Finance Costs	982.97	1.82%	1,279.32	2.16%
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	414.10	0.77%	390.88	0.66%
Profit before exceptional items and tax	61.02	0.11%	191.81	0.32%
Exceptional Items	-	-	49.86	0.08%
Profit before tax	**61.02**	**0.11%**	**141.95**	**0.24%**
Tax expense/(credit), net				
– Current tax	9.37	0.02%	67.96	0.11%
– Deferred tax	22.84	0.04%	32.50	0.05%
– Tax adjustments in respect of earlier years	-	-	(0.80)	(0.00)%
Restated Profit after tax	**28.81**	**0.05%**	**42.29**	**0.07%**
Other comprehensive income				

Particulars	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	(₹ million)	Percentage of Total Income (%)	(₹ million)	Percentage of Total Income (%)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans gain	1.62	0.00%	(14.33)	(0.02)%
Income tax relating to these items	(0.57)	(0.00)%	3.61	0.01%
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	**1.05**	**0.00**%	**(10.72)**	**(0.02)**%
Total comprehensive income for the period/year	**29.86**	**0.06%**	**31.57**	**0.05**%

NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 COMPARED TO THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Revenue

Total income increased by 9.55% from ₹ 53,994.54 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 59,149.78 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, primarily attributable to the following:

Revenue from Operations

Revenue from operations increased by 9.69% from ₹ 53,890.41 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 59,111.44 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, and comprises revenue from contracts with customer and other operating revenue. Our Net Revenue from Operations increased by 7.77% from ₹ 23,757.06 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 25,602.76 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers includes sale of goods comprising IMFL, ENA and by-products. Revenue from contracts with customer increased by 9.67% from ₹ 53,697.29 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 58,891.07 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023. Sale of goods (IMFL) increased by 9.07% from ₹ 52,732.76 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 57,512.98 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023.

Sale of goods (ENA) increased by 76.33% from ₹ 459.51 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 810.25 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 on account of higher production and reduced in house consumption of ENA by our Company as compared to previous periods.

Sale of goods (by-products) increased marginally from ₹ 505.02 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 567.84 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 on account of consistent production and sales.

Other operating revenue

Other operating revenue consists of royalty, export entitlements and scrap and other sales. Revenues from royalty decreased to ₹ 1.91 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 from ₹ 3.41 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022. Export entitlements increased by 42.09% from ₹ 78.20 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 111.11 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 on account of increase in export sales, which increased export entitlement (duty draw back, GST refund, income from duty scrips purchases and incentives pursuant to the Merchandise Exports from India Scheme).] Scrap and other sales decreased marginally to ₹ 107.35 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 from ₹ 111.51 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022.

Other Income

Other income decreased substantially to ₹ 38.34 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 from ₹ 104.13 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022. The decrease was primarily on account of:

- A decrease in provision no longer required written back from ₹ 15.21 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 1.45 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 on account of lesser recovery of doubtful debts during the nine months ended December 31, 2023;
- A decrease in liabilities no longer required written back (i.e., provisions that is not paid in the respective period and hence written back) from ₹ 16.73 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 6.29 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 on account of liabilities/ claims not created in the previous periods required to be payable by our Company in the nine months ended December 31, 2023; and
- A decrease in recovery on account of loss of goods from ₹ 39.56 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to nil in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 on account of proceeds received from insurance claim for fire at Batra Chandigarh Unit.

Expenses

Total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation) increased by 9.04% from ₹ 52,536.45 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 57,287.77 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023. This was primarily due to an increase in cost of materials consumed, excise duty and changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress which was partially offset by decrease in employee benefit expenses.

Cost of Materials Consumed

Cost of materials consumed increased by 6.71% from ₹ 15,334.50 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 16,363.29 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 and the increase is primarily driven by an increase in raw materials consumed by 11.53% from ₹ 8,384.31 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 9,350.73 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 and an increase in packing materials consumed increased marginally from ₹ 6,950.19 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 7,012.56 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, on account of (i) increase in IMFL and ENA sale which resulted in increased raw material utilization and higher packing material consumption and (ii) increase in raw material and packing material prices.

Purchases of stock-in-trade

Purchases of stock-in-trade consists of purchase of IMFL, which remained consistent from ₹ 42.63 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 42.55 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023.

Excise Duty

Excise duty increased by 11.20% from ₹ 30,133.35 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 33,508.68 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, on account of increase in revenue from contracts with customers - sale of goods comprising IMFL in the nine months ended December 31, 2023.

Employee Benefits Expenses

Employee benefit expenses decreased by 9.12% from ₹ 1,397.96 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 1,270.45 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023. This was due to a decrease in salaries, wages and bonus by 9.16% from ₹ 1,291.81 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 1,173.45 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 on account of reduction in salary of chairman from July 1, 2023; and contribution to provident and other funds by 19.36% from ₹ 82.64 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 66.64 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023. This was partially offset by an increase in staff welfare expenses by 29.12% from ₹ 23.51 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 30.36 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023.

Other Expenses

Other expenses increased marginally by 1.15% from ₹ 6,140.56 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 6,211.04 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023. This was primarily due to an increase in:

- Rent by 26.15% from ₹ 57.99 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 73.16 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023;

- Contract labour charges by 14.41% from ₹ 529.01 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 605.22 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023;
- Repairs to machinery by 57.62% from ₹ 58.50 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 92.21 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 on account of an increase in production;
- Rates and taxes from ₹ 351.51 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 391.80 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023;
- Selling and distribution expenses marginally by 2.68% from ₹ 878.75 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 902.27 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023;
- Commission by 29.36% from ₹ 205.29 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 265.57 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023; and
- Provision for doubtful debts from ₹ 23.31 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 65.16 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023.

This increase was partially offset by a decrease in:

- Power and fuel to ₹ 452.92 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 from ₹ 574.30 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 on account of lower coal price;
- Sales and business promotion to ₹ 942.45 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 from ₹ 1,070.14 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022; and
- Foreign exchange loss – (net) to ₹ (6.90) million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 from ₹ (48.27) million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022; and
- Excise levies and escort charges from ₹ 957.35 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 939.14 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 on account of increase in production and IMFL sales;

As such, total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation) amounted to ₹ 57,287.77 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 as compared to ₹ 52,536.45 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022. Profit before finance costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses and tax amounted to ₹ 1,862.01 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 as compared to ₹ 1,458.09 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022.

Finance Costs

Finance costs increased by 30.15% from ₹ 982.97 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 1,279.32 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023. This increase is primarily attributable due to an increase in financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (on working capital facility from bank) from ₹ 466.48 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 618.88 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023; interest on delay in payment of statutory dues by 33.09% from ₹ 234.14 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 311.61 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 on account of delayed collections from corporation markets resulting in delayed payment of interest bearing statutory dues; reimbursement to tie-up units for interest on delayed payments from ₹ 39.68 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 83.88 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023; and interest others from ₹ 16.51 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 43.91 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023.

This was partially offset by a decrease on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost – on lease liabilities to ₹ 11.17 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 from ₹ 12.81 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022; and interest on loan from related party to ₹ 2.51 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 from ₹ 7.42 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased marginally by 5.61% from ₹ 414.10 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 390.88 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, primarily due to a decrease in depreciation of property, plant and equipment by 7.60% from ₹ 358.18 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 330.97 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023. This was partially offset by an increase in depreciation of right to use assets from ₹ 27.12 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 29.78 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023; and amortisation of intangible assets from ₹ 28.80 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 30.13 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023.

Profit before Tax

For the reasons discussed above, profit before tax was ₹ 141.95 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 and ₹ 61.02 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022.

Tax Expense/(Credit), net

Tax expense/(credit), net increased from ₹ 32.21 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 99.66 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023. Current tax increased from ₹ 9.37 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 67.96 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 n account of increase in profit and unavailability of MAT credit set-off. Deferred tax increased from ₹ 22.84 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 32.50 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 as the Company decides to exercise the option of lower tax rate available under Section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Restated Profit after Tax

For the various reasons discussed above, we recorded a restated profit for the period of ₹ 42.29 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 compared to ₹ 28.81 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022.

Other Comprehensive Income for the Year, Net of Tax

Other comprehensive income was ₹ (10.72) million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 while other comprehensive income was ₹ 1.05 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022.

Total Comprehensive Income for the year

Total comprehensive income in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 was ₹ 31.57 million compared to ₹ 29.86 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022.

Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) and EBITDA Margin

EBITDA was ₹ 1,862.01 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 compared to ₹ 1,458.09 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022, while EBITDA Margin (EBITDA as a percentage of our Net Revenue from Operations) was 7.27% in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 compared to 6.14% in the nine months ended December 31, 2022. For reconciliation of EBITDA and EBITDA Margin, see "– *Non-GAAP Measures*" on page 446.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR FISCAL 2021, 2022 AND 2023

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to our results of operations on a consolidated basis for Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023:

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	(₹ million)	Percentage of Total Income (%)	(₹ million)	Percentage of Total Income (%)	(₹ million)	Percentage of Total Income (%)
Revenue						
Revenue from operations	63,787.76	99.70%	71,969.20	99.84%	71,056.80	99.84%
Other income	190.36	0.30%	112.45	0.16%	110.69	0.16%
Total Income	**63,978.12**	**100.00%**	**72,081.65**	**100.00%**	**71,167.49**	**100.00%**
Expenses						
Cost of materials consumed	13,904.44	21.73%	16,349.72	22.68%	19,956.87	28.04%
Purchases of stock-in-trade	37.30	0.06%	48.56	0.07%	56.27	0.08%
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade	268.77	0.42%	(111.28)	(0.15)%	(272.70)	(0.38)%

Particulars	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	(₹ million)	Percentage of Total Income (%)	(₹ million)	Percentage of Total Income (%)	(₹ million)	Percentage of Total Income (%)
and work-in-progress						
Excise duty	40,304.10	63.00%	45,112.68	62.59%	39,590.51	55.63%
Employee benefits expense	1,722.38	2.69%	1,934.70	2.68%	1,856.68	2.61%
Other expenses	5,611.17	8.77%	6,671.76	9.26%	8,019.25	11.27%
Total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation)	**61,848.16**	**96.67%**	**70,006.14**	**97.12%**	**69,206.88**	**97.25%**
Profit before finance costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses and tax	**2,129.96**	**3.33%**	**2,075.51**	**2.88%**	**1,960.61**	**2.75%**
Finance Costs	1,415.10	2.21%	1,450.93	2.01%	1,349.72	1.90%
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	587.41	0.92%	586.36	0.81%	551.43	0.77%
Profit before tax	**127.45**	**0.20%**	**38.22**	**0.05%**	**59.46**	**0.08%**
Tax expense/(credit), net						
– Current tax	45.51	0.07%	13.38	0.02%	12.38	0.02%
– Deferred tax	68.76	0.11%	28.07	0.04%	31.49	0.04%
– Tax adjustments in respect of earlier years	(11.90)	(0.02)%	(17.99)	(0.02)%	(0.42)	(0.00)%
Restated Profit after tax	**25.08**	**0.04%**	**14.76**	**0.02%**	**16.01**	**0.02%**
Other comprehensive income						
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans (loss)/gain	(5.31)	(0.01)%	8.57	0.01%	6.16	0.01%
Income tax relating to these items	1.86	0.00%	(2.99)	(0.00)%	(2.16)	0.00%
Other comprehensive income , net of tax	**(3.45)**	**(0.01)%**	**5.58**	**0.01%**	**4.00**	**0.01%**
Total comprehensive income for the period/year	**21.63**	**0.03%**	**20.34**	**0.03%**	**20.01**	**0.03%**

FISCAL 2023 COMPARED TO FISCAL 2022

Key Developments

- We launched five additional whisky brands, ICONiQ White Finest International Grain Whisky (launched in September 2022), X&O Barrel Premium World Grain Whisky (launched in November 2022), Srishti Premium blended Whisky (launched in October 2022), Sterling Reserve BX Hippy Deluxe Blended Whisky (launched in September 2022) and Sterling Reserve B7 Whisky Cola Classic Mix (launched in September 2022).

Revenue

Total income decreased to ₹ 71,167.49 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 72,081.65 million in Fiscal 2022, primarily attributable to the following:

Revenue from Operations

Revenue from operations decreased to ₹ 71,056.80 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 71,969.20 million in Fiscal 2022, and comprises revenue from contracts with customer and other operating revenue. Our Net Revenue from Operations increased from ₹ 26,856.52 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 31,466.29 million in Fiscal 2023.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers includes sale of goods comprising IMFL, ENA and by-products. Revenue from contracts with customers decreased to ₹ 70,789.96 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 71,698.76 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of decrease in excise duty rate in West Bengal. Sale of goods (IMFL) decreased to ₹ 69,609.91 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 70,536.28 million in Fiscal 2022.

Sale of goods (ENA) increased from ₹ 413.39 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 528.40 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of increase in demand of ENA and higher realisation.

Sale of goods (by-products) decreased by (13.01)% to ₹ 651.65 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 749.09 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of decrease in market prices.

Other operating revenue

Other operating revenue consists of royalty, export entitlements and scrap sales. Revenues from royalty remained consistent at ₹ 4.40 million in Fiscal 2023 compared to ₹ 4.35 million in Fiscal 2022. Export entitlements decreased by (13.84)% to ₹ 118.07 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 137.04 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of reduction in export business primarily in Haiti due to civil unrest, which decreased export entitlement (duty draw back, GST refund and incentives pursuant to the Merchandise Exports from India Scheme).Scrap and other sales increased by 11.87% from ₹ 129.05 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 144.37 million in Fiscal 2023, on account of increase in production of IMFL and scrap generated.

Other Income

Other income decreased to ₹ 110.69 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 112.45 million in Fiscal 2022. The decrease was on account of:

- A marginal decrease in interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost – interest on deposits with bank to ₹ 20.88 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 21.43 million in Fiscal 2022;
- A decrease in profit on sale of property, plant and equipment to ₹ nil in Fiscal 2023 compared to ₹ 8.02 million in Fiscal 2022;
- A decrease in refund of excess statutory dues paid to ₹ 0.93 million in Fiscal 2023 compared to ₹ 16.83 million;
- A decrease in foreign exchange gain – (net) to ₹ nil in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 18.73 million in Fiscal 2022; and
- A marginal decrease in miscellaneous income to ₹ 21.11 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 24.06 million in Fiscal 2022.

This was partially offset by an increase in recovery on account of loss of goods, from ₹ nil in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 39.56 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of a fire incident at one of our exclusive tie-up unit located in Chandigarh resulted into damages to our inventory and insurance claim received for such loss of inventory.

Expenses

Total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation) decreased marginally by (1.14%) to ₹ 69,206.88 million in Fiscal 2023 compared to ₹ 70,006.14 million in Fiscal 2022. This was primarily due to a decrease in changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress, excise duty, and employee benefit expenses, partially offset by an increase in cost of materials consumed, purchase of stock-in-trade and other expenses.

Cost of Materials Consumed

Cost of materials consumed increased by 22.06% from ₹ 16,349.72 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 19,956.87 million in Fiscal 2023 and the increase is primarily driven by an increase in raw materials consumed by 29.13% from ₹ 8,644.10 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 11,162.22 million in Fiscal 2023 and an increase in packing material consumed by 14.13% from ₹ 7,705.62 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 8,794.65 million in Fiscal 2023, on account of (i) increase IMFL and ENA sale which resulted in increased raw material utilization and higher packing material consumption and (ii) due to increase in raw material and packing material prices.

Purchases of stock-in-trade

Purchases of stock-in-trade consists of purchase of IMFL, which increased by 15.87% from ₹ 48.56 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 56.27 million in Fiscal 2023, on account of increase in wine shop sale of the company.

Excise Duty

Excise duty decreased by (12.24)% to ₹ 39,590.51 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 45,112.68 million in Fiscal 2022, on account of decrease in excise duty rate in West Bengal

Employee Benefits Expenses

Employee benefit expenses decreased marginally by (4.03)% to ₹ 1,856.68 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 1,934.70 million in Fiscal 2022. This was due mainly to a decrease in salaries, wages and bonus by (5.12)% to ₹ 1,713.39 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 1,805.92 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of resignation of two directors in March 2022.

This was partially offset by an increase in contribution to provident and other funds from ₹ 104.89 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 110.69 million in Fiscal 2023 and staff welfare expenses from ₹ 23.89 million in Fiscal 2022 to from ₹ 32.60 million in Fiscal 2023.

Other Expenses

Other expenses increased by 20.20%, from ₹ 6,671.76 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 8,019.25 million in Fiscal 2023. This was primarily due to an increase in:

- Power and fuel by 29.52% from ₹ 567.82 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 735.43 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of increase in IMFL and ENA sale which resulted in increased operations and hence higher consumption of power and fuel and significant increase in the price of coal;
- Rent by 28.06% from ₹ 62.01 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 79.41 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of increase in rent of lease unit and for some additional warehouses;
- Contract labour charges marginally from ₹ 626.94 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 695.25 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of an increase in production and increase in minimum wages
- Insurance by 11.41% from ₹ 67.47 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 75.17 million in Fiscal 2023;
- Rates and taxes by 12.46% from ₹ 433.54 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 487.55 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of increase in sale
- Excise levies and escort charges by 24.53% from ₹ 996.99 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 1,241.55 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of increase of IMFL sales;
- Bottling charges by 52.89% from ₹ 450.79 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 689.21 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of increase of IMFL sales ;
- Selling and distribution expenses by 15.04% from ₹ 1,001.78 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 1,152.49 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of increase of IMFL sales ;
- Sales and business promotion by 38.94% from ₹ 938.56 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 1,304.02 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of an increase in business promotion and campaigns primarily for the launch of new whisky brands; and
- Foreign exchange loss – (net) amounted to ₹ (36.97) million in Fiscal 2023 compared to ₹ nil in Fiscal 2022.

This was partially offset primarily by a decrease in repairs to machinery by (6.46)% from ₹ 84.47 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 79.01 million in Fiscal 2023; a marginal decrease in repairs others from ₹ 138.39 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 129.11 million in Fiscal 2023; a marginal decrease in commission from ₹ 299.18 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 289.09 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of changes of route to Market in Delhi of IMFL sales.

As such, total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation) amounted to ₹ 69,206.88 million in Fiscal 2023 as compared to ₹ 70,006.14 million in Fiscal 2022. Profit before finance costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses and tax amounted to ₹ 1,960.61 million in Fiscal 2023 as compared to ₹ 2,075.51 million in Fiscal 2022 primarily on account of increase in costs of material consumed, and other expenses.

Finance Costs

Finance costs decreased by (6.98)% to ₹ 1,349.72 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 1,450.93 million in Fiscal 2022. This decrease is primarily attributable to a decrease in finance costs on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (a) term loans to ₹ 268.07 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 326.37 million in Fiscal 2022; and (ii) on working capital facility from bank to ₹ 737.54 million in Fiscal 2022 from ₹ 650.64 million in Fiscal 2023, on account of reduction in borrowings. In addition, interest on loan from related parties decreased to ₹ 8.92 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 22.20 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of repayment of loans from related party.

This was partially offset by an increase in interest on delay in payment of statutory dues by 56.79% from ₹ 212.58 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 333.30 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of delayed collections from corporation markets resulting in delayed payment of interest bearing statutory dues.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased marginally to ₹ 551.43 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 586.36 million in Fiscal 2022, primarily due to a decrease in depreciation of property, plant and equipment to ₹ 472.81 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 526.62 million in Fiscal 2022 and right to use assets to ₹ 38.37 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 40.55 million in Fiscal 2022. This was partially offset by an increase in amortisation of intangible assets by from ₹ 19.19 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 40.25 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of addition of certain intangible assets.

Profit before Tax

For the reasons discussed above, profit before tax was ₹ 59.46 million in Fiscal 2023 and ₹ 38.22 million in Fiscal 2022.

Net Tax Expense/(Credit)

Tax expense/(credit), net increased from ₹ 23.46 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 43.45 million in Fiscal 2023. Deferred tax increased marginally from ₹ 28.07 million in Fiscal 2022 to ₹ 31.49 million in Fiscal 2023 on account of recognition of deferred tax liability on property, plant and equipment, goodwill and other intangible assets. This was partially offset by tax adjustments in respect of earlier years, which decreased to ₹ (0.42) million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ (17.99) million in Fiscal 2022 on account of revision in computation of taxable income for fiscal 2022 and current tax decreased marginally to ₹ 12.38 million in Fiscal 2023 from ₹ 13.38 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of increase in taxable income.

Restated Profit after Tax

For the various reasons discussed above, we recorded a restated profit for the year of ₹ 16.01 million in Fiscal 2023 compared to ₹ 14.76 million in Fiscal 2022.

Other Comprehensive Income for the Year, Net of Tax

Other comprehensive income, net of tax was ₹ 4.00 million in Fiscal 2023 while other comprehensive income was ₹ 5.58 million in Fiscal 2022.

Total Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax

Total comprehensive income for the year was ₹ 20.01 million in Fiscal 2023 compared to ₹ 20.34 million in Fiscal 2022.

Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) and EBITDA Margin

EBITDA was ₹ 1,960.61 million in Fiscal 2023 compared to ₹ 2,075.51 million in Fiscal 2022, while EBITDA Margin (EBITDA as a percentage of our Net Revenue from Operations) was 6.23% in Fiscal 2023 compared to 7.73% in Fiscal 2022. For reconciliation of EBITDA and EBITDA Margin, see "– *Non-GAAP Measures*" on page 417.

FISCAL 2022 COMPARED TO FISCAL 2021

Revenue

Total income increased by 12.67% from ₹ 63,978.12 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 72,081.65 million in Fiscal 2022, primarily attributable to the following:

Revenue from Operations

Revenue from operations increased by 12.83% from ₹ 63,787.76 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 71,969.20 million in Fiscal 2022, and comprises revenue from contracts with customer and other operating revenue. Our Net Revenue from Operations increased by 14.36% from ₹ 23,483.67 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 26,856.52 million in Fiscal 2022.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers includes sale of goods comprising IMFL, ENA and by-products. Revenue from contracts with customers increased by 12.76% from ₹ 63,586.61 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 71,698.76 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of increase in sales volume of our products. Sale of goods (IMFL) increased by 11.98% from ₹ 62,989.33 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 70,536.28 million in Fiscal 2022.

Sale of goods (ENA) also increased from ₹ 294.89 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 413.39 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of increase in demand of ENA.

Sale of goods (by-products) increased by 147.73% from ₹ 302.39 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 749.09 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of increase in production and sale of ENA during Fiscal 2022.

Other operating revenue

Other operating revenue consists of royalty, export entitlements and scrap sales. Revenues from royalty decreased by (27.65%) from ₹ 6.02 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 4.35 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of cancellation of certain royalty arrangements. Export entitlements increased by 31.80% from ₹ 103.98 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 137.04 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of export business improving in Fiscal 2022 compared with Fiscal 2021, which increased export entitlement (duty draw back, GST refund and incentives pursuant to the Merchandise Exports from India Scheme). Scrap and other sales increased from ₹ 91.15 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 129.05 million in Fiscal 2022, on account of increase in production of IMFL and scrap generated.

Other Income

Other income decreased by (40.93%) from ₹ 190.36 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 112.45 million in Fiscal 2022.

The decrease was on account of:

- A decrease in interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost (interest on deposits with bank) by (18.59%) from ₹ 26.33 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 21.43 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of decrease in fixed deposits placed as lien with statutory authorities;
- A decrease in refund of excess statutory dues paid, by (64.16%) from ₹ 46.97 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 16.83 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of lesser refund of statutory dues;
- A decrease in liabilities no longer required written back, by (86.78%) from ₹ 60.61 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 8.01 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of higher liabilities/ claims created in the previous reporting periods not payable by our company in Fiscal 2021; and
- A decrease in provision no longer required written back, by (56.92%) from ₹ 24.53 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 10.57 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of lesser recovery of doubtful debts.

This was partially offset by an increase in foreign exchange gain (net), from ₹ nil in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 18.73 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of foreign exchange loss reported under other expenses in Fiscal 2022.

Expenses

Total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation) increased by 13.19% from ₹ 61,848.16 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 70,006.14 million in Fiscal 2022. This was primarily due to an increase in cost of materials consumed, purchases of stock-in-trade, excise duty, employee benefits expense, and other expenses, partially offset by decrease in changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress.

Cost of Materials Consumed

Cost of materials consumed increased by 17.59% from ₹ 13,904.44 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 16,349.72 million in Fiscal 2022 and the increase is primarily driven by an increase in raw materials consumed by 37.25% from ₹ 6,297.87 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 8,644.10 million in Fiscal 2022 and an increase in packing material consumed marginally by 1.30% from ₹ 7,606.57 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 7,705.62 million in Fiscal 2022, on account of (i) increase IMFL and ENA sale which resulted in increased raw material utilization and higher packing material consumption and (ii) due to increase in raw material and packing material prices.

Purchases of stock-in-trade

Purchases of stock-in-trade consists of purchase of IMFL, which increased by 30.19% from ₹ 37.30 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 48.56 million in Fiscal 2022, on account of increase IMFL sales which resulted in higher purchases of stock-in-trade.

Excise Duty

Excise duty increased by 11.93% from ₹ 40,304.10 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 45,112.68 million in Fiscal 2022, on account of an increase in the IMFL sales.

Employee Benefits Expenses

Employee benefit expenses increased marginally by 12.33% from ₹ 1,722.38 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 1,934.70 million in Fiscal 2022. This was due mainly to an increase in salaries, wages and bonus by 12.77% from ₹ 1,601.48 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 1,805.92 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of an increase in the salaries and wages payable to employees of our Company.

Other Expenses

Other expenses increased by 18.90%, from ₹ 5,611.17 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 6,671.76 million in Fiscal 2022. This was primarily due to an increase in:

- Power and fuel by 115.35% from ₹ 263.67 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 567.82 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of increase in IMFL and ENA sale which resulted in increased operations and hence higher consumption of power and fuel and significant increase in the price of coal;
- Contract labour charges by 13.19% from ₹ 553.88 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 626.94 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of an increase in production and sales;
- Repairs to machinery by 51.52% from ₹ 55.75 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 84.47 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of an increase in production and sales;
- Repairs (others) by 96.98% from ₹ 70.26 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 138.39 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of major repairs in our distillery located in Rangapur;
- Insurance by 35.11% from ₹ 49.94 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 67.47 million in Fiscal 2022;
- Excise levies and escort charges by 8.97% from ₹ 914.94 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 996.99 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of an increase in production and sales;
- Bottling charges by 11.55% from ₹ 404.11 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 450.79 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of an increase in production;
- Selling and distribution expenses, by 33.98% from ₹ 747.74 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 1,001.78 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of increase in IMFL sales that resulted in increased selling and distribution expenses and increase in fuel prices leading to increase in transportation costs;
- Sales and business promotion by 3.52% from ₹ 906.63 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 938.56 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of increase in IMFL sales; and
- Commission by 24.13% from ₹ 241.03 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 299.18 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of increase in IMFL sales leading to higher commission expense.

This was partially offset primarily by the decrease in rent by (14.53%) from ₹ 72.55 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 62.01 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of vacating certain premises in North India due to change in route to

market; and a marginal decrease in rates and taxes by (2.43%) from ₹ 444.34 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 433.54 million in Fiscal 2022.

As such, total expenses (excluding finance cost and depreciation / amortisation) amounted to ₹ 70,006.14 million in Fiscal 2022 as compared to ₹ 61,848.16 million in Fiscal 2021. Profit before depreciation, finance costs and tax amounted to ₹ 2,075.51 million in Fiscal 2022 as compared to ₹ 2,129.96 million in Fiscal 2021 on account of increase in costs of material consumed, employee benefit expenses and other expenses.

Finance Cost

Finance costs increased marginally by 2.53% from ₹ 1,415.10 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 1,450.93 million in Fiscal 2022. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in interest on delay in payment of statutory dues by 128.93% from ₹ 92.86 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 212.58 million in Fiscal 2022 as a result of non-payment of statutory dues on account of delayed collections from corporation markets resulting in delayed payment of interest bearing statutory dues.

This was partially offset by a decrease in financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (on working capital facility from bank) from ₹ 794.39 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 737.54 million in Fiscal 2022 and a decrease in financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (on term loans) from ₹ 337.58 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 326.37 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of repayment of term loans and working capital facilities.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased marginally by (0.18%) from ₹ 587.41 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 586.36 million in Fiscal 2022, primarily due to a decrease in depreciation of right to use assets by (18.07%) from ₹ 49.49 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 40.55 million in Fiscal 2022. This was partially offset by an increase in depreciation of property, plant and equipment, from ₹ 521.70 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 526.62 million in Fiscal 2022 and an increase in amortisation of intangible assets by 18.32% from ₹ 16.22 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 19.19 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of addition of certain intangible assets.

Profit before Tax

For the reasons discussed above, profit before tax was ₹ 38.22 million in Fiscal 2022 and ₹ 127.45 million in Fiscal 2021.

Net Tax Expense/(Credit)

Tax expense/(credit), net decreased by (77.09%) from ₹ 102.37 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 23.46 million in Fiscal 2022. Current tax decreased from ₹ 45.51 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 13.38 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of decrease in our restated profit after tax. Deferred tax decreased by (59.18%) from ₹ 68.76 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 28.07 million in Fiscal 2022 on account of utilisation of MAT credit entitlement. This was partially offset by tax adjustments in respect of earlier years, which increased, by 51.19% from ₹ (11.90) million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ (17.99) million in Fiscal 2022 on account of adjustment of certain items considered in computation of taxable income while filing income tax returns and completion of assessment of previous periods.

Restated Profit after Tax

For the various reasons discussed above, we recorded a restated profit for the year of ₹ 14.76 million in Fiscal 2022 compared to ₹ 25.08 million in Fiscal 2021.

Other Comprehensive Income for the Year, Net of Tax

Other comprehensive income was ₹ 5.58 million in Fiscal 2022 while other comprehensive income was ₹ (3.45) million in Fiscal 2021.

Total Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax

Total comprehensive income for the year was ₹ 20.34 million in Fiscal 2022 compared to ₹ 21.63 million in Fiscal 2021.

Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) and EBITDA Margin

EBITDA was ₹ 2,075.51 million in Fiscal 2022 compared to ₹ 2,129.96 million in Fiscal 2021, while EBITDA Margin (EBITDA as a percentage of our Net Revenue from Operations) was 7.73% in Fiscal 2022 compared to

9.07% in Fiscal 2021. For reconciliation of EBITDA and EBITDA Margin, see "– *Non-GAAP Measures*" on page 446.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Total assets of certain subsidiaries increased from ₹ 240.57 million, as of March 31, 2021 to ₹ 1,066.40 million as of March 31, 2022. The increase was primarily on account of our acquisition of two Subsidiaries, ABD Dwellings Private Limited and Madanlal Estates Private Limited in Fiscal 2022. Total assets of certain subsidiaries decreased marginally from ₹ 1,066.40 million, as of March 31, 2022 to ₹ 1,036.37 million as of March 31, 2023. Total assets of certain subsidiaries decreased marginally from ₹ 1,043.02 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₹ 1,024.38 million as of December 31, 2023.

Net cash outflows of certain subsidiaries increased from ₹ 0.03 million in Fiscal 2021 to ₹ 202.32 million in Fiscal 2022. The increase was primarily on account of acquisition of assets by two Subsidiaries, ABD Dwellings Private Limited and Madanlal Estates Private Limited acquired by us in Fiscal 2022. In Fiscal 2023 net cash inflow from certain subsidiaries was ₹ 0.03 million while net cash outflows from certain subsidiaries in Fiscal 2022 was ₹ 202.32 million. Net cash outflows of certain subsidiaries increased from ₹ 0.35 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 to ₹ 6.57 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023.

Financial assets - loans reduced from ₹ 86.34 million, as of March 31, 2021 to ₹ 41.11 million, as of March 31, 2022, primarily on account of repayment of loan given to a Director. Financial assets - loans reduced from ₹ 41.11 million, as of March 31, 2022 to ₹ 0.77 million, as of March 31, 2023, primarily on account of repayment of loan given to a Director. Financial assets - loans increased from ₹ 0.70 million, as of December 31, 2022 to ₹ 1.67 million, as of December 31, 2023, primarily on account of increased in employee loan.

Financial assets - trade receivables increased from ₹ 8,669.29 million, as of March 31, 2021 to ₹ 9,540.31 million, as of March 31, 2022. Financial assets - trade receivables remained consistent from ₹ 9,540.31 million, as of March 31, 2022 to ₹ 9,576.14 million, as of March 31, 2023. Financial assets - trade receivables increased from ₹ 10,459.54 million, as of December 31, 2022 to ₹ 12,698.72 million, as of December 31, 2023.

Financial assets – other financial assets decreased from ₹ 293.00 million, as of March 31, 2021 to ₹ 192.97 million, as of March 31, 2022, primarily on account of decrease in due from tie-up units. Financial assets – other financial assets increased from ₹ 192.97 million, as of March 31, 2022 to ₹ 260.29 million, as of March 31, 2023, primarily on account of increase in due from tie-up units and export entitlement receivables. Financial assets – other financial assets increased from ₹ 228.66 million, as of December 31, 2022 to ₹ 270.66 million, as of December 31, 2023, primarily on account of export entitlements receivables.

Other current liabilities increased from ₹ 2,196.92 million, as of March 31, 2021 to ₹ 2,599.97 million, as of March 31, 2022, primarily on account of increase in statutory dues. Other current liabilities increased from ₹ 2,599.97 million, as of March 31, 2022 to ₹ 4,998.13 million, as of March 31, 2023, primarily on account of increase in statutory dues. Other current liabilities decreased from ₹ 5,184.25 million, as of December 31, 2022 to ₹ 5,096.45 million, as of December 31, 2023, primarily on account of decrease in statutory dues and advance from customer.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We have historically financed the expansion of our business and operations primarily through debt financing and funds generated from our operations. From time to time, we have obtained loan facilities to finance our short term working capital requirements.

CASH FLOWS

The following table sets forth certain information relating to our cash flows in the periods indicated:

Particulars	Fiscal			Nine months ended December 31, 2022	Nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million)				
Net cash generated from operating activities	2,466.18	1,787.60	2,298.55	1,729.85	1,439.12
Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities	(593.67)	321.34	(183.94)	(146.75)	(292.31)

Particulars	Fiscal			Nine months ended December 31, 2022	Nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
	(₹ million)				
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,160.44)	(2,557.70)	(2,028.50)	(1,540.59)	(1,125.75)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period / year	434.89	196.70	275.45	231.98	296.18

Operating Activities

Nine months ended December 31, 2023

Net cash generated from operating activities was ₹ 1,439.12 million. Profit before tax was ₹ 141.95 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023. Primary adjustments consisted of depreciation and amortisation of ₹ 390.88 million; finance costs of ₹ 1,279.32 million; exceptional items of ₹ 49.86 million; and provision for doubtful debts of ₹ 65.16 million. Operating profit before working capital changes was ₹ 1,925.19 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023. The main working capital adjustments in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, included decrease in inventories of ₹ 396.53 million; increase in trade receivables of ₹ 3,178.82 million; increase in financial assets and other assets of ₹ 5.48 million; and an increase in liabilities and provisions of ₹ 2,344.42 million. Cash generated from operating activities in the nine months ended December 31, 2023 was ₹ 1,481.84 million. Direct taxes paid (net) was ₹ 42.72 million.

Nine months ended December 31, 2022

Net cash generated from operating activities was ₹ 1,729.85 million. Profit before tax was ₹ 61.02 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022. Primary adjustments consisted of depreciation and amortisation of ₹ 414.10 million; finance costs of ₹ 982.97 million; provision for inventory of ₹ 57.58 million; unrealized foreign loss of ₹ 42.18 million and provision for doubtful debts of ₹ 23.31 million. Operating profit before working capital changes was ₹ 1,534.09 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022. The main working capital adjustments in the nine months ended December 31, 2022, included an increase in inventories of ₹ 2,130.44 million; increase in trade receivables of ₹ 939.05 million; increase in financial assets and other assets of ₹ 483.70 million; and an increase in liabilities and provisions of ₹ 3,776.98 million. Cash generated from operating activities in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 was ₹ 1,757.88 million. Direct taxes paid (net) was ₹ 28.03 million.

Fiscal 2023

Net cash generated from operating activities was ₹ 2,298.55 million. Profit before tax was ₹ 59.46 million in Fiscal 2023. Primary adjustments consisted of depreciation and amortisation of ₹ 551.43 million; provision for doubtful debts of ₹ 32.95 million; provision for inventory of ₹ 62.22 million and finance costs of ₹ 1,349.72 million. Operating profit before working capital changes was ₹ 2,011.87 million in Fiscal 2023. The main working capital adjustments in Fiscal 2023, included increase in inventories of ₹ 2,129.10 million; increase in trade receivables of ₹ 58.07 million; increase in financial assets and other assets of ₹ 533.58 million; and an increase in liabilities and provisions of ₹ 3,047.32 million. Cash generated from operating activities in Fiscal 2023 was ₹ 2,338.44 million. Direct taxes paid (net) was ₹ 39.89 million.

Fiscal 2022

Net cash generated from operating activities was ₹ 1,787.60 million. Profit before tax was ₹ 38.22 million in Fiscal 2022. Primary adjustments consisted of depreciation and amortisation of ₹ 586.36 million; bad debts and advances written off of ₹ 91.60 million; provision for doubtful debt of ₹ 61.96 million; and finance costs of ₹ 1,450.93 million. Operating profit before working capital changes was ₹ 2,200.81 million in Fiscal 2022. The main working capital adjustments in Fiscal 2022, included increase in inventories of ₹ 86.81 million; increase in trade receivables of ₹ 1,023.38 million; decrease in financial assets and other assets of ₹ 338.88 million; and an increase in liabilities and provisions of ₹ 413.48 million. Cash generated from operating activities in Fiscal 2022 was ₹ 1,842.98 million. Direct taxes paid (net) was ₹ 55.38 million.

Fiscal 2021

Net cash generated from operating activities was ₹ 2,466.18 million. Net profit before tax was ₹ 127.45 million in Fiscal 2021. Primary adjustments consisted of depreciation and amortisation of ₹ 587.41 million; provision for

doubtful debts of ₹ 114.42 million; and finance costs of ₹ 1,415.10 million. Operating profit before working capital changes was ₹ 2,147.17 million in Fiscal 2021. The main working capital adjustments in Fiscal 2021 included an decrease in inventories of ₹ 224.24 million; decrease in trade receivables of ₹ 583.27 million; increase in financial assets and other assets of ₹ 230.94 million; and decrease in liabilities and provisions of ₹ 233.31 million. Cash generated from operating activities in Fiscal 2021 was ₹ 2,490.43 million. Direct taxes paid (net) was ₹ 24.25 million.

Investing Activities

Nine months ended December 31, 2023

Net cash used in investing activities was ₹ 292.31 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, primarily on account of purchase of plant, property and equipment of ₹ 295.46 million and investment in bank deposits of ₹ 24.86 million, which was primarily offset by sale of property, plant and equipment of ₹ 14.78 million and interest received of ₹ 13.23 million.

Nine months ended December 31, 2022

Net cash used in investing activities was ₹ 146.75 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022, primarily on account of purchase of plant, property and equipment of ₹ 149.17 million and investment in bank deposits of ₹ 18.40 million, which was primarily offset by sale of property, plant and equipment of ₹ 3.52 million and interest received of ₹ 17.30 million.

Fiscal 2023

Net cash used in investing activities was ₹ 183.94 million in Fiscal 2023, primarily on account of investment in bank deposit of ₹ 158.51 million, and purchase of plant, property and equipment of ₹ 201.97 million. This was partially offset on account of maturity of bank deposit of ₹ 148.26 million and interest received of ₹ 21.54 million.

Fiscal 2022

Net cash from investing activities was ₹ 321.34 million in Fiscal 2022, primarily on account of refund of capital advance for purchase of land of ₹ 1,110.00 million, which was offset by investment in compulsorily convertible debentures of ₹ 241.01 million, purchase of property, plant and equipment of ₹ 583.24 million and investment in bank deposits of ₹ 86.03 million.

Fiscal 2021

Net cash used in investing activities was ₹ 593.67 million in Fiscal 2021, primarily on account of investment in compulsorily convertible debentures of ₹ 221.04 million, purchase of plant, property and equipment of ₹ 356.27 million, and investment in bank deposits of ₹ 109.18 million. This was partially offset by proceeds from sale of investment of ₹ 53.00 million and interest received of ₹ 30.51 million.

Financing Activities

Nine months ended December 31, 2023

Net cash used in financing activities was ₹ 1,125.75 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2023, primarily on account of repayment of long term borrowings of ₹ 967.35 million, repayment of short term borrowings (net) of ₹ 329.73 million, finance costs paid of ₹ 1,268.15 million, repayment of lease obligations of ₹ 19.35 million and interest on lease liabilities of₹ 11.17 million which was marginally offset by proceeds from long term borrowings of ₹ 1,470.00 million.

Nine months ended December 31, 2022

Net cash used in financing activities was ₹ 1,540.59 million in the nine months ended December 31, 2022, primarily on account of repayment of long term borrowings of ₹ 652.02 million, finance costs paid of ₹ 970.16 million, interest on lease liabilities of ₹ 12.81 million, and repayment of lease obligations of ₹ 19.57 million which was marginally offset by proceeds from short term borrowings (net) of ₹ 113.97 million.

Fiscal 2023

Net cash used in financing activities was ₹ 2,028.50 million in Fiscal 2023, primarily on account of repayment of long term borrowings of ₹ 820.80 million, finance costs paid of ₹ 1,351.34 million, and repayment of lease

obligations of ₹ 25.85 million and interest on lease liabilities of ₹ 17.53 million, which was marginally offset by proceeds of short term borrowings (net) of ₹ 187.02 million.

Fiscal 2022

Net cash used in financing activities was ₹ 2,557.70 million in Fiscal 2022, primarily on account of repayment of long term borrowings of ₹ 985.38 million, repayment of short term borrowings (net) of ₹ 899.46 million, finance costs paid of ₹ 1,484.61 million, and redemption of preference shares of ₹ 750.00 million, which was marginally offset by proceeds from long term borrowings of ₹ 601.00 million and issue of compulsory convertible debentures of ₹ 1,000.00 million.

Fiscal 2021

Net cash used in financing activities was ₹ 2,160.44 million in Fiscal 2021, primarily on account of repayment of long term borrowings of ₹ 746.45 million, repayment of short term borrowings (net) of ₹ 499.90 million, finance costs paid of ₹ 1,427.21 million, which was marginally offset by proceeds from long term borrowings of ₹ 505.38 million and deposits with bank towards margin money against borrowings (net) of ₹ 79.49 million.

INDEBTEDNESS

As of December 31, 2023, we had total borrowings (consisting of non-current borrowings and current borrowings) of ₹ 7,981.14 million. Our total debt/ equity ratio was 1.95 as of December 31, 2023.

The following table sets forth certain information relating to our outstanding indebtedness as of December 31, 2023, and our repayment obligations in the periods indicated:

Particulars	**As of December 31, 2023**			
	Payment due by period			
	(₹ million)			
	Up to 1 year	**1 – 5 years**	**More than 5 years**	**Total**
Borrowings (including current maturities)	6,032.59	1,806.77	141.78	7,981.14
Lease liabilities	31.38	80.41	1.96	113.75
Trade payables	7,509.91	-	-	7,509.91
Other financial liabilities	2,310.10	-	-	2,310.10
Total	**15,883.98**	**1,887.18**	**143.74**	**17,914.90**

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of December 31, 2023, contingent liabilities that have not been accounted for in our Restated Consolidated Financial Statements were as follows:

S. No.	**Particulars**	**As at December 31, 2023**
		(₹ million)
1.	Provident fund matter	Not ascertainable
2.	Transport pass fees claimed by excise authorities	87.31
3.	Water Charges claim by MIDC, Aurangabad	19.32
4.	Additional license fees on account of restructuring of the Group, levied by, the Maharashtra State Excise Department, Aurangabad.	3.28
5.	Differential Octroi Duty on Extra Neutral Alcohol / Rectified Spirit by Aurangabad Municipal Corporation	15.8
6.	Demand notice from the Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax, Aurangabad, towards service tax on reverse charge basis on expenditure incurred in foreign currency on sales promotion, travelling and other expenditure	53.81
7.	Income tax matters	33.31
8.	Rajasthan VAT department has demanded sales Tax along with interest and penalty from a contract bottling unit on ENA produced by them to be used as intermediary product for the manufacture of IMFL	10.76
9.	Debit memorandum from its customer - Canteen Stores Department	339.87
10.	Excise demand relating to excess transit wastages for ENA supplied by Contract Bottling unit	28.6
11.	Show cause notice from Canteen Stores Department (CSD) on account of differential trade rate relating to the period from October 2014 to December 2020	85.77

S. No.	Particulars	As at December 31, 2023
		(₹ million)
12	Demand notice by the Government of Andhra Pradesh	272.5
13	VAT / GST on ENA procured by the Group in Uttar Pradesh	162.9
14	A contract bottling unit had been issued notice of demand under the Assam Entry Tax Act by the Government of Assam	13.12
15	The Group was receiving taxable invoices from its CBUs at the rate of 18% on the bottling charges on manufacturing of IMFL for the Group (brand owner). However, based on the notification dated October 13, 2017, no. 31/2017 - Central Tax (rate), the Group has asked its bottlers to charge GST on bottling charge at 5%	94.06
16	Group has received summon notice dated August 11, 2020 from the Director General of GST Intelligence, Hyderabad on applicability of GST on Distillery Wet Grain Soluble (DWGS) and Distillery Dry Grain Soluble (DDGS). On 20 June 2022, group has received Show Cause Notice on the subject matter from Directorate General of Goods and Services Tax Intelligence (DGGI), Telangana.	72.62
17	Income Tax matter	1.73
18	GST on supply of ENA in the state of Uttar Pradesh and Kerala	42.08
19	Short payment of wages and levy to the Mathadi Workers	25.3
20	Excise demand relating to low strength of ENA	2.71
21	Intimation received under Section 73(5) (Form GST DRC-01A) alleging to pay GST on ENA	31.15
22	VAT liability on amount of Business Surplus received by the Group from tie-up unit arrangements with third parties.	530.25
Total		**1,926.25**

(1) Contingent liability relating to determination of provident fund liability, based on a recent Supreme Court judgement, is not determinable at present, due to uncertainty on the period of impact of the judgement in absence of further clarification relating to applicability, We will continue to assess any further developments in this matter for their implications on our financial statements, if any, which, based on the number of employees, is not expected to be significant. Further, there is no litigation nor any notices involving us, which is pending as on date with respect to this matter. For details, see "Restated Consolidated Financial Information –Note 48–Contingent liabilities and commitments" on page 409 of this Prospectus

Commitments

Capital commitments (net of advances) of ₹ 22.20 million (December 31, 2022: ₹ 142.89 million, March 31, 2023: ₹ 156.00 million, March 31, 2022: ₹ 70.86 million, and March 31, 2021: ₹ 25.67 million).

For further information on our contingent liabilities, see "*Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 48 - Contingent liabilities and commitments*" on page 409.

Except as disclosed in the Restated Consolidated Financial Statements or elsewhere in this Prospectus, there are no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that we believe are material to investors.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS

The following table sets forth certain information relating to our future commitments:

Particulars	As of December 31, 2023				
	Payment due by period				
	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
	(₹ million)				
Capital commitments (net of advances)	22.20	22.20	-	-	-
Total	22.20	22.20	-	-	-

For further information on our capital and other commitments, see "*Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 48 - Contingent liabilities and commitments*" on page 409.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

In Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, our capital expenditure towards additions to fixed assets (property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress and intangible assets) were ₹ 356.27 million, ₹ 583.24 million, ₹ 201.97 million, ₹ 149.17 million and ₹ 295.46 million, respectively. The following table sets forth our fixed assets for the periods indicated:

Particulars	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2023	For the nine months ended December 31, 2022	Fir the nine months ended December 31, 2023
	(₹ million)				
Property, plant and equipment	4,463.03	4,942.91	3,775.86	3,867.72	3,705.13
Capital Work in Progress	169.34	148.53	140.28	114.13	154.73
Intangible assets including Goodwill	668.19	669.08	681.44	692.89	667.40
Rights of use assets	1,362.03	1,304.41	1,297.11	1,311.03	1,236.42
Total	**6,662.59**	**7,064.93**	**5,894.69**	**5,985.77**	**5,763.68**

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

We enter into various transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business. These transactions principally include royalty income, interest income, promotional material and services, sale of assets, unsecured loans, interest on unsecured loans, rent expenses, investment in compulsorily convertible debentures, advance for purchase of land, commission, redemption of preference shares, sale of investments and managerial remuneration.

The table below provides details of our related party transactions and the percentage of such related party transactions to our revenue from operations in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31,			For the nine months ended December 31, 2022	For the nine months ended December 31, 2023
	2021	2022	2023		
Related party transactions (₹ million)	2,054.40	6,333.46	2,007.03	1,808.27	408.94
Revenue from operations (₹ million)	63,787.76	71,969.20	71,056.80	53,890.41	59,111.44
Related party transactions as a percentage of our Revenue from Operations (%)	3.22%	8.80%	2.82%	3.36%	0.69%

*Note: Related party transactions calculated above is the aggregation of absolute amounts (before elimination) of items forming part of statement of profit and loss and balance sheet, i.e., total income, total expenses, unsecured loan /advances granted and refund of the same, redemption of preference shares, refund of customer advance, receipt of Money against receivables, repayment/reversal of rent, unsecured borrowing /compulsorily convertible debentures ("**CCD**") availed, repayment of unsecured borrowing and interest thereon, repayment of unsecured loan / advances granted, receipt and refund of advance towards debentures, liability component of compound financial instrument issued, repayment of liability component of compound financial instrument issued and interest thereon, equity component of compound financial instrument, issue of equity shares on conversion of CCD and investment in CCD.*

For further information relating to our related party transactions, see "*Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 46 – Related Parties Disclosures, as per IND AS 24*" on page 399.

AUDITOR'S OBSERVATIONS

The Statutory Auditors have included the following Emphasis of Matters in the examination report on the Restated Consolidated Financial Information:

Nine months ended December 31, 2023

"*We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 48 (xxii) to the accompanying special purpose interim consolidated financial statements wherein it is stated that during the period ended December 31, 2023, one of the customer, Canteen Stores Department (CSD) had raised a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 339.87 million on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to CSD during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.*"

Nine months ended December 31, 2022

"*We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 66 (b) to the accompanying special purpose interim consolidated financial statements wherein it is stated that subsequent to period ended 31 December 2022, i.e., on 11 December 2023, one of the customer, Canteen Stores Department (CSD) had raised a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 339.87 million on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to CSD during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.*"

Fiscal 2021

"*Recoverability of dues receivable from a customer*

We draw attention to the matter stated in Note 48 (n) to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Holding Company is in the process of recovering dues receivable from a customer – Canteen Stores Department, amounting to Rs. 340.30 million as at 31 March 2021, which have been withheld by the customer pursuant to a debit memorandum amounting to Rs. 366.14 million raised on the Holding Company on account of differential trade rates for sales made to the customer during the period from 1 March 2012 to 31 October 2017, which is being contested by the Holding Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter."

In addition, our Statutory Auditors have included a statement on certain matters specified in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2016, as amended ("**CARO**"), in their reports included as an annexure to the auditor's report on our audited financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021, 2022 and 2023. These do not require any corrective adjustments to the Restated Consolidated Financial Information.

<table>
<tr><th>Observation</th><th>Company Response</th></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Fiscal 2023</td></tr>
<tr><td>Clause (vii)(a)

In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities, though value added tax and duty of excise have not generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities and there have been significant delays in a large number of cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.</td><td>The entire amount has been repaid post year end.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Clause (vii)(b)

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:
<table>
<tr><th>Name of the statute</th><th>Nature of dues (Including interest and penalty, as the case may be)</th><th>Amount (₹ in million)</th><th>Amount paid/ adjusted under protest (₹ in million)</th><th>Amount unpaid (₹ in million)</th><th>Period to which the amount relates</th><th>Forum where dispute is pending</th></tr>
<tr><td>Income Tax Act, 1961</td><td>Income Tax</td><td>33.31</td><td>33.31</td><td>-</td><td>Assessment Year 2014-2015</td><td>Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)</td></tr>
</table></td><td>The matters are sub-judice and are currently pending with various government authorities and courts. Accordingly, these have been reported by our Statutory Auditors as disputed dues</td></tr>
</table>

Observation							Company Response
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	1.73	-	1.73	Assessment Year 2016-2017	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	53.81	2.01	51.80	April 2011 to March 2015	Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal	
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	28.60	7.15	21.45	2016-2017	High Court of Madhya Pradesh, Jabalpur	
MVAT Act, 2002	MVAT	324.89	0.99	323.90	2011-2012	Maharashtra Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal	
Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949	Excise Duty-License Fee	3.28	3.28	-	Fiscal 2007-2008	High Court of Judicature of Bombay, Aurangabad Bench	
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	1.40	0.72	0.68	Fiscal 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of State Tax	
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	61.40	0.05	61.35	Fiscal 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of State Tax	
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	58.26	-	58.26	Fiscal 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax	
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	0.24	-	0.24	Fiscal 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax	
Karnataka Stamp Act, 1957	Excise Duty – Stamp Duty	0.30	0.30	-	Fiscal 2016-2017 to Fiscal 2018-2019	Superintendent of Excise	
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	29.03	-	29.03	Fiscal 2012-2013	Maharashtra sales tax department	
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	35.69	-	35.69	Fiscal 2013-2014	Maharashtra sales tax department	
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	2.24	1.22	1.02	Fiscal 2017-2018	Joint Commissioner of State Tax	
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	19.87	-	19.87	Fiscal 2017-2018	Joint Commissioner of State Tax	
GST Act 2017	GST	72.62	-	72.62	July 2017 to July 2020	Telangana High Court	

Fiscal 2022

<table>
<tr><th>Observation</th><th>Company Response</th></tr>
<tr><td>Clause (iii)(c)

In respect of loans granted by the Company to companies, the schedule of repayment of principal and interest has been stipulated wherein these amounts are repayable on demand and the repayments have been regular. Further, to the extent such repayments have not been demanded, in our opinion, repayment of the principal and interest amounts are also considered to be regular. The schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated in the case of loans granted to the employee directors and the repayment/receipts of the principal amount and the interest are regular, except for the following instances:

<table>
<tr><th>Name of the Entity</th><th>Amount Due (₹ in million)</th><th>Due Date</th><th>Extent of delay (in days)</th><th>Remarks (if any)</th></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="12">Employee Director</td><td>1.17</td><td>April 8, 2021</td><td>357</td><td rowspan="12">The entire amount has been repaid post year end</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.17</td><td>May 8, 2021</td><td>327</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.16</td><td>June 8, 2021</td><td>296</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.14</td><td>July 8, 2021</td><td>266</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.14</td><td>August 8, 2021</td><td>235</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.14</td><td>September 8, 2021</td><td>204</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.14</td><td>October 8, 2021</td><td>174</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.14</td><td>November 8, 2021</td><td>143</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.14</td><td>December 8, 2021</td><td>113</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.14</td><td>January 8, 2022</td><td>82</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.14</td><td>February 8, 2022</td><td>51</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.14</td><td>March 8, 2022</td><td>23</td></tr>
</table>
</td><td>The entire amount has been repaid post year end.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Clause (iii)(d)

The total amount which is overdue for more than 90 days as at March 31, 2022 in respect of loans granted to other parties is as follows:

<table>
<tr><th>Particulars</th><th>Amount (₹ in million)</th><th>No. of cases</th><th>Remarks, if any</th></tr>
<tr><td>Principal</td><td>9.00</td><td>1</td><td rowspan="3">The entire amount has been repaid post year end</td></tr>
<tr><td>Interest</td><td>1.33</td><td>1</td></tr>
<tr><td>Total</td><td>10.33</td><td>1</td></tr>
</table>
</td><td>The entire amount has been repaid post year end.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Clause (vii)(b)

In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities, though value added tax and duty of excise have not generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities and there have been significant delays in a large number of cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.</td><td>The entire amount has been repaid post year end.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Clause (vii)(a)

There are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:</td><td>The matters are sub-judice and are currently pending with various government authorities and courts. Accordingly, these have been reported by our Statutory Auditors as disputed dues.</td></tr>
</table>

Observation							Company Response
Name of the statute	**Nature of dues (Including interest and penalty, as the case may be)**	**Amount (₹ in million)**	**Amount paid/ adjusted under protest (₹ in million)**	**Amount unpaid (₹ in million)**	**Period to which the amount relates**	**Forum where dispute is pending**	
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	33.31	33.31	-	AY 2014-2015	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	4.83	1.73	3.10	AY 2016-2017	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	53.81	2.01	51.80	April 2011 to March 2015	Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal	
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	28.60	7.15	21.45	2016-2017	High Court of Madhya Pradesh, Jabalpur	
MVAT Act, 2002	MVAT	324.89	0.99	323.90	2011-2012	Maharashtra Sales Tax Appellate	
Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949	Excise Duty-License Fee	3.28	3.28	-	FY 2007-2008	High Court of Judicature of Bombay, Aurangabad	
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	1.40	0.72	0.68	FY 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of State Tax	
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	61.40	0.05	61.35	FY 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of	
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	58.26	-	58.26	FY 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax	
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	0.24	-	0.24	FY 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax	
Karnataka Stamp Act, 1957	Excise Duty – Stamp Duty	0.30	0.30	-	FY 2016-2017 to FY 2018-2019	Superintendent of Excise	

Fiscal 2021

Clause (iii)(b) The schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated in the case of loans granted to the employee directors and the repayment/receipts of the principal amount and the interest are regular, except for four instalments of principal and interest with respect to a loan given to an employee director, wherein the delayed amounts have been received post year end. In the case of loans granted to companies, the schedule of repayment of principal and interest has been stipulated wherein these amounts are repayable on demand and the repayments have been regular. Further, to the extent such repayments have not been demanded, in our opinion, repayment of the principal and interest amounts are also considered to be regular. However, in the case of loans given to a wholly owned subsidiary, the Holding Company has written off the entire amounts outstanding towards principal and interest aggregating ₹ 36.16 million and ₹ 9.23 million, respectively, during the year ended 31 March 2021.	**Loan to employee director:** There was a delay in receipt of instalment from the employee director, which was subsequently recovered post the balance sheet date. **Loan to wholly owned subsidiary**: Our Company has paid ₹ 36.16 million to our Subsidiary, Chitwan Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited to fund its

<table>
<tr><th>Observation</th><th>Company Response</th></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>operations. The Subsidiary was operating in the state of Bihar. The Government of Bihar has banned sale of IMFL in the state and hence our Company was not able to recover the loan amount of ₹ 36.16 million and interest thereon amounting to ₹ 9.23 million.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Clause (iii)(c)

In view of our comments in (b) above, there are no amounts considered to be overdue in respect of loans granted to such companies or other parties except for a loan given to an employee director wherein the total amount overdue for more than 90 days as at 31 March 2021, in respect of one instalment, amounted to ₹ 1.17 million (including interest ₹ 0.17 million) which has been subsequently received post year end.</td><td>The overdue amount was received after a period of 90 days and therefore was reported by our Statutory Auditors.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Clause (vii)(a)

Undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have not been regularly deposited to the appropriate authorities and there have been significant delays in a large number of cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.</td><td>Company was unable to collect receivables as per agreed trade norms and hence there was slight delay in few cases in payment of statutory dues.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Clause (vii)(b)

There are no dues in respect of goods and service tax and duty of customs that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. The dues outstanding in respect of income-tax, sales tax, service-tax, duty of excise and value added tax on account of disputes are as follows:
<table>
<tr><th>Name of the statute</th><th>Nature of dues (Including interest and penalty, as the case may be)</th><th>Amount (Rs. in million)</th><th>Amount paid/ adjusted under protest (₹ in million)</th><th>Amount unpaid (₹ in million)</th><th>Period to which the amount relates</th><th>Forum where dispute is pending</th></tr>
<tr><td>Income Tax Act, 1961</td><td>Income Tax</td><td>33.31</td><td>33.31</td><td>-</td><td>AY 2014-2015</td><td>Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Income Tax Act, 1961</td><td>Income Tax</td><td>4.83</td><td>1.73</td><td>3.10</td><td>AY 2016-2017</td><td>Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Income Tax Act, 1961</td><td rowspan="2">Income Tax</td><td rowspan="2">50.58</td><td rowspan="2">-</td><td rowspan="2">50.58</td><td>AY 2010-2011</td><td rowspan="2">Bombay High Court</td></tr>
<tr><td>AY 2011-2012</td></tr>
<tr><td>Finance Act, 1994</td><td>Service Tax</td><td>53.81</td><td>2.01</td><td>51.80</td><td>April 2011 to March 2015</td><td>Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal</td></tr>
<tr><td>Finance Act, 1994</td><td>Service Tax</td><td>0.70</td><td>0.02</td><td>0.68</td><td>August 2014 to July 2015</td><td>Commissioner (Appeals), Customs, Central Excise and</td></tr>
</table></td><td>The matters are sub-judice and are currently pending with various government authorities and courts. Accordingly, these have been reported by our Statutory Auditors as disputed dues.</td></tr>
</table>

Observation							Company Response
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	28.60	7.15	21.45	2016-2017	High Court of Madhya Pradesh, Jabalpur	
MVAT Act, 2002	MVAT	324.89	0.99	323.90	2011-2012	Maharashtra Sales Tax Appellate	
Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949	Excise Duty-License	3.28	3.28	-	FY 2007-2008	High Court of Judicature of Bombay,	
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	1.40	0.72	0.68	FY 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of State Tax	
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	61.40	0.05	61.35	FY 2015-2016	Joint commissioner of	
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT	58.26	-	58.26	FY 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax	
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	CST	0.24	-	0.24	FY 2016-2017	Joint commissioner of State Tax	
Karnataka Stamp Act, 1957	Excise Duty – Stamp Duty	0.30	0.30	-	FY 2016-2017 to FY 2018-2019	Superintendent of Excise	

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our activities expose us to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. Our board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of our risk management framework.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk. Our exposure to market risk is primarily on account of foreign currency exchange rate risk and interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Our exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to our debt obligations with floating interest rates.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The risk primarily relates to fluctuations in receivables, trade payables, borrowings and other payables denominated in USD, GBP and AED against the functional currency INR of our Company and our Subsidiaries.

Our risk management policy is to assess our net exposures which is mainly represented by receivable and payable towards exports and imports respectively, and partly represented by the loans availed in foreign currencies. We can hedge our net exposures with a view on foreign exchange outlook. Since the net exposure is currently not material, this has not been hedged. Our exposure to foreign currency changes for all currencies is not material.

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, financial assets measured at amortised cost and other balances with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to trade receivables.

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from two major classes of customers, receivable from sales to government corporations and receivables from sales to private third parties.

Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the credit worthiness of customers to whom we grant credit terms in the normal course of business. We use expected credit loss model, which is applied to overdue receivables other than receivables from parties where the risk is assessed to be insignificant. Our credit risk is concentrated mostly to states where goods are sold to private third parties.

Bank balances and deposits are held with only high rated banks and security deposits are placed majorly with government agencies. Hence, in these case the credit risk is negligible.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that we may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. Our objective is to maintain optimum levels of liquidity and to ensure that funds are available for use as per requirement.

The liquidity risk principally arises from obligations on account of financial liabilities viz. borrowings, lease liabilities, trade payables and other financial liabilities.

The finance department is responsible for liquidity and funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors our net liquidity position through trade receivables or through short term borrowings on need basis.

UNUSUAL OR INFREQUENT EVENTS OR TRANSACTIONS

Except as described in this \Prospectus, to our knowledge, there have been no unusual or infrequent events or transactions that have in the past or may in the future affect our business operations or future financial performance.

SIGNIFICANT ECONOMIC CHANGES THAT MATERIALLY AFFECT OR ARE LIKELY TO AFFECT INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Our business has been subject, and we expect it to continue to be subject, to significant economic changes that materially affect or are likely to affect income from continuing operations identified above in "– *Significant Factors Affecting our Results of Operations and Financial Condition*" and the uncertainties described in "*Risk Factors*" on pages 439 and 34, respectively.

KNOWN TRENDS OR UNCERTAINTIES

Our business has been subject, and we expect it to continue to be subject, to significant economic changes arising from the trends identified above in " – *Significant Factors Affecting our Results of Operations and Financial Condition*" and the uncertainties described in "*Risk Factors*" on pages 439 and 34, respectively. To our knowledge, except as discussed in this Prospectus, there are no known trends or uncertainties that have or had or are expected to have a material adverse impact on revenues or income from continuing operations.

FUTURE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN COST AND INCOME

Other than as described in "*Risk Factors*", "*Our Business*" and "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" on pages 34, 226 and 435, respectively, to our knowledge there are no known factors that may adversely affect our business prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

NEW PRODUCTS OR BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Except as set out in this Prospectus, we have not announced and do not expect to announce in the near future any new business segments other than in the normal course of business.

COMPETITIVE CONDITIONS

We operate in a competitive environment. See "*Our Business*", "*Industry Overview*" and "*Risk Factors*" on pages 226, 174 and 34, respectively, for further information on competitive conditions that we face across our various business verticals.

EXTENT TO WHICH MATERIAL INCREASES IN NET SALES OR REVENUE ARE DUE TO INCREASED SALES VOLUME, INTRODUCTION OF NEW PRODUCTS OR SERVICES OR INCREASED SALES PRICES

Changes in revenue in the last three Fiscals and nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 are as described in "*– Nine months ended December 31, 2023 compared to the nine months ended December 31, 2022*", "*– Fiscal 2023 compared to Fiscal 2022*", and "*– Fiscal 2022 compared to Fiscal 2021*" above on pages 458, 462 and 466, respectively.

SEGMENT REPORTING

We are engaged in the business of manufacture, purchase and sale of alcoholic beverages. Operating segment are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The CODM regularly monitors and reviews the operating result of the Group as one segment of 'Alcoholic beverages/liquids'. Thus, as defined in Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments", our entire business falls under this one operational segment.

For further information, see "*Restated Consolidated Financial Information – Note 51 – Segment Reporting*" on page 419.

SIGNIFICANT DEPENDENCE ON SINGLE OR FEW CUSTOMERS

Our total revenue from operations derived from certain customers in Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023 and in the nine months ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, which individually accounted for more than 10% of our total revenue from sale of IMFL.

The table below sets forth details of our revenue from our top one, top two, top five and top 10 customers in the years indicated:

Customer Concentration	Fiscal					
	2021		2022		2023	
	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Top 1	12,414.47	19.71%	12,271.46	17.40%	11,310.49	16.25%
Top 2	23,939.22	38.01%	25,281.82	35.84%	16,131.53	23.17%
Top 5	33,906.06	53.83%	37286.85	52.86%	29,103.06	41.81%
Top 10	39,956.90	63.43%	43729.04	62.00%	36,638.15	52.63%

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*

The table below sets forth details of our revenue from our top one, top two, top five and top 10 customers in the periods indicated:

Customer Concentration	Nine months ended December 31, 2022		Nine months ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)	Revenue from contracts* (₹ million)	Percentage of Revenue from contract** (%)
Top 1	8,549.61	16.21%	10,106.82	17.57%
Top 2	12,276.95	23.28%	14,466.10	25.15%
Top 5	21,933.20	41.59%%	25,070.76	43.59%
Top 10	27,997.04	53.09%%	30,594.79	53.20%%

**Revenue from contracts refers to revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*
*** Percentage of revenue refers to contracts with customer means percentage of revenue from contracts with customer – Sale of goods (IMFL).*

For further information, see "*Risk Factors - Internal Risk Factors – Risks relating to our Business - 21. Our business is dependent on the sale of our products to our key customers and the loss of one or more such customers or a reduction for our products could adversely affect our business, result of operations, financial condition and cash flows.*" on page 51.

SEASONALITY/ CYCLICALITY OF BUSINESS

Seasonal consumption cycles and changes in weather conditions can affect our results of operations. Major holidays and festivals generally increase the demand for our products in India. Consumption of our products is particularly strong from October to March. Weaker consumer demand for our products as a result of these or other factors could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. Accordingly, our profitability and revenue from operations may fluctuate between periods. Further, the distribution structure is prone to sudden policy or regulatory changes by the various state governments, resulting in stock-out of our products in the market thereby resulting in loss of sales. For further information, see "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – Other Risks - 64. Seasonal fluctuations in consumer demand could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects*" on page 88.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2023 THAT MAY AFFECT OUR FUTURE RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Except as disclosed below and elsewhere in this Prospectus, to our knowledge no circumstances have arisen since December 31, 2023, that could materially and adversely affect or are likely to affect, the trading or profitability, or the value of our assets or our ability to pay our liabilities within the next 12 months:

- Pursuant to a letter dated February 1, 2024, we have terminated our arrangement with a non-exclusive third party bottling facility located at Muzaffarnagar, Uttar Pradesh. As on the date of this Prospectus, we are not utilizing the bottling unit for our requirements.

- Pursuant to an agreement dated February 22, 2024, we have entered into a non-exclusive arrangement with a third party bottling facility located at Aligarh, Uttar Pradesh to manufacture our products, which as on the date of this Prospectus, has commenced.

FINANCIAL INDEBTEDNESS

We have availed of loans and financing facilities in the ordinary course of business. For undertaking necessary activities in relation to the Offer, we have obtained the necessary consents from, and provided intimations to, the requisite lenders in terms of the relevant documentation governing their borrowings.

As on March 31, 2024, we had outstanding borrowings of ₹ 8,345.81 million.

A brief summary of our material financial indebtedness as of March 31, 2024 is set out below:

(₹ in million)

Nature of Borrowing	Amount Sanctioned	Amount Outstanding*
Secured Borrowings		
Working capital facilities		
- Fund based	6,012.60	5,448.00
- Non-fund based	-	-
Term loans	3,317.50	2,411.53
Vehicle loans	75.00	62.51
Total Secured Borrowings (A)	**9,405.10**	**7,922.04**
Unsecured Borrowings**		
Working capital facilities	200.00	314.43
Loans given to subsidiaries	-	-
Others	-	-
- Loan from Director	71.35	71.35
- Loan from body corporate	37.99	37.99
Total Unsecured Borrowings (B)	**309.34**	**423.77**
Total (A+B)	**9,714.44**	**8,345.81**

** As certified by S D T & Co., Chartered Accountants, pursuant to their certificate dated June 18, 2024.*

*** For the unsecured borrowing from the Director and Body Corporate, the outstanding balance as on date is considered as sanction limit.*

Notes:

1. *Above borrowing excludes ₹ 104.63 million borrowing expenses amortized towards Ind-AS adjustment.*
2. *Amounts stated herein are Consolidated Figures of the Company and its subsidiaries.*
3. *The amounts are rounded off to nearest of rupees in millions upto two decimals.*
4. *Facilities availed by the Company from Axis Bank Limited to the extent of ₹ 350.00 million, form State Bank of India to the extent ₹ 225.00 million, for Yes bank to the extent ₹ 250.00 million, for CSB to the extent ₹ 200.00 million, Saraswat Bank to extend ₹ 400.00 million and South Indian Bank to the extend of ₹ 250.00 million are interchangeable between fund based and non-fund-based limits.*

Principal terms of the borrowings availed by our Company and our Subsidiaries are disclosed below:

1. *Interest:* In terms of the facilities availed by our Company and our Subsidiaries, the interest rate is typically the base rate of a specified lender and spread per annum, subject to a minimum interest rate. The spread varies between different facilities. The interest rate for the facilities typically varies from 8.10% to 13.55% per *annum*.

2. *Tenor:* The maximum tenor of the facilities availed by our Company is 120 months.

3. *Security:* In terms of our borrowings where security needs to be created, we are typically required to:

   (a) create charge by way of hypothecation on entire current assets, both present and future; and

   (b) create charge by way of hypothecation over all moveable and immovable fixed assets, both present and future; and

   (c) create charge by way of mortgage over immovable fixed assets.

The above-mentioned lists are indicative and there may be additional requirements for creation of security under the various borrowing arrangements entered into by our Company.

4. *Pre-payment and premature redemption:* The terms of certain facilities availed by our Company and our Subsidiaries typically have prepayment provisions which allow for pre-payment of the outstanding loan amount, subject to such prepayment penalties and such other conditions as laid down in the facility agreements, on giving notice and/or obtaining prior approval from the concerned lender, as the case may be. The prepayment premium for the facilities availed, where specified, is typically charged at the rate of 0%-4% of the amount prepaid or the principal outstanding, often depending on the leftover tenor of the facilities, or at an amount decided at the discretion of such lender.

5. *Penalty:* The terms of certain facilities availed by our Company and our Subsidiaries prescribe penalties for non-payment of interest or repayment instalment, failure to create security within agreed timelines or any other breach of covenants or terms and conditions, which are as laid down in such facility documents or as may be stipulated by the concerned lender, as the case may be. The default interest payable on such facilities availed typically ranges from 1% to 18.75% *per annum* on the outstanding loan.

6. *Restrictive Covenants:* The facilities contain certain reserved matters, for which prior consent of the lenders is required. An indicative list of such reserved matters is disclosed below:

   (i) Any change in the capital structure and shareholding pattern of our Company;

   (ii) Changing the general nature of business of our Company;

   (iii) Amending the constitutional documents of our Company;

   (iv) Extending loans and advances to any of our group companies, associate concerns, directors, promoters or any other person;

   (v) Undertaking new projects or expansion activities, including through investments in third parties and mergers and restructuring;

   (vi) Paying any commission, brokerage or fees to its promoters/directors/guarantors/security providers;

   (vii) Making any repayment of loans and deposits and discharge other liabilities;

   (viii) Paying dividend in case of delay of debt servicing or breach of any financial covenants;

   (ix) Making any change in the management set-up, or composition of its board of directors and key managerial personnel; and

   (x) Availing further loans or approaching capital markets for mobilizing additional resources either in the form of debt or equity.

The details provided above are indicative and there may be additional terms, conditions and requirements under the specific borrowing arrangements entered into by our Company and / or its Subsidiaries.

7. *Events of default*: In terms of borrowing arrangements for the facilities availed by our Company, the occurrence of any of the following, among others, constitute an event of default:

   (i) failure to pay/repay any monies in respect of the facilities or any other facilities on the due dates;

   (ii) failure to create and/or perfect security within such period as contemplated under the respective facility agreements;

   (iii) breach in performance of any other obligation, covenant or undertaking, under or in connection with the

facilities, guarantee or security;

(iv) misuse of the sanctioned facilities for purposes other than those sanctioned by the lenders;

(v) any indebtedness of the borrower becoming due and payable or capable of being declared due and payable, prior to the date of maturity by reason of occurrence of an event of default;

(vi) failure to pay any amount under any court order or decree, or judgment against our Company;

(vii) changing the line of business or suspension or ceasing to carry on business which results into material adverse effect on the lenders;

(viii) change in the control or constitution of the Company, without prior consent;

(ix) any representation, warranty, undertaking or statement made or information provided which proves to be misleading in any material aspect in the lender's opinion;

(x) security or any part thereof being jeopardized or becoming unenforceable;

(xi) bankruptcy, insolvency, liquidation, reorganization or winding up of our Company or appointment of a liquidator;

(xii) failure to comply with financial covenants;

(xiii) inadequate security or insurance or non-creation of any security or failure of our Company to comply with any security stipulation;

(xiv) there occurs a change in control of the Promoters;

(xv) breach of any statement, representation, warranty, covenant or confirmation which cannot be cured within the stipulated time;

(xvi) any other event or material change which may have a material adverse effect on the lenders;

(xvii) distress, execution, attachment or other legal process being levied against the assets of our Company; and

(xviii) all or substantially all of the undertaking, assets or properties of our Company are seized, nationalized, expropriated or compulsory acquired by the authority of government.

The above-mentioned list is indicative and there may be additional terms that may amount to an event of default under the various borrowing arrangements entered into by our Company.

While there have been no instances of past defaults in respect of the borrowings availed, for Fiscals 2020 and 2021 our Company was in breach of certain covenants specified in its financing documents with Axis Bank Limited, IDFC First Bank and Yes Bank Limited, where in all of the said lenders have waived / condoned the non-compliance. Further, there was an overdue on repayment of certain facilities from Yes Bank Limited, however, as per the letters dated May 26, 2022, and November 10, 2022, the amount overdue has been paid and that the rectification has been accepted, making the account standard. For further details see "*Risk Factors – Internal Risks – 23. We have incurred indebtedness and have also breached certain covenants in our financing agreement. An inability to comply with repayment and other covenants or any future breaches in our financing agreements could adversely affect our business and financial condition. In addition, certain of our financing agreements involve variable interest rates and an increase in interest rates may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition."* on page 53"

8. *Consequences of occurrence of events of default:* In terms of borrowing arrangement for the facilities availed by our Company, upon the occurrence of events of default, the lenders may:

(i) declare the facilities, together with accrued interest and other monies, to be immediately due and payable and

upon such declaration, the same shall become immediately payable;

(ii) impose penal interest over and above the contracted rate on the amount in default;

(iii) exercise any or all rights and recourses available to the lender including enforcement of security under the respective facility agreement;

(iv) appoint from time to time nominee directors on the Board of Directors to look after the lender's interest;

(v) convert outstanding loan amounts into the equity share capital of the Company;

(vi) disclose or publish the name of our Company and Directors as defaulters in such manner and through such medium as the lenders in their absolute discretion may think fit;

(vii) demand cure of any material default under any of the finance documents; and

(viii) exercise all other remedies as available under applicable law.

Our Company, from time to time, enters into financing agreements with various lenders, which includes financing covenants which are tested on an annual basis based on the audited financial results of the Company. These financing covenants includes current ratio which ranges from > 1 to >1.1, interest coverage ratio which ranges from >= 1.15 to >= 2 , fixed asset coverage ratio which ranges from 1.25 to 1.5 , debt service coverage ratio which ranges from > 1 to > 1.50, all of which our Company needs to maintain and comply with as per the terms of the agreements. Any breach of such financing covenants may adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

The above-mentioned list is indicative and there may be additional consequences on the occurrence of an event of default under the various borrowing arrangements entered into by our Company. For further details of financial and other covenants required to be complied with in relation to our borrowings, see "*Risk Factors – Internal Risk Factors – 23. We have incurred indebtedness and have also breached certain covenants in our financing agreement. An inability to comply with repayment and other covenants or any future breaches in our financing agreements could adversely affect our business and financial condition. In addition, certain of our financing agreements involve variable interest rates and an increase in interest rates may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition*." on page 53.

CAPITALISATION STATEMENT

The following table sets forth our Company's capitalisation as at December 31, 2023, on the basis of amounts derived from our Restated Financial Statements, and as adjusted for the Offer. This table should be read in conjunction with the sections titled "*Risk Factors*", "*Financial Information*" and "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*", beginning on pages 34, 340 and 435, respectively.

(₹ in million)

Particulars	Pre-Offer (as at December 31, 2023)	Post Offer
Debt		
Current borrowings (A)	5,576.96	5,576.96
Non-current borrowings (including current maturities) (B)	2,404.18	2,404.18
Total borrowings (C=A+B)	**7,981.14**	**7,981.14**
Equity		
Equity share capital (D)	488.23	559.43
Other equity (E)	3,604.33	12,950.89
Total Equity (F= D+E)	**4,092.56**	13,510.32
Total (G= C+F)	**12,073.70**	21,491.46
Non-current borrowings /Total equity (B/F)	**0.59**	0.18
Total borrowings/Total equity (C/F)	**1.95**	0.59

Notes:

i. The above statement does not include lease liability as per Ind AS 116 disclosed under the Restated Consolidated Financial Information.

SECTION VI – LEGAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

OUTSTANDING LITIGATION AND MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS

*Except as stated in this section, there are no outstanding (i) criminal proceedings (ii) actions taken by regulatory or statutory authorities; (iii) claims related to any direct or indirect taxes; (iv) other pending litigation as determined to be material by our Board as per the Materiality Policy, in each case involving our Company, each of our Subsidiaries, Promoters or Directors (collectively, "**Relevant Parties**"); or (v) litigation involving each of our Group Companies which has a material impact on our Company. Further, except as stated in this section, there are no disciplinary actions including penalties imposed by SEBI or stock exchanges against our Promoters in the last five Financial Years including any outstanding action.*

For the purposes of (iv) above, in terms of the Materiality Policy adopted by resolution of our Board dated January 11, 2024:

A. Any pending litigation / arbitration proceedings (other than litigations mentioned in point (i) to (iii) above) involving the Relevant Parties shall be considered "material" for the purposes of disclosure in this Prospectus, if:

a.) the aggregate monetary claim/dispute amount/liability made by or against the Relevant Parties (individually or in aggregate), in any such pending litigation / arbitration proceeding is equal to or in excess of 1% of the consolidated net worth of the Company, as at the end of the latest period covered in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information disclosed in the Offer Document, being ₹ 40.93 million; or

b.) any such litigation wherein a monetary liability is not quantifiable, or which does not fulfil the threshold as specified in A.(a) above, but the outcome of which could, nonetheless, directly or indirectly, or together with other similar proceedings, have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, performance, prospects, financial position or reputation of our Company and/or our Subsidiaries.

B. Any pending litigation / arbitration proceedings (other than litigations mentioned in points (a) and (b) above) involving any person other than the Relevant Parties shall be considered "material" for the purposes of disclosure in the Offer Documents, if, the outcome of such litigation could have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, performance, prospects, financial position or reputation of our Company.

It is clarified that for the purposes of the above, pre-litigation notices received by the Relevant Parties or Group Companies from third parties (other than notices issued by statutory/regulatory/tax authorities or notices threatening criminal action) have not and shall not, unless otherwise decided by our Board, be considered as material litigation until such time that a Relevant Party is impleaded as a defendant in proceedings before any judicial / arbitral forum.

Further, creditors of our Company to whom amount due by our Company is equal to or in excess of ₹ 375.50 million, being 5% of the consolidated trade payables of our Company as at the end of the latest period included in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information, would be considered as material creditors.

All the criminal matters initiated by or against the Relevant Parties which are at the FIR stage and no/some cognizance has been taken by the court have been disclosed.

Unless stated to the contrary, the information provided below is as of the date of this Prospectus. All terms defined herein in a particular litigation disclosure pertain to that litigation only.

We have also disclosed matters relating to direct and indirect taxes involving the Relevant Parties in a consolidated manner giving details of number of cases and total amount involved in such claims. In the event any tax matters involve an amount exceeding the threshold proposed in A(a) above, in relation to each Relevant Party, individual disclosures of such tax matters have been included.

A. Litigation involving our Company

Outstanding criminal litigation against our Company

1. Atul Ramesh Rumale ("**Complainant**"), filed a regular criminal case before the Chief Judicial Magistrate, Jalgaon ("**Chief Judicial Magistrate**") on April 13, 2004, against BDA Limited, which was later merged with our Company, Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, our Promoter and its three other employees, at the time of filing of the Complaint, ("**Accused Persons**"), alleging commission of offenses under Sections 417, 420, and 427 read with Section 34 of the Indian Penal Code. The Complaint was filed in relation to the "Officer's Choice – Dhakkan Se Santro Tak" prize scheme ("**Scheme**") pursuant to which the Complainant bought a carton of Officer's Choice Prestige Whiskey to avail the prizes offered. Later, the Complainant accused our Company of refusing to give him a gift car, i.e., Santro that was claimed by him pursuant to the Scheme. By way of an order dated December 3, 2008, the Chief Judicial Magistrate issued process against the Accused Persons, and subsequently, the Police Inspector, City Police Station issued a report dated July 28, 2010 stating that the Complainant had not complied with all the terms and conditions, and hence was not awarded the prize. Consequently, by way of an order dated March 8, 2011 ("**Order**") the Chief Judicial Magistrate issued process for the Petitioner to adduce evidence for arguments. A criminal revision application was filed by our Company, and Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, one of the Accused Persons, each, before the Sessions Court, Jalgaon ("**Sessions Court"**), *inter alia*, for the quashing and setting aside of the Order. By way of an order dated November 21, 2014, the Sessions Court, set aside the Order against all the Accused Persons ("**Sessions Court Order**"). The Complainant filed a criminal writ petition dated January 5, 2015 before the High Court of Bombay, Aurangabad Bench ("**Bombay High Court**", the "**Writ Petition**"), challenging the Sessions Court Order. The Bombay High Court through an order dated October 25, 2016, discharged the Writ Petition and acquitted Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, and the matter is currently pending.

Outstanding criminal litigation by our Company

1. There are 38 cases filed by our Company pending before various fora for alleged violation of section 138 of Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, for recovery of amounts due to our Company for which cheques issued in favour of our Company by our clients/debtors which have been dishonoured. The total pecuniary value involved in all these matters is ₹ 302.54 million. The matters are currently pending.

2. Our Company has filed a criminal complaint in February, 2022, against Shiva Beverages Private Limited and others before the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Dispur, Assam alleging, *inter alia*, cheating, misrepresentation, forgery and endangering public health and safety by manufacturing and selling/dealing in counterfeit liquor bearing forged labels of our Company's brand "Officer's Choice," under provisions of the Indian Penal Code, Copyright Act, and the Trademark Act, and other provisions, as applicable. Further, our Company has also filed an FIR dated March 26, 2022 against Shiva Beverages Private Limited and three others alleging commission of offenses under Sections 468, 472 and 420 of the Indian Penal Code read with Section 103 of Trademark Act, 1999. The matter is currently pending.

Actions by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Company

1. Our Company received a notice dated January 4, 2016, under Rule 3.1.1(6) of the Food Safety and Standard Act, 2006 from the A.D.M.-cum-Adjudicating Officer, Mandi, Himachal Pradesh ("**Adjudicating Officer**") stating that the type of flavouring agents used in the product is not being mentioned on the label, and hence, the sampled of "Class 21 Green Apple Flavoured Grain Vodka" were misbranded. A retailer, M/s Shiv Ram a wholesaler, Rana Wines, and our manufacturer, Himalyan Gold Beverages Private Limited were also impleaded in the notice. Consequently, our Company received a notice dated July 22, 2016 to appear before the Adjudicating Officer. Pursuant to an order by the Adjudicating Officer dated August 6, 2018 ("**Order**"), the Adjudicating Officer imposed an aggregate penalty of ₹0.05 million on Rana Wines, Himalyan Gold Beverages Private Limited and our Company. Himalyan Gold Beverages Private Limited has filed an appeal against the Order before the Food Safety Appellate Tribunal (District Judge) Mandi Himachal Pradesh. The matter is currently pending.

2. Our retailer, M/s. Sunder Lal, a wholesaler, A.M.A. Enterprises Limited, and our manufacturer by Himalyan

Gold Beverages Private Limited received a notice dated January 4, 2016, under Rule 3.1.1(6) of the Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 from the A.D.M.-cum-Adjudicating Officer, Mandi, Himachal Pradesh ("**Adjudicating Officer**") stating that the name or recognised international numerical identification number of the permitted natural colour i.e. "*caramel*" and the type of flavouring agents used have not been mentioned in the on the label, and hence, the sampled "Officer's Choice Prestige Whisky" were misbranded. Pursuant to an order by the Adjudicating Officer dated August 11, 2017 ("**Order**"), the Adjudicating Officer imposed an aggregate penalty of ₹0.07 million on Sunder Lal, AMA Enterprises, Himalyan Gold Beverages Private Limited and Saraya Distillery. Himalyan Gold Beverages Private Limited has filed an appeal against the Order before the Food Safety Appellate Tribunal (District Judge) Mandi Himachal Pradesh. Our Company is interested in the matter as it is the brand owner of "Officer's Choice Prestige Whisky." The matter is currently pending.

Our manufacturer Himalyan Gold Beverages Private Limited received a notice dated April 12, 2022 ("**Notice**"), under Rule 2.4.6 of Food Safety and Standards Rules, 2011 and Section 46(4) of the Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 ("**the Act**") from the Assistant Commissioner (Food Safety), Chamba, Himachal Pradesh ("**Adjudicating Officer**") stating that the "BE SAFE DON'T DRINK AND DRIVE" has not been mentioned on the label, and hence, the sampled "Officer's Choice Blue Whisky" were misbranded. The Additional District Magistrate, Chamba, Himachal Pradesh ("**Court**") issued summons dated August 31, 2022, to Himalyan Gold Beverages Private Limited, among others, to appear before the Court. Himalyan Gold Beverages Private Limited has replied to the Notice by way of letters dated May 2, 2022 and September 30, 2022, stated that there is no contravention under the Act. The matter is currently pending. Our Company is interested in the matter as it is the brand owner of "Officer's Choice Blue Whisky."

3. Our Company received notices dated August 4, 2022, and October 12, 2022 (collectively, "**the Notices**") from the Commissioner of Central Consumer Protection Authority ("**CCPA**"), whereby it was observed that our Company has been advertising "Sterling Reserve" in which a visual label is seen on the screen which reads "Sterling Reserve" and the words "Packaged Drinking Water" are written on the label in very fine print. Our Company has responded to the Notices by way of letters dated August 25, 2022 and November 14, 2022 (collectively "**the Responses**"), submitting that our Company is not in violation of any rules, regulations or guidelines. Further, the CCPA has by way of a letter dated June 20, 2023 ("**Letter**") directed our Company to share certain documents based on our Responses. Our Company has by way of letters dated July 5, 2023 and July 19, 2023 (collectively, "**Reponses No. 2**") responded to the Letter and shared the requisite documents. Pursuant to our Responses No. 2, our Company has not received any communications from the CCPA.

4. Our Company received a show cause notice dated November 18, 2021 ("**SCN**") from the Telangana State Pollution Control Board ("**TSPCB**"), alleging that (i) certain exceedances were recorded, in the OCEMS data pertaining to the period from September 1, 2021 to October 31, 2021, against the standards prescribed by TSPCB, and (ii) our Company had failed to continuously stream data to the TSPCB server, thus causing air and water pollution in the area. Our Company was directed to reply within 10 days from the date of the SCN, failing which legal action would be initiated against our Company under Section 33 (A) of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Amendment Act, 1988 and under Section 31(A) of Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Amendment Act, 1987 and under Section 5 of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 directing closure of the ABD Rangapur Distillery in the interest of public health and environment. Our Company, by way of a letter dated December 27, 2021, has responded to the SCN, and requested that the SCN should be dropped. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the TSPCB.

5. Our Company received a show cause notice dated December 14, 2021 ("**SCN 2**") from the Telangana State Pollution Control Board ("**TSPCB**"), alleging that (i) certain exceedances were recorded, in the OCEMS data pertaining to the period from November 1, 2021 to November 30, 2021, against the standards prescribed by TSPCB, and (ii) our Company had failed to continuously stream data to the TSPCB server, thus causing air and water pollution in the area. Our Company was directed to reply within 10 days from the date of the SCN, failing which legal action would be initiated against our Company under Section 33 (A) of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Amendment Act, 1988 and under Section 31(A) of Air (Prevention and Control of

Pollution) Amendment Act, 1987 and under Section 5 of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 directing closure of the relevant distillery in the interest of public health and environment. Our Company, by way of a letter dated January 6, 2022, has responded to the SCN 2, and requested that the SCN 2 should be dropped. The Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the TSPCB.

6. Our Company received a show cause notice dated March 5, 2020 ("**SCN 3**") from the West Bengal Pollution Control Board ("**WBPCB**"), alleging that concentration of some parameter of samples collected by the WBPCS's official during inspection on February 7, 2020 were found beyond the permissible limit. Our Company was directed to reply within three days from the date of receipt of SCN 3 for stating reasons why actions should not be taken for violation of section 7 of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, section 25 of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 as per Section 33A of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and under Section 5 of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. Our Company, by way of letter dated June 2, 2020 has responded to the SCN 3. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the WBPCB.

7. Our Company received a show cause notice dated February 14, 2022 ("**SCN 4**") from the Telangana State Beverages Corporation Limited ("**TSBCL**"), alleging wrongful dispatch and shortage in the supply of Officer's Choice Reserve Whisky and Sterling Reserve B7 Select Blended Whisky. Our Company, by way of letter dated February 21, 2022 has responded to the SCN 4, and requested that the SCN 4 should be dropped. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the TSBCL.

8. Our Company received a show cause notice dated December 16, 2019 ("**SCN 5**") for closure under section 33A of Water (Pollution and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and prosecution under sections 43 and 44 of Water Act, 1974 from the Haryana State Pollution Control Board ("**HSPCB**"), alleging that pursuant to the inspection of unit of our Company on November 16, 2019 (i) certain deficiencies were observed by the Officers, and (ii) the legal sample collected from the inlet and outlet of STP, bypass of ETP exceeded the prescribed limits. Our Company, by way of a letter dated December 26, 2019, has responded to the SCN 5, whereby our Company has, inter alia, (i) requested resampling of ETP sample, (ii) submitted demand drafts towards analysis fees and performance security aggregating to ₹ 0.20 million, and requested that the SCN 5 should be dropped. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the HSPCB.

9. Our Company received a show cause notice dated December 23, 2021 ("**SCN 6**") from the Telangana State Beverages Corporation Limited ("**TSBCL**"), alleging heavy breakages at the time of unloading of stocks from our Company, and imposed a penalty equivalent to the maximum retail price in respect of the breakages. Our Company, by way of letter dated December 31, 2021 has responded to the SCN 6, and requested to negate the SCN 6. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the TSBCL.

10. Our Company received a show cause notice dated December 4, 2021 ("**SCN 7**") from the Telangana State Beverages Corporation Limited ("**TSBCL**"), alleging heavy breakages at the time of unloading of stocks from our Company. Our Company, by way of letter dated December 22, 2021 has responded to the SCN 7, and requested that the SCN 7 should be dropped. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the TSBCL.

11. Our Company received a show cause notice dated November 9, 2022 ("**SCN 8**") from the Office of the Excise Inspector, Circle Jaipur City, Jhotwara, Rajasthan (the "**Inspector**"), seeking an explanation for the strength of ethyl alcohol in the sample collected exceeding permissible limit. Consequently, our Company has responded to the SCN 8 by way our letter dated December 5, 2022 ("**Response**"), that our Company was not sent a copy of the report which forms the basis of the notice and the aforesaid is also a violation of Rule 77 of the Rajasthan Distilleries Rule, 1977. The Response further submitted the results of the report dated June 20, 2022, for a sample of the batch inspected by the Inspector, prepared by Government Excise Department, Udaipur for determination of the strength of ethyl alcohol and traces of methyl alcohol. Accordingly, our Company requested that no further action be taken against our Company. Our Company is not receipt of any further communication from the Inspector.

12. Our Company received a show cause notice dated November 21, 2022 ("**SCN 9**") from the Office of the Excise Inspector, Circle Jaipur Rural, Rajasthan (the "**Inspector**"), seeking an explanation for the difference in the percentage volume of the Officer's Choice Whiskey, Batch No. 140 L2 dated October 12, 2022, inspected on a sampled basis, from the fixed percentage volume. Consequently, our Company has responded to the SCN 9 by way our letter dated November 24, 2022, and has therein requested for the withdrawal of the SCN 9. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Inspector.

13. Our Company received a show cause notice dated October 31, 2022 ("**SCN 10**") from the Food Safety Officer, Bhopal ("**Officer**"), whereby the Officer found a sample of Officer's Choice Pure Whiskey (Pack) to be misbranded. Our Company has responded to SCN 10 by way of a letter dated December 14, 2022, requesting the Officer to provide further information, such as the batch number, among others, of the product inspected. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

14. Our Company received a show cause notice dated September 6, 2022 ("**SCN 11**") from the Deputy Excise Collector, Government of West Bengal ("**Excise Collector**") seek explanation for not intimating the Excise Controller for the change in management of our Company in accordance with Rule 4 (2) of the West Bengal Excise (Change-in-Management) Rules, 2009. Our Company, by way of letter dated September 29, 2022, sought four weeks' time for submitting a suitable reply with the Excise Collector after seeking requisite approvals and relevant documents, and by way its letter dated November 12, 2022 (collectively, "**Responses**"), responded to SCN 11, and provided the dates on which the Excise Controller was intimated of the changes in the Board of Directors, and has requested the Excise Collector to withdraw SCN 11. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Excise Collector.

15. Our Company received a show cause notice dated September 12, 2022 ("**SCN 12**") from the Superintendent of Excise, Nadia, Government of West Bengal ("**Excise Collector**") directing our Company to apply online for change in management in pursuant to the appointment of Arun Barik pursuant to the requirement of intimating the Excise Collector of any change in management. Our Company, by way of letter dated September 30, 2022, sought four weeks' time for submitting a suitable reply with the Excise Collector after seeking requisite approvals and relevant documents and by way its letter dated November 17, 2022 (collectively, "**Responses**"), responded to SCN 12, and provided the dates on which the Excise Controller was intimated of the changes in the Board of Directors, and has requested the Excise Collector to withdraw SCN 12. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Excise Collector.

16. Our Company received show cause notice dated October 15, 2022 ("**SCN 13**") from the Superintendent of Excise, Unakoti District, Kailashahar, Tripura ("**Officer**") seeking an explanation for production of 4896 bottles of Sterling Reserve Rare Blended Whisky B7, before drawing of sample for chemical analysis by the Public Analyst, State Drug Testing Laboratory, Agartala which is direct violation of a memo and without prior intimation to the Officer which is a violation of the terms and conditions of license. Our Company by way of a letter dated October 18, 2022 has responded to the SCN 13 and further requested that the SCN 13 be dropped. The Officer by way of a letter dated November 14, 2022 has provided its permission for dispatch of the bottles. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

17. Our Company received a notice dated January 15, 2022 ("**SCN 15**") from the Officer In-Charge Excise, R. N. Products, Boaranada, Jodhpur, Rajasthan ("**Officer**"), seeking payment of 50% of the license fee for the change in the name of our Company in the sub-lease license, in accordance with Rule 72B of the Rajasthan Excise Act, 1956. Our Company has responded to the SCN 15 vide a letter dated November 3, 2022, made the payment and submitted the same to the Officer by way of a letter dated February 23, 2023. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

18. Our Company received notices dated March 17, 2023 and March 23, 2023 ("**SCN 16**") from the Officer In-Charge Excise, R. N. Products, Boranada, Jodhpur, Rajasthan ("**Officer**"), seeking a response regarding payment arising out of the A.G. Audit under different head for the period 2020-22. Our Company has responded to the SCN 16 vide a letter dated March 23, 2023. Our Company is not in receipt of any further

communication from the Officer.

19. Our Company received a notice dated March 29, 2022 ("**SCN 17**") from the Department of Finance (Excise), Office of the District Magistrate & Collector, Hooghly (Singur Excise District) ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for appointment of certain directors which is alleged to be in violation of Rule 4(2) of the West Bengal Excise (Change in Management) Rules, 2009 ("**Violation**"). Further, the Officer has sought an additional explanation under SCN 17 in relation to the further change in management of our Company during the pendency of the Violation, without the prior approval of the Officer, which is allegedly in violation of Rule 4 of Notification 128 EX, dated February 11, 2010. Our Company has responded to the SCN 17 vide a letter dated April 5, 2022. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

20. Our Company received a notice dated July 12, 2022 ("**SCN 18**") from the Department of Finance (Excise), Office of the District Magistrate & Collector, Hooghly (Singur Excise District) ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for conversion from a private limited company to a public limited company without the prior approval of the Government, which is alleged to be in violation of the 3rd Proviso of Rule 4(2) of the Notification No. 128 EX, dated February 11, 2010. Our Company has responded to the SCN 18 vide a letter dated July 27, 2022. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

21. Our Company received two notices dated March 14, 2023 ("**SCN 19**") from the Officer In-Charge Excise, R. N. Products, Boaranada, Jodhpur, Rajasthan ("**Officer**"), seeking a response regarding depositing of arrears with reference to various paragraphs of the A.G. Audit 2020-22, under Section 11B, Rule 01 on account of loss of excise revenue towards permit fees on transport of liquor within the state. Our Company has responded to the SCN 19 vide a letter dated March 20, 2023. The Officer by way of a letter dated December 19, 2023 ("**December Letter**") has directed our Company to pay an amount of ₹ 3.30 million for the loss of revenue amount in the form of permit fees for transportation and delivery of liquor inside the state. Our Company has responded to the December Letter vide a letter dated February 8, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

22. Our Company received a notice dated September 6, 2022 ("**SCN 20**") from the Office of the Assistant Commissioner of Revenue & Deputy Excise Collector, Mahanad Hooghly ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for the change in directors of our Company without intimating the Officer, which is alleged to be in violation of Rule 4(2) of the West Bengal Excise (Change in Management) Rules, 2009. Our Company has responded to the SCN 20 vide a letter dated November 12, 2022. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

23. Our Company received a notice dated March 31, 2023 ("**SCN 21**") from the Office of the District Magistrate & Collector, Hooghly, Excise Branch, Finance Department, Singur Excise District ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for appointment of a director which is alleged to be in violation of Rule 3(i)(c) of the West Bengal Excise (Change in Management) Rules, 2009 and for not intimating the Officer of such change in the board of directors, which is alleged to be in violation of Rule 4(2) of the West Bengal Excise (Change in Management) Rules, 2009. Our Company has responded to the SCN 21 vide a letter dated April 11, 2023. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

24. Our Company received a notice dated September 21, 2022 ("**SCN 22**") from the Asst. Commissioner of Excise (IMFL), Office of the Commissioner of Excise, ENTT. & L. Tax Department, Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi, ("**Officer**"), directing our Company to submit a police verification report of all the directors of our Company. Our Company has responded to the SCN 22 vide letters dated October 4, 2022 and October 19, 2022. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

25. Our Company received a show cause notice dated February 14, 2023 ("**SCN 23**") from the Telangana State Pollution Control Board ("**TSPCB**"), seeking explanation and to show cause as to why our Company has lifted lesser quantity of effluents than the consented capacity during the month of November 2022, alleging indulgence in the illegal discharge of effluents. Our Company, by way of a letter dated March 10, 2023, has responded to the SCN 23, and requested that the SCN 23 should be dropped. Our Company is not in receipt

of any further communication from the TSPCB.

26. Our Company received a show cause notice dated February 14, 2023 ("**SCN 24**") from the Telangana State Pollution Control Board ("**TSPCB**"), seeking explanation and to show cause as to why our Company has lifted lesser quantity of effluents than the consented capacity during the month of December 2022, alleging indulgence in the illegal discharge of effluents. Our Company, by way of a letter dated March 10, 2023, has responded to the SCN 24, and requested that the SCN 24 should be dropped. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the TSPCB.

27. Our Company received a notice dated July 5, 2022 ("**SCN 25**") from the Superintendent of Excise, Singur Excise District ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for the increase in mass due to production increase to the tune of 635.72 kg and for the change in management of our Company without intimating the Officer for regularization of such changes, which is alleged to be in violation of Rule 4(1) of the West Bengal Excise (Change in Management) Rules, 2009. Our Company has responded to the SCN 25 vide a letter dated September 29, 2022. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

28. Our Company received an intimation dated March 24, 2023 ("**Intimation**") from the Kerala State Beverages (Manufacturing and Marketing) Corporation Limited ("**KSBCL**") citing a discrepancy and shortage of 30 cases of Officer's Choice Deluxe Brandy 500ml. Our Company, by way of an e-mail dated April 17, 2023 ("**E-mail**") has responded to the Intimation stating that there was no discrepancy. KSBCL has responded to the E-mail by way of notices dated May 27, 2023 and June 17, 2023 ("**Notices**") instructing our Company to pay the excise fee and penalty on account of the above-mentioned shortage. Our Company responded to the Notices and clarified that there was no discrepancy by way of a letter dated July 20, 2023 which was rejected by KSBCL vide letter dated August 10, 2023. In order to avoid freezing of the stocks of our Company, the excise fee and penalty was paid by our Company on October 9, 2023. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from KSBCL.

29. Our Company made an application by way of a letter dated July 15, 2022 to the Excise Commissioner, Government of West Bengal ("**Officer**") for establishment of a facility for manufacturing of extra neutral alcohol ("**Facility**") and for allotment of land for establishment of the Facility. The Officer by way of letter dated August 3, 2022, requested for certain documents which were submitted by our Company on July 31, 2022. Further, the Officer, by way of letters dated September 1, 2022, November 1, 2022 and April 4, 2023 has directed our Company to make the payment for the process of allotment of land for the Facility. Our Company by way of letters dated April 25, 2023 and May 9, 2023 requested the Officer to grant permission as per the payment plan proposed by our Company and made the payment. The Officer by way of letters dated May 12, 2023 and May 22, 2023 acknowledged the payment made by our Company and granted our Company a possession certificate for the land for the Facility. However, the Officer, by way of a letter dated October 11, 2023 has withdrawn the possession certificate issued and took over possession of the land for the Facility. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

30. Our Company received notices dated July 12, 2022, July 14, 2022 and April 21, 2023 from the Office of Excise Commissioner, Punjab ("**Officer**"), fixing the whole sale price of brand of IMFL, IFL and beer. The Officer by way of a notice dated May 15, 2023 ("**SCN 26**") directed our Company to show cause on grounds of over charging of freight charges in the financial year 2022-23. Our Company has responded to the SCN 26 vide a letter dated May 17, 2023 ("**Response**"). The Officer by way of letters dated September 14, 2023 and November 1, 2023 has been directed to provide certain information in reference to our Response and our Company is in the process of providing the same. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

31. Our Company received a notice dated October 25, 2023 ("**SCN 27**") from the Punjab Pollution Control Board ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for violation of the provisions of the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016 framed under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. Our Company has responded to the SCN 27 vide a letter dated November 22, 2023. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

32. Our Company received three notices each dated March 29, 2023 and November 7, 2023 ("**SCN 28**") from the Office of the Excise Inspector Finance, Jodhpur Rural ("**Officer**"), based on three FIRs each dated March 27, 2023, seeking an explanation for violation of the terms and conditions of the license issued under the Rajasthan Excise Act, 1950 regarding possession of legally prohibited goods. Our Company has responded to the SCN 28 vide a letter dated February 22, 2024. The Officer, by way of three letters each dated June 14, 2024 has directed our Company to attend a hearing before the Officer on July 2, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

33. Our Company received a notice dated November 17, 2023 ("**SCN 29**") from the Office of the Chief Fire Officer, Haridwar District ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation based on an inspection carried out wherein it was observed that the facility did not have a provision for fire fighting foam system and directed our Company to install the system within one week. Our Company has responded to the SCN 29 vide an e-mail dated November 24, 2023. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

34. Our Company received a notice dated November 9, 2023 ("**SCN 30**") from the Office of the Inspector of Legal Metrology, Guwahati ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for the affixing of additional sticker on the original MRP printed on the body of some packages of whisky, which is alleged to be in violation of Rule 6(3) and 18(5) of the Legal Metrology (Packaged Commodities) Rules, 2011. Our Company has responded to the SCN 30. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

35. Our Company received a notice dated November 30, 2023 ("**SCN 31**") from the Punjab Pollution Control Board ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for violation of the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981. Our Company has responded to the SCN 31 vide a letter dated December 8, 2023. Furthermore, our Company is in receipt of a letter dated December 12, 2023 for proceedings for a personal hearing for the alleged violations. Our Company is in the process of responding to the same.

36. Our Company received a notice dated December 6, 2023 ("**SCN 32**") from the Excise and Taxation Commissioner, Haryana ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for the alleged violation of the provisions of clause 12.2 of the Haryana Excise Policy for the year 2023-2024, the Haryana Liquor License Rules, 1970 and the Punjab Excise Act, 1914. Our Company has responded to the SCN 32 vide a letter dated December 18, 2023. By way of an order dated June 11, 2024, the Officer has directed our company to pay a penalty of ₹ 0.20 million and our Company has made the payment for the same. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

37. Our Company received notices dated December 13, 2023 and December 21, 2023 ("**SCN 33**") from the Office of the Additional Excise Commissioner, Udaipur ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation based on an inspection carried out wherein it was observed and alleged that the facility is not manufacturing liquor in accordance with the norms prescribed by the department and for violations of the provisions prescribed under Rule 91 and 106 of the Rajasthan Distillation Rules, 1977. Our Company has responded to the SCN 33 vide a letter dated December 23, 2023. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

38. Our Company received an inspection notice dated November 23, 2023 ("**SCN 34**") from the Labour Department, Government of Telangana ("**Officer**") providing a report of non-compliance under various labour laws being implemented by the Officer and directing our Company to provide its response to the report. Our Company has responded to the SCN 34 vide a letter dated November 29, 2023. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

39. Our Company received a show-cause notice dated February 26, 2024 ("**SCN 35**") from the Telangana State Pollution Control Board ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for why an action shall not be initiated against our Company for non-compliance of consent conditions and gross violation of discharge of effluents into the

surrounds thereby causing ground and surface water pollution. Our Company has responded to the SCN 35 vide a letter dated March 6, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

40. Our Company received a show cause notice dated March 4, 2024 ("**SCN 36**") from the Government of Telangana, Factories Department ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for non-compliance of the provisions of the Factories Act, 1948 and the Telangana Factories Rules, 1950. Our Company has responded to the SCN 36 vide letters dated March 15, 2024, April 5, 2024, May 14, 2024 and May 17, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

41. Our Company received a notice dated January 31, 2024 ("**SCN 37**") from the Government of Telangana, Irrigation and C.A.D. Department ("**Officer**"), directing our Company to stop drawing water immediately from the river bed through unauthorized channels, which is in violation of the agreement entered into between our Company and the Officer dated January 12, 2023. Our Company has responded to the SCN 37 vide a letter dated February 7, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

42. Our Company received a notice dated February 13, 2024 ("**SCN 38**") from the Government of Rajasthan, Office of the District Excise Officer, Udaipur ("**Officer**"), directing our Company to deposit an amount of ₹ 0.04 million since it was found that the strength of the spirit imported during the Fiscals 2020 and 2023 was not shown in accordance to the excise laboratory and the quantity of the spirit was shown and recorded as less. Our Company has deposited the fees as directed in the SCN 38. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

43. Our Company received a notice dated February 13, 2024 ("**SCN 39**") from the Government of Rajasthan, Office of the District Excise Officer, Udaipur ("**Officer**"), directing our Company to deposit a fixed revenue amount of ₹ 0.4 million towards whole selling license fees payable in Fiscal 2020. Our Company has deposited the fees as directed in the SCN 39. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

44. Our Company received a notice dated February 7, 2024 ("**SCN 40**") from the Office of Assistant Excise Commissioner, Hapur, Uttar Pradesh ("**Officer**"), directing our Company to maintain the minimum balance in the advance deposit account required for payment of special bottling fees under the Uttar Pradesh excise manual. Our Company has responded to the SCN 40 vide a letter dated February 19, 2024. Further, our Company is in receipt of a show cause notice dated April 19, 2024 ("**April 2024 Letter**") alleging violation of the general instructions governing all distilleries rule-468. Our Company has responded to the April 2024 Letter vide a letter dated May 18, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

45. Our Company received a show cause notice dated January 12, 2024 ("**SCN 41**") from the Office of the Excise Superintendent, Bangalore ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for a complaint filed by workers of our Company and directing our Company to submit an explanation for the reduction in production of liquor in the distillery, resulting in a loss of revenue to the state. Our Company has responded to the SCN 41 vide a letter dated January 19, 2024 and February 1, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

46. Our Company received a notice dated April 1, 2024 ("**SCN 42**") from the Additional Excise Commissioner, Revenue-II Excise Directorate, West Bengal ("**Officer**"), seeking an explanation for the non-payment of fees for change in directors as required under the Change of Management as per Notification No. 1024-FT of WB Excise (transfer of license) Rules, 2023. Our Company has responded to the SCN 42 vide a letter dated May 24, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

47. Our Company received a notice dated May 10, 2024 ("**SCN 43**") from the Telangana State Pollution Control Board ("**Officer**"), directing our Company to show cause as to why lesser quantity of effluents has been submitted for the months of February 2024 and March 2024 which is lower that the consented capacity. Our

Company has responded to the SCN 43 vide a letter dated May 25, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

48. Our Company received a show cause notice dated May 3, 2024 ("**SCN 44**") from the Telangana State Pollution Control Board ("**Officer**"), directing our Company to show cause as to why data was not received by the Officer as required under the provisions of the Air Act and in violation of the Online Continuous Emission Monitoring System Server. Our Company has responded to the SCN 44 vide a letter dated May 30, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

49. Our Company received notices dated March 31, 2024 and April 27, 2024 ("**SCN 45**") from the Office of the Commissioner, Prohibition & Excise Telangana, Hyderabad ("**Officer**"), directing our Company to pay an amount of ₹ 0.61 million for not submitting the export permits and electronic verification certificates within 21 days from the date of expiry of the export permit. Our Company has responded to the SCN 45 letters dated April 23, 2024, April 26, 2024, May 16, 2024 and May 24, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

50. Our Company received a notice dated June 1, 2024 ("**SCN 46**") from the Office of the District Commissioner, Excise Branch, Government of Assam ("**Officer**") for the alleged violations of Section 53(1) of the Assam Excise Act, 2000 for violation of the state excise laws in Assam and loss to the state exchequer. Our Company has responded to the SCN 46 vide a letter dated June 3, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

51. Our Company received two notices dated June 5, 2024 ("**SCN 47**") from the Office of the District Commissioner, Excise Branch, Government of Assam ("**Officer**") for the alleged violations of Section 53(1) of the Assam Excise Act, 2000 for violation of the state excise laws in Assam and loss to the state exchequer which results in a notice under Section 64A of the Assam Excise Act, 2000. Our Company has responded to the SCN 47 vide two letters both dated June 7, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

52. Our Company received a notice dated May 17, 2024 ("**SCN 48**") from the Additional ETC-cum Collector (Excise), Haryana ("**Officer**") for the recovery of expenses of the QR code track and trace system amounting to ₹ 0.31 million, which are to be borne by our Company. Our Company has responded to the SCN 48 vide a letter dated June 10, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

53. Our Company received a notice dated June 6, 2024 ("**SCN 49**") from the Collector (Excise)-cum-Additional Excise and Taxation Commissioner, Haryana ("**Officer**") for the alleged breach of the Haryana Liquor License Rules, 1970 and the Haryana Excise Policy for the year 2023-24. Our Company has responded to the SCN 49 vide a letter dated June 10, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

54. Our Company received a notice dated June 5, 2024 ("**SCN 50**") from the Office of the District Commissioner, Excise Branch, Government of Assam ("**Officer**") for the alleged violations of Section 53(1) of the Assam Excise Act, 2000 for violation of the state excise laws in Assam and loss to the state exchequer which results in a notice under Section 64A of the Assam Excise Act, 2000. Our Company has responded to the SCN 50 vide a letter dated June 14, 2024. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

55. Our Company received a show cause notice dated June 18, 2024 ("**SCN 51**") from the Office of the Excise Commissioner, Government of N.C.T. of Delhi ("**Officer**") for the alleged violations of the Delhi Excise Act, 2009 and the Delhi Excise Rules, 2010 with respect to deficiency in the submission of documents to the Officer. Our Company is in the process of responding to the SCN 51. Our Company is not in receipt of any further communication from the Officer.

Other pending material litigation involving our Company

Civil proceedings against our Company

Nil

Civil proceedings by our Company

1. Our subsidiary, N.V. Distilleries and Breweries (AP) Private Limited ("**N.V. Distilleries**") had been allotted a land in Siddipet district, Telangana, for setting up of a distillery by the erstwhile Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation Limited. However, N.V. Distilleries failed to seek the necessary approvals *inter alia,* building plan approvals and obtaining power connections in the stipulated time. Our Company requested that the said letter of intent be transferred from N.V Distillers to our Company. By way of a letter dated March 27, 2019, by the Office of the Commissioner of Prohibition and Excise (Distilleries) Telangana State, Hyderabad and others, ("**Commissioner**, the "**Letter**"), the Assistant Commissioner refused (i) an extension on the letter of intent issued in favour of N.V. Distilleries, and (ii) the transfer of the letter of intent from N.V. Distillers to our Company and initiated the action of resumption of land. Our Company, and N.V. Distilleries, have filed a writ petition against the Commissioner & others, before the High Court for the State of Telangana at Hyderabad on July 9, 2019, seeking suspension of the Letter. The Court ordered to maintain the status quo vide an order dated July 31, 2019. The matter is currently pending.

2. Our Company filed an execution application ("**Application**") against Rajkumar Sudamrao Dhamdhere ("**Respondent**") before the District Judge, Aurangabad (Commercial Division) at Aurangabad ("**Court**") on April 18, 2019, seeking execution of decree passed by the Court on January 29, 2019 ("**Decree**") of ₹ 108.12 million with interest at the rate specified in the Decree. Our Company has prayed, *inter alia*, for attachment and sale of the Respondent's movable and immovable properties in case of Respondent's failure to pay to our Company the sum specified in the Decree. The Court vide its order dated October 22, 2021 has allowed the Application. The Respondent filled a recall application claiming that the description of the movables is incorrect and includes movables that does not belong to the Respondent, however, the same was dismissed by the Court vide an order dated November 30, 2021 ("**Recall Application Order**"). The Respondent has filed a writ petition dated December 19, 2021, before the High Court of Bombay, at Aurangabad, challenging the Recall Application Order. The matter is currently pending.

3. Our Company had filed a writ petition before the High Court of Bombay, at Mumbai, ("**High Court**") merged with 50 other petitions ("**Writ Petition**"), challenging the legality and validity of the following rules framed under the Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949 to the extent they levy/impose transport fee or administrative fee in relation to the transport of molasses/rectified spirit/extra neutral alcohol/silent spirit/denatured spirit, namely (i) Rule 19 of the Bombay Molasses Rules, 1955, (ii) Rule 5 of the Bombay Rectified Spirit (Transport in Bond) Rules, 1959, and (iii) Rule 50 of the Bombay Denatured Spirits Rules, 1957. The High Court by way of an order dated May 6, 2011 ("**Order**") has disposed of the Writ Petition. Our Company has filed a special leave petition dated November 2, 2011 before the Supreme Court of India against the Order. The matter is currently pending.

4. Our Company has filed two civil suits before the High Court at New Delhi, against John Distilleries Limited & others ("**John Distilleries**") and John P Paul & others, (John Distilleries Limited & others and John P Pual & Others collectively, "**Defendants**", collectively the "**Suits**") dated May 29, 2002 and March 23, 2007, alleging that the Defendants have adopted a trademark and/or label "Original Choice" which is deceptively similar to our trademarks and/ or labels "Officer's Choice" and "OC" and thereby infringing upon the trademarks registered by our Company.

   Further, our Company and John Distilleries have filed a writ petition each, dated July 15, 2013, and August 30, 2013, respectively, against the other, before the High Court of Madras (the "**Petitions**") challenging the order dated March 8, 2013 of Intellectual Property Appellate Board ("**IPAB**", the "**Order**"). Our Company

has prayed for removal of the registration granted to the John Distilleries for the trademarks and/or label "Original Choice". Thereafter, John Distilleries has filed a special leave petition dated March 2, 2024 before the Supreme Court challenging the IPAB Order and our Company has filed a transfer petition dated May 7, 2024 before the Supreme Court for the transfer of the Petitions to the Supreme Court. The matters are currently pending.

5. UTO Nederland B.V. and Distilleerderij en Likeurstokerij Herman Jansen B.V. ("**Appellants**") have filed an appeal before the High Court of Bombay ("**High Court**") against Tilaknagar Industries Limited ("**Respondent**"), appealing to the High Court to overturn the order dated December 22, 2011 and to hold the Respondent guilty for infringement of copyright and passing off the trademarks belonging to the Appellants. Our Company was impleaded into the suit by way of deed of assignment with the Appellants through which our Company became 50% owner of the brands upon assignment of 50% rights in 2014. The matter is currently pending. Further, a counter claim has been filed by the Respondent against the Appellants in which our Company is a party. The claim is also currently pending.

6. Our Company has filed a commercial arbitration application dated December 6, 2021 ("**Application**") before the High Court of Bombay ("**High Court**"), against Premier Distillers Private Limited ("**PDPL**") under section 11 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 for seeking appointment of a sole arbitrator to adjudicate the disputes that have arisen between the parties under the manufacturing agreement dated December 31, 2019. The matter is currently pending.

7. The unified Andhra Pradesh Government had invited applications for grant of Letter of Intent ("**LOI**") for establishment of new IMFL manufactory, pursuant to which our Company had applied for issuance of LOI for establishment of IMFL manufactory in Andhra Pradesh, and had paid an amount totalling to Rs. 15.00 million along with the application. Thereafter, pursuant to the bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh into Telangana and Andhra Pradesh, our Company had applied for fresh LOI, and had paid an amount totalling to Rs. 27.50 million. Alleging delay in grant of LOI, our Company, vide letter dated June 14, 2017 surrendered the LOI and requested refund of Rs. 27.50 million. By way of further letters, our Company additionally requested refund of the original application fee, being the share of residual state of Andhra Pradesh, of Rs. 8.75 million. The Respondents, by way of multiple letters, rejected the claims of refund and demanded an amount of Rs. Rs. 173.41 million, along with penal interest at eighteen percent interest rate. Thereafter, our Company has filed a writ petition dated April 6, 2017 before the High Court of Judicature for the State of Andhra Pradesh, against the State of Andhra Pradesh and the Commissioner Prohibition and Excise, Government of Andhra Pradesh, alleging, *inter alia*, delay on part of the Respondents in issuing LOI, and praying for High Court to issue a writ, order or direction in the nature of mandamus (i) declaring the action of respondents in demanding payment of Rs. 173.41 million towards the instalment amount and refusing defund of Rs. 8.75 million and Rs. 27.50 million, as bad, illegal and opposed to principles of natural justice, and (ii) directing the Respondents to cease making demands for payment of instalments, and refund the aforementioned amount along with eighteen percent interest per annum. By way an order dated March 19, 2019, the High Court has permitted the Respondents to file counter affidavit and directed the Respondents to not take coercive steps against our Company in the interim. The matter is pending.

B. Litigation involving our Subsidiaries

Outstanding criminal litigation involving our Subsidiaries

*Sarthak Blenders & Bottlers Private Limited ("**Sarthak**")*

1. There are 15 cases filed by Sarthak pending before various fora for alleged violation of section 138 of Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, for recovery of amounts due to Sarthak for which cheques issued in favour of Sarthak by its clients/debtors which have been dishonoured. The total pecuniary value involved in all these matters is ₹ 13.09 million. The matters are currently pending.

Actions by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Subsidiaries

Nil

Other pending material litigation involving our Subsidiaries

Civil proceedings against our Subsidiaries

Nil

Civil proceedings by our Subsidiaries

*N.V. Distilleries and Breweries (AP) Private Limited ("**N.V. Distilleries**")*

1. See S. No. 1 under *"- Civil proceedings by our Company"* on page 499.

C. Litigation involving our Promoters

Outstanding criminal litigation involving our Promoters

1. See S. No. 1 under *"- Outstanding criminal litigation against our Company"* on page 490.

Actions by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Promoters

Kishore Rajaram Chhabria

1. On June 8, 2002 Kishore Rajaram Chhabria, the then Managing Director of Shaw Wallace & Company Limited, received a Memorandum No. T-4/24-C/97(SCN-IV) dated July 26, 2001 **("Memorandum**") by the Special Director of Enforcement, Enforcement Directorate ("**Enforcement Directorate**") The Memorandum was addressed to, among others, Kishore Rajaram Chhabria wherein the Enforcement Directorate, *inter alia*, alleged contravention of section 9(1)(a) read with Section 68(1) and 68(2) of the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1973 for allegedly making payments to a person resident outside India without any general or special exemption from the Reserve Bank of India. The Enforcement Directorate by way of an order dated March 29, 2004 ("**2004 Order**") imposed a penalty of ₹ 0.8 million on Kishore Rajaram Chabbria. Kishore Rajaram Chabbria filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal for Foreign Exchange, New Delhi ("**Tribunal**") against the 2004 Order ("**Appeal**"). The Tribunal by way of an order dated February 20, 2008 ("**2008 Order**") upheld the 2004 Order and dismissed the Appeal. Kishore Rajaram Chabbria has filed an appeal challenging the 2008 Order before the High Court at Bombay. The matter is currently pending.

Other pending material litigation involving our Promoters

Against our Promoters

Nil

By our Promoters

Nil

Disciplinary action taken against our Promoters in the five Fiscals preceding the date of this Prospectus by SEBI or any stock exchange

Nil

D. Litigation involving our Directors

Outstanding criminal litigation involving our Directors

Shekhar Ramamurthy

1. The Chief Judicial Magistrate - III, Lucknow issued a non-bailable warrant dated October 17, 2022 ("**Warrant**") against Shekhar Ramamurthy, and three others. The Warrant has been issued to Shekhar Ramamurthy, in his capacity as the Managing Director and CEO of United Breweries Limited. Shekhar Ramamurthy has filed an application dated October 31, 2022 ("**Application**"), under section 482 of the Code of Criminal Procedure stating that he ceased to be a director of United Breweries Limited with effect from July 31, 2020. The State of Uttar Pradesh, has filed an application for the dismissal of the Application dated January 12, 2023 ("**State Application**") before the Lucknow High Court ("**Court**"). By way of an order dated January 12, 2023, the Court has reserved its judgment and directed that no coercive measures shall be taken against the applicant (Shekhar Ramamurthy) till the delivery of its judgment.

Kishore Rajaram Chhabria

2. See S. No. 1 under *"- Outstanding criminal litigation against our Company"* on page 490.

Actions by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Directors

Kishore Rajaram Chhabria

1. See S. No. 1 under *"-Actions by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Promoters - Kishore Rajaram Chhabria"* on page 501.

Shekhar Ramamurthy

2. Shekhar Ramamurthy ("**Appellant**") filed a competition appeal dated December 8, 2021 ("**Appeal**") before the Principal Bench, National Company Law Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi ("**NCLAT**"), against Competition Commission of India and 5 (five) companies in the "beer industry." The Appellant has sought an interim stay against the order dated September 24, 2021 passed under section 48(2) of the Competition Act, 2002 by the Competition Commission of India ("**Order**") alleging anti-competitive conduct and imposing a penalty of ₹ 1.70 million on the Appellant. The NCLAT by way of its order dated December 23, 2022 ("**NCLAT Order**") has dismissed the Appeal without cost. United Breweries Limited filed a civil appeal in the Supreme Court with respect to the NCLAT Order. The Supreme Court via its order dated February 17, 2023 has stayed the NCLAT Order. The matter is currently pending.

Other pending material litigation involving our Directors

Against our Directors

Nil

By our Directors

Nil

E. Tax proceedings against our Company, Subsidiaries, Promoters and Directors

Set out herein below are details of claims relating to direct and indirect taxes involving our Company, Subsidiaries, Promoters and Directors.

Nature of case	Number of cases	Demand amount involved* (in ₹ million)
Our Company		
Direct tax	52	863.92
Indirect tax	20[1]	1,091.06
Subsidiaries		
Direct tax	21	0.52[2]
Indirect tax	-	-
Promoters		
Direct tax	-	-
Indirect tax	-	-
Directors		
Direct tax	-	-
Indirect tax	-	-
Group Companies		
Direct tax	-	-
Indirect tax	-	-

**To the extent quantifiable*

[1.] Amount of GST demand is not quantifiable in one case, but it is included in the total number of cases of our Company.

[2.] Copy of order is not available with our Company. Amount outstanding is obtained from Income Tax Website. (Source: https://eportal.incometax.gov.in).

*[3] Our Company has been in receipt of summons from the Directorate General of GST ("**Authority**") requesting information and documents with respect to certain ongoing enquiry carried out by the Authority. Considering that no demand has been made or show cause notice has been issued by the Authority, the said notice does not form a part of the tax litigation and the amount involved if any in such investigations is not yet quantifiable as of the date of this Prospectus.*

*[4] Our Company has received notices under section 153C & 142 (1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, ("**Authority**") (in conjunction with an ongoing investigation against one of our Company's customer). Considering the assessment proceedings are ongoing by the Authority and no demand or order has been passed to date, the said notices does not form a part of the tax litigation and the amount involved if any in such investigations is not yet quantifiable as of the date of this Prospectus.*

Material Taxation Proceedings against our Company

Direct tax

1. Our Company received a notice dated March 22, 2024 ("**Notice**"), under section 156 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("**IT Act**") for the assessment year 2014-15 from the Office of the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle 8(2), Mumbai ("**Officer**") for payment of a sum of ₹ 137.61 million. Our Company, on April 24, 2024 has filed an appeal against the Notice issued by the Officer. The matter is currently pending.

2. Our Company received a notice dated March 29, 2024 ("**Notice**"), under section 156 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("**IT Act**") for the assessment year 2015-16 from the Office of the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle 8(2), Mumbai ("**Officer**") for payment of a sum of ₹ 214.54 million. Our Company, on April 24, 2024 has filed an appeal against the Notice issued by the Officer. The matter is currently pending.

3. Our Company received a notice dated March 29, 2024 ("**Notice**"), under section 156 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("**IT Act**") for the assessment year 2020-21 from the Office of the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle 8(2), Mumbai ("**Officer**") for payment of a sum of ₹ 106.66 million. Our Company, on March 31, 2024 has filed an appeal against the Notice issued by the Officer. The matter is currently pending.

4. Our Company received an intimation under section 143(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("**IT Act**") dated May 3, 2024 ("**Intimation**"), wherein assessment proceedings were initiated for assessment year 2023-24 for a demand of ₹ 307.45 million, required to be paid within 30 days of receipt of the Intimation. Our Company has responded to the Intimation seeking additional time for responding by way of a letter dated May 16, 2024. The matter is currently pending.

Indirect tax

1. Our Company received a show cause cum demand notice from the Office of the Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs & Service Tax ("**Commissioner**") dated March 31, 2016 ("**Show Cause Notice**") demanding a service tax liability of ₹26.81 million, pursuant to payments made in foreign currency for sales promotions, travelling and others., for Fiscals 2011-12 to 2014-15. Our Company pursuant to its letter dated March 31, 2017, has replied to the Show Cause Notice stating that the service tax was not applicable for the payments stated under the Show Cause Notice as the expenses had been incurred and paid outside India, and paid a sum of ₹2.01 million towards service tax, including interest, and a penalty of ₹26.81 million for Fiscal 2011-12 to Fiscal 2014-15. Subsequently, the Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs & Service Tax by way of an order dated March 31, 2017 ("**Order**") determined a liability of ₹80.63 million, including penalties and interests from the Company. Our Company has filed an appeal before the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Mumbai ("**Tribunal**") for setting aside of the Order and other reliefs as the Tribunal may deem necessary and fair. The matter is currently pending.

2. Our Company received an assessment order of the Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax, Mumbai ("**Joint Commissioner**") dated March 29, 2016 ("**Order**") under the provisions of the MVAT Act, 2002 for the period of Fiscal 2011 – 2012 imposing an aggregate liability of ₹324.89 million on account of (i) recovery of dues on account of business surplus pursuant to tie-up arrangements with third parties, and (ii) disallowance of set-off. Our Company filed an appeal against the Order before the Appellate Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax, Thane, and the same was dismissed pursuant to an order dated November 8, 2017 ("**Order of the Appellate Joint Commissioner**"). Subsequently, our Company has filed an appeal before the Maharashtra Sales Tax Tribunal on January 9, 2018 for quashing of the Order of the Appellate Joint Commissioner. The matter is currently pending.

3. Our Company received an assessment order of the Deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax, Mumbai dated March 30, 2020 ("**Order**") under the provisions of the MVAT Act, 2002 for the period of Fiscal 2015 -16 imposing an aggregate liability of ₹63.45 million pursuant to business surplus received by our Company from manufacturing arrangements with third parties. Our Company filed an appeal against the Order before the Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax, Mumbai ("**Joint Commissioner**"). The Joint Commissioner by way of an order dated January 11, 2021, has granted a stay on part payment of ₹0.72 million. The matter is currently pending.

4. Our Company received an assessment order of the deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax, Mumbai dated February 23, 2021 ("**Order**") under the provisions of the MVAT Act, 2002 for the period of Fiscal 2016 -17 imposing an aggregate liability of ₹58.27 million pursuant to business surplus received by our Company from manufacturing arrangements with third parties. Our Company filed an appeal on May 4, 2021, against the Order before the Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax, Mumbai ("**Joint Commissioner**"). The Joint Commissioner by way of an order dated October 8, 2021, has granted a stay on part payment of ₹0.01 million. The matter is currently pending.

5. Our Company had filed an application before the Telangana State Authority for Advance Ruling, Hyderabad seeking a clarification if sale of produces Distillery Wet Grain Soluble ("**DWGS**") and Distillery Dry Grain Soluble ("**DDGS**") – 'Cattle Feed' undertaken by our Company is covered under the Serial No. 102 of Notification No. 02/2017 – Central Tax (Rate) dated June 28, 2017. The Telangana State Authority for Advance Ruling, Hyderabad by way of its order dated March 14, 2022 ("**AAR Order**") stated that DWGS and DDGS are taxable at the rate of 5%. Aggravated by the AAR Order, our Company filed an appeal ("**Appeal**") before the Telangana State Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling (Goods and Services Tax), Hyderabad ("**Appellate Authority**"). During the pendency of the Appeal, our Company received a show cause notice from the Directorate General of Goods and Service Intelligence, Hyderabad Zonal Unit ("**Zonal Authority**") dated June 20, 2022 ("**Show Cause Notice**") alleging short payment/non-payment of GST during the period July, 2017 to July, 2020 amounting to ₹72.62 million. Our Company filed a letter dated July 12, 2022, before the Zonal

Authority requesting that the Show Cause Notice be kept in abeyance till the disposal of the Appeal. Consequently, the Appellate Authority passed an order dated August 26, 2022 ("**Order**") upholding the AAR Order. Our Company has filed a writ petition dated December 3, 2022, before the Andhra Pradesh High Court for seeking suspension of the operations of the Order. The matter is currently pending.

6. Simbhaoli Sugars Limited, received three tax assessment orders under Section 9(2) of the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956, one dated February 20, 2021, and two dated February 27, 2021, from the Uttar Pradesh Commercial Tax Department for the assessment years 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20 respectively, aggregating to a demand of ₹142.25 million. ("**Demand**") pursuant to the sale of extra neutral alcohol ("**ENA**"). The Additional Commissioner Grade-2 (Appeal), Ghaziabad has granted a stay for 40% of the Demand to Simbhaoli Sugars Limited ("**Stay**"). Simbhaoli Sugars Limited filed an appeal against the Stay before the Commercial Tax Tribunal, Bench II, Ghaziabad ("**Tribunal**"). By way of an order dated June 19, 2021, the Tribunal granted a further stay up to 90% of the Demand and ordered for the payment of 10% of the Demand and a surety for the 90% of the Demand within 30 days. The matter is currently pending before the Tribunal.

   Further, the High Court of Allahabad in the matter involving SVP Industries Limited vs State of Uttar Pradesh & others by way of an order dated September 28, 2021 ("**High Court Order**") held that state government of Uttar Pradesh, does not have the legislative competence to impose VAT/CST on the sale of the ENA used for manufacturing alcoholic liquor for human consumption ("**AlcoBev**"), post the Constitution (One Hundred and First Amendment) Act, 2016. The Confederation of Indian Alcoholic Beverages Companies ("**CIABC**") filed a special leave petition dated March 22, 2022, before the Supreme Court of India (the "**SLP**"), arising out of High Court Order against the State of Uttar Pradesh & others, seeking clarification on whether ENA used for manufacturing AlcoBev is, post the Constitution (One Hundred and First Amendment) Act, 2016, liable for GST or VAT/CST. The matter is currently pending.

7. One of the bottling units of our Company, Batra Breweries & Distilleries Private Limited ("**BBDPL**"), received an assessment order of the Office of the Principal Commissioner, Central Goods & Services Tax & Central Excise Commissionerate, Chandigarh, dated March 12, 2024 ("**Order**") under the provisions of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 ("**CGST Act"**), for the period from Fiscal 2017-18 till Fiscal 2021-22, imposing an aggregate liability of ₹41.62 million pursuant to contravention of section 31, 49 and 59 of the CGST Act along with corresponding sections of the State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and section 20 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017. BBDPL has filed an appeal on June 10, 2024, against the Order before the Commissioner of Central Taxes (Appeals), Central Goods & Services Tax & Central Excise Commissionerate, Chandigarh. The matter is currently pending.

F. Outstanding dues to creditors

As per the Materiality Policy, a creditor of our Company, shall be considered to be material ("**Material Creditors**") for the purpose of disclosure in this Prospectus, if amounts due to such creditor by our Company is equal to, or in excess of, 5% of the consolidated trade payables of our Company as at the end of the latest period in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information (*i.e.*, as at December 31, 2023). Accordingly, a creditor has been considered 'material' by our Company if the amount due to such creditor exceeds ₹ 375.50 million as on December 31, 2023.

As of December 31, 2023, details of outstanding dues to Material Creditors, micro, small and medium enterprises and other creditors were as follows:

S. No.	Type of creditor	No. of creditors	Amount outstanding (₹ in million)
1.	Dues to micro, small and medium enterprises	374	2,156.21
2.	Dues to Material Creditors	2	1,189.31
3.	Dues to other creditors	1,863^	2,877.37
	Total	**2,239***	**6,222.89**

Notes:

The aforementioned amounts of the dues to creditors have been rounded off to the nearest rupees in millions, with rounding up to two decimal places.

**The stated values of ₹ 2,877.37 million and ₹ 6,222.89 million does not includes the unbilled trade payables of ₹ 1,287.02 million, as per management of our Company it comprises of provisions with ascertained liabilities, provisions for outstanding liabilities, payable trade spends, freight clearing, GR/IR clearing, and other items.*

^ Does not include material creditors who will form part of the Other Creditors but have been classified as material creditors as per the Materiality Policy.

The details pertaining to outstanding dues to Material Creditors, along with the name and amount involved for each such Material Creditor, are available on the website of our Company at https://www.abdindia.com/investor-relations/investor-information/reports.

G. Litigation involving the Group Companies

As on the date of this Prospectus, there is no pending litigation involving our Group Companies which will have a material impact on our Company.

H. Material Developments

Except as disclosed in "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" on page 435, there have been no material developments, since the date of the last financial statements disclosed in this Prospectus, any circumstances, which materially and adversely affect, or are likely to affect our trading or profitability of our Company or the value of our assets or our ability to pay our liabilities within the next 12 months.

I. Other Confirmations

There are no findings/observations of any inspections by SEBI or any other regulators that are material, and which need to be disclosed or non-disclosure of which may have bearing on the investment decision. Further, except as disclosed in this Prospectus, our Company has not received any findings/observations from SEBI pursuant to the Offer, as on date of this Prospectus.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER APPROVALS

We have set out below an indicative list of approvals obtained by our Company which are considered material and necessary for the purpose of undertaking our business activities. In view of these material approvals, our Company can undertake this Offer, and can undertake its business activities. Other than as stated below, no further material approvals from any regulatory authority are required to undertake the Offer or continue such business activities. In addition, certain of our material approvals may have expired or may expire in the ordinary course of business, from time to time and applications for renewal of such expired approvals are submitted in accordance with applicable requirements and procedures. For details in connection with the applicable regulatory and legal framework, see "Key Regulations and Policies" and "Risk Factors" on pages 267 and 34.

1. Incorporation details of our Company

(i) Our Company was incorporated on October 8, 2008 under the Companies Act, 1956 as 'You and Me Properties Private Limited'.

(ii) Fresh certificate of incorporation was issued dated July 22, 2009 issued by the RoC, consequent upon the change of the name of our Company from 'You and Me Properties Private Limited' to 'Moonlight Blenders and Distillers Private Limited'.

(iii) Pursuant to a scheme of amalgamation between Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited, Our Own Properties Private Limited and our Company, dated April 1, 2009, and an order of the Hon'ble Bombay High Court dated February 5, 2010, the name of our Company was changed to 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited', and fresh certificate of incorporation dated April 30, 2010, was issued by the RoC.

(iv) Fresh certificate of incorporation dated June 8, 2022 issued by the RoC consequent upon the change of our Company's name from 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited' to 'Allied Blenders and Distillers Limited', pursuant to conversion of our Company from a private limited company to a public limited company.

(v) The corporate identity number of our Company is U15511MH2008PLC187368.

For further details in relation to incorporation of our Company and our Subsidiaries, see "*History and Certain Corporate Matters*" on page 280.

2. Approvals in relation to the Offer

For details regarding the approvals and authorizations obtained by our Company in relation to the Offer, see "*Other Regulatory and Statutory Disclosures – Authority for the Offer*" on page 517.

3. Material approvals in relation to our business and operations

(i) Licenses, approvals, registrations and accreditations received for the manufacturing processes, under the respective state Excise Act for compounding / blending, bottling, storing finished goods, sale of Indian made foreign liquor ("**IMFL**"), the Factories Act, 1938 (including the factory plan approval), the Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006, the Indian Boilers Regulations, 1950 (applicable only for the distillery), and Legal Metrology Act, 2009.

(ii) HM Revenue and Customs registration (applicable for the Material Bottling Units where scotch is produced/used) ("**HMRC**"), Fire safety NOC, building completion certificate, stability certificate, registration under the Electricity Supply Act, 1948.

(iii) Licenses and approvals obtained under the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016, Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, consent to operate and establish from respective pollution control boards.

(iv) The Legal Entity Identifier code of our Company is 335800XU2PVRYNZP8A55.

4. Material labour/employment related approvals

(i) Registrations issued by the Employees' Provident Fund Organisation, India under the EPF Act for the states where our business operations are spread.

(ii) Registrations issued by the Employees' State Insurance Corporation, India under the ESI Act, for the states where our business operations are spread.

(iii) We are required to obtain a certificate of establishment issued by the labour departments of the respective state governments where the Registered Office, Corporate Office and bottling units and distillery of our Company are located under the provisions of the relevant state specific legislations on shops and establishments. We have obtained the relevant shops and establishment registrations under the applicable provisions of the shops and establishments legislations of the relevant state for our Registered, Corporate Office and branches in India. Certain approvals may have lapsed in their normal course and we have either made applications to the appropriate authorities for renewal of such licenses/approvals or are in the process of making such applications.

5. Tax related and other material approvals

(i) Our PAN is AAACY3846K.

(ii) The tax deduction account numbers obtained by our Company as per the cities where our business operations are conducted are as follows:

City	Registration Number
Aurangabad	NSKA05276F
Derabassi	PTLA15654C
Gurgaon	RTKA05332F
Hyderabad	HYDA09591B
Mumbai	MUMA31012C
Kolkata	CALA10882E
Tripura	SHLA04255G
Jabalpur	JBPA07218B
Ambala	RTKA03136A

(iii) Registration certificates issued under the relevant goods and service tax acts, and the professional tax acts of the respective states where our branches are located.

Our Company has obtained registrations under state specific tax laws such as the goods and services tax acts and various states VAT acts.

For details, see "*Risk Factors – Internal Risks – 42. Our business is manpower intensive. Our business may be adversely affected by work stoppages, increased wage demands by our employees, or increase in minimum wages across various states, and if we are unable to engage new employees at commercially attractive terms*" on page 69.

6. Material approvals applied for but not received

As of the date of this Prospectus, the following material approvals have been applied for and are yet to be received:

S No.	Description	Authority	Date of application
North-East Bottling, Meghalaya			
1.	Factory License	Department of Factories and Boilers	September 6, 2022
2.	NOC from Fire Department	Fire Safety Department	October 25, 2023
Sarthak			
3.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	February 27, 2024
4.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
Simbhaoli			
5.	CGWA	Ground Water Department, Government of Uttar Pradesh	March 27, 2023
ABD Kalyani			
6.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	February 13, 2024
7.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	
8.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
9.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	
Trikuta			
10.	Factory License	Department of Factories and Boilers	March 2, 2024
Rajarambapu Patil Sahakari, Maharashtra			
11.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	March 27, 2024
12.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	
13.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
14.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	
Batra Breweries, Purkhali			
15.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	December 12, 2023
16.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	December 12, 2023
17.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	December 12, 2023
18.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	December 12, 2023
Lokmangal Mauli Industries			
19.	Factory License	Department of Factories and Boilers	October 12, 2023
20.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	March 28, 2024
21.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	March 28, 2024
22.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	March 28, 2024
23.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	March 28, 2024

S No.	Description	Authority	Date of application
ABD Hooghly			
24.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	March 13, 2024
25.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	
26.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
27.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	
ABD Chhindwara			
28.	NOC from the Fire Department	Fire Department	September 21, 2021
ABD Derabassi			
29.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	March 11, 2024
30.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	
31.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
32.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	
ABD Aurangabad			
33.	Excise license- Compounding/blending	State Excise Department	March 29, 2024
34.	Excise license- Bottling	State Excise Department	
35.	Excise license- Storing FG	State Excise Department	
36.	Excise license- Sale of IMFL	State Excise Department	

7. Material approvals expired and yet to be renewed

As of the date of this Prospectus, the following material approvals have expired and are yet to be renewed:

S No.	Description	Authority
Lokmangal Mauli Industries		
1.	Fire NOC	Fire Department

8. Material approvals required but not obtained or applied for

As of the date of this Prospectus, the following material approvals are required but not obtained or applied for:

S No.	Description	Authority
Lokmangal Mauli Industries		
1.	ESIC	Employees' State Insurance Corporation
Devicolam Distilleries		
2.	NOC from the Fire Department	Fire Department
ABD Sri Krishna Enterprises		
3.	NOC from the Fire Department	Fire Department
Batra Breweries, Purkhali		

4.	Weights and Measures	Legal Metrology Department

9. Intellectual property rights

Our Company has 560 registered trademarks, including '*Officers Choice*' under various classes including our name and logo, 19 registered copyrights and 25 registered designs. Further, our Company has filed applications for 429 trademarks, which are pending registration at various stages. For details in relation to our Company's intellectual property rights, see "*Our Business – Intellectual Property*" on page 260.

OUR GROUP COMPANIES

In terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the term 'group companies', includes (i) such companies (other than promoter(s) and subsidiary(ies)) (if any) with which the issuer company had related party transactions during the period for which financial information is disclosed in the relevant offer document, as covered under applicable accounting standards, and (ii) any other companies considered "material" by our Board.

Accordingly, for the purposes of (i) above, all such companies (other than the Corporate Promoters and Subsidiaries) with which there were related party transactions during the periods covered in the Restated Consolidated Financial Information, as covered under the applicable accounting standards, shall be considered as Group Companies in terms of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

In addition, for the purposes of (ii) above, a company (other than the Corporate Promoters and the Subsidiaries and companies categorized under (i) above) shall be considered "material" and will be disclosed as a 'Group Company' in the Offer Documents if such companies (a) currently form part of the Promoter Group, and (b) entered into transaction(s) with the Company in the most recent financial year (or relevant sub period, if applicable), which individually or in the aggregate, exceed 5% of the total consolidated restated revenue from operations of the Company as per the most recent financial year as per the Restated Consolidated Financial Information.

Accordingly, on the basis of the Materiality Policy for identification of Group Companies, the following companies have been identified as our Group Companies ("**Group Companies**"):

1. Surji Agro Foods Private Limited
2. Tracstar Investments Private Limited
3. Surji Consultants (India) Private Limited
4. Marketing Incorporated Private Limited
5. Spiritus Private Limited
6. Starvoice Properties Private Limited
7. Power Brands Enterprises India Private Limited
8. Pitambari Properties Private Limited
9. Lalita Properties Private Limited
10. Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited
11. Ashoka Liquors Private Limited
12. Rayonyarns Import Company Private Limited
13. Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited
14. Woodpecker Investments Private Limited
15. ICONIQ Brands India Private Limited

Further, for the purposes of identification as group companies, ABD Dwellings Private Limited and Madanlal Estates Private Limited have not been considered as they both became subsidiaries of the Company on July 15, 2021 respectively**.**

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, certain financial information in relation to our Group Companies for the previous three financial years, extracted from their respective audited financial statements (as applicable) are available at the respective websites indicated below.

Our Company is providing links to such websites solely to comply with the requirements specified under the SEBI ICDR Regulations. None of our Company, the BRLMs or any of the Company's or the BRLMs' respective directors, employees, affiliates, associates, advisors, agents or representatives have verified the information available on the websites indicated below.

A. Details of our top 5 Group Companies*

1. Surji Agro Foods Private Limited ("SAFPL")

Corporate Information

The registered office of SAFPL is located at Poddar Point, 113 Park Street, B-Block, 8th Floor, Kolkata- 700016, West Bengal.

Financial Information

The financial information derived from the audited financial statements of SAFPL for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 are available at https://www.abdindia.com/investor-relations/financial-information/group-company-financials/.

2. Surji Consultants (India) Private Limited ("SCIPL")

Corporate Information

The registered office of SCIPL is located at Poddar Point, 113 Park Street, Block, 8th Floor, Kolkata- 700016, West Bengal.

Financial Information

The financial information derived from the audited financial statements of SCIPL for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 are available at https://www.abdindia.com/investor-relations/financial-information/group-company-financials/.

3. Woodpecker Investments Private Limited ("WIPL")

Corporate Information

The registered office of WIPL is located at 394 C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

Financial Information

The financial information derived from the audited financial statements of WIPL for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 are available at https://www.abdindia.com/investor-relations/financial-information/group-company-financials/.

4. Tracstar Investments Private Limited ("TIPL")

Corporate Information

The registered office of TIPL is located at 394-C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

Financial Information

The financial information derived from the audited financial statements of TIPL for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 are available at https://www.abdindia.com/investor-relations/financial-information/group-company-financials/.

5. Starvoice Properties Private Limited ("SPPL")

Corporate Information

The registered office of SPPL is located at 394-C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

Financial Information

The financial information derived from the audited financial statements of SPPL for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 are available at https://www.abdindia.com/investor-relations/financial-information/group-company-financials/.

**Surji Agro Foods Private Limited, Surji Consultants (India) Private Limited and Woodpecker Investments Private Limited have been identified on the basis of turnover for Financial Year ended March 31, 2023. While Tracstar Investments Private Limited and Starvoice Properties Private Limited have been identified on the basis of average of other income of last three Fiscals, i.e. Fiscal 2021, 2022 and 2023, since these companies did not have turnover for Financial Year ended March 31, 2023.*

B. Details of other Group Companies

1. **Spiritus Private Limited ("SPL")**

Corporate Information

The registered office of SPL is located at 113, Park Street Block, Kolkata- 700016, West Bengal.

2. **Marketing Incorporated Private Limited ("MIPL")**

Corporate Information

The registered office of MIPL is located at Poddar Point, 113 Park Street Block, 8th Floor, Kolkata- 700016, West Bengal.

3. **Pitambari Properties Private Limited ("PPPL")**

Corporate Information

The registered office of PPPL is located at 394-C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

4. **Lalita Properties Private Limited ("LPPL")**

Corporate Information

The registered office of LPPL is located at 394-C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

5. **Bhuneshwari Properties Private Limited ("BPPL")**

Corporate Information

The registered office of BPPL is located at 394 C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

6. **Ashoka Liquors Private Limited ("ALPL")**

Corporate Information

The registered office of ALPL is located at 394-C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

7. **Rayonyarns Import Company Private Limited ("RICPL")**

Corporate Information

The registered office of RICPL is located at Khetan Bhawan, 198 J, Tata Road, Mumbai- 400020, Maharashtra.

8. **Tracstar Distilleries Private Limited ("TDPL")**

Corporate Information

The registered office of TDPL is located at 394 C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

9. **Power Brands Enterprises India Private Limited ("PBEIPL")**

Corporate Information

The registered office of PBEIPL is located at 394-C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

10. **ICONIQ Brands India Private Limite**d ("**IBIPL**")

Corporate Information

The registered office of IBIPL is located at 394-C Lamington Chambers, Lamington Road, Mumbai- 400004, Maharashtra.

C. Litigation

Our Group Companies are not party to any litigation which may have material impact on our Company.

D. Common pursuits between our Group Companies and our Company

Except for IBIPL, ALPL, PBEIPL and TDPL, none of our Group Company have common pursuits similar to that of our Company. For further details, see "*Financial Information - Restated Financial Statements - Notes to Restated Financial Statements- Note 46- Related party disclosures, as per IND AS 24*" at page 399. While ALPL and PBEIPL, have certain common objects as that of our Company, they are not engaged in any active business. We shall adopt necessary procedures and practices as permitted by law to address any instances of conflict of interest, if and when they may arise.

E. Related business transactions within our Group Companies and significance on the financial performance of the Company

Other than the transactions disclosed in the section "*Financial Information*" and "*Summary of the Offer Document - Summary of Related Party Transactions*" beginning on pages 340 and 21, there are no other related business transactions between the Group Companies and our Company.

F. Business interests of our Group Companies in our Company

Except as disclosed in the section "*Financial Information - Restated Consolidated Financial Information - Notes to Restated Consolidated Financial Information - Note 46- Related party disclosures, as per IND AS 24*" and *"History and Certain Corporate Matters – Other agreements - Trademark License Agreement dated August 5, 2022, read with the addendums dated September 28, 2022, December 20, 2022, June 9, 2023, July 3, 2023, November 2, 2023 and April 5, 2024entered into between ICONIQ Brands India Private Limited ("ICONIQ") and our Company ("ICONIQ Trademark Agreement")"* at page 399 and 287, our Group Companies do not have or propose to have any business interest in our Company.

G. Nature and extent of interest of our Group Companies

a) In the promotion of our Company

Our Group Companies do not have any interest in the promotion of our Company.

b) In the properties acquired by our Company in the past three years prior to filing this Draft Red Herring Prospectus or proposed to be acquired by it.

Our Group Companies are not interested in the properties acquired by our Company in the past three years preceding the filing of this Prospectus or proposed to be acquired by our Company.

c) In transactions for acquisition of land, construction of building and supply of machinery

Our Group Companies are not interested in any transactions for acquisition of land, construction of building or supply of machinery with our Company.

H. Other Confirmations

The equity shares of our Group Companies are not listed on any stock exchange. Our Group Companies have not made any public or rights issue (as defined under the SEBI ICDR Regulations) of securities in the three years preceding the date of this Prospectus. For further details, please see the section "*Other Regulatory and Statutory Disclosures- Capital issue during the previous three years by the listed subsidiaries, group companies or associates of our Company*" beginning on page 524.

None of the securities of our Group Companies have been refused listing by any stock exchange in India or abroad during last ten years, nor have our Group Companies failed to meet the listing requirements of any stock exchange in India or abroad.

Except as disclosed below, there are no material existing or anticipated transactions in relation to the utilisation of the Offer Proceeds or project cost with our Group Companies:

By way of the supplemental mortgage deed dated September 19, 2019, ALPL has mortgaged certain immovable properties in favour of Aditya Birla Finance Limited ("**ABFL**"), as security for the loan availed by our Company from ABFL and which is proposed to be repaid using the proceeds of the Offer. Further, TDPL has: (i) mortgaged certain immovable properties in favour of Axis Bank Limited, South Indian Bank, Yes Bank Limited, Standard Chartered Bank, State Bank of India, Saraswat Bank and other lender(s) (collectively, "**Lenders**") by way of the memorandum of entry for deposit of title deeds and recording equitable mortgage dated May 9, 2019, and (ii) provided corporate guarantee in favour of these Lenders, as security for the loan availed by our Company from these Lenders and a portion of which is proposed to be repaid using the proceeds of the Offer.

There is no conflict of interest between the suppliers of raw materials and third-party service providers (crucial for operations of our Company) and our Group Companies and their directors.

Further, there is no conflict of interest between the lessors of immovable properties (crucial for operations of our Company) and our Group Companies and their directors.

OTHER REGULATORY AND STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

Authority for the Offer

Corporate Approvals

- Our Board of Directors has authorised the Offer pursuant to a resolution dated January 11, 2024. Our Board has also taken the consents received from the Selling Shareholders dated January 13, 2024 and June 3, 2024 on record by way of its resolutions dated January 15, 2024 and June 8, 2024, respectively.

- Our Shareholders have approved and authorised the Fresh Issue by way of a special resolution dated January 12, 2024.

- Our Board has approved the Draft Red Herring Prospectus for filing with SEBI and the Stock Exchanges by way of a resolution dated January 15, 2024.

- Our Board has approved the Red Herring Prospectus for filing with the RoC, SEBI and the Stock Exchanges by way of a resolution dated June 18, 2024.

- Our Board had approved this Prospectus for filing with the RoC, SEBI, and the Stock Exchanges by way of a resolution dated June 27, 2024.

Authorisation by the Selling Shareholders

The Selling Shareholders have, severally and not jointly, confirmed and approved their participation in the Offer for Sale in relation to their respective portion of Offered Shares as follows:

Sr. no.	Name of Selling Shareholder	Number of Equity Shares offered in the Offer for Sale / Amount	Date of consent letters
1.	Bina Kishore Chhabria	13,345,195 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹3,750 million*	January 13, 2024 and June 3, 2024
2.	Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev	4,448,398 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, aggregating to ₹1,250 million*	January 13, 2024 and June 3, 2024

**Subject to finalization of Basis of Allotment.*

For details, see "*The Offer*" on page 102.

In-principle Listing Approvals

Our Company has received in-principle approvals from BSE and NSE for the listing of our Equity Shares pursuant to letters, each dated March 28, 2024, respectively.

Prohibition by SEBI or other Governmental Authorities

Our Company, our Selling Shareholders, our Promoters, our Directors, the members of the Promoter Group and the persons in control of our Company and persons in control of our Promoters, have not been prohibited from accessing the capital markets and have not been debarred from buying, selling or dealing in securities under any order or direction passed by SEBI or any securities market regulator in any jurisdiction or any other authority/court.

None of the companies with which our Promoters and Directors are associated with as promoters, directors or persons in control have been debarred from accessing capital markets under any order or direction passed by SEBI or any other authorities.

Our Company, Promoters, Selling Shareholders or Directors have not been declared as Wilful Defaulters or Fraudulent Borrowers by any bank or financial institution or consortium thereof in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters or fraudulent borrowers issued by the RBI.

Our Promoters or Directors have not been declared as fugitive economic offenders under section 12 of the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018.

There are no outstanding warrants, options or rights to convert debentures, loans or other instruments convertible into, or which would entitle any person any option to receive Equity Shares, as on the date of this Prospectus.

Compliance with the Companies (Significant Beneficial Owners) Rules, 2018

Our Company, our Promoters and the members of the Promoter Group and the Selling Shareholders (to the extent applicable), severally and not jointly, confirm that they are in compliance with the Companies (Significant Beneficial Owners) Rules, 2018, to the extent in force and applicable.

Directors associated with the securities market in any manner

None of our Directors are associated with the securities market.

There have been no outstanding actions initiated by SEBI against any of our Directors in the five years preceding the date of this Prospectus.

Eligibility for the Offer

Our Company is eligible for the Offer in accordance with Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, as disclosed below.

- Our Company has net tangible assets of at least ₹ 30 million, calculated on a restated consolidated basis, in each of the preceding three full years (of 12 months each), of which not more than 50% of the net tangible assets are held as monetary assets.

- Our Company has an average operating profit of at least ₹ 150 million, calculated on a restated consolidated basis, during the preceding three years (of 12 months each), with operating profit in each of these preceding three years.

- Our Company has a net worth of at least ₹ 10 million in each of the preceding three full years (of 12 months each), calculated on a restated consolidated basis.

- Our Company has not changed its name in the last one year other than for deletion of the word "private" consequent to the conversion from a private limited company to a public limited company.

Our Company's net tangible assets, monetary assets, monetary assets as a percentage of the net tangible assets, operating profit and net worth derived from the Restated Consolidated Financial Information included in this Prospectus as at, and for the three immediately preceding Financial Years are disclosed below.

Derived from the Restated Consolidated Financial Information

(*₹ in million*)

Particulars	**As at**		
	31 March 2023	**31 March 2022**	**31 March 2021**
Net tangible assets (a)	2,125.14	2,071.48	1,825.18
operating profits (b)	1,298.49	1.376.70	1,352.19
Net worth (c)	4,060.99	4,040.98	3,817.82
Monetary assets (d)	282.81	196.70	434.89
Monetary assets, as a % of net tangible assets (d) / (a)	**13.31%**	**9.50%**	**23.83%**

a. *"Net tangible assets" have been computed as: sum of total assets reduced by total liabilities (excluding lease liabilities) to arrive at net assets. Net assets is reduced by intangible assets, intangible assets under development, right to use asset, goodwill and deferred tax assets (net) to arrive at net tangible assets*
b. *"Operating profit" is defined as profit before finance costs, other income and tax expense*
c. *"Net worth" means the aggregate value of the paid-up share capital and all reserves created out of the profits and securities premium account and debit or credit balance of statement of profit and loss, after deducting the aggregate value of the accumulated losses, deferred expenditure and miscellaneous expenditure not written off, as per the Restated Consolidated Financial Information, but does not include reserves created out of revaluation of assets, write-back of depreciation and amalgamation.*
d. *"Monetary assets" represent the sum of cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, deposits with banks/NBFC (excluding lien) and investments in mutual funds.*

We are currently eligible to undertake the Offer as per Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR read with Regulations 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. Accordingly, in terms of Regulation 32(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations we were required to allocate: (i) not more than 50% of the Net Offer to QIBs, 5% of which was allocated to Mutual Funds exclusively; (ii) not less than 15% of the Net Offer to Non-Institutional Bidders; and (iii) not less than 35% of the Net Offer to RIBs, subject to valid Bids having been received at or above the Offer Price. In the event we fail to do so, the full application money shall be refunded to the Bidders.

Each of the Selling Shareholders has, severally and not jointly, confirmed that it had held its respective portion of Offered Shares in accordance with applicable law, and that it is in compliance with Regulation 8 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations and are eligible for being offered in the Offer for Sale.

Further, in accordance with the conditions specified in Regulation 49(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, our Company has ensured that the number of Allottees in the Offer was not less than 1,000 failing which the entire application monies shall be refunded forthwith, in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations and other applicable laws.

Our Company confirms that it is in compliance with the conditions specified in Regulation 7(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, to the extent applicable, and will ensure compliance with the conditions specified in Regulation 7(2) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, to the extent applicable.

Further, our Company confirms that it was not ineligible to undertake the Offer, in terms of Regulations 5 and 7(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, to the extent applicable.

The details of compliance with Regulations 5 and 7(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations are as follows:

(a) None of our Company, our Selling Shareholders, our Promoters, members of our Promoter Group or our Directors are debarred from accessing the capital markets by the SEBI.

(b) None of our Promoters or Directors are promoters or directors of companies which are debarred from accessing the capital markets by the SEBI.

(c) None of our Company, our Promoters or Directors is a Wilful Defaulter or a Fraudulent Borrower (as defined in the SEBI ICDR Regulations).

(d) None of our Company, our Promoters or Directors have been declared as 'fraudulent borrowers' by the leading banks or financial institution or consortium, in terms of the RBI master circular dated July 1, 2016.

(e) None of our Promoters or Directors has been declared a fugitive economic offender (in accordance with Section 12 of the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018).

(f) There are no convertible securities, including any outstanding warrants, options or rights to convert debentures, loans or other instruments convertible into, or which would entitle any person any option to receive Equity Shares, as on the date of this Prospectus.

(g) There is no requirement for us to make firm arrangements of finance under Regulation 7(1)(e) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations through verifiable means towards 75% of the stated means of finance.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF SEBI

IT IS TO BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT SUBMISSION OF THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS TO SEBI SHOULD NOT, IN ANY WAY, BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THE SAME HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY SEBI. SEBI DOES NOT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY EITHER FOR THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF ANY SCHEME OR THE PROJECT FOR WHICH THE OFFER IS PROPOSED TO BE MADE OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF THE STATEMENTS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS. THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS, ICICI SECURITIES LIMITED, NUVAMA WEALTH MANAGEMENT LIMITED (*FORMERLY KNOWN AS EDELWEISS SECURITIES LIMITED*) AND ITI CAPITAL LIMITED (*A PART OF THE INVESTMENT TRUST OF INDIA LIMITED GROUP*) CERTIFIED THAT THE DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS ARE GENERALLY ADEQUATE AND ARE IN CONFORMITY WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2018. THIS REQUIREMENT IS TO FACILITATE INVESTORS TO TAKE AN INFORMED DECISION FOR MAKING AN INVESTMENT IN THE PROPOSED OFFER.

IT SHOULD ALSO BE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD THAT WHILE THE COMPANY IS PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CORRECTNESS, ADEQUACY AND DISCLOSURE OF ALL RELEVANT INFORMATION IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS, THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS ARE EXPECTED TO EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE TO ENSURE THAT THE COMPANY DISCHARGES ITS RESPONSIBILITY ADEQUATELY IN THIS BEHALF AND TOWARDS THIS PURPOSE, THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS HAVE FURNISHED TO SEBI, A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE DATED JANUARY 15, 2024 IN THE FORMAT PRESCRIBED UNDER SCHEDULE V(A) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2018.

THE FILING OF THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS DOES NOT, HOWEVER, ABSOLVE OUR COMPANY FROM ANY LIABILITIES UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 OR FROM THE REQUIREMENT OF OBTAINING SUCH STATUTORY AND/OR OTHER CLEARANCES AS MAY BE REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE PROPOSED OFFER. SEBI FURTHER RESERVES THE RIGHT TO TAKE UP, AT ANY POINT OF TIME, WITH THE BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS, ANY IRREGULARITIES OR LAPSES IN THE DRAFT RED HERRING PROSPECTUS.

All legal requirements pertaining to the Offer will be complied with at the time of filing of this Prospectus with the Registrar of Companies in terms of sections 26, 32, 33(1) and 33(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Disclaimer from our Company, our Directors, our Promoters, the Selling Shareholders and the BRLMs

Our Company, our Directors, the Promoters, the Selling Shareholders and the BRLMs accept no responsibility for statements made otherwise than in this Prospectus or in the advertisements or any other material issued by or at our Company's instance and anyone placing reliance on any other source of information, including our Company's website www.abdindia.com or the respective website of any of our Subsidiaries or Group Companies or members of the Promoter Group and affiliates (each as applicable) would be doing so at his or her own risk. The Selling Shareholders, their respective directors, affiliates, associates, and officers, as applicable, accept no responsibility for any statements made in this Prospectus other than those statements or undertakings specifically made or confirmed by such Selling Shareholders in relation to themselves and their respective portion of the Offered Shares.

The Book Running Lead Managers accept no responsibility, save to the limited extent as provided in the Offer Agreement and as will be provided for in the Underwriting Agreement.

For helpline details of the Book Running Lead Managers pursuant to the SEBI circular bearing number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL-2/OW/P/2021/2481/1/M dated March 16, 2021, see "*General Information – Book Running Lead Managers*" on page 114.

All information was made and shall be made available by our Company, Selling Shareholders and the BRLMs to the Bidders and the public at large and no selective or additional information was or would be available for a section of

the investors in any manner whatsoever, including at road show presentations, in research or sales reports, at Bidding Centres or elsewhere.

Bidders were required to confirm and have been deemed to have represented to our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Underwriters and each of their respective directors, partners, designated partners, officers, agents, affiliates, and representatives that they are eligible under all applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the Equity Shares and will not issue, sell, pledge, or transfer the Equity Shares to any person who is not eligible under any applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the Equity Shares. Our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Underwriters and each of their respective directors, partners, designated partners, officers, agents, affiliates, and representatives accept no responsibility or liability for advising any investor on whether such investor is eligible to acquire the Equity Shares.

The BRLMs and their respective associates and affiliates may engage in transactions with, and perform services for, our Company, its Subsidiaries, the Selling Shareholders and its respective group companies, affiliates or associates or third parties in the ordinary course of business and have engaged, or may in the future engage, in commercial banking and investment banking transactions with our Company, its Subsidiaries, the Selling Shareholders, their respective group companies, affiliates or associates or third parties, for which they have received, and may in the future receive, compensation.

Disclaimer in respect of Jurisdiction

Any dispute arising out of the Offer will be subject to the jurisdiction of appropriate court(s) in Mumbai, Maharashtra, India only.

The Offer was being made in India to persons resident in India (who were competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, as amended, including Indian nationals resident in India, HUFs, companies, other corporate bodies and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised to invest in shares, domestic Mutual Funds registered with the SEBI, Indian financial institutions, commercial banks, regional rural banks, co-operative banks (subject to RBI permission), or trusts under applicable trust law and who were authorised under their constitution to hold and invest in equity shares, multilateral and bilateral development financial institutions, state industrial development corporations, insurance companies registered with IRDAI, provident funds (subject to applicable law) and pension funds, National Investment Fund, insurance funds set up and managed by army, navy or air force of Union of India, insurance funds set up and managed by the Department of Posts, GoI, NBFC-SIs and permitted Non-Residents including FPIs and Eligible NRIs, AIFs, FVCIs (under Schedule I of the FEMA Non-debt Instruments Rules), and other eligible foreign investors, if any, provided that they were eligible under all applicable laws and regulations to subscribe or purchase the Equity Shares.

The Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or an invitation to subscribe to or purchase the Equity Shares in the Offer in any jurisdiction, including India. Invitations to subscribe to or purchase the Equity Shares in the Offer will be made only pursuant to the Red Herring Prospectus if the recipient is in India or the preliminary offering memorandum for the Offer, which comprised the Red Herring Prospectus and the preliminary international wrap for the Offer, if the recipient was outside India. Any person who possesses the Red Herring Prospectus is required to keep themselves informed and observe and comply with to the extent applicable, any restrictions under the applicable legal requirements of any jurisdiction. **No person outside India is eligible to bid for Equity Shares in the Offer unless that person had received the preliminary offering memorandum for the Offer, which contained the selling restrictions for the Offer outside India.**

No action has been, or will be taken to permit a public offering in any jurisdiction where action would be required for that purpose, except that this Prospectus has been filed with SEBI for its observations. Accordingly, the Equity Shares represented hereby may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and this Prospectus may not be distributed, in any jurisdiction, except in accordance with the legal requirements applicable in such jurisdiction. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus, nor any offer or sale hereunder, shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in our affairs from the date hereof or that the information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to this date. Bidders are advised to ensure that any Bid from them does not exceed investment limits or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law.

Eligibility and Transfer Restrictions

The Equity Shares offered in the Offer have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act or any state securities laws in the United States, and may not be offered or sold within the United States, except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act and applicable state securities laws in the United States. Accordingly, the Equity Shares are being offered and sold outside the United States in offshore transactions in compliance with Regulation S and the applicable laws of the jurisdiction where those offers and sales are made.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and Bids may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction.

Until the expiry of 40 days after the commencement of this Offer, an offer or sale of Equity Shares within the United States by a dealer (whether or not it is participating in this Offer) may violate the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act if such an offer for sale is made otherwise than in compliance with the available exemptions from registration under the U.S. Securities Act.

Bidders were advised to ensure that any Bid from them does not exceed investment limits or the maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law. Further, each Bidder where required must agree in the Allotment Advice that such Bidder will not sell or transfer any Equity Shares or any economic interest therein, including any off-shore derivative instruments, such as participatory notes, issued against the Equity Shares or any similar security, other than in accordance with applicable laws.

Bidders were advised to ensure that any Bid from them does not exceed investment limits or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law.

Further, each Bidder where required have agreed in the Allotment Advice that such Bidder will not sell or transfer any Equity Shares or any economic interest therein, including any off-shore derivative instruments, such as participatory notes, issued against the Equity Shares or any similar security, other than in accordance with applicable laws.

Disclaimer Clause of BSE

As required, a copy of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus was submitted to BSE. The disclaimer clause as intimated by BSE is as follows:

"BSE Limited ("the Exchange") has given vide its letter dated March 28, 2024, permission to this Company to use the Exchange's name in this offer document as one of the stock exchanges on which this company's securities are proposed to be listed. The Exchange has scrutinized this offer document for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to this Company. The Exchange does not in any manner: -

a) warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this offer document; or

b) warrant that this Company's securities will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; or

c) take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of this Company, its promoters, its management or any scheme or project of this Company.

and it should not for any reason be deemed or construed that this offer document has been cleared or approved by the Exchange. Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquires any securities of this Company may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription/acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or for any other reason whatsoever"

Disclaimer Clause of NSE

As required, a copy of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus was submitted to NSE. The disclaimer clause as intimated by NSE is as follows:

"*As required, a copy of this Offer Document has been submitted to National Stock Exchange of India Limited (hereinafter referred to as NSE). NSE has given vide its letter Ref.: NSE/LIST/3363 dated March 28, 2024, permission to the Issuer to use the Exchange's name in this Offer Document as one of the Stock Exchanges on which this Issuer's securities are proposed to be listed. The Exchange has scrutinized this draft offer document for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to this Issuer. It is to be distinctly understood that the aforesaid permission given by NSE should not in any way be deemed or construed that the offer document has been cleared or approved by NSE; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this offer document; nor does it warrant that this Issuer's securities will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of this Issuer, its promoters, its management or any scheme or project of this Issuer."*

Listing

The Equity Shares offered pursuant to the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus are proposed to be listed on BSE and NSE. NSE is the Designated Stock Exchange with which the Basis of Allotment will be finalised. Applications will be made to BSE and NSE for obtaining their permission for the listing and trading of the Equity Shares.

Our Company shall ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading of the Equity Shares at the Stock Exchanges are taken within three Working Days from the Bid/ Offer Closing Date or within such other period as may be prescribed. Each of the Selling Shareholders, severally and not jointly, confirms that it shall extend reasonable support and co-operation (to the extent of its portion of the Offered Shares) as required by law for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading of the Equity Shares at the Stock Exchanges within three Working Days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date, or within such other period as may be prescribed.

If our Company does not Allot the Equity Shares within two Working Days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date or within such timeline as prescribed by SEBI, all amounts received in the Public Offer Accounts will be transferred to the Refund Account and it shall be utilised to repay, without interest, all monies received from Bidders, failing which interest shall be due to be paid to the Bidders at the rate of 15% per annum for the delayed period, as prescribed under applicable law. For avoidance of doubt, no liability to make any payment of interest or expenses shall accrue to any Selling Shareholder unless the delay in making any of the payments/refund hereunder or the delay in obtaining listing or trading approvals or any other approvals in relation to the Offer is caused solely by, and is directly attributable to, an act or omission of such Selling Shareholder and to the extent of their portion of the Offered Shares.

Consents

Consents in writing of each of the Selling Shareholders, our Directors, our Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, our Statutory Auditor, the Independent Chartered Accountant, Independent Chartered Engineer, legal counsel to our Company as to Indian law, Banker to our Company, the Book Running Lead Managers, the Registrar to the Offer, and Technopak have been obtained; and consents in writing of the Syndicate Members, Public Offer Bank, Escrow Collection Bank Refund Bank and Sponsor Banks, and Monitoring Agency to act in their respective capacities, have been obtained and filed along with a copy of the Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC as required under the Companies Act. Further, consents received prior to filing of this Prospectus have not been withdrawn up to the time of delivery of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus with SEBI

Expert to the Offer

Except as stated below, our Company has not obtained any expert opinions:

Our Company has received written consent dated June 18, 2024 from Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants, to include their name as required under Section 26(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, in this Prospectus as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent and in their capacity as our Statutory Auditors and in respect of their (i) examination report dated May 14,

2024 on our Restated Consolidated Financial Information, and (ii) their report dated June 8, 2024 on the Statement of Possible Special Tax Benefits, available to the Company and the Shareholders, in this Prospectus and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Prospectus. However, the term "expert" shall not be construed to mean an "expert" as defined under the U.S. Securities Act.

In addition, our Company has received written consent dated June 18, 2024 from S D T & Co., Chartered Accountants, to include its name as an independent chartered accountant under Section 26 of the Companies Act and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act.

Our Company has received written consent dated June 18, 2024 from Sunil Bhor & Associates, Chartered Engineer to include his name as required under Section 26(5) of the Companies Act read with SEBI ICDR Regulations in this Prospectus as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act to the extent and in his capacity as independent chartered engineer in relation to her/his certificate dated June 18, 2024.

However, the term 'expert' shall not be construed to mean an 'expert' as defined under the U.S. Securities Act.

Particulars regarding public or rights issues by our Company during the last five years and performance *vis-à-vis* objects

Other than as disclosed in "*Capital Structure*" on page 123, our Company has not made any public or rights issues (as defined under the SEBI ICDR Regulations) during the five years preceding the date of this Prospectus.

Performance vis-à-vis objects – Last issue of subsidiaries and promoters

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Corporate Promoters and Subsidiaries are not listed.

Underwriting Commission, Brokerage and Selling Commission paid on previous issues of the Equity Shares in the last five years

Since this is the initial public issue of Equity Shares, no sum has been paid or is payable as commission or brokerage for subscribing to or procuring or agreeing to procure subscription for any of the Equity Shares in the five years preceding the date of this Prospectus.

Capital issue during the previous three years by our Company

Other than as disclosed in "*Capital Structure*" on page 123, our Company has not undertaken a capital issue in the last three years preceding the date of this Prospectus.

Capital issue during the previous three years by listed subsidiaries, group companies or associates of our Company

Our Company does not have any listed subsidiaries, group companies or associates, as on the date of this Prospectus.

Price information of past issues handled by the BRLMs

Price information disclosed below is as per the respective designated stock exchanges as disclosed by the respective issuers at the time of their respective issues.

A. ICICI Securities Limited

1. Price information of past issues handled by ICICI Securities Limited (during the current Fiscal and two Fiscals preceding the current financial year):

Sr. No.	Issue Name	Issue Size (Rs. Mn.)	Issue Price (Rs.)	Listing Date	Opening Price on Listing Date	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 30th calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 90th calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 180th calendar days from listing
1	Rashi Peripherals Limited^	6,000.00	311.00	14-Feb-24	335.00	-0.77% [+1.77%]	+1.06% [+1.33%]	NA*
2	Jana Small Finance Bank Limited^	5,699.98	414.00	14-Feb-24	396.00	-5.23% [+1.77%]	+50.70% [+1.33%]	NA*
3	Entero Healthcare Solutions Limited^	16,000.00	1,258.00(1)	16-Feb-24	1,149.50	-19.65% [+0.30%]	-19.84% [+0.77%]	NA*
4	Juniper Hotels Limited^^	18,000.00	360.00	28-Feb-24	365.00	+43.76% [+1.71%]	+21.22% [+4.47%]	NA*
5	Popular Vehicles and Services Limited^^	6,015.54	295.00	19-Mar-24	289.20	-15.59% [+1.51%]	-13.67% [+7.55%]	NA*
6	Bharti Hexacom Limited^	42,750.00	570.00	12-Apr-24	755.20	+58.25% [-2.13%]	NA*	NA*
7	JNK India Limited^^	6,494.74	415.00	30-Apr-24	621.00	+54.47% [+0.44%]	NA*	NA*
8	Aadhar Housing Finance Limited^^	30,000.00	315.00(2)	15-May-24	315.00	+25.56% [+5.40%]	NA*	NA*
9	Go Digit General Insurance Limited^^	26,146.46	272.00	23-May-24	286.00	+22.83% [+2.32%]	NA*	NA*
10	Awfis Space Solutions Limited^^	5,989.25	383.00(3)	30-May-24	435.00	NA*	NA*	NA*

**Data not available*
^BSE as designated stock exchange
^^NSE as designated stock exchange

(1) Discount of Rs. 119 per equity share offered to eligible employees. All calculations are based on Issue Price of Rs. 1,258.00 per equity share
(2) Discount of Rs. 23 per equity share offered to eligible employees. All calculations are based on Issue Price of Rs. 315.00 per equity share
(3) Discount of Rs. 36 per equity share offered to eligible employees. All calculations are based on Issue Price of Rs. 383.00 per equity share

2. Summary statement of price information of past issues handled by ICICI Securities Limited:

Financial Year	Total no. of IPOs	Total amount of funds raised (Rs. Mn.)	No. of IPOs trading at discount - 30th calendar days from listing			No. of IPOs trading at premium - 30th calendar days from listing			No. of IPOs trading at discount - 180th calendar days from listing			No. of IPOs trading at premium - 180th calendar days from listing		
			Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%
2024-25*	5	1,11,380.45	-	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
2023-24	28	2,70,174.98	-	-	8	5	8	7	-	1	2	9	3	5
2022-23	9	2,95,341.82	-	1	3	-	3	2	-	1	1	-	5	2

* This data covers issues up to YTD

Notes:

1. Data is sourced either from www.nseindia.com or www.bseindia.com, as per the designated stock exchange disclosed by the respective Issuer Company.
2. Similarly, benchmark index considered is "NIFTY 50" where NSE is the designated stock exchange and "S&P BSE SENSEX" where BSE is the designated stock exchange, as disclosed by the respective Issuer Company.
3. 30th, 90th, 180th calendar day from listed day have been taken as listing day plus 29, 89 and 179 calendar days, except wherever 30th, 90th, 180th calendar day is a holiday, in which case we have considered the closing data of the previous trading day.

B. Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (*formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited*)

1. Price information of past issues handled by Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (*formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited*) (during the current Fiscal and two Fiscals preceding the current financial year):

S. No.	**Issue Name	Issue Size (₹ million) #	Issue price (₹)	Listing Date	Opening Price on Listing Date (in ₹)	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 30th calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 90th calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 180th calendar days from listing
1.	Go Digit General Insurance Limited	26,146.46	272.00	May 23, 2024	286.00	22.83% [2.32%]	NA	NA
2.	Popular Vehicles and Services Limited	6,015.54	295.00#	March 19, 2024	289.20	-15.59% [1.51%]	-13.67% [7.55%]	NA
3.	Capital Small Finance Bank Limited	5,230.70	468.00	February 14, 2024	435.00	-25.25% [1.77%]	-26.09% [1.33%]	NA
4.	Mediassist Healthcare Services Limited	11,715.77	418.00	January 23, 2024	465.00	22.32% [3.20%]	15.66% [3.86%]	NA
5.	Flair Writing Industries Limited	5,930.00	304.00	December 01, 2023	501.00	14.69% [7.22%]	-8.63% [8.31%]	1.12%[12.93%]
6.	Gandhar Oil Refinery (India) Limited	5,006.92	169.00	November 30, 2023	298.00	61.51% [7.94%]	41.57% [10.26%]	22.99% [13.90%]
7.	ESAF Small Finance Bank Limited	4,630.00	60.00^	November 10, 2023	71.90	12.87% [7.58%]	31.18% [11.17%]	0.77% [13.26%]
8.	Sai Silks (Kalamandir) Limited	12,009.98	222.00	September 27, 2023	230.10	8.09% [-4.49%]	25.09% [7.54%]	-12.30% [10.15%]
9.	Jupiter Life Line Hospitals Limited	8,690.76	735.00	September 18, 2023	973.00	42.27% [-1.60%]	56.54% [6.57%]	51.67% [9.39%]
10.	TVS Supply Chain Solutions Limited	8,800.00	197.00	August 23, 2023	207.05	8.71% [1.53%]	6.57% [1.29%]	-7.46% [13.35%]

Source: www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com

#Popular Vehicles and Services Limited- A discount of ₹ 28 per equity share was offered to eligible employees bidding in the employee reservation portion. All calculations are based on the offer price of ₹295 per equity share

^ESAF Small Finance Bank Limited- A discount of ₹ 5 per equity share was offered to eligible employees bidding in the employee reservation portion. All calculations are based on the offer price of ₹60

per equity share.
#As per Prospectus
***Pursuant to order passed by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench dated April 27, 2023, the merchant banking business of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("Edelweiss") has demerged and now transferred to Nuvama Wealth Management Limited ("Nuvama") and therefore the said merchant banking business is part of Nuvama.*

Notes

1. *Based on date of listing.*
2. *% of change in closing price on 30th / 90th / 180th calendar day from listing day is calculated vs issue price. % change in closing benchmark index is calculated based on closing index on listing day vs closing index on 30th/ 90th / 180th calendar day from listing day.*
3. *Wherever 30th/ 90th / 180th calendar day from listing day is a holiday, the closing data of the previous trading day has been considered.*
4. *Designated Stock Exchange as disclosed by the respective Issuer at the time of the issue has been considered for disclosing the price information and benchmark index.*
5. *Not Applicable. – Period not completed*
6. *Disclosure in Table-1 restricted to 10 issues.*

2. Summary statement of price information of past issues handled by Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (*formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited*):

Fiscal Year	Total no. of IPOs	Total amount of funds raised (₹ Mn.)#	No. of IPOs trading at discount - 30th calendar days from listing			No. of IPOs trading at premium - 30th calendar days from listing			No. of IPOs trading at discount - 180th calendar days from listing			No. of IPOs trading at premium - 180th calendar days from listing		
			Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%
2024-25	1	26,146.46	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
2023-24*	9	68,029.67	-	1	1	1	1	5	-	-	2	1	-	3
2022-23	3	28,334.49	-	**1**	-	-	1	1	-	**1**	**1**	-	-	**1**

The information is as on the date of the document

1. *Based on date of listing.*
2. *Wherever 30th and 180th calendar day from listing day is a holiday, the closing data of the previous trading day has been considered.*
3. *Designated Stock Exchange as disclosed by the respective Issuer at the time of the issue has been considered for disclosing the price information and benchmark index.*

**For the financial year 2023-24, 9 issues have completed 30 calendar days, 9 issues have completed 90 calendar days and 6 issues have completed 180 calendar days.*

#As per Prospectus

C. ITI Capital Limited (*A part of The Investment Trust of India Limited Group*)

1. Price information of past issues handled by ITI Capital Limited (*A part of The Investment Trust of India Limited Group*) (during the current Fiscal and two Fiscals preceding the current financial year):

Sr. No.	Issue Name	Issue Size (Cr)	Issue Price (₹)	Listing date	Opening price on listing date (₹)	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 30th calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 90th calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 180th calendar days from listing
1	Suraj Estate Developers Limited	400.00	360	December 26, 2023	340.00	-8.46% [-0.89%]	-23.88% [-0.89%]	
2	Hariom Pipe Industries Limited	130.05	153.00	April 13, 2022	214.00	+26.54% [- 9.51]%	+35.95% [7.63%]	+84.97% [-0.60%]

Source: www.bseindia.com

Notes:

1. *In the event, any day falls on a holiday, the price/ index of the immediately preceding working day has been considered.*
2. *The prices are according to trades on BSE and S&P BSE Sensex.*
3. *% of change in closing price on 30th / 90th / 180th calendar day from listing day is calculated vs Issue price. % change in closing benchmark index is calculated based on closing index on listing day vs closing index on 30th / 90th / 180th calendar day from listing day.*
4. *Since 180 calendar days, as applicable, from listing date has not elapsed for one of the above issue, data for same is not available.*

2. Summary statement of price information of past issues handled by ITI Capital Limited (*A part of The Investment Trust of India Limited Group*):

Fiscal	Total no. of IPOs	Total Funds Raised (₹in Crores)	Nos. of IPOs trading at discount as on 30th calendar day from listing day			Nos. of IPOs trading at premium as on 30th calendar day from listing day			Nos. of IPOs trading at discount as on 180th calendar day from listing day			Nos. of IPOs trading at premium as on 180th calendar day from listing day		
			Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%
2023-24	1	400.00	-	-	1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2022-23	1	130.05	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
2021-22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

** The information is as on the date of the document*

The information for each of the financial years is based on issues listed during such financial year.

Note: Since 180 calendar days, as applicable, from listing date has not elapsed for one of the above issues, data for same is not available.

Track record of past issues handled by the BRLMs

For details regarding the track record of the Book Running Lead Managers, as specified in circular reference CIR/MIRSD/1/2012 dated January 10, 2012 issued by SEBI, along with helpline details of the BRLMs pursuant to the SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021, see the websites of the Book Running Lead Managers, as set forth in the table below:

S. No	Name of the BRLM	Website
1.	ICICI Securities Limited	www.icicisecurities.com
2.	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (*formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited*)	www.nuvama.com
3.	ITI Capital Limited (*A part of The Investment Trust of India Limited Group*)	www.iticapital.in

For further details in relation to the BRLMs, see "*General Information – Book Running Lead Managers*" on page 114.

Stock Market Data of Equity Shares

This being an initial public offer of the Equity Shares of our Company, the Equity Shares are not listed on any stock exchange and accordingly, no stock market data is available for the Equity Shares.

Mechanism for Redressal of Investor Grievances

The Registrar Agreement provides for the retention of records with the Registrar to the Offer for a period of at least eight years from the date of listing and commencement of trading of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges, to enable the investors to approach the Registrar to the Offer for redressal of their grievances.

All grievances in relation to the Bidding process were required to be addressed to the Registrar to the Offer with a copy to the relevant Designated Intermediary to whom the Bid cum Application Form was submitted. The Bidder was require to give full details such as name of the sole or first Bidder, Bid cum Application Form number, Bidder DP ID, UPI ID, Client ID, PAN, date of the submission of Bid cum Application Form, address of the Bidder, number of the Equity Shares applied for and the name and address of the Designated Intermediary where the Bid cum Application Form was submitted by the Bidder. Anchor Investors were required to address all grievances in relation to the Offer to the BRLMs. Further, the Bidder were required to also enclose a copy of the Acknowledgment Slip duly received from the concerned Designated Intermediary in addition to the information mentioned hereinabove.

The Registrar to the Offer was required to obtain the required information from the SCSBs and Sponsor Bank for addressing any clarifications or grievances of ASBA Bidders. Our Company, the BRLMs and the Registrar to the Offer accept no responsibility for errors, omissions, commission or any acts of SCSBs including any defaults in complying with its obligations under applicable SEBI ICDR Regulations. Bidders can contact our Company Secretary and Compliance Officer or the Registrar to the Offer in case of any pre-Offer or post-Offer related problems such as non-receipt of letters of Allotment, non-credit of allotted Equity Shares in the respective beneficiary account, non-receipt of refund intimations and non-receipt of funds by electronic mode and ASBA Account number (for Bidders other than UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism) in which the a mount equivalent to the Bid Amount was blocked or the UPI ID in case of UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism. The Registrar to the Offer was required to obtain the required information from the SCSBs for addressing any clarifications or grievances of ASBA Bidders.

In terms of the SEBI Master Circular, the Refund Circulars and subject to applicable law, any ASBA Bidder whose Bid has not been considered for Allotment, due to failure on the part of any SCSB, shall have the option to seek redressal of the same by the concerned SCSB within three months of the date of listing of the Equity Shares. SCSBs are required to resolve these complaints within 15 days, failing which the concerned SCSB would have to pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum for any delay beyond this period of 15 days. Further, the investors shall be compensated by the SCSBs in accordance with SEBI circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021 as amended pursuant to SEBI circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021, SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022, and SEBI Circular no.

SEBI/HO/OIAE/IGRD/P/CIR/2022/0150 dated November 7, 2022, in the events of delayed unblock for cancelled/withdrawn/deleted applications, blocking of multiple amounts for the same UPI application, blocking of more amount than the application amount, delayed unblocking of amounts for non-allotted/partially-allotted applications, for the stipulated period. In an event there is a delay in redressal of the investor grievance in relation to unblocking of amounts, the BRLMs shall compensate the investors at the rate higher of ₹ 100 or 15% per annum of the application amount for the period of such delay.

Our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the BRLMs and the Registrar to the Offer accept no responsibility for errors, omissions, commission or any act of the SCSBs, including any default in complying with their obligations under the applicable SEBI ICDR Regulations

Anchor Investors are required to address all grievances in relation to the Offer to the BRLMs.

Further, the Bidder were also required to enclose a copy of the Acknowledgment Slip duly received from the concerned Designated Intermediary in addition to the information mentioned hereinabove.

Our Company has received three investor complaints during the period of three years preceding the date of this Prospectus, to which our Company and the BRLMs have responded, hence no investor complaint in relation to our Company was pending as on the date of filing of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus, nor is any investor complaint in relation to our Company pending as on the date of filing of this Prospectus.

We confirm that there is no financial impact on our Company of the aforementioned investor complaints.

Disposal of Investor Grievances by our Company

Our Company has obtained authentication on the SCORES in compliance with the SEBI circular (CIR/OIAE/1/2013) dated April 17, 2013 read with the SEBI circular SEBI/HO/OIAE/IGRD/P/CIR/2022/0150 dated November 7, 2022, in relation to redressal of investor grievances through SCORES.

Investors can contact the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, the BRLMs or the Registrar to the Offer in case of any pre-Offer or post-Offer related problems such as non-receipt of letters of Allotment, non-credit of Allotted Equity Shares in the respective beneficiary account, non-receipt of refund orders or non-receipt of funds by electronic mode, etc.

Our Company has also constituted a Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, to review and redress the shareholders and investor grievances such as transfer of Equity Shares, non-recovery of balance payments, declared dividends, approve subdivision, consolidation, transfer and issue of duplicate shares. For details of our Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, please see "*Our Management – Committees of our Board*" beginning on page 310.

Our Company has also appointed Ritesh Ramniklal Shah, Company Secretary of our Company, as the Compliance Officer for the Offer. For details, "*General Information – Company Secretary and Compliance Officer*" beginning on page 113

Our Company estimates that the average time required by our Company or the Registrar to the Offer or the relevant Designated Intermediary, for the redressal of routine investor grievances shall be 10 Working Days from the date of receipt of the complaint. In case of non-routine complaints and complaints where external agencies are involved, our Company will seek to redress these complaints as expeditiously as possible.

Exemption from complying with any provisions of securities laws granted by SEBI

Our Company has not made any application for, and has not received any exemption from complying with any provisions of securities laws, from SEBI.

Other confirmations

No person connected with the Offer, except for fees or commission for services rendered in relation to the Offer, shall offer any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in any manner, whether in cash or kind or services or otherwise to any Bidder for making a Bid.

SECTION VII: OFFER INFORMATION

TERMS OF THE OFFER

The Equity Shares being issued, offered, Allotted and transferred pursuant to the Offer shall be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the SEBI Listing Regulations, the SCRA, the SCRR, the Memorandum of Association, the Articles of Association, the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus, this Prospectus, the Abridged Prospectus, the Bid cum Application Form, the Revision Form, any other terms and conditions as may be incorporated in the CAN, Allotment Advice and other documents and certificates that were executed in respect of the Offer. The Equity Shares are also subject to all applicable laws, guidelines, rules, notifications and regulations relating to issue of capital and listing and trading of securities, issued from time to time, by the SEBI, GoI, Stock Exchanges, the RoC, the RBI and/or other authorities, as in force on the date of the Offer and to the extent applicable or such other conditions as maybe prescribed by such governmental, statutory and/or regulatory authority while granting their approval for the Offer.

Ranking of the Equity Shares

The Equity Shares being issued and Allotted in the Offer shall be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, our Memorandum and Articles of Association and shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the existing Equity Shares including right to receive dividend and voting. The Allottees upon Allotment of Equity Shares under the Offer, will be entitled to dividend and other corporate benefits if any, declared by our Company after the date of Allotment. For further details, see "*Description of Equity Shares and Terms of the Articles of Association*" on page 568.

Mode of Payment of Dividend

Our Company shall pay dividends, if declared, to Shareholders as per the provisions of the Companies Act, our Memorandum and Articles, the SEBI Listing Regulations and any guidelines or regulations which may be issued by the Government in this regard and any other applicable law. All dividends, if any, declared by our Company after the date of Allotment, will be payable to the Bidders who have been Allotted Equity Shares in the Offer, for the entire year, in accordance with applicable law. For further details in relation to dividends, see *"Dividend Policy"* and *"Description of Equity Shares and Terms of the Articles of Association"* on pages 339 and 568, respectively.

Face Value and Offer Price

The face value of the Equity Shares is ₹ 2. The Floor Price of the Equity Shares is ₹ 267 per Equity Share and the Cap Price is ₹ 281 per Equity Share. The Anchor Investor Offer Price is ₹ 281 per Equity Share.

The Offer Price, Price Band and minimum Bid Lot for the Offer were decided by our Company, in consultation with the BRLMs, and advertised in all editions of the English national daily newspaper Financial Express, all editions of the Hindi national daily newspaper Jansatta and all editions of Navshakti, a Marathi daily newspaper (Marathi being the regional language of Maharashtra, where our Registered Office is located), each with wide circulation, respectively, two Working Days prior to the Bid/ Offer Opening Date and was made available to the Stock Exchanges for the purpose of uploading on their websites.

The Price Band, along with the relevant financial ratios calculated at the Floor Price and at the Cap Price, was pre-filled in the Bid cum Application Forms available at the websites of the Stock Exchanges. The Offer Price was determined by our Company, in consultation with the BRLMs, after the Bid/Offer Closing Date, on the basis of assessment of market demand for the Equity Shares offered by way of Book Building Process.

At any given point of time there shall be only one denomination for the Equity Shares.

Compliance with disclosure and accounting norms

Our Company shall comply with all applicable disclosure and accounting norms as specified by SEBI from time to time.

Rights of the Equity Shareholders

Subject to applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines and the provisions of our Articles, the equity shareholders of our Company shall have the following rights:

- The right to receive dividend, if declared;
- The right to attend general meetings and exercise voting powers, unless prohibited by law;
- The right to vote on a poll either in person or by proxy or 'e-voting';
- The right to receive offers for rights shares and be allotted bonus shares, if announced;
- The right to receive any surplus on liquidation subject to any statutory and other preferential claims being satisfied;
- The right to freely transfer their Equity Shares, subject to foreign exchange regulations and other applicable laws; and
- Such other rights, as may be available to a shareholder of a listed public company under applicable law, including the Companies Act, 2013, the terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations, and our Memorandum and Articles.

For a detailed description of the main provisions of our Articles relating to voting rights, dividend, forfeiture and lien, transfer and transmission, and/ or consolidation/ splitting, see "*Description of Equity Shares and Terms of the Articles of Association*" on page 568.

Allotment of Equity Shares only in dematerialised form

Pursuant to Section 29 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Equity Shares shall be Allotted only in dematerialised form. As per the SEBI ICDR Regulations, and the SEBI Listing Regulations the trading of the Equity Shares shall only be in dematerialised form on the Stock Exchanges. In this context, two agreements have been entered into amongst our Company, the respective Depositories and the Registrar to the Offer:

- Tripartite agreement dated March 13, 2018, amongst our Company, NSDL and the Registrar to the Offer.

- Tripartite agreement dated February 23, 2018, amongst our Company, CDSL and the Registrar to the Offer.

For details in relation to the Basis of Allotment, see "*Offer Procedure*" on page 545.

Employee Discount

Employee discount was offered to Eligible Employees bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion. Eligible Employees bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion respectively at a price within the Price Band could make payment at Bid Amount, that is, Bid Amount net of employee discount as applicable at the time of making a Bid. Eligible Employees bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion respectively at the Cut-Off Price were required to ensure payment at the Cap Price, less employee discount, if any, as applicable, at the time of making a Bid.

Market Lot and Trading Lot

Further, the trading of our Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges shall only be in dematerialised form, consequent to which, the tradable lot is one Equity Share. Allotment of Equity Shares will be only in electronic form in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each, subject to a minimum Allotment of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each. For the method of Basis of Allotment, see "*Offer Procedure*" on page 545.

Joint Holders

Subject to provisions contained in our Articles, where two or more persons are registered as the holders of any Equity Share, they shall be deemed to hold such Equity Shares as joint tenants with benefits of survivorship.

Jurisdiction

The courts of Mumbai, India will have exclusive jurisdiction in relation to this Offer.

Period of operation of subscription list

See "*Offer Structure – Bid/Offer Programme*" on page 541.

Nomination facility to investors

In accordance with Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended, the sole or first Bidder, along with other joint Bidders, were allowed to nominate any one person in whom, in the event of the death of the Sole Bidder or in case of joint Bidders, the death of all the Bidders, as the case may be, the Equity Shares Allotted, if any, shall vest to the exclusion of all other persons, unless the nomination is varied or cancelled in the prescribed manner. A person, being a nominee, entitled to the Equity Shares by reason of death of the original holder(s), shall be entitled to the same advantages to which such person would be entitled if such person were the registered holder of the Equity Share(s). Where the nominee is a minor, the holder(s) may make a nomination to appoint, in the prescribed manner, any person to become entitled to the Equity Share(s) in the event of his or her death during the minority. A nomination shall stand rescinded upon a sale, transfer of Equity Share(s) by the person nominating. A nomination may be cancelled or varied by nominating any other person in place of the present nominee by the holder of the Equity Shares who has made the nomination by giving a notice of such cancellation. A buyer will be entitled to make a fresh nomination in the manner prescribed. A fresh nomination can be made only on the prescribed form, which is available on request at our Registered Office and at our Corporate Office or with the Registrar and Share transfer agent.

Any person who becomes a nominee by virtue of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 as mentioned above, shall, upon the production of such evidence as may be required by our Board, elect either:

- to register himself or herself as the holder of the Equity Shares; or
- to make such transfer of the Equity Shares, as the deceased holder could have made.

Further, our Board may at any time give notice requiring any nominee to choose either to be registered himself or herself or to transfer the Equity Shares, and if the notice is not complied with within a period of 90 days, our Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividend, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the Equity Shares, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Since the Allotment will be made only in dematerialised form, there shall be no requirement for a separate nomination with our Company. Nominations registered with the respective Depository Participant of the applicant will prevail. If investors wish to change their nomination, they are requested to inform their respective Depository Participant.

Minimum Subscription

In the event our Company does not receive (i) a minimum subscription of 90% of the Fresh Issue, and (ii) a subscription in the Offer as specified under Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR, including through devolvement of Underwriters, as applicable, within sixty days from the date of Bid Closing Date, or if the subscription level falls below the thresholds mentioned above after the Bid Closing Date, on account of withdrawal of applications or after technical rejections or any other reason, or if the listing or trading permission is not obtained from the Stock Exchanges for the Equity Shares being offered under this Red Herring Prospectus, our Company shall forthwith refund the entire subscription amount received in accordance with the SEBI Master Circular. If there is a delay beyond four days after our Company becomes liable to pay the amount, our Company and the Selling Shareholders, to the extent applicable, shall pay interest prescribed under the applicable law. No liability to make any payment of interest shall accrue to any Selling Shareholder unless any delay in making any of the payments hereunder or any delay in obtaining listing and/or trading approvals or any other approvals in relation to the Offer is caused solely by, and is directly attributable to, an act or omission of such Selling Shareholder and to the extent of its portion of the Offered Shares.

In the event of under-subscription in the Offer, subject to receiving minimum subscription for 90% of the Fresh Issue and compliance with Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR, the Allotment for valid Bids will be made in the following order:

(i) In the first instance towards subscription for 90% of the Fresh Issue; and

(ii) If there remain any balance valid Bids in the Offer, the Allotment for the balance valid Bids will be made:

a. first towards the sale of the Offered Shares being offered by the Selling Shareholders in the Offer for Sale;

b. thereafter, towards the balance of the Fresh Issue.

It is clarified that, subject to applicable laws, none of the Selling Shareholders shall be liable to pay any amounts as interest for any delay, unless such default or delay is solely and directly attributable to an act or omission of such Selling Shareholders and to the extent of its portion of the Offered Shares. The Selling Shareholders shall reimburse, in proportion to the respective portion of its Offered Shares, any expenses and interest incurred by our Company on behalf of it for any delays in making refunds as required under the Companies Act and any other applicable law, provided that any Selling Shareholder shall not be responsible or liable for payment and/ or reimbursement of such expenses towards refund or interest thereon for any delay, unless such delay has been caused by any act or omission solely and directly attributable to such Selling Shareholder and in any other case the Company shall take on the responsibility to pay interest. It is clarified that such liability of a Selling Shareholder shall be limited to the extent of its respective portion of the Offered Shares.

In the event of achieving aforesaid minimum subscription, however, in case of under-subscription, if any, in any category would be allowed to be met with spill over from any other category or combination of categories, as applicable, at the discretion of our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers and the Designated Stock Exchange, subject to applicable law.

Further, in accordance with Regulation 49(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, our Company shall ensure that the number of prospective Allottees to whom the Equity Shares will be Allotted will be not less than 1,000 failing which the entire application money shall be unblocked in the respective ASBA Accounts of the Bidders. In case of delay, if any, in unblocking the ASBA Accounts within such timeline as prescribed under applicable laws, our Company shall be liable to pay interest on the application money in accordance with applicable laws.

Arrangements for disposal of odd lots

Since our Equity Shares will be traded in dematerialised form only and the market lot for our Equity Shares will be one Equity Share, no arrangements for disposal of odd lots are required.

New Financial Instruments

Our Company is not issuing any new financial instruments through this Offer.

Restriction on transfer and transmission of shares

Except for the lock-in of the pre-Offer Equity Shares, the Promoter's Contribution and Equity Shares allotted to Anchor Investors pursuant to the Offer, as detailed in "*Capital Structure*" beginning on page 123 and except as provided in our Articles, there are no restrictions on transfers and transmission of Equity Shares or on their consolidation or splitting. See, "*Description of Equity Shares and Terms of the Articles of Association*" at page 568.

Option to receive Equity Shares in Dematerialized Form

Allotment of Equity Shares to successful Bidders will only be in the dematerialized form. Bidders will not have the option of Allotment of the Equity Shares in physical form. The Equity Shares on Allotment will be traded only in the dematerialized segment of the Stock Exchanges.

Withdrawal of the Offer

Our Company and the Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs, reserves the right not to proceed with the entire or portion of the Offer for any reason at any time after the Bid/Offer Opening Date but before the Allotment. In such an event, our Company would issue a public notice in the same newspapers, in which the pre-Offer advertisements were published, within two days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date or such other time as may be prescribed by SEBI, providing reasons for not proceeding with the Offer. Further, the Stock Exchanges shall be informed promptly in this regard by our Company and the BRLMs, through the Registrar to the Offer, shall notify the SCSBs and the Sponsor Banks, in case of UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism, and Eligible Employees to unblock the bank accounts of the ASBA Bidders within one Working Day from the date of receipt of such notification. In the event of withdrawal of the Offer and subsequently, plans of a fresh offer by our Company, a fresh draft red herring prospectus will be submitted again to SEBI.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Offer is also subject to obtaining the final listing and trading approvals of the Stock Exchanges, which our Company shall apply for after Allotment and within three Working Days or such other period as may be prescribed, and the final RoC approval of the Prospectus after it is filed with the RoC. If Allotment is not made within the prescribed time period under applicable law, the entire subscription amount received will be refunded/unblocked within the time prescribed under applicable law.

OFFER STRUCTURE

The Offer of 53,391,667 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each, at an Offer Price of ₹ 281 per Equity Share for cash, including a premium of ₹ 279 per Equity Share, aggregating to ₹ 15,000 million* by our Company comprising a Fresh Issue of 35,598,074 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹ 10,000 million* by our Company and an Offer for Sale of 17,793,593 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹ 5,000 million* by the Selling Shareholders.

The Offer comprises of a Net Offer of 53,274,020 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each and Employee Reservation Portion of 117,647 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹ 30 million*. The Employee Reservation Portion did not exceed 5% of our post-Offer paid-up Equity Share capital. The Offer and Net Offer constituted 19.09% and 19.05% of the post-Offer paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company, respectively. The face value of the Equity Shares is ₹ 2 each.

**Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment*

The Offer was made through the Book Building Process.

Particulars	Eligible Employees[#]	QIBs [(1)]	Non-Institutional Bidders	Retail Individual Bidders
Number of Equity Shares available for Allotment/ allocation*[(2)]	117,647 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each	Not more than 26,637,010 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each	Not less than 7,991,103 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each available for allocation or Net Offer less allocation to QIB Bidders and Retail Individual Bidders	Not less than 18,645,907 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each available for allocation or Net Offer less allocation to QIB Bidders and Non-Institutional Bidders.
Percentage of Offer Size available for Allotment/ allocation	The Employee Reservation Portion constituted 0.04% of our post-offer paid-up Equity Share capital	Not more than 50% of the Net Offer size was allocated to QIB Bidders. However, 5% of the Net QIB Portion was available for allocation proportionately to Mutual Funds only. Mutual Funds participating in the Mutual Fund Portion were also eligible for allocation in the remaining balance Net QIB Portion. The unsubscribed portion in the Mutual Fund Portion was added to the Net QIB Portion.	Not less than 15% of the Net Offer, or the Net Offer less allocation to QIB Bidders and Retail Individual Bidders, subject to the following: (i) one-third of the portion was available to Non-Institutional Bidders shall be reserved for applicants with an application size of more than ₹ 0.2 million and up to ₹ 1.0 million; and (ii) two-third of the portion available to Non-Institutional Bidders was reserved for applicants with application size of more than ₹ 1.0 million. provided that the unsubscribed portion in either of the sub-categories specified above was allocated to applicants in the other sub-category of Non-Institutional Bidders in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations,	Not less than 35% of the Net Offer, or the Net Offer less allocation to QIB Bidders and Non-Institutional Bidders

Particulars	Eligible Employees[#]	QIBs [(1)]	Non-Institutional Bidders	Retail Individual Bidders
			subject to valid Bids being received at or above the Offer Price.	
Basis of Allotment/ allocation if respective category is oversubscribed*	Proportionate[#]; unless the Employee Reservation Portion is undersubscribed, the value of allocation to an Eligible Employee did not exceed ₹ 200,000. In the event of undersubscription in the Employee Reservation Portion, the unsubscribed portion may be allocated, on a proportionate basis, to Eligible Employees bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion for a value exceeding ₹ 200,000, subject to total Allotment to an Eligible Employee not exceeding ₹ 500,000.	Proportionate as follows (excluding the Anchor Investor Portion): (a) 532,741 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each were available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only; and (b) 10,122,063 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each were Allotted on a proportionate basis to all QIBs, including Mutual Funds receiving allocation as per (a) above 60% of the QIB Portion was allocated on a discretionary basis to Anchor Investors of which one-third was available for allocation to Mutual Funds only, subject to valid Bid received from Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Allocation Price.	The allotment of specified securities to each Non-Institutional Investor was not less than the minimum application size, subject to availability in the Non-Institutional Category, and the remainder, if any, was allotted on a proportionate basis in accordance with the conditions specified in the SEBI ICDR Regulations. For details, see "*Offer Procedure*" beginning on page 545	The allotment to each Retail Individual Bidders was not less than the minimum Bid Lot, subject to availability of Equity Shares in the Retail Portion and the remaining available Equity Shares if any, was allotted on a proportionate basis. For details, see *"Offer Procedure*" beginning on page 545
Minimum Bid	53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each, that the Bid Amount exceeds ₹200,000 and in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each thereafter	Such number of Equity Shares that the Bid Amount exceeds ₹200,000 and in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each thereafter	53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each thereafter
Maximum Bid	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each, so that the maximum Bid Amount by each Eligible Employee in Eligible Employee Portion did not exceed ₹ 500,000 (net of employee discount, if any).	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each not exceeding the size of the Offer (excluding the Anchor Portion), subject to applicable limits under applicable law.	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each not exceeding the size of the Offer (excluding the QIB Portion), subject to limits prescribed under applicable law.	Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each so that the Bid Amount did not exceed ₹200,000.

Particulars	Eligible Employees[#]	QIBs [(1)]	Non-Institutional Bidders	Retail Individual Bidders
Bid Lot	53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each and in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each thereafter			
Mode of allotment	Compulsorily in dematerialised form			
Allotment Lot	A minimum of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each and in multiples of one Equity Share of face value of ₹ 2 each thereafter			
Trading Lot	One Equity Share of face value of ₹ 2 each			
Who can apply[(3)]	Eligible Employees (such that the Bid Amount did not exceed ₹ 500,000)	Public financial institutions (as specified in Section 2(72) of the Companies Act), scheduled commercial banks, Mutual Funds, Eligible FPIs, VCFs, AIFs, FVCIs registered with SEBI, multilateral and bilateral development financial institutions, state industrial development corporation, insurance companies registered with IRDAI, provident funds (subject to applicable law) with minimum corpus of ₹250 million, pension funds with minimum corpus of ₹250 million registered with the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority established under sub section (1) of section 3 of the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 2013, National Investment Fund set up by the Government of India, the insurance funds set up and managed by army, navy or air force of the Union of India, insurance funds set up and managed by the Department of Posts, India and Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Companies.	Resident Indian individuals, Eligible NRIs, HUFs (in the name of the karta), companies, corporate bodies, scientific institutions societies and trusts and any individuals, corporate bodies and family offices which are re-categorised as category II FPIs and registered with SEBI	Resident Indian individuals, Eligible NRIs and HUFs (in the name of the karta)
Terms of Payment	**In case of Anchor Investors**: Full Bid Amount was paid by the Anchor Investors at the time of submission of their Bids[(4)] **In case of all other Bidders**: Full Bid Amount was blocked by the SCSBs in the bank account of the ASBA Bidder (other than Anchor Investors) or by the Sponsor Banks through the UPI Mechanism, that is specified in the ASBA Form at the time of submission of the ASBA Form.			
Mode of Bidding^	Only through the ASBA process (except for Anchor Investors). Through ASBA Process only. SEBI through its circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/45) dated April 5, 2022, has prescribed that all individual investors applying in initial public offerings opening on or after May			

Particulars	Eligible Employees[#]	QIBs [(1)]	Non-Institutional Bidders	Retail Individual Bidders
	1, 2022, where the application amount is up to ₹ 500,000, shall use UPI. UPI Bidders shall be required to use the UPI Mechanism.			

**Subject to finalisation of Basis of Allotment.*

[#]Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion could Bid up to a Bid Amount of ₹ ₹500,000. However, a Bid by an Eligible Employee Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion was considered for allocation, in the first instance, for a Bid Amount of up to ₹200,000. In the event of under-subscription in the Employee Reservation Portion, the unsubscribed portion was available for allocation and Allotment, proportionately to all Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion who have Bid in excess of ₹200,000, subject to the maximum value of Allotment made to such Eligible Employee not exceeding ₹500,000. Further, an Eligible Employee Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion could also Bid in the Non-Institutional Portion or the RIB Portion and such Bids would not be treated as multiple Bids. The unsubscribed portion if any, in the Employee Reservation Portion would be added back to the Net Offer.

(1) Our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, allocated 60% of the QIB Portion to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion was reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids having been received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Allocation Price. For further details, see "Offer Procedure" beginning on page 545.

(2) The Offer was being made in terms of Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR read with Regulation 45 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. The Offer was being made through the Book Building Process in accordance with Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, wherein not more than 50% of the Net Offer was made available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Qualified Institutional Buyers. Such number of Equity Shares representing 5% of the Net QIB Portion was made available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only. The remainder of the Net QIB Portion was made available for allocation on a proportionate basis to QIBs, including Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from them at or above the Offer Price. However, if the aggregate demand from Mutual Funds was less than 5% of the Net QIB Portion, the balance Equity Shares available for allocation in the Mutual Fund Portion was added to the remaining Net QIB Portion for proportionate allocation to all QIBs. Further, not less than 15% of the Net Offer was available for allocation to Non-Institutional Bidders and not less than 35% of the Net Offer was made available for allocation to Retail Individual Bidders in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid Bids having been received from them at or above the Offer Price. The Equity Shares available for allocation to Non-Institutional Bidders under the Non-Institutional Portion, was subject to the following, and in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations: (i) one-third of the portion available to Non-Institutional Bidders was reserved for applicants with an application size of more than ₹ 0.20 million and up to ₹ 1.00 million, and (ii) two-third of the portion available to Non-Institutional Bidders was reserved for applicants with application size of more than ₹ 1.00 million, provided that the unsubscribed portion in either of the aforementioned sub-categories was allocated to applicants in the other sub-category of Non-Institutional Bidders.

Subject to valid Bids having been received at or above the Offer Price, under-subscription, if any, in the Non-Institutional Portion or the Retail Portion would have been allowed to be met with spill-over from other categories or a combination of categories at the discretion of our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs and the Designated Stock Exchange. For further details, please see "Terms of the Offer" beginning on page 533.

(3) In the event that a Bid was submitted in joint names, the relevant Bidders were required to ensure that the depository account is also held in the same joint names and the names are in the same sequence in which they appear in the Bid cum Application Form. The Bid cum Application Form was required to contain only the name of the First Bidder whose name shall also appear as the first holder of the beneficiary account held in joint names. The signature of only such First Bidder was required in the Bid cum Application Form and such First Bidder was deemed to have signed on behalf of the joint holders. Our Company reserved the right to reject, in its absolute discretion, all or any multiple Bids in any or all categories.

(4) Anchor Investors were required to pay the entire Bid Amount at the time of submission of the Anchor Investor Bid, provided that any positive difference between the Anchor Investor Allocation Price and the Offer Price, is payable by the Anchor Investor Pay-in Date as mentioned in the CAN. For details of terms of payment of applicable to Anchor Investors, see General Information Document available on the website of the Stock Exchanges and the BRLMs. Further, Bidders were required to confirm and will be deemed to have represented to our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the Underwriters, their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates and representatives that they were eligible under applicable law, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the Equity Shares.

(5) SEBI through its circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/45) dated April 5, 2022, has prescribed that all individual investors applying in initial public offerings opening on or after May 1, 2022, where the application amount is up to ₹ 500,000, shall use UPI. UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism, were required to provide their UPI ID in the Bid-cum-Application Form for Bidding through Syndicate, sub-syndicate members, Registered Brokers, RTAs or CDPs, or online using the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account (3 in 1 type accounts), provided by certain brokers.

^ SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2022/75 dated May 30, 2022, has mandated that ASBA applications in Public Issues shall be processed only after the application monies are blocked in the investor's bank accounts. Accordingly, Stock Exchanges shall, for all categories of investors viz. QIB, Non-Institutional Bidders and RIBs and also for all modes through which the applications are processed, accept the ASBA applications in their electronic book building platform only with a mandatory confirmation on the application monies blocked.

Bids by FPIs with certain structures as described under "Offer Procedure – Bids by FPIs" on page 551 and having same PAN were collated and identified as a single Bid in the Bidding process. The Equity Shares Allocated and Allotted to such successful Bidders (with same PAN) may be proportionately distributed.

Subject to valid Bids having been received at or above the Offer Price, under-subscription, if any, in the Non-Institutional Category or the Retail Portion was allowed to be met with spill over from any other category or a combination of categories at the discretion of our Company, in consultation with the BRLMs and the Designated Stock Exchange, on a proportionate basis. However, under-subscription, if any, in the QIB Portion will not be allowed to be met with spill-over from other categories or a combination of categories. For further details, see "Terms of the Offer" beginning on page 533.

Bid/Offer Programme

BID/ OFFER OPENED ON*	June 25, 2024
BID/ OFFER CLOSED ON	June 27, 2024

* *Anchor Investors were required to Bid on the Anchor Investor Bidding Date.*

An indicative timetable in respect of the Offer is set out below:

Event	Indicative Date
Finalisation of Basis of Allotment with the Designated Stock Exchange	On or about Friday, June 28, 2024
Initiation of refunds (if any, for Anchor Investors) / unblocking of funds from ASBA Account**	On or about Monday, July 1, 2024
Credit of the Equity Shares to depository accounts of Allottees	On or about Monday, July 1, 2024
Commencement of trading of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges	On or about Tuesday, July 2, 2024

** *In case of any delay in unblocking of amounts in the ASBA Accounts (including amounts blocked through the UPI Mechanism) exceeding two Working Days from the Bid/Issue Closing Date for cancelled / withdrawn / deleted ASBA Forms, the Bidder shall be compensated at a uniform rate of ₹ 100 per day or 15% per annum of the Bid Amount, whichever is higher from the date on which the request for cancellation/ withdrawal/ deletion is placed in the Stock Exchanges bidding platform until the date on which the amounts are unblocked (ii) any blocking of multiple amounts for the same ASBA Form (for amounts blocked through the UPI Mechanism), the Bidder shall be compensated at a uniform rate ₹ 100 per day or 15% per annum of the total cumulative blocked amount except the original application amount, whichever is higher from the date on which such multiple amounts were blocked till the date of actual unblock; (iii) any blocking of amounts more than the Bid Amount, the Bidder shall be compensated at a uniform rate of ₹ 100 per day or 15% per annum of the difference in amount, whichever is higher from the date on which such excess amounts were blocked till the date of actual unblock; (iv) any delay in unblocking of non-allotted/partially allotted Bids, exceeding two Working Days from the Bid/Issue Closing Date, the Bidder shall be compensated at a uniform rate of ₹ 100 per day or 15% per annum of the Bid Amount, whichever is higher for the entire duration of delay exceeding two Working Days from the Bid/Issue Closing Date by the SCSB responsible for causing such delay in unblocking. The BRLMs shall, in their sole discretion, identify and fix the liability on such intermediary or entity responsible for such delay in unblocking. The Bidder shall be compensated in the manner specified in the SEBI master circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/00094 dated June 21, 2023 and the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021, as amended pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022, SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/76 dated May 30, 2022 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/TPD1/CIR/P/2023/140 dated August 9, 2023, which for the avoidance of doubt, shall be deemed to be incorporated in the deemed agreement of the Company with the SCSBs, to the extent applicable.*

The processing fees for applications made by the UPI Bidders may be released to the remitter banks (SCSBs) only after such banks provide a written confirmation on compliance with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021 read with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2022/75 dated May 30, 2022.

The above timetable is indicative and does not constitute any obligation on our Company, the Selling Shareholders or the BRLMs. While our Company and the Selling Shareholders shall ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for the listing and the commencement of trading of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges are taken within three Working Days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date or such period as prescribed by SEBI, the timetable may change due to various factors, such as any delays in receiving the final listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchanges. The commencement of trading of the Equity Shares will be entirely at the discretion of the Stock Exchanges and in accordance with the applicable laws. The Selling Shareholders confirm that they shall extend complete co-operation required by our Company and the BRLMs for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading of the Equity Shares at the Stock Exchanges within three Working Days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date, or within such other period as prescribed.

In terms of the UPI Circulars, in relation to the Offer, the Book Running Lead Managers will be required to submit reports of compliance with timelines and activities prescribed by SEBI in connection with the allotment and listing procedure within three Working Days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date or such other time as prescribed by SEBI, identifying non adherence to timelines and processes and an analysis of entities responsible for the delay and the

reasons associated with it. In case of any delay in unblocking of amounts in the ASBA Accounts (including amounts blocked through the UPI Mechanism) exceeding two Working Days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date, the Bidder shall be compensated for the entire duration of delay exceeding two Working Days from the Bid/Offer Closing Date by the intermediary responsible for causing such delay in unblocking, in the manner specified in the UPI Circulars, to the extent applicable, which for the avoidance of doubt, shall be deemed to be incorporated herein. The Book Running Lead Managers shall, in their sole discretion, identify and fix the liability on such intermediary or entity responsible for such delay in unblocking.

Any circulars or notifications from SEBI after the date of this Prospectus may result in changes to the above-mentioned timelines. Further, the offer procedure is subject to change to any revised SEBI circulars to this effect.

Submission of Bids (other than Bids from Anchor Investors):

Bid/Offer Period (except the Bid/Offer Closing Date)	
Submission and Revision in Bids	Only between 10.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time ("**IST**")
Bid/Offer Closing Date*	
Submission of Electronic Applications (Online ASBA through 3-in-1 accounts) – For RIBs, Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion other than QIBs and NIIs	Only between 10.00 a.m. and up to 5.00 p.m. IST
Submission of Electronic Applications (Bank ASBA through Online channels like Internet Banking, Mobile Banking and Syndicate UPI ASBA applications where Bid Amount is up to ₹500,000)	Only between 10.00 a.m. and up to 4.00 p.m. IST
Submission of Electronic Applications (Syndicate Non-Retail, Non-Individual Applications)	Only between 10.00 a.m. and up to 3.00 p.m. IST
Submission of Physical Applications (Bank ASBA)	Only between 10.00 a.m. and up to 1.00 p.m. IST
Submission of Physical Applications (Syndicate Non-Retail, Non-Individual Applications where Bid Amount is more than ₹500,000	Only between 10.00 a.m. and up to 12.00 p.m. IST
Modification/ Revision/cancellation of Bids	
Upward Revision of Bids by QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders categories[#]	Only between 10.00 a.m. and up to 5.00 p.m. IST on Bid/ Offer Closing Date
Upward or downward Revision of Bids or cancellation of Bids by RIBs, Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion	Only between 10.00 a.m. and up to 5.00 p.m. IST

[#] *QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders could neither revise their bids downwards nor cancel/withdraw their bids.*

On the Bid/Offer Closing Date, the Bids were uploaded until:

(i) 4:00 p.m. IST in case of Bids by QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders, and

(ii) until 5:00 p.m. IST or such extended time as permitted by the Stock Exchanges, in case of Bids by RIBs and Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion.

On the Bid/Offer Closing Date, extension of time may have been granted by Stock Exchanges only for uploading Bids received by RIBs and Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion after taking into account the total number of Bids received and as reported by the Book Running Lead Managers to the Stock Exchanges.

The Registrar to the Offer was required to submit the details of cancelled/withdrawn/deleted applications to the SCSBs on daily basis within 60 minutes of the Bid closure time from the Bid/ Offer Opening Date till the Bid/Offer Closing Date by obtaining the same from the Stock Exchanges. The SCSBs were required to unblock such applications by the closing hours of the Working Day and submit the confirmation to the BRLMs and the RTA on a daily basis, as per the format prescribed in SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021.

For the avoidance of doubt, it was clarified that Bids not uploaded on the electronic bidding system or in respect of which full Bid Amount was not blocked by SCSBs were rejected.

Due to limitation of the time available for uploading the Bids on the Bid/Offer Closing Date, the Bidders were advised to submit their Bids one day prior to the Bid/Offer Closing Date, and in any case were advised to submit their Bids no later than 12:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on the Bid/ Offer Closing Date. Bidders were cautioned that, in the event a large number of Bids were received on the Bid/ Offer Closing Date, as is typically experienced in public offerings in India, it may lead to some Bids not being uploaded due to lack of sufficient time to upload. Such Bids that could not be uploaded on the electronic bidding system were not considered for allocation under this Offer. Bids and any revision in Bids were only be accepted on Working Days. Investors were required to note that as per letter no. List/SMD/SM/2006 dated July 3, 2006 and letter no. NSE/IPO/25101- 6 dated July 6, 2006 issued by BSE and NSE respectively, Bids and any revision in Bids were not accepted on Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays as declared by the Stock Exchanges. Bids by ASBA Bidders were uploaded by the relevant Designated Intermediary in the electronic system to be provided by the Stock Exchanges.

In case of discrepancy in the data entered in the electronic book *vis-à-vis* the data contained in the physical Bid cum Application Form for a particular Bidder, the details as per the Bid file received from the Stock Exchanges may be taken as the final data for the purpose of Allotment.

OFFER PROCEDURE

*All Bidders were required to read the General Information Document for Investing in Public Issues prepared and issued in accordance with the circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL1/CIR/P/2020/37 dated March 17, 2020 and the UPI Circulars (the "**General Information Document**") which highlights the key rules, processes and procedures applicable to public issues in general in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, the SCRA, the SCRR and the SEBI ICDR Regulations which is part of the abridged prospectus accompanying the Bid cum Application Form. The General Information Document is available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges and the Book Running Lead Managers. Please refer to the relevant provisions of the General Information Document which are applicable to the Offer.*

Additionally, all Bidders were required to refer to the General Information Document for information in relation to (i) category of investors eligible to participate in the Offer; (ii) maximum and minimum Bid size; (iii) price discovery and allocation; (iv) payment instructions for ASBA Bidders/Applicants; (v) Issuance of CAN and Allotment in the Offer; (vi) General instructions (limited to instructions for completing the Bid Form,) designated date, disposal of applications and electronic registration of bids; (vii) submission of Bid cum Application Form; (viii) other instructions (limited to joint bids in cases of individual, multiple bids and instances when an application would be rejected on technical grounds); (ix) applicable provisions of the Companies Act relating to punishment for fictitious applications; (x) mode of making refunds; (xi) designated date, (xii) interest in case of delay in allotment or refund; and (xiii) disposal of application.

*SEBI vide the UPI Circulars, has introduced an alternate payment mechanism using Unified Payments Interface ("**UPI**") and consequent reduction in timelines for listing in a phased manner. From January 1, 2019, the UPI Mechanism for RIBs applying through Designated Intermediaries was made effective along with the timeline of T+6 days. ("**UPI Phase I**"). The UPI Phase I was effective till June 30, 2019.*

*With effect from July 1, 2019, SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/76 dated June 28, 2019, read with circular bearing number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019 with respect to Bids by RIBs through Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs), the existing process of physical movement of forms from such Designated Intermediaries to SCSBs for blocking of funds has been discontinued and only the UPI Mechanism for such Bids with existing timeline of T+6 days continued for a period of three months or launch of five main board public issues, whichever is later ("**UPI Phase II**"). Subsequently however, SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DCR2/CIR/P/2019/133 dated November 8, 2019 extended the timeline for implementation of UPI Phase II till March 31, 2020. However, given the prevailing uncertainty due to the COVID-19 pandemic, SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2020/50 dated March 30, 2020, had decided to continue with the UPI Phase II till further notice. The final reduced timeline of T+3 days for the UPI Mechanism for applications by UPI Bidders ("**UPI Phase III**") and modalities of the implementation of UPI Phase III was notified by SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/TPD1/CIR/P/2023/140 dated August 9, 2023 and made effective on a voluntary basis for all issues opening on or after September 1, 2023 and on a mandatory basis for all issues opening on or after December 1, 2023. The Offer has been undertaken pursuant to the processes and procedures under UPI Phase III on a mandatory basis, subject to any circulars, clarification or notification issued by the SEBI from time to time.*

Further, SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021 introduced certain additional measures for streamlining the process of initial public offers and redressing investor grievances, which came into force with effect from May 1, 2021, except as amended pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021 and, SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022, and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/76 dated May 30, 2022 and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/TPD1/CIR/P/2023/140 dated August 9, 2023. The SEBI RTA Master Circular consolidated the aforementioned circulars (excluding SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/TPD1/CIR/P/2023/140 dated August 9, 2023) and rescinded these circulars to the extent relevant for RTAs. The provisions of these circulars are deemed to form part of this Prospectus. Bidders were advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that their Bids are submitted in accordance with applicable laws and do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of the Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law or as specified in the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus.

Further, our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Syndicate are not liable for any adverse occurrences consequent to the implementation of the UPI Mechanism for application in this Offer.

Book Building Procedure

The Offer has been made in terms of Rule 19(2)(b) of the SCRR, through the Book Building Process in accordance with Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations wherein not more than 50% of the Net Offer was allocated on a proportionate basis to QIBs, provided that our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with and the Book Running Lead Managers, allocated 60% of the QIB Portion to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, of which one-third was reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids having been received from domestic Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Allocation Price. In the event of under-subscription, or non-allotment in the Anchor Investor Portion, the balance Equity Shares was added to the Net QIB Portion. Further, 5% of the Net QIB Portion was available for allocation on a proportionate basis only to Mutual Funds, and the remainder of the Net QIB Portion was available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIBs (other than Anchor Investors), including Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids having been received at or above the Offer Price. Further, not less than 15% of the Net Offer was available for allocation to Non-Institutional Bidders, of which one-third was available for allocation to Bidders with an application size more than ₹ 0.2 million to ₹ 1 million and two-thirds was available for allocation to Bidders with an application size of more than ₹ 1 million in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, and not less than 35% of the Net Offer was available for allocation to Retail Individual Bidders in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid Bids having been received at or above the Offer Price. Further, 117,647 Equity Shares* of face value of ₹ 2 each aggregating to ₹ 30 million* was made available for allocation on a proportionate basis only to Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion, subject to valid Bids having been received at or above the Offer price.

**Subject to finalization of Basis of Allotment*

Under-subscription, if any, in any category, would be allowed to be met with spill over from any other category or combination of categories of Bidders at the discretion of our Company, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers, and the Designated Stock Exchange subject to receipt of valid Bids received at or above the Offer Price. In case of an undersubscription in the Net Offer, the Equity Shares proposed for sale by the Selling Shareholders shall be in proportion to the Offered Shares by such Selling Shareholders.

The Equity Shares, on Allotment, shall be traded only in the dematerialized segment of the Stock Exchanges.

Investors must ensure that their PAN is linked with Aadhaar and are in compliance with the notification by the Central Board of Direct Taxes dated February 13, 2020 read with press releases dated June 25, 2021 and September 17, 2021, September 17, 2021, March 30, 2022 and March 28, 2023.

Investors should note that the Equity Shares will be Allotted to all successful Bidders only in dematerialised form. The Bid cum Application Forms which did not have the details of the Bidders' depository account, including DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID, as applicable, were treated as incomplete and were rejected. Bidders did have the option of being Allotted Equity Shares in physical form. However, they may get the Equity Shares rematerialised subsequent to Allotment of the Equity Shares in the IPO, subject to applicable law.

Phased implementation of Unified Payments Interface

SEBI has issued the UPI Circulars in relation to streamlining the process of public issue of, *inter alia*, equity shares. Pursuant to the UPI Circulars, the UPI Mechanism has been introduced in a phased manner as a payment mechanism (in addition to mechanism of blocking funds in the account maintained with SCSBs under ASBA) for applications by UPI Bidders through Designated Intermediaries with the objective to reduce the time duration from public issue closure to listing from six Working Days to up to three Working Days. Considering the time required for making necessary changes to the systems and to ensure complete and smooth transition to the UPI payment mechanism, the UPI Circulars have introduced the UPI Mechanism in three phases in the following manner:

Phase I: This phase was applicable from January 1, 2019 until March 31, 2019 or floating of five main board public issues, whichever was later. Subsequently, the timeline for implementation of Phase I was extended till June 30, 2019. Under this phase, an RIB had the option to submit the ASBA Form with any of the Designated Intermediary and use his/ her UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds. The time duration from public issue closure to listing continued to be six Working Days.

Phase II: This phase has become applicable from July 1, 2019. Under this phase, submission of the ASBA Form without UPI by UPI Bidders to Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) for blocking of funds will be discontinued. However, the time duration from public issue closure to listing continued to be six Working Days during this phase. SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DCR2/CIR/P/2019/133 dated November 8, 2019 extended the timeline for implementation of UPI Phase II till March 31, 2020. Further, pursuant to SEBI circular dated March 30, 2020, this phase had been extended till further notice. Under this phase, submission of the ASBA Form by RIBs through Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) to SCSBs for blocking of funds was discontinued and replaced by the UPI Mechanism. However, the time duration from public issue closure to listing continued to be six Working Days during this phase.

Phase III: This phase has become applicable on a voluntary basis for all issues opening on or after September 1, 2023 and on a mandatory basis for all issues opening on or after December 1, 2023, vide SEBI circular bearing number SEBI/HO/CFD/TPD1/CIR/P/2023/140 dated August 9, 2023 ("**T+3 Notification**"). In this phase, the time duration from public issue closure to listing has been reduced to three Working Days. The Offer was undertaken pursuant to the processes and procedures as notified in the T+3 Notification as applicable, subject to any circulars, clarification or notification issued by SEBI from time to time.

Pursuant to the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021 issued by SEBI, as amended by the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021, the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated April 20, 2022, and SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/TPD1/CIR/P/2023/140 dated August 9, 2023 (the "**UPI Streamlining Circular**"), SEBI has set out specific requirements for redressal of investor grievances for applications that have been made through the UPI Mechanism. The requirements of the UPI Streaming Circular include, appointment of a nodal officer by the SCSB and submission of their details to SEBI, the requirement for SCSBs to send SMS alerts for the blocking and unblocking of UPI mandates, the requirement for the Registrar to submit details of cancelled, withdrawn or deleted applications, and the requirement for the bank accounts of unsuccessful Bidders to be unblocked no later than one day from the date on which the Basis of Allotment is finalised. Failure to unblock the accounts within the timeline would result in the SCSBs being penalised under the relevant securities law. Additionally, if there is any delay in the redressal of investors' complaints, the relevant SCSB as well as the post – Offer Book Running Lead Managers will be required to compensate the concerned investor.

All SCSBs offering facility of making application in public issues shall also provide facility to make application using UPI. Our Company will be required to appoint one of the SCSBs as a sponsor bank to act as a conduit between the Stock Exchanges and NPCI in order to facilitate collection of requests and / or payment instructions of the Retail Individual Bidders using the UPI.

The processing fees for applications made by UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism may be released to the remitter banks (SCSBs) only after such banks provide a written confirmation on compliance with SEBI Circular No: SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021 read and SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022 with SEBI Circular No: SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021 as amended pursuant to SEBI circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021 and SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022. NPCI *vide* circular reference no. NPCI/UPI/OC No. 127/ 2021-22 dated December 09, 2021, inter alia, has enhanced the per transaction limit in UPI from ₹200,000 and up to ₹500,000 for UPI based Application Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) in initial public offerings. SEBI through its circular (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/45) dated April 5, 2022, has prescribed that all individual investors applying in initial public offerings opening on or after May 1, 2022, where the application amount is up to ₹ 500,000, shall use UPI. Eligible Employees bidding under Employee Reservation Portion for up to ₹ 500,000 and individual investors bidding under the Non-Institutional Portion bidding for more than ₹ 200,000 and up to ₹ 500,000, using the UPI Mechanism, shall provide their UPI ID in the Bid-cum-Application Form for Bidding through Syndicate, sub-syndicate members, Registered Brokers, RTAs or CDPs, or online using the facility of linked online trading, demat

and bank account (3 in 1 type accounts), provided by certain brokers.

For further details, refer to the General Information Document available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges and the Book Running Lead Managers.

Bid cum Application Form

Copies of the ASBA Form and the abridged prospectus were made available with the Designated Intermediaries at the Bidding Centres, and our Registered and Corporate Office. An electronic copy of the ASBA Form was also available for download on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges (www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com) one day prior to the Bid/ Offer Opening Date. The Bid Cum Application Forms for Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion were available only at our offices and branches in India.

Copies of the Anchor Investor Application Form were available at the offices of the Book Running Lead Managers.

All Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) were required to mandatorily participate in the Offer only through the ASBA process. UPI Bidders were mandatorily required to use the UPI Mechanism for submitting their bids to Designated Intermediaries and were allowed to use ASBA process by way of ASBA Forms to submit their bids directly to SCSBs. Anchor Investors were not permitted to participate in the Offer through the ASBA process.

UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism were required to provide the UPI ID in the relevant space provided in the Bid cum Application Form and the Bid cum Application Form that did not contain the UPI ID were liable to be rejected.

ASBA Bidders (including UPI Bidders using UPI Mechanism) were required to provide bank account details and authorisation to block funds in their respective ASBA Accounts in the relevant space provided in the ASBA Form and the ASBA Forms that did not contain such details were liable to be rejected or the UPI ID, as applicable, in the relevant space provided in the ASBA Form. Applications made using third party bank account or using third party linked bank account UPI ID were liable for rejection.

ASBA Bidders were required to ensure that the Bids were made on ASBA Forms bearing the stamp of the Designated Intermediary, submitted at the Bidding Centres only (except in case of electronic ASBA Forms) and the ASBA Forms not bearing such specified stamp were liable to be rejected. RIBs, NIBs and Eligible Employees (other than the UPI Bidders using UPI Mechanism) were allowed to submit their ASBA Forms with SCSBs (physically or online, as applicable), or online using the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account (3 in 1 type accounts), provided by certain brokers.(ii) UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism, were allowed to submit their ASBA Forms with the Syndicate, sub-syndicate members, Registered Brokers, RTAs or CDPs, or online using the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account (3 in 1 type accounts), provided by certain brokers.(iii) QIBs were allowed to submit their ASBA Forms with SCSBs, Syndicate, sub-syndicate members, Registered Brokers, RTAs or CDPs. ASBA Bidders were required to ensure that the ASBA Account had sufficient credit balance such that an amount equivalent to the full Bid Amount can be blocked by the SCSB or the Sponsor Bank, as applicable, at the time of submitting the Bid. In order to ensure timely information to Bidders, SCSBs were required to send SMS alerts to investors intimating them about Bid Amounts blocked/ unblocked.

The Sponsor Bank(s) were required to host a web portal for intermediaries (closed user group) from the date of Bid/Offer Opening Date till the date of listing of the Equity Shares with details of statistics of mandate blocks/unblocks, performance of apps and UPI handles, down-time/network latency (if any) across intermediaries and any such processes having an impact/bearing on the Offer Bidding process.

The processing fees for applications made by Retail Individual Bidders using the UPI Mechanism may be released to the remitter banks (SCSBs) only after such banks provide a written confirmation on compliance with SEBI Circular No: SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021 and SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51 dated April 20, 2022 read with SEBI Circular No: SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021.

The prescribed colour of the Bid cum Application Form for the various categories is as follows:

Category	Colour of Bid cum Application Form*
Resident Indians, including resident QIBs, Non-Institutional Bidders, Retail Individual Bidders and Eligible NRIs applying on a non-repatriation basis	White
Eligible NRIs, FVCIs, FPIs and registered bilateral and multilateral institutions applying on a repatriation basis	Blue
Anchor Investors	White
Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion	Pink

**Excluding electronic Bid cum Application Forms*

Notes:

(1) Electronic Bid cum Application forms and the abridged prospectus were also available for download on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges (www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com).

(2) Bid cum Application Forms for Anchor Investors were available at the offices of the Book Running Lead Managers.

In case of ASBA Forms, the relevant Designated Intermediaries were required to upload the relevant bid details (including UPI ID in case of ASBA Forms under the UPI Mechanism) in the electronic bidding system of the Stock Exchanges. For RIBs, NIIs or Eligible Employees using UPI Mechanism, the Stock Exchanges were required to share the Bid details (including UPI ID) with the Sponsor Bank on a continuous basis to enable the Sponsor Banks to initiate UPI Mandate Request to the UPI Bidders, for blocking of funds. For ASBA Forms (other than RIBs and Eligible Employees bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion) Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) were required to submit/ deliver the ASBA Forms to the respective SCSB where the Bidder has an ASBA bank account and not submit it to any non-SCSB bank or any Escrow Collection Bank.

The Sponsor Bank(s) were required to initiate request for blocking of funds through NPCI to the UPI Bidders, who accepted the UPI mandate request for blocking of funds on their respective mobile applications associated with UPI ID linked bank account. For all pending UPI mandate requests, the Sponsor Bank(s) were required to initiate requests for blocking of funds in the ASBA Accounts of relevant Bidders with a confirmation cut-off time of 5:00 pm on the Bid/Offer Closing Date ("**Cut-Off Time**"). Accordingly, UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism were required to accept UPI mandate requests for blocking off funds prior to the Cut-Off Time and all pending UPI mandate requests at the Cut-Off Time shall lapse. Further, modification of Bids were be allowed in parallel during the Bid/Offer Period until the Cut-Off Time.The NPCI maintained an audit trail for every Bid entered in the Stock Exchanges bidding platform, and the liability to compensate the UPI Bidders (Bidding through UPI Mechanism) in case of failed transactions shall be with the concerned entity (i.e. the Sponsor Bank, NPCI or the issuer bank) at whose end the lifecycle of the transaction has come to a halt. The NPCI was required to share the audit trail of all disputed transactions / investor complaints to the Sponsor Bank(s) and the issuer bank. The Sponsor Bank(s) and the Bankers to the Offer were required to provide the audit trail to the Book Running Lead Managers for analysing the same and fixing liability. For ensuring timely information to investors, SCSBs were required to SMS alerts for mandate block and unblock including details specified in SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021 as amended pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/P/CIR/2021/570 dated June 2, 2021 and circular no. (SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2022/51) dated April 20, 2022.

The Sponsor Bank(s) were required to undertake a reconciliation of Bid responses received from Stock Exchanges and sent to NPCI and ensure that all the responses received from NPCI are sent to the Stock Exchanges platform with detailed error code and description, if any. Further, the Sponsor Bank(s) were required to undertake reconciliation of all Bid requests and responses throughout their lifecycle on a daily basis and share reports with the Book Running Lead Managers in the format and within the timelines as specified under the UPI Circulars. Sponsor Bank(s) and issuer banks downloaded UPI settlement files and raw data files from the NPCI portal after every settlement cycle and do a three way reconciliation with Banks UPI switch data, CBS data and UPI raw data. NPCI coordinated with issuer banks and Sponsor Bank(s) on a continuous basis.

Participation by Promoters and member of the Promoter Group of the Company, the Book Running Lead Managers and the Syndicate Members and persons related to Promoter/Promoter Group/the Book Running Lead Managers

The Book Running Lead Managers and the Syndicate Members were not allowed to purchase Equity Shares in this Offer in any manner, except towards fulfilling their underwriting obligations. However, the associates and affiliates of the Book Running Lead Managers and the Syndicate Members could Bid for Equity Shares in the Offer, either in

the QIB Portion where the allocation is on a proportionate basis and such subscription were made on their own account or on behalf of their clients. The allocation under the QIB Portion was made on a proportionate basis. Further, the allocation to each Non Institutional Investor was not less than ₹ 200,000, subject to availability of Equity Shares in the Non Institutional Portion and the remaining available Equity Shares, if any, was allocated on a proportionate basis. All categories of investors, including associates or affiliates of the Book Running Lead Managers and Syndicate Members, were treated equally for the purpose of allocation to be made on a proportionate basis.

Neither the Book Running Lead Managers or any associates of the Book Running Lead Managers (except Mutual Funds sponsored by entities which are associates of the Book Running Lead Managers or insurance companies promoted by entities which are associate of the Book Running Lead Managers or AIFs sponsored by the entities which are associate of the Book Running Lead Managers or FPIs other than individuals, corporate bodies and family offices which are associates of the Book Running Lead Managers or pension funds sponsored by entities which are associates of the BRLMs) nor; (ii) any "person related to the Promoter / Promoter Group" were allowed to apply in the Offer under the Anchor Investor Portion.

For the purposes of the above, a QIB who has any of the following rights was deemed to be a "person related to the Promoter or Promoter Group": (a) rights under a shareholders' agreement or voting agreement entered into with the Promoter or Promoter Group; (b) veto rights; or (c) right to appoint any nominee director on our Board.

Further, an Anchor Investor was deemed to be an associate of the Book Running Lead Managers, if: (a) either of them controls, directly or indirectly through its subsidiary or holding company, not less than 15% of the voting rights in the other; or (b) either of them, directly or indirectly, by itself or in combination with other persons, exercises control over the other; or (c) there is a common director, excluding a nominee director, amongst the Anchor Investor and the Book Running Lead Managers.

The Promoters and the members of the Promoter Group, except to the extent of their respective Offered Shares, could not participate in the Offer.

Bids by Mutual Funds

With respect to Bids by Mutual Funds, a certified copy of their SEBI registration certificate was required to be lodged along with the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers reserved the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason thereof, subject to applicable laws.

Bids made by asset management companies or custodians of Mutual Funds were required to specifically state names of the concerned schemes for which such Bids were made.

In case of a Mutual Fund, a separate Bid could be made in respect of each scheme of the Mutual Fund registered with SEBI and such Bids in respect of more than one scheme of the Mutual Fund would not be treated as multiple Bids provided that the Bids clearly indicate the scheme concerned for which the Bid was made.

No Mutual Fund scheme could invest more than 10% of its net asset value in equity shares or equity related instruments of any single company provided that the limit of 10% was not be applicable for investments in case of index funds or sector or industry specific schemes. No Mutual Fund under all its schemes are allowed to own more than 10% of any company's paid-up share capital carrying voting rights.

Bids by Eligible NRIs

Eligible NRIs could obtain copies of Bid cum Application Form from the Designated Intermediaries. Only Bids accompanied by payment in Indian Rupees or freely convertible foreign exchange wereconsidered for Allotment. Eligible NRI Bidders bidding on a repatriation basis by using the Non-Resident Forms were required to authorize their respective SCSB or confirm or accept the UPI Mandate Request (in case of UPI Bidders through the UPI Mechanism) to block their Non- Resident External ("**NRE**") accounts (including UPI ID, if activated), or Foreign Currency Non-Resident ("**FCNR**") Accounts, and eligible NRI Bidders bidding on a non-repatriation basis by using Resident Forms were required to authorize their respective SCSB to block their Non-Resident Ordinary ("**NRO**") accounts or confirm

or accept the UPI mandate request (in case of UPI Bidders, using the UPI Mechanism) for the full Bid Amount, at the time of the submission of the Bid cum Application Form. NRIs applying in the Offer through the UPI Mechanism were advised to enquire with the relevant bank, whether their account is UPI linked, prior to submitting a Bid cum Application Form.

Eligible NRIs Bidding on non-repatriation basis were advised to use the Bid cum Application Form for residents (white in colour). Eligible NRIs Bidding on a repatriation basis were advised to use the Bid cum Application Form meant for Non-Residents (blue in colour).

Participation by Eligible NRIs in the Offer was subject to the FEMA Rules.

In accordance with the FEMA Rules, the total holding by any individual NRI, on a repatriation basis, shall not exceed 5% of the total paid-up equity capital on a fully diluted basis or shall not exceed 5% of the paid-up value of each series of debentures or preference shares or share warrants issued by an Indian company and the total holdings of all NRIs and OCIs put together shall not exceed 10% of the total paid-up equity capital on a fully diluted basis or shall not exceed 10% of the paid-up value of each series of debentures or preference shares or share warrant. Provided that the aggregate ceiling of 10% may be raised to 24% if a special resolution to that effect is passed by the general body of the Indian company.

For further details, see "*Restrictions on Foreign Ownership of Indian Securities* on page 566.

Bids by HUFs

Hindu Undivided Families or HUFs, were required to be made in the individual name of the *karta*. The Bidder/Applicant were required to specify that the Bid is being made in the name of the HUF in the Bid cum Application Form/Application Form as follows: "Name of sole or first Bidder/Applicant: XYZ Hindu Undivided Family applying through XYZ, where XYZ is the name of the *karta*". Bids/Applications by HUFs were considered at par with Bids/Applications from individuals.

Bids by FPIs

In terms of the SEBI FPI Regulations, the investment in Equity Shares by a single FPI or an investor group (which means multiple entities registered as FPIs and directly or indirectly having common ownership of more than 50% or common control) must be below 10% of our post-Offer Equity Share capital. On a fully diluted basis and the aggregate limit for FPI investments shall be the sectoral caps applicable to our Company, which is 100% of the total paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company on a fully diluted basis. In case the total holding of an FPI or investor group increases beyond 10% of the total paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company, on a fully diluted basis, the total investment made by the FPI or investor group will be re-classified as FDI subject to the conditions as specified by SEBI and the RBI in this regard and our Company and the investor will be required to comply with applicable reporting requirements. Further, in terms of the FEMA Rules, the total holding by each FPI or an investor group shall be below 10% of the total paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company and the total holdings of all FPIs put together with effect from April 1, 2020, can be up to the sectoral cap applicable to the sector in which our Company operates (i.e., up to 100%). In terms of the FEMA Rules, for calculating the aggregate holding of FPIs in a company, holding of all registered FPIs was required to be included.

In case of Bids made by FPIs, a certified copy of the certificate of registration issued under the SEBI FPI Regulations was required to be attached to the Bid cum Application Form, failing which our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers reserved the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason, subject to applicable laws.

To ensure compliance with the above requirement, SEBI, pursuant to its circular dated July 13, 2018, has directed that at the time of finalisation of the Basis of Allotment, the Registrar to the Offer shall (i) use the PAN issued by the Income Tax Department of India for checking compliance for a single FPI; and (ii) obtain validation from Depositories for the FPIs who have invested in the Offer to ensure there is no breach of the investment limit, within the timelines for issue procedure, as prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

A FPI may purchase or sell equity shares of an Indian company which is listed or to be listed on a recognized stock exchange in India, and/ or may purchase or sell securities other than equity instruments.

FPIs were permitted to participate in the Offer subject to compliance with conditions and restrictions which may be specified by the Government from time to time. In terms of the FEMA Non-debt Instruments Rules, for calculating the aggregate holding of FPIs in a company, holding of all registered FPIs was included.

Subject to compliance with all applicable Indian laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals in terms of Regulation 21 of the SEBI FPI Regulations, an FPI, may issue, subscribe to or otherwise deal in offshore derivative instruments (as defined under the SEBI FPI Regulations as any instrument, by whatever name called, which is issued overseas by a FPI against securities held by it in India, as its underlying) directly or indirectly, only in the event (i) such offshore derivative instruments are issued only by persons registered as Category I FPIs; (ii) such offshore derivative instruments are issued only to persons eligible for registration as Category I FPIs; (iii) such offshore derivative instruments are issued after compliance with 'know your client' norms; and (iv) such other conditions as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

In case the total holding of an FPI increases beyond 10% of the total paid-up Equity Share capital, on a fully diluted basis or 10% or more of the paid-up value of any series of debentures or preference shares or share warrants issued that may be issued by our Company, the total investment made by the FPI will be re-classified as FDI subject to the conditions as specified by SEBI and the RBI in this regard and our Company and the investor will be required to comply with applicable reporting requirements.

An FPI issuing offshore derivate instruments was also required to ensure that any transfer of offshore derivative instrument is made by, or on behalf of it subject to, *inter alia*, the following conditions:

(a) each offshore derivative instruments are transferred to persons subject to fulfilment of SEBI FPI Regulations; and
(b) prior consent of the FPI is obtained for such transfer, except when the persons to whom the offshore derivative instruments are to be transferred to are pre-approved by the FPI.

Bids by FPIs submitted under the multiple investment managers structure with the same PAN but with different beneficiary account numbers, Client ID and DP ID were not treated as multiple Bids.

The FPIs who wish to participate in the Offer were advised to use the Bid cum Application Form for non-residents.

Further, Bids received from FPIs bearing the same PAN were treated as multiple Bids and were liable to be rejected, except for Bids from FPIs that utilize the multiple investment manager structure in accordance with SEBI master circular bearing reference number SEBI/HO/AFD-2/CIR/P/2022/175 dated December 19, 2022 (such structure "**MIM Structure**") provided such Bids have been made with different beneficiary account numbers, Client IDs and DP IDs. Accordingly, it should be noted that multiple Bids received from FPIs, who do not utilize the MIM Structure, and bear the same PAN, were liable to be rejected. Further, in the following cases, Bids by FPIs were not treated as multiple Bids:

- FPIs which utilise the MIM structure, indicating the name of their respective investment managers in such confirmation;
- Offshore derivative instruments which have obtained separate FPI registration for ODI and proprietary derivative investments;
- Sub funds or separate class of investors with segregated portfolio who obtain separate FPI registration;
- FPI registrations granted at investment strategy level/sub fund level where a collective investment scheme or fund has multiple investment strategies/sub-funds with identifiable differences and managed by a single investment manager;
- Multiple branches in different jurisdictions of foreign bank registered as FPIs;
- Government and Government related investors registered as Category 1 FPIs; and
- Entities registered as collective investment scheme having multiple share classes.

In order to ensure valid Bids, FPIs making multiple Bids using the same PAN, and with different beneficiary account

numbers, Client IDs and DP IDs, were required to provide a confirmation along with each of their Bid cum Application Forms that the relevant FPIs making multiple Bids utilize the MIM Structure and indicate the names of their respective investment managers in such confirmation. In the absence of such confirmation from the relevant FPIs, such multiple Bids were rejected.

Bids by SEBI registered VCFs, AIFs and FVCIs

The SEBI AIF Regulations prescribe, amongst others, the investment restrictions on AIFs. Post the repeal of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Venture Capital Funds) Regulations, 1996, venture capital funds which have not re-registered as AIFs under the SEBI AIF Regulations shall continue to be regulated by the SEBI (Venture Capital Funds) Regulations, 1996 until the existing fund or scheme managed by the fund is wound up and such fund shall not launch any new scheme after the notification of the SEBI AIF Regulations. The SEBI FVCI Regulations prescribe the investment restrictions on FVCIs.

Accordingly, the holding in any company by any individual VCF or FVCIs registered with SEBI should not exceed 25% of the corpus of the VCF or FVCI. Further, VCFs and FVCIs can invest only up to 33.33% of the investible funds in various prescribed instruments, including in public offering.

Category I and II AIFs cannot invest more than 25% of the corpus in one investee company. A category III AIF cannot invest more than 10% of the corpus in one investee company. AIFs which are authorized under the fund documents to invest in units of AIFs are prohibited from offering their units for subscription to other AIFs. A VCF registered as a category I AIF, cannot invest more than one-third of its investible funds, in the aggregate, in certain specified instruments, including by way of subscription to an initial public offering of a venture capital undertaking. The holding in any company by any individual FVCI or VCF registered with SEBI should not exceed 25% of the corpus of the FVCI or VCF. An FVCI or VCF can invest only up to 33.33% of its investible funds, in the aggregate, in certain specified instruments, which includes subscription to an initial public offering of a venture capital undertaking or an investee company (as defined under the SEBI AIF Regulations).

Further, the shareholding of VCFs, category I AIFs or category II AIFs and FVCIs holding equity shares of a company prior to an initial public offering being undertaken by such company, shall be exempt from lock-in requirements, provided that such equity shares shall be locked in for a period of at least six months from the date of purchase by the venture capital fund or alternative investment fund or foreign venture capital investor.

All non-resident investors were required to note that refunds (in case of Anchor Investors), dividends and other distributions, if any, will be payable in Indian Rupees only and net of bank charges and commission.

Our Company, the Selling Shareholders or the Book Running Lead Managers will not be responsible for loss, if any, incurred by the Bidder on account of conversion of foreign currency.

Participation of AIFs, VCFs and FVCIs was also subject to the FEMA Rules.

Bids by limited liability partnerships

In case of Bids made by limited liability partnerships registered under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, a certified copy of certificate of registration issued under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, was required to be attached to the Bid cum Application Form, failing this, our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers reserved the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason thereof.

Bids by banking companies

In case of Bids made by banking companies registered with RBI, certified copies of: (i) the certificate of registration issued by RBI, and (ii) the approval of such banking company's investment committee were required to be attached to the Bid cum Application Form, failing which our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers reserved the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason. The investment limit for banking companies in non-financial services companies as per the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and the Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Financial Services provided by Banks) Directions, 2016, as amended, is 10% of

the paid-up share capital of the investee company, not being its subsidiary engaged in non-financial services, or 10% of the bank's own paid-up share capital and reserves, whichever is lower.

Bids by SCSBs

SCSBs participating in the Offer were required to comply with the terms of the SEBI circulars (Nos. CIR/CFD/DIL/12/2012 and CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2013) dated September 13, 2012 and January 2, 2013. Such SCSBs were required to ensure that for making applications on their own account using ASBA, they had a separate account in their own name with any other SEBI registered SCSBs. Further, such account was required to be used solely for the purpose of making application in public issues and clear demarcated funds were to be made available in such account for such applications.

Bids by insurance companies

In case of Bids made by insurance companies registered with the IRDAI, a certified copy of certificate of registration issued by IRDAI was required to be attached to the Bid cum Application Form, failing this, our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers reserved the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason thereof.

The exposure norms for insurers, prescribed under the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (Investment) Regulations, 2016 as amended are broadly set forth below:

(a) equity shares of a company: the lower of 10%* of the outstanding equity shares (face value) or 10% of the respective fund in case of life insurer or 10% of investment assets in case of general insurer or reinsurer;
(b) the entire group of the investee company: not more than 15% of the respective fund in case of a life insurer or 15% of investment assets in case of a general insurer or reinsurer or 15% of the investment assets in all companies belonging to the group, whichever is lower; and
(c) the industry sector in which the investee company operates: not more than 15% of the fund of a life insurer or a general insurer or a reinsurer or 15% of the investment asset, whichever is lower.

The maximum exposure limit, in the case of an investment in equity shares, cannot exceed the lower of an amount of 10% of the investment assets of a life insurer or general insurer and the amount calculated under (a), (b) and (c) above, as the case may be.

**The above limit of 10% shall stand substituted as 15% of outstanding equity shares (face value) for insurance companies with investment assets of ₹ 2,500,000 million or more and 12% of outstanding equity shares (face value) for insurers with investment assets of `500,000 million or more but less than ₹ 2,500,000 million.*

Insurance companies participating in this Offer were required to comply with all applicable regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by IRDAI from time to time.

Bids by provident funds/pension funds

In case of Bids made by provident funds/pension funds, subject to applicable laws, with minimum corpus of ₹ 250 million, registered with the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority established under sub section (1) of section 3 of the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 2013 a certified copy of a certificate from a chartered accountant certifying the corpus of the provident fund/pension fund was required to be attached to the Bid cum Application Form, failing this, our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers reserved the right to reject any Bid, without assigning any reason thereof.

Bids under power of attorney

In case of Bids made pursuant to a power of attorney or by limited companies, corporate bodies, registered societies, Eligible FPIs, Mutual Funds, insurance companies, insurance funds set up by the army, navy or air force of India, insurance funds set up by the Department of Posts, India or the National Investment Fund and provident funds with a minimum corpus of ₹ 250 million registered with the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority

established under sub section (1) of section 3 of the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 2013 (subject to applicable law) and pension funds with a minimum corpus of ₹ 250 million, registered with the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority established under sub section (1) of section 3 of the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 2013 a certified copy of the power of attorney or the relevant resolution or authority, as the case may be, along with a certified copy of the memorandum of association and articles of association and/or bye laws were required to lodge along with the Bid cum Application Form, failing this, our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers reserved the right to accept or reject any Bid in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason thereof.

Our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers in their absolute discretion, reserved the right to relax the above condition of simultaneous lodging of the power of attorney along with the Bid cum Application Form subject to the terms and conditions that our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers may deem fit.

Bids by Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Companies

In case of Bids made by Systemically Important NBFCs registered with RBI, certified copies of: (i) the certificate of registration issued by RBI, (ii) certified copy of its last audited financial statements on a standalone basis and a net worth certificate from its statutory auditor, and (iii) such other approval as may be required by the Systemically Important NBFCs, were required to be attached to the Bid cum Application Form. Failing this, our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers, reserved the right to reject any Bid without assigning any reason thereof. Systemically Important NBFCs participating in the Offer were required to comply with all applicable regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by RBI from time to time.

The investment limit for Systemically Important NBFCs shall be as prescribed by RBI from time to time.

Bids by Eligible Employees

The Bid must be for a minimum of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each and in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each thereafter so as to ensure that the Bid Amount payable by the Eligible Employee does not exceed ₹500,000. However, the initial allocation to an Eligible Employee in the Employee Reservation Portion did not not exceed ₹200,000.

Bids under Employee Reservation Portion by Eligible Employees were required to be:

(a) Made only in the prescribed Bid cum Application Form or Revision Form.
(b) The Bid must be for a minimum of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each and in multiples of 53 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each thereafter so as to ensure that the Bid Amount payable by the Eligible Employee subject to a maximum Bid Amount of ₹500,000. Eligible Employees under the Employee Reservation Portion were required to Bid at Cut-off Price.
(c) Only Eligible Employees were eligible to apply in this Offer under the Employee Reservation Portion and the Bidder was required to be an Eligible Employee as defined above.
(d) Only those Bids, which are received at or above the Offer Price, were considered for Allotment under this category.
(e) An Eligible Employee Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion could also Bid in the Non-Institutional Portion or the RIB Portion and such Bids were not treated as multiple Bids. Our Company reserved the right to reject, in its absolute discretion, all or any multiple Bids in any or all categories
(f) In case of joint bids, the First Bidder was an Eligible Employee.
(g) If the aggregate demand in this category is less than or equal to 117,647 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 2 each at or above the Offer Price, full allocation shall be made to the Eligible Employees to the extent of their demand.

Under-subscription, if any, (including Employee Reservation Portion), in any category, except the QIB Category, was allowed to be met with spill-over from any other category or categories, as applicable, at the discretion of our Company in consultation with the BRLMs and the Designated Stock Exchange, subject to applicable laws. Unless the Employee Reservation Portion was under-subscribed, the value of allocation to an Eligible Employee did not exceed ₹200,000. In the event of under-subscription in the Employee Reservation Portion, the unsubscribed portion may be allocated, on a proportionate basis, to Eligible Employees for value exceeding ₹200,000 up to ₹500,000.

Bids by Anchor Investors

In accordance with the SEBI Regulations, the key terms for participation by Anchor Investors are provided below:

1) Anchor Investor Application Forms were made available for the Anchor Investor Portion at the offices of the Book Running Lead Managers.

2) The Bid was required to be for a minimum of such number of Equity Shares so that the Bid Amount did not exceed ₹100 million. A Bid could not be submitted for over 60% of the QIB Portion. In case of a Mutual Fund, separate Bids by individual schemes of a Mutual Fund will be aggregated to determine the minimum application size of ₹100 million.

3) One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion was reserved for allocation to domestic Mutual Funds.

4) Bidding for Anchor Investors was opened one Working Day before the Bid/ Offer Opening Date.

5) Our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers finalized allocation to the Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis, provided that the minimum number of Allottees in the Anchor Investor Portion was not be less than: (a) maximum of two Anchor Investors, where allocation under the Anchor Investor Portion was up to ₹100 million; (b) minimum of two and maximum of 15 Anchor Investors, where the allocation under the Anchor Investor Portion was more than ₹100 million but up to ₹2,500 million, subject to a minimum Allotment of ₹50 million per Anchor Investor; and (c) in case of allocation above ₹2,500 million under the Anchor Investor Portion, a minimum of five such investors and a maximum of 15 Anchor Investors for allocation up to ₹2,500 million, and an additional 10 Anchor Investors for every additional ₹2,500 million, subject to minimum allotment of ₹50 million per Anchor Investor.

6) Allocation to Anchor Investors was completed on the Anchor Investor Bidding Date. The number of Equity Shares allocated to Anchor Investors and the price at which the allocation was made available in the public domain by the Book Running Lead Managers before the Bid/ Offer Opening Date, through intimation to the Stock Exchanges.

7) Anchor Investors could not withdraw or lower the size of their Bids at any stage after submission of the Bid.

8) If the Offer Price is greater than the Anchor Investor Allocation Price, the additional amount being the difference between the Offer Price and the Anchor Investor Allocation Price was payable by the Anchor Investors on the Anchor Investor Pay-in Date specified in the CAN. If the Offer Price is lower than the Anchor Investor Allocation Price, Allotment to successful Anchor Investors will be at the higher price, i.e., the Anchor Investor Offer Price.

9) 50% Equity Shares Allotted to Anchor Investors in the Anchor Investor Portion shall be locked –in for a period of 90 days from the date of Allotment and the remaining 50% shall be locked-in for a period of 30 days from the date of Allotment.

10) Neither the (a) Book Running Lead Managers (s) or any associate of the Book Running Lead Managers (other than mutual funds sponsored by entities which are associate of the Book Running Lead Managers or insurance companies promoted by entities which are associate of the Book Running Lead Managers or Alternate Investment Funds (AIFs) sponsored by the entities which are associates of the Book Running Lead Managers, pension funds sponsored by entities which are associate of the Book Running Lead Managers or FPIs, other than individuals, corporate bodies and family offices, sponsored by the entities which are associate of the Book Running Lead Managers) nor (b) the Promoter, Promoter Group or any person related to the Promoter or members of the Promoter Group could apply under the Anchor Investors category.

For more information, please read the General Information Document.

In accordance with existing regulations issued by the RBI, OCBs cannot participate in the Offer.

The above information is given for the benefit of the Bidders. Our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Book Running Lead Managers are not liable for any amendments or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus. Bidders were advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that any single Bid from them did not exceed the applicable investment limits or maximum number of the Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law or regulation or as specified in the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus.

Information for Bidders

The relevant Designated Intermediary entered a maximum of three Bids at different price levels opted in the Bid cum Application Form and such options were not considered as multiple Bids. It was the Bidder's responsibility to obtain the acknowledgment slip from the relevant Designated Intermediary. The registration of the Bid by the Designated Intermediary did not guarantee that the Equity Shares would be allocated/Allotted. Such Acknowledgement Slip was non-negotiable and by itself did not create any obligation of any kind. When a Bidder revised his or her Bid, he /she surrendered the earlier Acknowledgement Slip and could request for a revised acknowledgment slip from the relevant Designated Intermediary as proof of his or her having revised the previous Bid. In relation to electronic registration of Bids, the permission given by the Stock Exchanges to use their network and software of the electronic bidding system could not in any way be deemed or construed to mean that the compliance with various statutory and other requirements by our Company, the Selling Shareholders and/or the Book Running Lead Managers were cleared or approved by the Stock Exchanges; nor did it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of compliance with the statutory and other requirements, nor did it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of our Company, the management or any scheme or project of our Company; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus or the Red Herring Prospectus; nor does it warrant that the Equity Shares will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Stock Exchanges.

General Instructions

Please note that QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders were not permitted to withdraw their Bid(s) or lower the size of their Bid(s) (in terms of quantity of Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage. RIBs, Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion could have revised their Bid(s) during the Bid/Offer Period and withdrawn or lowered the size of their Bid(s) until Bid/Offer Closing Date. Anchor Investors were not allowed to withdraw their Bids after the Anchor Investor Bid/Offer Period.

***Do's*:**

1. Check if you are eligible to apply as per the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus and under applicable law, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals. All Bidders (other than Anchor Investors) should submit their Bids through the ASBA process only;

2. Ensure that you have Bid within the Price Band;

3. Read all the instructions carefully and complete the Bid cum Application Form, as the case may be, in the prescribed form;

4. Ensure that you (other than Anchor Investors) have mentioned the correct ASBA Account number if you are not an UPI Bidder using the UPI Mechanism in the Bid cum Application Form and if you are an UPI Bidder using the UPI Mechanism ensure that you have mentioned the correct UPI ID (with maximum length of 45 characters including the handle), in the Bid cum Application Form;

5. UPI Bidders using UPI Mechanism through the SCSBs and mobile applications shall ensure that the name of the bank appears in the list of SCSBs which are live on UPI, as displayed on the SEBI website. UPI Bidders shall ensure that the name of the app and the UPI handle which is used for making the application appears in Annexure 'A' to the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/COR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019;

6. Ensure that your Bid cum Application Form bearing the stamp of a Designated Intermediary is submitted to

the Designated Intermediary at the Bidding Centre within the prescribed time. UPI Bidders using UPI Mechanism, may submit their ASBA Forms with Syndicate Members, Registered Brokers, RTAs or CDPs and should ensure that the ASBA Form contains the stamp of such Designated Intermediary;

7. Ensure that you have funds equal to the Bid Amount in the ASBA Account maintained with the SCSB, before submitting the ASBA Form to any of the Designated Intermediaries;

8. In case of joint Bids, ensure that first Bidder is the ASBA Account holder (or the UPI-linked bank account holder, as the case may be) and the signature of the first Bidder is included in the Bid cum Application Form;

9. Ensure that the signature of the First Bidder in case of joint Bids, is included in the Bid cum Application Forms;

10. Ensure that you request for and receive a stamped acknowledgement counterfoil of the Bid cum Application Form for all your Bid options from the concerned Designated Intermediary;

11. Ensure that the name(s) given in the Bid cum Application Form is/are exactly the same as the name(s) in which the beneficiary account is held with the Depository Participant. In case of joint Bids, the Bid cum Application Form should contain only the name of the First Bidder whose name should also appear as the first holder of the beneficiary account held in joint names. Ensure that the signature of the First Bidder is included in the Bid cum Application Forms. PAN of the First Bidder is required to be specified in case of joint Bids;

12. UPI Bidders bidding in the Offer to ensure that they shall use only their own ASBA Account or only their own bank account linked UPI ID which is UPI 2.0 certified by NPCI (only for UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism) to make an application in the Offer and not ASBA Account or bank account linked UPI ID of any third party;

13. Ensure that you submit the revised Bids to the same Designated Intermediary, through whom the original Bid was placed and obtain a revised acknowledgment;

14. UPI Bidders not using the UPI Mechanism, should submit their Bid cum Application Form directly with SCSBs and not with any other Designated Intermediary;

15. Ensure that you have correctly signed the authorisation/undertaking box in the Bid cum Application Form, or have otherwise provided an authorisation to the SCSB or Sponsor Bank, as applicable, via the electronic mode, for blocking funds in the ASBA Account equivalent to the Bid Amount mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form, as the case may be, at the time of submission of the Bid. In case of UPI Bidders submitting their Bids and participating in the Offer through the UPI Mechanism, ensure that you authorise the UPI Mandate Request raised by the Sponsor Bank for blocking of funds equivalent to Bid Amount and subsequent debit of funds in case of Allotment;

16. Except for Bids (i) on behalf of the Central or State Governments and the officials appointed by the courts, who, in terms of the SEBI circular dated June 30, 2008, may be exempt from specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market, (ii) submitted by investors who are exempt from the requirement of obtaining/specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market, and (iii) Bids by persons resident in the state of Sikkim, who, in terms of a SEBI circular dated July 20, 2006, may be exempted from specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market, all Bidders should mention their PAN allotted under the IT Act. The exemption for the Central or the State Government and officials appointed by the courts and for investors residing in the State of Sikkim is subject to (a) the Demographic Details received from the respective depositories confirming the exemption granted to the beneficiary owner by a suitable description in the PAN field and the beneficiary account remaining in "active status"; and (b) in the case of residents of Sikkim, the address as per the Demographic Details evidencing the same. All other applications in which PAN is not mentioned will be rejected;

17. Ensure that the Demographic Details are updated, true and correct in all respects;

18. Ensure that thumb impressions and signatures other than in the languages specified in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution of India are attested by a Magistrate or a Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under official seal;

19. Ensure that the category and the investor status is indicated;

20. Ensure that in case of Bids under power of attorney or by limited companies, corporates, trust, etc., relevant documents are submitted;

21. The ASBA bidders shall ensure that bids above ₹ 500,000, are uploaded only by the SCSBs;

22. Ensure that Bids submitted by any person resident outside India is in compliance with applicable foreign and Indian laws;

23. Ensure that the Bidder's depository account is active, the correct DP ID, Client ID, the PAN, UPI ID, if applicable, are mentioned in their Bid cum Application Form and that the name of the Bidder, the DP ID, Client ID, the PAN and UPI ID, if applicable, entered into the online IPO system of the Stock Exchanges by the relevant Designated Intermediary, as applicable, matches with the name, DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID, if applicable, available in the Depository database;

24. Ensure that when applying in the Offer using UPI, the name of your SCSB appears in the list of SCSBs displayed on the SEBI website which are live on UPI. Further, also ensure that the name of the mobile application and the UPI handle being used for making the application in the Offer is also appearing in the "list of mobile applications for using UPI in public issues" displayed on the SEBI website and is also appearing in Annexure 'A' to the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019;

25. UPI Bidders who wish to revise their Bids using the UPI Mechanism, should submit the revised Bid with the Designated Intermediaries, pursuant to which UPI Bidders should ensure acceptance of the UPI Mandate Request received from the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to the revised Bid Amount in the UPI Bidders' ASBA Account;

26. Ensure that you have accepted the UPI Mandate Request received from the Sponsor Bank prior to 5:00 p.m. on the Bid/ Offer Closing Date;

27. UPI Bidders shall ensure that details of the Bid are reviewed and verified by opening the attachment in the UPI Mandate Request and then proceed to authorize the UPI Mandate Request using his/her UPI PIN. Upon the authorization of the mandate using his/her UPI PIN, an UPI Bidder may be deemed to have verified the attachment containing the application details of such bidders in the UPI Mandate Request and have agreed to block the entire Bid Amount and authorized the Sponsor Banks to block the Bid Amount mentioned in the Bid Cum Application Form;

28. Ensure that Anchor Investors submit their Bid cum Application Forms only to the Book Running Lead Managers;

29. FPIs making MIM Bids using the same PAN, and different beneficiary account numbers, Client IDs and DP IDs, are required to submit a confirmation that their Bids are under the MIM structure and indicate the name of their investment managers in such confirmation which shall be submitted along with each of their Bid cum Application Forms. In the absence of such confirmation from the relevant FPIs, such MIM Bids were liable to be rejected;

30. UPI Bidders shall ensure that details of the Bid are reviewed and verified by opening the attachment in the UPI Mandate Request and then proceed to authorise the UPI Mandate Request using his/her UPI PIN. Upon the authorisation of the mandate using his/her UPI PIN, an UPI Bidder may be deemed to have verified the attachment containing the application details of the UPI Bidder in the UPI Mandate Request and have agreed

to block the entire Bid Amount and authorised the Sponsor Bank to block the Bid Amount mentioned in the Bid Cum Application Form; and

31. Ensure that while Bidding through a Designated Intermediary, the Bid cum Application Form (other than for Anchor Investors and UPI Bidders bidding using the UPI Mechanism) is submitted to a Designated Intermediary in a Bidding Centre and that the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the ASBA Form, is maintained has named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediary to deposit ASBA Forms (a list of such branches is available on the website of SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in).

The Bid cum Application Form was liable to be rejected if the above instructions, as applicable, are not complied with. Application made using incorrect UPI handle or using a bank account of an SCSB or SCSBs which is not mentioned in the Annexure 'A' to the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2019/85 dated July 26, 2019 is liable to be rejected.

Don'ts:

1. Do not Bid for lower than the minimum Bid size;

2. Do not Bid for a Bid Amount exceeding ₹ 200,000 (for Bids by Retail Individual Bidders) and ₹500,000 for Bids by Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion;

3. Do not pay the Bid Amount in cheques, demand drafts or by cash, money order, postal order or by stock invest;

4. Do not send Bid cum Application Forms by post; instead submit the same to the Designated Intermediary only;

5. Do not Bid at Cut-off Price (for Bids by QIBs and Non-Institutional Bidders);

6. Do not instruct your respective banks to release the funds blocked in the ASBA Account under the ASBA process;

7. Do not submit the Bid for an amount more than funds available in your ASBA account.

8. Do not submit Bids on plain paper or on incomplete or illegible Bid cum Application Forms or on Bid cum Application Forms in a colour prescribed for another category of a Bidder;

9. In case of ASBA Bidders, do not submit more than one ASBA Forms per ASBA Account;

10. If you are an UPI Bidder and are using UPI mechanism, do not submit more than one ASBA Form for each UPI ID;

11. Anchor Investors should not Bid through the ASBA process;

12. Do not submit the ASBA Forms to any Designated Intermediary that is not authorised to collect the relevant ASBA Forms or to our Company;

13. Do not Bid on a Bid cum Application Form that does not have the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary;

14. Do not submit the General Index Register (GIR) number instead of the PAN;

15. Do not submit incorrect details of the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID, if applicable, or provide details for a beneficiary account which is suspended or for which details cannot be verified by the Registrar to the Offer;

16. Do not submit a Bid in case you are not eligible to acquire Equity Shares under applicable law or your relevant constitutional documents or otherwise;

17. Do not Bid if you are not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872 (other than minors having valid depository accounts as per Demographic Details provided by the depository);

18. Do not submit a Bid/revise a Bid Amount, with a price less than the Floor Price or higher than the Cap Price;

19. Do not submit a Bid using UPI ID, if you are not a (i) RIB, (ii) or individual investors bidding under the Non-Institutional Portion for an amount of more than ₹ 200,000 and up to ₹500,000, (iii) or are an Eligible Employee;

20. Do not submit your Bid after 3.00 pm on the Bid/Offer Closing Date;

21. If you are a QIB, do not submit your Bid after 3:00 pm on the QIB Bid/Offer Closing Date (for online applications) and after 12:00 p.m. on the Bid/ Offer Closing Date (for Physical Applications);

22. Do not Bid on another ASBA Form or the Anchor Investor Application Form, as the case may be, after you have submitted a Bid to any of the Designated Intermediaries;

23. Do not Bid for Equity Shares in excess of what is specified for each category;

24. Do not fill up the Bid cum Application Form such that the Equity Shares Bid for, exceeds the Offer size and/or investment limit or maximum number of the Equity Shares that can be held under applicable laws or regulations or maximum amount permissible under applicable laws or regulations, or under the terms of the Red Herring Prospectus;

25. Do not withdraw your Bid or lower the size of your Bid (in terms of quantity of the Equity Shares or the Bid Amount) at any stage, if you are a QIB or a Non-Institutional Bidder. Retail Individual Bidders can revise or withdraw their Bids on or before the Bid/ Offer Closing Date;

26. Do not submit Bids to a Designated Intermediary at a location other than the Bidding Centres;

27. If you are an UPI Bidder which is submitting the ASBA Form with any of the Designated Intermediaries and using your UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds, do not use any third party bank account or third party linked bank account UPI ID;

28. Do not Bid if you are an OCB;

29. Do not link the UPI ID with a bank account maintained with a bank that is not UPI 2.0 certified by the NPCI in case of Bids submitted by UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism;

30. Do not submit more than one Bid cum Application Form for each UPI ID in case of UPI Bidders Bidding using the UPI Mechanism;

31. Do not submit a Bid cum Application Form with a third party UPI ID or using a third party bank account (in case of Bids submitted by UPI Bidders using the UPI Mechanism); and

32. In case of ASBA Bidders (other than 3 in 1 Bids) Syndicate Members shall ensure that they do not upload any bids above ₹ 500,000;

33. UPI Bidders Bidding through the UPI Mechanism using the incorrect UPI handle or using a bank account of an SCSB or a bank which is not mentioned in the list provided in the SEBI website is liable to be rejected.

34. Bids uploaded by QIBs and by Non-Institutional Bidders after 4:00 p.m. on the Bid/ Offer Closing and Bids by RIBs, Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion uploaded after 5:00 p.m. on the

Bid/ Offer Closing Date, unless extended by the Stock Exchange. On the Bid/Offer Closing Date, extension of time may be granted by the Stock Exchanges only for uploading Bids received from Retail Individual Investors, after taking into account the total number of Bids received up to closure of timings for acceptance of Bid-cum-Application Forms as stated herein and as informed to the Stock Exchanges.

The Bid cum Application Form was liable to be rejected if the above instructions, as applicable, were not complied with.

Further, in case of any pre-Offer or post Offer related issues regarding share certificates/demat credit/refund orders/unblocking etc., investors shall reach out to our Company Secretary and Compliance Officer. For further details of Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, see "*General Information*" on page 112.

For details of grounds for technical rejections of a Bid cum Application Form, please see the General Information Document.

Further, for helpline details of the Book Running Lead Managers pursuant to the SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2021/2480/1/M dated March 16, 2021 see, *"General Information – Book Running Lead Managers"* beginning on page 114.

Names of entities responsible for finalising the basis of allotment in a fair and proper manner

The authorised employees of the Stock Exchanges, along with the Book Running Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Offer, shall ensure that the basis of allotment is finalised in a fair and proper manner in accordance with the procedure specified in SEBI ICDR Regulations.

Method of allotment as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time

Our Company will not make any allotment in excess of the Equity Shares through the Offer Document except in case of oversubscription for the purpose of rounding off to make allotment, in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange. Further, upon oversubscription, an allotment of not more than 1% of the Offer may be made for the purpose of making allotment in minimum lots.

The allotment of Equity Shares to applicants other than to the Retail Individual Bidders, Non-Institutional Bidders and Anchor Investors shall be on a proportionate basis within the respective investor categories and the number of securities allotted shall be rounded off to the nearest integer, subject to minimum allotment being equal to the minimum application size as determined and disclosed.

The allotment of Equity Shares to each Retail Individual Bidders and the Non-Institutional Bidders shall not be less than the minimum bid lot, subject to the availability of shares in Retail Individual Bidders Portion, and the Non-Institutional Bidders and the remaining available shares, if any, shall be allotted on a proportionate basis. Further, not less than 15% of the Offer shall be available for allocation to Non-Institutional Bidders of which one-third shall be available for allocation to Bidders with an application size more than ₹ 200,000 to ₹ 1,000,000 and two-thirds shall be available for allocation to Bidders with an application size of more than ₹ 1,000,000 in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

Payment into Escrow Account(s) for Anchor Investors

Our Company and Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the Book Running Lead Managers, in their absolute discretion, had decided the list of Anchor Investors to whom the CAN will be sent, pursuant to which the details of the Equity Shares allocated to them in their respective names would be notified to such Anchor Investors. Anchor Investors were not permitted to Bid in the Offer through the ASBA process. Instead, Anchor Investors were required to transfer the Bid Amount (through direct credit, RTGS, NACH or NEFT) to the Escrow Account(s). For Anchor Investors, the payment instruments for payment into the Escrow Account(s) were required to be drawn in favour of:

(a) In case of resident Anchor Investors: "ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS LIMITED ANCHOR R ACCOUNT"

(b) In case of Non-Resident Anchor Investors: "ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS LIMITED ANCHOR NR ACCOUNT"

Anchor Investors were required to note that the escrow mechanism is not prescribed by SEBI and has been established as an arrangement between our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the Syndicate, the Escrow Collection Bank and the Registrar to the Offer to facilitate collections of Bid amounts from Anchor Investors.

Pre-Offer Advertisement

Our Company, after filing the Red Herring Prospectus with the RoC, published a pre-Offer advertisement, in the form prescribed by the SEBI ICDR Regulations, in: (i) all editions of Financial Express, a widely circulated English national daily newspaper; (ii) in all editions of Jansatta, a Hindi national daily newspaper; and (iii) Marathi edition of Navshakti, a Marathi daily newspaper (Marathi also being the regional language of Maharashtra, where our Registered and Corporate Office is located), each with wide circulation.

In the pre-Offer advertisement, we stated the Bid/ Offer Opening Date and the Bid/ Offer Closing Date. This advertisement, was in the format prescribed in Part A of Schedule X of the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

The above information was given for the benefit of the Bidders/applicants. Our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the members of the Syndicate are not liable for any amendments or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this Prospectus. Bidders/applicants were advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that the number of Equity Shares Bid for do not exceed the prescribed limits under applicable laws or regulations.

Allotment Advertisement

The Allotment Advertisement shall be uploaded on the websites of our Company, BRLMs and Registrar to the Offer, before 9 p.m. IST, on the date of receipt of the final listing and trading approval from all the Stock Exchanges where the equity shares of the Issuer are proposed to be listed, provided such final listing and trading approval from all the Stock Exchanges is received prior to 9:00 p.m. IST on that day. In an event, if final listing and trading approval from all the Stock Exchanges is received post 9:00 p.m. IST on the date of receipt of the final listing and trading approval from all the Stock Exchanges where the equity shares of the Issuer are proposed to be listed, then the Allotment Advertisement shall be uploaded on the websites of our Company, BRLMs and Registrar to the Offer, following the receipt of final listing and trading approval from all the Stock Exchanges.

Our Company, the Book Running Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Offer shall publish an allotment advertisement not later than one day after the date of commencement of trading, disclosing the date of commencement of trading in: (i) all editions of Financial Express, a widely circulated English national daily newspaper; (ii) in all editions of Navshakti, a Hindi national daily newspaper; and (iii) Marathi edition of Navshakti, a Marathi daily newspaper (Marathi also being the regional language of Maharashtra, where our Registered and Corporate Office is located) , each with wide circulation.

Signing of the Underwriting Agreement and the RoC Filing

(a) Our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Syndicate have entered Underwriting Agreement dated June 27, 2024.

(b) After signing the Underwriting Agreement, an updated Red Herring Prospectus has been filed with the RoC in accordance with applicable law, which then would be termed as the 'Prospectus'.

Impersonation

Attention of the applicants is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, which is reproduced below:

"Any person who:

(a) makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or

(b) makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or

(c) otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name, shall be liable for action under Section 447."

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act, for fraud involving an amount of at least ₹ 1 million or 1% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower, includes imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times such amount (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years.) Further, where the fraud involves an amount less than ₹ 1 million or one per cent of the turnover of the company, whichever is lower, and does not involve public interest, any person guilty of such fraud shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years or with fine which may extend to ₹ 5 million or with both.

Undertakings by our Company

Our Company undertakes the following:

- adequate arrangements were made to collect all Bid cum Application Forms submitted by Bidders.
- the complaints received in respect of the Offer were and shall be attended to by our Company expeditiously and satisfactorily;
- all steps for completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at the Stock Exchanges where the Equity Shares are proposed to be listed shall be taken within the period prescribed by SEBI;
- if Allotment is not made within the prescribed time period under applicable law, the entire subscription amount received will be refunded/unblocked within the time prescribed under applicable law. If there is delay beyond the prescribed time, our Company shall pay interest prescribed under the Companies Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations and applicable law for the delayed period;
- it has not offered any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in any manner, whether in cash or kind or services or otherwise to the Bidder for making a Bid in the Offer, and has not made any payment, direct or indirect, in the nature of discounts, commission, allowance or otherwise to any person who makes a Bid in the Offer;
- the funds required for making refunds (to the extent applicable) as per the mode(s) disclosed shall be made available to the Registrar to the Offer by our Company;
- where refunds (to the extent applicable) are made through electronic transfer of funds, a suitable communication shall be sent to the applicant within the time prescribed under applicable law, giving details of the bank where refunds shall be credited along with amount and expected date of electronic credit of refund;
- Promoter's contribution, if any, was brought in advance before the Bid/ Offer Opening Date and the balance, if any, shall be brought in on a pro rata basis before calls are made on the Allottees;
- that if our Company or the Selling Shareholders do not proceed with the Offer after the Bid/Offer Closing Date but prior to Allotment, the reason thereof shall be given by our Company as a public notice within two days of the Bid/Offer Closing Date. The public notice shall be issued in the same newspapers where the pre-Offer advertisements were published. The Stock Exchanges shall be informed promptly; and
- that if our Company and the Selling Shareholders withdraw the Offer after the Bid/Offer Closing Date, our Company shall be required to file a fresh offer document with SEBI, in the event our Company or the Selling Shareholders subsequently decide to proceed with the Offer.

Undertakings by the Selling Shareholders

Each of the Selling Shareholders severally and jointly undertake that:

- the Equity Shares offered for sale by the Selling Shareholders are eligible for being offered in the Offer for

Sale in terms of Regulation 8 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, are fully paid-up and are in dematerialised form;

- it shall not offer any incentive, whether direct or indirect, in any manner, whether in cash or kind or services or otherwise to the Bidder for making a Bid in the Offer, and shall not make any payment, direct or indirect, in the nature of discounts, commission, allowance or otherwise to any person who makes a Bid in the Offer;
- it is the legal and beneficial owner of, and has clear and marketable title to, the Equity Shares which are offered by it pursuant to the Offer for Sale; and
- it shall not have recourse to the proceeds of the Offer, which shall be held in escrow in its favour, until final approval for trading of the Equity Shares from the Stock Exchanges where listing is sought has been received.

Utilisation of Offer Proceeds

Our Company and the Selling Shareholders, severally and not jointly, specifically confirm that all monies received out of the Offer have been credited/transferred to a separate bank account other than the bank account referred to in sub-section (3) of Section 40 of the Companies Act.

Further, details of all utilised monies out of the Fresh Issue shall be disclosed, and continued to be disclosed till any part of the Offer proceeds remains unutilised, under an appropriate separate head in the balance sheet of our Company indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilised or invested.

Details of all unutilized monies out of the Fresh Issue, if any shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in the balance sheet of our Company indicating the form in which such unutilized monies have been invested.

RESTRICTIONS ON FOREIGN OWNERSHIP OF INDIAN SECURITIES

Foreign investment in Indian securities is regulated through the Industrial Policy, 1991 of the Government of India and FEMA. While the Industrial Policy, 1991 prescribes the limits and the conditions subject to which foreign investment can be made in different sectors of the Indian economy, FEMA regulates the precise manner in which such investment may be made. The responsibility of granting approval for foreign investment under the Consolidated FDI Policy (defined herein below) and FEMA has been entrusted to the concerned ministries / departments.

The Government of India has from time to time made policy pronouncements on FDI through press notes and press releases. The DPIIT issued the Consolidated FDI Policy Circular dated October 15, 2020, with effect from October 15, 2020 ("Consolidated FDI Policy"), which consolidates and supersedes all previous press notes, press releases and clarifications on FDI issued by the DPIIT that were in force and effect prior to October 15, 2020. The transfer of shares between an Indian resident and a non-resident does not require the prior approval of the RBI, provided that: (i) the activities of the investee company are under the automatic route under the foreign direct investment policy and transfer does not attract the provisions of the SEBI Takeover Regulations; (ii) the non-resident shareholding is within the sectoral limits under the Consolidated FDI policy; and (iii) the pricing is in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the SEBI/RBI.

Further, in accordance with Press Note No. 3 (2020 Series), dated April 17, 2020 issued by the DPIIT and the FEMA NDI Rules, any investment, subscription, purchase or sale of equity instruments by entities, investments under the foreign direct investment route by entities of a country which shares land border with India or where the beneficial owner of an investment into India is situated in or is a citizen of any such country will require prior approval of the Government of India. Further, in the event of transfer of ownership of any existing or future foreign direct investment in an entity in India, directly or indirectly, resulting in the beneficial ownership falling within the aforesaid restriction/ purview, such subsequent change in the beneficial ownership will also require approval of the Government of India.

In terms of the FEMA NDI Rules and the FDI Policy, up to 100% foreign investment is currently permitted under the automatic route in our Company. With effect from April 1, 2020, the aggregate limits for FPI investments are the sectoral caps applicable to our Company. Each Bidder was required to seek independent legal advice about its ability to participate in the Offer and in our Company. In the event a prior approval of the Government of India wasrequired, and such approval had been obtained, the Bidder was required to intimate our Company and the Registrar in writing about such approval along with a copy thereof within the Bid/ Offer Period.

Given that more than 50% of our Company's Equity Share capital is owned by resident Indian citizens and our Company is controlled by resident Indian citizens, our Company is a "company owned by resident Indian citizens" and a "company controlled by resident Indian citizens" within the meaning the FEMA Rules and the FDI Policy. Consequently, no investment made by our Company into our Subsidiaries is deemed to be 'indirect foreign investment' within the meaning of the FEMA Rules and the FDI Policy, and the FEMA Rules and FDI Policy are not applicable to our Subsidiaries or our Company's investment into our Subsidiaries.

Any change in our Company's shareholding or control, as a result of which our Company ceases to be a "company owned by resident Indian citizens" or a "company controlled by resident Indian citizens", within the meaning of the FEMA Rules and FDI Policy could have an adverse impact on our business and financial condition, and on our Company's investment in its subsidiaries.

For details of the aggregate limit for investments by NRIs and FPIs in our Company, see *"Offer Procedure – Bids by Eligible NRIs" and "Offer Procedure – Bids by FPIs"* on pages 550 and 551 respectively.

For further details, please see "*Risk Factors – External Risk Factors – 91. Under Indian law, foreign investors are subject to investment restrictions that limit our ability to attract foreign investors, which may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares.*" on page 99 of this Prospectus.

As per the existing policy of the Government, OCBs could not participate in the Offer.

The Equity Shares offered in the Offer have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act or any state securities laws in the United States, and may not be offered or sold within the United States, except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act and applicable state securities laws in the United States. Accordingly, the Equity Shares are being offered and sold outside the United States in offshore transactions in compliance with Regulation S and the applicable laws of the jurisdiction where those offers and sales are made.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and Bids may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction.

SECTION VIII – DESCRIPTION OF EQUITY SHARES AND TERMS OF ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

The following Regulations comprised in these Articles of Association were adopted pursuant to Special Resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on June 8, 2024, in substitution for, and to the entire exclusion of the earlier regulations comprised in the extant Articles of Association of the Company.

There are no material clauses of the Articles of Association of our Company that have been left out from disclosure having bearing on the Offer, in this Prospectus.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

(Incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956)

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS LIMITED

The Articles of Association of the Company comprises of two parts, Part A and Part B, which parts shall, unless the context otherwise requires, co-exist with each other. In case of inconsistency between Part A and Part B, the provisions of Part B shall prevail over Part A of these Articles, subject to applicable laws. However, Part B shall automatically terminate and cease to have any force and effect from the date of filing of the Red Herring Prospectus with the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai , pursuant to an initial public offering ("**IPO**") of the Equity Shares of the Company without any further action including any corporate action by the Company or by the shareholders.

PART – A

Table 'F' not to apply

1. The regulations contained in Table F, in the Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013 or in the Schedule, to any previous Companies Act, shall not apply to the Company, except in so far as the same are repeated, contained or expressly made applicable in these Articles or by the said Act.

2. a. The Regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance of the Members thereof and their representatives shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company in reference to the repeal or alteration or modification or addition to its Regulations in the manner prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013, shall be such as are contained in these Articles.

   b. These Regulations shall be binding on both the Company and the Members and every Member shall be deemed to have joined the Company on the foregoing basis.

Interpretation

3. The marginal notes hereto shall not affect the construction hereof. In the interpretation of these Articles, the following expressions shall have the following meanings, unless repugnant to the subject or context;

   i. **"Act"** means the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force and the term shall be deemed to refer to the applicable section thereof which is relatable to the relevant Article in which the said term appears in these Articles and any Previous Company Law, so far as may be applicable, including Rules.

ii. "**Articles"** means the Articles of Association of the Company for the time being in force or as altered from time to time.

iii. "**Article" or "Regulation"** unless the context otherwise requires, means the Article or Regulation comprised in these Articles.

iv. "**Alter**" and "**Alteration**" shall include the making of additions, modifications, deletions and substitutions.

v. "**Annual General Meeting**" means a General Meeting of the Members held in accordance with the provision of Section 96 of the Act.

vi. **"Associate Company"** in relation to another company, means a company in which that other company has a significant influence, but which is not a subsidiary company of the Company having such influence and includes a joint venture company. For the purposes of this definition,

(a) "significant influence" means Control of at least twenty percent of total share capital, or of business decisions under an agreement;

(b) "joint venture" means a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

vii. "**Auditors**" means and includes those persons appointed as such for the time being of the Company in terms of the Act.

viii. "**Board of Directors**" or "**Board**" in relation to the Company, means the collective body of the Directors of the Company or any Committee of the Board duly constituted in terms of these Articles and the applicable provisions of the Act;

ix. "**Body Corporate**" or "**Corporation**" includes a company incorporated outside India, but does not include—

a. a co-operative society registered under any law relating to co-operative societies; and

b. any other Body Corporate (not being a company as defined in this Act), which the Central Government may, by notification, specify in this behalf.

x. "**Book a nd Paper**" and "**Book or Paper**" include books of account, deeds, vouchers, writings, documents, minutes and registers maintained on paper or in electronic form.

xi. "**Books of Accounts**" includes records maintained in respect of—

a. all sums of money received and expended by the Company and matters in relation to which the receipts and expenditure take place;

b. all sales and purchases of goods and services by the Company;

c. the assets and liabilities of the Company; and

d. the items of cost as may be prescribed under Section 148 in the case of the Company which belongs to any class of companies specified under that section.

xii. "**Capital**" means the share capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purpose of the Company.

xiii. **"Chairman"** or **"Chairperson"** shall mean such person as is nominated or appointed in accordance with Article 99(a) (Chairperson of the Board)) herein below.

xiv. **"Charge"** means an interest or lien created on the property or assets of the Company or any of its undertakings or both as security and includes a mortgage.

xv. **"Chief Financial Officer"** means a person appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

xvi. "**Control**" shall include the right to appoint a majority of the Directors or to control the management or policy decisions of the Company, exercisable by a person or persons acting individually or jointly or in concert, directly or indirectly, including by virtue of their shareholding or management rights or members agreements or voting agreements or in any other manner and the terms "**Controlled**" and "**Controlling**" shall be construed accordingly.

xvii. "**Court**" means—

a. the High Court having jurisdiction in relation to the place at which the registered office of the Company is situate, except to the extent to which jurisdiction has been conferred on any district Court or district Courts subordinate to that High Court under (b) hereinafter;

b. the district court, in cases where the Central Government has, by notification, empowered any district Court to exercise all or any of the jurisdictions conferred upon the High Court, within the scope of its jurisdiction in respect of the Company whose registered office is situate in the district;

c. the Court of Session having jurisdiction to try any offence under this Act or under any Previous Company Law;

d. the Special Court established under Section 435 of the Act;

e. any Metropolitan Magistrate or a Judicial Magistrate of the First Class having jurisdiction to try any offence under this Act or under any Previous Company Law;

xviii. **"Debenture**" includes debenture stock, bonds or any other instrument of the Company evidencing a debt, whether constituting a Charge on the assets of the Company or not;

xix. **"Directors"** means a director appointed to the Board of the Company.

xx. "**Dividend**" includes any interim Dividend**.**

xxi. "**Document**" includes summons, notice, requisition, order, declaration, form and register, whether issued, sent or kept in pursuance of this Act or under any other law for the time being in force or otherwise, maintained on paper or in electronic form.

xxii. "**Executo**r" or "**Administrato**r" means a person who has obtained a probate or letter of administration, as the case may be from a Court of competent jurisdiction and shall include a holder of a Succession Certificate authorizing the holder thereof to negotiate or transfer the Share or Shares of the deceased Member and shall also include the holder of a Certificate granted by the Administrator General under Section 31 of the Administrator General Act, 1963.

xxiii. "**Extraordinary General Meeting**" means an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members duly called and constituted and any adjourned holding thereof.

xxiv. "**Financial Statement**" in relation to the Company, includes—

a. a balance sheet as at the end of the Financial Year;

b. a profit and loss account for the Financial Year;

c. cash flow statement for the Financial Year;

d. a statement of changes in equity, if applicable; and

e. any explanatory note annexed to, or forming part of, any document referred to in (a) to (d) above.

xxv. "**Financial Year**" in relation to the Company shall mean any fiscal year of the Company beginning on 1st day of April of every calendar year and ending on the 31st day of March of the following calendar year.

xxvi. "**General Meeting**" means a meeting of Members.

xxvii. "**In Writing**" and "**Written**" includes printing lithography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form and shall include email, and any other form of electronic transmission

xxviii. "**Key Managerial Personnel**" means the Chief Executive Officer or the Managing Director or the Manager; the Company Secretary; Wholetime Director; Chief Financial Officer; such other Officer, not more than one level below the Directors who is in whole-time employment of the Company, designated as Key Managerial Personnel by the Board and such other Officer as may be notified from time to time in the Act and the Rules.

xxix. "**Legal Representative**" means a person who in law represents the estate of a deceased Member.

xxx. "**Manager**" means an individual who, subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board of Directors, has the management of the whole, or substantially the whole, of the affairs of the Company, and includes any Director or any other person occupying the position of a Manager, by whatever name called, whether under a contract of service or not.

xxxi. "**Managing Director**" means a Director who, by virtue of the Articles of the Company or an agreement with the Company or a resolution passed in its General Meeting, or by its Board of Directors, is entrusted with substantial powers of management of the affairs of the Company and includes a Director occupying the position of Managing Director, by whatever name called.

xxxii. **"Members**" means the duly registered holders, for the time being of the Shares of the Company and in case of Shares held in dematerialized form such persons whose name is entered as a beneficial owner in the records of a depositary.

xxiii. "**Month**" means a calendar month.

xxiv. "**National Holiday**" means and includes a day declared as National Holiday by the Central Government.

xxv. "**Office**" means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.

xxxvi. "**Officer**" includes any Director, Manager or Key Managerial personnel or any person in accordance with whose directions or instructions the Board of Directors or any one or more of the Directors is or are accustomed to act.

xxxvii. "**Ordinary Resolution**" and "**Special Resolution**" shall have the meanings assigned thereto by Section 114 of the Act.

xxxviii. "**Paid-up**" in relation to shares includes credited as paid-up.

xxxix. "**Person(s)**" shall mean any natural person, sole proprietorship, partnership, company, body corporate, governmental authority, joint venture, trust, association or other entity (whether registered or not and whether or not having separate legal identity).

xl. "**Previous Company Law**" means the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956) and any law corresponding to the said Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956);

xli. "**Proxy**" means an instrument whereby any person is authorized to vote for a member at a General Meeting or poll and includes attorney duly constituted under the power of attorney.

xlii. "**Relative**" with reference to any person, means anyone who is related to another, if—

a. they are members of a hindu undivided family;

b. they are husband and wife;

c. he is the father; including step-father;

d. she is the mother; including step-mother;

e. he is the son including step-son;

f. she is the son's wife;

g. she is the daughter;

h. he is the daughter's husband;

i. he is the brother including step-brother;

j. she is the sister including step-sister; or

k. any other person as related to the other in such manner as may be prescribed under the Act;

xliii. "**Related Party**", with reference to the company, means—

a. Director or his Relative;

b. Key Managerial Personnel or his Relative;

c. a firm, in which the Director, Manager or his Relative is a partner;

d. a private company in which the Director or Manager or his Relative is a member or director;

e. a public company in which the Director or Manager or his Relative is a director and holds along with his relatives, more than two percent of its paid-up share capital;

f. any body corporate whose board of directors, managing director or manager is accustomed to act in accordance with the advice, directions or instructions of the Director or Manager;

g. any person on whose advice, directions or instructions the Director or Manager is accustomed to act:

h. any body corporate which is

A. a holding, subsidiary or an associate company of the Company.

B. a subsidiary of a holding company to which it is also a subsidiary or

C. an investing company or the venture of the Company.

Explanation:- For the purpose of this Regulation, "the investing company or the venture of the Company" means a body corporate whose investment in the Company would result in the Company becoming an associate company of the body corporate.

i. any other person as prescribed under the Act.

xliv. "**Rules**" means the applicable rules for the time being in force as prescribed under relevant sections of the Act.

xlv. "**Seal**" means the Common Seal for the time being of the Company or any other method of authentication of documents, as specified under the Act or amendment thereto.

xlvi. "**Secretary**" means a company secretary as defined in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of Section 2 of the Company Secretaries Act, 1980 who is appointed by the Board of Directors to perform the functions of a company secretary under this Act and is a Key Managerial Person.

xlvii. "**Share**" means a share in the Share Capital of the Company and includes stock.

xlviii. **"Subsidiary"** shall have the same meaning as the term "subsidiary" as defined under Section 2(87) of the Act.

xlix. **"The Company" or This Company**" means Allied Blenders And Distillers Limited established as aforesaid.

l. "**These presents**" means the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association as originally framed or as altered from time to time.

li. **"The Register of Members**" means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to Section 88(1)(a) of the Act and can be kept anywhere in or outside India

lii. **"Tribunal"** means the National Company Law Tribunal constituted under Section 408 of the Act.

liii. "**Variation**" shall include abrogation; and "vary" shall include abrogate

liv. "**Voting Right**" means the right of a Member of the Company to vote in any meeting of the Company or by means of postal ballot.

lv. "**Whole-Time Director**" includes a Director in the whole-time employment of the Company;

lvi. "**Year**" means the calendar year and

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and words importing the masculine gender shall, where the context admits, include the feminine and neuter gender.

Unless the context otherwise requires words and expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act.

4. The Company is a 'Public Company' within the meaning of Section 2(71) of the Act. — Public company

Share Capital and Debenture

5. The authorized share capital of the Company shall be as mentioned at Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company. — Authorised Capital

6. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Shares in the Capital of the Company shall be under the control of the Board of Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such Persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or (subject to the compliance with the provision of Section 53 of the Act) at a discount and at such time as they may from time to time think fit and with sanction of the Company in the General Meeting to give to any Person or Persons the option or right to call for any shares either at par or premium during such time and for such consideration as the Board of Directors think fit, and may issue and allot Shares in the capital of the Company on payment in full or part of any property or assets of any kind whatsoever, sold or to be sold or transferred or to be transferred or goods or machinery supplied or to be supplied or for service rendered or to be rendered or for technical assistance or know-how made or to be made available to the Company for the conduct of its business and any Shares which may so be allotted may be issued as fully paid up Shares and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid shares. Provided that option or right to call on shares shall not be given to any person or persons without the sanction of the Company in the General Meeting. — Shares under Control of the Board

7. The Share Capital of the Company shall be of two kinds, namely:- — Kinds of Share Capital

a. Equity share capital

i. with Voting Rights; or

ii. with differential rights as to Dividend, voting or otherwise in accordance with the Act and the Rules; and

b. Preference share capital.

8. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles but subject to the provisions of the Act and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force and Rules, the Company may issue Debentures. Debenture

9. Subject to the provisions of the Act and Rules, the Company shall have the power to issue Preference Shares which are, at the option of the Company, liable to be redeemed on or within the expiry of a period of 20 (twenty) years from the date of their issue and the resolution authorizing such issue shall prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of redemption. Redeemable Preference Shares

10. If at any time the Share Capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Act, and whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of such number of the holders of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class, as prescribed by the Act. Variation of Rights

11. A certificate, issued under the Common Seal of the Company, specifying the Shares held by any Person, shall be prima facie evidence of the title of the Person to such Shares. Share Certificate

12. a. Every Person whose name is entered as a Member in the Register of Members shall be entitled to receive within two months from the date of allotment or within one month of the receipt by the Company of application for the registration of transfer or transmission or sub-division or consolidation or renewal of any of its Shares as the case may be, within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided:

i. one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
ii. several certificates, in marketable lots, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of twenty rupees for each certificate after the first.

b. Every certificate so issued shall be under the Seal of the Company and shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of Shares in respect of which it is issued and amount paid-up thereon, and be in the prescribed form, duly signed by two Directors and an authorized person or Company Secretary as the case may be and shall specify the Shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.

c. In respect of any Share or Shares held jointly by several Persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a Share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

d. The provision of this Article shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to debentures of the Company.

13. If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the Company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Company and on execution of such indemnity

as the Company deem adequate, being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the party entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued without payment of fees if the Directors so decide, or on payment of such fees (which shall not exceed the maximum amount permitted under applicable law) as the Directors shall prescribe. Provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificates in replacement of those which are old, defaced or worn out or where there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer. Further, no fee shall be charged for registration of transfer, transmission, probate, succession certificate and Letters of administration, Certificate of Death or Marriage, Power of Attorney or similar other document.

Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above, the Directors shall comply with such rules or regulation or requirements of any Stock Exchange or the Rules made under the Act or rules made under Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act,1956 or any other act, or rules applicable thereof in this behalf.

The provision of this Article shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to Debentures of the Company.

Company not bound to recognize any interest in share other than that of registered holders.

14. Except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as by applicable law required and subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears on the applicable register as the holder of any security or whose name appears as the beneficial owner of any security in the records of the depository as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not be bound to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any benami trust or equity, equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, other claim or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as is by these Articles otherwise expressly provided or by law otherwise provided) any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right thereto, in accordance with these Articles, in the Person from time to time registered as the holder thereof but the Board shall be at liberty at its sole discretion to register any share in the joint names of any two or more Persons or the survivor or survivors of them.

15. If shares are held in dematerialized mode, the record of the depository will be the prima facie evidence of the interest of the beneficial owner and the provision of the foregoing Articles relating to issue of certificates shall *mutatis mutandis* apply (except where the Act otherwise requires) to issue of certificates for any other securities including Debentures of the Company.

Commission

16. a. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act, to any Person in connection with the subscription to its securities, provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by the Act and the Rules.

b. The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount as prescribed in the Rules.

c. The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.

Further issue of capital

17. a. Where at any time, the Company proposes to increase its subscribed capital by the issue of further shares, such shares shall be offered, subject to the provisions of Section 62 of the Act, and the rules made thereunder:

1. to persons who, at the date of the offer, are holders of Equity Shares of the Company in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the paid-up share capital on those shares by sending a letter of offer subject to the following conditions, namely:

i. The offer aforesaid shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days and not exceeding thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined;

ii. The offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person and the notice referred to in Article 17(a)(1)(i) herein shall contain a statement of this right;

iii. After the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid, or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner which is not disadvantageous to the shareholders and the Company.

2. to employees under a scheme of employees' stock option, subject to a special resolution passed by the Company and subject to the Rules and such conditions, as may be prescribed; or

3. to any Persons, if it is authorised by a special resolution, whether or not those Persons include the Persons referred to in Article 17(a) (1) or 17(a)(2), either for cash or for a consideration other than cash, if the price of such shares is determined by the valuation report of a registered valuer, subject to the compliance with the applicable provisions of Chapter III of the Act and any other conditions as may be prescribed.

b. The notice referred to in Article 17(a)(1)(i) shall be dispatched through registered post or speed post or through electronic mode or courier or any other mode having proof of delivery to all the existing shareholders at least three days before the opening of the issue.

c. Nothing contained herein shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of the Company caused by the exercise of an option as a term attached to the Debentures issued or loan raised by the Company to convert such Debentures or loans into shares in the Company or to subscribe for shares in the Company:

Provided that the terms of issue of such Debentures or loan containing such an option have been approved before the issue of such Debentures or the raising of loan by a special resolution passed by the Company in a General Meeting.

d. Notwithstanding anything contained in Article 17(c), where any Debentures have been issued, or loan has been obtained from any Government by the Company, and if that Government considers it necessary in the public interest so to do, it may, by order, direct that such Debentures or loans or any part thereof shall be converted into shares in the Company on such terms and conditions as appear to the Government to be reasonable in the circumstances of the case even if terms of the issue of such debentures or the raising of such loans do not include a term for providing for an option for such

conversion:

Provided that where the terms and conditions of such conversion are not acceptable to the Company, it may, within sixty days from the date of communication of such order, appeal to the Tribunal which shall after hearing the Company and the Government pass such order as it deems fit.

e. In determining the terms and conditions of conversion under Article 17(d) the Government shall have due regard to the financial position of the Company, the terms of issue of Debentures or loans, as the case may be, the rate of interest payable on such Debentures or loans and such other matters as it may consider necessary.

f. Where the Government has, by an order made under Article 17(d) directed that any Debenture or loan or any part thereof shall be converted into shares in the Company and where no appeal has been preferred to the Tribunal under Article 17(d) or where such appeal has been dismissed, the Memorandum of Association of the Company shall, where such order has the effect of increasing the authorised share capital of the Company, stand altered and the authorised share capital of the Company shall stand increased by an amount equal to the amount of the value of shares which such Debentures or loans or part thereof has been converted into.

g. A further issue of shares may be made in any manner whatsoever as the Board may determine including by way of preferential offer or private placement, subject to and in accordance with the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

18. a. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien- Lien

i. on every Share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that Share; and

ii. on all Shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single Person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the Company.

Provided that the Board of Directors may at any time declare any Share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Regulation.

b. The Company's lien, if any, on a Share shall extend to all Dividends payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such Shares.

c. The fully paid-up Shares shall be free from all lien on any account whatsoever and in the case of partly paid up Shares the Company's lien, if any, shall be restricted to moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such Shares.

19. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien:

Provided that no sale shall be made-

a. unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or

b. until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the Person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.

20. a. To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some Person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.

b. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.

c. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

21. a. The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the Company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.

b. The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the Person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

22. The provision of these Articles relating to lien shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to any other securities including Debentures of the Company.

Calls on Shares

23. a. The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the Members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times;

Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call.

b. Each Member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the Company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.

c. A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by installments.

25. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

26. a. If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten per cent per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.

b. The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.

27. a. Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these Regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.

b. In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these Regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

28. a. The Board-may, if it thinks fit, receive from any Member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and

b. upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the Company in General Meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve percent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the Member paying the sum in advance.

29. The provision of these Articles relating to calls shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to any other securities including Debentures of the Company.

Joint Holders

30. Where two or more Persons are registered as the joint holders (not more than three) of any share they shall be deemed (so far as the Company is concerned) to hold the same as joint-holders with benefits of survivorship subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles:

a. the joint holders of any shares shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share.

b. on the death of any such joint-holder the survivor or survivors shall be the only Person or Persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the share but the Directors may require such evidence of the death as they may deem fit and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint- holder from any liability in respect of the shares held by him jointly with any other person.

c. Any one of such joint holders may give effectual receipts of any dividends, interests or other moneys payable in respect of such share.

d. only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as one of the joint-holders of any share shall be entitled to delivery of the certificate relating to such share or to receive documents from the Company and any documents served on or sent to person shall be deemed service on all the joint- holders.

e. If more than one of such joint-holders be present at any Meeting either personally or by proxy, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders. If more than one of the said Persons remain present than the senior shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the joint holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting. Several Executors or Administrators of a deceased Member in whose name share stands shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed joints holders thereof. For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.

f. The provisions of these Articles relating to joint holders of shares shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company registered in joint names.

Nomination of Shares and Debentures

31. a. Every holder of Shares of the Company may, at any time, nominate, in the manner prescribed under the Act and the Rules, any Person to whom his shares shall vest in the event of his death.

b. Where the shares of the Company are held by more than one Person jointly, the joint holders may together nominate, in the manner prescribed under the Act and the Rules prescribed thereunder, any Person to whom all the rights in the securities of the Company shall vest in the event of death of all the joint holders.

c. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of law for the time being in force or in any disposition, whether testamentary or otherwise, in respect of the shares of the Company, where a nomination made in the manner prescribed under the Act and the Rules prescribed thereunder, purports to confer on any Person the right to vest the shares of the Company, the nominee shall, on the death of the holder of the shares or, as the case may be, on the death of the joint holders become entitled to all the rights in the shares of the holder or, as the case may be, of all the joint holders, in relation to such shares of the Company to the exclusion of all other Persons, unless the nomination is varied or cancelled in the prescribed manner under the Act and the Rules prescribed thereunder.

d. Where the nominee is a minor, the holder of the shares, can make the nomination to appoint in prescribed manner under the Act and the Rules prescribed thereunder, any Person to become entitled to the securities of the Company in the event of his death, during the minority.

e. The provision of these Articles relating to nomination shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to

the other securities including Debentures of the Company.

32. Except as provided in these Articles, no Member shall sell or otherwise transfer or dispose of any shares now owned or hereafter acquired by him in the manner provided herein and unless the conditions contained in these Articles are complied with. General Restriction on Transfer

33. Transfer of shares

a. There shall be no restrictions whatsoever on the transactions in relation to shares including transfer of shares between any Members or granting of rights or creating an encumbrance on shares by one Member in favour of another Member and subject to the provisions of Section 56 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder, and of any statutory modification thereof for the time being and the applicable SEBI Regulations shall be duly complied with in respect of all transfers of Shares and the registration thereof. A common form of transfer shall be used in case of transfer of Shares, in accordance with the Act and Rules and the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, which shall be duly stamped and executed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee and specifying the name, address and occupation, if any, of the transferee has been delivered to the Company along with the certificate or certificates relating to the shares or if no certificate is in existence, along with the letter of allotment of the shares. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed by or on behalf of both the transferor and the transferee and shall contain the names of and addresses of both the transferor and the transferee and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof. Each signature of such transfer shall be duly attested by the signature of one creditable witness who shall add his address and occupation.

b. The application for registration of a share or other interest of a Member in the Company may be made either by the transferor or the transferee, provided that, where such application is made by the transferor on registration shall in the case of partly paid up shares shall not be affected unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee in the manner prescribed by Section 56 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder, the Board of Directors, unless the objection is made by the transferee within two weeks from the receipt of the notice, enter in the Register of Members the name of the transferee in the manner and subject to the same conditions as if the application for registration was made by the transferee.

c. Subject to the provisions of Section 59 of the Act, these Articles and other applicable provisions of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the Board may refuse whether in pursuance of any power of the Company under these Articles or otherwise to register the transfer of, or the transmission by operation of law of the right to, any shares or interest of a Member in or debentures of the Company. The Company shall within thirty days from the date on which the instrument of transfer, or the intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, was delivered to Company, send notice of the refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, giving reasons for such refusal. Provided that the registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except where the Company has a lien on shares of the Company.

The Board may in their absolute and uncontrolled discretion and without assigning any reason

there of decline to register the transfer of a share not being fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve and any transfer of shares of which the Company has a lien.

34. The Company shall have the right to refuse the transfer of shares to minors except in case of transmission. Shares held by a Minor

35. a. On the death of a Member, the survivor or survivors where the Member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or Legal Representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only Persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares. Transmission of Shares

b. Nothing in Article 35(a) above shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other Person(s).

36. a. Any Person becoming entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a Member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either-

i. to be registered himself as holder of the share; or

ii. to make such transfer of the Share as the deceased or insolvent Member could have made.

b. The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent Member had transferred the Share before his death or insolvency.

37. a. If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the Share himself, he shall deliver or send to the Board of Directors a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.

b. If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the Share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the Share.

c. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these Regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of Shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the Member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that Member.

38. A person becoming entitled to a Share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same Dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a Member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company:

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all Dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the Share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied

with.

39. If a Member fails to pay any call, or installment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or installment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment or other money as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of non-payment. Forfeiture of shares

40. The notice aforesaid shall-

    a. name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and

    b. state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.

41. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other money payable in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture subject to the applicable provisions of the Act.

    Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part payment or satisfaction thereof nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any Member in respect of any shares either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money shall preclude the forfeiture of such shares as herein provided. There shall be no forfeiture of unclaimed dividends before the claim becomes barred by law.

42. a. A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.

    b. At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.

43. a. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a Member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the Company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares.

    b. The liability of such person shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.

44. a. A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director, the Manager or the Secretary, of the Company, and that a Share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all Persons claiming to be entitled to the Share;

b. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the Share in favour of the Person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;

c. The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the Share; and

d. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the Share.

45. The provisions of these Regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non- payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a Share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

46. Subject to provisions of the Act, the Company in its General Meetings may, by an ordinary resolution- Alteration of Share Capital

a. increase its authorised capital by such amount as it thinks expedient;

b. consolidate and divide all or any of its Share Capital into shares of a larger amount than its existing shares. Provided that any consolidation and division which results in changes in the voting percentage of shareholders shall require applicable approvals under the Act;

c. convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;

d. sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than fixed by the memorandum, so, however, that in the sub- division the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced Share shall be the same as it was in the case of the Share from which the reduced Share is derived, subject to provisions of the Act, Rules and of these Articles;

e. cancel Shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution in that behalf, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its Share Capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

The cancellation of shares shall not be deemed to be a reduction of Share Capital.

47. The Company may (subject to the provisions of Sections 52, 55 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act or any other section as notified) from time to time by Special Resolution reduce: Reduction of Share Capital

a. the Share Capital; or

b. any capital redemption reserve account; or

c. any security premium account

in any manner for the time being, authorized by law and in particular Capital may be paid off on the footing that it may be called up again or otherwise. This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have, if it were omitted.

48. a. The Company in General Meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve- Capitalisation of Profits

i. that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and

ii. that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in Article 48(b) below amongst the Members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of Dividend and in the same proportions.

b. The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in this Article 48(b)(iv) below of this Regulation, either in or towards-

i. paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such Members respectively;

ii. paying up in full, unissued shares of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such Members in the proportions aforesaid;

iii. partly in the way specified in Article 48(b)(i) and partly in that specified in Article 48 (b)(ii);

iv. A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this Regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to Members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares;

v. The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this Regulation.

49. a. Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall;

i. make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and

ii. generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.

b. The Board shall have power;

i. to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and

ii. to authorize any person to enter, on behalf of all the Members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalization, or as the case may require, for the payment by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;

c. Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such Members.

50. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles but subject to the provisions of all applicable provisions of the Act or any other law for the time being in force the Company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities. Buy-back of Shares

51. Notwithstanding anything contained herein, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialize its Shares and Debentures pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996 and to offer its Shares and Debentures for subscription in a dematerialized form. The Company shall cause to be kept a register and index of members / beneficial owners in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Depositories Act, 1996 with details of shares held in physical and dematerialised forms in any medium as may be permitted by law including in any form of electronic medium. The Company shall be entitled to keep in any State or Country outside India a branch register of beneficial owners / Register of Members, resident in that State or Country. The Register and Index of Beneficial Owners maintained by a depository under the Depositories Act, shall be deemed to be the Register and Index (if applicable) of Shareholders and Security holders for the purposes of these Articles. Dematerialisation of Shares

52. All the General Meetings of the Company other than Annual General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings. General Meetings

The Company shall in each year hold a General Meeting as its Annual General Meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year. The Annual General Meeting shall be held within a period of six months, from the date of closing of the Financial Year; provided that not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting and that of the next. Nothing contained in the foregoing provisions shall be taken as affecting the right conferred on the Registrar under the provisions of Section 96 (1) of the Act to extend the time within which any Annual General Meeting may be held. Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for a time during business hours that is, between 9 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day that is not a National Holiday, and shall be held at the Registered Office of the Company or at some other place within the city in which the Registered Office of the Company situate, as the Board may determine and the Notices calling the Meeting shall specify it as the Annual General Meeting. Every Member of the Company shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy and the Auditor of the Company shall have the right to attend and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends

on any part of the business which concerns him as Auditor. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company there shall be laid on the table the Directors' Report and Financial Statements, Auditors' Report (if not already incorporated in the Financial Statements), the Proxy Register with proxies and the Register of Directors' shareholding which shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the Meeting.

53. a. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting and they shall on requisition of Member or Members holding in the aggregate not less than one-tenth of such of the paid up capital of the Company as at the date of deposit of the requisition and in compliance with Section 100 of the Act, forthwith proceed to convene Extraordinary General Meeting.

Extraordinary General Meeting by Board and by requisition

b. If at any time there are not within India sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum, or if the number of Directors be reduced in number to less than the minimum number of Directors prescribed by these Articles and the continuing Directors fail or neglect to increase the number of Directors to that number or to convene a General Meeting, any Director or any two or more Members holding not less than one- tenth of the total paid up share capital of the Company may call for an Extraordinary General Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meeting may be called by the Directors.

When a Director or any two Members may call an Extraordinary General Meeting

54. Any valid requisition so made by Members must state the object or objects of the meeting proposed to be called, and must be signed by the requisitionists and be deposited at the Registered Office; provided that such requisition may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists.

Requisition of Members to state object of Meeting

55. Upon the receipt of any such requisition, the Board shall forthwith call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and if they do not proceed within twenty-one days from the date of the requisition being deposited at the Registered Office, to cause a meeting to be called for a day not later than forty-five days from the date of deposit of the requisition, meeting may be called and held by the requisitionists themselves within a period of three months from the date of the requisition.

On receipt of requisition, Directors to call Meetings and in default requisitionists may do.

56. At least 21 (twenty-one) days' clear notice (either in writing or electronic mode) of every General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary, specifying the place, date, day, hour, and the general nature of the business to be transacted thereat, shall be given in the manner hereinafter provided, to such Persons, as given under the Act, entitled to receive notice from the Company. A General Meeting may be called after giving shorter notice if consent is given in writing or by electronic mode by not less than 95% (ninety five percent) of the Members entitled to vote at such meeting. In the case of an Annual General Meeting, if any business other than (i) the consideration of Financial Statements and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors, (ii) the declaration of Dividend, (iii) the appointment of Directors in place of those retiring and (iv) the appointment of, and fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors is to be transacted, there shall be annexed to the notice of the Meeting a statement setting out all material facts concerning each such item of business, including in particular the nature or concern (financial or otherwise) and extent of the interest, if any, therein of every Director, Key Managerial Personnel and their Relatives (if any). Where any item of business consists of the approval of any document the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid.

Notice of meeting

57. The accidental omission to give any such notice as aforesaid to any Member, or other person to whom it should be given or the non- receipt thereof, shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such Meeting.

Omission to give notice not to invalidate a resolution passed.

58. No General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or transfer any business which has not been mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened. — Meeting not to transact business not mentioned in notice.

59. The quorum for a General Meeting shall be as provided in the Act. A Body Corporate being a Member shall be deemed to be personally present if represented in accordance with Section 113 of the Act. — Quorum

60. If, at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum of Members is not present, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Members, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week or if that day is a National Holiday until the next succeeding day which is not a National Holiday, at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the Board may determine; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum of Members is not present at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the said meeting shall stand adjourned *sine die* without transacting any business for which the meeting was called. — If quorum not present, Meeting to be dissolved and adjourned

61. The Chairperson of the Board shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary. If there be no such Chairperson present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such Meeting, the Directors or Members present may elect one of the Directors so approved and present to preside at the meeting. — Chairperson of General Meeting

62. a. The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place. — Chairperson with consent may adjourn meeting

b. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

c. When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.

d. Save as aforesaid, and as provided in Section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

63. In the case of an equality of votes the Chairperson shall on a poll (if any) have casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a Member. — Chairperson's casting vote.

64. If at any General Meeting of the Company, if the Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Members present shall elect one of the Directors or Members present to preside at the meeting and such chairperson shall not have any casting vote. — No casting vote to a person other than the Chairperson.

65. If a poll is demanded as aforesaid the same shall, be taken in such manner as prescribed under the Act. — Poll to be taken, if demanded.

66. The demand for a poll except on the question of the election of the Chairperson and of an adjournment shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded. — Demand for poll not to prevent transaction of other business.

67. No Member shall be entitled to vote either personally or by proxy at any General Meeting or — Members in arrears

Meeting of a class of shareholders either upon a show of hands, upon a poll or be reckoned in a quorum in respect of any Shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised, any right or lien. not to vote.

68. Subject to the provision of these Articles and without prejudice to any special privileges, or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class of shares for the time being forming part of the Capital of the Company, every Member, not disqualified by the last preceding Article shall be entitled to be present, and to speak and to vote at such meeting, and on a show of hands every Member present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll the Voting Right of every Member present in person or by proxy shall be in proportion to his share of the paid-up equity share Capital of the Company, Provided, however, if any preference shareholder is present at any meeting of the Company, save as provided in sub-section (2) of Section 47 of the Act, he shall have a right to vote only on resolution placed before the meeting which directly affect the rights attached to his preference shares. Number of votes each Member entitled.

69. A Member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll by his committee or other legal guardian: and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy; if any Member be minor, the vote in respect of his share shall be by his guardian, or any one of his guardians if more than one, to be selected in case of dispute by the Chairperson of the Meeting. How Members non-compos mentis and minor may vote.

70. On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company, a Member entitled to more than one vote or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses. Casting of votes by a Member entitled to more than one vote.

71. a. If there be joint registered holders of any share any one of such Persons may vote at any Meeting either personally or by proxy in respect of such shares, as if he were solely entitled thereto. Votes of joint Members

b. If more than one of such joint-holders be present at any Meeting either personally or by proxy, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders. If more than one of the said Persons remain present than the senior shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the joint holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting. Several Executors or Administrators of a deceased Member in whose name share stands shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed joints holders thereof.

c. For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.

72. Votes may be given either personally or by attorney or by proxy or in case of a company, by a representative duly authorized as mentioned in Articles. At any General Meeting, a resolution put to vote of the meeting shall, unless a poll is demanded under Section 109, be decided on a show of hands. Votes may be given by proxy or by representative

73. A Body Corporate (whether a company within the meaning of the Act or not) may, if it is Member or creditor of the Company (including being a holder of debentures or any other Securities) authorize such person by resolution of its Board of Directors, as it thinks fit, in accordance with Representation of a Body Corporate.

the provisions of Section 113 of the Act to act as its representative at any Meeting of the Members or creditors of the Company or Debenture holders of the Company. A person authorized by resolution as aforesaid shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the Body Corporate as if it were an individual Member, creditor or holder of Debentures of the Company.

74. A Member paying the whole or a part of the amount remaining unpaid on any share held by him although no part of that amount has been called up, shall not be entitled to any Voting Rights in respect of the moneys paid until the same would, but for this payment, become presently payable. Members paying money in advance.

75. A Member is not prohibited from exercising his Voting Rights on the ground that he has not held his shares or interest in the Company for any specified period preceding the date on which the vote was taken. Members not prohibited if share not held for any specified period.

76. Subject to the provisions of the Act and other provisions of these Articles, any person entitled under Article 33 (Transfer of Shares) of these Articles of Association, to transfer any share may vote at any General Meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to transfer such shares and give such indemnity (if any) as the Directors may require or the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof. Votes in respect of shares of deceased or insolvent Members.

77. No Member shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands through Proxy unless such Member is present personally or by attorney or is a Body Corporate present by a representative duly Authorized under the provisions of the Act in which case such Members, attorney or representative may vote on a show of hands as if he were a Member of the Company. In the case of a Body Corporate the production at the meeting of a copy of such resolution duly signed by a Director or Secretary of such Body Corporate and certified by him as being a true copy of the resolution shall be accepted by the Company as sufficient evidence of the authority of the appointment. No votes by proxy on show of hands.

78. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. Appointment of a Proxy.

79. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any), under which it is signed or a notarial certified copy of that power of attorney, shall be deposited at the office not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the Meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution. Deposit of instrument of appointment.

80. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the Rules made under Section 105. Form of proxy.

81. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the Member, or revocation of the proxy or of any power of attorney which such proxy signed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given, provided that no intimation in writing of the death or insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the office before the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used. Validity of votes given by proxy not withstanding death of a Member.

82. An instrument of proxy may appoint a proxy either for the purpose of a particular meeting specified in the instrument and every adjournment thereof or every meeting of the Company or every meeting to be held before a date not being later than twelve months from the date of the instrument specified in the instrument and every adjournment of every such meeting.

Proxy either for specified meeting or for a period.

83. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote, except at the Meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote, whether given personally or by proxy, not disallowed at such Meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such Meeting or poll whatsoever.

Time for objections to votes.

84. The Chairperson of any Meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such Meeting. The Chairperson present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll.

Chairperson of the Meeting to be the judge of validity of any vote.

85. a. Except in so far as the same are repeated, contained or expressly made applicable in these Articles or by the Secretarial Standards on General Meetings and Meetings of Board of Directors as issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (a statutory body under the Act of Parliament),the Company shall cause minutes of the proceedings of every general meeting of any class of shareholders or creditors, and every resolution passed by postal ballot and every meeting of its Board of Directors or of every committee of the Board, to be prepared and signed in such manner as may be prescribed and kept within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.

Minutes of General Meeting and Board and Other Meeting

b. The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.

c. Each page of every such book shall be initialed or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting or each report in such books shall be dated and signed by the Chairperson of the same meeting within the aforesaid period of thirty days or in the event of the death or inability of that chairperson within that period, by a director duly authorised by the Board for the purpose. In case of every resolution passed by postal ballot, by the Chairperson of the Board within the aforesaid period of thirty days or in the event of there being no chairperson of the Board or the death or inability of that chairperson within that period, by a director duly authorized by the Board for the purpose.

d. In no case shall the minutes of proceedings of a meeting be attached to any such book as aforesaid by pasting or otherwise.

e. All appointments made at any of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meeting.

f. Nothing herein contained shall require or be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the Chairperson of the meeting:

i. is or could reasonably be regarded as, defamatory of any person, or

ii. is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings, or

iii. is detrimental to the interests of the Company.

The Chairperson of the meeting shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the aforesaid grounds.

g. Any such minutes shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

h. The book containing the minutes of proceedings of General Meetings shall be kept at the office of the Company and shall be open during business hours, for such periods not being less in the aggregate than two hours in each day as the Directors determine, to the inspection of any Member without charge.

Board of Directors

86. Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting of the Company and subject to the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the number of Directors (including Debenture and Alternate Directors) shall not be less than 3 (three) and not more than 15(fifteen). Provided that a Company may appoint more than 15 (fifteen) directors after passing a special resolution.

Managing Director / Whole-time Director / Manager

87. Subject to provisions of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder the Board may from time to time, appoint Managing Director / Whole-time Director / Manager for one or more of the divisions of the business carried on by the Company and to enter into agreement with him in such terms and conditions as they may deem fit.

Additional Director

88. a. Subject to provisions of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder, the Board shall have power at any time, to appoint Additional Director, provided that the number of the directors and Additional Director together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by Articles.

b. Such person shall hold office only up to the date of next annual general meeting of the Company but shall be eligible for appointment by the Company as a director at that meeting subject to provisions of the Act, the Rules framed thereunder.

Alternate Director

89. a. The Board, subject to a resolution passed by the Company in general meeting may appoint a person not being a person holding any alternate Directorship for any other Director in the Company appoint an alternate director to act for a director (hereinafter called as "Original Director") during his absences for a period of not less than three months from India. No person shall be appointed as an alternate director for an independent director unless he is qualified to be appointed as an independent director under the provisions of the Act.

b. An alternate director shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate the office if and when the Original Director returns to India.

c. If the term of office of Original Director is determined before he returns to India the

automatic reappointment of retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the alternate director.

90. Subject to Section 167 of the Act, the office of a Director shall be vacated if: When office of Directors to be vacated.

a. he incurs any of the disqualifications specified in Section 164 of the Act;

b. he absents himself from all the meetings of the Board of Directors held during a period of twelve months with or without seeking leave of absence of the Board;

c. he acts in contravention of the provisions of Section 184 relating to entering into contracts or arrangements in which he is directly or indirectly interested;

d. he fails to disclose his interest in any contract or arrangement in which he is directly or indirectly interested, in contravention of the provisions of Section 184;

e. he becomes disqualified by an order of a Court or the Tribunal;

f. he is convicted by a Court of any offence, whether involving moral turpitude or otherwise and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months:

Provided that the office shall be vacated by the Director even if he has filed an appeal against the order of such Court;

g. he is removed in pursuance of the provisions of the Act;

h. he, having been appointed a director by virtue of his holding any office or other employment in the holding, subsidiary or associate company, ceases to hold such office or other employment in that company.

91. The Company may by an ordinary resolution remove any Director (not being a Director appointed by the Tribunal in pursuance of Section 242 of the Act) in accordance with the provisions of Section 169 of the Act. A Director so removed shall not be re-appointed as a Director by the Board of Directors. Removal of Director

92. Subject to the provisions of Section 168 of the Act a Director may at any time resign from his office upon giving notice in writing to the Company of his intention so to do, and thereupon his office shall be vacated. Resignation of Director

93. a. If the office of any Director appointed by the Company in its General Meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may, be filled the Board of Directors at its Board Meeting. Directors' power to fill casual vacancies.

b. The Director so appointed shall hold office only up to the date up to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated.

94. a. Until otherwise determined by the Board, each Director other than the Managing/Whole-time Director (shall be entitled to sitting fees not exceeding a sum prescribed in the Act and the Rules framed thereunder for attending meetings of the Board or Committees thereof. Sitting fees & remuneration

b. If any Director be called upon to perform extra services or special exertions or efforts (which expression shall include work done by a Director as a member of any Committee formed by the Directors), the Board may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such extra services or special exertions or efforts either by a fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Board and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for his remuneration otherwise provided.

PROCEEDING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

95. a. The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it thinks fit. Meetings of Directors.

b. A Director may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.

96. The Board of Directors shall be entitled to hold its meeting through video conferencing or other permitted means, and in conducting the Board meetings through such video conferencing or other permitted means the procedures and the precautions as laid down in the relevant Rules shall be adhered to. With regard to every meeting conducted through video conferencing or other permitted means, the scheduled venue of the meetings shall be deemed to be in India, for the purpose of specifying the place of the said meeting and for all recordings of the proceedings at the meeting. Meeting through Video Conferencing

97. Subject to provisions of Section 173(3) of the Act, notice of not less than 7 (seven) days of every meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be given in writing to every Director at his address registered with the Company and shall be sent by hand delivery or by post or through electronic means. The meeting of the Board may be called at a shorter notice to transact urgent business. Notice of Meetings

98. a. The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be 1/3rd (one-third) of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one third being rounded off as one), or two Directors whichever is higher and the Directors participating by video conferencing or by other permitted means shall also counted for the purposes of quorum as provided in this Article. Quorum for Meetings

b. Provided that interested Director may participate in the board meeting, after disclosing his interest.

c. Provided further that where at any time the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two-thirds of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of the Directors who are not interested, being not less than two, shall be the quorum during such time.

99. a. The members of the Board shall elect any one of them as the Chairperson of the Board. The Chairperson shall preside at all meetings of the Board and the General Meeting of Chairperson of the Board

the Company. The Chairperson shall have a casting vote in the event of a tie.

b. If at any meeting of the Board, if the Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may elect one of the Directors so approved and present to preside at the meeting such chairperson shall not have any casting vote.

100. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board of Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes and in the case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson will have a second or casting vote. Questions at Board meeting how decided.

101. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by these Articles for a meeting of the Board, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a General Meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose. Continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board

102. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may delegate any of their powers to a Committee consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke and discharge any such Committee either wholly or in part and either as to person, or purposes, but every Committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such Committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfillment of the purposes of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board. Directors may appoint committee.

103. The Meetings and proceedings of any such Committee of the Board, any Committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board. Committees of the Board to conform to Board regulations

104. If the Chairperson of the Company or the chairperson of the committee is not present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such Meeting, the Directors or Members present may elect one of the Directors so approved and present to preside at the meeting. Chairperson of Committee Meetings

105. The Committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit. Questions arising at any meeting of the Committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote. Meetings of the Committee

106. Subject to the provisions of the Act, all acts done by any meeting of the Board or by a Committee of the Board, or by any person acting as a Director shall notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was qualified to be a Director. Acts of Board or Committee shall be valid notwithstanding defect in appointment.

107. A resolution not being a resolution required by the said Act or otherwise to be passed at a meeting of the Directors, may be passed without any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors provided that the resolution has been circulated in draft, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors, or to all the members of the Committee as the case may be, at their addresses registered with the Company in India, by hand delivery or by post or courier or through electronic means as permissible under the relevant Rules and has been approved by a Resolution by Circulation

majority of the Directors as are entitled to vote on the resolution.

Accounts

108. a. The Directors shall keep or cause to be kept at the Registered Office of the Company or at such place in India as the Board thinks fit proper Books of Accounts in respect of: — Accounts

b. all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure take place;

c. all sales and purchase of goods by the Company; and

d. the assets and liabilities of the Company.

e. The items of cost, if any as specified in the relevant Rules.

f. Proper Books of Accounts shall also be kept at each branch office of the Company, whether in or outside India, relating to the transactions of that office and proper summarised returns made up to dates at intervals of not more than three months shall be sent by each branch office to the Company at its Registered Office of the Company or the other place referred to in Article 108(a) hereof.

g. The Directors shall comply in all respects with Sections 128, 129, 133, 134, 136, to 138 of the said Act and any statutory modifications thereof.

109. The Directors shall, from time to time, determine whether and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection to the Members not being Directors; and no Member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspection of any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Directors — Inspection to Members when allowed

110. Subject to Section 129 of the Act at every Annual General Meeting of the Company the Directors shall lay before the Company a Financial Statements for each Financial Year. — Financial Statements to be laid before the Member

111. The Financial Statements shall give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the period of the account. — Contents of Financial Statements

112. The Financial Statements shall be signed in accordance with the provisions of Section 134 of the said Act. — Financial Statements how to be signed

113. The Directors shall make and attach to every balance sheet laid before the Company in General Meeting a Report of the Board of Directors which shall comply with the requirements of and shall be signed in the manner provided by Section 134 of the said Act.

114. a. A copy of every Financial Statements (including consolidated Financial Statements, the Auditors' Report and every other document required by law to be annexed or attached, as the case may be, to the Financial Statement) which is to be laid before the Company in General Meeting shall not less than twenty one days before the date of meeting be sent to every Member, every trustee for the debenture holder of any debentures issued — Right of Members to copies of Financial Statements and Auditors' Report

by the Company, to the Auditors of the Company, and every Director of the Company.

If the copies of the documents aforesaid are sent less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting they shall, notwithstanding that fact, be deemed to have been duly sent if it is so agreed by ninetyfive percent of the Members entitled to vote at the meeting.

The accidental omission to send the documents aforesaid, to or the non-receipt of the documents aforesaid by, any Member or other person to whom it should be given shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

b. Any Member or holder of debentures of the Company whether he is or is not entitled to have copies of the Company's Financial Statements sent to him, shall on demand, be entitled to be furnished without charge, and any person from whom the Company has accepted a sum of money by way of deposit shall on demand accompanied by the payment of a fee of fifty rupees, be entitled to be furnished with a copy of the last Financial Statements and every other documents required by law to be annexed or attached thereto.

Copy of Financial Statements etc. be filed

115. a. A copy of the Financial Statement, including consolidated Financial Statement, if any, along with all the documents which are required to be or attached to such Financial Statements under this Act, duly adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company, shall be filed with the Registrar within thirty day's of the Annual General Meeting.

b. If the Annual General Meeting before which a Financial Statement is laid as aforesaid does not adopt the Financial Statements, the un-adopted Financial Statements together with the other documents that are required to be attached to the Financial Statements shall be filed with the Registrar within thirty days of the Annual General Meeting. Thereafter, the Financial Statements adopted at the adjourned Annual General Meeting shall be filed with the Registrar within thirty days of such adjourned Annual General Meeting.

When accounts to be deemed finally settled

116. Every account when audited and approved by a General Meeting shall be conclusive.

Powers of Board

117. Subject to the provisions of the Act and to the provisions of these Articles, the Board of Directors of the Company shall be entitled to exercise all such powers, and generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by the said Act, and the Memorandum of Association and these presents directed or authorized to be exercised, given, made or done by the Company and are not thereby or hereby expressly directed or required to be exercised, given, made or done by the Company in General Meeting but subject to such regulations (if any) being not inconsistent with the said provisions as from time to time may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting provided that no regulation so made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if the regulation had not been made.

Borrowing Powers

118. a. Subject to the provisions of Sections 73, 179 and 180 of the Act and the other applicable

provisions of these Articles, any funds required by the Company for its working capital and other capital funding requirements shall be made in the form of demand loans, and / or guarantees to be provided by the Company, as decided by the Board of Directors

b. Subject to Sections 73, 179 and 180 of the Act, the Board may from time to time at their discretion raise and borrow and may themselves lend and secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company.

c. The Board may raise or secure the repayment of such sum or sums in the manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they deem fit and particularly by creation of any mortgage or charge on the undertaking of the whole or any part of the property, or future, or uncalled Capital of the Company or by the issue of bonds, redeemable debentures or debentures or debenture-stock of the Company charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company both present and future including its uncalled Capital for the time being.

d. Debentures, debenture-stock, bond or other securities may be made assignable, free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

e. Any Debentures, debenture-stock, bond or other securities may be issued at discount, premium or otherwise and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings and allotment of shares.

The Seal

119. a. The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal.

b. The seal of the company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of a Director and the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and such Director and the secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the company is so affixed in their presence. In absence of the Director of the Company, the seal of the Company shall be affixed by at least two authorised officers of the Company authorized in that behalf and such authorised officers shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the Company is so affixed in their presence.

Dividend and Reserve

120. a. The Company in General Meeting may declare Dividends, but no Dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board but the Company in General Meeting may declare a lesser Dividend.

b. Subject to the provisions of the Section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the Members such interim Dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the Company.

c. The Board may, before recommending any Dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing Dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may, from time to time, think fit.

d. The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.

e. All Dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the Dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the Company, Dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.

f. No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Regulation as paid on the share, including to confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.

g. All Dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the Dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for Dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for Dividend accordingly.

h. The Board may deduct from any Dividend payable to any Member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.

i. Any Dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by electronic mode or by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the Register of Members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.

j. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.

k. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any Dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.

l. Notice of any Dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the Persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.

m. No Dividend shall bear interest against the Company.

121. **Dividend Distribution Policy**

Preamble

This Dividend Distribution Policy is made pursuant to the applicable provisions of Regulation 43A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended (hereinafter referred to as the '**Listing Regulations**'). The Board of Directors of Allied Blenders and Distillers Private Limited (the "**Company**"), herein after referred as "the Board", has approved the Dividend Distribution Policy of the Company ("**the Policy**") and shall disclose the same on a voluntary basis in the annual reports and on the website of the Company. This Policy sets out the general parameters adopted by the Company for declaration of dividend for guidance purposes.

Objective

The Company aimed at maximization of shareholders' value and believes that this can be attained by driving growth. The Policy endeavors to strike an optimum balance between rewarding shareholders through dividend and ensuring that sufficient profits are retained for growth of the Company and other needs. The objective of the Policy is to lay down a consistent approach to dividend declaration.

Effective Date

Dividend Distribution Policy shall be effective from the date of its approval by the Board of Directors.

Policy Framework

The Policy has been formulated in line with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Regulations issued by SEBI and other guidelines, to the extent applicable on the Company. Any subsequent amendments in these provisions would, ipso-facto, apply to this Policy. The Policy is not an alternative to the decision taken by the Board regarding declaration/recommendation of dividend after considering the various relevant factors.

Dividend

Dividend is the amount paid by the Company out of profits, to its Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid up on the shares held by the shareholders. As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the dividend can be paid as interim or final.

Interim Dividend

(a) The Board of Directors of the Company shall declare the interim dividend during the financial year, as and when they consider it fit to so declare.

(b) The interim dividend can be declared by the Board of Directors one or more times in a financial year and normally, the Board may consider the declaration of interim dividend after the finalization of the quarterly/half yearly financial statements of the

Company.

(c) The interim dividend, if declared, shall be paid to the eligible shareholders, as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Regulations and other laws, to the extent applicable. First interim dividend, if any, may be declared in the Board Meeting convened for approving financial statements for the 2nd quarter/half –year, and 2nd interim dividend, if any, may be declared at the time of approving financial statements for the 3rd quarter of the financial year.

(d) In case no final dividend is declared by the Company, interim dividend paid during the financial year, if any, shall be considered as final dividend at the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Final Dividend

(a) The final dividend, if any, is paid once in a financial year after the preparation of the annual financial statements.

(b) The Board of Directors shall recommend the final dividend to the Shareholders for their approval in the Annual General Meeting of the Company. The declaration of final dividend, if any, shall be included in the ordinary business items to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

(c) The final dividend shall be paid to the eligible shareholder's subject as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Regulations and other laws, to the extent applicable.

Circumstances under which the Shareholders of the Company may or may not expect dividend

The decision regarding dividend payout is a vital decision, as it determines the amount of the profit to be distributed among its shareholders and the amount of the profit to be retained in business for the future growth and modernization expansion plan of the Company. The Company would continue to adopt a progressive and dynamic dividend distribution policy to ensure its immediate and long term requirements along with rewarding the Shareholders of the Company. Dividend for the financial year shall be decided/recommended by the Board, considering, statutory, economic, market, industry, external and internal factors.
The Company may not declare dividend or declare dividend at a lower rate under the following circumstances:

(a) in the event of the Company making losses or the profits are inadequate;

(b) where the Company is having requirement of funds for Capex requiring high capital allocation, working capital, repayment of loans taken in the past;

(c) inadequate availability of cash; and

(d) higher cost of raising funds from alternate sources

It may be noted that declaration of dividend shall be subject to the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Regulations.

Parameters for Dividend Distribution

- The Company has only one class of shares i.e. Equity shares and, hence, the parameters disclosed here under apply to the same.

- The Board while considering payment of dividend for a financial year may, *inter alia*, consider the following factors:

  - All carried over previous year's losses and depreciation not provided in previous year or years are set off against profit of the Company of the Current year;
  - Current year's depreciation charge has been duly provided for and there is balance in the Profit and Loss account after providing for past accumulated losses and current year depreciation and depreciation of previous periods;
  - Amounts transferred to reserves as may be stipulated;
  - Compliance with FEMA Regulations and Rules prescribed from time to time by Reserve Bank of India for payment of dividend to Non Residents;
  - Unpaid dividend, if any, shall be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013;
  - Profit for the financial year as well as general reserves of the Company.
  - Projections of future profits and cash flows;
  - Borrowing levels and the capacity to borrow including repayment commitments;
  - Present and future Capital expenditure plans of the Company including organic/inorganic growth avenues;
  - Applicable taxes including tax on dividend;
  - Compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act or any other statutory guidelines including guidelines issued by Government of India;
  - Past dividend trend for the Company and the industry;
  - State of economy and capital markets; and
  - Any other applicable laws and regulations in this respect.
  - Any other factor as may be deemed fit by the Board.

Other important internal and external factors to be considered by the Board

In addition to the aforesaid parameters such as realized profits and proposed major capital expenditures, the decision of dividend payout or retention of profits shall also be based on the following factors/ parameters:

1 **Cash flow –** If the Company cannot generate adequate operating cash flow, it may need to rely on outside funding to meet its financial obligations and sometimes to run the day-to-day operations. The Board will consider the same before its decision whether to declare dividend or retain its profits.

2 **Cost of borrowings –** The Board will analyze the requirement of necessary funds considering the long term or short term projects proposed to be undertaken by the

Company and the viability of the options in terms of cost of raising necessary funds from external sources such as bankers, lending institutions or by issuance of debt securities or plough back its own funds.

3 **Taxation and other regulatory concern** - Dividend distribution tax or any tax deduction at source as required by tax regulations in India, as may be applicable at the time of declaration of dividend and its impact on the finances of the Company.

4 **Macroeconomic conditions** - Considering the state of economy in the Country, the policy decisions that may be formulated by the Government and other similar conditions prevailing in the international market which may have a bearing on or affect the business of the Company, the management may consider retaining a larger part of the profits to have sufficient reserves to absorb unforeseen circumstances.

5 **Past performance/ Dividend history and reputation of the Company** - The standing of the Company in the business space, its dividend payment history and the impact of the decision on overall reputation of the Company.

6 Any restrictions on payment of dividends by virtue of any regulation as may be applicable to the Company at the time of declaration of dividend.

DIVIDEND PAYOUT RATIO

Dividend for every financial year shall be decided and recommended by Board considering various statutory requirements, financial performance of the company and other internal and external factors enumerated earlier in the policy. The Board of directors shall endeavor to maintain the Dividend Payout Ratio* (Dividend/ Net Profit after Tax for the year) as near as possible to 50% or more of the Company's consolidated profit after tax or more, subject to the following

- Company's need for Capital for its growth plan
- Positive Cash Flow

(* to be reviewed every 2 to 3 years, if need be)

General

- In the event of the Policy being inconsistent with any new regulatory provision, such regulatory provision shall prevail upon the corresponding provision of this policy and the policy shall be construed to be amended accordingly from the effective date of such provision.

The Company reserves its right to alter, modify, add, delete or amend any or all of the provisions of the Policy as it may deem fit or in accordance with the guidelines and regulations as may be issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India, Government of India or any other regulatory authority. The change in the policy shall, however, be disclosed along with the justification thereof on the Company's website and in the ensuing annual report of the Company in accordance with the extant regulatory provisions.

Winding up

122. Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made thereunder—

a. If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the Members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.

b. For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon a property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members.

The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

Indemnity

123. Every Officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the Court or the Tribunal.

124. The Company may take and maintain any insurance as the Board may think fit on behalf of its present and/or former Directors and Key Managerial Personnel for indemnifying all or any of them against any liability for any acts in relation to the Company for which they may be liable but have acted honestly and reasonably.

Secrecy

125. a. No shareholder shall be entitled to visit or inspect any works of the Company without the permission of the Board of Directors of the Company or any other person authorised on that behalf by the Board of Directors of the Company, to require discovery of any details in relation to the Company's business which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, confidential information or any other matter which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose.

b. Every Director, Manager, Auditor, trustee, member of a committee, Officer, servant and accountant or other persons employed in the business of the Company shall before entering upon his duty sign a declaration, pledging himself to observe a strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company with the customers and the state of accounts with the individual and in matter relating thereto and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to release any of the matters may come to his knowledge in the course of his duties except when required so to do by the Directors or by any meeting or a court of law or by the persons to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained or by the Act or any other law.

General powers

126. Wherever in the Act, it has been provided that the Company shall have any right, privilege or authority or that the Company could carry out any transaction only if the Company is so authorized by its articles, then and in that case this Article authorizes and empowers the Company to have such rights, privileges or authorities and to carry such transactions as have been permitted by the Act, without there being any specific Article in that behalf herein provided.

PART – B

127. The regulations contained in Table F, in the Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013 or in the Schedule, to any previous Companies Act, shall not apply to the Company, except in so far as the same are repeated, contained or expressly made applicable in these Articles or by the said Act. Table 'F' not to apply

128. c. The Regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance of the Members thereof and their representatives shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company in reference to the repeal or alteration or modification or addition to its Regulations in the manner prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013, shall be such as are contained in these Articles.

d. These Regulations shall be binding on both the Company and the Members and every Member shall be deemed to have joined the Company on the foregoing basis.

129. The marginal notes hereto shall not affect the construction hereof. In the interpretation of these Articles, the following expressions shall have the following meanings, unless repugnant to the subject or context; Interpretation

lvii. **"Act"** means the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force and the term shall be deemed to refer to the applicable section thereof which is relatable to the relevant Article in which the said term appears in these Articles and any Previous Company Law, so far as may be applicable, including Rules.

lviii. "**Articles"** means the Articles of Association of the Company for the time being in force or as altered from time to time.

lix. "**Article" or "Regulation"** unless the context otherwise requires, means the Article or Regulation comprised in these Articles.

lx. "**Alter**" and "**Alteration**" shall include the making of additions, modifications, deletions and substitutions.

lxi. "**Annual General Meeting**" means a General Meeting of the Members held in accordance with the provision of Section 96 of the Act.

lxii. **"Associate Company"** in relation to another company, means a company in which that other company has a significant influence, but which is not a subsidiary company of the Company having such influence and includes a joint venture company. For the purposes of this definition,

(c) "significant influence" means Control of at least twenty percent of total share capital, or of business decisions under an agreement;

(d) "joint venture" means a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of

the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

lxiii. "**Auditors**" means and includes those persons appointed as such for the time being of the Company in terms of the Act.

lxiv. "**Bina Chhabria Enterprises Private Limited** or "**BCEPL**" means a company incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 having CIN: U45200MH2009PTC194129

lxv. "**BKC**" means Bina Kishore Chhabria (DIN: 00243376**)** wife of Kishore Rajaram Chhabria who shall be the Co-Chairperson of the Company.

lxvi. BKC Enterprises Private Limited or **"BKCEPL"** means a company incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 having CIN: U70109MH2018PTC314612

lxvii. "**Board of Directors**" or "**Board**" in relation to the Company, means the collective body of the Directors of the Company or any Committee of the Board duly constituted in terms of these Articles and the applicable provisions of the Act;

lxviii. "**Body Corporate**" or "**Corporation**" includes a company incorporated outside India, but does not include—

.

c. a co-operative society registered under any law relating to co-operative societies; and

d. any other Body Corporate (not being a company as defined in this Act), which the Central Government may, by notification, specify in this behalf.

lxix. "**Book a nd Paper**" and "**Book or Paper**" include books of account, deeds, vouchers, writings, documents, minutes and registers maintained on paper or in electronic form.

lxx. "**Books of Accounts**" includes records maintained in respect of—

e. all sums of money received and expended by the Company and matters in relation to which the receipts and expenditure take place;

f. all sales and purchases of goods and services by the Company;

g. the assets and liabilities of the Company; and

h. the items of cost as may be prescribed under Section 148 in the case of the Company which belongs to any class of companies specified under that

section.

lxxi. "**Capital**" means the share capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purpose of the Company.

lxxii. **"Charge"** means an interest or lien created on the property or assets of the Company or any of its undertakings or both as security and includes a mortgage

lxxiii. "**Promoters"** means and includes KRC, BKC, NKC, RCJH, BCEPL, OCSPL, ORPL and BKCEPL collectively and **Promoter** means any one of them. The term "**Promoter**" also includes any Family Trust and / or Privileged Relation who may acquire or be gifted or bequeathed Shares from the Promoters. For the purposes of this definition the expression **"Family Trust"** and **"Privileged Relation"** shall have the following meaning;

a. **"Family Trust**" means a trust (whether arising under a settlement, declaration of trust, testamentary disposition or on an intestacy) under which the only Persons being (or capable of being) beneficiaries are the individual beneficial owners of the Shares held in trust and/or his/or her Privileged Relations, and no power of Control over the voting powers conferred by such Shares is exercisable at any time by or subject to the consent of any person other than the trustees as trustees or such individual beneficial owner or his or her Privileged Relations.

lxxiv. "**Privileged Relation**" means in relation to any Promoter (being an individual), the Promoter's spouse, for the time being, and all lineal descendants of that Promoter (including for this purpose any step-child, adopted child of the Promoter or his/her lineal descendants) or any person who for the time being is married to any such lineal descendant but no lineal descendant may be a Privileged Relation whilst a minor.

lxxv. **"Chief Financial Officer"** means a person appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

lxxvi. "**Control**" shall mean the power to direct the management or policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of over fifty percent (50%) of the total voting power of such Person, through the power to appoint over half of the members of the Board of Directors or similar governing body of such Person, through contractual arrangements or otherwise;

lxxvii. "**Court**" means—

f. the High Court having jurisdiction in relation to the place at which the registered office of the Company is situate, except to the extent to which jurisdiction has been conferred on any district Court or district Courts subordinate to that High Court under (b) hereinafter;

g. the district court, in cases where the Central Government has, by notification, empowered any district Court to exercise all or any of the jurisdictions conferred upon the High Court, within the scope of its jurisdiction in respect of the Company whose registered office is situate in

the district;

h. the Court of Session having jurisdiction to try any offence under this Act or under any Previous Company Law;

i. the Special Court established under Section 435 of the Act;

j. any Metropolitan Magistrate or a Judicial Magistrate of the First Class having jurisdiction to try any offence under this Act or under any Previous Company Law;

lxxviii. **"Debenture**" includes debenture stock, bonds or any other instrument of the Company evidencing a debt, whether constituting a Charge on the assets of the Company or not;

lxxix. **"Directors"** means a director appointed to the Board of the Company.

lxxx. "**Dividend**" includes any interim Dividend**.**

lxxxi. "**Document**" includes summons, notice, requisition, order, declaration, form and register, whether issued, sent or kept in pursuance of this Act or under any other law for the time being in force or otherwise, maintained on paper or in electronic form.

lxxxii. "**Executo**r" or "**Administrato**r" means a person who has obtained a probate or letter of administration, as the case may be from a Court of competent jurisdiction and shall include a holder of a Succession Certificate authorizing the holder thereof to negotiate or transfer the Share or Shares of the deceased Member and shall also include the holder of a Certificate granted by the Administrator General under Section 31 of the Administrator General Act, 1963.

lxxxiii. "**Extraordinary General Meeting**" means an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members duly called and constituted and any adjourned holding thereof.

lxxxiv. "**Financial Statement**" in relation to the Company, includes—

f. a balance sheet as at the end of the Financial Year;

g. a profit and loss account for the Financial Year;

h. cash flow statement for the Financial Year;

i. a statement of changes in equity, if applicable; and

j. any explanatory note annexed to, or forming part of, any document referred to in (a) to (d) above.

lxxxv. "**Financial Year**" in relation to the Company shall mean any fiscal year of the Company beginning on 1st day of April of every calendar year and ending on the 31st day of March of the following calendar year.

lxxxvi. "**General Meeting**" means a meeting of Members.

lxxxvii. "**In Writing**" and "**Written**" includes printing lithography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form and shall include email, and any other form of electronic transmission.

lxxxviii. "**Key Managerial Personnel**" means the Chief Executive Officer or the Managing Director or the Manager; the Company Secretary; Wholetime Director; Chief Financial Officer; such other Officer, not more than one level below the Directors who is in whole-time employment of the Company, designated as Key Managerial Personnel by the Board and such other Officer as may be notified from time to time in the Act and the Rules.

xxxix. **"KRC" (DIN: 00243244)** means Mr. Kishore Rajaram Chhabria son of Late Mr. Rajaram Chhabria who shall be the permanent Chairman of the Company.

xc. "**Legal Representative**" means a person who in law represents the estate of a deceased Member.

ci. "**Manager**" means an individual who, subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board of Directors, has the management of the whole, or substantially the whole, of the affairs of the Company, and includes any Director or any other person occupying the position of a Manager, by whatever name called, whether under a contract of service or not.

xcii. "**Managing Director**" means a Director who, by virtue of the Articles of the Company or an agreement with the Company or a resolution passed in its General Meeting, or by its Board of Directors, is entrusted with substantial powers of management of the affairs of the Company and includes a Director occupying the position of Managing Director, by whatever name called.

xciii. **"Members**" means the duly registered holders, for the time being of the Shares of the Company and in case of Shares held in dematerialized form such persons whose name is entered as a beneficial owner in the records of a depositary.

civ. "**Month**" means a calendar month.

cv. "**National Holiday**" means and includes a day declared as National Holiday by the Central

Government.

xcvi. **"NKC" (DIN: 01498718)** means Mrs. Neesha Kishore Chhabria, daughter of Kishore Rajaram Chhabria

cvii. **"Officer's Choice Spirits Private Limited" or "OCSPL"** means a company incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 having CIN: U15500MH2005PTC153854.

cviii. "**Office**" means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.

xcix. "**Officer**" includes any Director, Manager or Key Managerial personnel or any person in accordance with whose directions or instructions the Board of Directors or any one or more of the Directors is or are accustomed to act.

c. "**Ordinary Resolution**" and "**Special Resolution**" shall have the meanings assigned thereto by Section 114 of the Act.

ci. "**Paid-up**" in relation to shares includes credited as paid-up.

cii. "**Oriental Radios Private Limited**" or "**ORPL**" means a company incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 having CIN: U32200MH1938PTC002773

ciii. "**Person(s)**" shall mean any natural person, sole proprietorship, partnership, company, body corporate, governmental authority, joint venture, trust, association or other entity (whether registered or not and whether or not having separate legal identity).

civ. "**Previous Company Law**" means the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956) and any law corresponding to the said Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956);

cv. "**Proxy**" means an instrument whereby any person is authorized to vote for a member at a General Meeting or poll and includes attorney duly constituted under the power of attorney.

cvi. "**RCJH**" **(DIN: 00030608)** means Mrs. Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, wife of Jeetendra Hemdev

cvii. "**Relative**" with reference to any person, means anyone who is related to another, if—

l. they are members of a hindu undivided family;

m. they are husband and wife;

n. he is the father; including step-father;

o. she is the mother; including step-mother;

p. he is the son including step-son;

q. she is the son's wife;

r. she is the daughter;

s. he is the daughter's husband;

t. he is the brother including step-brother;

u. she is the sister including step-sister; or

v. any other person as related to the other in such manner as may be prescribed under the Act;

cviii. "**Related Party**", with reference to the company, means—

j. Director or his Relative;

k. Key Managerial Personnel or his Relative;

l. a firm, in which the Director, Manager or his Relative is a partner;

m. a private company in which the Director or Manager or his Relative is a member or director;

n. a public company in which the Director or Manager or his Relative is a director and holds along with his relatives, more than two percent of its paid-up share capital;

o. any body corporate whose board of directors, managing director or manager is accustomed to act in accordance with the advice, directions or instructions of the Director or Manager;

p. any person on whose advice, directions or instructions the Director or Manager is accustomed to act:

q. any body corporate which is

D. a holding, subsidiary or an associate company of the Company.

E. a subsidiary of a holding company to which it is also a subsidiary or

F. an investing company or the venture of the Company.

Explanation:- For the purpose of this Regulation, "the investing company or the venture of the Company" means a body corporate whose investment in the Company would result in the Company becoming an associate company of the body corporate.

r. any other person as prescribed under the Act.

cix. **"Reserved Matters"** means matters specified in Article 120 hereof.

cx. "**Rules**" means the applicable rules for the time being in force as prescribed under relevant sections of the Act.

cxi. "**Seal**" means the Common Seal for the time being of the Company or any other method of authentication of documents, as specified under the Act or amendment thereto.

cxii. "**Secretary**" means a company secretary as defined in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of Section 2 of the Company Secretaries Act, 1980 who is appointed by the Board of Directors to perform the functions of a company secretary under this Act and is a Key Managerial Person.

cxiii. "**Share**" means a share in the Share Capital of the Company and includes stock.

cxiv. **"Subsidiary"** shall have the same meaning as the term "subsidiary" as defined under Section 2(87) of the Act.

cxv. **"The Company" or This Company**" means Allied Blenders And Distillers Limited established as aforesaid.

cxvi. "**These presents**" means the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association as originally framed or as altered from time to time.

cxvii. **"The Register of Members**" means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to Section 88(1)(a) of the Act and can be kept anywhere in or outside India

cxviii. **"Tribunal"** means the National Company Law Tribunal constituted under Section 408 of the Act.

cxix. "**Variation**" shall include abrogation; and "vary" shall include abrogate

cxx. "**Voting Right**" means the right of a Member of the Company to vote in any meeting of the Company or by means of postal ballot.

cxxi. "**Whole-Time Director**" includes a Director in the whole-time employment of the Company;

cxxii. "**Year**" means the calendar year and

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and words importing

the masculine gender shall, where the context admits, include the feminine and neuter gender.

Unless the context otherwise requires words and expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act.

130. a. The Company is a 'Public Company' within the meaning of Section 2(71) of the Act. Public company

b. The use of the name "**ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS**" or its logo and/or marks as a part of the corporate name of the Company or the trade name of the Company or as a part of its logo or marks or its letterhead stylings or stationery or stationery stylings or packing stylings or any hybrid variation thereof or any other use thereof shall cease to be so used, if at any time the Equity Shareholding of the Promoter(s) falls below 51% of the shareholding of the Company, and in which event Promoter(s) will be entitled by a written notice to the Company to call upon the Company to discontinue use of the word "**ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS**" or its logo and /or marks in any form or manner as a part of the Company's corporate name or trade name and to change its name in such a manner as to delete the word "**ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS**" or its logo and/or marks as appearing in the name of the Company and the Company shall within 90 days from the date of receipt of such notice:

i. discontinue the use of the word "**ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS**" or its logo and/or marks as part of its corporate name and/or as the trade name.

ii. take all steps as may be necessary for the purpose of changing its corporate name as aforesaid.

iii. undertake at all times that the Company's corporate name shall not comprise of any word or expression or logo similar to the word "**ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS**" or its logo and/or marks.

c. The shareholders shall at all times exercise their Voting Rights to carry out the provision of this Article.

d. Without prejudice to any provisions contained in the Act, (including Sections 47 and 50(2) of the Act), the shareholders further agree of their own free will and volition that they shall at all times exercise their Voting Rights to vote in favour of all resolutions required to be passed to change the name and discontinue the use of the words "**ALLIED BLENDERS AND DISTILLERS**" as provided by this Article.

Share Capital and Debenture

131. The authorized share capital of the Company shall be as mentioned at Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company. Authorised Capital

132. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Shares in the Capital of the Company shall be under the control of the Board of Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such Persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or (subject to the compliance with the provision of Section 53 of the Act) at a discount and at such time as they may from time to time think fit and with sanction of Shares under Control of the Board

the Company in the General Meeting to give to any Person or Persons the option or right to call for any shares either at par or premium during such time and for such consideration as the Board of Directors think fit, and may issue and allot Shares in the capital of the Company on payment in full or part of any property or assets of any kind whatsoever, sold or to be sold or transferred or to be transferred or goods or machinery supplied or to be supplied or for service rendered or to be rendered or for technical assistance or know-how made or to be made available to the Company for the conduct of its business and any Shares which may so be allotted may be issued as fully paid up Shares and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid shares. Provided that option or right to call on shares shall not be given to any person or persons without the sanction of the Company in the General Meeting.

133. The Share Capital of the Company shall be of two kinds, namely:- Kinds of Share Capital

c. Equity share capital

i. with Voting Rights; or
ii. with differential rights as to Dividend, voting or otherwise in accordance with the Act and the Rules; and

d. Preference share capital.

134. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles but subject to the provisions of the Act and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force and Rules, the Company may issue Debentures. Debenture

135. Subject to the provisions of the Act and Rules, the Company shall have the power to issue Preference Shares which are, at the option of the Company, liable to be redeemed on or within the expiry of a period of 20 (twenty) years from the date of their issue and the resolution authorizing such issue shall prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of redemption. Redeemable Preference Shares

136. If at any time the Share Capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Act, and whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of such number of the holders of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class, as prescribed by the Act. Variation of Rights

137. A certificate, issued under the Common Seal of the Company, specifying the Shares held by any Person, shall be prima facie evidence of the title of the Person to such Shares. Share Certificate

138. e. Every Person whose name is entered as a Member in the Register of Members shall be entitled to receive within two months from the date of allotment or within one month of the receipt by the Company of application for the registration of transfer or transmission or sub-division or consolidation or renewal of any of its Shares as the case may be, within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided:

i. one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
ii. several certificates, in marketable lots, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of twenty rupees for each certificate after the first.

f. Every certificate so issued shall be under the Seal of the Company and shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of Shares in respect of which it is issued and amount paid-up thereon, and be in the prescribed form, duly signed by two Directors and an authorized person or Company Secretary as the case may be and shall specify the Shares

to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.

g. In respect of any Share or Shares held jointly by several Persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a Share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

h. The provision of this Article shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to debentures of the Company.

139. If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the Company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Company and on execution of such indemnity as the Company deem adequate, being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the party entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued without payment of fees if the Directors so decide, or on payment of such fees (which shall not exceed the maximum amount permitted under applicable law) as the Directors shall prescribe. Provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificates in replacement of those which are old, defaced or worn out or where there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer. Further, no fee shall be charged for registration of transfer, transmission, probate, succession certificate and Letters of administration, Certificate of Death or Marriage, Power of Attorney or similar other document.
Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above, the Directors shall comply with such rules or regulation or requirements of any Stock Exchange or the Rules made under the Act or rules made under Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act,1956 or any other act, or rules applicable thereof in this behalf.

The provision of this Article shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to Debentures of the Company.

Company not bound to recognize any interest in share other than that of registered holders.

140. Except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as by applicable law required and subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears on the applicable register as the holder of any security or whose name appears as the beneficial owner of any security in the records of the depository as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not be bound to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any benami trust or equity, equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, other claim or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as is by these Articles otherwise expressly provided or by law otherwise provided) any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right thereto, in accordance with these Articles, in the Person from time to time registered as the holder thereof but the Board shall be at liberty at its sole discretion to register any share in the joint names of any two or more Persons or the survivor or survivors of them.

141. If shares are held in dematerialized mode, the record of the depository will be the prima facie evidence of the interest of the beneficial owner and the provision of the foregoing Articles relating to issue of certificates shall *mutatis mutandis* apply (except where the Act otherwise requires) to issue of certificates for any other securities including Debentures of the Company.

Commission

142. d. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act, to any Person in connection with the subscription to its securities, provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by the Act and the Rules.

e. The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount as prescribed in the Rules.

f. The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.

143. h. Where at any time, the Company proposes to increase its subscribed capital by the issue of further shares, such shares shall be offered, subject to the provisions of Section 62 of the Act, and the rules made thereunder: Further issue of capital

4. to persons who, at the date of the offer, are holders of Equity Shares of the Company in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the paid-up share capital on those shares by sending a letter of offer subject to the following conditions, namely:

iv. The offer aforesaid shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days and not exceeding thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined;

v. The offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person and the notice referred to in Article 17(a)(1)(i) herein shall contain a statement of this right;

vi. After the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid, or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner which is not disadvantageous to the shareholders and the Company.

5. to employees under a scheme of employees' stock option, subject to a special resolution passed by the Company and subject to the Rules and such conditions, as may be prescribed; or

6. to any Persons, if it is authorised by a special resolution, whether or not those Persons include the Persons referred to in Article 17(a)(1) or 17(a)(2), either for cash or for a consideration other than cash, if the price of such shares is determined by the valuation report of a registered valuer, subject to the compliance with the applicable provisions of Chapter III of the Act and any other conditions as may be prescribed.

i. The notice referred to in Article 17(a)(1)(i) shall be dispatched through registered post or speed post or through electronic mode or courier or any other mode having proof of delivery to all the existing shareholders at least three days before the opening of the issue.

j. Nothing contained herein shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of the Company caused by the exercise of an option as a term attached to the Debentures issued or loan raised by the Company to convert such Debentures or loans into shares in the Company or to subscribe for shares in the Company:

Provided that the terms of issue of such Debentures or loan containing such an option have been approved before the issue of such Debentures or the raising of loan by a special resolution passed by the Company in a General Meeting.

k. Notwithstanding anything contained in Article 17(c), where any Debentures have been issued, or loan has been obtained from any Government by the Company, and if that Government considers it necessary in the public interest so to do, it may, by order, direct that such Debentures or loans or any part thereof shall be converted into shares in the Company on such terms and conditions as appear to the Government to be reasonable in the circumstances of the case even if terms of the issue of such debentures or the raising of such loans do not include a term for providing for an option for such conversion:

Provided that where the terms and conditions of such conversion are not acceptable to the Company, it may, within sixty days from the date of communication of such order, appeal to the Tribunal which shall after hearing the Company and the Government pass such order as it deems fit.

l. In determining the terms and conditions of conversion under Article 17(d) the Government shall have due regard to the financial position of the Company, the terms of issue of Debentures or loans, as the case may be, the rate of interest payable on such Debentures or loans and such other matters as it may consider necessary.

m. Where the Government has, by an order made under Article 17(d) directed that any Debenture or loan or any part thereof shall be converted into shares in the Company and where no appeal has been preferred to the Tribunal under Article 17(d) or where such appeal has been dismissed, the Memorandum of Association of the Company shall, where such order has the effect of increasing the authorised share capital of the Company, stand altered and the authorised share capital of the Company shall stand increased by an amount equal to the amount of the value of shares which such Debentures or loans or part thereof has been converted into.

n. A further issue of shares may be made in any manner whatsoever as the Board may determine including by way of preferential offer or private placement, subject to and in accordance with the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

144. d. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien- Lien

iii. on every Share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that Share; and

iv. on all Shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single Person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the Company.

Provided that the Board of Directors may at any time declare any Share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Regulation.

e. The Company's lien, if any, on a Share shall extend to all Dividends payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such Shares.

f. The fully paid-up Shares shall be free from all lien on any account whatsoever and in the case of partly paid up Shares the Company's lien, if any, shall be restricted to moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such Shares.

145. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien:

Provided that no sale shall be made-

c. unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or

d. until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the Person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.

146. d. To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some Person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.

e. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.

f. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

147. c. The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the Company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.

d. The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the Person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

148. The provision of these Articles relating to lien shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to any other securities including Debentures of the Company.

149. d. The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the Members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times; Calls on Shares

Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call.

e. Each Member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the Company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.

f. A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

150. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by installments.

151. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

152. c. If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten per cent per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.

d. The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.

153. c. Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these Regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.

d. In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these Regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

154. c. The Board-may, if it thinks fit, receive from any Member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and

d. upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the Company in General Meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve percent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the Member paying the sum in advance.

155. The provision of these Articles relating to calls shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to any other securities including Debentures of the Company.

156. Where two or more Persons are registered as the joint holders (not more than three) of any share they shall be deemed (so far as the Company is concerned) to hold the same as joint-holders with benefits of survivorship subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles: Joint Holders

g. the joint holders of any shares shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share.

h. on the death of any such joint-holder the survivor or survivors shall be the only Person or Persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the share but the Directors may require such evidence of the death as they may deem fit and nothing herein contained

shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint- holder from any liability in respect of the shares held by him jointly with any other person.

i. Any one of such joint holders may give effectual receipts of any dividends, interests or other moneys payable in respect of such share.

j. only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as one of the joint-holders of any share shall be entitled to delivery of the certificate relating to such share or to receive documents from the Company and any documents served on or sent to person shall be deemed service on all the joint- holders.

k. If more than one of such joint-holders be present at any Meeting either personally or by proxy, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders. If more than one of the said Persons remain present than the senior shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the joint holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting. Several Executors or Administrators of a deceased Member in whose name share stands shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed joints holders thereof. For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.

l. The provisions of these Articles relating to joint holders of shares shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company registered in joint names.

Nomination of Shares and Debentures

157. f. Every holder of Shares of the Company may, at any time, nominate, in the manner prescribed under the Act and the Rules, any Person to whom his shares shall vest in the event of his death.

g. Where the shares of the Company are held by more than one Person jointly, the joint holders may together nominate, in the manner prescribed under the Act and the Rules prescribed thereunder, any Person to whom all the rights in the securities of the Company shall vest in the event of death of all the joint holders.

h. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of law for the time being in force or in any disposition, whether testamentary or otherwise, in respect of the shares of the Company, where a nomination made in the manner prescribed under the Act and the Rules prescribed thereunder, purports to confer on any Person the right to vest the shares of the Company, the nominee shall, on the death of the holder of the shares or, as the case may be, on the death of the joint holders become entitled to all the rights in the shares of the holder or, as the case may be, of all the joint holders, in relation to such shares of the Company to the exclusion of all other Persons, unless the nomination is varied or cancelled in the prescribed manner under the Act and the Rules prescribed thereunder.

i. Where the nominee is a minor, the holder of the shares, can make the nomination to appoint in prescribed manner under the Act and the Rules prescribed thereunder, any

Person to become entitled to the securities of the Company in the event of his death, during the minority.

j. The provision of these Articles relating to nomination shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to the other securities including Debentures of the Company.

General Restriction on Transfer

158. Except as provided in these Articles, no Member shall sell or otherwise transfer or dispose of any shares now owned or hereafter acquired by him in the manner provided herein and unless the conditions contained in these Articles are complied with.

Transfer of shares

159. d. There shall be no restrictions whatsoever on the transactions in relation to shares including transfer of shares between any Members or granting of rights or creating an encumbrance on shares by one Member in favour of another Member and subject to the provisions of Section 56 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder.. A common form of transfer shall be used in case of transfer of Shares, in accordance with the Act and Rules and the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, which shall be duly stamped and executed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee and specifying the name, address and occupation, if any, of the transferee has been delivered to the Company along with the certificate or certificates relating to the shares or if no certificate is in existence, along with the letter of allotment of the shares. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed by or on behalf of both the transferor and the transferee and shall contain the names of and addresses of both the transferor and the transferee and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof. Each signature of such transfer shall be duly attested by the signature of one creditable witness who shall add his address and occupation.

e. The application for registration of a share or other interest of a Member in the Company may be made either by the transferor or the transferee, provided that, where such application is made by the transferor on registration shall in the case of partly paid up shares shall not be affected unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee in the manner prescribed by Section 56 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder, the Board of Directors, unless the objection is made by the transferee within two weeks from the receipt of the notice, enter in the Register of Members the name of the transferee in the manner and subject to the same conditions as if the application for registration was made by the transferee.

f. Subject to the provisions of Section 59 of the Act, these Articles and other applicable provisions of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the Board may refuse whether in pursuance of any power of the Company under these Articles or otherwise to register the transfer of, or the transmission by operation of law of the right to, any shares or interest of a Member in or debentures of the Company. The Company shall within thirty days from the date on which the instrument of transfer, or the intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, was delivered to Company, send notice of the refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, giving reasons for such refusal. Provided that the registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except where the Company has a lien on shares of the Company.

160. a. The Board may in their absolute and uncontrolled discretion and without assigning any reason there of decline to register the transfer of a share not being fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve and any transfer of shares of which the Company has a lien.

Restriction on transfer of shares by any Member(s) to a Non-Member

b. No transfer or disposal of legal or beneficial interest in the shares of the Company by any Shareholder shall be made without the prior written consent of Promoter (s).

c. Any transfer, except if effected in accordance with what is stated herein, will be void and of no effect.

d. If the Promoter(s) agree(s), in writing to transfer and/or sell any shares of the Company the same shall be effected only to such person(s) and at such price as are acceptable to the Promoter(s) and as per the procedure otherwise laid down in Article 34(f).

e. Notwithstanding what is stated in Article 34(d), No Member shall transfer, sell, assign, pledge, encumber or otherwise dispose of shares of the Company to a person who is not a Member of the Company except as provided in Article 34(f).

f. If a Member (hereinafter called 'the Seller') desires to transfer, sell or assign all or a portion of his Shares in the Company, he shall first offer to sell such Shares (the "Offer Shares") to the Promoter(s) or other Members as follows:

(i) The Seller shall issue a written notice ("Notice for Sale") to the Board of Directors of the Company signifying his intent to sell the shares and specifying the number of shares for sale.

(ii) Within 10 (ten) days of receipt of Notice for Sale, the Board of Directors shall request the registered valuer as defined under the provision of the Act or Independent Chartered Accountant or the Auditor of the Company ('Valuer')to undertake a fair valuation of Offer Shares and issue a fair valuation report within a period of 30 (thirty) days. The Valuer shall have regard to the multiple valuation, using methods as permitted by Statutes for determining the fair value Within 15 (fifteen) days from the date of receipt of valuation report, the Company shall issue a written notice ("Notice of Offer") to each of the Promoter(s) or the Members as the case may be indicating the number of Offer Shares and the fair value as determined by the Auditors.

(iii) Within 30 (thirty) days from the date of receipt of the Notice of Offer, any Promoter(s) or the Members as the case may be may issue a written notice to Board of Directors and to the Seller ("Notice to Purchase") to purchase the Offer Shares at a price which is equal to or higher than the fair value indicated by the Auditor.

(iv) If there are multiple Notices of Purchase, the Seller shall have the right to give a preference. In case no such preference is issued by the Seller, the Board of Directors shall have the right to determine the purchaser.

(v) Once the purchaser is finalized in terms of this Article, the necessary transfer deeds shall be executed by the selling and purchasing Promoter(s) or the Members as the case may be and submitted to the Board which shall be approved by the Board.

(vi) In case no Notice of Purchase is received by the Board within 45 (forty five) days from the issue of Notice of Offer, the Seller shall be free (for a period of 90 (ninety) days from the 46th (forty sixth) day of the issue of Notice of Offer) to sell the Offer to Shares to any third party, acceptable to the Promoters, at a price which is higher than fair value.

(vii) In case no sale is consummated within such period of 90 (ninety) days, the Seller would be required to re-issue the Notice for Sale and repeat the process.

161. Except as provided in Article 34, no Member shall transfer by gift, pledge, charge, grant options over or otherwise encumber any of his Shares or the beneficial interest in any of his Shares of the Company now owned or hereafter acquired by him without first giving a notice in writing to the Board of Directors and each of the other Members including the Promoters. The written notice shall contain the terms of the transfer / encumbrance (including the number of Shares to be transferred/ encumbered, the nature of the transfer/encumbrance and the name of the proposed transferee), and the Board of Directors shall notify such Member(s) and the Promoters of its approval or disapproval within thirty (30) days of its receipt of such notice. If the Board of Directors and the Promoters fail to act within such thirty day period, the Board of Directors and the Promoters shall be deemed to have consented to the proposed transfer by gift/encumbrance. Restriction on Transfer by Gift or Pledge etc.

162. The Company shall have the right to refuse the transfer of shares to minors except in case of transmission. Shares held by a Minor

163. c. On the death of a Member, the survivor or survivors where the Member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or Legal Representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only Persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares. Transmission of Shares

d. Nothing in Article 37(a) above shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other Person(s).

164. c. Any Person becoming entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a Member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either-

i. to be registered himself as holder of the share; or

ii. to make such transfer of the Share as the deceased or insolvent Member could have made.

d. The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent Member had transferred the Share before his death or insolvency.

165. d. If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the Share himself, he shall deliver or send to the Board of Directors a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.

e. If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the Share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the Share.

f. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these Regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of Shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the Member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that Member.

166. A person becoming entitled to a Share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same Dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a Member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company:

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all Dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the Share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Forfeiture of shares

167. If a Member fails to pay any call, or installment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or installment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment or other money as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of non-payment.

168. The notice aforesaid shall-

c. name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and

d. state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.

169. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other money payable in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture subject to the applicable provisions of the Act.

Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part payment or satisfaction thereof nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any Member in respect of any

shares either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money shall preclude the forfeiture of such shares as herein provided. There shall be no forfeiture of unclaimed dividends before the claim becomes barred by law.

170. c. A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.

d. At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.

171. c. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a Member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the Company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares.

d. The liability of such person shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.

172. e. A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director, the Manager or the Secretary, of the Company, and that a Share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all Persons claiming to be entitled to the Share;

f. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the Share in favour of the Person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;

g. The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the Share; and

h. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the Share.

173. The provisions of these Regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non- payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a Share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

174. Subject to provisions of the Act, the Company in its General Meetings may, by an ordinary resolution- Alteration of Share Capital

f. increase its authorised capital by such amount as it thinks expedient;

g. consolidate and divide all or any of its Share Capital into shares of a larger amount than its existing shares. Provided that any consolidation and division which results in changes in the voting percentage of shareholders shall require applicable approvals under the Act;

h. convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;

i. sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than fixed by the memorandum, so, however, that in the sub- division the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced Share shall be the same as it was in the case of the Share from which the reduced Share is derived, subject to provisions of the Act, Rules and of these Articles;

j. cancel Shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution in that behalf, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its Share Capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

The cancellation of shares shall not be deemed to be a reduction of Share Capital.

175. The Company may (subject to the provisions of Sections 52, 55 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act or any other section as notified) from time to time by Special Resolution reduce: Reduction of Share Capital

d. the Share Capital; or

e. any capital redemption reserve account; or

f. any security premium account

in any manner for the time being, authorized by law and in particular Capital may be paid off on the footing that it may be called up again or otherwise. This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have, if it were omitted.

176. c. The Company in General Meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve- Capitalisation of Profits

iii. that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and

iv. that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in Article 50(b) below amongst the Members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of Dividend and in the same proportions.

d. The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in this Article 50(b)(iv) below of this Regulation, either in or towards-

vi. paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such Members respectively;

vii. paying up in full, unissued shares of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such Members in the proportions

aforesaid;

viii. partly in the way specified in Article 50(b)(i) and partly in that specified in Article 50 (b)(ii);

ix. A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this Regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to Members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares;

x. The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this Regulation.

177. d. Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall;

iii. make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and

iv. generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.

e. The Board shall have power;

iii. to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and

iv. to authorize any person to enter, on behalf of all the Members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalization, or as the case may require, for the payment by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;

f. Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such Members.

Buy-back of Shares

178. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles but subject to the provisions of all applicable provisions of the Act or any other law for the time being in force the Company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.

Dematerialisation of Shares

179. Notwithstanding anything contained herein, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialize its Shares and Debentures pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996 and to offer its Shares and Debentures for subscription in a dematerialized form. The Company shall cause to be kept a register and index of members / beneficial owners in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Depositories Act, 1996 with details of shares held in physical and dematerialised forms in any medium as may be permitted by law including in any form of

electronic medium. The Company shall be entitled to keep in any State or Country outside India a branch register of beneficial owners / Register of Members, resident in that State or Country. The Register and Index of Beneficial Owners maintained by a depository under the Depositories Act, shall be deemed to be the Register and Index (if applicable) of Shareholders and Security holders for the purposes of these Articles.

180. All the General Meetings of the Company other than Annual General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings. General Meetings

The Company shall in each year hold a General Meeting as its Annual General Meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year. The Annual General Meeting shall be held within a period of six months, from the date of closing of the Financial Year; provided that not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting and that of the next. Nothing contained in the foregoing provisions shall be taken as affecting the right conferred on the Registrar under the provisions of Section 96 (1) of the Act to extend the time within which any Annual General Meeting may be held. Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for a time during business hours that is, between 9 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day that is not a National Holiday, and shall be held at the Registered Office of the Company or at some other place within the city in which the Registered Office of the Company situate, as the Board may determine and the Notices calling the Meeting shall specify it as the Annual General Meeting. Every Member of the Company shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy and the Auditor of the Company shall have the right to attend and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends on any part of the business which concerns him as Auditor. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company there shall be laid on the table the Directors' Report and Financial Statements, Auditors' Report (if not already incorporated in the Financial Statements), the Proxy Register with proxies and the Register of Directors' shareholding which shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the Meeting.

181. c. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting and they shall on requisition of Member or Members holding in the aggregate not less than one-tenth of such of the paid up capital of the Company as at the date of deposit of the requisition and in compliance with Section 100 of the Act, forthwith proceed to convene Extraordinary General Meeting. Extraordinary General Meeting by Board and by requisition

d. If at any time there are not within India sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum, or if the number of Directors be reduced in number to less than the minimum number of Directors prescribed by these Articles and the continuing Directors fail or neglect to increase the number of Directors to that number or to convene a General Meeting, any Director or any two or more Members which shall include the Promoter(s) of the Company holding not less than one- tenth of the total paid up share capital of the Company may call for an Extraordinary General Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meeting may be called by the Directors. When a Director or any two Members may call an Extraordinary General Meeting

182. Any valid requisition so made by Members must state the object or objects of the meeting proposed to be called, and must be signed by the requisitionists and be deposited at the Registered Office; provided that such requisition may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists. Requisition of Members to state object of Meeting

183. Upon the receipt of any such requisition, the Board shall forthwith call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and if they do not proceed within twenty-one days from the date of the requisition being deposited at the Registered Office, to cause a meeting to be called for a day not later than forty-five days from the date of deposit of the requisition, meeting may be called and held by the On receipt of requisition, Directors to call Meetings and in default requisitionists

requisitionists themselves within a period of three months from the date of the requisition. may do.

184. At least 21 (twenty-one) days' clear notice (either in writing or electronic mode) of every General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary, specifying the place, date, day, hour, and the general nature of the business to be transacted thereat, shall be given in the manner hereinafter provided, to such Persons, as given under the Act, entitled to receive notice from the Company. A General Meeting may be called after giving shorter notice if consent is given in writing or by electronic mode by not less than 95% (ninety five percent) of the Members including the Promoter(s) entitled to vote at such meeting. In the case of an Annual General Meeting, if any business other than (i) the consideration of Financial Statements and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors, (ii) the declaration of Dividend, (iii) the appointment of Directors in place of those retiring and (iv) the appointment of, and fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors is to be transacted, there shall be annexed to the notice of the Meeting a statement setting out all material facts concerning each such item of business, including in particular the nature or concern (financial or otherwise) and extent of the interest, if any, therein of every Director, Key Managerial Personnel and their Relatives (if any). Where any item of business consists of the approval of any document the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid. Notice of meeting

185. The accidental omission to give any such notice as aforesaid to any Member, or other person to whom it should be given or the non- receipt thereof, shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such Meeting. Omission to give notice not to invalidate a resolution passed.

186. No General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or transfer any business which has not been mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened. Meeting not to transact business not mentioned in notice.

187. The quorum for a General Meeting shall be 5(five) Members personally present including the presence of 2(two) Promoter(s). No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, unless 5(five) Members including 2(two) Promoter(s) are personally present. A Body Corporate being a Member shall be deemed to be personally present if represented in accordance with Section 113 of the Act. Quorum

188. If, at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum of Members is not present, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Members, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week or if that day is a National Holiday until the next succeeding day which is not a National Holiday, at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the Board may determine; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum of Members is not present at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the said meeting shall stand adjourned *sine die* without transacting any business for which the meeting was called. If quorum not present, Meeting to be dissolved and adjourned

189. The Chairperson of the Board shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary. If there be no such Chairperson present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such Meeting, the Members present shall elect one of the Directors or Members present, who shall be nominated by KRC or BKC in writing, to preside at the meeting and such chairperson shall not have any casting vote. Chairperson of General Meeting

190. e. The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting including the Promoter(s) adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place. Chairperson with consent may adjourn meeting

f. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left

unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

g. When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.

h. Save as aforesaid, and as provided in Section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

191. In the case of an equality of votes the Chairperson shall on a poll (if any) have casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a Member. Chairperson's casting vote.

192. If at any General Meeting of the Company, if either KRC or BKC is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Members present shall elect one of the Directors or Members present, who shall be nominated by KRC or BKC in writing, to preside at the meeting and such chairperson shall not have any casting vote. No casting vote to a person other than the Chairperson.

193. If a poll is demanded as aforesaid the same shall, be taken in such manner as prescribed under the Act. Poll to be taken, if demanded.

194. The demand for a poll except on the question of the election of the Chairperson and of an adjournment shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded. Demand for poll not to prevent transaction of other business.

195. No Member shall be entitled to vote either personally or by proxy at any General Meeting or Meeting of a class of shareholders either upon a show of hands, upon a poll or be reckoned in a quorum in respect of any Shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised, any right or lien. Members in arrears not to vote.

196. Subject to the provision of these Articles and without prejudice to any special privileges, or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class of shares for the time being forming part of the Capital of the Company, every Member, not disqualified by the last preceding Article shall be entitled to be present, and to speak and to vote at such meeting, and on a show of hands every Member present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll the Voting Right of every Member present in person or by proxy shall be in proportion to his share of the paid-up equity share Capital of the Company, Provided, however, if any preference shareholder is present at any meeting of the Company, save as provided in sub-section (2) of Section 47 of the Act, he shall have a right to vote only on resolution placed before the meeting which directly affect the rights attached to his preference shares. Number of votes each Member entitled.

197. A Member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll by his committee or other legal guardian: and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy; if any Member be minor, the vote in respect of his share shall be by his guardian, or any one of his guardians if more than one, to be selected in case of dispute by the Chairperson of the Meeting. How Members non-compos mentis and minor may vote.

198. On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company, a Member entitled to more than one vote or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses. Casting of votes by a Member entitled to more than one vote.

199. d. If there be joint registered holders of any share any one of such Persons may vote at any Votes of joint

Meeting either personally or by proxy in respect of such shares, as if he were solely entitled thereto. Members

e. If more than one of such joint-holders be present at any Meeting either personally or by proxy, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders. If more than one of the said Persons remain present than the senior shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the joint holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting. Several Executors or Administrators of a deceased Member in whose name share stands shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed joints holders thereof.

f. For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.

200. Votes may be given either personally or by attorney or by proxy or in case of a company, by a representative duly authorized as mentioned in Articles. At any General Meeting, a resolution put to vote of the meeting shall, unless a poll is demanded under Section 109, be decided on a show of hands. Votes may be given by proxy or by representative

201. A Body Corporate (whether a company within the meaning of the Act or not) may, if it is Member or creditor of the Company (including being a holder of debentures or any other Securities) authorize such person by resolution of its Board of Directors, as it thinks fit, in accordance with the provisions of Section 113 of the Act to act as its representative at any Meeting of the Members or creditors of the Company or Debenture holders of the Company. A person authorized by resolution as aforesaid shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the Body Corporate as if it were an individual Member, creditor or holder of Debentures of the Company. Representation of a Body Corporate.

202. A Member paying the whole or a part of the amount remaining unpaid on any share held by him although no part of that amount has been called up, shall not be entitled to any Voting Rights in respect of the moneys paid until the same would, but for this payment, become presently payable. Members paying money in advance.

203. A Member is not prohibited from exercising his Voting Rights on the ground that he has not held his shares or interest in the Company for any specified period preceding the date on which the vote was taken. Members not prohibited if share not held for any specified period.

204. Subject to the provisions of the Act and other provisions of these Articles, any person entitled under Article 33 (Transfer of Shares) of these Articles of Association, to transfer any share may vote at any General Meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to transfer such shares and give such indemnity (if any) as the Directors may require or the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof. Votes in respect of shares of deceased or insolvent Members.

205. No Member shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands through Proxy unless such Member is present personally or by attorney or is a Body Corporate present by a representative duly Authorized under the provisions of the Act in which case such Members, attorney or representative may vote on a show of hands as if he were a Member of the Company. In the case of a Body Corporate the production at the meeting of a copy of such resolution duly signed by a Director or Secretary of such Body Corporate and certified by him as being a true copy of the resolution shall No votes by proxy on show of hands.

be accepted by the Company as sufficient evidence of the authority of the appointment.

206. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. Appointment of a Proxy.

207. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any), under which it is signed or a notarial certified copy of that power of attorney, shall be deposited at the office not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the Meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution. Deposit of instrument of appointment.

208. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the Rules made under Section 105. Form of proxy.

209. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the Member, or revocation of the proxy or of any power of attorney which such proxy signed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given, provided that no intimation in writing of the death or insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the office before the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used. Validity of votes given by proxy not withstanding death of a Member.

210. An instrument of proxy may appoint a proxy either for the purpose of a particular meeting specified in the instrument and every adjournment thereof or every meeting of the Company or every meeting to be held before a date not being later than twelve months from the date of the instrument specified in the instrument and every adjournment of every such meeting. Proxy either for specified meeting or for a period.

211. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote, except at the Meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote, whether given personally or by proxy, not disallowed at such Meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such Meeting or poll whatsoever. Time for objections to votes.

212. The Chairperson of any Meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such Meeting. The Chairperson present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll. Chairperson of the Meeting to be the judge of validity of any vote.

213. i. Except in so far as the same are repeated, contained or expressly made applicable in these Articles or by the Secretarial Standards on General Meetings and Meetings of Board of Directors as issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (a statutory body under the Act of Parliament),the Company shall cause minutes of the proceedings of every general meeting of any class of shareholders or creditors, and every resolution passed by postal ballot and every meeting of its Board of Directors or of every committee of the Board, to be prepared and signed in such manner as may be prescribed and kept within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered. Minutes of General Meeting and Board and Other Meeting

j. The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.

k. Each page of every such book shall be initialed or signed and the last page of the record

of proceedings of each meeting or each report in such books shall be dated and signed by the Chairperson of the same meeting within the aforesaid period of thirty days or in the event of the death or inability of that chairperson within that period, by a director duly authorised by the Board for the purpose. In case of every resolution passed by postal ballot, by the Chairperson of the Board within the aforesaid period of thirty days or in the event of there being no chairperson of the Board or the death or inability of that chairperson within that period, by a director duly authorized by the Board for the purpose.

l. In no case shall the minutes of proceedings of a meeting be attached to any such book as aforesaid by pasting or otherwise.

m. All appointments made at any of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meeting.

n. Nothing herein contained shall require or be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the Chairperson of the meeting:

i. is or could reasonably be regarded as, defamatory of any person, or
ii. is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings, or
iii. is detrimental to the interests of the Company.

The Chairperson of the meeting shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the aforesaid grounds.

o. Any such minutes shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

p. The book containing the minutes of proceedings of General Meetings shall be kept at the office of the Company and shall be open during business hours, for such periods not being less in the aggregate than two hours in each day as the Directors determine, to the inspection of any Member without charge.

Board of Directors

214. a. Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting of the Company and subject to the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the number of Directors (including Debenture and Alternate Directors) shall not be less than 3 (three) and not more than 15(fifteen). Provided that a Company may appoint more than 15 (fifteen) directors after passing a special resolution.

b. Unless otherwise required by the applicable provisions of the Act, notwithstanding what is stated hereinabove, the Promoter(s), subject to the provisions of Article 101, shall be entitled to appoint and nominate all the Directors other than Independent Directors to the Board. Except the Promoter(s), any Director(s) so appointed shall retire annually and seek reappointment at the Annual General Meeting of the Company and in terms of the provisions of Section 152 of the Act, such appointment will take effect upon the necessary resolution being passed at the Annual General Meeting.

215. Subject to provisions of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder and the approval of the Promoter(s) the Board may from time to time, appoint Managing Director / Whole-time Director Managing Director / Whole-time Director /

/ Manager for one or more of the divisions of the business carried on by the Company and to enter into agreement with him in such terms and conditions as they may deem fit. Manager

216. c. Subject to provisions of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder and the approval of the Promoter(s), the Board shall have power at any time, to appoint Additional Director, provided that the number of the directors and Additional Director together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by Articles. Additional Director

d. Such person shall hold office only up to the date of next annual general meeting of the Company but shall be eligible for appointment by the Company as a director at that meeting subject to provisions of the Act, the Rules framed thereunder.

217. d. The Board, subject to the approval of the Promoter(s), or a resolution passed by the Company in general meeting, subject to the approval of the Promoter(s), may appoint a person not being a person holding any alternate Directorship for any other Director in the Company appoint an alternate director to act for a director (hereinafter called as "Original Director") during his absences for a period of not less than three months from India. No person shall be appointed as an alternate director for an independent director unless he is qualified to be appointed as an independent director under the provisions of the Act. Alternate Director

e. An alternate director shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate the office if and when the Original Director returns to India.

f. If the term of office of Original Director is determined before he returns to India the automatic reappointment of retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the alternate director.

218. Subject to Section 167 of the Act, the office of a Director shall be vacated if: When office of Directors to be vacated.

i. he incurs any of the disqualifications specified in Section 164 of the Act;

j. he absents himself from all the meetings of the Board of Directors held during a period of twelve months with or without seeking leave of absence of the Board;

k. he acts in contravention of the provisions of Section 184 relating to entering into contracts or arrangements in which he is directly or indirectly interested;

l. he fails to disclose his interest in any contract or arrangement in which he is directly or indirectly interested, in contravention of the provisions of Section 184;

m. he becomes disqualified by an order of a Court or the Tribunal;

n. he is convicted by a Court of any offence, whether involving moral turpitude or otherwise and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months:

Provided that the office shall be vacated by the Director even if he has filed an appeal against the order of such Court;

o. he is removed in pursuance of the provisions of the Act;

p. he, having been appointed a director by virtue of his holding any office or other employment in the holding, subsidiary or associate company, ceases to hold such office or other employment in that company.

q. he, having been appointed as a nominee Directors by the Promoter(s), upon receipt of notice by the Board from the Promoter(s), informing the Board of the withdrawal of his nomination by Promoter(s).

219. The Company may by an ordinary resolution remove any Director (not being a Director appointed by the Tribunal in pursuance of Section 242 of the Act) in accordance with the provisions of Section 169 of the Act. A Director so removed shall not be re-appointed as a Director by the Board of Directors. — Removal of Director

220. Subject to the provisions of Section 168 of the Act a Director may at any time resign from his office upon giving notice in writing to the Company of his intention so to do, and thereupon his office shall be vacated. — Resignation of Director

221. c. If the office of any Director appointed by the Company in its General Meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may, subject to the approval of the Promoter(s), be filled the Board of Directors at its Board Meeting. — Directors' power to fill casual vacancies.

d. The Director so appointed shall hold office only up to the date up to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated.

222. c. Until otherwise determined by the Board, each Director other than the Managing/Whole-time Director (shall be entitled to sitting fees not exceeding a sum prescribed in the Act and the Rules framed thereunder for attending meetings of the Board or Committees thereof. — Sitting fees & remuneration

d. If any Director be called upon to perform extra services or special exertions or efforts (which expression shall include work done by a Director as a member of any Committee formed by the Directors), the Board may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such extra services or special exertions or efforts either by a fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Board and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for his remuneration otherwise provided.

PROCEEDING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

223. c. The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it thinks fit. — Meetings of Directors.

d. A Director or Promoter may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director or

Promoter shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.

224. The Board of Directors shall be entitled to hold its meeting through video conferencing or other permitted means, and in conducting the Board meetings through such video conferencing or other permitted means the procedures and the precautions as laid down in the relevant Rules shall be adhered to. With regard to every meeting conducted through video conferencing or other permitted means, the scheduled venue of the meetings shall be deemed to be in India, for the purpose of specifying the place of the said meeting and for all recordings of the proceedings at the meeting. Meeting through Video Conferencing

225. Subject to provisions of Section 173(3) of the Act, notice of not less than 7 (seven) days of every meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be given in writing to every Director at his address registered with the Company and shall be sent by hand delivery or by post or through electronic means. The meeting of the Board may be called at a shorter notice to transact urgent business. Notice of Meetings

226. d. The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be 1/3rd (one-third) of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one third being rounded off as one), or two Directors whichever is higher which shall include the Promoter(s) and the Directors participating by video conferencing or by other permitted means shall also counted for the purposes of quorum as provided in this Article. Quorum for Meetings

e. Provided that interested Director may participate in the board meeting, after disclosing his interest.

f. Provided further that where at any time the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two-thirds of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of the Directors who are not interested, being not less than two, shall be the quorum during such time.

g. Provided lastly that if for any reason the Promoter(s) are unable to attend the Board Meeting, the quorum shall be said to be constituted without their presence if the Promoter(s) give their written consent that the proceedings of the said Board Meeting can be held without their presence.

227. a. In the event of KRC resigning as the Chairperson of the Company or in the event of the death of KRC, his wife BKC, Director of the Company shall be the Chairperson of the Company during her lifetime or until she resigns of her own accord. Save and except as provided hereinabove, the Chairman and all the members of the Board of the Company shall only and always be nominated by the Promoters. All the shareholders of the Company and the Board of Directors shall pass all necessary resolutions to give effect to such nomination as and when made by the Promoters. Chairperson

b. If at any meeting of the Board, if either KRC or BKC is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall elect one of the Directors present, who shall be nominated by KRC or BKC in writing, to preside at the meeting and such chairperson shall not have any casting vote.

228. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board of Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes and in the case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson will have a second or casting Questions at Board meeting how decided.

vote.

229. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by these Articles for a meeting of the Board, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a General Meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose. — Continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board

230. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may delegate any of their powers to a Committee consisting of such member(s) as it thinks fit, including member(s) nominated by KRC and/or BKC and it may from time to time revoke and discharge any such Committee either wholly or in part and either as to person, or purposes, but every Committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such Committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfillment of the purposes of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board. — Directors may appoint committee.

231. The Meetings and proceedings of any such Committee of the Board any Committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board. — Committees of the Board to conform to Board regulations

232. a. Unless otherwise required under the Act, KRC or BKC or a Director nominated as such by KRC or BKC shall be the Chairperson of Committee Meetings. — Chairperson of Committee Meetings

b. If there be no such Chairperson present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such Meeting subject to prior written approval of KRC or BKC, the Directors or Members present may elect one of the Directors so approved and present to preside at the meeting.

233. The Committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit. Questions arising at any meeting of the Committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present including the Promoter(s) and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote. — Meetings of the Committee

234. Subject to the provisions of the Act, all acts done by any meeting of the Board or by a Committee of the Board, or by any person acting as a Director shall notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was qualified to be a Director. — Acts of Board or Committee shall be valid notwithstanding defect in appointment.

235. A resolution not being a resolution required by the said Act or otherwise to be passed at a meeting of the Directors, may be passed without any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors provided that the resolution has been circulated in draft, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors, or to all the members of the Committee as the case may be, at their addresses registered with the Company in India, by hand delivery or by post or courier or through electronic means as permissible under the relevant Rules and has been approved by a majority of the Directors including the Promoter(s) as are entitled to vote on the resolution. — Resolution by Circulation

Accounts

236. h. The Directors shall keep or cause to be kept at the Registered Office of the Company or at such place in India as the Board thinks fit proper Books of Accounts in respect of: — Accounts

i. all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure take place;

j. all sales and purchase of goods by the Company; and

k. the assets and liabilities of the Company.

l. The items of cost, if any as specified in the relevant Rules.

m. Proper Books of Accounts shall also be kept at each branch office of the Company, whether in or outside India, relating to the transactions of that office and proper summarised returns made up to dates at intervals of not more than three months shall be sent by each branch office to the Company at its Registered Office of the Company or the other place referred to in Article 110(a) hereof.

n. The Directors shall comply in all respects with Sections 128, 129, 133, 134, 136, to 138 of the said Act and any statutory modifications thereof.

237. The Directors shall, from time to time, determine whether and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection to the Members not being Directors; and no Member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspection of any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Directors — Inspection to Members when allowed

238. Subject to Section 129 of the Act at every Annual General Meeting of the Company the Directors shall lay before the Company a Financial Statements for each Financial Year. — Financial Statements to be laid before the Member

239. The Financial Statements shall give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the period of the account. — Contents of Financial Statements

240. The Financial Statements shall be signed in accordance with the provisions of Section 134 of the said Act. — Financial Statements how to be signed

241. The Directors shall make and attach to every balance sheet laid before the Company in General Meeting a Report of the Board of Directors which shall comply with the requirements of and shall be signed in the manner provided by Section 134 of the said Act.

242. c. A copy of every Financial Statements (including consolidated Financial Statements, the Auditors' Report and every other document required by law to be annexed or attached, as the case may be, to the Financial Statement) which is to be laid before the Company in General Meeting shall not less than twenty one days before the date of meeting be sent to every Member, every trustee for the debenture holder of any debentures issued by the Company, to the Auditors of the Company, and every Director of the Company. — Right of Members to copies of Financial Statements and Auditors' Report

If the copies of the documents aforesaid are sent less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting they shall, notwithstanding that fact, be deemed to have been duly sent if it is so agreed by ninety five percent of the Members entitled to vote at the meeting. The accidental omission to send the documents aforesaid, to or the non-receipt of the documents aforesaid by, any Member or other person to whom it should be given shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

d. Any Member or holder of debentures of the Company whether he is or is not entitled to have copies of the Company's Financial Statements sent to him, shall on demand, be entitled to be furnished without charge, and any person from whom the Company has accepted a sum of money by way of deposit shall on demand accompanied by the payment of a fee of fifty rupees, be entitled to be furnished with a copy of the last Financial Statements and every other documents required by law to be annexed or attached thereto.

243. c. A copy of the Financial Statement, including consolidated Financial Statement, if any, along with all the documents which are required to be or attached to such Financial Statements under this Act, duly adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company, shall be filed with the Registrar within thirty day's of the Annual General Meeting. Copy of Financial Statements etc. be filed

d. If the Annual General Meeting before which a Financial Statement is laid as aforesaid does not adopt the Financial Statements, the un-adopted Financial Statements together with the other documents that are required to be attached to the Financial Statements shall be filed with the Registrar within thirty days of the Annual General Meeting. Thereafter, the Financial Statements adopted at the adjourned Annual General Meeting shall be filed with the Registrar within thirty days of such adjourned Annual General Meeting.

244. Every account when audited and approved by a General Meeting shall be conclusive. When accounts to be deemed finally settled

Powers of Board

245. Subject to the provisions of the Act and to the provisions of these Articles, the Board of Directors of the Company shall be entitled to exercise all such powers, and generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by the said Act, and the Memorandum of Association and these presents directed or authorized to be exercised, given, made or done by the Company and are not thereby or hereby expressly directed or required to be exercised, given, made or done by the Company in General Meeting but subject to such regulations (if any) being not inconsistent with the said provisions as from time to time may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting provided that no regulation so made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if the regulation had not been made.

246. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Articles, no action or decision relating to any of the Reserved Matters whether by the Board, any Committee, the Shareholders of the Company, its Subsidiaries, or any of the employees, officers or managers of the Company without an affirmative vote of Promoter(s) in any General Meeting of shareholders and/or the consent of all the Promoter(s) as the case may be at the Meeting of Board or Committee thereof as the case may be. The Reserved Matters shall comprise of following: Reserved matters

i. Any amendment to the Memorandum or Articles of Association of the Company in any manner.

ii. Deciding on the conversion, merger, restatement and spin-off of the Company, its dissolution and liquidation (and cease of the liquidation status), election and dismissal of the liquidators and approval of their accounts.

iii. Appointment, re-appointment, removal of statutory auditor/cost auditor/ internal auditor/secretarial auditor.

iv. Sale, disposal off any undertaking of the Company.

v. Disinvestment of shares of any subsidiary.

vi. Change of situation of the Registered office of the Company outside the State of Maharashtra.

vii. Any recapitalisation, any change in the authorised or issued share capital of the Company, whether by way of a issue of shares, buy-back of shares otherwise than the Shares held by the Promoter(s) or reduction of capital.

viii. Any dissolution, winding up or liquidation of the Company and/or its subsidiaries (including taking any steps or passing any resolution towards the same).

ix. Commencing any other business other than the existing business.

x. Appointment, renewal, termination, powers, roles and responsibilities and variation in terms and conditions of Managing Director and Whole Time Director.

xi. Borrowing money in excess of paid-up share capital and free reserves of the Company.

xii. To authorize the execution of any agreements or commitments that may be considered not part of the regular course of the Company's business.

xiii. To prepare and/or to approve the participation of the managers, employees and service renderers of the Company in its profits and also the granting of any bonuses and or incentives to such persons, including by stock option plans.

Borrowing Powers

247. f. Subject to the provisions of Sections 73, 179 and 180 of the Act and the other applicable provisions of these Articles, any funds required by the Company for its working capital and other capital funding requirements shall be made in the form of demand loans, and / or guarantees to be provided by the Company, as decided by the Board of Directors

g. Subject to Sections 73, 179 and 180 of the Act, the Board may from time to time at their discretion raise and borrow and may themselves lend and secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company.

h. The Board may raise or secure the repayment of such sum or sums in the manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they deem fit and particularly by creation of any mortgage or charge on the undertaking of the whole or any part of the property, or future, or uncalled Capital of the Company or by the issue of bonds, redeemable debentures or debentures or debenture-stock of the Company charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company both present and future including its uncalled Capital for the time being.

i. Debentures, debenture-stock, bond or other securities may be made assignable, free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

j. Any Debentures, debenture-stock, bond or other securities may be issued at discount, premium or otherwise and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings and allotment of shares.

The Seal

248. c. The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal.

d. The seal of the company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of a Director and the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and such Director and the secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the company is so affixed in their presence. In absence of the Director of the Company, the seal of the Company shall be affixed by at least two authorised officers of the Company authorized in that behalf and such authorised officers shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the Company is so affixed in their presence.

Dividend and Reserve

249. n. The Company in General Meeting may declare Dividends, but no Dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board but the Company in General Meeting may declare a lesser Dividend.

o. Subject to the provisions of the Section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the Members such interim Dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the Company.

p. The Board may, before recommending any Dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing Dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may, from time to time, think fit.

q. The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.

r. Subject to the rights of Persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to Dividends, all Dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the Dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the Company, Dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.

s. No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Regulation as paid on the share, including to confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.

t. All Dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the Dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for Dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for Dividend accordingly.

u. The Board may deduct from any Dividend payable to any Member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.

v. Any Dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by electronic mode or by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the Register of Members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.

w. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.

x. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any Dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.

y. Notice of any Dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the Persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.

z. No Dividend shall bear interest against the Company.

250. **Dividend Distribution Policy**

'eamble

This Dividend Distribution Policy is made pursuant to the applicable provisions of Regulation 43A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended (hereinafter referred to as the '**Listing Regulations**'). The Board of Directors of Allied Blenders and Distillers Private

Limited (the "**Company**"), herein after referred as "the Board", has approved the Dividend Distribution Policy of the Company ("**the Policy**") and shall disclose the same on a voluntary basis in the annual reports and on the website of the Company. This Policy sets out the general parameters adopted by the Company for declaration of dividend for guidance purposes.

ɔjective

The Company aimed at maximization of shareholders' value and believes that this can be attained by driving growth. The Policy endeavors to strike an optimum balance between rewarding shareholders through dividend and ensuring that sufficient profits are retained for growth of the Company and other needs. The objective of the Policy is to lay down a consistent approach to dividend declaration.

fective Date

Dividend Distribution Policy shall be effective from the date of its approval by the Board of Directors.

ılicy Framework

The Policy has been formulated in line with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Regulations issued by SEBI and other guidelines, to the extent applicable on the Company. Any subsequent amendments in these provisions would, ipso-facto, apply to this Policy. The Policy is not an alternative to the decision taken by the Board regarding declaration/recommendation of dividend after considering the various relevant factors.

Dividend

Dividend is the amount paid by the Company out of profits, to its Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid up on the shares held by the shareholders. As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the dividend can be paid as interim or final.

ıterim Dividend

(e) The Board of Directors of the Company shall declare the interim dividend during the financial year, as and when they consider it fit to so declare.

(f) The interim dividend can be declared by the Board of Directors one or more times in a financial year and normally, the Board may consider the declaration of interim dividend after the finalization of the quarterly/half yearly financial statements of the Company.

(g) The interim dividend, if declared, shall be paid to the eligible shareholders, as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Regulations and other laws, to the extent applicable. First interim dividend, if any, may be declared in the Board Meeting convened for approving financial statements for the 2nd quarter/half –year, and 2nd interim dividend, if any, may be declared at the time of approving financial statements for the 3rd quarter of the financial year.

(h) In case no final dividend is declared by the Company, interim dividend paid during the financial year, if any, shall be considered as final dividend at the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

'inal Dividend

(d) The final dividend, if any, is paid once in a financial year after the preparation of the annual financial statements.

(e) The Board of Directors shall recommend the final dividend to the Shareholders for their approval in the Annual General Meeting of the Company. The declaration of final dividend, if any, shall be included in the ordinary business items to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

(f) The final dividend shall be paid to the eligible shareholder's subject as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Regulations and other laws, to the extent applicable.

Circumstances under which the Shareholders of the Company may or may not expect dividend

The decision regarding dividend payout is a vital decision, as it determines the amount of the profit to be distributed among its shareholders and the amount of the profit to be retained in business for the future growth and modernization expansion plan of the Company. The Company would continue to adopt a progressive and dynamic dividend distribution policy to ensure its immediate and long term requirements along with rewarding the Shareholders of the Company. Dividend for the financial year shall be decided/recommended by the Board, considering, statutory, economic, market, industry, external and internal factors.

The Company may not declare dividend or declare dividend at a lower rate under the following circumstances:

(e) in the event of the Company making losses or the profits are inadequate;

(f) where the Company is having requirement of funds for Capex requiring high capital allocation, working capital, repayment of loans taken in the past;

(g) inadequate availability of cash; and

(h) higher cost of raising funds from alternate sources

It may be noted that declaration of dividend shall be subject to the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Regulations.

rameters for Dividend Distribution

- The Company has only one class of shares i.e. Equity shares and, hence, the parameters disclosed here under apply to the same.

- The Board while considering payment of dividend for a financial year may, *inter alia*, consider the following factors:

  - All carried over previous year's losses and depreciation not provided in previous year or years are set off against profit of the Company of the Current year;

- Current year's depreciation charge has been duly provided for and there is balance in the Profit and Loss account after providing for past accumulated losses and current year depreciation and depreciation of previous periods;
- Amounts transferred to reserves as may be stipulated;
- Compliance with FEMA Regulations and Rules prescribed from time to time by Reserve Bank of India for payment of dividend to Non Residents;
- Unpaid dividend, if any, shall be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013;
- Profit for the financial year as well as general reserves of the Company.
- Projections of future profits and cash flows;
- Borrowing levels and the capacity to borrow including repayment commitments;
- Present and future Capital expenditure plans of the Company including organic/inorganic growth avenues;
- Applicable taxes including tax on dividend;
- Compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act or any other statutory guidelines including guidelines issued by Government of India;
- Past dividend trend for the Company and the industry;
- State of economy and capital markets; and
- Any other applicable laws and regulations in this respect.
- Any other factor as may be deemed fit by the Board.

:her important internal and external factors to be considered by the Board

In addition to the aforesaid parameters such as realized profits and proposed major capital expenditures, the decision of dividend payout or retention of profits shall also be based on the following factors/ parameters:

7 **Cash flow –** If the Company cannot generate adequate operating cash flow, it may need to rely on outside funding to meet its financial obligations and sometimes to run the day-to-day operations. The Board will consider the same before its decision whether to declare dividend or retain its profits.

8 **Cost of borrowings –** The Board will analyze the requirement of necessary funds considering the long term or short term projects proposed to be undertaken by the Company and the viability of the options in terms of cost of raising necessary funds from external sources such as bankers, lending institutions or by issuance of debt securities or plough back its own funds.

9 **Taxation and other regulatory concern** - Dividend distribution tax or any tax deduction at source as required by tax regulations in India, as may be applicable at the time of declaration of dividend and its impact on the finances of the Company.

10 **Macroeconomic conditions** - Considering the state of economy in the Country, the policy decisions that may be formulated by the Government and other similar conditions prevailing in the international market which may have a bearing on or affect the business of the Company, the management may consider retaining a larger part of the profits to have sufficient reserves to absorb unforeseen circumstances.

11 **Past performance/ Dividend history and reputation of the Company** - The standing of the Company in the business space, its dividend payment history and the impact of the decision on overall reputation of the Company.

12 Any restrictions on payment of dividends by virtue of any regulation as may be applicable to the Company at the time of declaration of dividend.

DIVIDEND PAYOUT RATIO

Dividend for every financial year shall be decided and recommended by Board considering various statutory requirements, financial performance of the company and other internal and external factors enumerated earlier in the policy. The Board of directors shall endeavor to maintain the Dividend Payout Ratio* (Dividend/ Net Profit after Tax for the year) as near as possible to 50% or more of the Company's consolidated profit after tax or more, subject to the following

- Company's need for Capital for its growth plan
- Positive Cash Flow

(* to be reviewed every 2 to 3 years, if need be)

GENERAL

- In the event of the Policy being inconsistent with any new regulatory provision, such regulatory provision shall prevail upon the corresponding provision of this policy and the policy shall be construed to be amended accordingly from the effective date of such provision.

The Company reserves its right to alter, modify, add, delete or amend any or all of the provisions of the Policy as it may deem fit or in accordance with the guidelines and regulations as may be issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India, Government of India or any other regulatory authority. The change in the policy shall, however, be disclosed along with the justification thereof on the Company's website and in the ensuing annual report of the Company in accordance with the extant regulatory provisions.

Winding up

251. Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made thereunder—

c. If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the Members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.

d. For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon a property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members.

e. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

Indemnity

252. Every Officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the Court or the Tribunal.

253. The Company may take and maintain any insurance as the Board may think fit on behalf of its present and/or former Directors and Key Managerial Personnel for indemnifying all or any of them against any liability for any acts in relation to the Company for which they may be liable but have acted honestly and reasonably.

254. Secrecy

c. No shareholder shall be entitled to visit or inspect any works of the Company without the permission of the Board of Directors of the Company including the Promoter(s) or any other person authorised on that behalf by the Board of Directors of the Company including the Promoter(s), to require discovery of any details in relation to the Company's business which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, confidential information or any other matter which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company including the Promoter(s) would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose.

d. Every Director, Manager, Auditor, trustee, member of a committee, Officer, servant and accountant or other persons employed in the business of the Company shall before entering upon his duty sign a declaration, pledging himself to observe a strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company with the customers and the state of accounts with the individual and in matter relating thereto and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to release any of the matters may come to his knowledge in the course of his duties except when required so to do by the Directors or by any meeting or a court of law or by the persons to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained or by the Act or any other law.

255. General powers

Wherever in the Act, it has been provided that the Company shall have any right, privilege or authority or that the Company could carry out any transaction only if the Company is so authorized by its articles, then and in that case this Article authorizes and empowers the Company to have such rights, privileges or authorities and to carry such transactions as have been permitted by the Act, without there being any specific Article in that behalf herein provided.

SECTION IX: OTHER INFORMATION

MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

The copies of the following documents and subsisting contracts which have been entered into by our Company (not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business carried on by our Company), which are or may be deemed material were attached to the copy of the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus which will be filed with the RoC. Copies of the abovementioned documents and contracts and also the documents for inspection referred to hereunder, were available for inspection at the Registered and Corporate Office between 10.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. on all Working Days and were also available at the website of our Company at www.abdindia.com from the date of thie Red Herring Prospectus until the Bid / Offer Closing Date, except for such contracts and documents that will be executed subsequent to the completion of the Bid/Offer Closing Date.

Any of the contracts or documents mentioned in the Red Herring Prospectus and this Prospectus may be amended or modified at any time if so required in the interest of our Company or if required by the other parties, without reference to the Shareholders, subject to compliance of the provisions contained in the Companies Act and other applicable law.

A. Material contracts for the Offer

1. Offer Agreement dated January 15, 2024, as amended by way of an amendment agreement dated June 8, 2024, entered into between our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Book Running Lead Managers.

2. Registrar Agreement dated January 15, 2024 entered into between our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Registrar to the Offer.

3. Cash Escrow and Sponsor Banks Agreement dated June 18, 2024 entered into between our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the Registrar to the Offer, the Book Running Lead Managers, Syndicate Members and the Banker(s) to the Offer.

4. Share Escrow Agreement dated June 18, 2024 entered into between the Selling Shareholders, our Company and the Share Escrow Agent.

5. Syndicate Agreement dated June 18, 2024 entered into between our Company, the Selling Shareholders, the Book Running Lead Managers, the Syndicate Members and the Registrar to the Offer.

6. Underwriting Agreement dated June 27, 2024, 2024 entered into between our Company, the Selling Shareholders and the Underwriters.

7. Monitoring Agency Agreement dated June 8, 2024 between our Company and the Monitoring Agency.

B. Material documents

1. Certified copies of the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of our Company, as amended from time to time.

2. Certificate of incorporation dated October 8, 2008.

3. Fresh certificate of incorporation issued upon conversion to a public limited company dated June 8, 2022.

4. Resolution of the Board of Directors and Shareholders dated January 11, 2024 and January 12, 2024, respectively, in relation to the Offer and other related matters.

5. Resolution of the Board of Directors of our Company dated January 15, 2024, respectively, approving the Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

6. Consent letter from Bina Kishore Chhabria dated January 13, 2024 and June 3, 2024 consenting to participate in the Offer for Sale and approving the inclusion of its name as a Selling Shareholder.

7. Consent letter from Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev dated January 13, 2024 and June 3, 2024 consenting to participate in the Offer for Sale and approving the inclusion of its name as a Selling Shareholder.

8. Consent dated May 31, 2024 from Technopak to rely on and reproduce part or whole of the report, "*Indian Alco-Beverage Market*" and include their name in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.

9. Industry report titled "*Indian Alco-Beverage Market*" dated May 31, 2024 prepared by Technopak.

10. Letter of appointment dated October 11, 2023, appointing Technopak for the preparation of the Technopak Report.

11. Written consent dated June 18, 2024 from Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants, to include their name as required under Section 26(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent and in their capacity as our Statutory Auditors and in respect of their (i) examination report dated May 14, 2024on our Restated Consolidated Financial Information, and (ii) their report dated June 8, 2024 on the statement of possible special tax benefits, in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus. However, the term "expert" shall not be construed to mean an "expert" as defined under the U.S. Securities Act.

12. Written consent dated June 18, 2024 from the independent chartered accountant, namely S D T & Co., Chartered Accountants, to include their name in this Draft Red Herring Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013.

13. KPI Certificate dated June 27, 2024 from the independent chartered accountant, namely S D T & Co., Chartered Accountants.

14. Resolution dated June 8, 2024 passed by the Audit Committee approving the KPIs for disclosure.

15. Certificates, each dated June 18, 2024, issued by the Statutory Auditors, namely Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants

16. Certificates, dated June 18, 2024 and June 27, 2024 issued by the independent chartered accountant, namely S D T & Co., Chartered Accountants.

17. Written consent dated June 18, 2024, from the chartered engineer, Sunil Bhor & Associates, to include their name in this Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013.

18. Copies of annual reports of our Company for Financial Years 2023, 2022, and 2021.

19. Scheme of amalgamation sanctioned by the High Court of Bombay, pursuant to an order dated December 5, 2015, of Wales Distillers Private Limited with our Company.

20. Scheme of amalgamation sanctioned by the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, pursuant to an order dated April 5, 2017, of Unokoti Bottling and Beverage Private Limited with our Company.

21. Demerger of the bottling and distillery business undertaking from Tracstar Investment Private Limited into our Company, pursuant to an order of the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, dated April 6, 2017.

22. Scheme of amalgamation sanctioned by the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, pursuant to

an order dated May 16, 2018, of Erstwhile BKCEPL with our Company.

23. Scheme of amalgamation sanctioned by the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, pursuant to an order dated July 27, 2020, Henkell & Company India Private Limited with our Company.

24. Board resolution dated July 27, 2021 for issue and allotment of 8,547,000 CCDs

25. The valuation report dated February 22, 2016, issued by SSPA & Co., Chartered Accountants in relation to demerger of the bottling and distillery business undertaking from Tracstar Investments Private Limited into our Company

26. The valuation report dated October 24, 2017, issued by SSPA & Co., Chartered Accountants in relation to amalgamation of Erstwhile BKCEPL with our Company

27. The valuation report dated July 20, 2021 issued by Venkatraman Iyer, registered valuer (securities or financial assts) for issue and allotment of 8,547,000 CCDs

28. Memorandum of Understanding dated October 30, 2020 entered into between Madanlal Estates Private Limited and our Company.

29. Memorandum of Understanding dated October 30, 2020 entered into between ABD Dwellings Private Limited and our Company.

30. Memorandum of Understanding dated April 12, 2022 amongst Rajesh Ankushrao Tope, OSCORP Trade Services Private Limited and our Company.

31. Trademark License Agreement dated August 5, 2022, read with the addendums dated September 28, 2022, December 20, 2022, June 9, 2023, July 3, 2023 and November 2, 2023 entered into between our Company and ICONIQ Brands India Private Limited, a member of our Promoter Group and one of our Group Companies.

32. Contract of Employment for Executive Director dated September 25, 2023, appointing Alok Gupta as Managing Director of our Company.

33. Contract of Employment for Executive Director dated June 9, 2022, appointing Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev as Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson) of our Company.

34. Contract of Employment for Executive Director dated June 9, 2022, appointing Shekhar Ramamurthy as Whole-Time Director (Executive Deputy Chairman) of our Company, amended pursuant to an amendment agreement dated October 30, 2023, and as further amended by way of a letter dated June 18, 2024.

35. Contract Employment for Executive Director dated September 30, 2022, appointing Arun Barik as the Executive Director of our Company.

36. Clarification letter dated June 13, 2022 filed with the RoC for identification of the Promoters of our Company.

37. Loan and facility agreements with the below lenders:

S.No.	Lender	Particulars of the Agreements
a.	Axis Bank Limited	Supplemental Deed of Hypothecation dated July 26, 2011
b.	State Bank of India	Deed of Confirmation dated August 14, 2018
c.	Yes Bank Limited	Supplemental Master Facility Agreement dated August 23, 2016; letters dated May 26, 2022 and November 10, 2022 from Yes Bank Limited
d.	South Indian Bank	Credit Facility Agreement dated March 31, 2017
e.	Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Loan Agreement dated April 18, 2016

S.No.	Lender	Particulars of the Agreements
f.	IDFC First Bank	Master Facility Agreement dated November 27, 2020
g.	IndusInd Bank Limited	Multi Facility Agreement dated May 25, 2018, Master Facility Agreement dated November 17, 2021 and Master Facility Agreement dated July 21, 2023 and Master Facility Agreement dated September 13, 2023
h.	Aditya Birla Finance Limited	Loan Agreement dated April 15, 2019, Supplementary Agreement dated September 19, 2019, Loan Agreement dated January 9, 2019 and Facility Agreement dated September 18, 2023
i.	SVC Co-operative Bank Limited	Loan Agreement dated February 26, 2021
j.	CSB Bank Limited	Hypothecation Cum Working Capital Agreement dated December 22, 2022
k.	Punjab National Bank	Master Agreement dated August 31, 2023

38. Consent of our Directors, Selling Shareholders, BRLMs, the legal counsel to the Company as to Indian Law, Registrar to the Offer, the Independent Chartered Accountant, Banker(s) to the Offer, Independent Chartered Engineer, Bankers to our Company, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, as referred to act, in their specific capacities.

39. Tripartite agreement dated March 13, 2018, among our Company, NSDL and the Registrar to the Offer.

40. Tripartite agreement dated February 23, 2018, among our Company, CDSL and the Registrar to the Offer.

41. Due diligence certificate dated January 15, 2024, addressed to SEBI from the Book Running Lead Managers.

42. In-principle approvals each dated March 28, 2024 issued by BSE and NSE.

43. SEBI's final observation letter bearing reference number SEBI//CFD/RAC-DIL1/P/ 2024/16414, dated May 10, 2024.

44. Complaints dated July 5, 2022, July 6, 2022, July 8, 2022, July 10, 2022, July 11, 2022, July 13, 2022, ("**E-mails**") December 16, 2022 and November 22, 2023 ("**Complaints**"), raising certain queries and clarifications of the previous DRHP. We have responded to such E-mails and Complaints pursuant to our letters dated July 14, 2022 in response to the E-mails and January 11, 2023 and December 28, 2023, respectively in response to the Complaints.

45. Resolution of the Board of Directors of our Company dated June 18, 2024 approving the Red Herring Prospectus.

46. Resolution of the Board of Directors of our Company dated June 27, 2024 approving this Prospectus.

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company



Kishore Rajaram Chhabria

Chairman and Non-Executive Director

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: MUMBAI

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Bina Kishore Chhabria

Non-Executive Director and Co-Chairperson

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: MUMBAI

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev

Whole-Time Director (Vice Chairperson)

Date: 21 JUN 2024

Place: MUMBAI

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Shekhar Ramamurthy

Whole-Time Director (Executive Deputy Chairman)

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: BANGALORE

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Alok Gupta

Managing Director

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: MUMBAI

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company

M. N. Mulla

Maneck Navel Mulla

Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: MUMBAI

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Abril

Arun Barik

Executive Director

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: MUMBAI

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Balaji Viswanathan

Balaji Viswanathan Swaminathan

Independent Director

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: SINGAPORE

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company

P. S Kipworth

Paul Henry Skipworth

Independent Director

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: EDINBURGH

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company



Vivek Anilchand Sett

Independent Director

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: MUMBAI

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Rukhshana Mistry

Rukhshana Jina Mistry

Independent Director

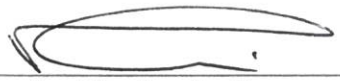
Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: MUMBAI

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company



Vinaykant Gordhandas Tanna

Director

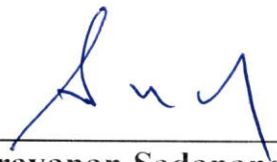
Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: LONDON

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company



Narayanan Sadanandan

Independent Director

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: GENEVA

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Mehli Golvala

Mehli Maneck Golvala

Additional Independent Director

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: Mumbai

DECLARATION

I hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed and guidelines/regulations issued by the Government of India or the guidelines/regulations issued by the SEBI, established under Section 3 of the SEBI Act, as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the SCRA, the SCRR, the SEBI Act or rules made or guidelines or regulations issued thereunder, as the case may be. I further certify that all statements made in this Prospectus are true and correct.

Signed by the Chief Financial Officer of our Company



Ramakrishnan Ramaswamy

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: MUMBAI

DECLARATION BY BINA KISHORE CHHABRIA, AS A SELLING SHAREHOLDER

I, Bina Kishore Chhabria, hereby confirm that all statements and undertakings made by me in this Prospectus, solely and specifically in relation to myself and my respective portion of the Equity Shares being sold in the Offer for Sale, are true and correct. I assume no responsibility for any of the statements made by the Company or any other person(s) in this Prospectus.

Bina Kishore Chhabria

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: MUMBAI

DECLARATION BY RESHAM CHHABRIA JEETENDRA HEMDEV, AS A SELLING SHAREHOLDER

I, Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev, hereby confirm that all statements and undertakings made by me in this Prospectus, solely and specifically in relation to myself and my respective portion of the Equity Shares being sold in the Offer for Sale, are true and correct. I assume no responsibility for any of the statements made by the Company or any other person(s) in this Prospectus.

Resham Chhabria Jeetendra Hemdev

Date: 27 JUN 2024

Place: MUMBAI